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UNIVERSITIES AND THEIR SONS

NEW YORK UNIVERSITY

ITS HISTORY, INFLUENCE, EQUIPMENT AND CHARACTERISTICS

WITH

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES AND PORTRAITS OF FOUNDERS, BENEFACTORS, OFFICERS AND ALUMNI

EDITOR-IN-CHIEF

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EX-PRESIDENT OF BOWDOIN COLLEGE AND EX-GOVERNOR OF MAINE

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INTRODUCTION BY

HON. WILLIAM T. HARRIS, Ph.D., LL.D.

UNITED STATES COMMISSIONER OF EDUCATION

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INTRODUCTION

IN the first volume of this work it was the intention to set forth the general character of a representative American University — the inspiring motive of its establishment, its organization and equipment, its historical progress and development, and its large influence as a public institution and as a power in the social order.

Part II of that volume was concerned with the personal factors of the case — the character of the men who, for the great service of their instruction, guidance and inspiration, whether in the communication of positive knowledge, or in the discipline of the powers, discernment of the aptitudes and cherishing of the nobler aspirations and faiths of their immediate pupils, deserve themselves to be cherished in lasting honor.

Following in order now are the ranks of those so highly favored in being the objects of all this interest and devotion. From the University we turn our regard to its Sons. And in doing this, it cannot be expected that a complete account can be given of the character and career of any; still less would it be possible, within the compass of the work, even to make mention of all whose names have been inscribed on these honored rolls. What is attempted here is an exhibition of the widely-varied results of the work of the University, in its office of instruction and education, as shown in its Alumni.

This is not a selection of what may be arbitrarily considered the best examples, but a broad illustration from the whole range of academic preparation seen in every department of active life. While it may not be doubted that those who are here presented have achieved some eminence in their respective fields of activity, it will be borne in mind that the great number of those not in this list have also in manifold good works illustrated the genial influences and positive benefits of their University training. Indeed the larger usefulness, and perhaps we should say the great and supremely justifying end, of the University lies in what does not easily respond to analysis, investigation or enumeration, but runs out into the thousand invisible but mighty influences that make up the daily life of man, and so have part in the development of human history.

The examples herein are, then, of a representative character — not only of the influence of University training, but of the varied active powers in human association for well-doing.

Although it is said by some — we think without sufficient reflection, or it may be from a too professional point of view — that the glory of a University is in what it offers to the best endowed, there is a broader truth revealed in this contemplation, which allows us to believe that the glory of a University is in what it does for all, of any grade and aptitude, who are objects of its concern, and in the remote effects upon the community at large.

The time is past when a University education necessarily implied a strict following of what was known as the "learned professions." Indeed, this term itself has had large extension within recent years. Law, Medicine and Theology, which made the noble scope of the mediæval Universities, no longer bound the activities of the great schools which have inherited their name and still bear their prestige transported in place and broadened in scope. Journalism; Literary Authorship; Teaching, in its various lines and grades; Engineering, in the construction and handling of the fast developing applications of modern physical science; even more, perhaps, Research, Exploration, Invention, in all fields of observation; and among the elements, Forces of Laws of Action, whether in the physical or psychical spheres; all these demand a preparation for which the means and encouragements of the highest schools are none too ample. The successful prosecution of any of these aims may well deserve the rank of a "learned profession."

In fact we might warrantably say that in these modern days Science, Philosophy and Art have all enlarged their content and their scope. Geology, Geography, Meteorology, Astronomy, have each revealed new aspects of the world; Biology, new reaches of life; Chemistry and Molecular Physics have opened to us glimpses of wondrous modes of action which we scarcely dignify by calling them laws, inasmuch as they seem like generative powers; the problems of Psychology are investigated on new lines, and even the traditions of history, in its monuments, relics and languages, are tried by new tests and lead to new grounds of conclusion.

We might go even farther, and advancing to the problems arising from associated human effort under modern conditions of material and historic development, consider how great a part must belong to the schools of learning, where should be set forth the principles on which human intercourse and effort are to be conducted — the practical points of intersection of economic and moral laws, — Self-Advantage and Self-Surrender. Among these concernments, susceptible of study — passing from simple to complex, from near to far — are such matters as banking; insurance; instrumentalities of communication and transportation; methods of exchange and use of products; the enfranchisement of industry and commerce, and the large handling of labor and capital necessitated by our complex civilization, — all economic considerations, in fact, affecting man's work and worth in the world.

Nor can we stop short of taking into this account all the vast elements and interests which enter into the problems of modern politics, national and international, which demand the exercise of the highest powers and largest sympathies. The dealing with such interests and handling of such instruments is a great trust, the exercise of which will be held to strict account before the tribunals of history and of the Master of Life. Surely such things require the best that our great schools can give for doctrine, instruction and reproof. It is by such things that civilization advances — which is, or should be, a demonstration of the power and worth of Manhood.

What we have especially to remark here, without entering into discussion or detail, is the fact that in man's highest intellectual effort, in his mastery of knowledge, skill, and even of his own powers, he owes a large debt, whether recognized or not, to the great centres of instruction and discipline which make it their function to discover, produce, distribute and inculcate the truths that pertain to man's well-being. So related are human interests that no humblest worker in the associated effort, now so diversified and so widely correlated, can fail to be affected by what the masters of science and inspirers of ideals, as well as the captains of industry and enterprise, develop and devote to practical ends out of what they know of the laws of things and of man. And those who have profited as they were able by years of personal, intimate relations with the chosen masters of knowledge in centres of educational influence, going out into the world in their own work and on lines opened by the public need, become in turn not only producers of their specialty, but new centres of influence radiating their light and strength into the great common life to which they belong.

The whole reach and effect of these manifold activities it would be impossible to trace or estimate. But even by such mere sweep of the eye as we have given, and in such a list of names and services as is presented in these volumes, enough can be seen of the place and part in life of the Sons of our Universities to justify the foresight of the founders of these institutions, the generosity of their patrons and the fostering care of the State. Enough of the larger beneficial result than that limited to immediate individual advantage can surely be apprehended, to command not merely the affection of the alumnus, but the honoring regard of the community. It is this belief which justifies the publishers in presuming upon the kindly reception of the work which they have contemplated with more than a commercial interest, and to which they have devoted the best abilities at their command.

JOSHUA L. CHAMBERLAIN.

UNIVERSITY SONS

"It is needed that a great University keep in touch with the spirit of the nation. The time is past for cloister education. More and more in view of the requirements of the society in which we live, is the value of a University training measured by what it does in the making of a citizen. . . . Harvard can only keep the proud place she has won, by drawing her support from the whole country; and she can only receive that support because the country believes that her teaching and her influence develop true American manhood. Let that belief be lost, and all the millions in our treasury, all our departments equipped for instruction in every branch of learning, cannot save our leadership. . . . Harvard will be judged by her children."

Edmund Wetmore ('60) *at Harvard Alumni Dinner.*

UNIVERSITY SONS

ACHESON, James Joseph, 1812-1873.

Class of 1833 Arts.

Born in New York, 1812; graduated A.B., New York University, 1833; A.M., New York University, 1836; M.D., New York Medical College, 1845; studied at Pittsburg Theological Seminary; minister, Reformed Presbyterian Church; physician and surgeon, 1845-73; died, 1873.

JAMES JOSEPH ACHESON, A.M., M.D., whose name stands in chronological order at the head of the roll of the Alumni of New York University, was the son of William and Margaret (Graham) Acheson, and was born in New York City on January 25, 1812. He was carefully prepared for college in local schools and entered the University of the City of New York, as New York University was at first called, at its organization and opening. He was among the first students matriculated, and he was a member of the first class graduated, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Arts at the Commencement of 1833. Three years later he received the degree of Master of Arts. Meantime he studied in the Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, Theological Seminary, and became a licentiate in the ministry of the Reformed Presbyterian Church. The medical profession had, however, a stronger attraction for him. He became a pupil of the illustrious Dr. Valentine Mott, who was so intimately and honorably identified with the University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the New York Medical College in 1845. From that time until his death he was in practice as a physician and surgeon. He was President of the Brooklyn Medical Association, and a Consulting Physician of the Brooklyn Dispensary, and was the author of a treatise on the eye and its diseases. He was married in 1838 to Euphemia Culbert, daughter of John Culbert, and had seven children: Euphemia, James Joseph, Louise, William, Frederick, Anna, and Alexander Acheson. Two of his brothers were graduated from New York University, William Andrew in 1836, and John Crothers in 1853. Dr. Acheson died in Brooklyn, New York, on November 4, 1873.

CONE, Edward Winfield, 1814-1871.

Class of 1833 Arts.

Born in Baltimore, Md., 1814; graduated A.B., New York University, 1833, and A.M., 1836; studied and practiced law; died, 1871.

EDWARD WINFIELD CONE, A.M., a member of the first class graduated from New York University, came of a family long and honorably identified with the history of the United States. His father was the Rev. Dr. Spencer Houghton Cone, one of the earliest members of the University Council and one of the most distinguished clergymen of his day. The maiden name of his mother was Sallie Wallace Morrell. He was born in the City of Baltimore, Maryland, on March 4, 1814, and entered the University of the City of New York, in the College of Arts and Science, at the opening of that institution. He was graduated in its first class, in 1833, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and in 1836 received that of Master of Arts. He afterwards studied law, was admitted to the Bar, and had a successful and eminent career as a lawyer. He was married on October 13, 1858, to Mary Elizabeth Weston, daughter of John Weston, and had five children: Edward Wallace, Harry Houghton, Bessie, Lillian, and Julie Cone. His brother, Colonel Spencer W. Cone, was a student at the University in the Class of 1837, but was not graduated. Mr. Cone died in New York on January 23, 1871.

DODGE, Henry Swartwout, 1815-1855.

Class of 1833 Arts.

Born in New York, 1815; entered New York University, 1832; graduated A.B., 1833, and A.M., 1836; lawyer; died, 1855.

HENRY SWARTWOUT DODGE, A.M., one of the three who formed the first class graduated from New York University, was the son of Robert and Eliza P. Dodge, and was born in New York on November 12, 1815. He entered the University in 1832, and was graduated in 1833 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. Three years later

he received the degree of Master of Arts. He became a practicing lawyer and had a successful and honorable career. He was married to Daisy E. L. Moore, and had two children: Katherine M. and Henry M. Dodge. His brother, Robert Dodge, was graduated from the University in 1840, and had a distinguished career as a lawyer and author. Mr. Dodge died at Belleville, New Jersey, on September 17, 1855.

MATHEWS, Cornelius, 1817-1889.

Class of 1834 Arts.

Born at Port Chester, N. Y., 1817; graduated A.B., New York University, 1834; A.M., 1837; first President University Alumni Association; admitted to Bar, 1837; editor, author, poet, dramatist, and copyright advocate; died, 1889.

CORNELIUS MATHEWS, A.M., one of the most versatile and brilliant literary men of his day, was the son of Abijah Mathews, and was born at Port Chester, New York, on October 28, 1817. After receiving a careful preparatory education he entered New York University and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1834, receiving the degree of Master of Arts in 1837. In the latter year he was admitted to practice at the Bar, but in 1838 abandoned the law for a literary career which for many years was one of peculiar brilliance. In 1840–42 he was associated with Evert A. Duyckinck in editing a monthly magazine called "Arcturus," and he was subsequently connected with various other literary periodicals. He was a voluminous writer in poetry and prose, fiction, criticism, satire, and the drama, and was a forceful figure in journalism. He was the founder in 1843 of the Copyright Club, of which William Cullen Bryant was President, and which led the way toward the securing of appropriate copyright legislation. He was a correspondent of Dickens and the Brownings, and was the first American editor of Mrs. Browning's works. His writings are marked with much originality, acute observation, imagination, satirical power, and wholesome manliness of sentiment. His bibliography includes "The Motley Book," 1838; "Behemoth," 1839; "The Politicians," 1840; "Puffer Hopkins," 1841; "Wakendah," 1841; "Poems on Man," 1843; "Big Abel and Little Manhattan," 1845; "Witchcraft," 1846; "Jacob Leisler," 1847; "Chanticleer," 1850; "Moneypenny," 1850; "Pen and Ink Panorama of New York City," 1853; and "False Pretences" and "Fairy Tales," 1868. He died on March 25, 1889. He was the first President of the Alumni Association of New York University.

CROSBY, Robert Ralston, 1815-1892.

Class of 1834 Arts.

Born in New York, 1815; graduated A.B., New York University, 1834; died, New York, 1892.

ROBERT RALSTON CROSBY, A.B., one of the early alumni of the University of the City of New York, belonged to a family conspicuously identified with the University and with the City of New York. He was a son of William Bedlow Crosby and Harriet Ashton (Clarkson) Crosby, a grandson of Ebenezer Crosby, a surgeon on General Washington's staff, and a brother of Clarkson F. Crosby, who was graduated from New York University in 1835, and of Howard Crosby, who was graduated in 1844 and was afterward Chancellor of the University and one of the foremost theologians and preachers of his day. Robert Ralston Crosby was born in New York City on December 3, 1815, and was graduated from New York University with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1834. He was married on April 27, 1859, to Jane Murray Livingston, daughter of the late Colonel Henry Alexander Livingston, of Poughkeepsie, New York, and had four children: Robert Ralston, Jr., Livingston, Edward Nicoll and Cornelia Livingston Crosby, now the wife of Alfred Duane Pell, of New York. He died at Riverdale, New York, on June 25, 1892.

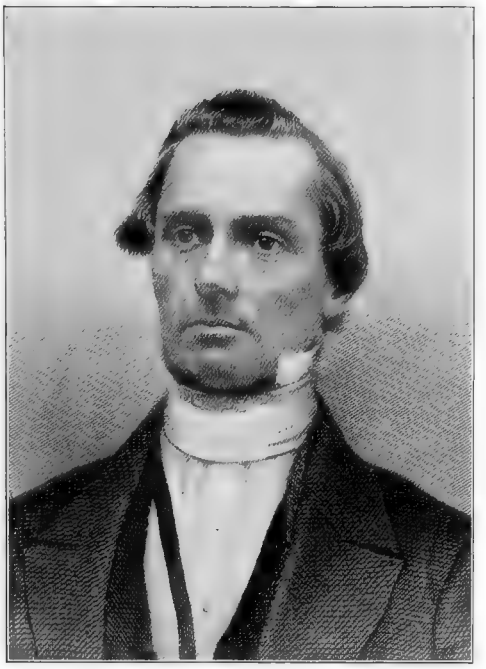
ROBERT R. CROSBY

GORDON, William Robert, 1811-1897.

Class of 1834 Arts.

Born in New York, 1811; founder of Eucleian Society, New York University; graduated A.B., New York University, 1834; A.M., 1837; graduated Theological Seminary, New Brunswick, N. J., 1837; minister of Reformed Dutch Church, 1837-80; S.T.D., Columbia, 1854; retired from active service, 1880; author.

WILLIAM ROBERT GORDON, A.M., S.T.D., son of Robert and Elizabeth (Postley) Gordon, was born in New York City on March 19, 1811. He entered New York University in 1833,



WILLIAM R. GORDON

and was the founder of the Eucleian Literary Society. He was graduated in 1834 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and received that of Master of Arts in 1837. From 1834 to 1837 he was a student in the Theological Seminary of the Reformed Dutch Church, at New Brunswick, New Jersey, and from 1837 to 1880 was a minister of that church, with pastoral charges successively in Manhasset, New York, Flushing, New York, New York City, and Schraalenberg, New Jersey. He received the degree of S.T.D. from Columbia College in 1854. In 1880 he retired from pastoral work on account of failing health. He was married in 1838 to Matilda Onderdonk. Dr. Gordon was the author of numerous works on theological and patriotic subjects, including "The Supreme Godhead of Christ," 1848, 2nd ed., 1855; "Particular Providence," 1854, 2nd ed., 1856; "A Threefold Test of Modern Spiritualism," 1856; "Christocracy," 1867, 3rd ed., 1878; and "Revealed Truth Impregnable," 1877. He died March 31, 1897, at the age of eighty-six, and was interred in the cemetery of the church at Manhasset, where he had his first charge.

HASBROUCK, Fenelon, 1818-1861.

Class of 1835 Arts.

Born at Shawangunk, N. Y., 1818; graduated A.B., New York University, 1835, and A.M., 1839; M.D., College of Physicians and Surgeons, 1838; physician and surgeon; editor; died, 1861.

FENELON HASBROUCK, A.M., M.D., son of Dr. Stephen and Eliza (Schenck) Hasbrouck, was born at Shawangunk, New York, on February 10, 1818. He entered New York University, was a leading member of the Philomathean Society, and was a Commencement orator. He received the degree of Bachelor of Arts on graduation in 1835, and that of Master of Arts in 1839. Meantime he studied medicine with his father and Dr. Rhinelander and at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, and was graduated from the latter with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1838. In 1845–47 he was a Resident Physician at Bellevue and Blackwell's Island hospitals, and in 1858–61 he was Editor of "The Highland Democrat" of Peekskill, New York. He was a member of the New York County and Westchester County Medical societies. On May 20, 1841, he was married to Matilda Demarest, daughter of Ralph Demarest, and had six children: Lizzie, Matilda, Euphemia, Fenelon, Adele, and Clarence Hasbrouck. He died at Peekskill, New York, on December 15, 1861.

HUNTINGTON, Jedediah Vincent, 1815-1862.

Class of 1835 Arts.

Born in New York, 1815; studied at Yale; graduated A.B., New York University, 1835, and A.M., 1838; graduated M.D., University of Pennsylvania, 1838; engaged in literary work; member of Faculty of St. Paul's College, Flushing, N. Y.; studied in Union Theological Seminary, New York; minister of Protestant Episcopal Church, 1841; died, 1862.

JEDEDIAH VINCENT HUNTINGTON, A.M., M.D., son of Benjamin and Faith (Trumbull) Huntington, was born in New York City on January 20, 1815. He at first entered Yale College and

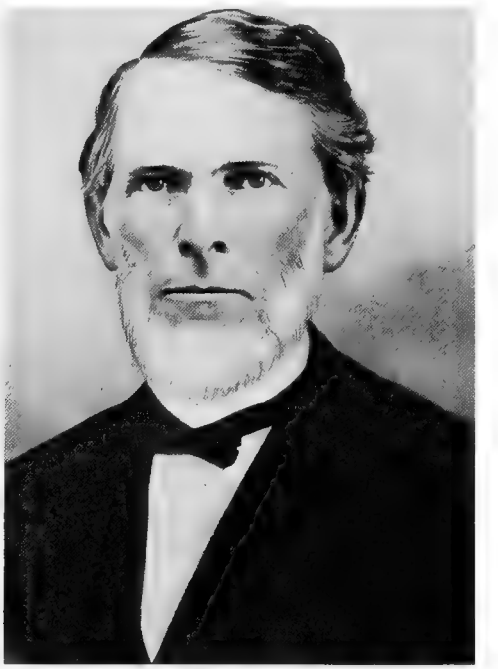
studied there for a time, but was compelled to leave on account of impaired health. Later he entered New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1835. He then went to the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1838, in the same year receiving the degree of Master of Arts from New York University. He did not practice his profession, however, but engaged in literary work and teaching, being a member of the Faculty of St. Paul's College at Flushing, Long Island, New York. Finally he entered the Union Theological Seminary, New York, and at the end of his course was ordained into the ministry of the Protestant Episcopal Church. He was Rector of a church at Middlebury, Vermont, until 1846, when he went to Europe to live. In 1849 he entered the Roman Catholic Church and remained a member of it for the rest of his life. He was the author of numerous works, including published sermons and addresses, poems, tales and essays. He was married on April 21, 1842, to Mary Huntington, daughter of the Rev. Joshua Huntington. He died at Pau, France, on March 10, 1862.

MAGIE, Burtis Cunningham, 1813-1890.

Class of 1835 Arts.

Born in New York, 1813; at Union College, 1831-32; entered New York University, 1832; graduated A.B., New York University, 1835, and D.D., 1875; Andover, Princeton, and Union Theological Seminary, 1835-38; minister of Presbyterian Church, 1838-90; died, 1890.

BURTIS CUNNINGHAM MAGIE, D.D., was a son of Daniel Hull Magie and Elizabeth (Woodruff) Magie, and was born in New York City on December 4, 1813. He began his college life at Union College, in 1831–32, but in the latter year transferred himself to New York University and was graduated in 1835 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. In 1835–36 he was a student at the Andover Theological Seminary, in 1836–37 at Princeton Theological Seminary, and in 1837–38 at the Union Theological Seminary, New York. He was ordained into the ministry of the Presbyterian church in 1838, and continued therein for the remainder of his life, filling pastoral charges at New Paltz, New York, Dover, New Jersey, Pleasant Grove, New Jersey, and Dover, New Jersey, a second time. He was Clerk of the Presbytery of Rockaway, New Jersey, for twenty-five years, and of that of Morris and Orange for a number of years. In 1887–90 he was County Superintendent of Public Education in Morris County, New Jersey. He was a member of the New Jersey Historical Society and contributed some chapters to a "History of Morris County," and he was a Chaplain under the Christian Commission in Tennessee in 1863. He was married on December 4, 1838, to Mary Cass Belden, daughter of the Rev. William Belden, and had six children: Susan Caroline, Lucy Belden, Abbey Frances, William Elston, Burtis Cunningham, and Mary Allen Magie. He died at Dover, New Jersey, on June 12, 1890.



BURTIS C. MAGIE

Two of his brothers were graduated at New York University, William H. in 1839 and Daniel E. in 1835.

DOREMUS, John Edwards Caldwell, 1816-1878.

Class of 1836 Arts.

Born in New York, 1816; graduated A.B., New York University, 1836; A.M., 1849, and D.D., 1860, New York University; studied law with Abraham Lincoln; minister of Presbyterian Church; Professor and College President; Representative of American Bible Society; died, 1878.

JOHN EDWARDS CALDWELL DOREMUS, A.M., D.D., son of Francis and Eliza de Hart (Canfield) Doremus, was born in New York City on October 15, 1816. He entered New York University and was graduated with the degree of Bach-

elor of Arts in 1836. He also received the degrees of Master of Arts in 1849 and Doctor of Divinity in 1860, from the University. After graduation he studied law with Hugh Maxwell, in New York, and with Abraham Lincoln in Illinois. He became a minister of the Presbyterian Church, and filled pastorates at Bayou Grostete and Baton Rouge, Louisiana. Next he was Professor of Languages in Oakland College, Mississippi, and the President of Goliad College, Texas. Later he was the representative of the American Bible Society in New Orleans, and pastor of a church at Vienna, Louisiana. He was three times married, his wives being Katharine Louisa Ulrich, Mary Allen, and Elizabeth Wood. His children were nine in number. He died at Vienna, Louisiana, on November 16, 1878.

MACLAY, William Brown, 1812-1882.

Class of 1836 Arts.

Born in New York, 1812; graduated A.B., New York University, 1836; Instructor in Latin, New York University, 1836; A.M., New York University, 1838; member of Council, New York University, 1838-82; admitted to the Bar, 1839; practicing lawyer; member of New York State Assembly, 1840-41-42; Representative in Congress, 1843-49, and 1857-61; Trustee of New York and Brooklyn Bridge; died, 1882.

WILLIAM BROWN MACLAY, A.M., long a member of the University Council and an eminent public servant, was the son of the Rev. Dr. Archibald and Antoinette (Watson) Maclay, and was born in New York City on March 20, 1812. He pursued a course in the College of Arts and Science of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts and as the Valedictorian of his class, in 1836. In the fall of that year he became an Instructor in the Latin Language and Literature in the University. In 1838 he received the degree of Master of Arts from the University, and was elected a member of its Council, which place he continued to fill until his death in 1882, a space of nearly forty-four years. He studied law and was admitted to the Bar in 1839, and had a distinguished career in the legal profession. He was elected a member of the Assembly of the State of New York in 1840, 1841, and 1842. In 1843 he became a member of Congress, and was twice re-elected, serving continuously until 1849. He entered Congress again in 1857 and was re-elected, serving until 1861. Later in life he was a Trustee of the New York and Brooklyn Bridge. He was married on August 22, 1838, to Antoinette Walton, daughter of Mark Walton, and had three children: Archibald, Mark Walton, and Antoinette Walton Maclay. He died in New York on February 19, 1882.

VAIL, Alfred, 1807-1859.

Class of 1836 Arts.

Born at Morristown, N. J., 1807; graduated A.B., New York University, 1836, and A.M., 1838; colleague of S. F. B. Morse in inventing telegraphy; builder and operator of first telegraph line; inventor of most important telegraphic apparatus; author; died, 1859.

ALFRED VAIL, A.M., who deserves everlasting fame as the co-inventor with Morse and Henry of the electric telegraph, was a son of Stephen and Bertha (Young) Vail, his father being the proprietor of the great Speedwell Iron Works at Morristown, New Jersey, the builder of the engine of the first steamship that crossed the Atlantic, and the financial backer of the first electric telegraph. He was born at Morristown, New Jersey, on September 25, 1807, and was educated at a local academy. He then entered his father's iron works. On attaining his majority he felt inclined toward the Presbyterian ministry, and accordingly sought a collegiate education in New York University. He was President of the Eucleian Society during his undergraduate career, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, in 1836, two years later receiving that of Master of Arts. He next entered a Theological Seminary at Bloomfield, New Jersey, but soon left it and devoted himself to scientific pursuits. At the University he had become intimately acquainted with Samuel F. B. Morse, and deeply interested in his electrical experiments. He was already an expert machinist, and made some valuable suggestions to Morse concerning mechanical devices for telegraphy. In 1837 he formed a partnership with Morse, invited the latter to the Speedwell works at Morristown, and induced his father to supply the capital for perfecting the invention of telegraphy. For years thereafter Mr. Vail devoted his whole attention to the perfection of telegraphy, and probably contributed as much thereto as Morse himself. He devised and constructed the first "Morse machine" for operating the telegraph, and he first applied the dot and dash system alphabetically. He also devised the system of embossing the characters on strips of paper. In 1843 he superintended the construction of the first telegraph line, between Washington and Baltimore, under Government patronage; he invented the finger key for transmitting and receiving

messages; and he personally received at the Mount Claire Station, Baltimore, from Washington, the first message sent over the line, on May 24, 1844. Thereafter he devised many improvements in the system, supplanting the devices of Morse, so that the telegraph as it exists to-day is almost entirely the work of Vail and Joseph Henry, with, of course, some additions by later inventors such as Mr. Edison. Upon the death of Mr. Vail, Amos Kendall, the close friend of him and of Morse, publicly declared that, "If justice be done, the name of Alfred Vail will forever stand associated with that of Samuel F. B. Morse in the history of the telegraph." Mr. Vail was the author of "The American Magneto-Electric Telegraph," published at Philadelphia in 1845. He was married in 1839 to Jane Elizabeth Cummings, and some years after her death to Amanda O. Eno. He had three children: Stephen, James Cummings, and George Rochester Vail. He died at Morristown, New Jersey, on January 19, 1859.

WAINWRIGHT, William Pratt, 1818-1895.

Class of 1836 Arts.

Born in New York, 1818; graduated A.B., New York University, 1836; graduated M.D., College of Physicians and Surgeons, 1838; studied in Berlin, 1842-43; House Surgeon, New York Hospital; officer in army in Civil War; author; died, 1895.

WILLIAM PRATT WAINWRIGHT, M.D., was a son of Eli and Mary (Pratt) Wainwright, and was born in New York City on June 10, 1818. He entered the College of Arts and Science of New York University, then known as the University of the City of New York, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, in 1836. Thence he proceeded to the College of Physicians and Surgeons, the Medical Department of Columbia College, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1838. He also studied in Berlin in 1842–43. Dr. Wainwright served for a time as House Surgeon in the New York Hospital. He also conducted a farm at Rhinebeck, New York, on the Hudson River. He served in the Civil War, being a Major of the Twenty-ninth New York Volunteers in 1861, and Colonel of the Seventy-sixth New York Volunteers in 1862–63. He was married on January 10, 1854, to Cornelia Ridgely Tillotson, who bore him three children: John T., William P., and Charles Howard Wainwright. Dr. Wainwright translated Von Hardegg's "General Staff" from the German in 1853, and wrote on "Marching Troops" and "Care and Discipline of Troops," 1864; "Fighting of Troops," 1865; and "Radical Mechanics of Animal Locomotion," 1880. He died September 17, 1895.

MARTIN, William Mulford, 1813–

Class of 1837 Arts.

Born at Rahway, N. J., 1813; studied at Princeton, 1833-36; graduated A.B., New York University, 1837; A.M., 1840; organizer and first Principal New York Mathematical and Classical Collegiate School, 1838-48; studied at Union Theological Seminary, 1840; Principal of Athenian Academy, Rahway, 1848-52; in Presbyterian Ministry, 1852-67; Agent Home Missionary Society, 1867-68; Secretary Y. M. C. A., 1868-76; Professor, Brooklyn Lay College, 1876-78.

WILLIAM MULFORD MARTIN, A.M., son of William and Ann (Laree) Martin, was born at Rahway, New Jersey, on June 29, 1813. From 1833 to 1836 he was a student at Princeton (College of New Jersey). Then he came to New York University and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts and with the second honors of his class, in 1837. In 1838 he organized in Brooklyn the New York Mathematical and Classical Collegiate School, and was its first Principal, for ten years. Meantime in 1840 he received the degree of Master of Arts from New York University, and pursued a course in the Union Theological Seminary. From 1848 to 1852 he was Principal of the Athenian Academy at Rahway, New Jersey. He then devoted himself to ministerial work in the Presbyterian Church, and filled pastorates at Woodbridge, New Jersey, Columbia City, California, and Virginia City, Nevada. In 1867–68 he was an Agent of the Home Missionary Society, from 1868 to 1876, Secretary of the Young Men's Christian Association in Brooklyn, and in 1876–78 Professor of Christian Work in the Brooklyn Lay College. He was married on January 10, 1836, to Anna Elizabeth Parmenter, and had six children: William Wisner, Anna Maria, Ann Elizabeth, Sovereign Edgar, James Parmenter, and Joseph Hillyer Thayer Martin. His address is No. 63 West 55th Street, New York.

SCHUYLER, George Washington, 1817-1888.

Class of 1837 Arts.

Born in 1817; graduated A.B., New York University 1837; Union Theological Seminary, 1837-38; druggist, Ithaca, N. Y., 1838-88; prominent Republican politician; Treasurer, N. Y. State, 1863-65; Superintendent

Banking Department, N. Y., 1866-70; Assemblyman, 1875; Auditor Canal Department, N. Y., 1876-80; Trustee of Cornell University, 1866-88, and Treasurer, 1866-73; died, 1888.

GEORGE WASHINGTON SCHUYLER, A.B., was born in 1817, and entered New York University in 1833. He was graduated in 1837 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and in that year was the author of a Hebrew poem. He was one of the earliest members of the Psi Upsilon Fraternity. The year 1837–38 was spent at the Union Theological Seminary, and in 1838 he engaged in the business of a druggist at Ithaca, New York, in which he remained for the rest of his life. He took an active interest in politics, being one of the leaders of the Republican party in the State of New York for many years. He was a delegate to the National Conventions of 1860 and 1864; Treasurer of the State of New York in 1863–65; Superintendent of the State Banking Department in 1866–70; Member of Assembly and Chairman of the Banking Committee in 1875, and author of the Savings Bank bill of that year; Auditor of the Canal Department in 1876–80; a Trustee of Cornell University in 1866–88, and Treasurer of that institution in 1866–73. He was a member of the American Historical Association and the Oneida Historical Society. He died at Ithaca, New York, on February 8, 1888.

WATSON, Alfred Augustin, 1818–

Class of 1837 Arts.

Born in New York, 1818; graduated A.B., New York University, 1837, and A.M., 1840; studied in University Law School, Union Theological Seminary, and General Theological Seminary; admitted to Bar; Deacon in Protestant Episcopal Church, 1844; Priest in 1845, and Bishop, 1884; D.D. from University of N. C., 1868, and University of the South, 1884.

ALFRED AUGUSTIN WATSON, A.M., D.D., a Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church, son of Lesse and Hannah Maria (Tallman) Watson, was born in New York City, on August 21, 1818. He was graduated from New York University with the degree of Bachelor of Arts and as Valedictorian of his class, in 1837. Afterward he studied in the University Law School, Union Theological Seminary, and the General Theological Seminary of the Protestant Episcopal Church. He was admitted to practice at the Bar, but gave up that profession for the ministry, and was ordained a Deacon in the Protestant Episcopal Church in 1844, and a Priest in 1845. His work was done chiefly in the South, and in the Civil War he was a Chaplain of the Second Regiment of North Carolina troops in the Confederate army. In 1884 he was consecrated Bishop of North Carolina. He was married on June 28, 1890, to Mary Catherine Lord. He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from the University of North Carolina in 1868, and from the University of the South in 1884.

VAN NOSTRAND, Jacob, 1814-1879.

Class of 1838 Arts.

Born in New York City, 1814; graduated A.B., New York University, 1838; A.M., 1841; Professor in Institution for Deaf and Dumb, 1838; Union Theological Seminary, 1838-41; President of Institution for Deaf and Dumb, Austin, Texas, 1857-76; New York Institution for Deaf and Dumb, 1876-79; died, 1879.

JACOB VAN NOSTRAND, A.M., long identified with the welfare of the deaf and dumb, was the son of Jacob and Harriet (Rhoades) Van Nostrand, and was born in New York City on February 27, 1814. He was graduated from New York University in 1838 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and as Latin Salutatorian. In the same year he became a Professor in the New York Institution for the Deaf and Dumb. He was a student in the Union Theological Seminary from 1838 to 1841, and in the latter year received the degree of Master of Arts from New York University. From 1857 to 1876 he was President of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb at Austin, Texas, and in 1876–79 of the New York Institution for the Deaf and Dumb. He was married on July 15, 1847, to H. Jane Richards, and had one child, Sarah Richards Van Nostrand. He died in New York on November 29, 1879.

COXE, Arthur Cleveland, 1818-1896.

Class of 1838 Arts.

Born at Mendham, N. J., 1818; graduated, A.B., New York University, 1838, and A.M., 1841; studied at General Theological Seminary, 1840; Deacon, Protestant Episcopal Church, 1838; Presbyter, 1842; Bishop, 1865; D.D., and LL.D.; author; died, 1896.

ARTHUR CLEVELAND COXE, A.M., D.D., LL.D., a Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church, was the son of the Rev. Dr. Samuel Hanson Coxe, one of the first members of the Council of New York University, and Abiah Hyde (Cleveland) Coxe. He was born at Mendham, New Jersey, on May 10, 1818, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and as Valedictorian of his

class, from New York University in 1838. In 1841 he delivered the Master's Oration and received the degree of Master of Arts. He pursued theological studies privately, and in the General Theological Seminary of the Protestant Episcopal Church, and was ordained a Deacon in 1838 and a Presbyter in 1842. In 1865 he was ordained Bishop of the Diocese of Western New York. His career was honored and influential. He was a leader in the

ARTHUR C. COXE

church as Presbyter and Bishop. As a writer he contributed much to literature in both prose and poetry. He died on July 20, 1896.

BULKLEY, Charles Henry Augustus, 1818-1893.

Class of 1839 Arts.

Born at Charleston, S. C., 1818; graduated A.B., New York University, 1839; A.M., 1842; Union Theological Seminary, 1839-42; Home Missionary, 1842-46; pastor, 1848-82; Professor in Training College, Boston; Professor in Howard University, 1882-91; Chaplain, Y. M. C. A.; Chaplain and Aide-de-camp, U. S. A., in Civil War; D.D., Howard University, 1881; died, 1893.

CHARLES HENRY AUGUSTUS BULKLEY, A.M., D.D., son of Ashbel and Ann Eliza (Fanning) Bulkley, was born at Charleston, South Carolina, on December 22, 1818. In New York University he was President of the Philomathean Society, a member of Sigma Phi, and class poet. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1839, and received that of Master of Arts in 1842. He studied in Union Theological Seminary in 1839–42, and then engaged in home missionary work in various places for four years. From 1848 to 1882 he was engaged in ministerial work, with pastorates at several places in New York State. He was Chaplain of the Seventieth New York Regiment, Sickles's Brigade, in 1861–63, and was an Aide-de-camp on McClellan's Staff in the Peninsular campaign. For a time he was a Professor in Dr. Cullis's Training College in Boston, and Chaplain of the Young Men's Christian Association in Brooklyn, and from 1882 to 1891 he was a Professor in Howard University, Washington, District of Columbia, from which institution he received the degree of Doctor of Divinity in 1881. He was the author and compiler of several books. He died at Washington, District of Columbia, in 1893.

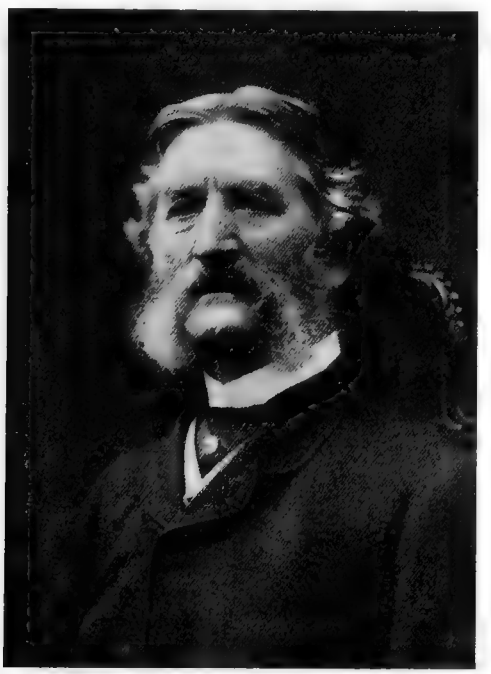
WHITE, Richard Grant, 1821-1885.

Class of 1839 Arts.

Born in New York, 1821; Bristol College, Pa., 1835-37; entered New York University, 1837; graduated A.B., New York University, 1839; studied medicine and law; admitted to Bar, 1845; editor, critic, and author of distinction; A.M., New York University; Superintendent Revenue Marine Bureau, New York, 1861-78; died, 1885.

RICHARD GRANT WHITE, A.M., one of the foremost literary and musical critics of his day, was born in New York City on May 23, 1821, the son of Richard Mansfield White and Ann Eliza (Toucey) White. He began his collegiate career at Bristol College, Pennsylvania, in 1835–37, but in the latter year entered the College of Arts and Science of New York University. There he was distinguished as a scholar, won the third prize in mathematics, and was an orator and Grand Marshal at Commencement. He was graduated in 1839 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and at a later date received that of Master of Arts from the University. After graduation he studied medicine with Dr. A. C. Post, and served for a time in the New York Hospital. He also studied law with George Wood, and in 1845 was admitted to the Bar. Two years later he began a distinguished career in journalism and literature as an editorial writer and musical critic on "The Courier and Enquirer," and when that journal was merged into "The New York World" he continued his work on the latter paper.

From 1861 to 1878 he was Superintendent of the Revenue Marine Bureau in New York. He was a Vice-President of the New Shakespeare Society of London, England. His bibliography is voluminous and forms an important part of the literary annals of his time. Among his best known works are a twelve-volume edition of Shakespeare edited by him in 1857–65, and "Words and Their Uses," 1870, 2nd edition, 1872. Beside nearly a score of books and pamphlets he wrote innumerable articles for the leading American magazines, and contributed to Appleton's and Johnson's Cyclopædias. He held



RICHARD G. WHITE

very high rank as a critic and as an authority on literary and artistic matters, and was regarded the world over as one of the representative scholars and literary men of the United States. He was married on October 16, 1850, to Alexina B. Meade, daughter of Charles Bruton Meade, and had two children: Richard Mansfield and Stanford White, the latter being the eminent architect who has designed the new buildings of New York University at University Heights. Mr. White died in New York on April 8, 1885.

PATTON, William Weston, 1821-1889.

Class of 1839 Arts.

Born in New York, 1821; graduated A.B., New York University, 1839; A.M., 1842; LL.D., 1882; D.D., Indiana Asbury University, 1862; Union Theological Seminary, 1839-42; minister of Congregational Church, 1843-67; Editor "The Advance," 1867-72; District Secretary American Missionary Association; Lecturer in theological seminaries, 1872-74; President of Howard University, 1877-89; author; died, 1889.

WILLIAM WESTON PATTON, A.M., D.D., LL.D., a distinguished theologian and educator, was the son of William and Mary (Weston) Patton, and was born in New York City on October 19, 1821. He was graduated from New York University with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1839, and received the degree of Master of Arts in 1842, the intervening time having been spent as a student in Union Theological Seminary. He was ordained a minister of the Congregational Church, and filled pastorates in Boston, 1843–46, Hartford, Connecticut, 1846–57, and Chicago, 1857–67. From 1867 to 1872 he was Editor of "The Advance." Thereafter he was a District Secretary of the American Missionary Association, Lecturer at Oberlin and Chicago Theological seminaries in 1872–74, and President of Howard University from 1877 to 1889. He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity in 1862 from Indiana Asbury University, and that of Doctor of Laws from New York University in 1882. He was the author of a number of works, one of them, "Prayer and Its Remarkable Answers," running through twenty editions. He died at Westfield, New Jersey, on December 31, 1889.

SCUDDER, Henry Martyn, 1822-1895.

Class of 1840 Arts.

Born in Ceylon, 1822; Williams College, 1836-37; graduated A.B., New York University, 1840; Union Theological Seminary, 1840-43; studied medicine, 1840-43; ordained minister of Congregational Church, 1843; missionary and pastor in India, 1844-63; pastor in United States, 1864-88; A.M., New York University, 1843, and M.D., honorary, 1853; D.D., Rutgers, 1859; died, 1895.

HENRY MARTYN SCUDDER, A.M., M.D., D.D., one of the best beloved pastors of his age, was a son of the Rev. Dr. John Scudder and Harriet (Waterbury) Scudder, and was born at Panditerripoo, Ceylon, on February 5, 1822, his father being a missionary there. He came to the United States for his education, and first entered Williams College, an institution peculiarly associated with missionaries and mission work, in 1836. The next year he came to New York University, where he was a fine student, and a member of Psi Upsilon and Phi Beta Kappa. In 1840 he was graduated

with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and then went to the Union Theological Seminary for three years, at the same time also studying medicine. He was graduated from the Seminary in 1843, received the degree of Master of Arts from New York University, and was ordained a minister of the Congregational Church. From 1844 to 1851 he was a missionary of the American Board — the great Congregational missionary organization — at Madras, India, and from 1851 to 1863 pastor of the Dutch Reformed Church at Arcot, India. Then he came home and was pastor of a Dutch Reformed Church in Jersey City in 1864–65; of a Presbyterian Church in San Francisco in 1865–71; of the Central Congregational Church in Brooklyn from 1871 to 1883, and of the Plymouth Congregational Church, Chicago, 1883–88. In all these charges he was highly successful, but most of all in Brooklyn. He had one of the two or three largest churches in that city, and ranked among the foremost of its preachers and pastors at the time when Brooklyn was at the height of its renown as a "City of Churches." He commanded the respect, confidence and love of his congregation in an exceptional degree. He was married on April 18, 1844, to Fannie Lewis, who bore him ten children, one of whom is now a prominent Congregational minister of Jersey City, New Jersey. Dr. Scudder died on June 4, 1895. His bibliography includes a number of books in the Tamil language of India.

TAYLOR, Charles, 1819–

Class of 1840 Arts.

Born in Boston, 1819; graduated A.B., New York University, 1840; studied medicine and theology; licensed to preach, 1842; organized first foreign mission of M.E. Church South and appointed its first missionary to China, 1846-54; College Professor and President, 1855-66; A.M., New York University, 1843, and D.D., 1869; M.D., Philadelphia College of Medicine, 1848; author.

CHARLES TAYLOR, A.M., M.D., D.D., was born in Boston, Massachusetts, on September 15, 1819, the son of Dr. Oliver Swaine Taylor and Catharine Gould (Parsons) Taylor. He entered New York University in 1836, was President of Eucleian, Editor of "The Athenæum," and Valedictorian of his class. He was graduated in 1840 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, studied at the Philadelphia College of Medicine, and was licensed to preach in the Methodist Episcopal Church in 1842. He organized the first foreign mission of the Methodist Episcopal Church South and was its first missionary to China, in 1846–54. On his return to this country he was for a time a teacher in the Cokesbury, South Carolina, Conference Seminary; Professor for two years and President for one year of the Spartansburg, South Carolina, Female College; General Secretary of Sunday Schools of the Methodist Episcopal Church South in 1858–62, and President of the Kentucky Wesleyan College in 1862–66, after which he retired to Courtland, Alabama. He received the degrees of Master of Arts, 1843, and Doctor of Divinity, 1869, from New York University, and Doctor of Medicine in 1848 from the Philadelphia Medical College. He was married on December 27, 1845, to Charlotte Jane Gamewell, daughter of the Rev. John Gamewell, and had five children: Charles Gamewell, Henry Parsons, Martha Wilson, John Oliver and Charlotte Booth Taylor. He wrote and published a number of books, chiefly on religious topics.

GEISSENHAINER, Frederick William, 1825–

Class of 1841 Arts.

Born at Vincent, Chester County, Pa., 1825; graduated A.B., New York University, 1841; A.M., 1843; LL.B., Yale Law School, 1846; admitted to Bar, May, 1846; A.M., honorary, Yale, 1856; attorney and counselor at law; officer of New York troops.

FREDERICK WILLIAM GEISSENHAINER, LL.B., A.M., is a son of the Rev. Frederick William Geissenhainer, D.D., and Mary (Moore) Geissenhainer, and was born at Chester County, Pennsylvania, on March 20, 1825. He was graduated from New York University with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1841, and received the degree of Master of Arts in 1843. In 1844 he entered the Yale Law School, and was elected a member of Linonia Society in 1845. He was graduated from Yale with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1846, and in the same year was admitted to the Bar and began his career as an attorney and counselor at law. He practiced law in the City of New York for twenty-five years, then moved to Sea Cliff, Nassau County, Long Island. From 1850 to 1861 he was a Manager of the American Institute of New York, and for twelve years was a Trustee of the New York Juvenile Asylum. He was for seven years Captain and Chaplain of the First Brigade, New York Horse Artillery. He received the honorary degree of Master of Arts from Yale in 1856. He was married on June 22, 1879, to Lucia Whit-

FREDERICK W. GEISSENHAINER

man, daughter of John Whitman, and sister of Judge Whitman of Maine. His home is at Sea Cliff, Long Island, New York.

CARPENTER, Hugh Smith, 1823–

Class of 1842 Arts.

Born at New Utrecht, N. Y., 1823; graduated A.B., New York University, 1842; Princeton Theological Seminary, 1842-45; ordained minister of Presbyterian Church, 1845; in ministry, 1845-; D.D., Princeton, 1873.

HUGH SMITH CARPENTER, D.D., was born at New Utrecht, New York, in 1823. He studied at New York University, and was graduated in 1842 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and as Latin Salutatorian of his class. He then spent three years at the Princeton, New Jersey, Theological Seminary, and in 1845 was ordained into the ministry of the Presbyterian Church. He was pastor of the Canal Street Presbyterian Church, New York, in 1845–53; of a Congregational church in Portland, Maine, in 1854–57; of a Congregational Church in Brooklyn, New York, in 1857; of the Westminster Presbyterian Church, Brooklyn, in 1859–69; in San Francisco, California, in 1872–73; in Washington, District of Columbia, in 1875–76; and of the Bedford Avenue Congregational Church, Brooklyn, in 1877–. He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity in 1873 from Princeton College.

CASSEDY, George Washington, 1824-1898.

Class of 1842 Arts

Born in Jersey City, N. J., 1824; Columbia College, 1838-39; graduated A.B., New York University, 1842; A.M., New York University, 1845; studied law; City Clerk, Jersey City, 1850-65; Registrar and County Clerk, 1865-70; U. S. Commissioner, 1870-87.

GEORGE WASHINGTON CASSEDY, A.M., was born in Jersey City, New Jersey, on July 5, 1824. He was a son of Samuel and Elizabeth Kerrnitt (Strachan) Cassedy and a cousin of Andrew E. Suffern, who was graduated from New York University in 1848. He began his collegiate education at Columbia College, New York, in 1838–30, and then entered New York University, from which latter he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1842. While at the University he was a member of the Delta Phi Fraternity. He received the degree of Master of Arts from the University in 1845. After graduation he studied law, and spent the most of his life in the public service. Thus he was City Clerk of Jersey City in 1850–05; Registrar and County Clerk of Hudson County, New Jersey, in 1805–70; and United States Commissioner

GEORGE W. CASSEDY

of Supreme Court Commission from 1870 to 1887. He was married on July 5, 1854, to Addie C. De Witt, daughter of Adrian Heermance De Witt. He died in Elizabeth, New Jersey, on September 4, 1898.

HOUGHTON, George Hendricks, 1820-1897.

Class of 1842 Arts.

Born at Deerfield, Mass., 1820; graduated A.B., New York University, 1842; A.M., 1845; S.T.D., Columbia, 1859; Prof. in St. Paul's Coll., 1843–46; studied Theology; ordained, 1845; in ministry of Protestant Episcopal church, 1845-97; Professor in General Theological Seminary, 1850-62; founder and rector of "the Little Church around the Corner;" died, 1897.

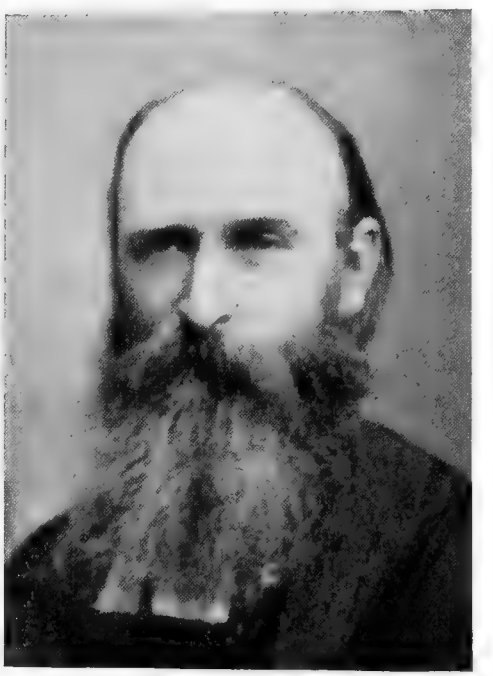
GEORGE HENDRICKS HOUGHTON, A.M., S.T.D., best known as the Rector of "the Little Church around the Corner," was born at Deerfield, Massachusetts, in 1820. He came to New York University in 1838, was a member of the Psi Upsilon, and Valedictorian of his class, and was graduated in 1842 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, to which the University added Master of Arts in 1845. From 1843–46 he was Professor of Greek at St. Paul's College, College Point, Long Island. He studied at the General Theological Seminary of the Protestant Episcopal Church, and was ordained into the ministry in 1845. For three years he was an assistant to Dr. Muhlenberg in the Church of the Holy Communion, and in 1850–62 he was Professor of Hebrew in the General Theological Seminary. His chief life work began in 1848, when he organized the Church of the Transfiguration. Two years later his congregation erected the picturesque church building on East Twenty-ninth Street, New York. While it was still a small and struggling church, application was made to another wealthy and fashionable church near by for the holding of funeral services over an actor. The rector refused to open his church for an actor, but said, "There is a little church around the corner that may do it." Dr. Houghton did open his church for the actor's funeral, and thenceforth the Church of the Transfiguration was universally known as "the Little Church around the Corner." Under Dr. Houghton's devoted ministrations it became one of the strongest and most effective churches in the city. Dr. Houghton received his degree of S.T.D. from Columbia College in 1859. He died in New York, universally respected and lamented, on November 17, 1897.

THOMPSON, Alexander Ramsay, 1822-1895.

Class of 1842 Arts.

Born in New York, 1822; graduated A.B., New York University, 1842, A.M., 1849, and D.D., 1866; Princeton Theological Seminary, 1842-45; ordained and entered ministry, Reformed Dutch Church, 1845; editor and author; President Publication Board, Reformed Dutch Church; member of Council of New York University, 1872-91; died, 1895.

ALEXANDER RAMSAY THOMPSON, A.M., D.D., a conspicuous pastor and theologian of the Reformed Dutch Church in America, was born in New York City on October 16, 1822, the son of William Robert Thompson and Janette (Nexsen) Thompson and grandson of Captain Alexander Thompson, a distinguished officer in the Revolutionary Army and of Elias Nexsen, a prominent merchant of New York. He entered New York University, was a promising student and a member



ALEXANDER R. THOMPSON

of Delta Phi, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1842. The University also conferred on him the degrees of Master of Arts in 1849 and Doctor of Divinity in 1866. After leaving the University he studied at Princeton Theological Seminary, and was ordained into the ministry of the Reformed Dutch Church in 1845. Thereafter he was pastor of churches in New York, Brooklyn, Morristown, New Jersey, Bridgeport, Connecticut and Staten Island, New York. He was an earnest patriot during the Civil War, rendered efficient service to the Government in arousing loyal sentiment and in raising troops, notably the Seventeenth Connecticut Volunteer Infantry, was Chaplain with rank of Captain on the staff of Governor Andrews

of Massachusetts, Chaplain of the New England Relief Rooms in New York City 1863–1865, and of Roosevelt Hospital, 1873–1895, President of the Board of Publication of the Reformed Dutch Church, member of the Board of Foreign Missions, member of the Council of New York University, 1872–1891, leader of movement to restore the liturgical usages of the Reformed Dutch Church and one of the revisers of its liturgy, Editor of the "Sower and Gospel Field," of "Hymns of the Church," and "Hymns of Prayer and Praise;" author and translator of many hymns. He was married October 26, 1848, to Mary, daughter of Dr. John Carpenter, of New Utrecht, Long Island. He died at Summit, New Jersey, February 7, 1895.

BREED, William Pratt, 1816-1889.

Class of 1843 Arts.

Born at Greenbush, N. Y., 1816; entered New York University, 1839; Psi Upsilon and Phi Beta Kappa; graduated A.B., 1843; Union Theological Seminary, 1843-44; Princeton Theological Seminary, 1844-46; ordained minister Presbyterian Church, 1847; pastor, 1847-89; church officer; author; D.D., New York University, 1864; died, 1889.

WILLIAM PRATT BREED, D.D., son of Allen and Joanna (Pratt) Breed, was born at Greenbush, New York, on August 23, 1816. He entered New York University in 1839, and was a member of Psi Upsilon and Phi Beta Kappa. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, in 1843, and then began his theological studies. He attended the Union Theological Seminary in New York in 1843–44, and that at Princeton, New Jersey, in 1844–46. In 1847 he was ordained into the ministry of the Presbyterian Church and became pastor of a church at Steubenville, Ohio, where he remained until 1856, when he removed to a charge in Philadelphia and there remained for the rest of his life. In 1864 he received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from New York University. He was Moderator of the Synod of Philadelphia in 1865, and of that of Pennsylvania in 1882; Trustee of Princeton Theological Seminary in 1867–70; and a member of the Presbyterian Board of Publication in 1875. He was the author of various books and tracts, including "Presbyterianism 300 Years Ago," "Presbyterians and the Revolution," "British Reformers" and the "Book of Books." He was married on September 14, 1847, to Rebecca S. Murray, and had three children: John Howard, William Pratt, and Rebecca Anna Breed. He died in Philadelphia on February 14, 1889.

DOWNER, Frederic William, 1824–

Class of 1843 Arts.

Born in New York, 1824; graduated A.B., N.Y.U., 1843; in business life; President of Amer. Fire Ins. Co.; Vice-Pres. House of Refuge, Randall's Island.

FREDERIC WILLIAM DOWNER, A.B., an eminent and venerable representative of the successful "college man in business," is a native of New York City, where he was born on January 1, 1824, the son of Samuel and Eliza (De Forest) Downer, and a descendant of the Downer family which came from England in early colonial days and

FREDERIC W. DOWNER

settled first at Norwich, Connecticut. He received his early education at Peugnet's School, in New York, and was prepared for college at the University Grammar School. In 1839 he entered the College of Arts and Science of the University of the City of New York, as New York University was then known, and was duly graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in the Class of 1843. That class is perhaps the most noteworthy in the history of the University. Among its members, beside Mr. Downer, were William Pratt Breed, the eminent Presbyterian divine, William Allen Butler, the jurist and author, George Washington Dubois, a prominent Protestant Episcopal clergyman, George Long Duyckinck, author and editor, John Mason Ferris,

a distinguished educator, preacher and editor, of the Reformed Church, Amasa Stetson Freeman, for more than half a century pastor of a Presbyterian church at Haverstraw, New York, Dillon Stevens Landon, physician and educator, Samuel Penniman Leeds, a distinguished clergyman, Benjamin Mason, educator, Alfred Coxe Roe, educator, Aaron John Vanderpoel, the eminent jurist, Henry Van Schaick, lawyer and financier, William Almy Wheelock, merchant and financier and President of the University Council, and other men of prominence in various honorable walks of life. It is the distinction of this class that it has never once omitted its yearly reunion dinner in all its long career. Mr. Downer, on being graduated in this class, studied law for a time and then entered mercantile and financial pursuits. He was married on October 4, 1856, to Sarah W. Downer, daughter of Silas Potter Downer. He has had four children: Frederic William, Lisa De Forest, Sophia, and Louis De Forest Downer. Mr. Downer now makes his winter home at Lakewood, New Jersey.

FERRIS, John Mason, 1825–

Class of 1843 Arts.

Born at Albany, N. Y., 1825; graduated A.B., New York University, 1843; Theological Seminary, New Brunswick, N. J., 1846-49; ordained minister, Dutch Reformed Church, 1849; pastor, 1851-65; Professor Holland Academy, Mich., 1864-65; Corresponding Secretary Board of Missions, 1865-83; Editor "The Christian Intelligencer" since 1881; A.M., New York University, 1846, and D.D., Rutgers, 1867.

JOHN MASON FERRIS, A.M., D.D., belongs to a family many of whose members have been identified with New York University from its earliest days to the present time. He is a son of the Rev. Dr. Isaac Ferris and of Catherine Ann (Burchan) Ferris, and was born at Albany, New York, on January 17, 1825. He entered New York University in 1839 and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1843. In 1846–49 he studied at the Theological Seminary at New Brunswick, New Jersey, and in 1849 was ordained into the ministry of the Reformed Dutch Church. He was pastor of a church at Tarrytown, New York, in 1851–54, in Chicago, Illinois, in 1854–62, and at Grand Rapids, Michigan, in 1862–65, and in 1864–65 was also a Professor in Holland Academy. From 1865 to 1883 he was Corresponding Secretary of the Board of Missions of the Reformed Dutch Church, and since 1881 has been Editor of "The Christian Intelligencer." He received the degrees of Master of Arts from New York University in 1846, and Doctor of Divinity from Rutgers College in 1867. He was married in 1850 to Mary E. Schoonmaker, and in 1871 to Anna M. Martense, and has had five children: Anna Susan, Ludlow, George Newton, Richard Schoonmaker and Charlotte Elizabeth Ferris. His address is No. 676 Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn, New York.

LANDON, Dillon Stevens, 1822-1873.

Class of 1843 Arts, 1849 Med.

Born at Hague, N. Y., 1822; graduated A.B., New York University, 1843, and M.D., New York University Medical College, 1849; Public School Principal; Trustee of Polytechnic Institute; Hospital Physician; died, 1873.

DILLON STEVENS LANDON, M.D., son of Seymour and Phœbe (Thompson) Landon, was born at Hague, New York, on January 31, 1822. He entered New York University in 1839, and was a leading member of Psi Upsilon and an orator at Commencement. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1843, and in 1849 received the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the University Medical College. Thereafter he was Principal of Public School No. 9, in Brooklyn, a practicing physician and surgeon and Visiting Physician to the Brooklyn City Hospital, and for twenty years a Trustee of the Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute. He was a prominent member of the Long Island Medical Society. He was married on December 5, 1849, to Elizabeth Harper, daughter of Joseph W. Harper, and had two children: Joseph Harper and Mary Aurelia Landon. He died in Brooklyn on April 20, 1873.

ROE, Alfred Coxe, 1823–

Class of 1843 Arts.

Born in New York, 1823; graduated A.B., New York University, 1843; A.M., 1846; teacher and Principal, 1844-63; ordained Presbyterian Minister, 1863; Chaplain in army, 1863-64; pastor, 1864-77; engaged in teaching since 1877.

ALFRED COXE ROE, A.M., son of Peter and Susan Elizabeth (Williams) Roe, was born in New York City on April 7, 1823. He entered New York University in 1839, was a member and officer of Eucleian, and was Salutatorian and Philosophical Orator at Commencement. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1843, and received the degree of Master of Arts in 1846. From 1844 to 1853 he was employed as a teacher,

and from 1853 to 1863 was Principal of the Cornwall, New York, Collegiate Institute. He was then ordained into the ministry of the Presbyterian Church and for the next year was a Chaplain of New York State troops and Staff Officer in the Civil War. From 1864 to 1877 he was pastor of Presbyterian churches at Geneva and Clyde, New York, and in the latter year established a Young Ladies' School at Cornwall, New York, of which he was the head until 1885, when he became Principal of the Berkeley Institute for Girls in Brooklyn, New York.

VAIL, Moses Mortimer, 1817-1889.

Class of 1843 Arts.

Born in Dutchess County, N. Y., 1817; graduated A.B., New York University, 1843, and A.M., 1846; lawyer, 1847-89; died, 1889.

MOSES MORTIMER VAIL, A.M., a distinguished attorney and counselor at law, was a son of Moses and Phœbe (Losee) Vail, and was born in Dutchess County, New York, on September 23, 1817. He entered New York University in 1839, and was a member of the Sigma Phi Fraternity. In 1843 he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and three years later he received that of Master of Arts. He studied law, was admitted to the Bar, and devoted his life to that profession with marked success. He was a Solicitor in Chancery in 1845, and a practitioner at the Bar of the Supreme Court of New York in the same year. He was admitted to the Bar of the United States District Court in 1864, and to that of the Supreme Court of the United States in 1872. He was married in December, 1849, to Hester M. Bussing, daughter of Edmund K. Bussing. He died at Saratoga Springs, New York, in 1889.

DE LA MONTAGNIE, John, 1822–

Class of 1844 Arts.

Born in New York, 1822; graduated A.B., New York University, 1844; A.M., New York University, 1847; New York University Medical College, 1844-46; graduated M.D., University of Vermont Medical School, 1847; practiced medicine, 1847-59; Professor of Anatomy; U. S. Consul in France; Brevet Colonel of N. Y. State troops.

JOHN DE LA MONTAGNIE, son of William and Jane (Graham) De La Montagnie, was born in New York on August 21, 1822, and was graduated from New York University with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1844. He received the degree of Master of Arts from the University in 1847. In 1844–46 he studied in the New York University Medical College, and then went to the Medical School of the University of Vermont, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1847. Thereafter he practiced his profession until 1859. After filling for some time a Professorship of Anatomy in the New York Homeopathic Medical College, and being a Major and Brevet Colonel of Engineers in New York State troops, he went abroad as United States Consul at Nantes and Boulogne, France, and made his home at Boulogne.

FERRIS, Richard Burchan, 1827–

Class of 1844 Arts.

Born at Albany, N. Y., 1827; graduated A.B., New York University, 1844, and A.M., 1849; in business as banker, railroad president, etc., 1844-99; retired, 1899.

RICHARD BURCHAN FERRIS, A.M., a member of the Ferris family so intimately associated with New York University, is a son of the Rev. Dr. Isaac Ferris, Chancellor of the University, and Catherine Ann (Burchan) Ferris, and was born in Albany, New York, on January 6, 1827. He was graduated from New York University with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1844, and received the degree of Master of Arts in 1849. Immediately after graduation he entered business life and was actively engaged therein for the next fifty-five years. He served as a clerk in various business houses from 1844 to 1849; as clerk, assistant cashier and cashier of the Bank of New York, 1873–82, and as Vice-President of that bank from 1882 to 1899; Director of the Georgetown and Western Railroad, 1887–89; President of the Attica and Freedom Railroad, 1891–93; Director of the New England Loan and Trust Company, 1889–98; and Secretary and Treasurer of the Wheeling Bridge and Terminal Company, 1892–93. He became an officer of the "Home Guard" of Brooklyn, afterward mustered into service as the Twenty-third Regiment, National Guard of New York, in 1861. In January, 1899, Mr. Ferris announced his retirement from business life. He is a member of the Society of Foreign Wars. Mr. Ferris has for many years been an Elder in the Reformed Dutch Church, and is especially interested in Foreign Missions. From its incorporation in 1899 until 1902, he was a Trustee and the Treasurer of Pringle Memorial Home for Aged

Men, founded under the wills of Samuel M. Pringle (Class of 1836, New York University) and his sister, Mrs. Fenton. He was married twice. His first wife, in 1854, was Sarah Ann Demarest, daughter of the Rev. James Demarest, M.D., and his second, in 1883, was Marie Louise Sammis, daughter of William Sammis. He has five children, all sons: Richard, Albert Warren, James Demarest,

RICHARD B. FERRIS

Isaac, and John Mason Ferris. The first three are graduates of New York University. Mr. Ferris resides at Nyack, New York.

HALL, Abraham Oakey, 1826-1898.

Class of 1844 Arts.

Born at Albany, N. Y., 1826; graduated A.B., New York University, 1844, and A.M., 1847; Harvard Law School, 1844-45; journalist, 1845-49; Assistant District Attorney, New York, 1851-53, and District Attorney, 1855-68; Mayor of New York, 1869-72; journalist, 1879-90; lawyer, 1891-98; member of Council of New York University, 1864-73; author; died, 1898.

ABRAHAM OAKEY HALL, A.M., a Mayor of New York City, was a son of Morgan James Hall and Elsie Lansing (Oakey) Hall, and was born at Albany, New York, on July 26, 1826. He entered New York University in 1840, was a member of Sigma Phi, Editor of Eucleian, a Commencement orator, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1844, receiving the degree of Master of Arts in 1847. He studied in the Harvard Law School in 1844–45, and thence to 1849 was engaged in newspaper work in Boston, New York and New Orleans. In 1851–53 he was an Assistant District Attorney, and from 1855 to 1868 District Attorney for the City and County of New York. From 1869 to 1872 he was Mayor of New York City. He was a member of the law firm of Brown, Hall & Vanderpoel from 1853 to 1879. At the end of his term as Mayor Mr. Hall returned to private life, and in 1879 resumed newspaper work as Managing Editor of "The New York World." In 1883 he became Editor of "Truth" (New York). From 1884 to 1890 he was Resident Correspondent of "The New York Herald" in London and Paris. He was a member of the Council of New York University from 1864 to 1873. He was for years an officer of the Manhattan Club, President of the Lotos Club, a life member of the New York Press Club and the Mercantile Library Association, and ex officio a trustee of the Astor Library and other institutions. He was a member of the New York Historical Society and a Fellow of the Royal Literary Society of London. His published works comprised "Sketches of Travel," 1849; "Old Whitey's Christmas," 1851; "The Grand Juror's Guide," 1862; and "Horace Greeley Recently Dissected," 1863. He was the author of numerous magazine articles and several plays. He was married on November 1, 1849, to Katherine Louisa Barnes, and had seven children. He died in New York on October 7, 1898.

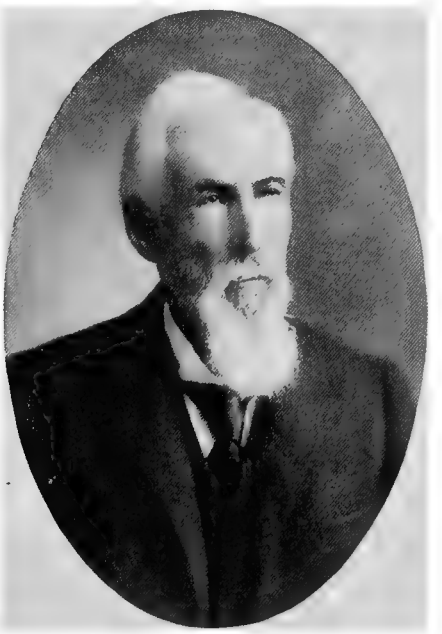
SCOTT, Norman Bruce, 1819–

Class of 1844 Med.

Born at Bruceville, Md., 1819; studied at St. John's College, Annapolis, Md.; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1844; Post Surgeon, U. S. A.; physician and surgeon.

NORMAN BRUCE SCOTT, M.D., was born at Bruceville, Maryland, on May 8, 1819, the son of John Scott and Elizabeth Key (Bruce) Scott. His maternal grandfather, Norman Bruce, was born in Scotland and married Miss Key, an aunt of Francis Scott Key. His uncle, Upton Scott, M.D., was born in Belfast, Ireland, and in 1799–1801 was the first President of the Medico-Chirurgical Faculty of Maryland. Dr. Scott was educated at St. John's College, Annapolis, Maryland,

and the Medical College of New York University, being graduated from the latter in 1844. Since that time his life has been devoted largely to a most successful pursuit of his profession. He has been a Post Surgeon of the United States army, and a United States Pension Examiner, first President of the Medical Society of Washington County, Maryland, and a member of the Medico-Chirurgical Faculty of Maryland. He was married on January 27, 1846, to Catherine McPherson, who died on February 12, 1901, leaving him three children:



N. B. SCOTT

John McPherson, Elizabeth Key, and Norman Bruce Scott, Jr. Dr. Scott lives at Hagerstown, Maryland.

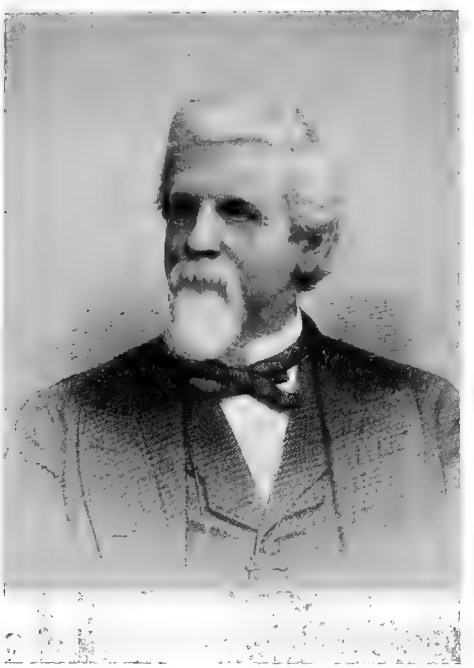
TRASK, James Dowling, 1821-1883.

Class of 1844 Med.

Born at Beverley, Mass., 1821; graduated A.B., Amherst, 1839, A.M., 1842; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1844; began practice, 1844; M.D., honorary, Buffalo University, 1856; a founder and Attending Physician, Brooklyn Dispensary; Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children, Long Island College Hospital, 1859-61; eminent practitioner; writer; died, 1883.

JAMES DOWLING TRASK, A.B., M.D., one of the most eminent medical alumni of New York University, was a son of Oliver and Elizabeth (Dowling) Trask, and was born on August 16, 1821, at Beverley, Massachusetts, on land which was granted to his ancestor, Captain William Trask, by the Colony of Massachusetts for the part he had taken in the Pequod War. Captain Trask was one of the first military commanders in that colony. After receiving a careful preparatory education, James Dowling Trask entered Amherst College at the age of fifteen years, being, with the exception of Richard Salter Storrs, afterward the famous pulpit orator, the youngest member of his class. He was graduated a Bachelor of Arts in 1839, and in 1842 the college conferred upon him the degree of Master of Arts. Soon after his graduation from Amherst he began the study of medicine in the Medical College of New York University. He was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1844, and immediately afterward began the practice of his profession in Brooklyn, New York. Two years later he removed to White Plains, New York, and there had a large practice. He succeeded to the office of County Physician of Westchester County, in the midst of an epidemic of typhus fever, to which his two predecessors in office had fallen victims; he did notable work in checking and extinguishing the plague. He removed from White Plains to New York City in 1859, and a few weeks later removed again to Astoria, Long Island, now a part of New York City, where the remainder of his life was spent. During his professional career Dr. Trask filled many important offices. He was a founder and for some time Attending Physician of the Brooklyn Infirmary, an institution for surgery and unclassified diseases. The University of Buffalo gave him the honorary degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1856. In 1859 he became Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children in the Long Island College Hospital, and filled that place for two years, when he resigned it on account of the pressure of work in his private practice. For the latter reason he declined election to a similar Professorship in the New York University Medical College. He was one of the founders and a Fellow of the American Gynecological Society, President of the Queens County Medical Society, a life member of the Long Island Bible Society, a Warden of St. George's Protestant Episcopal Church, Astoria, and an active member of various other religious and benevolent organizations. Early in his career he found time to do much valuable writing on professional topics. His professional

achievements are a part of the history of medicine and surgery in the United States, and indeed in the world. The great English surgeon, William Tyler Smith, in 1858 spoke of him as having "added much to the reliability of obstetric knowledge." Dr. T. Holmes, M.A. (Cantab.), in his "System of Surgery" also refers to Dr. Trask as an authority in cases of rupture of the uterus. In 1855 Dr. Trask won the prize offered by the American Medical Association, with his essay on "Statistics of Placenta Praevia." Dr. Trask was married in 1845 to Jane Cruickshank O'Farrell, a daughter of Thomas O'Farrell, K.C.B., of Belfast, Ireland, who bore him three children: Mary,



JAMES D. TRASK

George Gustavus, and James Dowling Trask. The last named is a graduate of New York University Medical College, Class of 1876. Dr. Trask's health began seriously to fail in 1876, but he continued in active practice until only five days before his death, which occurred on September 2, 1883.

BANGS, Francis Nathan, 1828-1885.

Class of 1845 Arts.

Born in New York, 1828; Wesleyan University, 1841-43; graduated A.B., New York University, 1845; Yale Law School, 1845-47; lawyer; in army in Civil War; President New York City Bar Association, 1882-83; died, 1885.

FRANCIS NATHAN BANGS, a leader of the New York Bar, was a son of Nathan and Mary (Bolton) Bangs, and was born in New York City on February 23, 1828. He attended Wesleyan University, Middletown, Connecticut, in 1841–43, and then came to New York University and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1845. He was a prominent member of Psi Upsilon, and a Commencement orator. From New York University he proceeded in 1845 to the Yale Law School and was graduated in 1847. Thereafter he was chiefly engaged in the practice of law, in which he attained much distinction. He served in New York State troops at Fort McHenry in 1863. In 1882–83 he was President of the Association of the Bar of the City of New York. He was married on March 12, 1855, to Amelia Frances Bull, daughter of Mordecai Bull, and had three children: Francis Sedgwick, William Nathan, and John Kendrick Bangs. Mr. Bangs died at Ocala, Florida, on November 30, 1885.

DOWNS, Charles Algernon, 1823–

Class of 1845 Arts.

Born at South Norwalk, Conn., 1823; graduated A.B., New York University, 1845; Union Theological Seminary, 1845-48; Pastor of Congregational Church, Lebanon, N. H., 1848-72; member of Legislature, 1863-64; State Superintendent Public Instruction, 1876-80; pastor, Hanover Centre, N. H., 1880; author.

CHARLES ALGERNON DOWNS, A.B., clergyman and educator, was born at South Norwalk, Connecticut, on May 21, 1823, the son of Horatio Nelson Downs and Anna (Bouton) Downs. He entered New York University, was a member of Psi Upsilon, President of Eucleian, and English Salutatorian of his class. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1845, and studied in the Union Theological Seminary in 1845–48. From 1848 to 1872 he was Pastor of the Congregational Church at Lebanon, New Hampshire, serving meantime as a member of the Legislature in 1863–64, and as County School Commissioner and Secretary of the State Board of Education. From 1876 to 1880 he was State Superintendent of Public Instruction, and in 1880 resumed pastoral work at Hanover Centre, New Hampshire. He was married on November 21, 1848, to Helen Katrina Seymour, who bore him five children: Charles Algernon, Anna Katrina,

Eugene Seymour, Clarence Horatio, and Allan Burritt Downs. In addition to his valuable official reports, he wrote a history of Lebanon, New Hampshire, and several historical papers which have become authorities.

MARTIN, William Runyon, 1825–

Class of 1845 Arts.

Born in 1825; graduated A.B., New York University, 1845; A.M., 1848; lawyer; member of New York University Council, and Secretary, 1867-87; Commissioner and President of New York Park Board, 1875-78.

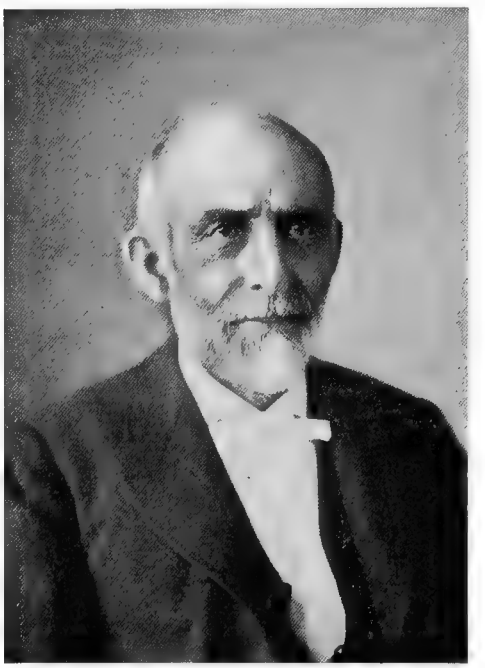
WILLIAM RUNYON MARTIN, A.M., a well known lawyer, public servant and Councilor of New York University, was born in 1825, and entered New York University in 1841. He was a member of Sigma Phi, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1845 and received that of Master of Arts in 1848. He studied law and devoted his life largely to the practice of that profession. He was a Commissioner and President of the Department of Public Parks in New York City in 1875–78, and for the twenty years 1867–87 was a member of the Council of New York University, and Secretary of the Council from 1870 to 1887. His two brothers, John L. and Howard A., were graduated from New York University in 1847 and 1854 respectively.

PECK, Luther Wesley, 1825-1900.

Class of 1845 Arts.

Born at Kingston, Pa., 1825; studied in Methodist Conference seminaries and Wesleyan University; graduated A.B., N.Y.U., 1845; joined New York Conference of M.E. Church, 1845; A.M., N.Y.U., 1849; D.D., N.Y.U., 1878; in active service as pastor, 1845-1890; supernumerary, 1891-1900; author of various books; died, 1900.

LUTHER WESLEY PECK, D.D., one of the foremost clergymen of his day in the Methodist Episcopal Church, bore a name conspicuously identified with the history of American Methodism. His lineage is distinctly traced to John Peck, of Bolton, Yorkshire, England. Twenty generations later appeared Henry and William Peck, brothers, who came to this country with Governor Eaton, the Rev. John Davenport, and others, landing at Boston on June 26, 1637. Thence the two brothers went to New Haven, and were among the signers of the religious compact which formed the constitution of that colony, on June 4, 1639. Henry Peck was active and prominent in the affairs of that colony and his name often appears in its records. One of his descendants, Jesse Peck, with four of his sons, fought in the Revolutionary War, and he and one of the sons died from diseases contracted in that service. A grandson of Jesse Peck was the Rev. Dr. George Peck, a prominent Methodist preacher, the author of several books of note, and a delegate to more general conferences than any other man has ever been. George Peck married Mary Myers, daughter of Philip Myers, a soldier in the Revolutionary War and one of the early settlers of the Wyoming Valley, and granddaughter of Thomas



LUTHER W. PECK

Bennett, one of the Wyoming pioneers, and one of the forty who built the stockade and blockhouse at Forty Fort for protection against the Indians. It may be added at this point that a brother of George Peck was Jesse T. Peck, an eminent Bishop of the Methodist Episcopal Church. Three other brothers were also Methodist preachers, and the united years of service of the five were more than two hundred and fifty in number. Luther Wesley Peck was the second son of George and Mary (Myers) Peck, and was born at Kingston, Luzerne County, Pennsylvania, on June 14, 1825. In his boyhood he was sent to the Methodist Conference Seminary at Poultney, Vermont, of which his uncle, Jesse T. Peck, afterward Bishop, was then principal. Next he attended the

seminary at Cazenovia, New York, of which his father was principal. A short period at Chase's Grammar School, at Middletown, Connecticut, followed, and then, at the age of sixteen, in the fall of 1841, he entered Wesleyan University, at Middletown. There he remained a year. Then his father was made Editor of "The Christian Advocate," in New York, and the boy accordingly came thither also and entered the University of the City of New York, as New York University was then known, under the eminent Chancellorship of Theodore Frelinghuysen. That was in the fall of 1842 and he entered the Sophomore class of the University. While in college he was distinguished as a student above all other members of his class. He was a prominent member of the Delta Chapter of Psi Upsilon at New York University, and was one of the founders of the Chapter at Wesleyan. He was the author of one of the Psi Upsilon songs, "Serenade," which was set to music by Professor Karl Harrington. He was also elected to Phi Beta Kappa, and was President of Eucleian. In 1845 he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, as the Valedictorian of his class. His alma mater gave him the degree of Master of Arts in 1849 and that of Doctor of Divinity in 1878. Immediately after his graduation from New York University he entered the ministry of the Methodist Episcopal Church, as a member of the New York Conference. Thereafter he filled pastorates at the following places : Pacific Street, Brooklyn, New York, 1845 ; Durham, New York, 1846–7 ; Windham, New York, 1848 ; Rhinebeck, New York, 1849–50 ; Sheffield, Massachusetts, 1851–2 ; Lee, Massachusetts, 1853 ; Newburgh, New York, 1854–5 ; Poughkeepsie, New York, 1856–7 ; Forty-third Street, New York, 1858–9 ; Dobbs Ferry, New York, 1860 ; Rhinebeck, New York, 1861–2 ; Kingston, New York, 1863 ; Middletown, New York, 1864–5. He then went to the Wyoming Conference, in Pennsylvania, and served as follows : Scranton, 1866–7 ; Susquehanna, 1868–70 ; Waverly, New York, 1871 ; Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania, 1872–3 ; Waverly, Pennsylvania, 1874 ; Presiding Elder of Honesdale District, 1875–8 ; Pittston, Pennsylvania, 1879 ; Oxford, New York, 1880–82 ; Whitney Point, New York, 1883–4 ; Appalachin, New York, 1885–6 ; Harford, New York, 1887 ; Yatesville, Pennsylvania, 1888–9 ; and West Nanticoke, Pennsylvania, 1890. After 1890 he was on the supernumerary list, and lived in retirement at Scranton, Pennsylvania, where he died on March 31, 1900. In addition to his pastoral labors Dr. Peck wrote much for publication. He was the author of "The Golden Age," a book of poems ; "The Humming Bird," and "The Burial of Lincoln," poems ; a chapter in his father's "History of the Wyoming Valley," and many newspaper articles in prose and verse. Many of his sermons were also printed. During the Civil War he was a vigorous upholder of the Union and was much in demand as a public speaker. In politics he was a life-long Republican. He was a member of the Masonic Order, and of the Order of Odd Fellows. Dr. Peck was married on January 18, 1848, to Sarah Maria Gibbons, daughter of a prominent physician of Albany, New York. She survives him, and lives at No. 302 Chestnut Street, Scranton, Pennsylvania. Three of their children died young. The others are Helen and Sadie M. Peck, of Scranton ; Jesse T. Peck, of Chicago ; Emma D. Bennett, wife of Charles B. Bennett, a merchant of Chicago ; Mary E. Williams, of Binghamton, New York, widow of the late Rev. John F. Williams ; and George L. Peck, a lawyer, of Scranton, Pennsylvania.

REDFIELD, Philip Melancthon Whelpley, 1826-1873.

Class of 1846 Arts.

Born in 1826 ; graduated A.B., New York University, 1846, and A.M., 1849 ; Assistant Professor Mathematics, New York University, 1849-53 ; lawyer ; Professor Natural Sciences, Normal College, 1870-73 ; died, 1873.

PHILIP MELANCTHON WHELPLEY REDFIELD, A.M., was a son of David and Sarah (Meherg) Redfield, and was born on January 12, 1826. He was graduated from New York University in 1846, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts and as Salutatorian of his class. He afterward studied law, and received from New York University the degree of Master of Arts in 1849. In 1849–53 he was Assistant Professor of Mathematics in New York University. Thereafter he was a member of the firm of Redfield & Barnard until 1870, and in 1870–73 he was Professor of Natural Sciences in the Normal College of New York. He was married on July 10, 1860, to Augusta Kiersted, and had three daughters. He died in New York on November 29, 1873.

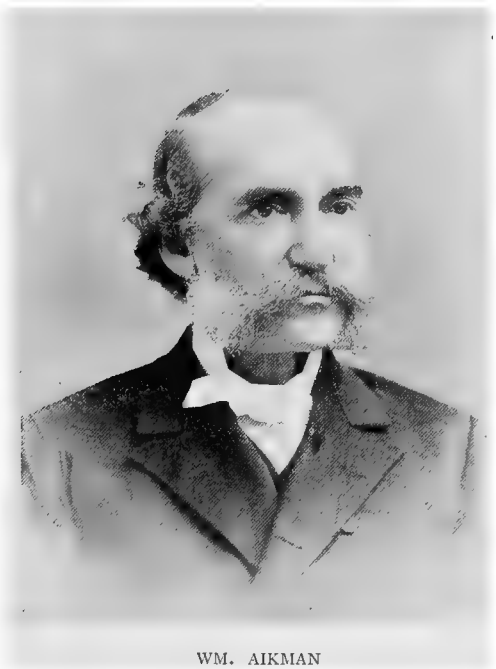
AIKMAN, William, 1824–

Class of 1846 Arts.

Born in New York, 1824 ; graduated A.B., New York University, 1846 ; graduated B.D., Union Theological

Seminary, 1849; D.D., New York University, 1869; minister of Presbyterian Church, 1849-94; author.

WILLIAM AIKMAN, D.D., son of Robert and Sarah (Smith) Aikman, was born in New York City on August 12, 1824. In New York



WM. AIKMAN

University he was a member of Psi Upsilon and Phi Beta Kappa, Secretary of Philomathean, and English Salutatorian at Commencement. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1846. In 1849 he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Divinity from the Union Theological Seminary, and was ordained a minister of the Presbyterian Church. New York University gave him the degree of Doctor of Divinity in 1869. He was pastor of the Sixth Presbyterian Church of Newark, New Jersey, in 1849–57; of the Hanover Street Church, Wilmington, Delaware, in 1857–69; of the Spring Street Church, New York, in 1869–72; in Detroit, Michigan, in 1872–77; at Aurora, New York, 1877–81; and at Atlantic City, New Jersey, 1883–94. He was Moderator of the Synod of Pennsylvania in 1863, and a Trustee of Wells College, Aurora, New York, in 1878–83. He is the author of numerous books and essays, published sermons, etc. He was married on July 25, 1849, to Anna Matilda Burns, and has had seven children. One of his sons, William Aikman, Jr., was graduated from New York University in 1872.

SENEY, George Ingraham, 1826-1893.

Class of 1846 Arts.

Born at Newtown, N. Y., 1826; Wesleyan University, 1842-43, A.M., 1866; graduated A.B., N. Y. U., 1846; banker, railroad president, etc.; died, 1893.

GEORGE INGRAHAM SENEY, A.M., banker and railroad magnate, was a son of the Rev. Robert Seney, and was born at Newtown, New York, on May 12, 1826. He studied at Wesleyan University, Middletown, Connecticut, in 1842–43, and then came to New York University, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1846. Wesleyan gave him the degree of Master of Arts in 1866. After leaving college he engaged in banking and railroad management. He was President of the Metropolitan Bank of New York, organizer of the Eastern Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railroad Company, and the builder of the Chicago and St. Louis Railroad. He amassed a great fortune, and made one of the most notable private art collections in America. He was a Trustee of Wesleyan University for some years, a manager of the Missionary Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and the founder

GEORGE I. SENEY

of the Methodist General Hospital in Brooklyn, New York. He was married in 1849 to Phœbe A. Mosier, and had ten children. He died in New York on April 7, 1893.

ULYAT, William Clarke, 1823–

Class of 1846 Arts.

Born in England, 1823; graduated A.B., 1846, and A.M., 1849; Union Theological Seminary, 1846-49, and New York University Medical College, 1846-49; Princeton Theological Seminary, 1850-52; pastor, 1850-61; librarian and editor; author.

WILLIAM CLARKE ULYAT, A.M., son of William and Elizabeth Ann (Clarke) Ulyat, was born in Lincolnshire, England, on January 15, 1823. The remains of Elizabeth Ann (Clarke) Ulyat were deposited in a vault in a Dissenting Meeting House in England, a memorial

WILLIAM C. ULYAT

tablet was placed in the wall on one side of the pulpit, and the memoirs of her life were written and published. He entered New York University in 1842, was Editor of "Eucleian," and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1846. The next three years were devoted to study in the University Medical College and the Union Theological Seminary, and in 1849 the University gave him the degree of Master of Arts. He studied at the Princeton Theological Seminary in 1850–52, and was pastor of a Baptist Church at Princeton in 1850–53, at Norwalk, Connecticut, in 1853–55, and at Hudson, New York, in 1859–61. He was called seven times to preside over the Baptists of Princeton, New Jersey, and served them five times, varying in length from three months to fourteen years. Of the work he did in Hudson, New York, in securing to his people a new church, of which they had been deprived forty years, it was said at the time by one acquainted with all the circumstances that if he never did anything else that was enough. In 1861–62 he acted as supply of the Vassar Church in Poughkeepsie, New York, during the absence of its pastor, with President Jewett, in Europe. In 1856 he was an Editor of "The Christian Review," and for twenty years he was Editor of "The Princeton Press." For eighteen years he was Assistant Librarian of the Princeton Theological Seminary. He has written a number of ecclesiastical and historical works, magazine articles, etc. His last published book, issued in 1902, by the Abbey Press, New York, is entitled, "The First Years of the Life of the Redeemed after Death; A New Unfolding of the Christian Life and Destiny, Here and Hereafter." He has in the hands of his publishers now a new work, which is called "The Life of Christ since His Ascension." He was married on December 22, 1868, to Mary Stryker Leigh, who bore him three children.

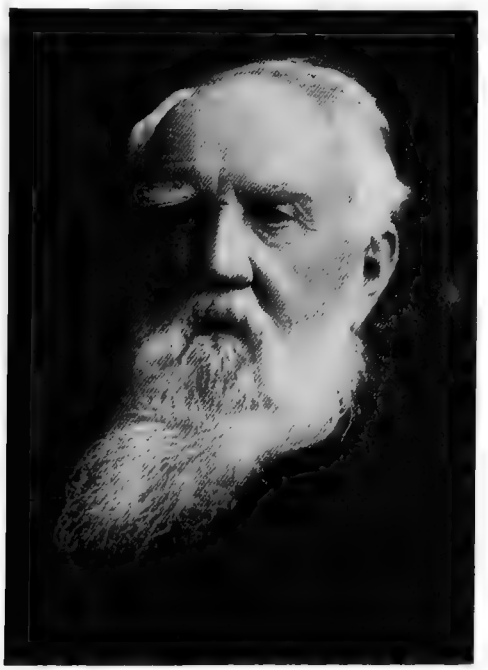
BOND, John Wesley, 1824–

Class of 1846 Med.

Born in Baltimore, Md., 1824; studied in private schools and one year in College of Arts, New York University; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1846; practiced in Baltimore, and Demonstrator of Anatomy, Washington University, Baltimore, 1846-52; practiced in Ohio, 1852-56, and in Iowa, 1856-62; Professor in Keokuk, Iowa, Medical College; surgeon in U. S. Army; in practice at Toledo, Ohio, since 1863; Health Officer, Chief of Hospital Staff, etc.

JOHN WESLEY BOND, M.D., one of the earliest graduates of the New York University Medical College, is a native of Baltimore, Maryland, where he was born on May 8, 1824. His mother's maiden name was Christiana Birckhead. His father, Thomas Emerson Bond, M.D., was an eminent physician and surgeon. On the maternal side his ancestors settled in Maryland in the time of Lord Baltimore, and on the paternal side they came from England four generations before him. He received his early education in private schools in Baltimore, and then studied for a year in the College of Arts and Science of New York University. Thence he proceeded to the New York University Medical College, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1846. He

at once returned to Baltimore and practiced there until 1852, being at the same time a Demonstrator of Anatomy in Washington University in that city. Next he removed to Ohio, and practiced in Zanesville and Mansfield until 1856. His next move was to Iowa where he settled at Keokuk and practiced there until 1862. For two years of this time he was Professor of Theory and Practice of Medicine in the Keokuk Medical College. He was elected Professor of Anatomy in the Medical Department of the University of Iowa, but did not fill the place owing to the fact that the outbreak of the



J. W. BOND

Civil War caused the closing of the college. In 1862 he entered the army and served therein as Regimental Surgeon of the Thirtieth Iowa Volunteers. He then settled at Toledo, Ohio, where he has remained in practice ever since. For several years he was Health Officer of that city, and was a member of the Board of Health when Toledo was securing a proper system of drainage. He was also for a long time Chief of the Staff of St. Vincent's Hospital. He is a member of the Ohio State Medical Society, the Northwestern Ohio Medical Society, the Toledo Club, the Masonic Order, the Loyal Legion, and the Society of the Army of the Tennessee. He was married to Amanda Sturges of Zanesville, Ohio, on June 5, 1854, and has had three children: Maria Allen, James, and Amanda Sturges Bond, the last named of whom is now living.

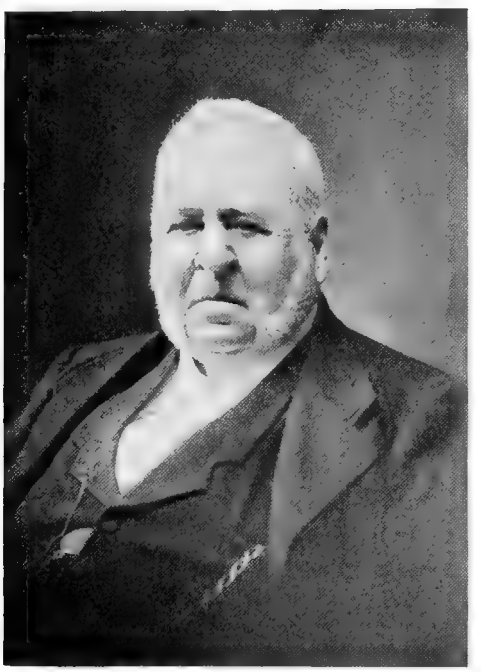
GUERNSEY, Egbert, 1823–

Class of 1846 Med.

Born in Litchfield, Conn., 1823; studied at Phillips Academy, Andover, and Yale University; graduated M.D., N. Y. U. Med. Coll., 1846; hon. degrees of M.D. from Univ. of State of N. Y., and LL.D. from Coll. of St. Francis Xavier; editor, author, college professor, founder of asylums, leader in the medical profession, and in active practice since 1846.

EGBERT GUERNSEY, M.D., LL.D., one of the foremost members of the medical profession of his time, comes of illustrious ancestry. The first of his name in this country, from whom he is directly descended in the sixth generation, was John Guernsey, a native of the Island of Guernsey, who came to America in earliest colonial days, and in 1638 was one of the one hundred and eighty Puritans who removed from Boston to found the Colony of New Haven. John Guernsey was during the rest of his life a prominent member of the New Haven colony, and was one of the protectors of the "regicides" Goffe and Whalley. His descendants were prominent in New England in colonial times, and no less than thirteen of them served in the Revolutionary Army. His great-grandson, John Guernsey, who was born at Woodbury, Connecticut, removed to Amenia, Dutchess County, New York, and had a son, Noah Guernsey. The latter married Hannah Hollister, a direct descendant of William Clinton, first Earl of Huntington (1350), whose descendant was made Earl of Lincoln, a title afterward merged into that of the Duke of Newcastle. Noah Guernsey had a son who also bore the name of Noah, and who married Amanda Crosby, daughter of William Crosby, and a kinswoman of Enoch Crosby, the famous Revolutionary spy. To Noah and Amanda (Crosby) Guernsey, the subject of this sketch, Egbert Guernsey, was born at Litchfield, Connecticut, on July 8, 1823. He was carefully educated. His college preparatory course was pursued at the famous Phillips Academy at Andover, Massachusetts, whence he proceeded to Yale College and entered its Scientific Department. Before completing his course at Yale, however, he determined to devote himself to medicine, and accordingly entered the office of the illustrious Valentine Mott as a student. He also became a student in the Medical College of New York University, of which Dr. Mott was one of the foremost

Professors, and in 1846 was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. He has also received the honorary degrees of Doctor of Medicine, from the University of the State of New York, and Doctor of Laws, from the College of St. Francis Xavier. Since that time, now nearly three score years, Dr. Guernsey has been engaged in the practice of his profession, while also attending to various other duties. He began his practice in Williamsburg, afterward a part of Brooklyn and now of New York, and was soon appointed City Physician. In 1850, however, he removed to New York City, and



EGBERT GUERNSEY

has ever since been established there. At about this time he became interested in the then comparatively new school of Homeopathy. Although he had been educated and had begun his work as an Allopathist, he quickly perceived what seemed to him some advantages in Homeopathy, and thereupon adopted the best features of that school of practice. Since that time he has used what have seemed to him the desirable features of both systems, believing with liberal mind that in the healing art all beneficent means are to be employed, regardless of technical names of "schools." He also became a teacher of medicine, being for six years Professor of Materia Medica and Theory and Practice in the New York Homeopathic Medical College. He was one of the founders and the first President of the Western Dispensary, afterward united with the Hahnemann Hospital, of which he was also a founder. In 1877 he was instrumental in having the Inebriates' Asylum on Ward's Island converted into a general hospital under the direction of the Department of Charities and placed in the hands of the Homeopathic school of practice. Since that time he has been President of the medical staff of the institution, which has now been removed to Blackwell's Island, is known as the Metropolitan Hospital, and is ranked by the Commissioner of Charities as one of the best of the great public hospitals of New York. Dr. Guernsey was one of the founders of the State Asylum for the Insane at Middletown, New York, and was for nineteen years a Trustee and four years Vice-President of it. He was the founder also of the Training School for Nurses at the Hahnemann and Metropolitan hospitals and the State Asylum for the Insane at Middletown. He has been President of the New York State and County Medical societies, and from 1864 to 1868 was Surgeon of the Sixth Regiment of the National Guard of the State of New York. Dr. Guernsey's literary activities have been noteworthy. Before his graduation from the University Medical College he was City Editor of "The Evening Mirror," being thus associated with Nathaniel Parker Willis and George P. Morris. He founded "The Brooklyn Daily Times" in 1848, and for two years was its Editor. In 1852 he was one of the editors of "Jahr's Manual," and in 1872 he founded "The Medical Times" of New York and has ever since been its Senior Editor. Early in his professional career he wrote a school history of the United States, which long ranked as a standard text-book. His "Domestic Practice," published in 1855, has passed through many editions and been translated into several languages. His miscellaneous contributions to medical literature have been voluminous. Dr. Guernsey was one of the founders of the Union League Club of New York. He is a life member of the New York Geographical and Historical societies, and the Academy of Science, and belongs to various other scientific and literary organizations. He was married in 1848 to Sarah Lefferts Schenck, a descendant of Edgar de Schencken, who was Seneschal to Charlemagne, and of his descendant, Johannes Schenck, who came to this country from Holland in 1683. She is descended also from the Lefferts family, and from the Meseroles, a Huguenot family of Picardy. Dr. and Mrs. Guernsey have

had five children, of whom but one, Florence, survives, Dr. Egbert Guernsey, Jr., being deceased, together with three others who died in infancy. Their city residence is at No. 180 Central Park South, New York, and their country home at Fishkill-on-the-Hudson, New York.

CHILDS, Thomas Spencer, 1825–

Class of 1847 Arts.

Born at Springfield, Mass., 1825; graduated A.B., New York University, 1847, A.M., 1850; graduated B.D., Princeton Theological Seminary, 1850; D.D., New York University, 1862; ordained minister of Presbyterian Church, 1852; pastor, 1852-70; Professor, Hartford, and Wooster, 1871-82; pastor, 1882-90; entered Protestant Episcopal Church, 1890; Associate Rector, 1891; Arch-Deacon since 1894; Commissioner to Indians, 1888; author.

THOMAS SPENCER CHILDS, A.M., D.D., son of Joshua and Susan (King) Childs, was born at Springfield, Massachusetts, on January 19, 1825. In New York University he was a member of Psi Upsilon, President of Eucleian, winner of mathematical prizes in 1845–46, and Valedictorian of his class. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1847 and received the degree of Master of Arts in 1850. He was a charter member of the New York University Chapter of Phi Beta Kappa. He studied at Princeton Theological Seminary in 1847–51, and received the degree of Bachelor of Divinity there in 1850 and that of Doctor of Divinity from New York University in 1862. He was ordained a Presbyterian minister in 1852, and organized the First Presbyterian Church of Hartford, Connecticut, and was its pastor from 1852 to 1866. From 1866 to 1870 he was a pastor at Norwalk, Connecticut. He was Professor of Biblical and Ecclesiastical History at Hartford Theological Seminary in 1871–79, and Professor of Mental and Moral Science at the University of Wooster, Ohio, 1880–82. In 1882–90 he was again a Presbyterian pastor in Washington, District of Columbia, and in 1888 a member of the Commission to the Southern Ute Indians. He was also five times a Commissioner to the Presbyterian General Assembly. In 1890 he united with the Protestant Episcopal Church, became Associate Rector of Trinity Church, Washington, in 1891, and has been an Arch-Deacon since 1894, being the first Arch-Deacon of the Diocese of Washington. In 1899 he became Rector of All Saints Church, Chevy Chase, which position he still fills. Dr. Childs is a member of the American Historical Society, the American Geographical Society, and first Chaplain of the District of Columbia Society of the Sons of the American Revolution. He is the author of a number of theological works, and many magazine articles, essays, published sermons, etc. He was married in Hartford, Connecticut, on March 7, 1855, to Mary E. Porter, and again in Boston on August 24, 1864, to Jane Lawrence Perkins. He has had five children:

THOMAS S. CHILDS

Mary Lowrie, Fanny Graham, Alice Lee, Helen Porter, and Thomas Childs. His home is at Chevy Chase, Washington, District of Columbia.

LOCKWOOD, Samuel, 1819-1894.

Class of 1847 Arts.

Born in England, 1819; graduated A.B., New York University, 1847; A.M., 1850; Phi Beta Kappa; Ph.D., 1868; Theological Seminary, New Brunswick, N. J., 1847-50; minister Dutch Reformed Church, 1850; pastor; Lecturer, Rutgers College; Superintendent Public Education, Monmouth County, N. J., 1867-94; died, 1894.

SAMUEL LOCKWOOD, A.M., PH.D., a distinguished educator, was the son of William and Mary (Brockmer) Lockwood, and was born at Mansfield, Nottinghamshire, England, on January 20,

1819. He entered New York University in 1843, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1847, being at the same time elected to Phi Beta Kappa. In 1850 the University gave him the degree of Master of Arts, and in 1868 that of Doctor of Philosophy. He studied at the Theological Seminary of the Dutch Reformed Church, at New Brunswick, New Jersey, in 1847–50, and in the latter year was ordained and became a pastor of that church, filling charges at Cortland and Gilboa, New York, and Keyport, New Jersey. He was Lecturer on Natural Sciences at Rutgers College, President of the New Jersey Microscopical Society, of the American Postal Microscopical Club, of the United States Hay Fever Association, and of the New Jersey Council of Education; a Fellow of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, and a member of various other learned bodies in this and other countries. In 1867 he was made Superintendent of Public Education and filled that place for the rest of his life. He was the author, from 1867 to 1892, of a large number of books and papers on scientific topics. He was married on April 6, 1847, to Elizabeth Rodamer, and had six children: Ferris Crosby, Annie, Elizabeth, Samuel A. Van Franken, Georgia Brockmer (dead) and Ernson Diedrich Lockwood. He died at Freehold, New Jersey, on January 9, 1894.

SEDGWICK, John, 1829-1897.

Class of 1847 Arts.

Born in 1829; graduated A.B., New York University, 1847; studied law, 1847-50; lawyer; Assistant District Attorney, New York, 1856-59; Associate Judge of Superior Court, 1871-80; Chief Judge, Superior Court, and Justice Supreme Court, 1880-97; died, 1897.

JOHN SEDGWICK, an eminent jurist of New York, was born in 1829, and entered New York University in 1843. He was a member of Psi Upsilon and Phi Beta Kappa, and a Commencement orator. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1847, studied law in 1847–50, and devoted his life to that profession with distinguished success. He was an Assistant District Attorney in New York in 1856–59. From 1871 to 1880 he was Associate Judge of the Superior Court of the City of New York, and after 1880 Chief Judge of that Court, and a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York when the Superior Court was abolished. He died in Norfolk, Connecticut, on September 11, 1897.

ELY, Smith, 1825–

Class of 1847 Law.

Born at Hanover, N. J., 1825; received academic education; studied in law office of Frederic De Peyster, and Law School of New York University, graduated LL.B. N. Y. U., 1847; in mercantile life since 1850; School Trustee, 1856; State Senator, 1858; County Supervisor, 1860; Commissioner of Public Instruction, 1866; Representative in Congress, 1872; Brooklyn Bridge Commissioner, 1875; Mayor of New York, 1877; Park Commissioner, 1897.

SMITH ELY is a native of the State of New Jersey, having been born at Hanover, in Morris County, on April 17, 1825. He comes of historic ancestry on both sides of the house. His father, Epaphras Cook Ely, was a leather merchant of New York and was a soldier in the War of 1812; his paternal grandfather, Moses Ely, served in the Revolutionary Army; and his great-grandfather, Captain William Ely, and his great-great-grandfather, Captain Richard Ely, both served in the colonial wars. Mr. Ely's mother, whose maiden name was Julia Ann Kitchell, was a granddaughter of Judge Aaron Kitchell, United States Senator from New Jersey. Mr. Ely received in his boyhood a good academic education, and afterward turned his attention to the study of the law. The latter he pursued for three years in the office of Frederic De Peyster, and in the Law School of New York University, from which latter he was graduated in 1847 with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. He never engaged in the practice of his profession, however, but in 1850 entered mercantile pursuits, in which he has ever since remained. A large share of Mr. Ely's life has been devoted to the public service. He has been a life long Democrat, and has been among the foremost members of his party in New York. As early as 1856 he was elected a School Trustee in the Seventh Ward of New York, and held that place four years. He was in 1857 elected State Senator for the term beginning with 1858, by a large majority in a district which had never before chosen a Democrat. At Albany he was the only Democrat on two important committees, that on Cities and the sub-committee of the Whole, and thus figured conspicuously in legislation. In 1860 he was elected a member of the Board of Supervisors of the County of New York, and held that place for eight years, being reëlected in 1867 in opposition to both the regular Democratic and Republican candidates. He did much good work as Supervisor in raising money and troops for the support of the Government in the Civil War, being

a member of the Special Committee which controlled that matter. He was made a Commissioner of Public Instruction in 1866. In 1872 he was elected a Representative in Congress, and was reëlected in 1874. During his two terms he served on important committees, and was conspicuous among the most efficient legislators at the national capital. While he was a member of Congress he was appointed in 1875 one of the Commissioners for the building of the Brooklyn Bridge. The next year, 1876, while he was still in Congress, saw him nominated for the office of Mayor of New York. His

SMITH ELY

Republican opponent was General and ex-Governor John A. Dix, but Mr. Ely was elected over him by more than 55,000 majority. Mayor Ely's administration was a wise, economical and public-spirited one. In each of its two years the public debt of the city was reduced, and, despite the increase of population, the amount of the tax levy was also reduced each year. The reduction of debt in two years was more than $6,000,000, and the reduction of tax levy was more than $3,000,000. This record in municipal finance has never been paralleled by any other Mayor. Before he retired from the Mayor's office Mr. Ely received an offer of renomination for Congress, but declined it and returned to private life. He has since held no public office save that of Commissioner of Parks, to which he was appointed in 1897. Mr. Ely has never married. He is a member of the Century Association, the Alumni Association of New York University, the Society of Colonial Wars, the Sons of the Revolution, the Society of the War of 1812, and the Manhattan, Democratic and Presbyterian clubs. His home is at No. 47 West 57th Street, New York.

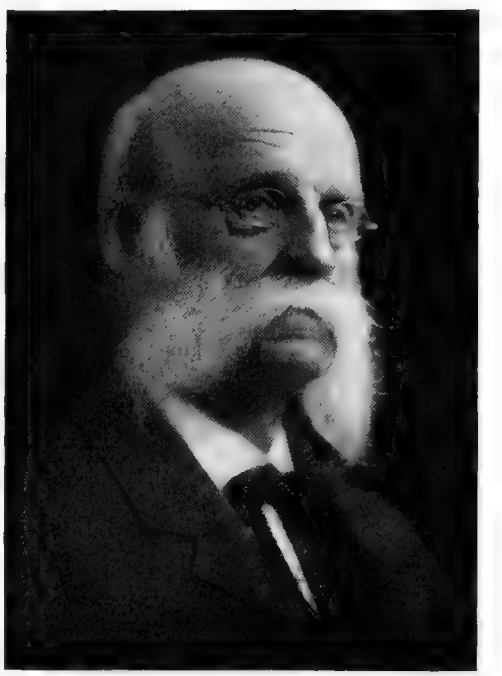
BULL, Alexander Thompson, 1827–

Class of 1847 Med.

Born at Bullville, N. Y., 1827; studied in schools in Sullivan, Ulster and Orange counties, N. Y.; studied medicine at Newburgh, N. Y., Castleton, Vt., and in N. Y. U.; graduated M.D., N. Y. U. Med. Coll., 1847; served at U. S. Quarantine Station; began practice, Monticello, N. Y., 1848; removed to Middletown, N. Y., 1851, thence to London, Canada; adopted Homeopathic practice and secured its legalization in Canada; received honorary degrees from several colleges; settled in Buffalo, N. Y., 1864; prominently assisted in the founding of the City Homeopathic Dispensary, Buffalo, 1866, and State Homeopathic Insane Asylum, Middletown, N. Y., 1868; still in active practice in Buffalo.

ALEXANDER THOMPSON BULL, M.D., the eminent Homeopathic physician of Buffalo, New York, was born at Bullville, Orange County, New York, on May 3, 1827, the son of Milton and Esther (Crawford) Bull. His paternal grandparents were Daniel and Catherine (Miller) Bull, the former a soldier in the Revolution and the son of Thomas and Mary (Kerr) Bull. Thomas Bull was an Ensign in the French and Indian War, and was a son of William and Sarah (Wells) Bull. William Bull was a native of Wolverhampton, England, and came to America and settled in Orange County, New York, about 1712. Dr. Bull's native village, Bullville, was named for his father's family, and the township, Crawford, was named for his mother's family. At the age of eleven years Dr. Bull entered the Academy at Bloomingburg, Sullivan County, New York, and remained there a year. Next he went to the Academy at Old Paltz, Ulster County, and finally, for two years, to the Academy at Montgomery, Orange County. In 1843 he began the study of medicine, under Dr. Isaac Garrison, at Newburgh, New York. Later he attended lectures at Castleton, Vermont, and finally entered the Medical College of New York University. In the latter institution he enjoyed the instruction and friendship of those illustrious men, Valentine Mott and John W. Draper, and had the privilege of witnessing the first surgical operation performed in

America under the influence of chloroform, Dr. Mott having received a small quantity of that drug from Dr. Simpson, of Edinburgh, Scotland. He was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1847, and immediately thereafter was summoned by the quarantine authorities of the port of New York to attend patients stricken with ship fever. Three physicians had died at the station within the thirty days before his arrival there, namely, Dr. Emmet, a relative of the Irish revolutionist of that name, Dr. Van Buren, a relative of President Van Buren, and Dr. Porter, a member of an eminent New York family. Dr. Bull remained at quarantine for six weeks, doing his work bravely and well. In the spring of 1848 he began his private practice at Monticello, in Sullivan County, New York. Three months after his arrival there, while on a professional visit, he was thrown from a sulky while driving alone in the dense forest and had his leg and skull fractured. He was miles from any habitation, and lay upon the ground for several hours before he was found and cared for. While awaiting assistance he set his own leg, with only the rudest appliances and under the most painful conditions but with notable success, and thus established his reputation as a singularly skillful surgeon. In 1849 he undertook the establishment of the Academy at Monticello, which has ever since been a most useful institution, and in the same year he also set afoot the enterprise of building the famous plank road from Monticello to Otisville. In 1851 he removed to Middletown, Orange County, New York, and in addition to conducting a successful practice became interested in politics. He was soon elected Superintendent of Schools, on the Whig ticket, by a majority of 156, while all the rest of the Whig ticket was defeated. Not long after this, Dr. Bull removed to London, Canada. He had recently become a convert to the principles of Hahnemann, and, finding a strong popular prejudice against Homeopathy in Canada, he appealed to the Prime Minister, Sir John A. Macdonald, for the formal recognition and legalization of that school of medicine. Sir John took the matter up, and had the desired legislation promptly enacted. In recognition of this achievement the Hahnemann University of Chicago, the Western College of Cleveland, Ohio, and the Hahnemanian Society of Philadelphia, conferred honorary degrees upon Dr. Bull. He was appointed a member of the Medical Board of Upper Canada, and was the first Homeopathic Coroner appointed by the British Crown. The latter office he held from 1860 until his removal from Canada in 1864. He gained great reputation for himself and for Homeopathy in London by his successful treatment of cholera patients in that city soon after his arrival there, treating fifty-three without losing a single case. He was also one of the founders and editors of "The Canadian Homeopathic Monthly." Although he became by adoption a British subject, he remained a United States citizen at heart, and during the Civil War he was President of the Washington Society, a Canadian organization formed to secure patriotic support of the United States' Government



A. T. BULL

from natives of the United States living in Canada. While at the head of this society he organized a detective system throughout all Canada for the purpose of detecting and preventing proposed raids upon the United States by Confederates and their sympathizers. Just before his departure from London to return to the United States the chief citizens of that city gave him a complimentary farewell banquet, at which the Mayor presided. Dr. Bull left Canada and established himself in Buffalo, New York, in 1864. In 1869 he was, without his solicitation, appointed United States Examiner in Pensions. A little later he was removed from that office, through professional antagonism, on account of his being a Homeopath. He resented the slur thus

thrown upon that school of medicine, brought the case before the American Institute of Homeopathy at Chicago in 1870, carried the matter to Washington, and finally had the Commissioner of Pensions who had dismissed him himself removed from office. In 1866 Dr. Bull organized the City Homeopathic Dispensary, in Buffalo, under a State Charter. Two years later he, in conjunction with Dr. George W. Lewis of Buffalo and Dr. Doty of Margaretville, secured the establishment of the State Homeopathic Asylum for the Insane, at Middletown, New York. About 1886, in company with Dr. H. R. Hopkins, who represented the Allopathic school of medicine, he appeared before a legislative committee at Albany and argued in favor of the creation of a State Medical Board, to pass upon the competency of physicians and to regulate the issuing of professional licenses, with the result that such a Board was soon created and has ever since been in effective and beneficent existence. In the winter of 1892, while visiting Florida, he was called upon to perform a surgical operation upon the son of the Hereditary Chief of the Seminole Indians, for an abscess of the spongy bones of the face. He did so with great success, and was therefor made by the tribe a Chief, under the name of Ocochobee. Dr. Bull is a member of the Erie County Homeopathic Society, and was for some years its President. He was also a founder of the Canadian Homeopathic Institute, and was its head in 1858–59. He is Vice-President of the staff and Consulting Physician of the Erie County Hospital, and Consulting Physician of the Homeopathic Hospital of Buffalo. In the revision of the City Charter of Buffalo he was Chairman of the Committee on Health and Charities. He was married at Middletown, New York, on December 12, 1849, to Sarah Gale Vail, daughter of Lewis and Marietta Vail, and has had four children: Lewis, who died in infancy, Willie Sheldon, Louis Alexander, who became a prominent physician of Buffalo but is now deceased, and Sarah Wells Bull, now Mrs. A. N. MacNabb, of Buffalo. Dr. Bull is still actively practicing in Buffalo, ranking among the foremost members of his profession. His address is No. 184 Franklin Street, Buffalo, New York.

BAIRD, Charles Washington, 1828-1887.

Class of 1848.

Born at Princeton, N. J., 1828; special course diploma, New York University, 1848, A.M., 1860, and D.D., 1876; Union Theological Seminary, 1849-52; ordained minister of Presbyterian Church, 1853; pastor, 1853-87; author; died, 1887.

CHARLES WASHINGTON BAIRD, A.M., D.D., son of Robert and Fermine Amaryllis (Du Buisson) Baird, was born at Princeton, New Jersey, on August 28, 1828. He entered New York University with the Class of 1848 and delivered a poem at Commencement, but was not graduated, having pursued a special course, for which he received a special diploma. In 1860 the University gave him the degree of Master of Arts, and in 1876 that of Doctor of Divinity. He studied at the Union Theological Seminary in 1849–52, and in 1853 was ordained into the ministry of the Presbyterian Church. He was Chaplain of the American Chapel in Rome, Italy, in 1853–54; Pastor of the Bergen Hill Reformed Dutch Church of Brooklyn in 1859–61; and Pastor of the Presbyterian Church at Rye, New York, 1861–87. He was a member of various historical societies and Huguenot societies in America and Europe, and was the author of numerous books and papers on ecclesiastical and historical topics. He was married on July 2, 1861, to Margaret Eliza Strang, and had two children: Eliza Strang and Robert Baird. He died at Rye, New York, on February 10, 1887.

LANE, Smith Edward, 1829–

Class of 1848 Arts.

Born in New York, 1829; graduated A.B., New York University, 1848, and A.M., 1851; admitted to Bar, 1852; lawyer; Park Commissioner, 1878-83; member of New York University Council, 1875-1890; member of learned societies; decorated by Government of Venezuela for services to that country.

SMITH EDWARD LANE, A.M., son of Smith and Susan (Fardon) Lane, was born in the City of New York on July 22, 1829. On his paternal side George Lane, from whom Mr. Lane is fifth in descent, was the first known ancestor. He came from England. The Rev. Dr. Charles W. Baird, who was Mr. Lane's classmate in college, in his "History of Rye," County of Westchester, New York, says that George Lane resided therein from 1666 to 1716, when he died. He founded the first church there for all orthodox people, and was a senior warden. Mr. Lane's paternal great-grandfather and grandfather were enrolled in His Majesty's Fourth Regiment in the County of Westchester, State of New York, between the years 1755 to 1760, to fight the French and Indians. The original muster rolls of that date still exist. Subsequently

they served in regiments organized in the County of Westchester, State of New York, during the War of the Revolution, from 1775 to 1783. Mr. Lane's paternal grandfather was sworn in as one of the freemen of the City of New York before Mayor James Duane and the Recorder at the then City Hall of the metropolis on April 6, 1784. His earliest maternal ancestor was a Huguenot nobleman, driven out of France by the Edict of Nantes, who came to New York about the year 1686, where his lineal descendants have continued to reside. Thus on both the paternal and maternal sides his

SMITH E. LANE

ancestors have resided continuously in and near the City of New York for more than two hundred years and Mr. Lane may therefore be claimed to be a genuine New Yorker. His early education was obtained at the celebrated school of Jeremiah Jay Greenough in the City of New York. Thence in 1844 he entered the University of the City of New York, as New York University was then called. That institution was then in its early years and was presided over by Chancellor Theodore Frelinghuysen, a former United States Senator from the State of New Jersey. Mr. Lane pursued its regular classical course, which was a high one for those days, and was graduated in 1848, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Arts. In 1851 the University conferred upon him the degree of Master of Arts. In 1875 he was elected a member of the Council of the University and occupied that place for about fifteen years. In June, 1898, at the annual meeting of the alumni representing the five survivors of his class of thirty-two graduates, he delivered the semi-centennial address. The year after his graduation from the University Mr. Lane began the study of law in the office of James W. Gerard, who in his day was one of the most distinguished lawyers of New York, and in 1852 he was admitted to practice at the Bar of the State of New York. He has since been a practicing lawyer in the City of New York, where he has always resided. Mr. Lane has been actively engaged in politics since 1851, having been identified with the Democratic party and frequently a delegate to its State conventions from the City of New York. He is an old member of the "Society of Tammany, or Columbian Order." and a member of the General Committee of Tammany Hall for thirty years. He was appointed a Commissioner of Parks of the City of New York in 1878, and held the office for five years. In this capacity he became well known by displaying two traits of character that are well fitted for such a position — activity and sound judgment. In January, 1898, Mayor Van Wyck appointed him one of the Commissioners of the New East River Bridge, and at the organization of the Commission he was elected its Secretary and was actively engaged in furthering the work of the construction of the bridge for four years. For services rendered to the United States of Venezuela in 1887, the President of that Republic by and with the advice and consent of the Federal Council, conferred upon him the Order of "El Busto del Libertador," of the class of Officer, and in 1889, for further services, he was advanced to the higher class of Commander. He was also appointed an honorary foreign member of the government institution "La Academia Nacional de la Historia" of Venezuela. He has travelled extensively in this country and in Europe. He is an old and active member of the Union Club of the Borough of Manhattan; of the Delta Phi Club, the Saint Nicholas Society, the Society of the Sons of the Revolution, the Society of Colonial Wars, the New York Historical Society, and many other kindred institutions.

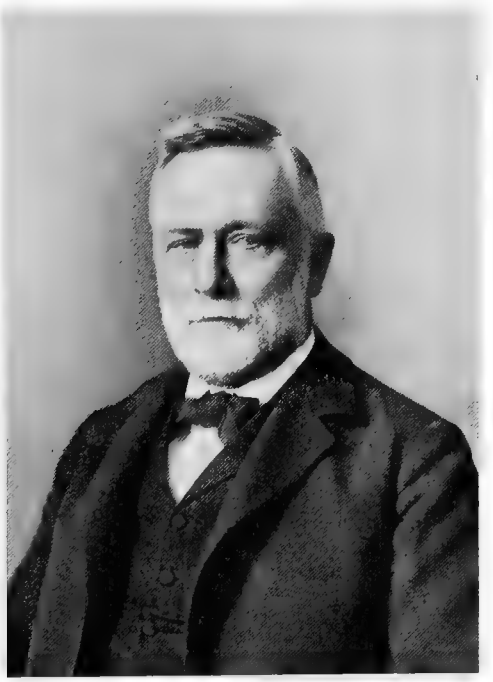
MOSS, John Hall, 1829-1902.

Class of 1848 Arts.

Born in New York, 1829; studied in Public School No. 9, and under tutorship of M. L. Taft (N. Y. U.,

1842); graduated A.B., N. Y. U., 1848; teacher in public schools, 1849-51; clerk and contractor in civil engineering works, 1852-65, 1871-73, and 1882-83; wholesale grocer, 1867-69; coal mine operator, 1870; Manager Harlem Gas Light Co., 1879-88; manufacturer, 1888-94; retired from business 1894; died in New York, 1902.

JOHN HALL MOSS, A.B., one of the veteran alumni of New York University and one of the founders of University Heights, was born in New York City on September 21, 1829, the son of William Polden and Leah (Demarest) Moss. He traces his descent from Governor Jonathan Law, of



JNO. H. MOSS

Connecticut, as follows: Governor Jonathan Law; Ann Law, who married the Rev. Samuel Hall; Ann Hall, who married Lemuel Moss; John Hall Moss, who married Ann Rile; William Polden Moss, who married Leah Demarest, as above. Leah Demarest's ancestors were French Huguenots and settled in New Jersey. Ann Rile's father was a soldier in the Revolution. Mr. Moss attended in boyhood Public School No. 9, in New York, and was afterward prepared for college under the private tutorship of Marcus Lorenzo Taft, the eminent physician and surgeon who was graduated from New York University in 1842 and from the University Medical College in 1845. He entered New York University, then the University of the City of New York, in 1844, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1848. During his student life he was successively Librarian, Treasurer, and President of the Philomathean Society. The annals of his busy after life may be briefly told. In 1849–50 and 1851 he was a teacher in the Eighth and Twelfth Ward Public Schools of New York City. For the next three years he was clerk and manager on contract for the construction of the Summit Tunnel on the Pennsylvania Railroad, and then for three years more was employed on tunnel contracts on the Washington aqueduct, above Georgetown, District of Columbia. In 1863–64 and 1865 he was manager on contract for the building of the Pan-Handle Tunnel, through and under a part of the city of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. The years 1867, 1868 and 1869 were devoted to the business of a wholesale grocer in New York, and then for a year he was Secretary and Treasurer of the St. Bernard Coal Company, engaged in opening mines at Earlington, Kentucky. In 1871–72 and 1873 he was again manager on contract for building the Baltimore & Potomac Railroad tunnels through and under a part of the city of Baltimore, Maryland. From 1879 to 1888 he was Manager of the Harlem Gas Light Company, of New York, which entered the Consolidated Gas Company in 1884. From 1882–83 he was the contractor for building various tunnels, bridges, etc., on the West Pennsylvania Railroad and from 1888–94, when he retired from business, he was treasurer of a manufacturing company in New York. In politics he voted for all Republican Presidents since the first election of Lincoln, with the exception that he twice voted for Grover Cleveland, on the tariff issue. He was married on May 5, 1853, to Charlotte Rutter, daughter of John Rutter. They have had four children. His three sons died in early manhood, and his daughter, Grace Demarest Moss, is now the wife of William L. Turner. Mr. Moss died May 28, 1902.

PARSONS, John Edward, 1829–

Class of 1848 Arts.

Born in New York, 1829; grad. A.B., N.Y.U., 1848; A.M., from N.Y.U. and Yale; lawyer; philanthropist; member of University Council, 1865-98.

JOHN EDWARD PARSONS, A.M., one of the foremost lawyers of New York, was born in New York City on October 24, 1829, the son of Edward Lambe Parsons and Matilda (Clark) Parsons. He entered New York University in 1844,

and was a member of Sigma Phi, President of Philomathean, and English Salutatorian at Commencement. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1848, and received the degree of Master of Arts from the University in 1851. He has also received the degree of Master of Arts from Yale. Since 1851 he has been engaged in the practice of the law, and has long stood in the foremost rank of that profession. He has also devoted much time and labor to philanthropic work as a Trustee of the Cooper Union, President of the Woman's Hospital of the State of New York, President of the New York Cancer Hospital, and in various other capacities. He was a member of the Council of New York University from 1865 to 1898. Mr. Parsons was married on November 5, 1856, to Mary D. McIlvaine, who has borne him six children: Mary, Edith, Helen R., Herbert, Gertrude, and Constance Parsons. His home is No. 30 East 36th Street, New York.

ROGERS, John Newton, 1830-1887.

Class of 1848 Arts.

Born in New York, 1830; graduated A.B., New York University, 1848, and A.M., 1851; LL.D., New York University, 1879; admitted to Bar, 1852; member Iowa Legislature, 1855; City Attorney, Davenport, Iowa, 1873; Professor, Iowa State University, 1876; Judge, Iowa, 1887; died, 1887.

JOHN NEWTON ROGERS, A.M., LL.D., was a son of Edmund J. and Rebecca (Platt) Rogers, and was born in New York City on November 7, 1830. At the age of fourteen he entered New York University, was a member of Sigma Phi, won mathematical prizes in 1845–46–47, and was Valedictorian of his class. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1848, and received that of Master of Arts in 1851. In 1879 the University gave him the degree of Doctor of Laws. He studied law at Ballston, New York, and was admitted to the Bar of New York and of Massachusetts in 1852, and to that of Iowa in 1857. He was elected to the Iowa Legislature in 1855, was City Attorney of Davenport, Iowa, in 1873; Professor of Constitutional Law in the Iowa State University in 1876; President of the Board of Education of Davenport, Iowa; and Judge of the Seventh Judicial District of Iowa in 1887. He was married on May 12, 1857, to Mary Norman Van Derveer, daughter of the Rev. Ferdinand H. Van Derveer, D.D., and had one child, Ferdinand Rogers. He died at Davenport, Iowa, on May 22, 1887.

SWIFT, Edwin Dwight, 1825-1901.

Class of 1848 Med.

Born at Cornwall, Conn., 1825; studied in public schools; graduated M.D., N. Y. U. Med. Coll., 1848; began practice, 1848; married to Sarah Louisa Punderson, 1849 (who died, 1865); again married to Julia M. Swift, 1869 (who died, 1898); Health Officer of Hamden, Conn., 1870-95; died, 1901.

EDWIN DWIGHT SWIFT, M.D., was born at Cornwall, Litchfield County, Connecticut, on May 8, 1825, the son of Augustus Buel Swift and great-grandson of General Heman Swift. His mother's maiden name was Rebecca Munson. His

EDWIN D. SWIFT

early education was received in the public schools of Cornwall, from which he came to New York University and pursued a course in its Medical College, where he was a pupil of the illustrious Valentine Mott. In 1848 he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, and in the same year settled at Hamden, Connecticut, and began the practice of his profession in which he continued with distinguished success for fifty-three years. He was married at New Haven, Connecticut, in 1849, to Sarah Louisa Punderson, who bore him three children. Of these two died in infancy. The third is Dr. Edwin E. Swift, a practicing physician of New York. Mrs. Swift died in 1865, and in 1869 he was again married at Wethersfield, Connecticut, to Julia M. Swift,

who died in 1898. During his long career at Hamden Dr. Swift was for a term of years General Superintendent of the public schools. He was also Health Officer of the town from 1870 to 1895. He was a member of the New Haven County Medical Society, and of the Mount Carmel Congregational Church. In politics he was an earnest Republican, and he took an active interest in public affairs, both state and national, though his professional duties debarred him from accepting office. In the Civil War he was most desirous of becoming an army surgeon, but was constrained to remain at home on account of the illness of his wife. He was noted for his generous and conscientious care of the families of those who fell in the war. His long life was marked throughout with great usefulness to his fellowmen, with patience, and benevolence, and unfailing kindness to the poor and unfortunate. His home life, as a husband and father, was beautiful and exemplary. His life in this world came to an end on April 19, 1901, after several weeks of painful illness.

CORNING, James Leonard, 1828–

Class of 1849 Arts.

Born at Albany, N. Y., 1828; graduated A.B., New York University, 1849; graduated B.D., Union Theological Seminary, 1852; minister Congregational Church, 1852-69; Art Student, 1869-80; Lecturer at Vassar College, Union Theological Seminary and Meadville Medical Seminary, 1877; Art Director, Chautauqua, 1880-85; pastor, 1885; United States Vice-Consul at Munich.

JAMES LEONARD CORNING, A.B., B.D., was born in Albany, New York, on August 21, 1828. He entered New York University in 1845, and was a member of Psi Upsilon and a Commencement orator. In 1849 he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. He studied in Union Theological Seminary in 1849–50, at Yale Theological Seminary in 1850–51, and at Union again in 1851–52, being graduated in the latter year with the degree of Bachelor of Divinity. He was ordained into the ministry of the Congregational Church in 1852, and filled pastorates successively at Quinnebaug and Stamford, Connecticut, Buffalo, New York, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, Woodstock, Connecticut, and Poughkeepsie, New York. From 1869 to 1880 he was engaged in studying art in Europe, with the exception of 1877, when he was Lecturer on Art at Vassar College, at Union Theological Seminary and at Meadville Medical Seminary. From 1880 to 1885 he was Director of the History and Literature of Art at Chautauqua. In 1885 he was pastor of a church at Terre Haute, Indiana, and he was United States Vice-Consul at Munich, Bavaria, from 1892 to 1897 inclusive.

LOTT, Abraham, 1831-1889.

Class of 1849 Arts.

Born at Flatbush, N. Y., 1831; graduated A.B., New York University, 1849, and A.M., 1852; lawyer; Surrogate of Kings County, N. Y., 1885-89; died, 1889.

ABRAHAM LOTT, A.M., lately Surrogate of Kings County, New York, was a son of John A. and Katharine L. Lott, and was born at Flatbush, New York, on October 28, 1831. He entered New York University in 1845, and was graduated in 1849 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, receiving that of Master of Arts in 1852. He was a member of Zeta Psi. After graduation he studied law and was admitted to the Bar, where he had an eminently successful career. In 1885 he was elected Surrogate of Kings County, New York, comprising the City of Brooklyn, and filled that important office with distinction until his death in 1889. He was married in 1855 to Gertrude Bergen, daughter of John C. Bergen, and had three children: John A., Maria B., and Katharine L. Lott, the first named being an alumnus of New York University, Class of 1875. He died at Flatbush, Long Island, on January 13, 1889.

SOMMERS, John B. Yates, 1829-1863.

Class of 1849 Arts.

Born in New York, 1829; entered New York University; founder of Zeta Psi; graduated A.B., New York University, 1849, and A.M., 1852; lawyer and teacher; died, 1863.

JOHN B. YATES SOMMERS, A.M., founder of the Zeta Psi Fraternity, was the son of the Rev. Dr. Charles G. Sommers and Sarah L. (Skelding) Sommers, and was born in New York City on August 15, 1829. He entered New York University in 1845, and was the founder of the Zeta Psi Fraternity. In 1849 he was graduated from the University with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and in 1852 he received that of Master of Arts. Afterward he studied law and had a successful career at the Bar. For two years he was teacher in a young ladies' seminary at Mobile, Alabama. He was a member of the Masonic Order and rose to high official place therein. He was married on October 5, 1859, to Emma A. Heath, and had two children: Frederick Skelding and Henry Cantine Heath. He died in New York City on November 23, 1863.

CLUTE, Robert Frary, 1829-1892.

Class of 1850 Arts.

Born in New York, 1829; graduated A.B., New York University, 1850, and A.M., 1853; Theological Seminary, Alexandria, Va., 1850-53; teacher, 1853-63; Professor in Rose Gates College, Oklahoma, Miss.; President of College of the Holy St. John; author; D.D., St. Mary's College, Miss., 1860, and St. John's College; LL.D., St. John's College, La., 1869; died, 1892.

ROBERT FRARY CLUTE, A.M., D.D., LL.D., educator, was born in New York City on October 23, 1829, the son of Jacob Douw Clute and Ann Van Brunt (McCarty) Clute. He was a student in New York University and a member of Zeta Psi. In 1850 he was graduated from the University with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and three years later received that of Master of Arts. In 1850–53 he was a student in the Theological Seminary at Alexandria, Virginia, and for the next ten years was engaged in teaching. He was Professor of Moral and Intellectual Philosophy in Rose Gates College, Oklahoma, Mississippi, and for two years President of the College of the Holy St. John, in Louisiana. St. Mary's College, Mississippi, gave him the degree of Doctor of Divinity in 1860, and the College of the Holy St. John gave him the same degree and also that of Doctor of Laws in 1869. He was the author of several historical works. He was married on December 22, 1856, to Diana Hardin, and had ten children. He died at Quantico, Maryland, on November 15, 1892.

HARTLEY, Marcellus, 1827-1902.

Member of Council, 1895-1902.

Born in New York, 1827; studied in classical and public schools; entered mercantile life; established firm of Schuyler, Hartley & Graham, 1854; special agent of U. S. Government, with commission of Brigadier-General, in Civil War; a conspicuous figure in the business and financial world for many years; officer of numerous corporations; member of Council of New York University, 1895-1902; died in New York, 1902.

MARCELLUS HARTLEY, Councilor of New York University, was a descendant of David Hartley, founder of the English Association of Psychologists and author of "Observations on Man," a physician and philanthropist of London and Bath, England. One of Dr. Hartley's sons was David Hartley, the English diplomat who was a member of Parliament and was the Plenipotentiary who arranged, with Jay, Franklin and Laurens, the terms of peace with America at the end of the Revolutionary War and signed the Definitive Treaty, on the part of Great Britain. Another son was James Hartley, of Boughton, England, a manufacturer and philanthropist. His son, Robert, also a manufacturer, married Martha Smithson, a member of the family which endowed and gave its name to the Smithsonian Institution, at Washington, District of Columbia. A son of Robert and Martha Hartley was Isaac Hartley, who removed from England to the United States and settled at Perth, New York. To him and his wife, whose maiden name was Isabella Johnson, was born Robert Milham Hartley, of New York, one of the founders of the New York City Temperance Society, the New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, and other institutions, and largely instrumental in the founding of the De Milt Dispensary, the Juvenile Asylum, the Presbyterian Hospital, and many other charities. He was one of the foremost philanthropists of his day in New York. He married Catherine Munson, daughter of Reuben Munson, a New York merchant and member of the State Legislature, and was the father of the subject of this sketch. Of such ancestry Marcellus Hartley was born in New York City on September 23, 1827. He was educated in classical and public schools, and at an early age entered the counting room of Francis Tomes & Son, importers of fire-arms. In 1854 he established the firm of Schuyler, Hartley & Graham, which has with various changes of name continued to the present day, being now known as the M. Hartley Company. For nearly half a century it has been one of the foremost American firms in the fire-arms trade, and from its organization to the hour of his death Marcellus Hartley was its dominant member. During the Civil War this house came into great prominence through its supplying arms to the Federal Government and Northern States. Mr. Hartley was commissioned as Brigadier-General and was sent abroad as a special agent of the United States Government, and rendered great services by purchasing vast quantities of arms and ammunition in Europe and thus preventing the Confederate Government from getting such supplies. Apart from the management of this company, Mr. Hartley was for many years a leading figure in the business and financial world of New York. He was prominently connected with the Manhattan Elevated Railway Company, and was President of the Remington Arms Company, the Bridgeport Gun Implement Company, and the Union Metallic Cartridge Company. He was Vice-President of the Western National Bank, and a Director of the American District Telegraph

Company, the American Ordnance Company, the Audit Company of New York, the Equitable Life Assurance Society, the Fifth Avenue Trust Company, the German-American Bank, the Lincoln National Bank, the Mercantile Trust Company, the Westinghouse Electric Manufacturing Company, and other corporations. He was a member of the Union League, Republican, Lawyers' and other clubs, the American Fine Arts and New England Societies, the Metropolitan Museum of Art and the American Museum of Natural History. He was a benefactor of the Hartley House, which was organized by the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor and was named for his father, and was interested in many other philanthropic enterprises. He was married to Frances Chester White, daughter of the late Dr. S. Pomeroy White, of New York, and had four children, of whom only one is now living, the wife of George W. Jenkins, President of the American Deposit and Loan Company. In 1895 Mr. Hartley was elected a member of the Council of New York University, and served in that capacity until his death, which occurred suddenly, while he was attending a business meeting on January 8, 1902.

MOTT, George Scudder, 1829-1901.

Class of 1850 Arts.

Born in New York, 1829; graduated A.B., New York University, 1850, and A. M., 1853; Princeton Theological Seminary, 1850-53; pastor, 1853-69; D.D., Princeton, 1874; President of Van Rensselaer Institute, 1871-82; President N. J. Charities Aid Association, 1889-91; author.

GEORGE SCUDDER MOTT, A.M., D.D., was a son of Lawrence S. and Christiana (Vail) Mott, and was born in New York City on November 28, 1829. He entered New York University and was a member of Zeta Psi, President of Eucleian, and fourth honor man at Commencement. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1850, and received the degree of Master of Arts in 1853. In 1850–53 he studied at the Princeton Theological Seminary, and in the latter year was ordained into the ministry of the Presbyterian Church. Thereafter he was a pastor at Rahway, New Jersey, 1853–58, at Newton, New Jersey, 1859–69, and at Flemington, New Jersey, in 1869. In the last named year he became a Trustee of Lincoln University, and in 1871–82 he was President of the Van Rensselaer Institute. He was Vice-President of the New Jersey Historical Society, and President of the New Jersey Sabbath Union in 1880, and of the New Jersey Charities Aid Association in 1889–91. He was the author of a number of published works. He was married on May 17, 1854, to Isabella Acken, daughter of John Acken, and had three children. His home was at No. 4, Winthrop Terrace, East Orange, New Jersey. He died October 12, 1901.

NEIL, James, 1828–

Class of 1850 Med.

Born at Steubenville, Ohio, 1828; graduated M.D., N. Y. U. Med. Coll., 1850; in practice since 1850; inventor of surgical needle, and treatment for appendicitis.

JAMES NEIL, M.D., one of the veteran alumni of the New York University Medical College, is a son of James and Elizabeth (Kerr) Neil, who came from Belfast, Ireland, about 1820. His father was a linen weaver in the old country, but here became a farmer, for the first ten years in Ohio, and afterward in West Virginia, in the latter state being an innkeeper as well as a farmer. Dr. Neil was born at Steubenville, Ohio, on January 9, 1828. He received in his youth an academic education of excellent quality and scope, and at the age of seventeen began teaching school and studying medicine. In 1847 he entered the Medical College of New York University, from which he was graduated in 1850 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Since that time he has been steadily engaged in the practice of his profession. For the first twenty-five years he devoted his attention largely to obstetric work, and the treatment of diseases of women and children. Later his practice as a physician and surgeon has been general in character and scope, though he has continued to rank as a specialist in gynecology. Many years ago he invented an improved needle and handle for ligating deep-seated arteries. In this device the needle was liberated by pressing on a button at the end of the handle, instead of tediously unscrewing the handle from the needle as was done with the Mott and other deep artery needles hitherto used. Dr. Neil's needle was made by Wade & Ford, then of Fulton Street, New York, and was immediately adopted by the illustrious Valentine Mott, M. D., Professor of Surgery in New York University, and by James R. Wood, M. D., Professor of Surgery in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College. Dr. Neil did not attempt to profit by his invention, but gave it freely to the medical profession. He was also the origi-

nator of a highly successful method of treating appendicitis and typhlitis without a surgical operation. As described by Dr. Neil in an address before the Medical Society of the State of New York at its semi-annual meeting at the Academy of Medicine in New York on October 16, 1901, the process is as follows: The patient is placed with the hips elevated at an angle of 45 degrees, or as nearly so as he can bear. A warm flaxseed mucilage or some similar fluid is then injected into the bowels, slowly and without much force. After a time the patient is placed on the right side and in

JAMES NEIL

a horizontal attitude, until the injected fluid comes away. Then the process is repeated, until the impacted faeces have been surrounded, when a large dose of castor oil and peppermint is given. This causes the emptying of the coecum and colon, whereupon the appendix empties itself, and in two or three days the patient entirely recovers. Dr. Neil has found this treatment efficacious in a large majority of cases. Dr. Neil is a member of the Medical Society of the County of New York, and of the Harlem Medical Association, of which latter he was one of the founders. From 1862 to 1867, inclusive, he was a United States Pension Surgeon. For the five years ending with 1889 he was a Trustee of Calvary Presbyterian Church, New York. In politics he is a Republican. He has been twice married. His first wife, to whom he was married in 1849, was Elizabeth Montgomery, who died after bearing him four children: E. Jennie, James, Jr., D.D.S., William, and Edwin Neil, M.D. His second wife, to whom he was married in 1890, was Jessie Tift, who has borne him three children: Virginia, Albert, and Violet Neil. His address is No. 74 West 131st Street, New York.

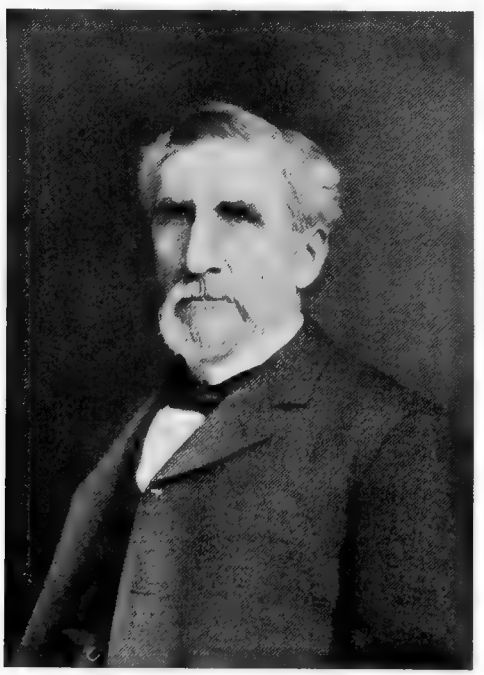
TUCKER, John Jerome, 1828-1902.

Member of University Council, 1898-1902.

Born at Shark River, N. J., 1828; educated by private tutors; contractor and builder, 1851-1902; officer of financial and other corporations; builder of many notable edifices; member of Council of New York University, 1898-1902; died, 1902.

JOHN JEROME TUCKER, one of the foremost members of the building trade in New York and a valued Councilor of New York University, was born at Shark River, New Jersey, on February 26, 1828. On the side of his father, Curtis Tucker, he was descended from English ancestors who came to this country from Kent in 1634, and on the side of his mother, whose maiden name was Letitia West, his ancestors came from Holland in 1686. Mr. Tucker's education was received at the hands of private tutors, and at the age of seventeen years he settled in New York City as an apprentice to his uncle, Joseph Tucker, a builder. He thus became well grounded in the principles and details of the building trade, and practiced them in an eminently thorough and highly successful manner. Upon the retirement of his uncle, in 1851, Mr. Tucker succeeded to the headship of the business, and remained in it until the day of his death. He was the builder of many of the most notable and most creditable specimens of the builder's art in New York, among them being the Lenox Library, the College of Physicians and Surgeons, the Hall of Fame at New York University, the Naval Branch of the Young Men's Christian Association in Brooklyn, and the residences of George Gould and Charles L. Tiffany. His eminence in his chosen calling, and his rare executive ability and high integrity caused Mr. Tucker to be chosen for many places of trust and influence in the business world and in public life. He was for twenty-five years Vice-President of the Bank for Savings, for twelve years a Director of the United States Life Insurance Company, for fifteen years President of the Mason Builders' Association, and for ten years a member of the New York City

Aqueduct Commission, appointed by Mayor Hewitt. He was also at various times a Director of the Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Company, President of the Building Trades Club, President of the Mechanics' and Tradesmen's Society, President of the National Association of Builders, and a Trustee of the New York Orphan Asylum. In 1898 he was elected a member of the Council of New York University, and was thereafter until his death one of the most active and efficient members of that body. He was married on April 17, 1856, to Mary A. Spear, who bore him two sons: Edwin and Walter Curtis Tucker.



JOHN J. TUCKER

Mr. Tucker died suddenly, as the result of a stroke of apoplexy, at his home in New York on February 19, 1902.

ZABRISKIE, Francis Nicoll, 1832-1891.

Class of 1850 Arts.

Born in New York, 1832; prize winner and Salutatorian in New York University; graduated A.B., New York University, 1850, and A.M., 1853; law student, 1850-52; New Brunswick Theological Seminary, 1852-55; pastor, editor, author; B.D., New Brunswick, 1855; D.D., New York University, 1868; died, 1891.

FRANCIS NICOLL ZABRISKIE, A.M., D.D., a son of George and Susan Van Campen (Romeyn) Zabriskie, was born in New York City on April 29, 1832, and entered New York University in 1846. He was a member of Psi Upsilon and Phi Beta Kappa, Editor of "The College Tablet," mathematical prize winner, and English Salutatorian at Commencement. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1850, and delivered the Master's oration and received the degree of Master of Arts in 1853. He was a law student in 1850–52, and in 1852–55 a student in the Theological Seminary of the Reformed Dutch Church at New Brunswick, New Jersey, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Divinity in 1855. In 1868 New York University gave him the degree of Doctor of Divinity. He was pastor of Dutch Reformed churches at Livingston, New York, 1855–59, Coxsackie, New York, 1859–63, Ithaca, New York, 1863–66, and Claverack, New York, 1866–72. He was pastor of Congregational churches at Saybrook, Connecticut, in 1873–76, and Wollaston Heights, Massachusetts, 1876–79. In 1880–83 he was Editor of "The Christian Intelligencer," and until 1889 was engaged in journalistic and literary work. He was the author of numerous published books, sermons and essays. On June 4, 1863, he was married to Maria Reed, and had three children. He died at Princeton, New Jersey, on May 13, 1891.

CRAWFORD, David McLean, 1826–

Class of 1851 Med.

Born at Mifflintown, Penn., 1826; studied in local private schools; studied medicine with his father, and practiced with his elder brother, 1849-50; entered New York University Medical College, and was graduated M.D., 1851; in constant practice since 1851; Surgeon to Pennsylvania Railroad Company since 1852; State Senator, Penn., for two terms.

DAVID McLEAN CRAWFORD, M.D., a veteran and distinguished physician and surgeon of Pennsylvania, comes, as his name indicates, of the Scottish stock which has so largely contributed to the growth and greatness of that commonwealth. His father, Dr. David Crawford, was a son of James and Ann (Black) Crawford, and his mother, whose maiden name was Margaret Brown, was a daughter of Samuel and Rebecca (Murray) Brown. He was born at Mifflintown, Juniata County, Pennsylvania, on March 30, 1826, and received a careful education in private schools of that place, including a classical course under the Rev. John Hutchinson, an eminent teacher and preacher. He then became a student of medicine in the office of

his father, who was an accomplished practitioner, for three years, and for two years, 1849–50, during his studies, actually practiced with his elder brother, Dr. E. Darwin Crawford, at Thompsontown, Pennsylvania. Finally he entered the Medical College of New York University, in 1849, and completed the full course of lectures and clinics then required. He was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1851, and at once established himself in practice at Millerstown, Perry County, Pennsylvania, where he remained until 1864. In the latter year, upon the death of his elder brother, Dr. E.

DAVID M. CRAWFORD

Darwin Crawford, he succeeded to the latter's practice at Mifflintown, Pennsylvania, and accordingly removed thither, where he still remains in active and successful practice. Since 1852 he has been a Surgeon to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and since 1886 he has had associated with him his son, Dr. Darwin McLean Crawford, an alumnus of the Medical College of New York University. His three brothers, all now deceased, were also alumni of the same institution. They were Dr. Samuel B. Crawford, Dr. E. Darwin Crawford, and Dr. James W. Crawford, and they were graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in the respective classes of 1848, 1850, and 1865, the last named being an honorary bestowal. Dr. Crawford was married on May 10, 1853, to Ellen Eliza Jackman, and has four children living: Darwin M. Crawford, M.D., his partner in practice; Martyn Paine Crawford, Ph.G., who owns and conducts a drug store in Mifflintown, Pennsylvania; Dr. E. Druitt Crawford, a practicing dentist of Philadelphia, and Rebecca Crawford, now the wife of Colonel John K. Robison. Dr. Crawford passed the chairs in the Independent Order of Odd Fellows in 1850 in Sincerity Lodge at Thompsontown, Pennsylvania. In politics he is a Democrat, and has been a delegate to three National Conventions of his party. He was elected to the Pennsylvania State Senate in 1870 and served for the three years 1871–72–73, and was again elected in 1876 and served in 1877–78–79. His address, as for nearly forty years past, is Mifflintown, Juniata County, Pennsylvania.

THOMPSON, Edwin Belknap, 1831-1888.

Class of 1851 Arts, 1857 Med.

Born in New York, 1831; graduated A.B., New York University, 1851, and M.D., New York University Medical College, 1857; Dispensary Surgeon, 1857-62; Army Surgeon, 1862-66; in practice, 1866-88; died, 1888.

EDWIN BELKNAP THOMPSON, A.B., M.D., was the son of Martin E. and Mary (Kitchell) Thompson, and was born in New York City on February 4, 1831. He was graduated from New York University with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1851, and from the University Medical College with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1857. In 1857–59 he was Surgeon to the Northwestern Dispensary, and in 1859–62 to the Northern Dispensary, of New York. In 1862–66 he was an Acting Assistant Surgeon in the United States army. After the Civil War he practiced in Orange, New Jersey, from 1866 to 1882, and in 1873–82 was a member of the Medical Staff of the Orange Memorial Hospital. In 1882 he removed to Kalamazoo, Michigan, and spent the rest of his life in practice there. He was married on January 19, 1864, to Helen E. Osborne, daughter of Milo Osborne, and had three children: Mary Helen, Annie Sayre, and Susan Louise Thompson. Dr. Thompson died at Kalamazoo on March 24, 1888.

WIGHTMAN, Frederick Butler, 1831–

Class of 1851 Arts.

Born at Middletown, Conn., 1831; graduated A.B., New York University, 1851; admitted to Bar, 1853;

practicing lawyer since 1853; member of Harlem Guard, 1861-65.

FREDERICK BUTLER WIGHTMAN, A.B., was born at Middletown, Connecticut, in 1831, the son of Stillman King Wightman and Clarissa Sage (Butler) Wightman. He entered New York University in 1847, and was a member of Psi Upsilon and President of Philomathean. In 1851 he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. He then studied law, was admitted to the New York Bar in 1853, and has been in practice as an attorney and counsellor at law ever since. In 1861–65 he was a member of the military organization known as the Harlem Guard. Mr. Wightman was married on October 28, 1857, to Abbie Hartley, daughter of Robert M. Hartley and sister of the Rev. Dr. Isaac Smithson Hartley (New York University, 1852), who bore him four sons: Frederick Hartley, Percy Butler, Orrin Sage and Robert Stillman Wightman. Percy B., Orrin S., and Robert S. Wightman were graduated from New York University with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1893, 1895 and 1897 respectively. While in college they were conspicuous members of Psi Upsilon and leaders in the general life of the University. Mr. Wightman's office is at No. 229 Broadway, and his home is at No. 68 East 131st Street, New York.

BAKER, Frederic, 1830–

Class of 1852 Arts.

Born at Watertown, N. Y., 1830; graduated A.B., New York University, 1852; merchant at Watertown, 1854-68; merchant in New York since 1868; President of Alumni Association, New York University, 1892-94.

FREDERIC BAKER, A.B., A.M., merchant of New York, was born at Watertown, New York, on November 30, 1830, the son of Josiah Whitney Baker and Abigail (Bates) Baker. In New York University he was a member of Psi Upsilon and President of Eucleian, and he was graduated in 1852 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. He was engaged in mercantile pursuits at Watertown, New York, in 1854–68, and after 1868 was a merchant of New York City. In 1892–94 he was President of the Alumni Association of New York University. Mr. Baker was married on May 17, 1854, to Sarah Price Pyewell, who died May 5, 1872. In June, 1887, he married Mrs. Lake, daughter of James Steers. His two children were Abbie and Ellen Baker. His brother, the Rev. Dr. George Danielson Baker, was graduated from New York University in the Class of 1860.

DUMONT, Robert Swartwout, 1832-1873.

Class of 1852 Arts.

Born in 1832; graduated A.B., New York University, 1852; studied law; practiced law, 1855-61 and 1864-73; served in army and navy, 1861-64; died, 1873.

ROBERT SWARTWOUT DUMONT, A.B., was one of the many alumni of New York University who served the nation in the Civil War. He was born in 1832, and entered New York University in 1848, where he was a member of Psi Upsilon and a Commencement orator. In 1852 he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. He then studied law, was admitted to the Bar, and practiced successfully from 1855 to 1861. In the latter year he went to the war as a Captain in the Fifth Regiment, New York Volunteer Infantry. Thus he served until 1862, when he was transferred to the navy, as Secretary and Aide to Admiral Bell, on the Pacific Squadron. In 1863 he was Naval Judge-Advocate-General of that squadron. He returned to New York and resumed law practice in 1864, and thus continued until his death, which occurred in 1873.

HARTLEY, Isaac Smithson, 1830-1899.

Class of 1852 Arts.

Born in New York, 1830; graduated A.B., New York University, 1852; Union Theological Seminary, 1853-54; Andover, 1854-56; pastor Congregational Church, 1856-57; Union Theological Seminary, 1857-58; pastor, Reformed Dutch Church, 1864-99; D.D., Rutgers College, 1873; author; died, 1899.

ISAAC SMITHSON HARTLEY, D.D., son of Robert M. and Catherine (Munson) Hartley, was born in New York City on September 24, 1830. He entered New York University, and was a member of Psi Upsilon and President of Eucleian. In 1852 he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. He studied at Union Theological Seminary in 1853–54, and at Andover, 1854–56, and was pastor of a Congregational church at St. Johnsbury, Vermont, in 1856–57. He returned to Union Theological Seminary as a resident licentiate in 1857–58, visited Europe in 1858, was in New York in 1859–62, and in Europe again in 1862–63, and also in 1889. In 1864 he was ordained into the ministry of the Reformed Dutch Church, and filled pastorates in New York, 1864–70, Philadelphia, 1870–72, Utica, New York, 1872–89, and at St. James's Church,

Great Barrington, Massachusetts, 1891–99. In 1873 he received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Rutgers College. He was a Trustee of Rutgers College, President of the General Synod of the Reformed Dutch Church and President of the Oneida Historical Society of Utica, New York, for several years. He was married on April 26, 1866, to Isabella Asten White, daughter of George Robert White, and had two children: Isaac Smithson and George Derwent Hartley. His brother, Marcellus Hartley, was for some years a member of the Council of New York University. Dr. Hartley died at Great Barrington, Massachusetts, on July 3, 1899. He

ISAAC S. HARTLEY

was the author of a number of books, among them a "History of the Reformed Church of Utica, New York," magazine articles, and published sermons and addresses, on ecclesiastical and historical topics.

VAN HOESEN, George M.

Class of 1852 Arts.

Born in New York City; studied at school of Prof. Solomon Jenner; graduated A.B., New York University, 1852; LL.B., State and National Law School, Poughkeepsie, 1855; instructor in law; in practice, and editor, Iowa, 1858-61; served with distinction in Civil War; in practice, New York, 1865-75; Judge of Court of Common Pleas, New York, 1875-89; in practice since 1889; formerly School Commissioner, and President New York University Alumni Association.

GEORGE M. VAN HOESEN, A.B., LL.D., comes of old Knickerbocker Dutch stock, and was born in New York City. His early education was acquired at the school of Professor Solomon Jenner, and in 1848 he entered New York University, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1852. He studied law at the State and National Law School at Poughkeepsie, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1855. For a time he was an Instructor in Pleadings and Practice in that institution, and then went west to practice his profession. He settled at Davenport, Iowa, and practiced law and did editorial work on "The Iowa State Democrat" until the outbreak of the Civil War. In the summer of 1861 he recruited a company of volunteers, of which he was made Captain, and went to the front. He served under Grant in Missouri, and followed him to Shiloh, where he was promoted to the rank of Major for good conduct on the field of that colossal battle. He was afterward appointed by General Thomas Provost-Marshal at Corinth, and still later, by General Halleck, Acting Provost-Marshal-General of the armies in the field in the military division of the Mississippi. At the close of the war he returned to New York and engaged in the practice of his profession with marked success. In 1875 he was elected to the Bench of the Court of Common Pleas, and filled that place for a term of fourteen years. Since 1889 he has been engaged in legal practice. It is recorded that it was he who drafted and had introduced into the New York Legislature the first bill for the incorporation and construction of an elevated railroad in New York. That bill passed the Assembly by a large majority, but was defeated in the Senate. However it fixed the name "elevated railroads" upon structures of that kind. Judge Van Hoesen has filled many places of trust and honor in New York, including those of School Commissioner, Judge-Advocate of the Grand Army of the Republic, in the Department of New York, President of the Holland Society and a Trustee of it since its foundation, Trustee of the Holland Trust Company, and of the Grant Monument Association, and President of the Alumni Association of New York University. He has been a life-long Democrat and is Chairman of the Tammany Hall General Committee. He is a member of the City and State Bar associations, the Democratic and Union clubs, and the Liederkranz Society. His office is No.

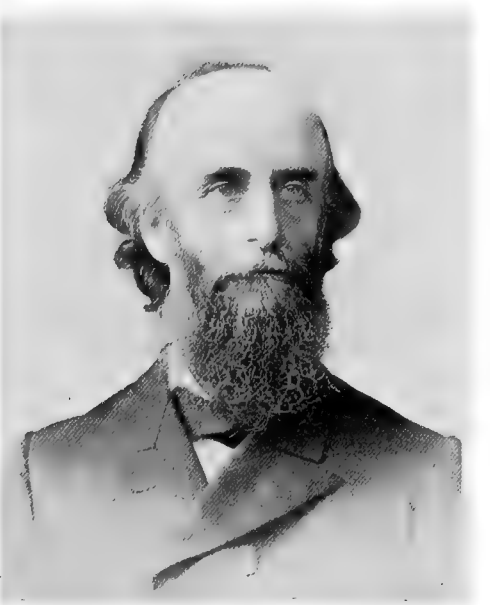
45 Broadway, and his home No. 62 West 47th Street, New York.

ABBOTT, Lyman, 1835–

Class of 1853 Arts.

Born in Roxbury, Mass., 1835; graduated A.B., New York University, 1853; began the practice of law in 1856; ordained to the ministry in 1860; Pastor of the Congregational Church in Terre Haute, Ind., until 1865; Secretary of the American Union (Freedmen's) Commission until 1868; resigned the pastorate of the New England Church, New York City, in 1869 to engage in literary work; edited the Literary Record of "Harper's Magazine" and also "The Illustrated Christian Weekly;" associated with the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher in the Editorship of "The Christian Union" (now "The Outlook"), becoming Editor-in-Chief after his colleague's death; succeeded Mr. Beecher in the pastorate of Plymouth Church, which he resigned in 1898; was preacher to Harvard, 1890-93; and has contributed largely to the religious and secular literature of the present day; D.D., New York University, 1876, and Harvard, 1891.

LYMAN ABBOTT, D.D., LL.D., clergyman and author, the third son of Jacob and Harriet (Vaughan) Abbott, was born in Roxbury, Massachusetts, December 18, 1835. He was graduated from the University of the City of New York, as New York University was then known, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, in the Class of 1853 in the eighteenth year of his age, and after preparing himself for the legal profession he entered into practice with his brothers, Benjamin V. (Class of 1850) and Austin Abbott (Class of 1851), in 1856. Discovering that his ambition lay in the direction of the Pulpit rather than the Bar, he studied theology with his uncle, the Rev. John S. C. Abbott, and in 1860 was called to his first pastorate, that of the Congregational Church in Terre Haute, Indiana, where he remained for the ensuing five years. Accepting in 1865 the Secretaryship of the American Union (Freedmen's) Commission, which necessitated his removal to the metropolis, he was partially occupied with the duties of that position for the next three years, having in the meantime responded to a call from the New England Church, New York, of which he was pastor until 1869. At this period of his life the love and capacity for literary pursuits, for which the Abbott family has long been noted, combined with other circumstances to cause his relinquishment of the parish and he engaged in literature and journalism. The Literary Record of "Harper's Magazine" was edited by him for a number of years, and at the same time he conducted "The Illustrated Christian Weekly," severing his connection with the latter paper for the purpose of taking charge of "The Christian Union," the Editorship of which he shared for a time with the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher. After the death of his distinguished associate he became Editor-in-Chief of that journal, which is now known as "The Outlook," meanwhile preaching as supply in the pulpit of the Presbyterian Church of Cornwall, New York, where he had made his home. The pastorate of Plymouth Church, so long occupied by the famous Brooklyn preacher, Henry Ward Beecher, came to



LYMAN ABBOTT

Dr. Abbott almost as an inheritance, as the society seemed to regard him as the only eligible successor to Mr. Beecher, and his acceptance of the charge gave general satisfaction to the great mass of outsiders who are almost regular attendants, as well as to the members themselves. His labors at Plymouth Church, together with his literary work, the extent of which can only be known to those whose freedom from the cares of business enables them to occupy their time in reading the current writings of the day, at length produced such a strain upon his health as to make absolutely necessary the curtailment of his work, and with feelings of reluctance he resigned his pastorate in 1898. In 1876 New York University bestowed upon him

the degree of Doctor of Divinity, and in 1891 Harvard, to which he was preacher for four years, conferred upon him a similar honor. Besides the two novels, "Cone-Cut Corners" and "Matthew Caraby," written in collaboration with his two brothers, Benjamin and Austin, his more notable published works consist of: "Jesus of Nazareth: His Life and Teachings;" "Old Testament Shadows of New Testament Truths;" "A Dictionary of Bible Knowledge;" "A Layman's Story;" "An Illustrated Commentary on the New Testament," in four volumes; "A Life of Henry Ward Beecher;" "For Family Worship," a book of devotions; "In Aid of Faith;" "The Evolution of Christianity;" "Christianity and Social Problems;" "The Theology of an Evolutionist;" "The Life and Letters of Paul the Apostle;" and two volumes of sermons. Among several pamphlets which he has issued at different times perhaps the most notable is, "The Results of Emancipation in the United States;" and he has edited two volumes of sermons by Henry Ward Beecher; and morning and evening exercises selected from the writings of the same author.

ACHESON, John Crothers, 1832-1900.

Class of 1853 Arts.

Born in New York City, 1832; graduated A.B., New York University, 1853, A.M., 1856; M.D., College of Physicians and Surgeons, 1859; in practice 1859-1900; extended hospital and Health Board service; died, 1900.

JOHN CROTHERS ACHESON, M.D., son of William and Mary (Stuart) Acheson, was born in New York City on October 17, 1832. He entered the College of Arts of New York University in the fall of 1849, and was President of Philomathean and a charter member of Zeta Psi. In 1853 he was graduated with the Baccalaureate degree in Arts, and three years later he received the Master's degree. The Acheson family has had long and intimate connection with New York University. James Joseph Acheson, an uncle of the subject of this sketch, was one of its first graduates, and his father, William Acheson, was instrumental in its foundation. When the institution was struggling to gain a foothold the Acheson family gave it substantial support and is recognized as one of its prominent benefactors. Various members of the family have received degrees from the University, among them James Joseph and William A. Acheson, elder brothers of John Crothers Acheson, who were graduated in 1833 and 1836 respectively. Dr. Acheson's professional studies were pursued in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, which later became the Medical Department of Columbia University, and he was graduated therefrom in 1859 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. From that time until his death in 1900 he was engaged in the practice of his profession in New York City. At the beginning of his career he served as an Interne and House Surgeon in the New York Hospital, and he was an organizer and the first paid physician of the Health Board of New York, and for eleven years Visiting Physician

J. C. ACHESON

to the Eastern Dispensary. He was a member of the New York County Medical Association and a founder of the Medical Association of Greater New York. On June 1, 1864, Dr. Acheson was married to Emily A. Mead, who bore him two sons: John Charles and Harold Stuart Acheson. Dr. Acheson died on October 12, 1900, being at the time the physician with the longest record of continual practice in New York.

BUTLER, Abraham Ogden, 1834-1856.

Class of 1853 Arts.

Born in New York, 1834; graduated A.B., New York University, 1853; studied law; Founder of the Butler

Eucleian Essay prizes; member of Psi Upsilon and Eucleian; died, 1856.

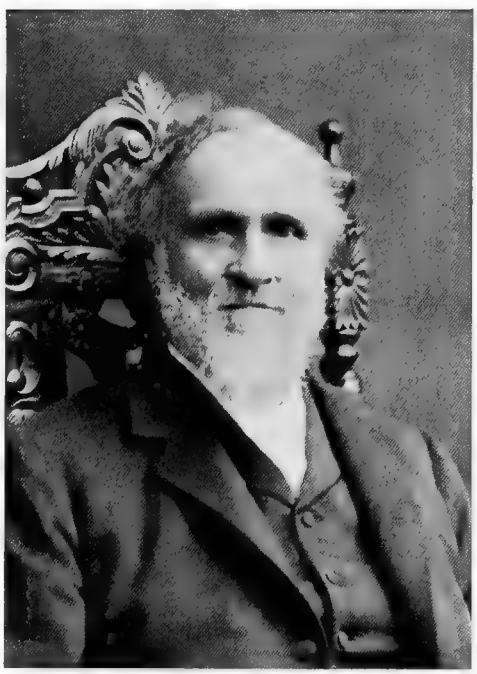
ABRAHAM OGDEN BUTLER, A.B., son of Charles Butler, the distinguished benefactor of New York University, was born in New York in 1834, and entered New York University in the Class of 1853. He was a member of Psi Upsilon, and of Eucleian, and a Commencement orator. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1853, and afterward studied law. He was the founder of the Eucleian Essay prizes which bear his name. He died at Scarsdale, New York, on June 6, 1856.

DENISON, Ellery, 1827–

Class of 1853 Med.

Born at Floyd, Oneida County, N. Y., 1827; studied at common school and Whitestown Seminary; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1853; Attending Physician of Northern Dispensary, New York, 1855 to 1865; Attending Physician to Home for Old Men and Aged Couples, New York, for twenty-two years; Trustee of public schools in New York for eighteen years; practicing physician in New York since 1853.

ELLERY DENISON, M.D., was born at Floyd, Oneida County, New York, on December 22, 1827, a descendant of some of the earliest colonists in North America. His ancestry is traced from William Denison, who was born in England in 1586, came to America in 1631 and settled in Roxbury, Massachusetts. From him the line of descent runs through George Denison, born in 1618, John Denison, born in 1646, and George Denison, born in 1671. The last named in 1694 married Mrs. Mary (Wetherell) Harris, daughter of Daniel Wetherell of New London, Connecticut. Her mother was Grace Brewster, a daughter of Jonathan Brewster, the latter a son of Elder William Brewster of the "Mayflower." A son of George and Mary Denison was Daniel Denison, who was born in 1703 and in 1726 married Rachel Starr. She was a daughter of Thomas Starr, son of Samuel Starr and Hannah Brewster, the latter being a daughter of Jonathan Brewster and a son of Elder William Brewster. In the next generation came Daniel Denison, Jr., born in 1730, and in the next, Samuel Denison, who was born in Rensselaer County, New York, on October 24, 1774, and who married Nancy Burlingame, who was born on March 3, 1798. The son of this last named couple is the subject of the present sketch. Dr. Denison received his early education in the common school of his native place and at Whitestown Seminary. During the years 1848–1849 he attended night school in Oneida County while working on his father's farm. Afterward he came to New York University and was graduated from its Medical College in 1853 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Since that date he has been steadily engaged in the practice of his profession in New York City. He was an Attending Physician of the Northern Dispensary for the Diseases of Children from 1855 to 1865. For twenty-two years he was



ELLERY DENISON

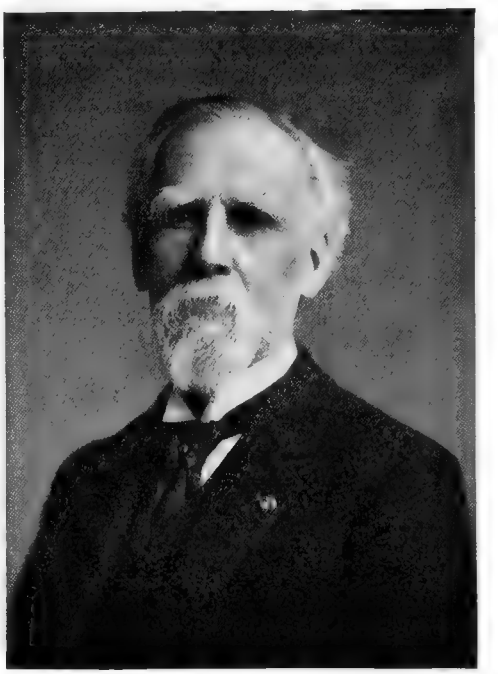
Attending Physician to the Home for Old Men and Aged Couples, and for eighteen years he was a Trustee of public schools in the Ninth Ward of New York City. He has been an earnest Republican since the organization of that party and was an ardent supporter of the National Administration during the Civil War. He is a member of the American Medical Association, of the New York State Medical Association and of the Masonic Order. He was married on May 20, 1857, to Ellen K. Gibb, who has borne him seven children: Charles Ellery, Emma K., George B. (deceased), Henry Avery (deceased), Edward Gibb (deceased), William Samuel and Ellen Louise Denison. Dr. Denison's present address is New York City.

LEWIS, John Benjamin, 1832–

Class of 1853 Med.

Born at Greenport, N. Y., 1832; studied at Powellton Seminary, Newburgh, N. Y., and under tutor; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1853; in practice, 1853-61; in active service as Surgeon in United States Army, 1861-65; resumed practice in 1865; Medical Director of Travelers' Insurance Company since 1869; author of various works.

JOHN BENJAMIN LEWIS, M.D., son of John and Alathea (Overton) Lewis, was born at Greenport, Suffolk County, New York, on March 10, 1832. His father, born at Canterbury, Connecticut, was a teacher in the United States Military Academy at West Point, from about 1823 to 1826. His grandfather, Benjamin Lewis, lived at Canterbury, Connecticut, until 1811, when he removed to Pennsylvania, and was interested in the experimental use of anthracite coal. His great-grandfather, Eleazar Lewis, was a soldier in the War of the Revolution and was honorably discharged from the army on December 14, 1780. Dr. Lewis's mother was a lineal descendant of Isaac Overton, who came from England and settled at Southold, Long Island, before 1650. At the age of thirteen years John Benjamin Lewis became a student in the Powellton Seminary at Newburgh, New York, a boarding school of which Merritt Bradford was principal. Subsequently he continued his studies under a private tutor, the Rev. John Woodbridge. His professional studies were pursued in the New York University Medical College, where he spent three years under the preceptorship of Dr. William Darling, F.R.C.S., and was graduated on March 10, 1853, the twenty-first anniversary of his birth. Immediately afterward he settled at Vernon, Tolland County, Connecticut, where he formed a business partnership with Dr. Alden Skinner, who had an extensive practice in that and the adjacent towns. In 1859 he removed to the Village of Rockville, now a city in the Town of Vernon, and was there engaged in the general practice of medicine and surgery until the outbreak of the Civil War. He then accepted appointment as Surgeon of the Fifth Regiment of Connecticut Volunteer Infantry, his commission dating from July 3, 1861. On July 29th, following, the regiment left for the scene of war, and he was on duty in the field during all the following fall, winter, and spring. On April 4, 1862, the President commissioned him Brigade-Surgeon of United States Volunteers with orders to report to Major-General Banks, and he was assigned to the Second Brigade of General Shields's Division. Soon afterward he was promoted to the rank of Medical Director of the Division on the staff of General James Shields, and remained in service in that capacity until the division was incorporated with the Army of the Potomac at Harrison Landing, when he was assigned to temporary duty as Medical Inspector. On September 16, 1862, while in charge of a field hospital, he received orders to proceed at once to the headquarters of General McClellan, and there report to Dr. Letterman, Medical Director, where, during September 17th and 18th, he was on duty at



JOHN B. LEWIS

the Battle of Antietam. A few days later he was assigned to duty as Surgeon in Charge of the United States General Hospital No. 6 at Frederick, Maryland, and served in that capacity until the discontinuance of the hospital, in February, 1863. Thereupon, on February 18, 1863, he was appointed Surgeon in Charge of the United States General Hospital at Cumberland, Maryland, where he remained until the close of the war. During that time this hospital became one of the largest in the military service. While in charge at Cumberland, he also served for a time as Medical Director of the Department of West Virginia, and in that capacity, in company with General Crook, he visited and inspected the military posts and hospitals of

that Department. Captain William McKinley, Jr., afterwards President of the United States, was then a member of General Crook's Staff, and was one of this party of inspection. In the course of his field service Dr. Lewis was present, and was on duty in the battles of Winchester, March 23, 1862, Port Republic, June 9, 1862, Antietam, September 17, 1862, and ten other engagements and skirmishes. On October 1, 1865, he was commissioned Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel, United States Volunteers. By special orders of the War Department on October 7, 1865, he was "honorably discharged out of the service of the United States." The war being over, he returned to Rockville, Connecticut, and resumed the general practice of his profession. He remained at Rockville about three years. At the end of that time he removed with his family to Hartford, Connecticut, and soon afterward went to Europe. On his return to this country in 1869 he entered the service of the Travelers' Insurance Company of Hartford as its Medical Director, and Adjuster in charge of its Claim Department. In November, 1901, after a continuous service of thirty-two years, he retired from the active charge of the Claim Department which had been organized and built up under his management, and has since given his entire time to the Medical Department of the Company, of which Department he, as Medical Director, is the official head. Dr. Lewis is a member of the Hartford Medical Society, of the Hartford County Medical Association, of the Connecticut Medical Society, of the New York Medico-Legal Society, of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion, of the Society of the Army of the Potomac, of the Army and Navy Club of Connecticut, of the Grand Army of the Republic, and of the Sons of the American Revolution. Dr. Lewis's bibliography includes "Contusions, Ecchymoses, Cutaneous Hypostases, and Their Relations to Legal Medicine," New York Medico-Legal Journal, 1885; "Intra-Cranial Hemorrhage in its Medico-Legal Aspects," Proceedings of Connecticut Medical Society, 1886; and "Stratagems and Conspiracies to Defraud Life Insurance Companies," pp. 423, 1878, with second edition, pp. 682, 1898. He was married on June 13, 1855, to Mary Kingsbury Mann, daughter of the Hon. Jerauld N. E. Mann, of Dedham, Massachusetts, and has three children, one son, William Jerauld, a practicing physician, and two daughters: Mary Bradford, and Gertrude Overton Lewis. His home is No. 312 Farmington Avenue, Hartford, Connecticut.

NIMMO, Joseph, 1831–

Class of 1853.

Born at Huntington, N. Y., 1831; special course diploma, New York University, 1853, A.M., 1859, and LL.D., 1899; Civil Engineer; Professor of Mathematics; Special Agent, Chief of Division, and Chief of Bureau, U. S. Treasury Department, 1864-85; author of numerous reports and books.

JOSEPH NIMMO, A.M., LL.D., eminent as a Civil Engineer and Government Statistician, is a son of the Rev. Joseph Nimmo and Hannah (Dickson) Nimmo, and was born at Huntington, Long Island, New York, on April 11, 1831. He studied in New York University, where he was a member of Zeta Psi, and in 1853 received a special course diploma, to which the University added the degrees of Master of Arts in 1859 and Doctor of Laws in 1899. He was a Civil Engineer from 1853 to 1865, in railroad employ from 1853 to 1857, Professor of Mathematics in Cooper Institute, New York, in 1860–62, and a Civil Engineer in private practice at Flushing, New York, in 1863–64. In the latter year he entered upon his long and notable career in the service of the Treasury Department of the United States Government, which continued unbroken until 1885. In those years he served successively as Special Agent, Chief of the Division of Tonnage, Supervising Inspector-General of Steam Vessels, and Chief of the Bureau of Statistics. He is the author of innumerable reports, many of which are of permanent value, dealing with commerce, transportation, labor, immigration, the tariff, railroads, Canadian and Mexican relations, and the trust question. He is President of the National Statistical Association. Mr. Nimmo has for many years been a resident of Washington, District of Columbia, but his home is at Huntington, New York, his native place.

TALMAGE, Thomas De Witt, 1832-1902.

Class of 1853.

Born at Bound Brook, N.J., 1832; special diploma, New York University, 1853, and A.M., 1862; New Brunswick Theological Seminary, 1853-56; minister Reformed Dutch Church, 1856-69; Pastor Brooklyn Tabernacle, Presbyterian, 1869-94; Washington, D.C., 1894-1902; D.D., University of Tennessee, 1884; lecturer, editor and author; died, 1902.

THOMAS DE WITT TALMAGE, A.M., D.D., one of the most widely known preachers and writers of his day, was born at Bound Brook, New Jersey, on January 7, 1832. He entered New York University as a special student in the Class of 1853, and was not graduated but received a

special course diploma. The University in 1862 gave him the degree of Master of Arts. He studied theology at the Theological Seminary of the Reformed Dutch Church at New Brunswick, New Jersey, in 1853–56, and in the latter year was ordained into the ministry of that church and filled pastorates at Belleville, New Jersey, 1856–59, Syracuse, New York, 1859–63, and Philadelphia, 1863–69. In the latter year he became Pastor of the Central Presbyterian Church of Brooklyn, New York, thereafter known as the Brooklyn Tabernacle. To accommodate the great audiences which flocked

T. DE WITT TALMAGE

to hear him, three enormous buildings were erected, which were all in turn destroyed by fire. After a unique career in Brooklyn he removed in 1894 to Washington, District of Columbia, where he was engaged in pastoral work for the remainder of his life. Besides preaching weekly to thousands, he was often heard on the lecture platform in all parts of the world. For thirty years his sermons were published weekly in a syndicate of papers, reaching 30,000,000 readers. He was the author of nearly a score of books of very wide circulation. He was the Editor, at various times, of "The Christian at Work," "Frank Leslie's Sunday Magazine," "The Advance," and "The Christian Herald." He died at Washington, District of Columbia, in 1902.

WALLACE, Charles Clark, 1832-1889.

Class of 1853 Arts.

Born in New York, 1832; graduated A.B., New York University, 1853, and A.M., 1856; Union Theological Seminary, 1853-56; minister of Presbyterian Church, 1856-88; D.D., 1881, Rutgers; died, 1889.

CHARLES CLARK WALLACE, A.M., D.D., was born in New York City on June 3, 1832, and entered New York University in the Class of 1853. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1853, and received that of Master of Arts in 1856. He was a student in the Union Theological Seminary in 1853–56, and in the latter year was ordained and became pastor of a Presbyterian Church at Tremont, New York, where he remained until 1860. Subsequent pastorates were at Perth Amboy, New Jersey, 1860–64, Placerville, California, 1864–68, Watertown, New York, 1868–70, Mahopac Falls, New York, 1870–80, and Newburyport, Massachusetts, 1880–88. In 1888 he retired from pastoral work on account of failing health, and he died at Westfield, New Jersey, on December 22, 1889.

CROLY, David Goodman, 1829-1889.

Class of 1854.

Born in Ireland, 1829; special course diploma, New York University, 1854; journalist and author; died, 1889.

DAVID GOODMAN CROLY, a distinguished journalist, was born at Olovakiltey, Ireland, on November 3, 1829, the son of Patrick and Elizabeth Croly. He came to this country in early life, studied in New York University but was not graduated, and received a special course diploma in 1854. He was a member of Zeta Psi. His life was devoted chiefly to newspaper work and authorship. He was a reporter for "The New York Herald" and "Evening Post" in 1855–58; Editor of "The Daily News," at Rockford, Illinois, in 1859–60; City Editor and Managing Editor of "The New York World" in 1860–72; Managing Editor of "The New York Daily Graphic" in 1872–78. He was one of the founders of the Lotos Club of New York. He was the author of "The Modern Thinker," "Glimpses of the Future," and "The Positivist Catechism." He was married in 1857 to Jennie Cunningham, daughter of Joseph H. Cunningham, a lady who attained eminence as a writer and journalist under the pen name of "Jennie June." Mr. Croly died in New York on April 29, 1889.

GIBSON, Hanson Cox, 1835–

Class of 1854 Arts.

Born in New York, 1835; graduated A.B., New York University, 1854, and A.M., 1857; lawyer since 1857; officer in Civil War; Provost-Judge, Savannah, 1865; Secretary of New York University Alumni Association for many years.

HANSON COX GIBSON, A.M., was born in New York City on September 22, 1835, the son of James Renwick Gibson and Katherine (Van Keuren) Gibson. He entered New York University in 1850, and was a member of Psi Upsilon, and President of Philomathean. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1854, and three years later received that of Master of Arts. Meantime he studied law, and began the practice of that profession in 1857. Excepting for the period of his service in the army he has ever since been engaged in legal work. He participated in the Civil War as a Second Lieutenant of the One Hundred and Sixty-Fifth New York Volunteers — the Second Duryea Zouaves — and was in active service at Charleston, Savannah, New Orleans, Fort Delaware, Maryland Heights, Winchester, Cedar Creek, and the whole Virginia campaign of 1864–65. In 1865 he was Provost-Judge at Savannah. Since the war he has pursued his profession, and has been President of the Harlem Eye, Ear and Throat Infirmary, Vice-President of the Harlem District Telegraph Company, and counsel for several banks and other corporations. For many years he was Secretary of the New York University Alumni Association. He was married on October 10, 1872, to Mary B. Wharton, and has had three children: Grace Wharton (died, 1888), Frederick Seward (died, 1900) and Kenneth Morrison Gibson. His office is No. 48 Wall Street, and his home No. 27 Waverley Place, New York.

STEPHENSON, William Wilson, 1831-1889.

Class of 1854 Arts.

Born in New York, 1831; graduated A.B., New York University, 1854, and A.M., 1858; Albany Law School, 1854-56; lawyer; soldier and officer in Civil War; New York State Assemblyman, 1877-79; died, 1889.

WILLIAM WILSON STEPHENSON, A.M., was a son of Dr. Mark Stephenson, and was born in New York City on November 18, 1831. He entered New York University in 1850, and was a member of Psi Upsilon. In 1854 he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and in 1858 he received that of Master of Arts from the University. He studied law at the Albany Law School in 1854–56, and had a successful career in that profession. In 1862 he enlisted as a private in the New York Seventh Regiment, was Captain in the One Hundred and Sixty-Fifth New York Volunteers in 1862–64, Major in 1864-65, and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel in 1865. He was a member of the New York State Assembly from the Fifth District of Kings County in 1877–79, and was a member of the Republican General Committee of Kings County, the Seventh Regiment War Veterans, the Loyal Legion, and the Grand Army of the Republic. He was for many years Secretary of the Alumni Association of New York University. He died in Brooklyn, New York, on March 4, 1889.

TUTHILL, David, 1829-1888.

Class of 1854 Arts.

Born in Brooklyn, N.Y., 1829; Wesleyan University, 1850-52; graduated A.B., New York University, 1854, and A.M., 1857; Custom House, New York, 1855-59; pastor and missionary, M.E. Church; Professor in University of the Pacific, 1860-61; Principal, Female Collegiate Institute, Santa Clara, Cal., 1864-69; President of car companies, 1869-83; died, 1888.

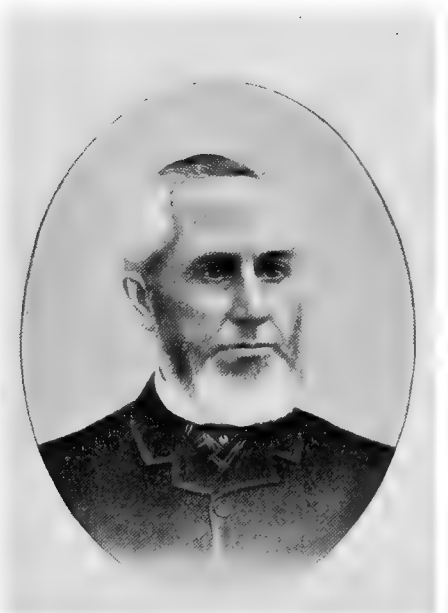
DAVID TUTHILL, A.M., was born in Brooklyn, New York, on October 31, 1829. He first entered Wesleyan University, at Middletown, Connecticut, in 1850–52, but in the latter year came to New York University, where he was a member of Delta Phi, and from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1854. Three years later he received the degree of Master of Arts from the University. He was employed in the New York Custom House in 1855–59, and for the next two years was a missionary and pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church in Arizona and California. He was Professor of Natural Sciences in the University of the Pacific in 1860–61, and Principal of the Female Collegiate Institute at Santa Clara, California, in 1864–69. He then became interested in the Santa Cruz, California, Car Company, and was its President from 1869 to 1883, and also President of the Salem, Oregon, Car Company from 1874 to 1883. In 1876–78 he was a member of the City Council of Santa Cruz. He was married in 1861 to Carrie Van Wyck Taylor, and had two children: Joseph and Thomas Tuthill. He died at Santa Cruz, California, on August 7, 1888.

BRUNDAGE, Amos Harrison, 1828–

Class of 1855 Med.

Born at Benton, Pa., 1828; attended public and private schools, and Central College, McGrawville, N. Y.; taught school, conducted drug store, and studied medicine privately; studied at University of Michigan; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1855; graduated New York Ophthalmic (Regular) Hospital, 1855; began practice in 1855; served as surgeon during Civil War; resumed practice in 1865, and continued until 1902.

AMOS HARRISON BRUNDAGE, M.D., was born at Benton, Pennsylvania, on October 6, 1828, the son of Parmenas Brundage. He studied



AMOS H. BRUNDAGE

in the schools of Benton, at Madison Academy (Abingdon Centre, Pennsylvania), at Frame's Select School, Montclair, New Jersey, and at Central College, McGrawville, New York. For several years he taught school in Pennsylvania, and conducted the post-office and a drug store at Benton Centre, now Fleetville, Pennsylvania. While in the latter work he studied medicine with his brother, Dr. Albert T. Brundage. In 1853–54 he studied medicine at the University of Michigan, and the next year studied in the Medical College of New York University, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, in March, 1855. At about the same time he was graduated from the New York Ophthalmic (Regular) Hospital. Between 1855 and 1861 he practiced his profession at Bethany, Pennsylvania, Ithaca, New York, Danby, New York, and Candor, New York. In the last named place he had built up a fine practice when the Civil War began. Forthwith he entered the service of the nation as a Substitute Surgeon in the One Hundred and Seventy-Ninth New York Volunteers. Later he was Assistant and Acting Surgeon of the Sixth New York Veteran Cavalry, under General Sheridan. At the close of the war he resumed practice at Candor. In 1870 he removed to Cohoes, New York, and in 1872 to Newark, New Jersey, where he had an extensive practice and was one of the City District Physicians. Finally, in 1881, he removed to Brooklyn, New York, where he still lives and where he was in practice down to the beginning of 1902. He is a member of the Brooklyn Medical Society, and of the New York Medical Association, and was one of the founders of the latter. He was also one of the organizers of the Centennial Lodge, Knights of Honor, at Newark, in 1876. He was married in 1855 to Sarah Mervina Dimmick, Principal of the High School at Benton Centre, Pennsylvania, and a descendant of the famous English family of Dymoke of Scrivelsby, which for centuries has furnished, by hereditary right, the "King's (or Queen's) Champion" at royal coronations. He has had three sons: Orville Parmenas (deceased), Albert Harrison, and Henry Eber Brundage. He also has an adopted daughter, Grace. His wife died on May 18, 1901, after a life of conspicuous philanthropic public work in New Jersey and New York. His address is No. 962 Gates Avenue, Brooklyn, New York.

CARR, Gouverneur, 1837-1889.

Class of 1855 Arts.

Born in New York, 1837; graduated A.B., New York University, 1855; journalist; lawyer; soldier; died, 1889.

GOUVERNEUR CARR, A.B., was born in New York City in 1837. He entered New York University and was a member of Psi Upsilon. In 1855 he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and thereafter devoted most of his life to newspaper work. From 1858 to 1861 he practiced law in New York, and from 1861 to 1865 he was an officer of New York troops in the Civil War, rising to the grade of Brevet Colonel. In 1862–65 he served also as a war correspondent of "The New York Times," and in 1865 became

City Editor of that paper. Afterward he was editorially connected with "The Evening Post," "The Evening Mail," "The Daily Graphic," "The Guardsman," and "The New York Tribune." He died on September 23, 1889.

KNIGHT, Charles Calvin, 1833–

Class of 1855 Med.

Born at Stafford, Conn., 1833; studied at Monson and Westfield academies, Mass.; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1855; served in Randall's Island Hospital, 1855-56; Physician to St. Joseph's Home since 1876; Consulting Physician to Peekskill Hospital since 1900.

CHARLES CALVIN KNIGHT, M.D., son of Calvin and Mary (Temple) Knight, of English and Scotch ancestry, was born at Stafford,

CHARLES C. KNIGHT

Connecticut, on April 16, 1833. His general education was acquired in academies at Monson and Westfield, Massachusetts. He studied medicine in the New York University Medical College, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1855. In 1855–56 he was Resident Physician to the Randall's Island Hospital, New York, and thereafter engaged in private practice for a number of years with marked success. Since 1876 he has been Physician to St. Joseph's Home, an institution containing twelve hundred children, and since 1900 he has also been Consulting Physician to the Peekskill, New York, Hospital, of the Medical Staff of which he is President. He is a member of the Westchester County Medical Society, and Elder in the Second Presbyterian Church of Peekskill. He is a Republican in politics. He was married in June, 1859, to Lucy W. Brown, and has three children: Lucy B., Charles A., and Mable Temple Knight. His address is Peekskill, New York.

ROBINSON, Edward, 1836-1894.

Class of 1855 Arts.

Born in Boston, 1836; graduated A.B., New York University, 1855; admitted to Bar, 1857; journalist, 1854-58; lawyer; officer in Civil War; U. S. Consul at Strasburg, 1866-69, and at Hamburg, 1869-73; School Commissioner; died, 1894.

EDWARD ROBINSON, A.B., son of Edward and Theresa Albertina Louise (Van Jacob) Robinson, was born in Boston, Massachusetts, on September 19, 1836. In New York University he was President of his class and Philosophical orator at Commencement. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1855, and from 1854 to 1858 was a writer for "The New York Times." He also studied law and in 1857 was admitted to the Bar. His legal practice was suspended in 1862, when he went into the Civil War as a Second Lieutenant of the Eighth New York Volunteers. He was promoted to be Captain and Adjutant-General of Volunteers, and Brevet Major. After the war he was United States Consul at Strasburg in 1866–69, and at Hamburg in 1869–73. He then returned to New York and practiced his profession. He served as a Trustee, Inspector, and Commissioner of Public Schools. On June 21, 1873, he was married to Emma Marie Weismann, and had three children: Edward W., Hope E., and Herman Robinson. He died in New York on February 14, 1894.

STRONG, Robert Grier, 1837-1892.

Class of 1855 Arts.

Born at Flatbush, N.Y., 1837; graduated A.B., New York University, 1855; studied at New Brunswick Theological Seminary; minister of Dutch Reformed Church, 1858-73; Principal of school, 1873-92; died, 1892.

ROBERT GRIER STRONG, A.B., was a son of the Rev. Thomas Morris Strong and Elizabeth Cooper (Grier) Strong, and was born

at Flatbush, now a part of the City of New York, on March 8, 1837. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts from New York University in 1855, and for the next three years studied in the Theological Seminary of the Reformed Dutch Church at New Brunswick, New Jersey. In 1858 he was ordained into the ministry of that church, and was pastor at Flatbush in 1858–60, at New Baltimore, New York, in 1861–69, and at Flatbush in 1871–73. From 1873 to 1879 he was Principal of a private school at Flatbush, and from 1879 to 1892 Principal of the Erasmus Hall Seminary at that place. He was married in 1862 to Harriet Lydia Zabriskie, who bore him five children. His two brothers were graduated from New York University, Mason R. in 1855 and Selah W. in 1862. He died at Flatbush on April 22, 1892.

DWELLE, Henry Bolivar, 1827–

Class of 1856 Med.

Born at Greenwich, Washington County, N. Y., 1827; studied in private academy at Greenwich; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1856; spent two years in post-graduate studies; in practice since 1859; hospital service in Civil War.

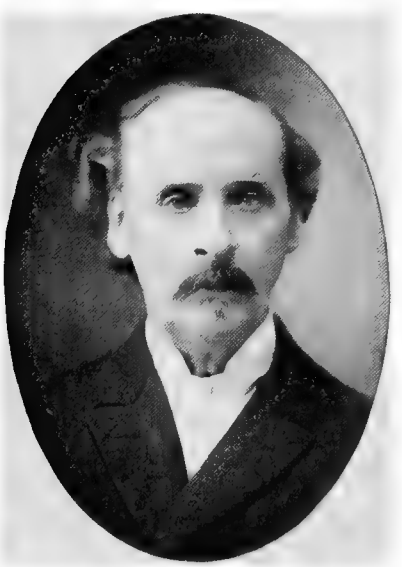
HENRY BOLIVAR DWELLE, M.D., son of Alphonso and Elizabeth (Tefft) Dwelle, was born at Greenwich, New York, on July 13, 1827. His ancestors were English, settled in this country at an early date. He was educated in a private academy at Greenwich, and in 1856 was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the Medical College of New York University. The next two years were spent in post-graduate study in New York, and then, in 1859, he established himself in practice in St. Louis, Missouri, where he has ever since remained. After the Battle of Shiloh, in the Civil War, many wounded soldiers were brought to St. Louis, and Dr. Dwelle volunteered his services in caring for them. He was put in charge of the La Clede Hospital, under Dr. Hodgen and was thence transferred to the New House of Refuge Hospital, and finally to Benton Barracks, where he remained until the end of the war.

MACOUBREY, Anthony Robinson, 1835–

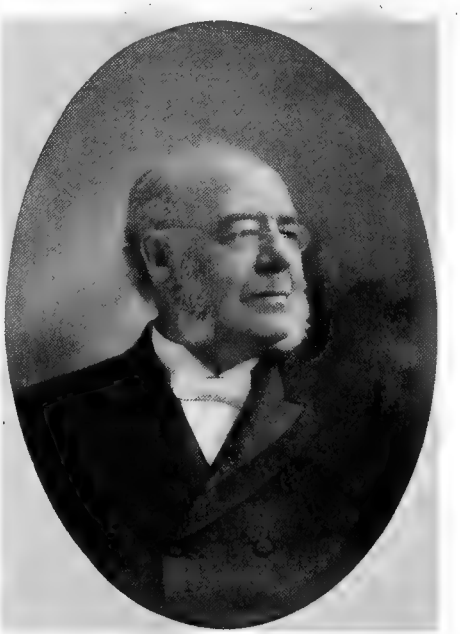
Class of 1856 Arts.

Born in New York, 1835; graduated A.B., New York University, 1856; Theological Seminary, Allegheny City, Pa., 1856-58; Presbyterian minister, 1858-1902; author; D.D., New York University, 1890.

ANTHONY ROBINSON MACOUBREY, D.D., is a son of Robert and Jane (Macmillan) Macoubrey, and was born in New York City on December 6, 1835. He entered New York Uni-



H. B. DWELLE



ANTHONY R. MACOUBREY

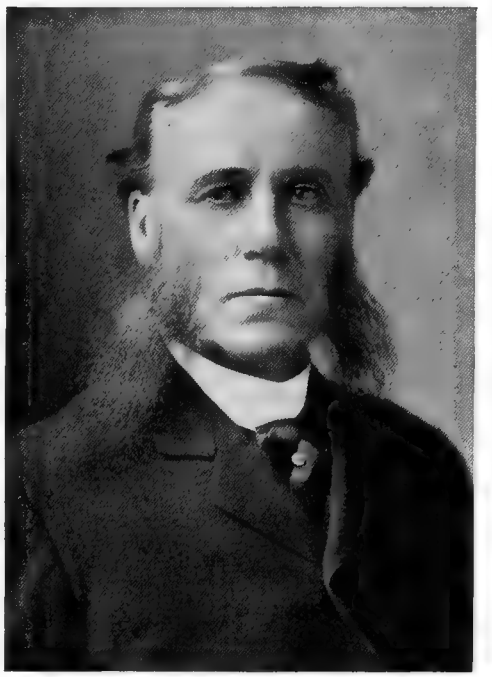
versity in 1852, was a member of Zeta Psi, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1856. He studied theology in the A. R. Presbyterian Seminary at Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, from 1856–58, and in the latter year was ordained into the ministry of the Presbyterian Church. He has been pastor at Brewster, New York, at New Rochelle, New York, and for many years at White Plains, New York. Failing health induced him to retire from the active pastorate in White Plains in 1902, and he is now pastor emeritus of that church. He is an honorary member of the Westchester County Historical Society, and has written and published a "History of South East, Putnam County," "The Relation of Presbyterianism to the Revolutionary Sentiment in the Province of New York," "The History of the White Plains Presbyterian Church," etc. He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from New York University in 1890. He was married on October 17, 1860, to Elizabeth Kane, daughter of Matthew Kane, of New York, who died in 1898, and in 1901 he was married to Sarah E. Denton, of Brewster, New York. His present address is Brewster, New York.

SMITH, Daniael Winans, 1839–

Class of 1856 Med.

Born at Union, N. J., 1839; studied in private schools and academies; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1856; in practice in Newark, N. J., since 1856.

DANIAEL WINANS SMITH, M.D., one of the veteran physicians of Newark, New Jersey, is a son of Daniael R. and Susan D. (Scudder) Smith, both natives of New Jersey. His paternal great-grandfather was a Captain on Washington's staff in the Revolution, and his maternal great-grandfather was a Colonel in the same service. He was born at Union, in Union County, New Jersey, on January 15, 1839, and received his academic education at private boarding schools and seminaries. In 1853 he entered the New York University Medical College, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1856. He had already studied under Dr. Jobs and Dr. Whittingham, at Springfield, New Jersey. Immediately upon graduation he established himself in practice at No. 201 Walnut Street, Newark, New Jersey, and has ever since remained there in the enjoyment of a highly successful practice. He is a member of the American Medical Association, the New Jersey



DANIAEL W. SMITH

State Medical Association, and the Essex County Medical Society. In politics he is a Jeffersonian Democrat.

VAN BRUNT, Charles H., 1835–

Class of 1856 Arts.

Born at Fort Hamilton, N. Y., 1835; graduated A.B., New York University, 1856; admitted to Bar, 1858; practiced law; Judge of Court of Common Pleas, New York, 1869-83; Justice of Supreme Court, N. Y., since 1883; Presiding Justice, Appellate Division, since 1895; member of University Council, 1882-91; LL.D., New York University, 1887.

CHARLES H. VAN BRUNT, LL.D., one of the most eminent jurists of New York, was born at Fort Hamilton, now a part of the City of New York, on December 26, 1835, the son of Albert N. Van Brunt. He entered New York University and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1856. Afterward he studied law, was admitted to the Bar in 1858, and for some years practiced his profession with much success. His ample learning and judicial qualities of mind marked him for the Bench, and in 1869 he took his place as a Judge of the Court of Common Pleas for the City and County of New York. Thus he served until 1883, when he was elected to the Supreme Court, in which he has served ever since,

having been re-elected in 1897. He was appointed Presiding Justice of the General Term of the Supreme Court, First Department, in 1886, and continued as such until the reorganization of the court in 1895, when he was appointed Presiding Justice of the Appellate Division, which office he has ever since held. In 1887 he received the degree of Doctor of Laws from New York University. He was married in June, 1875, to Jennie E. Bull, of Rochester, New York. His address is No. 10 East Forty-sixth Street, New York. From 1882 to 1891 Justice Van Brunt was a member of the Council of New York University.

FARRINGTON, Joseph Oakley, 1829–

Class of 1857 Med.

Born in New York, 1829; studied in public and high schools; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1857; served in Hospital of St. Vincent and St. Paul; President of Harlem Medical Association, 1872; in practice in New York since 1858.

JOSEPH OAKLEY FARRINGTON, M.D., is a son of John G. and Louisa (Brady) Farrington, and was born in New York City on December 23, 1829. His father was the son of Thomas Farrington and Frances (Guion) Farrington, of East Chester, New York, and his mother was the daughter of William Brady and Mary (Vermilyea) Brady, of New York. He was educated in the public schools of the city until he was fourteen years of age. Then he entered a high school, and was graduated from it at the age of eighteen. Later he decided to enter the medical profession, and accordingly became a student in the Medical College of the University of the City of New York, as New York University was in those days named. This was in the spring of 1853, and he remained in the institution until 1857, a period of four years, thus securing an especially thorough training, since the usual course at that time was only two years in length. He was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine on March 4, 1857. He had a year and a half of hospital practice under Dr. Thomas C. Finnell, in the Hospital of St. Vincent and St. Paul, in New York, and then, in 1858, began the medical practice in which he has ever since been steadily engaged. Dr. Farrington was chosen President of the Harlem Medical Association in 1872. He is also a member of the American Medical Association, the New York State Medical Association, the Medical Association of the Greater City of New York, the New York County Medical Society, the Academy of Medicine, the Society of Medical Jurisprudence, the Physicians' Mutual Aid Association, the Masonic Order, the Knights Templars, and the Harlem Republican Club. He was married on April 23, 1867, to Henrietta Barry, who has borne him four children: John B., Nettie (deceased),

J. O. FARRINGTON

Kittie L. and Mildred B. Farrington. He is at present, and always has been, a resident of New York City.

GILLETTE, James J., 1838-1880.

Class of 1857 Sci.

Born in Philadelphia, 1838; Union College, 1853-57; graduated B.S., New York University, 1857; A.M., Union, 1869; Civil Engineer, 1857-61; in army, 1861-69; lawyer, surrogate, judge, etc., 1869-80; died, 1880.

JAMES J. GILLETTE, B.S., A.M., was a son of the Rev. Abram D. and Hannah (Jenkins) Gillette, and was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on July 26, 1838. Most of his collegiate life was spent at Union College, from 1853 to 1857, but in the latter year he entered New York University and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science. In 1869 Union College gave him the degree of Master of Arts. Until 1861 he was a Civil Engineer. Then he entered the army

for the Civil War, as a Private in the Seventy-first New York Volunteers. For five months he was a prisoner in Libby Prison. After his liberation he was, in 1862, a Lieutenant and Adjutant of the Third Maryland Volunteers, and Commissary of Subsistence with the rank of Captain. In 1865 he was promoted to the rank of Major, and to that of Lieutenant-Colonel by brevet in 1866. He was commissioned a Captain in the regular army in 1867, and Major by brevet for gallant conduct at Chancellorsville, in 1868. After the war he practiced law, and was Surrogate and Judge of the Chancery Court, United States Supervisor of Elections, and United States Commissioner, in Alabama. He died in New York City on November 25, 1880.

HUTTON, Mancius Holmes, 1837–

Class of 1857 Arts.

Born in New York, 1837; studied in private schools; graduated A.B., New York University, 1857; Union Theological Seminary, 1857-59; New Brunswick Theological Seminary, 1859-60; post-graduate at Union, 1860-61; minister of Reformed Dutch Church since 1864; writer; D.D., Rutgers, 1879.

MANCIUS HOLMES HUTTON, D.D., a distinguished clergyman of the Reformed Dutch Church, was born in New York City, on October 13, 1837, the son of the Rev. Dr. Mancius S. Hutton and Gertrude (Holmes) Hutton. After a careful preparation at private schools he entered New York University, and had a brilliant career as a student. He was a member of Psi Upsilon and Phi Beta Kappa, President of his class, Editor, Censor and Vice-President of Eucleian, winner of the Latin Prize and of the Webster Prize for oratory, and Latin Salutatorian at Commencement. He was graduated in 1857 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts and thereafter spent some years in theological studies; at Union Seminary in 1857–59, at New Brunswick in 1859–60, and again at Union for a post-graduate course in 1860–61. He was ordained a minister of the Reformed Dutch Church and was a pastor at Mount Vernon, New York, in 1864–79, and since 1879 has been a pastor at New Brunswick, New Jersey. He was President of the General Synod of the Reformed Dutch Church in 1888–89, and has been President of the Middlesex County, New Jersey, Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children since 1887, Chaplain of the New York State Society of the Cincinnati since 1880, Chaplain-General of the General Society of the Cincinnati since 1897, and President of the Board of Foreign Missions of the Reformed Dutch Church since 1896. He has also been President of the Arabian Mission of his denomination since 1894, and is a Superintendent of the Theological Seminary at New Brunswick. He is a member of the New Brunswick Greek Club, of the New Brunswick Historical Club, and of the New Jersey Microscopical Society. He is also Recording Secretary of the Western Section of the Alliance of Churches holding the Reformed Doctrine and the Presbyterian Policy. Dr. Hutton has written many articles for "The Christian Intelligencer," "The Presbyterian," "The Treasury," "The Reformed Review," and other periodicals. He was married on October 8, 1879, to Mary Eleanor Clark, daughter of John Woodruff Clark. His home is at No. 26 Union Street, New Brunswick, New Jersey.

MAXWELL, John Allen, 1833-1890.

Class of 1857 Arts.

Born in New York, 1833; Union College, 1853-54; graduated A.B., New York University, 1857; Union Theological Seminary, 1857-60; minister of Presbyterian Church, 1860-90; editor and author; D.D., Lafayette, 1884; died, 1890.

JOHN ALLEN MAXWELL, D.D., was a son of John Allen Maxwell and Ann May (Alston) Maxwell, and was born in New York City on December 29, 1833. He was a student at Union College in 1853–54 and at New York University in 1854–57, and was a member of Psi Upsilon. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts from New York University in 1857, and spent the next three years at Union Theological Seminary. In 1860 he was ordained a minister of the Presbyterian Church, and devoted the remainder of his life chiefly to that service. He was a pastor at South Orange, New Jersey, in 1860–71; at Hazleton, Pennsylvania, in 1871–74; at Bridgeton, New Jersey, in 1874–81; at Titusville, Pennsylvania, in 1881–87; and at Danbury, Connecticut, in 1887–90. He was also engaged in editorial work at Bridgeton, New Jersey, in 1876–77, and was the author of various publications. He was a member of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, and in 1884 received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Lafayette College. He was twice married, in 1854 to Euphemia Kelley and in 1871 to Rena L. Brown. He had four children: Robert

Allen, Irving, Grace, and Mabel Maxwell. Dr. Maxwell died at Danbury, Connecticut, on November 27, 1890.

NEFF, John, 1832–

Class of 1857 Med.

Born at Frostburg, Md., 1832; graduated A.B., Alleghany College, 1855, and A.M., 1857; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1857; in hospital practice 1858-59; in private practice since 1860.

JOHN NEFF, A.M., M.D., son of John and Harriet (Hoffman) Neff, of German ancestry, was born at Frostburg, Maryland, on February 11, 1832. His early education was acquired in the local schools and academy, whence he proceeded in 1851 to Alleghany College, at Meadville, Pennsylvania. There he pursued the classical course and was graduated in 1855 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. Two years later the same college gave him the Master's degree in Arts. Upon graduation from Alleghany College he entered the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated from it with the Doctor's degree in 1857. In 1858–59 he performed a year's service in the public hospitals of New York City, under the direction of Dr. W. W. Sanger, and then, in June, 1860, established himself for private practice in Baltimore, Maryland, where he has ever since lived and worked at his profession. Dr. Neff has been a Republican ever since the foundation of that party, but has never sought political preferment. He was Acting Assistant Surgeon, United States Army, in the Camden Street General Hospital, Baltimore, in 1861–63, and in the Jarvis United States Army General Hospital in the same city in 1863–65. For forty years he has been a member of the Baltimore Medical Association and of the Maryland Medico-Chirurgical Society, and for thirty-five years of the American Medical Association. He has been a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church since early manhood, and held the office of steward for thirty-five years. Dr. Neff was married on December 20, 1860, to Abby H. Brownson, of Huntington, Connecticut, and has had two children: Lillian, who died in infancy, and Ernest Brownson, who died at the age of twenty years. His address is No. 701 North Carrollton Avenue, Baltimore, Maryland.

FRAME, Joseph Leggett, 1840–

Class of 1858 Sci.

Born in New York, 1840; studied in New York University Grammar School; graduated B.S. and C.E., New York University, 1858; engaged in mercantile pursuits in New York since 1861.

JOSEPH LEGGETT FRAME, is a native of New York City, where he was born on November 27, 1840, and where practically all of his life has been spent. His father, Joseph L. Frame, Sr., was the son of Jesse and Mary (Leggett) Frame, of Little Neck, Long Island. His mother, whose maiden name was Joanna Heard, was the daughter of James and Maria (Sickles) Heard, of New York City, James Heard having been a native of Devonshire, England, and Maria Sickles a de-

JOS. L. FRAME

scendant of early Dutch settlers of New York. The subject of this sketch was educated at the New York University Grammar School, and in New York University, from which latter he was graduated in the Class of 1858 as a Bachelor of Science and Civil Engineer. Instead of adopting a professional career, however, Mr. Frame turned his attention to mercantile pursuits, and in 1861 became an importer of linens, in New York, in which business he is still prosperously engaged. He has devoted a great deal of his leisure time to music, and is considered among the best amateur flutists of New York. He was married in February, 1890, to Eleanor E. Penfold, of London, England, and lives in New York City.

GRAY, George Zabriskie, 1838-1889.

Class of 1858 Arts.

Born in New York, 1838; graduated A.B., New York University, 1858, A.M., 1861, and D.D., 1876; Theological Seminary, Alexandria, Va., 1858-61; Philadelphia Divinity School, 1861-62; clergyman of Protestant Episcopal Church, 1862-76; Dean and Professor, Episcopal Theological School, Cambridge, Mass., 1876-89; author; died, 1889.

GEORGE ZABRISKIE GRAY, A.M., D.D., a distinguished preacher and teacher of the Protestant Episcopal Church, was born in New York City on July 14, 1838, the son of John A. C. and Susan Maria (Zabriskie) Gray. He entered New York University in 1854, was a member of Psi Upsilon and a Commencement orator, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1858, being made a Master of Arts in 1861. He studied theology at the Seminary at Alexandria, Virginia, in 1858–61, and at the Philadelphia Divinity School in 1861–62, and was ordained into the ministry of the Protestant Episcopal Church. He was rector at Vernon, New York, in 1862–63, at Kinderhook, New York, in 1863–65, and at Bergen Point, New Jersey, in 1865–76. From 1876 to the end of his life he was Dean and Professor of Systematic Divinity of the Protestant Episcopal Theological School at Cambridge, Massachusetts. He was a member of various learned societies, and was the author of several books and numerous magazine articles. He was married in 1862 to Kate Forrest, and had three children: Sarah Forrest, George Zabriskie, and Arthur Romeyn Gray. He died at Sharon Springs, New York, on August 4, 1889. His two brothers, Albert Z. and John C., were graduated from New York University in 1860 and 1865. Two of his uncles and four of his cousins, of the Zabriskie family, are also enrolled among the alumni of the University.

TINSLEY, Alexander, 1832–

Class of 1858 Med.

Born in Virginia, 1832; graduated Ph.D., William and Mary College, 1852; studied at Medical College of Virginia and University of Virginia; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1858; in hospital practice, 1858-59; surgeon in Confederate Army during Civil War; Coroner of Baltimore, 1880-84; in practice at Baltimore.

ALEXANDER TINSLEY, M.D., who was born in York County, Virginia, on November 22, 1832, is a son of Thomas Garland Tinsley and Harriet Washington (Bryan) Tinsley, his father having been descended from Thomas Tinsley, who came from Yorkshire, England, to Virginia, about 1650, and settled on a plantation in Hanover County about ten miles from Richmond. That plantation was a grant from the Crown, and it has ever since been in the possession of the Tinsley family, as it is to-day, having been handed down through nine generations. Dr. Tinsley received his preparatory education at the Washington Henry Academy in Hanover County, Virginia, in 1842–46, and at the Pike Powers School, Staunton, Virginia, 1847–48. Next he entered the College of William and Mary,

A. TINSLEY

and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Philosophy in 1852. He studied medicine in the Medical College of Virginia at Richmond, and in the University of Virginia, and finally in the Medical College of New York University, from which last he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1858. He was a Resident Surgeon in the Brooklyn, New York, City Hospital in 1858–59, and for a time in the latter year Acting Assistant Surgeon to the United States Coast Survey. At the outbreak of the Civil War Dr. Tinsley joined himself to the fortunes of his native State. He was the first medical officer at Yorktown, Virginia, in charge of the Virginia troops, and was afterwards placed in charge of the hospitals of Confederate

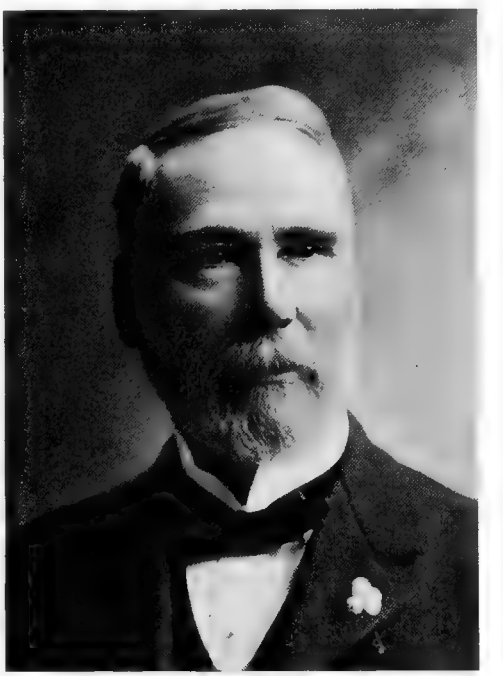
Soldiers. He was the first surgeon of the Confederate Army. He served in that capacity throughout the war, and was surgeon in charge of the Union prison hospitals at Richmond at the time of the capture of that city and for six weeks after by special request of the United States military authorities. Since the war Dr. Tinsley has been engaged in the practice of his profession in the City of Baltimore, Maryland. He was Coroner of Baltimore in 1880-84, and is a member of the Chirurgical Society of Maryland. In politics he is a Democrat. He was married on January 22, 1863, to Mary Dare Parran, who has borne him five children: Alexander Lee, Richard P., Laura P., Hallie G., and Rosa D. Tinsley. His address is No. 2102 St. Paul Street, Baltimore, Maryland.

BILL, Curtis Harvey, 1835–

Class of 1859 Med.

Born at Albany, Vt., 1835; studied in public schools, Barre Academy, in a doctor's office, at Dartmouth College, at University of Vermont, and in New York University; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1859; U. S. Army Surgeon throughout Civil War; in practice in Tennessee, 1865-71, and in Bridgeport, Conn., since 1871; in hospital service; writer on medical topics.

CURTIS HARVEY BILL, M.D., comes of a long line of English and American ancestors, nearly every generation of whom for centuries has furnished at least one member of the medical profession. He is directly descended from Thomas Bill, M.D., who was born in Bedfordshire, England, about 1490, and was one of the physicians of King Henry VIII. and his children Edward VI. and Elizabeth. The family was planted in America seven generations ago by John and Dorothy Bill, from whom the line of descent runs through Philip and Hannah Bill, John and Mercy (Fowler) Bill, Benejah and Mary Bill, Eliphalet and Dorothy (Marsh) Bill, and Dr. Dyer and Ruth (Coburn) Bill, parents of the present subject. Dorothy (Marsh) Bill was sixth in descent from John Mason, the conqueror of the Pequots. Dr. Dyer Bill was prominent as a physician and also as a politician and member of the Vermont Legislature. Curtis Harvey Bill was born at Albany, Vermont, on July 2, 1835, and studied in public schools and Barre Academy. His professional studies were pursued under Dr. Charles B. Chandler at Montpelier, Vermont, at Dartmouth College, at the University of Vermont, and at New York University. From the Medical College of the last named he was graduated in 1859 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, and at once began practice at Clarksville, Tennessee. In May, 1861, a surgeon's commission in the Confederate Army was offered to him. He declined it, being a Unionist, and was in consequence driven from the state by a Vigilance Committee within twenty-four hours. Thereupon he reported to General Sherman and on October 1, 1861, was appointed Acting Assistant Surgeon in the United States Army. He served with the Fifteenth United States Infantry, Army of the Ohio, until September, 1862, then with



CURTIS H. BILL

the Army of the Cumberland. He was in the Battle of Shiloh, at the Siege of Corinth, in the Perryville campaign, at Dog Walk, at the relief of Nashville, in the Murfreesboro campaign, at Stone River, and at Stewart's Creek. He was especially commended for gallant service on the battlefield, and remained in the service until August 14, 1865, when, with the full rank of Surgeon, he was honorably mustered out. For five years he remained in Fayetteville, Tennessee, practicing medicine and conducting a cotton plantation. Then, in the fall of 1871, he removed to Bridgeport, Connecticut, where he has ever since remained and where he has attained distinction in his profession. He is a member of the American Medical

Association, of the Connecticut State Medical Association, of the County Medical Association, of which he was President in 1880–81, and of the Bridgeport Medical Association, of which he was President in 1879. He has been connected with the Bridgeport Hospital since its organization in 1884, and has been official examiner for various life insurance companies. He is the author of numerous published papers, including monographs on "Treatment of Hospital Gangrene with Bromine," and "Exsection of Joints." He has been a Republican since the foundation of that party, and is a member of the Grand Army of the Republic, the Brooklawn Country Club, the Contemporary Club, the Scientific Society, and the American Art Society. He was married on September 20, 1865, to Mary J. Worcester, a niece of Dr. Joseph E. Worcester, author of "Worcester's Dictionary" and a descendant of Captain Noah Worcester who fought at Bunker Hill. Dr. and Mrs. Bill have three children living: Mary E., Philip W., and Harold C. Bill.

DRAYTON, Henry Sinclair, 1839–

Class of 1859 Arts.

Born in Jersey City, N. J., 1839; studied in local schools; graduated A.B., New York University, 1859; LL.B., New York University Law Department, 1861; A.M., New York University, 1863; in business and legal practice, 1861-66; in literary and scientific pursuits 1866-73; graduated M.D., New York Eclectic Medical College, 1877; M.D., New York Medical Society, 1889; lecturer, author, and member of various learned societies.

HENRY SINCLAIR DRAYTON, M.D., whose versatile career has successfully embraced business enterprise, legal practice, editorial work, literary authorship, medical practice and instruction, lecturing, and scientific research, comes of English ancestry. His father, William R. Drayton, was of English birth, while his mother, whose maiden name was Mary Miranda Shipman, belonged to an old New England family, which, with its numerous connections, was well known in colonial and revolutionary times. The old family homestead was near Morristown, New Jersey, where ancestral and martial mementoes were familiar to the eyes of the subject of this sketch throughout his boyhood. Dr. Drayton was born in Jersey City, New Jersey, on September 16, 1839, and received his early education chiefly in the local schools, his college preparatory course being pursued in the Jersey City Lyceum, an excellent institution of those days. At the age of fifteen he was fitted for college and was matriculated in the School of Arts and Science of the University of the City of New York, as New York University was then known. His student career was highly creditable to him, and his abilities were recognized in his election as Class Secretary and his appointment as a Commencement orator. He was a member of the Delta Phi Fraternity, and was also elected to the honorary fraternity of Phi Beta Kappa. After his graduation in 1859 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts he turned his attention to the study of law, at the same time having business relations. He was

HENRY S. DRAYTON

graduated from the Law Department of the University in 1861 with the degree of Bachelor of Laws, and thereafter until 1866 was engaged in business and legal practice. In the latter year he began to give his attention to literary work and editorship, and also to physiological and medical studies. Meantime he received the degree of Master of Arts from his Alma Mater in 1863. About 1873 he began the systematic study of medicine, and was graduated from the Eclectic Medical College of New York in 1877, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. The same degree was again conferred in 1889 by the New York County Medical Society. The activities of Dr. Drayton's busy life include, in addition to those already mentioned, much research in

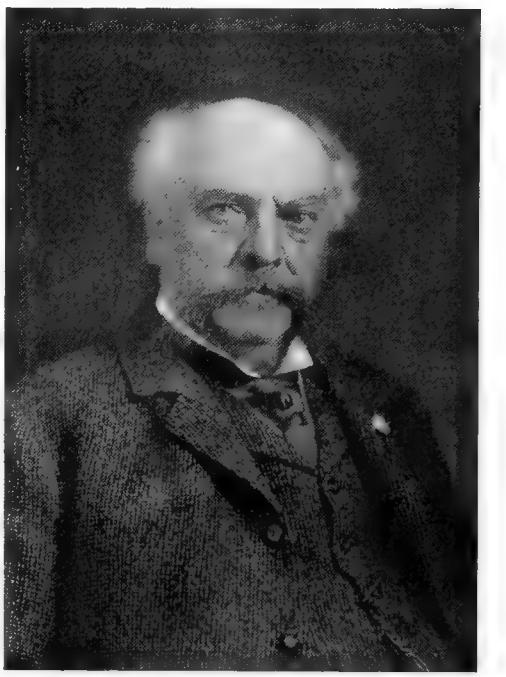
anthropology and physio-psychology, lecturing on the Physiology of the Nervous System before the American Phrenological Institute; giving service as a Visiting Physician in the Bellevue Hospital clinics; lecturing in the free lecture course of the New York public schools; and the authorship of many papers, articles and books upon scientific subjects. His bibliography includes the following books: "Brain and Mind," 1878, 2nd edition, 1888; "Light in Dark Places," 1879; "The Indications of Character in Head and Face as Accepted by Science," 1881, 2nd edition, 1883; "Nervousness: Its Nature, Causes," etc., 1887; "Masterpieces of English Poetry, with notes," 1889; "Human Magnetism: Its Nature, Physiology and Psychology," 1891; "Vacation Time: How to Spend it," 1892; "In Oudemon," 1901; "Notes of Travel in the East," 1902. His published essays include: "The Physical Factors of Character," 1887; "The Servant Question," 1888; "Conscientiousness," 1888; "Complete Man," 1889; "Self Study and Mental Improvement," 1890. Many of his lectures and papers on similar topics have also been published. Dr. Drayton was one of the original members of the New York Press Club. He is also a member of the New York Society of Phi Beta Kappa; of the New York County Medical Society; of the New York State Medical Society; and of the American Medical Association; and a Fellow of the New York Academy of Anthropology; and Honorary Fellow of the Society of Science and Letters of London, etc. In politics he has always been an independent, taking a deep interest in municipal, state and national affairs, but never holding or seeking official place. He was married to Almira E. Guernsey on September 21, 1864, and has two children: Mrs. Grace D. Smith and Albert I. Drayton.

FRANCIS, Valentine Mott, 1834–

Class of 1859 Med.

Born in New York City, 1834; studied in private schools and under tutors; teacher, traveller, farmer, author, etc.; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1859; practiced medicine; U. S. Army Surgeon; in real estate business since 1873.

VALENTINE MOTT FRANCIS, M.D., is a son of John Wakefield Francis, A.M., M.D., LL.D., and Maria Eliza (Cutler) Francis. His father, a native of New York City, was a son of Melchior and Susannah (Somers) Francis, the former a native of Nuremberg, Bavaria, who spent most of his life in America and was a merchant, philanthropist and fine musician, and the latter a native of Philadelphia, of Swiss extraction, being descended from the Yackley family of Berne. Dr. Francis's maternal grandparents were Benjamin Clark Cutler, of English descent, born in Boston, and High Sheriff of Norfolk County, Massachusetts, and Sarah (Mitchell) Cutler, daughter of Esther Marion, a sister of the famous Revolutionary General, Francis Marion. He was born in the City of New York, on April 25, 1834, and received his education in private schools at Flushing, New



V. MOTT FRANCIS

York, now a part of New York City, at Nyack, New York, Newport, Rhode Island, New York City, Savannah, Georgia, and under tutors. He became for some time a teacher of calisthenics and gymnastics, and then set out upon extended travels. In this country he went from Maine to Florida, and through Ohio, Indiana and Illinois. Thence he went abroad, through Canada, Nova Scotia, Ireland, England, Wales, Scotland, Holland, Belgium, Germany, France and Italy. He visited Mexico, crossed the Nicaragua Isthmus in 1850, and the Panama Isthmus twice, went around Cape Horn and three hundred and sixty-four miles south of it, and was one hundred and sixty-nine days without seeing land. Although a passenger

he accepted the position of Quartermaster during the voyage. After crossing the Nicaragua route he took passage on the merchant brig "Metamora," and when the second officer was taken ill the Doctor was appointed in his place and served in that capacity until the vessel cast anchor in Charlestown Harbor. He then settled for a time in California. He was chief clerk of an express company at Sacramento, California, in 1850, and as there was no city delivery at that time was virtually Acting Postmaster of the place. Ill health brought him back to the east, and in the winter of 1851–52 he was engaged in farming at East Greenwich, Rhode Island, and for a short time taught in the town school. In 1852 he went to Providence, Rhode Island, and pursued classical studies. He next became a wholesale drygoods merchant in New York. A little later he entered the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated in 1859 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. He at once entered upon the practice of his profession, in New York, and continued therein until 1862, when he removed to Newport, Rhode Island. There he continued in medical practice for a number of years. Since 1873 he has been engaged in the real estate business at Newport. While in California, in 1850, he enlisted in the United States Army, under Captain Magruder, who afterward was a General of the Confederate Army. He was honorably discharged from the service on account of ill health, but re-entered it for a time in 1862, when, on a business visit to California, he was appointed Acting Assistant Surgeon of the army by Surgeon Shorb, U. S. A., and served for a short time in that capacity. He has travelled over most of Northern California, dug and washed for gold in the mountains near Columbia, and has been in Nevada and in the Bonanza mines, and in the New Almaden quicksilver mines. He also drilled recruits for the war at Newport. He has revisited Europe twice, and in 1869–70 was engaged in correspondence for a newspaper. He published in 1862 a book on "Hospital Hygiene," the first exclusively on that subject in the United States, and in 1863 he published a poem, "The Fight for the Union." He has also contributed hymns, short articles and obituaries to a number of papers. In politics Dr. Francis was first a Whig, then a member of the "American" party, and finally a Republican. He has for many years been identified with the Protestant Episcopal Church, as communicant, vestryman, and delegate to Convocation and the Rhode Island Episcopal Convention. He has been President of the Newport Medical Society, and is President of the Newport Historical Society, Vice-President of the Rhode Island Genealogical Society, a life member of the New York Historical Society, and a member of the Order of Odd Fellows and other organizations. In the Order of Odd Fellows he has been Warden, Vice Grand, Noble Grand, Past Grand of the Subordinate Lodge, and Senior Warden, High Priest, Chief Patriarch of Aquidneck Encampment No. 5, Independent Order of Odd Fellows No. 1, and a District Deputy Grand Patriarch of Rhode Island. He was the first candidate initiated in Excelsior Lodge No. 49, on June 30, 1891. In 1862 he was a member of the New York Sanitary Commission. Dr. Francis was married on April 16, 1857, to Sarah Faulkner Carville, of New York, who bore him two sons who died in infancy. She herself died on May 27, 1861. He was again married, on February 7, 1865, to Anna M. de La Roche, of Philadelphia, who bore him three sons, of whom the first and second died in infancy. The third, Claude, is now living, and is a well known writer, and has just finished an elaborate "History of London" in two volumes for Coates & Company, of Philadelphia. Dr. Francis's home is No. 82 Rhode Island Avenue, Newport, Rhode Island. He was present on July 4, 1895, at the meeting held in the Senate Chamber of the Rhode Island State House in Newport, called to found the Society of the Sons of the Revolution in Rhode Island and Providence Plantation, and was elected Acting President. He served in that capacity for over a year, when he resigned, not having at the time leisure to attend to the office. The Doctor corresponded with the officials of the General Society of Colonial Wars in 1896, regarding the founding of a society in Rhode Island. He obtained seven candidates, and on July 5, 1897, a meeting was held in the Senate Chamber of the Rhode Island State House, Newport, and a Provisional Secretary elected. On August 12th, the Society of Colonial Wars in the State of Rhode Island and Providence was founded and Dr. Francis, its founder, was elected Governor. On December 30, 1897, the General Society met in Boston, granted the Rhode Island Society a charter, and Dr. Francis was formally elected Governor, in which capacity he served for two years. In 1899 he was elected Surgeon-General of the General Society, which position he still holds. Dr. Francis has also been a publisher. He has published the second volume of a large quarto of

some four hundred and fifty pages of the "Annals of Trinity Church," with illustrations and portraits of several of its rectors. He is now collecting facts for a third volume, the two first having sold out, and he is also preparing material for the publication of his father's biography. In November, 1902, he was elected a member of the Republican City Convention, a member of the Nominating Committee for legislative nominations, and a delegate to the Rhode Island State Republican Convention. He was nominated by his party third Representative to the Legislature, and lost his election by only eighty-six votes, owing to a local ward trouble of disgruntled Republicans. Dr. Francis's brother, John Ward Francis, was a graduate of Columbia College. He died on January 20, 1855, within six weeks of graduation from the University Medical College, from typhus fever taken through attendance on the poor. His younger brother, Dr. Samuel Ward Francis, was graduated from Columbia College, and from the University Medical College in March, 1860. He practiced in New York for several years and for many years in Newport, Rhode Island. He was a musician, and an author. He wrote two novels: "Inside Out, a Curious Book by a Singular Man," and also "Life and Death." He was an original inventor of the typewriter, and was Vice-President of the Newport Medical Society and a member of the New York Academy of Medicine and the British Victoria Institute. He died on March 25, 1886. Dr. Francis has a diploma from New York University, under date of June, 1859, as a practical and analytical chemist, a diploma for one year's attendance in the wards at Bellevue Hospital, a diploma for extra clinical attendance in the University Medical College, and a diploma from the school of Drs. William Rice Donagee and Theodore Gaillard Thomas for students of the University Medical College. In September, 1902, he was elected an honorary member of the Rhode Island Medical Society.

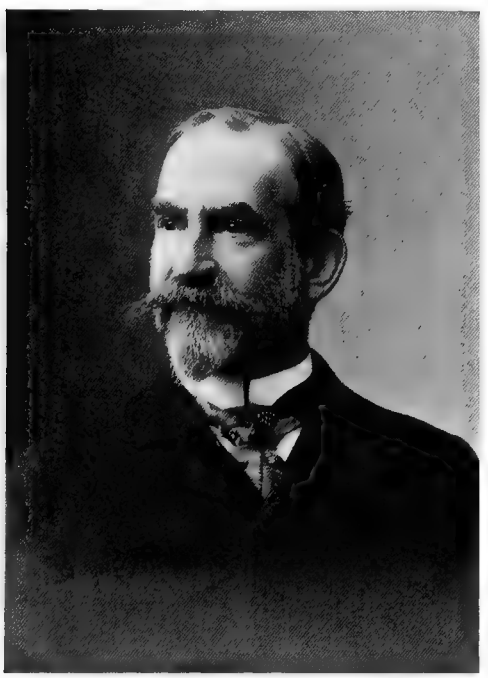
ISAACS, Myer Samuel, 1841–

Class of 1859 Arts, 1862 Law.

Born in New York, 1841; studied at Forrest's Collegiate School, New York; graduated A.B., New York University, 1859; LL.B., New York University Law School, 1862; admitted to New York Bar, 1862; Judge of Marine Court, 1880; leader in political reform and educational and philanthropic work; President of Baron de Hirsch Fund; Lecturer in New York University Law School; received degrees of A.M. and LL.M. from New York University; author of various pamphlets; in practice in New York since 1862.

MYER SAMUEL ISAACS, A.M., LL.M., jurist and philanthropist, is of Dutch ancestry on the paternal side, his grandfather having been born at Leeuwarden, on the Zuyder Zee. His father was the Rev. Samuel Myer Isaacs, a prominent theologian of the Jewish faith. On the side of his mother, whose maiden name was Jane Symmonds, he is of English extraction. He was born in the City of New York on May 8, 1841, was educated in it, and has been identified with it during his whole career, though his beneficent activities have by no means been confined within its limits. His early education was received at Forrest's — afterward Forrest & Quackenbos's — Collegiate School, then existing at Fourteenth Street and Sixth Avenue, New York, and there he was prepared for a career of exceptional brilliancy at the University of the City of New York, as New York University was then styled. He was matriculated in the University in 1856, took all the prizes of the Freshman and Sophomore years, and was graduated as the Valedictorian of his class in 1859, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. The University has since conferred upon him the degree of Master of Arts in recognition of his scholarly attainments. From the School of Arts of the University he passed to the Law School, and was graduated from it in 1862, with the degree of Bachelor of Laws, which the University has since raised to Master of Laws. Upon the twenty-first anniversary of his birthday, May 8, 1862, he was admitted to the Bar of the State of New York, at which he has ever since — save while he was on the Bench — practiced with distinction. He began his practice in the office of J. H. & S. Riker, at No. 150 Nassau Street, whence he removed to No. 78 Nassau Street, where he was associated with Adolph L. Sanger, in the firm of Isaacs & Sanger, and later with his brother, Isaac S. Isaacs, when the firm name was changed to M. S. & I. S. Isaacs and so continues. Julien M. Isaacs became associated with the firm in 1902. Mr. Isaacs's specialty in legal practice is the line of real estate, wills and trusts, and in that he has won an enviable degree of success and has long ranked as one of the foremost authorities. In politics Mr. Isaacs is a Republican, though he has been much identified with non-partisan work for municipal reform. He has held no public office, however, save that of Judge of the Marine Court of New York City, to which he was appointed by Governor Cornell in 1880. He

was nominated by the Republicans and Citizens Union, in 1895, for a place on the Bench of the Supreme Court, and although he was not elected he ran several thousand votes ahead of the rest of the ticket. He served on the Citizens' Committee in 1884, and has at various other times been actively interested in movements for political reform. Mr. Isaacs has devoted a considerable part of his busy life to educational and philanthropic work. For a number of years he was one of the most highly esteemed lecturers before the New York University Law School on "Examination of Titles to Real



MYER S. ISAACS

Estate" and other topics. He was President of the Board of Delegates of American Israelites and in 1881 he was elected to the Central Committee of the Alliance Israelite Universelle. He was in 1865 one of the founders of the Hebrew Free School Association, and was its President in 1881–92. He was one of the organizers in 1873 of the United Hebrew Charities. He was also one of the founders of the Montefiore Home, of the Hebrew Technical Institute, and of the Purim Association, of which latter he was the first President. He called, in 1881, a meeting to devise relief for the persecuted Jews of Russia, and was one of the committee which established colonies of them in New Jersey, Kansas, Dakota and elsewhere. He was at the head of the committee in charge of the Cremieux Memorial, and is President of the Baron de Hirsch Fund, founded in 1891 and endowed with three million dollars by Baron and Baroness de Hirsch. Its activities are mainly educational. It maintains a Trade School in New York and an Agricultural School at Woodbine, New Jersey, and contributes to educational organizations preparing Russian and Roumanian Jews for American life. He was one of the founders, and at one time President, of the Educational Alliance. He is a member of the American, New York State and New York City Bar associations, of the Academy of Social and Political Science, of the Civil Service Reform Association, and of the Republican, City, and Social Reform clubs, of New York. He has written and published a number of pamphlets, including "The Persecution of the Jews in Roumania," 1875; "The Jewish Question in Russia," 1882; and "American Israelites," 1886. He was married on February 10, 1869, to Maria Solomon, and has had seven children, of whom one, Grace Aguilar, died in 1880 at the age of ten years. Two of his sons, Julien Myer and Lewis Montefiore, are graduates of New York University, and are members of the New York Bar. A third, Stanley Myer, is a member of the Columbia University, Class of 1903. One daughter, Minnie, is Secretary of the Jewish Women's Council and Kindergarten Society; another, Alice, is tutor in Botany in the Normal College of New York, and has been President of the Barnard Botanical Club; and the third, Estelle M. Isaacs, is a member of the Religious School Committee of the Educational Alliance.

MARSH, Walter Raymond, 1838-1872.

Class of 1859 Arts.

Born in New York, 1838; graduated A.B., New York University, 1859, and A.M., 1865; graduated LL.B., Albany Law School, 1860; officer in army, 1861-64; in law practice, 1864-72; died, 1872.

WALTER RAYMOND MARSH, A.M., LL.B., son of James and Mary (Fardon) Marsh, was born in New York City on February 25, 1838, and entered New York University in 1855. He was a member of Psi Upsilon and Phi Beta Kappa, and a Commencement orator. In 1859 he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts and in 1865 received that of Master of Arts from the University. He entered the Albany, New York, Law School in 1859 and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1860. In 1861-64

he was a First Lieutenant of the Fifteenth Engineer Brigade, New York Volunteers. After the war he engaged in legal practice until his death, which occurred at Cornwall, New York, on June 24, 1872. He was married on October 11, 1866, to Mary S. Denniston, daughter of Robert Denniston, and had two children: Antoinette and Agnes Marsh.

TALCOTT, Edward N. Kirk, 1840-1901.

Class of 1859 Arts.

Born at Cuba, N. Y., 1840; graduated A.B., New York University, 1859; officer in Civil War, 1861-65; Civil Engineer; superintendent of various industrial establishments; Superintendent of Military Academy, Morgan Park, Ill., 1876-90; in private practice 1890-1901.

EDWARD N. KIRK TALCOTT, A.B., was born at Cuba, New York, on June 10, 1840, the son of William Hubbard Talcott and Harriet Newell (Williams) Talcott. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts from New York University in 1859, and afterward studied Civil Engineering with his father, who was engaged in that profession. He entered the military service in 1861 as a member of the New York Seventh Regiment, and was a Captain of Engineers on active duty at Washington, Baltimore, and in Virginia, the Carolinas, Georgia and Florida during the Civil War. He was Assistant Superintendent of the Thomas Iron Works, in Pennsylvania, in 1865-66, and for the ensuing ten years was superintendent of other large iron works. From 1876 to 1890 he was Superintendent of the Military Academy at Morgan Park, Illinois, and from 1890 up to the time of his death was in private practice as a Consulting Engineer. He was a member of the Loyal Legion, and the American Society of Civil Engineers. He was married in 1867 to Antoinette M. Watkins, of Grass Lake, Michigan, and in 1884 to Lillian Baird, of Morgan Park, Illinois, and had seven children: William Hubbard, Rebecca Williams, Julia, Emily, Ralph Emerson, Henry Buxton, and Dorothy Baird Talcott. Mr. Talcott died suddenly in Brooklyn, New York, on March 2, 1901.

ABBOTT, Edward, 1841-

Class of 1860 Arts.

Born at Farmington, Maine, 1841; graduated A.B., New York University, 1860; Andover Theological Seminary, 1860-62; Congregational Minister, 1863-78; Editor "Congregationalist," 1869-78; Editor "Literary World," 1878-1888, 1896-1902; ordained into ministry of Protestant Episcopal Church, 1879; Rector of St. James's Church, Cambridge, Mass., since 1879; declined Bishopric of Japan, 1889; author; D.D., New York University, 1890.

EDWARD ABBOTT, D.D., a brother of Benjamin Vaughan Abbott, Austin Abbott, and Lyman Abbott, all distinguished alumni of New York University, was born at Farmington, Maine, on July 15, 1841, the son of Jacob and Harriet (Vaughan) Abbott. In New York University he well maintained the traditions of his family for scholarship, and was class poet, prophet and marshal, and a member of Psi Upsilon. He was graduated in 1860 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and then entered Andover Theological Seminary, where he spent two years. In 1863 he was ordained into the ministry of the Congregational Church, and was in 1863-64 Chaplain of the public institutions of Boston. He founded the Pilgrim Congregational Church at Cambridge, Massachusetts, in 1865, and was its pastor until 1869. From 1869 to 1878 he was Associate Editor of "The Congregationalist," and from 1878 to 1888 he was Editor of "The Literary World," a place which he also filled from 1896 to 1902. In 1879 he was ordained a Deacon, and in 1880 a Presbyter, in the Protestant Episcopal Church, and since 1879 he has been Rector of St. James's Church, Cambridge, Massachusetts. In 1889 the General Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church elected him Bishop of Japan, but he declined the office. He was a member of the Cambridge School Committee in 1869, Chaplain of the Massachusetts State Senate in 1872-73, and a member of the Board of Visitors of Wellesley College in 1884. He has been Dean of the Eastern Convocation of Massachusetts since 1889, a member of the Missionary Council of the Protestant Episcopal Church since 1886, and a Clerical Deputy or Provisional Deputy from Massachusetts to the Episcopal General Convention since 1892. He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity in 1890 from New York University. Dr. Abbott has followed the bent of his family in authorship. Among his published works are "The Baby's Things," a story in verse, 1871; "Conversations of Jesus," 1875; "A Paragraph History of the United States," 1875; "A Paragraph History of the American Revolution," 1876; "Revolutionary Times," 1876; "The Long Look Series" (juvenile), 1877-80; "History of Cambridge," 1880; "Memoir of Jacob Abbott," 1882; and "Phillips Brooks," 1900. He has also written much for magazines and other periodicals. He was married February 16, 1865, to Clara E.

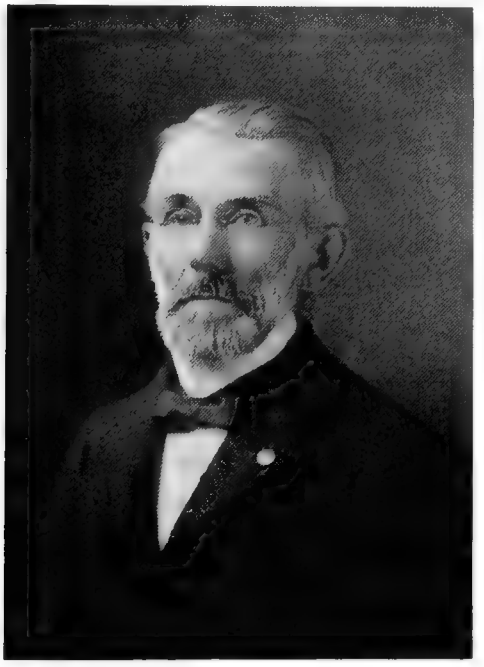
Davis, and, being left a widower, was again married on August 21, 1883, to Mrs. Katharine Kelley Dunning. He has three children: Edward Apthorp, Madeline Vaughan (Mrs. C. E. Bushnell) and Eleanor Hallowell Abbott. His home is at No. 11 Dana Street, Cambridge, Massachusetts.

FITCH, George D., 1838–

Class of 1860 Med.

Born in Warren County, N. J., 1838; studied in public schools; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1860; in practice since 1860; served in New Jersey Volunteers, U. S. Army, 1865.

GEORGE D. FITCH, M.D., of Philadelphia, son of Dr. James Clark and Sarah (Drake) Fitch, was born on April 7, 1838, at Hope, Warren



GEORGE D. FITCH

County, New Jersey, and received his early education in the public schools. He was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the Medical College of New York University in 1860, and has since that date been successfully engaged in the practice of his profession. He was commissioned Assistant Surgeon in charge of the Fifteenth Regiment, New Jersey Volunteers, United States Army, on March 14, 1865, Surgeon of the Second Regiment, New Jersey Volunteers, on June 21, 1865, and Surgeon-in-Chief of the First Brigade, First Division of the Sixth Army Corps, on July 5, 1865. He was married on June 8, 1875, to Anna Virginia Reed, and now lives at No. 3719 Powelton Avenue, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

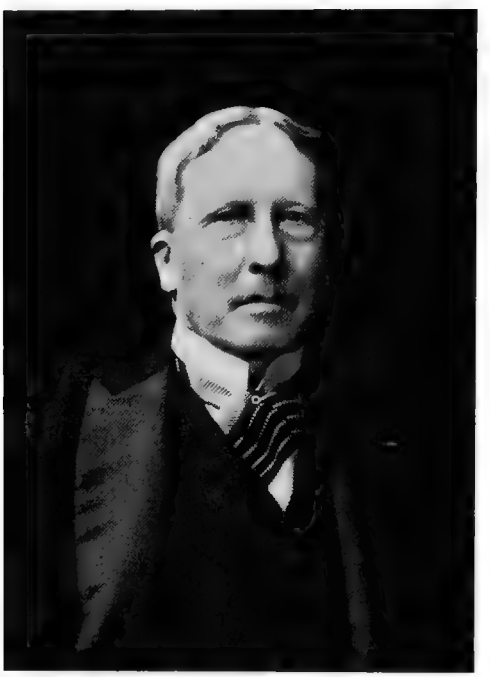
GARDINER, Asa Bird, 1839–

Class of 1860 Law.

Born in New York, 1839; educated in public schools; graduated A.B., College of City of New York, 1859; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1860; admitted to Bar, 1860, and began practice; in active and distinguished service, United States Army, 1861–88, including Professorship of Law at West Point, 1874–78, and assistant to Secretary of War, 1887–88; District Attorney of New York, 1897–1902; author of various works, papers and addresses; A.M., College of City of New York, 1862, Dartmouth, 1864, Columbia, 1869; LL.D., New York University, 1875; L.H.D., Hobart College, 1896.

ASA BIRD GARDINER, LL.D., L.H.D., is a native of the City of New York, where he was born on September 30, 1839. His education was begun in the grammar schools of the city and was continued through the regular classical course of the College of the City of New York, from which he was graduated in 1859 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. He then entered the Law Department of New York University and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1860. On November 20th following he was admitted to the Bar of the Supreme Court of the State of New York and at once entered upon the practice of his profession. In the following year, on invitation of the faculty, he delivered the alumni address at Commencement of the graduating Class of 1861 of the New York University Law School. At the outbreak of the Civil War, upon the President's first proclamation for volunteers, he offered his services and was mustered into the state service as First Lieutenant of the Thirty-first Regiment, New York Volunteer Infantry, on May 21, 1861, and into the United States' service on May 27th. He was under fire in the field on July 17, 1861, in a skirmish near Fairfax Court House, Virginia, and in the action at Blackburn's Ford, on July 18th, and the Battle of Bull Run on July 21st, and was mentioned by name for good conduct in action by the colonel commanding his regiment in his official report. On July 30th he was ordered on recruiting service in New York City and on August 7th resigned from the army and resumed the practice of law. In May, 1862, however, he returned to the army as Captain of the Twenty-second New

York Volunteer Militia Infantry and served in the Eighth Army Corps in Maryland and Virginia. On September 5, 1862, he was honorably mustered out with his regiment but returned to service with it in the same rank June 18, 1863. He participated in the fight at Sporting Hill, Pennsylvania, against Jenkins' Confederate Mounted Infantry and in the bombardment and defence of Carlisle, in which he was wounded, and in the fight at Hagerstown, Maryland, and received a medal of honor from Congress for distinguished services in the Gettysburg campaign. Honorably mustered out by reason of ex-



ASA BIRD GARDINER

piration of service he returned to service as a First Lieutenant and Adjutant of the United States Veteran Reserve Corps, February 11, 1865, and served in the Twenty-second Army Corps. Thereafter his duties were both military and judicial, as Acting Judge-Advocate and Acting Assistant Adjutant-General. In August, 1873, he was promoted to be Judge-Advocate, United States Army, with the rank of Major. From July, 1874, to August, 1878, he was Professor of Law at the West Point Military Academy with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel. In 1885 the Secretary of War requested him to prepare a text book for the West Point cadets on the subject of military and martial law and the practice and procedure of military courts and boards under the laws of the United States and International Law, and he was accordingly relieved of other duty until 1887, when he was assigned to duty as assistant to the Secretary of War in the War Department at Washington. After many other services in connection with the military administration he was finally honorably retired from active service on December 8, 1888, because of disability contracted in the line of duty. Since that time Colonel Gardiner has been a prominent figure at the Bar of New York. He was admitted to the Bar of the Supreme Court of the United States on January 27, 1865. From 1866 to 1890 he had many important cases in the civil courts of the northern states affecting the army and navy, and frequently acted as an Assistant United States Attorney-General. He was Government Counsel in the investigation ordered by Congress of Major-General Oliver O. Howard's administration of the Freedman's Bureau, and also in the Fitz John Porter case and trial by general court martial of the colored Cadet Whittaker, and trial of Judge-Advocate-General D. G. Swaim, United States Army. He was sole counsel for General U. S. Grant and General Philip H. Sheridan, who were the respondents in the Court of Inquiry in General G. K. Warren's case. Upon the election of United States District Attorney Noah Davis to be Justice of the Supreme Court, President Grant tendered the appointment as District Attorney for the Southern District of New York to Colonel Gardiner, who felt constrained to decline the same because of holding other political principles. In the fall of 1897 he was elected District Attorney of New York and served from the beginning of 1898 to the end of 1901. He is the author of a treatise on the "Jurisdiction and Powers of the United States and State Courts in Reference to Writs of Habeas Corpus as Affecting the Army and Navy," and another on "Evidence and Practice in Military Courts," and "Practical Forms for Use in Courts Martial and Remarks as to Procedure." He has delivered a number of historical addresses, some of which have been published, including "The Rhode Island Continental Line in the Revolution;" "Uniforms of the American Army from 1775;" "Martial Law during the Revolution;" "Biographical Sketch of Colonel and Brevet Brigadier-General Henry Burbeck, Commandant United States Artillerists and Engineers;" "Chaplains of the American Army from 1775;" "The Allied Forces of France in America during the Revolution," and "The Society of the Cincinnati in France." He

also was by invitation orator of the day and delivered the address before the Legislature of Georgia and Joint Special Committee of the Legislature of Rhode Island at Savannah, November 14, 1902, on the occasion of the final interment of the remains of Major-General Nathanael Greene under the monument erected to his memory. He is a member of the American Ethnological, Phi Beta Kappa and New York Historical societies, and a Companion, since 1867, of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion of the United States. He was one of the incorporators of the Military Service Institution of the United States, a founder and incorporator of the Society of the Sons of the Revolution, instituted in 1875. Since May, 1884, he has been Secretary-General of the Society of the Cincinnati. He is President of the Rhode Island State Society of the Cincinnati, and Vice-Commandant of the Military Society of the War of 1812; an honorary member of the Newport and Georgia Historical societies; a corresponding member of the New England Historic Genealogical Society, and of the Rhode Island, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia, Chicago and other historical societies; and in New York City a member of the Union, Metropolitan, Democratic, Manhattan, West Point, Seventh Regiment Veteran, Delta Kappa Epsilon and Church clubs.

GRAY, Albert Zabriskie, 1840-1889.

Class of 1860 Arts.

Born in New York, 1840; graduated A.B., New York University, 1860; graduated B.D., General Theological Seminary, 1864; Chaplain U. S. Army, 1864-65; rector, 1866-68, and 1873-82; Warden of Racine College and rector, 1882-89; author; S.T.D., Columbia, 1887; died 1889.

ALBERT ZABRISKIE GRAY, A.B., S.T.D., was a son of John A. C. and Susan Maria (Zabriskie) Gray, and was born in New York City on March 2, 1840. He entered New York University in 1856, and was a member of Psi Upsilon and Salutatorian of his class. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1860, and then entered the General Theological Seminary of the Protestant Episcopal Church, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Divinity in 1864. In 1864–65 he served as a Chaplain in the United States Army, in 1866–68 was rector of a church at Bloomfield, New Jersey, and travelled in Europe in 1868–73. On his return to the United States he became rector of a church at Phillipstown, New York, until 1882. In the latter year he became Warden of Racine College, Wisconsin, and Rector of St. John's Chapel. He was the author of several books. In 1887 he received the degree of Doctor of Sacred Theology from Columbia College. He was married in 1866 to Harriet Guion, daughter of Covington Guion. He died on February 17, 1889, in Chicago, Illinois.

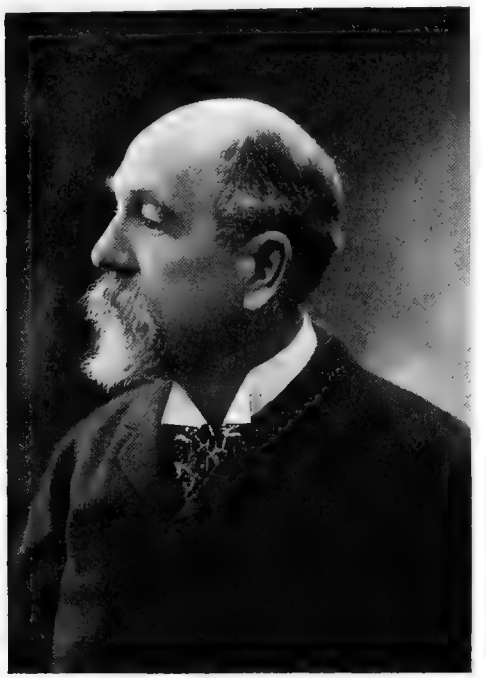
SHRADY, Jacob, 1839–

Class of 1860.

Born in New York, 1839; studied in public schools and University Grammar School; graduated A.B., New York University, 1860; LL.B., Columbia Law School, 1863; A.M., University of New York, 1864; in legal practice in New York since 1863; author of numerous papers, essays and addresses.

JACOB SHRADY, A.M., LL.B., son of John and Margaret (Beinhauer) Shrady, comes of German stock, which was transplanted from Wurtemburg to this country about 1715. His grandfather, John Shrady, served throughout the Revolutionary War under Colonel Peter Gansevoort, and his father, John Shrady, served in the War of 1812. He was born in New York City on March 24, 1839, and received his early education in the public schools and in the University Grammar School, in which latter he was prepared for college. In the fall of 1856 he was matriculated in the College of Arts and Science of the University of the City of New York, now more conveniently known as the University College of New York University. There he elected the classical course, and distinguished himself as a scholar and a leader of college life. He was secretary of his class, and Editor and Vice-President of the Eucleian Literary Society, and a member of the Zeta Psi Fraternity. In 1860 he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and four years later the University gave him the degree of Master of Arts. After graduation at the University he entered the Law School of Columbia College, and was graduated from it with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1863. Admission to the Bar immediately followed, and since that time he has been engaged in the practice of his profession in New York, with marked success, and with the high esteem of the Bar and laity. He has also been active in politics, as a Republican, in Brooklyn and in New York (Manhattan), especially in the Thirty-first Assembly District of New York, though he has neither held nor sought public office. He is Vice-President of the Medico-Legal Society, and a member of the Society of Medical Jurisprudence, the St.

Nicholas Society, the Sons of the Revolution, the Brooklyn Art Society, and the Central Republican Club. He has been twice married; first, to Emma M. Grigg, on November 8, 1871, and after her



JACOB SHRADY

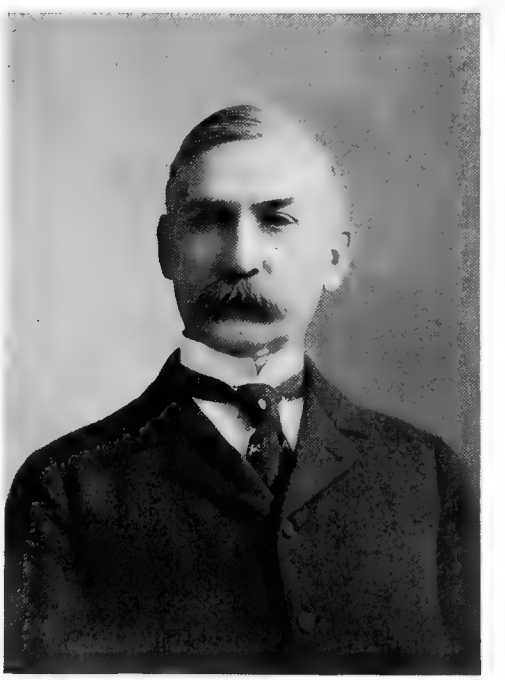
death to Jennie Kempton, on September 13, 1882. He has two children: Florence Maud and Marjorie Faunce Shrady. Mr. Shrady has been a frequent contributor to current literature, both professional and popular. Among his papers and other publications may be mentioned "The Steinecke Poisoning Case," "Civil and Criminal Responsibility for Malpractice," "Mental Unsoundness as Affecting Testamentary Capacity," "The Battle of Ridgefield," "The Old Coat," "Ramblings on the Hudson," etc.

DAVIS, William Henry, 1836–

Class of 1861 Med.

Born at Elmira, N. Y., 1836; studied in common schools and Elmira Academy; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1861; began practice in Pennsylvania; surgeon in United States Army during Civil War; practiced at Horseheads, N. Y., until 1892, since then in Brooklyn.

WILLIAM HENRY DAVIS, M.D., son of Calvin L. and Amelia Sanford Davis, of English ancestry, was born at Elmira, New York, on October 4, 1836, and was educated in the common schools and in Elmira Academy. Thence he came to the Medical School of New York University, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1861. He immediately began the practice of his profession in Pennsylvania, but was interrupted in ordinary practice by the Civil War, which carried him into the service of the state and nation. He became in 1861 an Assistant Surgeon of Pennsylvania Volunteers. On December 20, 1862, he was appointed Surgeon of the Fourth Regiment, Pennsylvania Reserves, McCall's Division, and served in that capacity until the expiration of that regiment's term of service. Then he became Surgeon of the One Hundred and Ninety-fifth Regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteers, in July, 1864, and served until the end of the war. His civil practice was then resumed, at Horseheads, Chemung County, New York, and was maintained there with much success until 1892. From 1877 to 1892 he was a member of the Board of Education of Horseheads, and for part of that time President of the Board. In 1892 Dr. Davis removed to Brook-



W. H. DAVIS

lyn, New York, where he has ever since been in successful practice. He is a member of the Medical Society of Chemung County, New York; of the New York Academy of Medicine; of the Medical

Society of the County of Kings; and of the Stuyvesant Heights Republican Club of Brooklyn. He was married on June 8, 1870, to Sarah Lawrence, who has borne him two children: Amelia and Henry Lawrence Davis. His address is in Brooklyn, New York.

NEWELL, William Whiting, 1839-1894.

Class of 1861 Arts.

Born in Boston, 1839; Hamilton College, 1857-59; graduated A.B., New York University, 1861; Union Theological Seminary, 1861-64; minister Presbyterian Church, 1864-94; died, 1894.

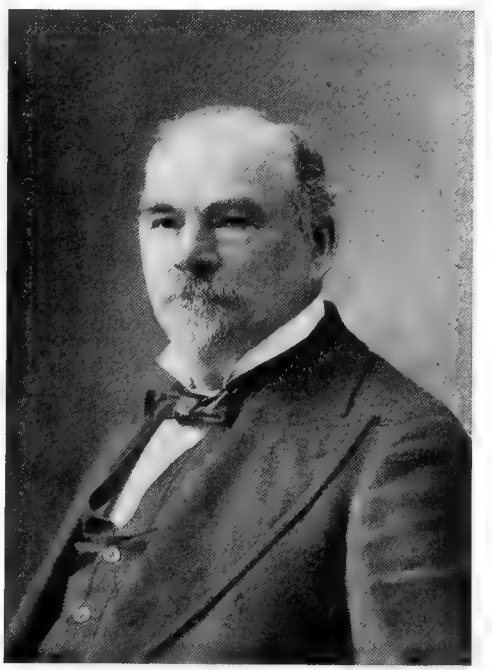
WILLIAM WHITING NEWELL, A.B., was a son of the Rev. Dr. William Whiting Newell and Edna Shaw Newell, and was born in Boston, Massachusetts, on August 23, 1839. He studied at Hamilton College in 1857-59, and then came to New York University, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1861. He was in Union Theological Seminary in 1861-64, and in the latter year became a minister of the Presbyterian Church. His pastorates were at Cooperstown, New York, 1864-65; Wappinger's Falls, New York, 1865-68; Monroe, Michigan, 1869-71; New York City, 1871-74; and Newburyport, Massachusetts, 1874-81. From 1881 to 1894 he was General Secretary for French Evangelization in the American and Foreign Christian Union, and minister of St. Luke's chapel, Paris, France. He was married on September 25, 1864, to Helen Peet, daughter of Luther R. Peet, and had three children: George Kennedy, William Whiting, and Oliver Shaw Newell. He died in Paris, France, on January 23, 1894.

SCOTT, Rufus Leonard, 1835-

Class of 1861 Law.

Born at Lanesborough, Mass., 1835; studied at Lenox Academy and East Williston Seminary; taught school; studied law in various offices; graduated New York University Law Department, 1861; in practice since 1861; Registrar of Arrears, Brooklyn, N. Y., 1877-79; Alderman at Large, Brooklyn, 1884-85; member of Board of Education, 1886-89.

RUFUS LEONARD SCOTT, who was born at Lanesborough, Massachusetts, on March 31, 1835, is the youngest son of Learned and Fanny (Dickinson) Scott. On the paternal side he is descended from William Scott, who settled at Hatfield, Massachusetts, about 1668, and on the maternal side from Nathaniel Dickinson, who removed from Wethersfield, Connecticut, to Hadley, Massachusetts, in 1659 and was one of the founders of the latter place. He was educated at the Lenox Academy and the East Williston Seminary, and then, at the age of eighteen, became teacher of the public school in his native town. Preferring the law to teaching, however, he made his way to New York, and thence to Illinois, studying and teaching, and finally back to New York again. He studied in the offices of Attorney-General Chatfield and Judge Neilson, and was graduated from the Law School of New York University in 1861. Since that time he has been constantly engaged in the practice of his



RUFUS L. SCOTT

profession, save for the time spent in the public service. He has long made his home in Brooklyn, New York, and has been a prominent figure in the public affairs of that community. In 1877 he was appointed Registrar of Tax Arrears and held that office two years. While in that office he proposed the advertisement of tax sales in pamphlet form instead of in the newspapers, which proposition was vigorously opposed, but finally adopted and proved to be a most beneficent reform. He also recommended the enactment of a law enabling the city to compromise claims for taxes on over-burdened and unimproved property. At a later date such a law was enacted, with the result of bringing large sums into the city treasury, reducing the municipal indebt-

edness, increasing the taxable resources of the city, and stimulating real estate values. Mr. Scott was a member at large of the Brooklyn Board of Aldermen in 1884–85, during the second administration of Mayor Low, receiving the largest vote on the ticket, but he declined a renomination for another term. He was a member of the Brooklyn Board of Education from October, 1886, to May, 1889, and then resigned in order to be free to travel abroad. At the present time he is one of the Tax Commissioners of the City of New York, by appointment of Mayor Low. He has been prominently interested in various public movements in Brooklyn, especially those for securing rapid transit, and for building more bridges across the East River. He was one of the founders of the East Brooklyn and Bushwick Dispensary, and of the Bushwick Savings Bank, of which latter he is a Trustee and counsel. He was married on June 26, 1866, to Maria E. Hull, daughter of William M. and Phoebe Weiant Hull, of Greenpoint, Brooklyn, and has three children: Clara Louise, Rufus L., and Howard Dickinson Scott. His office is at No. 93 Nassau street, New York.

AMERMAN, James Lansing, 1843–

Class of 1862 Arts.

Born at Farmingdale, Long Island, 1843; graduated New York University, School of Arts, 1862; Theological Seminary, New Brunswick, N. J., Class of 1868; pastor of churches at Richboro, Pa., 1868-71, and Jersey City, N. J., 1871-76; missionary to Japan; Theological Professor in Meiji Gakuin, Tokio, 1877-93; Financial Secretary, and later Assistant Treasurer, Board of Foreign Missions, Reformed Church in America, since 1893; A.B., New York University, 1862, A.M., 1865; D.D., Rutgers, 1885; author of various works.

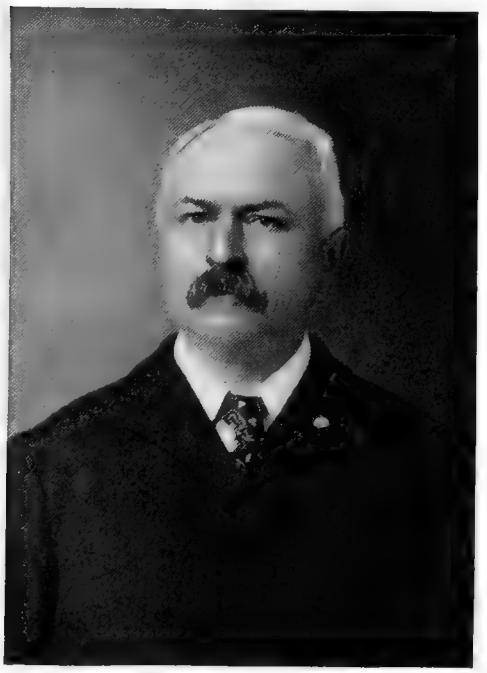
JAMES LANSING AMERMAN, A.M., D.D., is descended in the sixth generation from Dirck Jansen Amerman, who came to this country from Holland in 1650 and settled at Amersfoort, later known as Flatlands and now a part of the Borough of Brooklyn, New York City. His father was Charles Henry Amerman, and his mother's maiden name was Elsie Maria Lansing. He was born at Farmingdale, Long Island, New York, on August 13, 1843. After passing through primary courses of education he entered the University Grammar School, where he was prepared for entrance into the University of the City of New York, as New York University was then known. In the University he pursued the regular classical course of the School of Arts, and was graduated in the Class of 1862. In his Junior year he began the work of teaching in addition to studying, and was thus engaged until 1864, and in 1864–65 was employed as a book-keeper. Then, his inclinations turning strongly toward the ministry, which for several years he had regarded as possibly his life work, he entered the Theological Seminary of the Reformed Church, at New Brunswick, New Jersey, and was there graduated in the Class of 1868. Pastoral work immediately followed. From 1868 to 1871 he was in charge of the Reformed Church at Richboro, Pennsylvania, and from 1871 to 1876 he was Pastor of the Old Bergen Reformed Church, in Jersey City, New Jersey. Dr. Amerman's career as a foreign missionary began in 1876, when he was sent to Japan under the auspices of the Board of Foreign Missions of the Reformed Church in America. His work in that country was of peculiar importance, and was most successfully performed, he serving as Theological Professor in the Meiji Gakuin at Tokio from 1877 to 1893. In the latter year he returned home, and was made Financial Secretary of the Board of Foreign Missions of the Reformed Church in America, becoming Assistant Treasurer later on, which position he still holds, with offices at No. 25 East 22nd Street, New York. While in Japan he was Treasurer of various benevolent organizations. He was President of the Board of Directors of the Meiji Gakuin, Tokio, and was Dean of its Theological Faculty in 1890–1891; and he was Vice-President of the Asiatic Society of Japan for seven years and President of it in 1888–1890. In this country he is a member of the Holland Society of New York, and a corresponding member of the American Society of Comparative Religion. He was married on October 12, 1870, to Rebecca Ely, who has borne him four children: Eleanor Belville, George Ely, Bessie Ely and James Donald Amerman. His home is at Bloomfield, New Jersey. Dr. Amerman received the degrees of Bachelor of Arts and Master of Arts from New York University in 1862 and 1865, respectively, and that of Doctor of Divinity from Rutgers College, New Brunswick, New Jersey, in 1885. His bibliography includes a "Memorial Sermon on Acton Cyril Price, Jersey City, New Jersey," 1875; "Sketch of Japan Mission of the Reformed Church of America," 1880; Translation into Japanese of Van Osterzee's "Biblical Theology of the New Testament," 1880, with a third edition in 1896; and seven tracts and volumes on Theology, 1883 to 1890, there having been several editions of some of these last.

CHAMBERLAIN, Dwight S., 1839–

Class of 1862 Med.

Born at Kent, Conn., 1839; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1862; ship's surgeon, 1863; in U. S. Army service, 1862-65; in charge of Soldiers' Home and Hospital, Syracuse, N. Y., 1865; in practice at Lyons, N. Y., 1865-68; studied law and admitted to Bar, 1874; engaged in legal practice and business pursuits since 1874.

DWIGHT S. CHAMBERLAIN, M.D., was born at Kent, Litchfield County, Connecticut, on February 22, 1839, in the same house in which his father and paternal grandfather had also



D. S. CHAMBERLAIN

been born. His great-grandfather was an officer in the Revolution and served for a time on Washington's staff. Dr. Chamberlain was educated at the Genesee Seminary and College at Lima, New York, and thence came to New York University for his professional instruction. He entered the University Medical College, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1862. Soon after he sailed for England as surgeon on a passenger vessel. In the summer of 1862 he returned to the United States and entered the service of the nation as an Assistant Surgeon of the One Hundred and Thirty-Eighth Regiment, New York Infantry Volunteers, afterward the Ninth New York Heavy Artillery. This regiment was part of the Second Brigade of the Third Division of the Sixth Army Corps, and during his service with it Dr. Chamberlain was in many engagements, including the battles of Monocacy Junction, Cold Harbor, Winchester, Cedar Creek, Fisher's Hill (Sheridan's famous Shenandoah campaign), the siege and capture of Petersburg and Richmond, and the final engagement at Saylor's Run, near Appomattox. He was promoted to be Major and Surgeon in February, 1865, and was honorably mustered out of the service with his regiment in July, 1865. He then settled at Syracuse, New York, for a few weeks and took charge of the Soldiers' Home and Hospital there, but was persuaded by some of his friends to remove to Lyons, New York. He began practice at the latter place on September 5, 1865, and remained there until the spring of 1868. At the latter time he began the study of law, and in 1874 was admitted to the Bar and began the practice of the legal profession. In the latter he has ever since been more or less engaged, being at the same time interested in various other business pursuits. He has been connected with the Lyons National Bank for many years, as Director, Vice-President, and President, which last-named office he now occupies. In conjunction with his father-in-law, the late D. W. Parshall, he has largely assisted in the promotion of numerous business enterprises. He and his wife are heavily interested in real estate at Lyons and in its vicinity. They own the principal business buildings of Lyons, including a beautiful edifice on William Street, erected as a memorial to Mr. Parshall. It is said they have in all one hundred tenants. They also own a number of farms, including the "Old Shaker Tract" of 1,600 acres, on Great Sodus Bay, thirteen miles from Lyons, one of the finest farms in that part of the State. Dr. Chamberlain is a member of the New York Commandery of the Loyal Legion, the Grand Army of the Republic, and other organizations, in all of which he takes an active and beneficent interest. He was married to Katharine M. Parshall on October 17, 1868, and has three children: Dwight P., Frederick W., and Grace S. Chamberlain. One of the sons is Vice-President of the Lyons National Bank, and the other looks after the real estate business and other matters. The daughter is the wife of John David, of Rochester, New York.

LORD, Matthias Lane, 1839–

Class of 1862 Med.

Born at Brighton, N. Y., 1839; studied in common school and at Wesleyan Seminary, Lima, N. Y.;

graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1862; practiced in Rochester, N. Y., until 1863; in army service until 1865; practiced at Fairport, N. Y., until 1868; Superintendent of Monroe County Asylum for Insane, Rochester, N. Y., until 1885; retired since 1885.

MATTHIAS LANE LORD, M.D., one of the veteran alumni of the University Medical School, was born at Brighton, New York, on April 16, 1839, the son of Nathaniel Anson and Huldah (Hurd) Simonds Lord. He was educated in the local public school and at Wesleyan Seminary at Lima, New York. Then, inclining toward

M. L. LORD

the medical profession, he entered the New York University Medical College, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in the spring of 1862. For the remainder of that year he practiced his profession at Rochester, New York, and then, in February, 1863, entered the service of the United States Army in the Civil War. From that date to June, 1865, he was connected with the Army of the Potomac, as Assistant Surgeon of the One Hundred and Fortieth New York Volunteers, and from July 1, 1864, to April 1, 1865, he was Surgeon-in-Chief of the Fourth Division of the Fifth Army Corps, in the hospital at City Point, Virginia. At the end of the war he returned to civil practice, and from August, 1865, to December, 1868, was settled at Fairport, New York. In 1867 he was Health Officer of the Town of Perinton. On December 1, 1868, Dr. Lord became Superintendent of the Monroe County Asylum for the Insane, at Rochester, New York, and filled that place until April 1, 1885, at which date he retired to private life and withdrew permanently from the practice of his profession. He is still a member of the Monroe County Medical Society, of which he was President in 1877. He has been married twice. His first wife, whom he married on December 31, 1864, was Charlotte Anna Rey. After her death he was again married on August 3, 1896, to Addie Elizabeth Forsaith. His address is No. 27 Oxford Street, Rochester, New York.

STRONG, Selah Woodhull, 1844-1884.

Class of 1862 Arts.

Born at Flatbush, N. Y., 1844; graduated A.B., New York University, 1862; New Brunswick Theological Seminary, 1862-65; pastor, Reformed Dutch Church, 1865-84; Vice-President General Synod of Reformed Dutch Church; died, 1884.

SELAH WOODHULL STRONG, A.B., was a son of the Rev. Dr. Thomas M. Strong and Elizabeth (Grier) Strong, and was born at Flatbush, now a part of New York City, on September 2, 1844. He entered New York University, was a member of Zeta Psi, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1862. He then became a student in the Theological Seminary of the Reformed Dutch Church at New Brunswick, New Jersey, and was graduated from that institution in 1865. Thereafter he was a minister of that church. His pastorates were at Rochester, Ulster County, New York, from 1865 to 1870, and at West Troy, New York, from 1870 to 1884. He was Stated Clerk of the Classis of Saratoga and the Particular Synod of Albany, Vice-President of the General Synod of the Reformed Dutch Church, member of the Board of Foreign Missions, and Primarius to the General Assembly of the United Presbyterian Church. He was married on January 17, 1866, to Eleanor H. Van Deusen, and died on November 6, 1884.

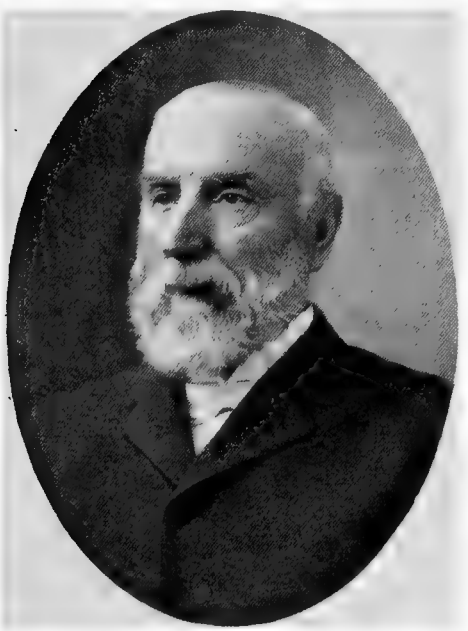
WARMAN, David, 1836–

Class of 1862 Med

Born at Franklin, N. J., 1836; studied in public schools and Belvidere Classical Academy; taught school for three years; studied at College of Physicians and Surgeons, Columbia University; graduated

M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1862; in practice, 1862-64; surgeon U. S. Army, 1864-65; in practice, Trenton, N. J., since 1865; member of Trenton Board of Education; Manager of New Jersey Children's Home Society.

DAVID WARMAN, M.D., son of Thomas and Elizabeth (Vroom) Warman, is of English ancestry on the paternal side, being descended from Sir Christopher Warman, Bart., of London, England. On the maternal side he is of Dutch descent, his first American ancestor having been Heinrich Vroom, who came from Holland in 1620, settled on



DAVID WARMAN

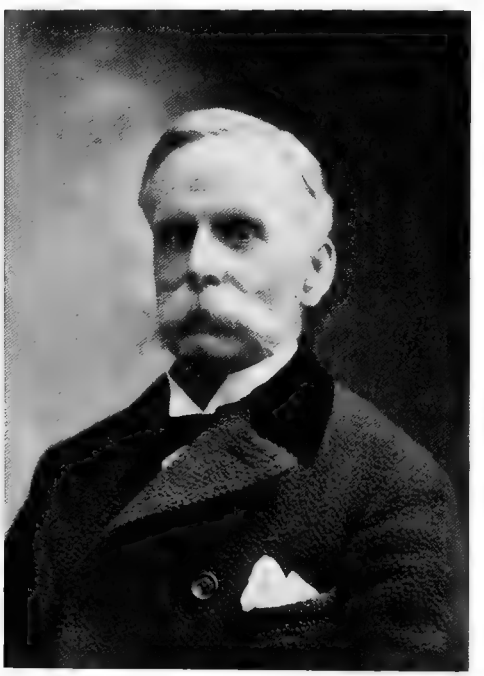
Long Island, and afterward removed to New Jersey, in which state the Vroom family has been conspicuous for many years. Dr. Warman was born on January 29, 1836, at Franklin, Warren County, New Jersey, and received his general education in the public schools and at the Belvidere Classical Academy, at Belvidere, in his native county. After leaving the academy he engaged in teaching for three years, in the public schools of New Jersey. Finally he began the study of medicine, at first at the College of Physicians and Surgeons — the Medical Department of Columbia University — and later at the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, then an independent institution of high rank, but now a part of New York University. From the latter he was graduated in 1862, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, and immediately thereafter he began the practice of his profession at Milford, in Hunterdon County, New Jersey. In the fall of 1862 he removed to Morrisville, Bucks County, Pennsylvania, opposite to the City of Trenton, New Jersey. There he remained until April, 1864, when he became a Contract Surgeon in the United States Army, and was assigned to duty in the Chesapeake Hospital, at Fortress Monroe, where he served until the end of the war. With the restoration of peace he returned to his practice and settled in Trenton, New Jersey, where he has ever since remained, conducting an extensive and successful general practice as physician and surgeon. He has always taken a lively interest in sanitary science and the promotion of the public health through sanitation. To that end he has been an earnest advocate of public and private bathing establishments. He has written much for the press upon the latter subject, in order to arouse or create a favorable public sentiment, and at present is President of the Trenton Turkish and Russian Bath Company, and expects to maintain extensive public and private baths. Dr. Warman is a Manager and Vice-President of the New Jersey Children's Home Society, a member of the State Charities Aid Society, and for many years President of its Mercer County branch, and a member of the Trenton Board of Education, the Mercer County District Medical Society, the Trenton Medical Association, the New Jersey State Medical Society, the New Jersey Sanitary Society, the Trenton Sanitary Association, the Trenton Board of Trade (Chairman of its Sanitary Committee since its organization), and other bodies. He served for a period of time as a United States Pension Examiner, and Secretary for New Jersey of the National Conference of Charities and Correction. He was the founder of the sewer system of Trenton, having publicly advocated it many years in advance of its adoption. He was always particularly active in church work. For forty-two years he was a member of the Presbyterian Church, serving as a Ruling Elder much of the time, and for many years a teacher and superintendent of Sabbath School work. He was married on March 25, 1862, to Rebecca Fair Love, daughter of Rev. Robert Love, of Harmony, Warren County, New Jersey, who has borne him seven children: Lizzie, Anna, Robert, Cora, Arthur, Richard and Wilbur Warman, four of whom are living. His address is Chestnut Avenue, corner of Tyler Street, Trenton, New Jersey.

ELLIOTT, William Saint George, 1838–

Class of 1863 Med.

Born in New York, 1838; studied under tutors, in private schools and at Columbia College Grammar School; served in U. S. Army as Lieutenant, Captain, and Major, 1861-62; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1863; Acting Inspector and Surgeon U. S. Volunteers; graduated in Dentistry, 1870; practiced in various foreign countries, 1870 to 1890; in practice in New York City since 1895.

WILLIAM SAINT GEORGE ELLIOTT, M.D., comes of Scotch-Irish ancestry. His father, Samuel McKenzie Elliott, a celebrated



W. ST. GEORGE ELLIOTT

oculist of New York for forty years, was born in Scotland, and his mother, whose maiden name was Letitia Irvin, belonged to a North of Ireland family. He was born on a farm in Forty-second Street, New York, on October 24, 1838, and was educated under tutors, in private schools and at Columbia College Grammar School. On leaving the last named institution, instead of proceeding to college he entered business life in the Novelty Iron Works in New York and later in the Perse & Brooks Paper Works. He entered the army as First Lieutenant of the Seventy-ninth Regiment of New York (Highlanders) of which his father was Lieutenant-Colonel. With this gallant and distinguished command he fought in some ten battles and was promoted successively to the grades of Captain, Major and Inspector-General. At the Battle of Chantilly, in 1862, he was seriously wounded and soon after was mustered out of the service for disability, with the rank of Major and Inspector-General. In 1863 he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the Medical College of New York University, having taken a two years' course before the war in the New York Medical College. A little later he re-entered the United States Army as Acting Assistant Surgeon. In 1864 he was promoted to be Assistant Surgeon and in the same year was made Surgeon in Charge of the Ninth Army Corps Hospital, where he served until the end of the war and was then honorably mustered out of the service. With the return of peace Dr. Elliott resumed professional life at Morristown, New Jersey, and in 1870 was graduated in Dentistry. He then went abroad and practiced his profession in Japan from 1870 to 1876; travelled with his wife and family through Japan, China and the Straits Settlements; practiced in Singapore; travelled through Penang, Ceylon, Egypt, India and Europe and reached England in 1876. He then resumed his professional travels and visited Panama, Equador, Peru, Chili, Patagonia, the Argentine Republic, Brazil and the West Indies. In 1879 he took up practice in London, England, with such success that he was enabled to retire in 1890. He returned with his family to the United States and in 1895 resumed practice in New York, where he still remains, his address being No. 573 Fifth Avenue. Dr. Elliott was a member of the original Union League Society of the United States. In politics he is an independent Republican. He was married to Annie R. Lee and has six children: Annie L., William Saint George, Richard Irvin, Mary Lee, McKenzie and Maud Elliott.

LUDLUM, Charles Henry, 1843–

Class of 1863 Arts, 1865 Med.

Born at Jamaica, N. Y., 1843; graduated A.B., New York University, 1863, and A.M., 1866; M.D., New York University Medical School, 1865; in hospital service, 1865-67; in private practice since 1867; President of Board of Education, Hempstead, N. Y.

CHARLES HENRY LUDLUM, A.M., M.D., is a son of Daniel and Judith (Smith) Ludlum, and was born at Jamaica, now a part of New York City, on February 21, 1843. His paternal ancestors came from England about the middle of the Eighteenth Century, and settled near Jamaica,

New York. Another branch of the Ludlum family came over about a century earlier, and is still settled at Oyster Bay, Long Island. Dr. Ludlum received his early education at the district school at Hollis, Long Island, for two years, at a private school at Jamaica for three years, and at the Union Hall Academy, at Jamaica, where he was prepared for college. He then entered New York University, where he won the Freshman Mathematical and Sophomore Greek and Mathematical prizes, was Latin Salutatorian at Commencement, and was elected to Phi Beta Kappa. He was graduated in

CHAS. H. LUDLUM

1863 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and in the following fall entered the Medical College of New York University, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1865. In 1866 his Alma Mater conferred upon him the degree of Master of Arts. The two years 1865–67 were spent as an Interne at the Charity and Bellevue hospitals, New York, and in 1867 he established himself in private practice in that city. In addition to his private work he was a Visiting Physician to the Northern Dispensary in 1868–74, and to the Out-door Department of Bellevue Hospital in 1867–74. In 1874 he removed to Boonton, New Jersey, and practiced there for four years, being meantime a member of the Boonton Board of Education. Finally, in 1878, he removed to Hempstead, New York, where he is still engaged in practice. He has been a member of the Hempstead Board of Education since 1888, and its President since 1890. At Boonton he was a member of the Morris County Medical Society, and since 1878 has been a member of the Queens County Medical Society. He is a Republican in politics, and is a member of and Elder in the Presbyterian Church. He was married on May 20, 1868, to Mary Jane White, and has five children living: Clinton White, Herbert Aymar, Walter Denton (N. Y. U., 1895), Marion Carter, and Alice Carrell Ludlum. His address is No. 145 Main Street, Hempstead, New York.

MARTIN, Daniel Strobel, 1842–

Class of 1863 Arts

Born in New York, 1842; graduated A.B., New York University, 1863, and A.M., 1866; Union Theological Seminary, 1863-66; School of Mines, Columbia, 1868; Professor of Greek and Latin, Rutgers Female College, 1867-68, and Professor of Geology, 1868-95; Regents' Examiner, 1882-87; Lecturer at Cooper Union, 1888-92; Professor in Presbyterian College for Women, Columbia, S. C., since 1895; author; Ph.D., University of State of New York, 1881.

DANIEL STROBEL MARTIN, A.M., Ph.D., is a son of Benjamin Nicholas Martin and Louisa Caroline (Strobel) Martin, his father having been that Professor Martin who was so much beloved by many classes of students at New York University and whose memory is precious to the alumni. He was born in New York City on June 30, 1842, and in 1859 was matriculated at New York University. There he won the Freshman Greek Prize, and was Junior orator, English Salutatorian at Commencement, and a member of Phi Beta Kappa. He was graduated in 1863 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and received that of Master of Arts from the University in 1866. From 1863 to 1866 he was a student in the Union Theological Seminary, and in 1868 in the School of Mines of Columbia College. He was Professor of Greek and Latin in the Rutgers Female College, in New York City, in 1867–68, and Professor of Geology and Allied Sciences in the same institution from 1868 to 1895. He was also a Regents' Examiner of law students in English branches in 1882–87. He has been engaged in geological instruction work at various times in the Cooper Union, New York Academy of Sciences, and Brooklyn Institute. Since 1895 he has in winters been Professor of Geology in

the Presbyterian College for Women at Columbia, South Carolina, spending his summers in the north in literary, scientific and missionary work. He received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy in 1881

D. S. MARTIN

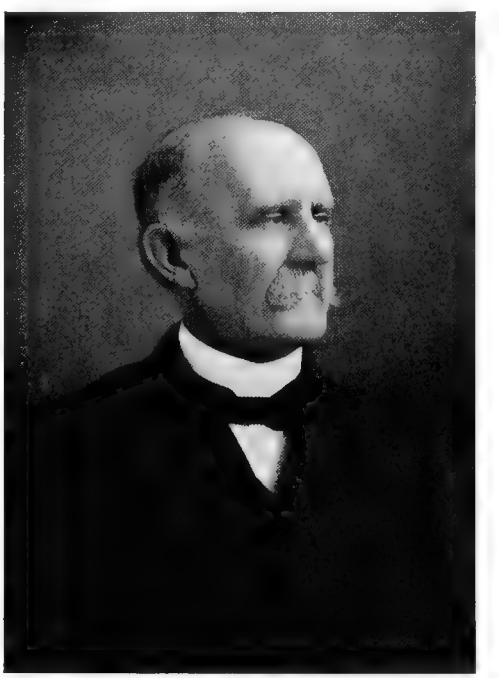
from the Regents of the University of the State of New York. He has published a geological map of the City of New York and its environs, and has written many magazine and review articles, etc. He spends his winters at Columbia, South Carolina, near the place where his first progenitors, on both sides, in America lived. The Martins and Strobels came to Carolina from Bavaria in the Eighteenth Century. Dr. Martin's grandfather, John Peter Martin, and his great-grandfather, Daniel Strobel, both fought for independence in South Carolina as officers in the Revolutionary War. In summer Dr. Martin lives at No. 756 Quincy Street, Brooklyn, New York, the Cuban Home Training School, a mission house for evangelical work among Spanish-Americans in Greater New York. He has long been deeply interested in the religious needs of Latin-America and is President of the Trustees of the above named institution.

MYERS, Rudolph, 1840–

Class of 1863 Med.

Born in Mifflin County, Pa., 1840; studied in public school and Shirleysburg Academy; studied medicine privately, and at Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1863; in practice since 1863.

RUDOLPH MYERS, M.D., was born near Lewistown, Mifflin County, Pennsylvania, on August 2, 1840, the son of Michael and Catherine (Holtzapple) Myers, and the great-grandson of ancestors who came from Germany and settled in Lebanon County, Pennsylvania. His early education was acquired in public schools, until he was sixteen years old, and at the Shirleysburg, Pennsylvania, Academy under the tuition of Professor J. B. Kidder. He began his medical studies under Dr. Robert Baird at Shirleysburg, was matriculated at the Jefferson Medical College, at Philadelphia, in 1860, and studied there, and finally entered Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, in 1862, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine on March 2, 1863. Since that date he has been continuously engaged in the practice of his profession. For two years he was at Three Springs, Huntingdon County, Pennsylvania. At the beginning of 1865 he moved to Burlington,



R. MYERS

Indiana. For four years he was in Keedyville, Maryland, for five years in Grafton, Huntingdon County, Pennsylvania, and since 1879 at Huntingdon, Pennsylvania, where he has served a term of three years

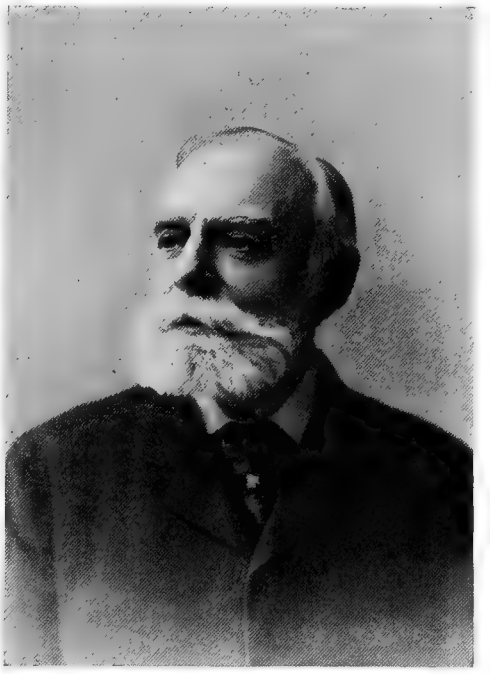
on the local school board. He is a member of the Huntingdon County Medical Society, and was its President for one year. He is also a member of the Medical Society of the State of Pennsylvania, and of the American Medical Association. In politics he is a Republican. He has written and read before the Huntingdon County Medical Society papers on "Puerperal Fever," "Dyspepsia, with Some of Its Sequelae," and "Appendicitis." He was married on September 22, 1864, to Mary A. Lovell, of Shirleysburg, Pennsylvania, and has had five children: Ethelda Alleyne, deceased; Ida May, deceased; Alice Gertrude, now Mrs. E. P. Jones; Lena Lovell, and Ernest Roland Myers, the last named a practicing physician. His address is Huntingdon, Pennsylvania.

PLYMPTON, Gilbert Motier, 1835–

Class of 1863 Law.

Born in New York, 1835; educated under tutors, and a student for a time at Theodore Sedgwick's School, New York; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1863; in legal practice, 1863-89; one of the founders of and a member of banking house of Redmond, Kerr & Co. since 1892.

GILBERT MOTIER PLYMPTON, lawyer and banker, is a son of Joseph and Eliza Matilda (Livingston) Plympton, and was born at Fort Wood, on Bedlow's Island, New York Harbor, on January 15, 1835. His father was an officer of the United States Army, who served in the War of 1812 as Lieutenant, in the Seminole War as Major, and in the Mexican War as Lieutenant-Colonel, with a brevet as Colonel for gallantry at Cerro Gordo. Mr. Plympton's education was begun at Fort Snelling, Minnesota, under the Post Chaplain, and was continued in a private school at Sackett's Harbor, New York. Later he was a student in Theodore Sedgwick's School in New York City preparatory to entering West Point. This he abandoned and read law with McKinstry and Lovell, New York City, and was admitted to the Bar in 1860, but still further to perfect himself in his profession he entered the Law School of New York University and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1863. Thereafter he was engaged in practice, largely in the Federal courts, and was counsel in many important litigations until 1889, when, finding his health impaired by the strain of professional work, he retired from practice. In 1892 he furnished the capital and organized, with his present partners, the banking house of Redmond, Kerr & Co., of New York, with branches in other cities, and has since devoted himself largely to its affairs. He is a director in various corporations. He was one of the founders of and Vice-President of the St. Nicholas Club, of New York, and he is a member of the Union, Metropolitan, Riding, Westchester Country, New York and Larchmont Yacht clubs, the Sons of the Revolution, the Society of Colonial Wars, the St. Andrew's Society, the Metropolitan Museum of Art, the American Museum of Natural History, the Chamber of Commerce of the State of New York, and the St. Nicholas, New York Historical, Zoölogical, Botanical, American Historical, and other societies. He is the author of numerous pamphlets and articles in periodicals. He was married in 1863 to Mary A. Stevens, daughter of Linus W. Stevens, a merchant of New York and first Colonel of the famous New York Seventh Regiment. They have one child living, Mary Livingston Plympton.



G. M. PLYMPTON

STEDMAN, Joseph, 1835-98.

Class of 1863 Med.

Born at Medfield, Mass., 1835; studied in grammar and high schools, Medfield, and Lawrence Academy, Groton, Mass.; graduated C.E., Military Academy, Norwich, Vermont, 1859; studied at Dartmouth; left

college to serve in Civil War, 1861, Lieut.-Col. 42nd Mass. Vols., 1862; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1863; Trustee of Jamaica Plain Dispensary; practiced in Boston, 1863-98; died at Watkins Glen, N. Y., 1898.

JOSEPH STEDMAN, C.E., M.D., a veteran of the Civil War and for many years a distinguished physician of Boston, was born at Medfield, Massachusetts, on October 13, 1835, the son of Cyrus and Mary (Jordan) Stedman. He was descended from John Stedman, one of the eleven children of Thomas Stedman, the latter being one of the four children of Isaac Stedman, the pioneer of the family in America. Isaac Stedman came from London, England, in 1635 and settled at Scituate, near Boston, Massachusetts. He sold his farm at Scituate in 1650 and removed to Muddy River, now Brookline, where he died in 1678. Dr. Stedman, the subject of the present sketch, received a careful education in the grammar and high schools of Medfield, and at the Lawrence Academy at Groton, Massachusetts. Thence he proceeded to the Military Academy at Norwich, Vermont, and was graduated therefrom with the degree of Civil Engineer in 1859. In the fall of 1859 he entered Dartmouth College, intending to pursue its full course, but left it to enter the army at the outbreak of the Civil War in 1861. He was successively, in 1861, Captain of a company in the Sixth Massachusetts Volunteers and in the Forty-Second Massachusetts Volunteers, and in 1862 Lieutenant-Colonel of the Forty-Second Massachusetts Volunteers. In the latter year he returned to civil life and to his studies, entering the Medical College of New York University. He was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1863, and at once began, at Jamaica Plain, Boston, Massachusetts, the practice of his profession in which he continued until the end of his life. He was a member of the Massachusetts Medical Society, the Norfolk District Medical Society, the Society for Medical Improvement, the Boston Obstetrical Society, the Loyal Legion, the Eliot Club of Jamaica Plain, and the Royal Arcanum. He was a Trustee of the Jamaica Plain Dispensary, and in politics was a life-long Republican. He was married on October 1, 1862, to Margaret Annette Stevens, and had four children: Annie Chapin, Joseph Cyrus, M.D., Mary Stedman (Cooke), and Edward Heminway Stedman. Dr. Stedman's active professional career extended from March, 1863, to May 16, 1898, on which latter date he died, at Watkins Glen, New York.

STOKES, James.

Class of 1863 Arts, 1865 Law.

Born in New York; graduated A.B., New York University, 1863, and LL.B., New York University Law School, 1865; travelled in America, Europe, Asia and Africa; banker; director of various business corporations; philanthropist.

JAMES STOKES, A.B., LL.B., comes of a family long conspicuous in the United States in business, philanthropy, and public affairs generally. His ancestor, Thomas Stokes, a retired London merchant of wealth, came to New York in 1798. In London he had been a founder of the London Missionary Society and had been associated with Robert Raikes in the Sunday School movement, and on settling in New York he similarly interested himself in religious and philanthropic work as a founder of the American Bible Society, the American Tract Society, etc. To him and his wife, Elizabeth Ann (Boulter) Stokes, was born a son, James Stokes, who for about half a century was one of the foremost merchants and bankers of New York, and was like his father conspicuous in benevolent enterprises. He married Caroline Phelps, daughter of Anson Greene Phelps, a prominent merchant and philanthropist of New York and Founder of the City of Ansonia, Connecticut, and a descendant of George Phelps, one of the founders of Boston, and of three early colonial Governors, Thomas Dudley, John Haynes, and George Wyllys. James Stokes, the subject of the present sketch, is a son of James and Caroline (Phelps) Stokes, and was born in New York City. He entered New York University in 1859, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1863. Two years later he was graduated from the New York University Law School with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. Instead of practicing his profession, however, he devoted some time to travel in America, Europe, Palestine and Egypt, and then, on returning to New York, engaged in the business of a banker. He is also a director in a number of financial and manufacturing corporations. He maintains the family interest in religious and philanthropic work, having been a Director and Trustee of the Young Men's Christian Association, an organizer and officer of the Palestine Exploration Society, and a member of the New York Historical, Genealogical and Geographical societies. Mr. Stokes was married on November 22, 1882, to Grace Hartley, daughter of Marcellus Hartley of New York, and has two children: Emma Hartley and Marcellus Hartley Stokes. His home is No. 68 Park Avenue, New York.

BLAUVELT, Cornelius Ryckman, 1843–

Class of 1864 Arts.

Born in New York, 1843; graduated A.B., New York University, 1864; Princeton Theological Seminary, 1864-66; Union Theological Seminary, 1866-67; minister Reformed Dutch Church since 1868; Assistant Editor "Christian Intelligencer," 1877-80; A.M. 1871, and Ph.D., 1891, New York University; author and editorial writer.

CORNELIUS RYCKMAN BLAUVELT, A.M., PH.D., son of David T. and Adeliza (Williams) Blauvelt, of Dutch stock, was born in New York City on May 6, 1843. In New York University he was a member of Psi Upsilon and Phi Beta Kappa, President of Eucleian, of the Young Men's Christian Association and of his class, Junior orator, and English Salutatorian at Commencement. He was graduated in 1864 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, to which the University added those of Master of Arts in 1871 and Doctor of Philosophy in 1891. He studied in the Princeton Theological Seminary in 1864–66, and in Union Theological Seminary in 1866–67, and in 1868 was ordained a minister of the Reformed Dutch Church. He was a pastor at East New York, Long Island, in 1868–74, in Newark, New Jersey, in 1874–77, and at Hyde Park, New York, in 1880–83. In 1877–80 he was an Assistant Editor of "The Christian Intelligencer." He has been Secretary of the American Society of Comparative Religion. He is the author of "The Spencerian Theory of the Religion of Israel" and of "Theosophy and Christianity Irreconcilable" ("Homiletic Review," May, 1895), and has contributed many editorials, reviews and other articles to "The Christian Intelligencer" and other periodicals. On April 16, 1868, he was married to Aurelia Sage, daughter of George E. Sage, and had two children: Addie Aurelia and Mary Sage. His home is at Nyack, New York.

CORNELIUS R. BLAUVELT

CORNELL, George Boardman, 1833–

Class of 1864 Med.

Born at Edgartown, Mass., 1833; studied in common schools; employed in mercantile pursuits; studied at Madison, now Colgate, University; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1864; since then steadily engaged in medical practice; since 1888 in Brooklyn, New York.

GEORGE BOARDMAN CORNELL, M.D., was born at the quaint old town of Edgartown, Massachusetts, on the Island of Martha's Vineyard, on April 24, 1833. He is the son of Gardner Thurston Cornell, and a direct descendant of Thomas Cornell, the first of the family in America, who came from Essex, England, and arrived in Boston about 1638. Dr. Cornell's mother was, before her marriage, Mary Coffin, a member of the well-known Coffin family which for many generations has been prominent on the Island of Nantucket. She was in the seventh generation from Tristram Coffin, of Nantucket, the progenitor of the entire Coffin family of the United States. Dr. Cornell's father served, at the early age of twelve years, in the Revolutionary War, in the fort at Newport, Rhode Island. George Boardman Cornell began his education in the common schools of his native village. At the age of seventeen he entered business life as a clerk and afterward salesman in the mercantile house of D. M. Knight & Company, now Calhoun, Robbins & Company, of New York. There he served for seven years. His desire for higher education and for a professional career proved stronger, however, than his business interests, and he left the counting-room for college. A two years' course was pursued with profit at Madison, now Colgate, University, and then, in 1861, he entered the Medical College of New York University. There he was graduated with a Doctor's degree in 1864, and he at once began the practice of his chosen profession. The first two years were spent in New York. Then he accepted a medical contract for practice at

Inagua, in the West Indies. Later he practiced in Santo Domingo, where he familiarized himself with the treatment of yellow fever and other tropical diseases. On his return to the United States he

GEORGE B. CORNELL

established himself on Jersey City Heights, Jersey City, New Jersey, and there conducted a highly successful practice for sixteen years. Thence, for the sake of rest and quiet, he removed for a time to Martha's Vineyard, but after two and a half years there, in 1888, he settled in Brooklyn, New York, where he still remains in practice. Dr. Cornell was led by Divine Providence, in 1855, while he was engaged in his business career in New York, to join with another young man named Dean in the establishment of a noonday prayer-meeting for business men. He was thus the founder of the now famous Noonday Prayer Meeting in the Old Dutch Church on Fulton Street, New York, a meeting which has been daily maintained to the present time and has long been well known all over the Christian world. Dr. Cornell was educated in medicine in the "old school," or Allopathy. After practicing it for about seven years he was moved to investigate the "new school," or Homeopathy, with the result that in 1871 he avowed himself a disciple of Hahnemann, whose system of medical treatment he has chiefly followed since that date. He has had great success in his professional work, especially in the treatment of typhoid and other fevers, and in such success realizes an ample reward for his investigations and partial departure from the teachings of his revered Alma Mater. He was married in 1865 to Millie Josephine Overton, a daughter of Gilbert D. Overton, the organizer of the system of Custom House Brokerage in New York, and step-daughter of Cyrus Ramsay, M.D., for ten years Registrar of Records in New York. The children of Dr. and Mrs. Cornell now living are: Albert Boardman Cornell, of Chicago, Illinois, Theodore Sterling Cornell, of Brooklyn, New York, and Etelka Josephine Cornell of Brooklyn. Dr. Cornell's address is Brooklyn, New York.

FINCH, Richard L'Hommedieu, 1842–

Class of 1864 Law.

Born in Cincinnati, Ohio, 1842; studied in private and public schools of New York; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1864; in practice in New York since 1864; Director of Bank of Staten Island; Trustee of Richmond County Savings Bank.

RICHARD L'HOMMEDIEU FINCH, son of William and Frances Mary (Young) Finch, and a descendant of some of the earliest settlers of

RICHD. L'H. FINCH

Connecticut, was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, on July 4, 1842. His boyhood was spent in New York City, where he was educated in private schools, and in the celebrated Grammar School No. 35, in

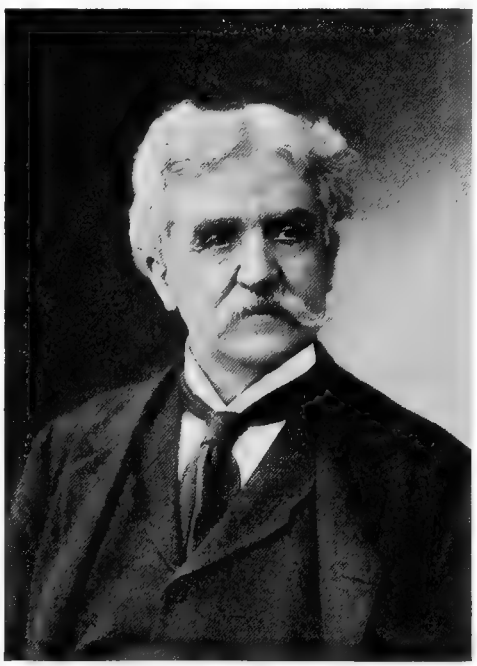
Thirteenth Street. Thence he went to the Law School of New York University, and was graduated therefrom with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in March, 1864. Since the latter date he has been in active practice of his profession in New York City and on Staten Island. He has also been prominent in public and business affairs on Staten Island. He was Counsel to the Village of New Brighton, and to the Board of Assessors of Richmond County, for several years prior to the consolidation of the island with New York City. He is and has for some time been a Director of and Counsel to the Bank of Staten Island, and a Trustee of and Counsel to the Richmond County Savings Bank. He is a member of the Thomas Hunter Association of Grammar School No. 35, and of the New York University Law School Alumni Association. He was married on August 29, 1870, to Hannah B. W. Cook, who died on October 27, 1897, leaving one child, William Young Finch, M.D., of Brooklyn, New York, a graduate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of New York. Mr. Finch was again married on June 25, 1901, to Mary H. Field Lindsay. His home is at New Brighton, Borough of Richmond, and his office is in the Borough of Manhattan, New York.

JENKS, Edward Watrous, 1833–

Class of 1864 Med.

Born at Victor, N. Y., 1833; studied in common schools and in LaGrange Collegiate Institute, Ind.; New York University Medical College, 1852-53; graduated M.D., Castleton Medical College, Vt., 1855, and Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1864; LL.D. Albion College, Michigan, 1879; Founder and President of Detroit Medical College; Professor in various medical colleges; writer on medical and surgical topics; State Commissioner of Charities and Corrections, Michigan, since 1895.

EDWARD WATROUS JENKS, M.D., LL.D., Founder of the Detroit, Michigan, Medical College and Commissioner of Corrections and Charities of the State of Michigan, is a direct descendant of Joseph Jencks, Colonial Governor of Rhode Island in 1727–32, and is a son of Nathan and Jane (Bushell) Jenks. He was born at Victor, New York, on March 31, 1833, and had his early education in the common schools. From 1846 to 1850 he pursued a classical course in the LaGrange (Indiana) Collegiate Institute, and soon afterward turned his attention toward the profession which he has now for nearly half a century greatly adorned. He was a student in the Medical College of New York University in 1852–53, and was the private pupil of Dr. William Darling and was also in the office of Dr. James R. Wood. It was his intention to return to New York and be graduated from the University in 1855, but during a visit to New England he was persuaded by friends to remain there and complete his course at the Castleton (Vermont) Medical College. This he did, receiving his degree of Doctor of Medicine from that institution in 1855. He then returned to New York, to complete his course in the University Medical College, but fell ill and was compelled to change his plans. Instead of



EDWD. W. JENKS

re-entering the University he went to Ontario, LaGrange County, Indiana, and there practiced his profession until 1863. Then, realizing the desirability of further study, he once more returned to New York, and followed his old friend and preceptor, Dr. James R. Wood, into the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which has now become a part of New York University. From that institution he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1864, and he then established himself in practice in the City of Detroit, Michigan, where he has since remained and where he has had a distinguished career. He was the Founder and President of the Detroit Medical College, and was its Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women from 1868 to 1879. He

filled a similar Professorship in Bowdoin College, Maine, in 1871–75, and was Professor of Gynecology in the Chicago Medical College in 1879–82. He is the author of numerous writings on professional topics. In 1895 he was appointed Commissioner of the State Board of Corrections and Charities for the State of Michigan, and still fills that place, being now in his second term of office. He is a Fellow (and Founder) of the American Gynecological Society, a Fellow of the London, England, Obstetrical Society, a Fellow (and Founder) of the Detroit Academy of Medicine and formerly was its President, an honorary member of the Maine Medical Association, of the Ohio State Medical Society, of the Cincinnati Obstetrical Society and of other organizations, and a member of the American Medical Association, of the Michigan State Medical Society (and formerly its President), of the American Social Science Association, associate member of the National Institute of Art, Science and Letters, Honorary Vice-President of the National Prison Association, and a member of various other professional societies. He is also a member of the Detroit Club, one of the leading social organizations of that city. In politics he is a Republican. In recognition of his attainments and achievements, Albion College, Michigan, gave him in 1879 the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws. Doctor Jenks was married in 1859 to Julia L. Darling, of Warsaw, New York, who died childless in 1866. In November, 1867, he was again married to Sarah Reed Joy, eldest daughter of the late Hon. James F. Joy, of Detroit, who died in September, 1900, leaving him two children: Dr. Nathan and Martha Reed Jenks. His home is at No. 84 Lafayette Avenue, Detroit, Michigan.

MATSON, Nathaniel, 1839–

Class of 1864 Med.

Born at Schodack Landing, N. Y., 1839; studied at Schodack Academy, Kinderhook Academy, and Williston Seminary; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1864; surgeon in U. S. Army, 1864-5; in practice in Brooklyn, N. Y., since 1866.

NATHANIEL MATSON, M. D., son of Stephen J. and Esther (Van Bergen) Matson, was born at Schodack Landing, Rensselaer County, New York, on March 6, 1839, and comes of English and Dutch ancestry. He is descended from Thomas Matson, who came from England to Boston among the early colonists, and was gunsmith to the ship which brought to America John Winthrop, first Governor of Massachusetts. On the maternal side it is recorded that the first of the Van Bergens in this country received from the government of Holland a grant of land in Greene County, New York. Dr. Matson attended in his boyhood the Schodack Academy, until he was about twelve years old, and then for a year the Kinderhook Academy. For three years thereafter he was a student at Williston Seminary, at East Hampton, Massachusetts, pursuing a scientific course and preparing himself for his professional studies. The latter were pursued in the New York University Medical College, from which he was graduated with

NATHANIEL MATSON

the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1864. Immediately upon receiving his diploma he was appointed Assistant Surgeon of the First Connecticut Artillery Regiment. That regiment was at that time in garrison in the forts around Washington, District of Columbia, but it presently went to the front, and Dr. Matson accompanied it to the James River and was under General Butler at Bermuda Hundred until General Grant crossed the river. He remained in that service until September, 1865, when he was honorably mustered out, at Hartford, Connecticut. In May, 1866, he began the regular practice of his profession in the City of Brooklyn, New York, and has remained therein ever since. He is a member of the Brooklyn Medical Society,

the Kings County Medical Society, the Kings County Medical Association, the New York State Medical Association, the Grand Army of the Republic, the Masonic Order, the Veteran Masons' Association, and the Invincible Club. He was married to Anna Glover, of Brooklyn, in 1872, and has had four children: Esther, Clarine, Nathalie, and Irving Glover Matson, the last named dying in infancy. His address is No. 415 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn, New York.

THORN, Samuel Springate, 1831–

Class of 1854 Med.

Born at Utica, N. Y., 1831; studied in Utica Academy and Utica French Academy; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1854; pursued post-graduate courses in hospitals, 1854-56; in medical and surgical practice since 1855; Railway Surgeon; Army Surgeon in Civil War; Dean of Faculty, Toledo School of Medicine; Dean and Professor of Surgery, Northwestern Medical College; editor and author.

SAMUEL SPRINGATE THORN, M.D., an eminent physician and surgeon of Toledo, Ohio, is a son of Stephen and Mary Ann (Bennett) Thorn, his ancestry being English, though on the paternal side remotely from Holland. He was born at Utica, Oneida County, New York, on September 22, 1831, and received his general education in two local institutions, the Utica Academy and the Utica French Academy. He also began the study of medicine in Utica. Thence he came to New York University in the fall of 1849, and attended lectures in the old Medical College at No. 659 Broadway. He was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine on March 8, 1854, and for two years thereafter pursued post-graduate studies in Bellevue Hospital, the New York Hospital, the Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital, and elsewhere. He began work in 1855 as a Medical Examiner for the New York Life Insurance Company, and from that time to the present has been thus engaged, being examiner for about a score of companies. In the same year he began work also as a Railway Surgeon, and has continued in that service until the present time, being now one of the oldest Railway Surgeons in the United States in point of service. He is or has been a surgeon on the New York Central, the Toledo, Ann Arbor & Michigan, the Toledo, Waldhoning & Ohio, the Michigan Central, and the Toledo & Ohio Central railroads, and Chief Surgeon to the Toledo, St. Louis & Western, Cincinnati, Jackson & Mackinaw, and Wheeling & Lake Erie railroads. His other services include being Coroner of Lucas County, Ohio; Major-Surgeon of the One Hundred and Thirtieth Regiment, Ohio Volunteer Infantry, in the Civil War; Dean of the Faculty and Professor of Surgery of the Toledo, Ohio, School of Medicine and of the Northwestern Medical College, Toledo; Surgeon of the Toledo Hospital, and of St. Vincent's Hospital, Toledo; United States Pension Examining Surgeon for twenty-two years; Associate Editor for a number of years of "The Toledo Medical and Surgical Journal;" and author of numerous papers on professional topics. Dr. Thorn

SAML. S. THORN

has long been intimately identified with many professional organizations. He joined the American Medical Association in 1855 at Detroit, being a delegate from the Milwaukee Medical Society. He was President of the Milwaukee Medical Association in 1857. In that year he went to Lockport, New York, and became President of the Lockport Medical Society. In 1860 he removed to Toledo, Ohio, and soon afterward joined the Ohio State Medical Society, and the Toledo Medical Society, and was President of the latter for the four years 1866–69. He was also for a year President of the Northwestern Ohio Medical Society. He is a member of the Mississippi Valley Medical Society, the Tri-State Medical Society, and others.

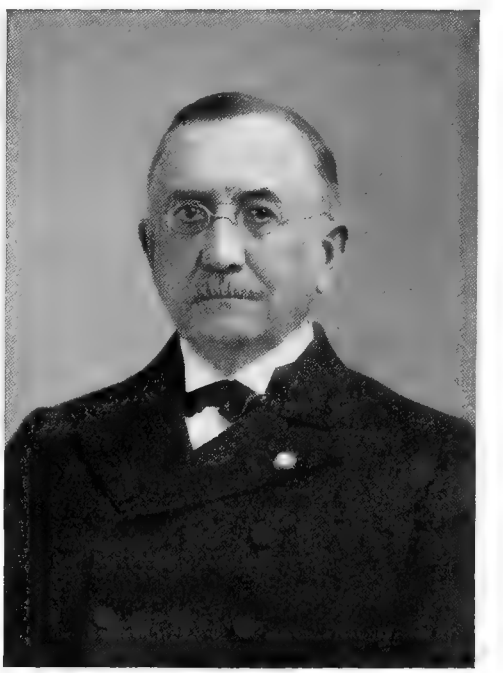
He was the original organizer of the International Association of Railway Surgeons, and was President of its Executive Committee for several years, and also for a time President of the Association. In politics he was at first an Old Line Whig, but has been a Republican ever since the organization of that party. He was married on October 15, 1856, at Lockport, New York, to Fannie Peckham, daughter of the late Peleg B. Peckham, of Utica, New York, and has had six children: Walter H., Mary Elsie, George Leeds, Anna Louise, Laura, and Alice Margaret Thorn, of whom the last named three are living. After so long and active a career Dr. Thorn is still practicing his profession with assiduity and high success in Toledo, Ohio.

ACKER, Thomas Jefferson, 1837–

Class of 1865 Med.

Born at Sing Sing, N. Y., 1837; studied in public and private schools and Claverack College; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1865; in practice since 1865.

THOMAS JEFFERSON ACKER, M.D., who was born at Sing Sing, New York, on July 27, 1837, is a son of John Banker Acker and Jane Maria (Tompkins) Acker. The Ackers were among the early Dutch settlers of Long Island and New York, this particular branch of the family being descended from Wolfert Acker, who came from Holland in the Seventeenth Century and settled first at Flatbush, Long Island, and afterward removed to Westchester County and built the house which has long been famous as "Sunnyside," the home of Washington Irving. Wolfert Acker's name is immortalized in Irving's sketch of "Wolfert's Roost." Various members of the Acker family served in the Revolutionary Army. On the maternal side Dr. Acker is descended from the Tompkins family, which came from England in early colonial times and settled at Plymouth and Concord, Massachusetts, Fairfield, Connecticut, and in Westchester County, New York, one of its members being Daniel D. Tompkins, Governor of the State of New York. Thomas Jefferson Acker was educated at public and private schools at Sing Sing, New York, and at Claverack College and Hudson River Institute, at Claverack, New York. After studying medicine privately with Dr. George J. Fisher, at Sing Sing, he entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which has since been incorporated with New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1865. On April 10th of that year he began the practice of his profession, and is still engaged therein. For two years he was settled at Pine's Bridge, Westchester County, New York, and in February, 1867, removed to Croton-on-Hudson, in the same county, where he has ever since remained. He has won a wide reputation as a highly successful general practitioner, and is an esteemed and influential member of the community. His essays on "Diphtheria" and "Animal Products Used as Medicines" have been printed in the "Transactions" of the New York State Medical Association. He is a Fellow of the New York State Medical Association, permanent member of the American Medical Association, honorary member of the New York State Association of Railway Surgeons, and a member of the Westchester County Medical Association, the Improved Order of Red Men, and the Order of Foresters. For forty years he has been a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church, was a Trustee of the church at Croton-on-Hudson in 1872–76 and 1894–96, was a member of the Building Committee that erected the church building, and is now President of the Epworth League of that church. Dr. Acker was married on May 10, 1866, to Frederica Mason, and has one daughter, Ella May Acker, born on November 24, 1883. His address is Croton-on-Hudson, New York.



T. J. ACKER

BAYLISS, Benjamin Holmes, 1842-1897.

Class of 1865 Arts.

Born in Rochester, N. Y., 1842; soldier in Civil War, 1862; graduated A.B., New York University, 1865, and A.M., 1866; journalist, 1865-70; lawyer; President Brooklyn Sunday School Union, 1877-82; Trustee and Vice-President Berkeley Institute, Brooklyn, 1886-97; died, March 7, 1897.

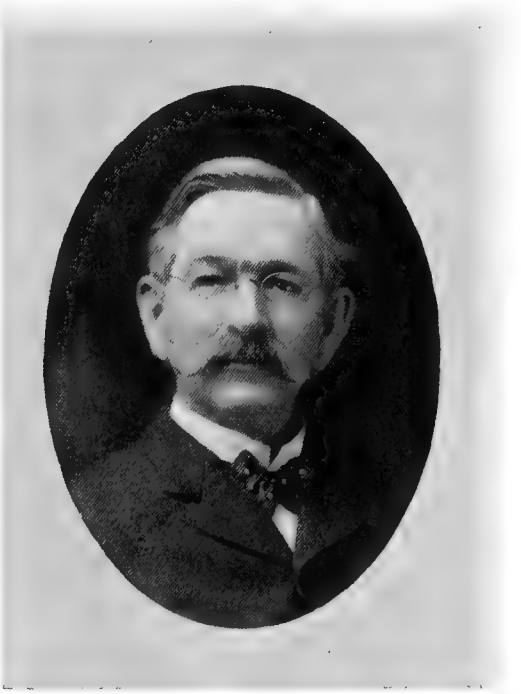
BENJAMIN HOLMES BAYLISS, A.M., an honored alumnus of New York University and a conspicuous member of the Psi Upsilon Fraternity, was the son of Samuel and Sarah (Bishop) Bayliss, and was born in Rochester, New York, on July 22, 1842. In New York University he was prominent as a member of Psi Upsilon, President of Eucleian, President of his class, and Eucleian Junior orator. His college life was interrupted by a term of service as a member of the Thirteenth Regiment, National Guard of New York, at Suffolk, Virginia. In 1865 he was graduated from the University with the degree of Bachelor of Arts and for five years thereafter he was engaged in journalistic work. In 1870 he began the practice of the law, and attained great success and honorable distinction in that profession. He was a member of the Psi Upsilon Club of New York, and one of the most earnest and efficient supporters of that fraternity. He was a member and officer of the Memorial Presbyterian Church in Brooklyn, President of the Brooklyn Sunday School Union in 1877–82, and a Trustee and Vice-President of the Berkeley Institute, Brooklyn, from 1886 to the end of his life. Mr. Bayliss was married on October 6, 1868, to Ellen P. Birdseye, who bore him five children: Lucien Samuel, Harold Holmes, Ernest Birdseye, Donald, and Katherine Bayliss. He died in Brooklyn on March 7, 1897. His sons, Lucien S. and Harold H. Bayliss, are alumni of New York University and members of Psi Upsilon, and the former has been a member of the New York State Legislature.

CARRIER, Albert E., 1841–

Class of 1865 Med.

Born at Cape Vincent, N. Y., 1841; studied in public schools and Gouverneur, N. Y., Seminary; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1865; began practice in 1865; Demonstrator in Detroit, Mich., College of Medicine, 1880-82, and Professor since 1882; writer on medical topics.

ALBERT E. CARRIER, M.D., Professor of Dermatology and Clinical Medicine in the Detroit, Michigan, College of Medicine, was born at Cape Vincent, Jefferson County, New York, on May 16, 1841, the son of Augustus and Frances Murilla (Ainsworth) Carrier. His ancestors came from England, and several of them served in the Revolutionary Army and in the War of 1812. His paternal grandfather was a Collector of Customs for twelve years in the northern district of New York State. Dr. Carrier studied in the public schools of Detroit, Michigan, and at Gouverneur Seminary, Gouverneur, New York. In 1862 he entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1865. He immediately began the practice of his profession in Detroit, Michigan, but was soon compelled to suspend it on account of poor health. He then engaged in lumbering in Michigan, Ohio, Indiana, and Canada for three years, and again undertook medical practice, in Detroit. Again his health failed, and he relinquished his practice and opened a drug store at Batavia, Illinois, which he conducted for three years. At the end of that time he returned to Detroit and resumed medical work, in which he has ever since been engaged. In 1880 he was appointed Demonstrator of Anatomy in the Detroit College of Medicine. He was made Professor of Anatomy in 1882, and Professor of Anatomy and Dermatology in 1883. Since 1892 he has



ALBERT E. CARRIER

been Professor of Dermatology and Clinical Medicine. In 1886 he was appointed Visiting Physician to Harper Hospital, but resigned the place in 1888 since which time he has been Dermatologist to that hospital and also to St. Mary's Hospital and to the Woman's Hospital and Infant's Home. He was Coroner of Wayne County, Michigan, in 1882–83, President of the Detroit Medical and Library Association in 1890, Vice-President of the Wayne County Medical Society in 1898–99, and Vice-President of the Michigan State Medical Society in 1891. Beside the organizations already mentioned he belongs to the American Medical Association, the Fellowcraft Club of Detroit and the Masonic Order. His writings include, "The Therapeutics of Cutaneous Diseases," in "The Medical News"; "Eczema: Its Treatment," in "The Ann Arbor Register"; "Pigmentation Following the Use of Arsenic," in "The Medical News"; "Erysipelas and Its Treatment," in "The Physician and Surgeon"; "Recurring Exfoliative Dermatitis," "Bald Heads," and "Management of Eczema in Children," read before the Michigan State Medical Society. He was married on January 3, 1866, to Irene Scott Hibbard, and has had five children, of whom two, Augustus and Irene Carrier, are now living. His address is Suite 423, Stevens Building, corner Washington and Grand River avenues, Detroit, Michigan.

CAVARLY, John Folks, 1845-1890.

Class of 1865 Arts.

Born in New York, 1845; graduated A.B., New York University, 1865; Instructor, Flushing Institute, 1865-70; chemist, 1870-89; in insurance business, 1889-90; died, 1890.

JOHN FOLKS CAVARLY, A.B., was born in New York City in 1845, the son of John Philip Cavarly and Alice (Van Schaick) Cavarly. In New York University he won the Freshman Latin and Mathematical prizes and the Sophomore Mathematical Prize, and was a Junior orator and Valedictorian of his class at Commencement. He was a member of Zeta Psi. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1865, and for the next five years was Instructor in Mathematics and Natural Sciences in the Flushing Institute, at Flushing, New York. Thereafter he was engaged as a chemist in chemical works in Long Island City, New York, until 1889. In 1889–90 he was associated with the Queens Insurance Company in New York City. He was married in 1883 to Mary Vincent, and died on October 22, 1890, at Tremont, New York.

DOWNEY, William Stewart, 1840–

Class of 1865 Med.

Born in Canada, 1840; educated in public schools and under tutor; graduated A.B., Victoria University, Canada, 1862, M.D., 1865, A.M., 1866; M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1865, and Toronto University, 1890; in practice since 1865; Army Surgeon and School Trustee in Canada.

WILLIAM STEWART DOWNEY, A.M., M.D., son of Robert and Frances (Stewart) Downey, both of whom were born in County

W. S. DOWNEY

Fermanagh, Ireland, was born in Simcoe County, Ontario, Canada, on March 17, 1840. He attended public schools, and studied under a private tutor, the Rev. Arthur Hill, A.B. (Oxford). He was graduated from Victoria University, Cobourg, Canada, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1862, and received from the institution the degrees of Doctor of Medicine in 1865 and Master of Arts in 1866. He was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, in 1865, and received the same degree from Toronto University in 1890. He is a licen-

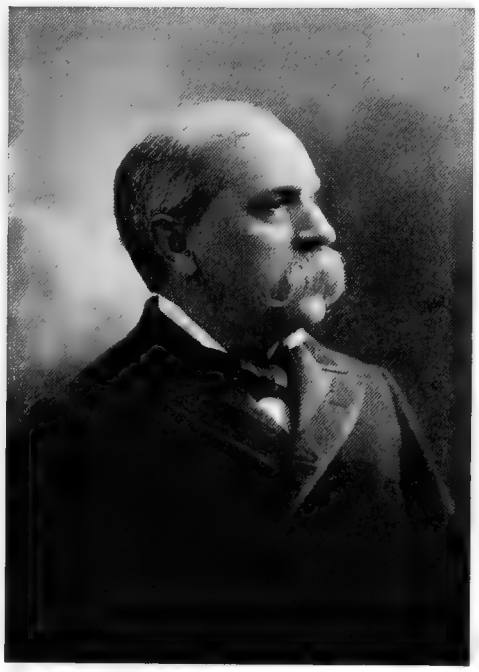
tiate of the Illinois State Board of Health and of the Ontario Medical Council. He began practice at St. Catharines, Canada, on October 1, 1865, and remained there until October 16, 1891, when he removed to Chicago, where he still remains. In Canada he was a Militia Surgeon in 1871–73, and a Marine Hospital Surgeon from 1886 to 1891. During the latter period he was also a Trustee of the public schools of St. Catharines. He is a member of the Ontario and the Chicago Medical societies, of the Illinois Club, and of the Masonic Order. He was married on September 7, 1870, to Lydia St. John, and has three children: William St. John, Archibald Stewart, and Edyth Louise Downey. His address is No. 550 Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Illinois.

DOYLE, Gregory, 1840–

Class of 1865 Med.

Born at Killena, Ireland, 1840; brought to U. S., 1841; educated at St. James's Academy, Binghamton, N. Y., and Seminary of Our Lady of Angels, Suspension Bridge, N. Y.; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1865; LL.D., Niagara University, 1898; Health Officer, Pensions Examiner, etc., in practice since 1865, now at Syracuse, N. Y.

GREGORY DOYLE, M.D., LL.D., son of James and Anne (Roche) Doyle, was born at Killena, County Wexford, Ireland, on March 28, 1840. In the following year, his parents, who lived on a small farm in Ireland, came to the United States, bringing him with them. His first schooling was received at St. James's Academy, at Binghamton, New York, from 1850 to 1857. Thence he went to the Seminary of Our Lady of Angels, now known as Niagara University, at Suspension Bridge, New York, and there from 1857 to 1861 pursued a thorough classical course. He then repaired to New York City for the study of medicine. His studies were pursued in the office of Dr. Lewis A. Sayre, in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, and in the Medical College of New York University, from which last named he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1865. Thereafter he continued for some time as an assistant to Dr. Sayre, thus adding to his medical and surgical knowledge and practical skill. His independent practice was begun in Binghamton, New York, whence he removed to Syracuse, New York, in which latter city he has since been settled, in the enjoyment of a large and important practice. He has been Health Officer and Health Commissioner of the City of Syracuse, Surgeon of the Fifty-First Regiment, National Guard of New York, and President of the United States Examining Board for Pensions, at Syracuse. For many years he was Official Surgeon to the New York, West Shore & Buffalo Railroad Company, and at present he is Surgeon to the House of Providence and to St. Vincent's Asylum, at Syracuse. He is a member of the American Medical Association, the Onondaga County Medical Association, the Syracuse Academy of Medicine, and the Syracuse Citizen's Club. Dr. Doyle has contributed many addresses and papers to the current



GREGORY DOYLE

literature of his profession. In November, 1880, he read a paper before the New York Central Medical Association, recommending the dressing of Colle's fracture, and fractures of the leg, with Plaster of Paris splints made in section so as to be easily removable without pain. This paper was published in "The International Journal of Medicine and Surgery." Dr. Doyle invented at about that time a spiral spring rotator, for the automatic eversion of talipes, and has been the inventor of various other orthopædic appliances. He has four times visited Europe and made valuable observations in foreign institutions of learning, beside travelling much in the United States. He was married in 1868 to Urania Morel, daughter of Justin Morel, a French

merchant of St. Louis, Missouri, and has had one child, a son, who died at the age of fourteen years. His address is No. 307 West Genesee street, Syracuse, New York.

GRAY, John Clinton, 1843–

Class of 1865 Arts.

Born in New York, 1843; University of Berlin, 1860-61; graduated A.B., New York University, 1865, and A.M., 1868; graduated LL.B., Harvard, 1866; practiced law in New York, 1866-87; Judge of Court of Appeals, New York, since 1888.

JOHN CLINTON GRAY, A.M., one of the foremost jurists of the State of New York and occupant of one of its highest judicial offices, is a son of John A. C. and Susan Maria (Zabriskie) Gray, and on both the paternal and maternal sides belongs to families long eminently identified with New York University and with the public life of New York and the United States. He was born in New York City on December 4, 1843, and received a particularly thorough education. In 1860–61 he was a student at the University of Berlin, whence he came to New York University. In the latter he was a member of Psi Upsilon. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1865, and in 1868 received the degree of Master of Arts from the University. Thence he proceeded to the Law School of Harvard University, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1866. From that time to the end of 1887 he practiced his profession in New York City with success. At the beginning of 1888 he took his place on the Bench of the Court of Appeals of New York State, by appointment of the Governor, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Judge Rapallo. He was elected for a full term in the fall election of 1888 and has there remained ever since, being re-elected for another term in the fall of 1902. His office is at Albany, New York, but his residence is in New York City, where he is a Fellow of the National Academy of Design, a patron of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, and of the American Museum of Natural History, a member of the New York Historical Society, and of the New York State Bar Association.

AINSWORTH, Herman Reeve, 1841–

Class of 1866 Med.

Born at Erieville, N. Y., 1841; studied in common schools at Brookfield and Earlville, N. Y., Cortland Academy at Homer, N. Y., and Madison University; taught school, 1857-63; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1866; in practice since 1866 at Addison, N. Y.; President of Steuben County Medical Society, 1874-75; member of Board of Education of Addison for fifteen years; President of Addison Public Library.

HERMAN REEVE AINSWORTH, M.D., is a descendant of New England stock, who had four great-grandfathers and one great-great grandfather in the Revolutionary Army. The founder of the Ainsworth family in America was Edward Ainsworth, of Woodstock, Connecticut, whose youngest son was Nathan. The latter had a son also named Nathan, who was a Revolutionary soldier, and died a prisoner in the hands of the

H. R. AINSWORTH

British in 1777. A posthumous son of the second Nathan Ainsworth was Abial Ainsworth, who in 1800 left Woodstock, Connecticut, for New Woodstock, New York, where fourteen years later was born to him a son whom he named Sorannus Corbin. The last named became a minister of the Baptist church, married Caroline Martha Hawkins, and was the father of the subject of this sketch. Herman Reeve Ainsworth was born at Erieville, Madison County, New York, on September 29, 1841. In his boyhood he attended the public schools at Brookfield and Earlville, New York, and later the Cortland Academy at Homer, New York, where he was under the direction of the late Stephen W. Clark, Master of Arts (Amherst). A year at Madison, now Colgate,

University completed his purely academic training, and prepared him to enter upon his professional studies. Meantime, from 1857 to 1863, he taught a public school while pursuing his own studies. He began the study of medicine in 1862, under Drs. Nelson and Newcomb, of Truxton, New York, and later entered the Medical College of New York University, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in March, 1866. Since the time of his graduation Dr. Ainsworth has been steadily engaged in practice at Addison, New York, and throughout a wide contiguous territory, his patrons, either for attendance or consultation, being found in many places in the states of New York and Pennsylvania. In June, 1866, he became a member of the Steuben County Medical Society, and in 1874–1875 was its President. He also joined the Elmira Academy of Medicine at an early date. He has been a member of the New York State Medical Society for twenty-five years, and of the American Medical Association for twenty-three years. He is a member of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, of Addison Lodge and Chapter of Masons, and of St. Omar Commandery, Knights Templar, at Elmira, New York. For fifteen years he was a member of the Addison Board of Education, and was influential and largely instrumental in securing commodious brick school buildings at the cost of more than $30,000, and has been for many years President of the Addison Public Library. In politics he is identified with the Republican party but he has never sought or accepted political office. While busied with his practice he has found time to write occasional articles for the professional press on medical and surgical topics. Dr. Ainsworth was married on May 25, 1871, to Emma Younglove, daughter of Timothy M. and Matilda (Hoyt) Younglove, of Hammondsport, New York, and has two children: Carolyn M., wife of William Reynolds Park, of Addison, and Myra, wife of Wilfrid I. Booth, of Elmira, New York. His address is Addison, New York.

ALLEN, Henry Bigelow, 1843–

Class of 1866 Med.

Born at Baldwinsville, N. Y., 1843; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1866; post-graduate study, 1866-67; practiced medicine in St. Louis, Mo., 1867-68, at Euclid, N. Y., 1869-70, at Baldwinsville, N. Y., 1871-92, at Wickes, Montana, in charge of hospital, 1892-93, at Syracuse, N. Y., 1893-97; Lecturer on Obstetrics, Syracuse University, 1885-86; Professor of Obstetrics, 1886-1902; Obstetrician to Hospital of the Good Shepherd, Syracuse, 1894-1902; Hospital Steward, One Hundred and Forty-ninth Regiment, New York Volunteers, 1865; President Onondaga County Medical Society, 1886.

HENRY BIGELOW ALLEN, M.D., comes of New England ancestry. On the side of his father, Henry Young Allen, he is descended from a Quaker family of New Bedford, Massachusetts, his paternal grandparents having been James and Hannah (Howland) Allen. On the side of his mother, whose maiden name was Marie Louise Bigelow, Dr. Allen is a grandchild of the Hon. Otis Bigelow, who was born at Worcester, Massachusetts, and Mary

HENRY B. ALLEN

(Payn) Bigelow, his wife, who was born at Fort Miller, on the Hudson River. The family names of Allen, Bigelow, Howland and Payn are still widely and well known in the respective localities named, as well as elsewhere. Dr. Allen was born at Baldwinsville, Onondaga County, New York, on September 12, 1843, and in his early boyhood attended the free public school of that village. At the age of ten years he was placed under the care of a private tutor, Philander Durkee, at Saratoga Springs, and thus completed his general education to so good effect that in 1861, being then eighteen years of age, he was well qualified to teach school, at Pleasant Valley, New York. He had, however, a professional career in view, and to that end he began the

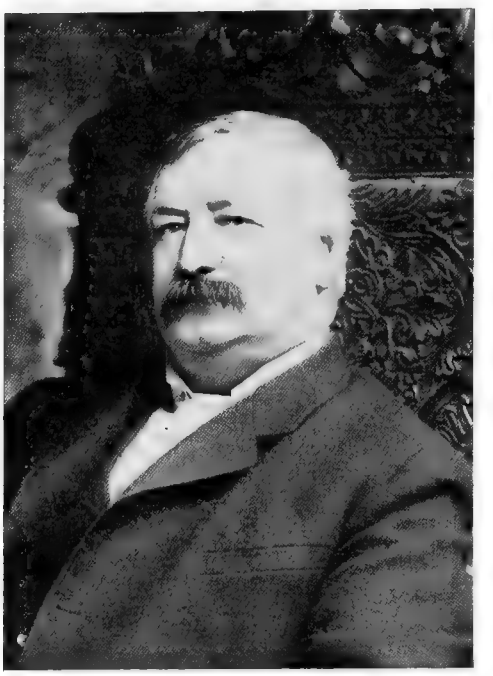
study of medicine under Dr. J. O. Slocum and Dr. J. P. Shumway. From their preceptorships he proceeded to the Albany Medical College for one year and then to Bellevue Hospital Medical College, and was there graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, in 1866. A year of post-graduate study in the same institution followed before he considered himself satisfactorily fitted for the practice of his profession. His practice began at St. Louis, Missouri, 1867–1868. Thence he returned to his native state and practiced at Euclid, New York, 1869–1870. His third scene of activity was his birthplace, Baldwinsville, where he was in continuous practice from 1871 to 1892. From January, 1892, to November, 1893, he was in charge of a hospital at Wickes, Montana, and finally, from 1893 to 1897, he was at Syracuse, New York. From 1894 to 1902 he was Obstetrician to the Hospital of the Good Shepherd, at Syracuse. Meantime he was a teacher as well as a practitioner. In 1885–1886 he was Lecturer on Obstetrics in the Syracuse College of Medicine, the Medical School of Syracuse University, and from 1886 to 1902 he was Professor of Obstetrics in the same institution. Dr. Allen's career was seriously interfered with in 1897 by ill health. He had contemplated an extended trip abroad, for the purpose of studying in the hospitals and medical schools of Europe. Instead, in the year named the state of his health compelled him to abandon those plans, to withdraw from the active practice of his profession, and to retire to his old home at Baldwinsville. He was able, however, to continue his college work until February, 1902, when increasing illness compelled him to forego further labors. In addition to the professional work already noted, Dr. Allen was Hospital Steward to the One Hundred and Forty-Ninth Regiment, New York Volunteers, in 1865. He is a member of the Onondaga County Medical Society, and was its President in 1886. He is also a member of the American Medical Association, of the Medical Association of Central New York, of the Syracuse Academy of medicine and of the Iota Chapter of the Alpha Kappa Kappa Fraternity. He was married on June 15, 1870, to Julia Charlotte Smith, who bore him one child. The latter, James Howland Allen, was born on November 21, 1871, and died on July 3, 1894.

FRITTS, John Thomas, 1844–

Class of 1866 Med.

Born at New Hampton, N. J., 1844; studied in public schools, and Pennsylvania College, Gettysburg, Pa.; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1866; in practice since graduation; Surgeon for Central Railroad of N. J. since 1878; also Chief Surgeon to Plainfield Street Railway Company and Westfield and Elizabeth Street Railway Company.

JOHN THOMAS FRITTS, M.D., is of Holland Dutch ancestry, his progenitors having come to America early in the Seventeenth Century. They were chiefly engaged in agriculture, and were substantial and progressive people. Some of them took part in the Revolutionary War. His father's name was John A. Fritts, and his mother's maiden name was Elizabeth Banghart. He was born on



JNO. T. FRITTS

May 4, 1844, at New Hampton, Hunterdon County, New Jersey, and received his early education in the local public schools. Next he went to Pennsylvania College, at Gettysburg, Pennsylvania, and was a student there when that village in 1863 became the scene of one of the greatest of the "decisive battles of the world." During his vacations he worked on his father's farm. After his interrupted career at Gettysburg, he entered Bellevue Hospital Medical College, New York, now a part of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine on March 1, 1866. Since that date he has been steadily engaged in the general practice of his profession in the City of Plainfield, New Jersey. Since 1878 he has been Surgeon to the Cen-

tral Railroad of New Jersey, and he is also Chief Surgeon to the Plainfield Street Railway Company and to the Westfield and Elizabeth Street Railway Company. From 1892 to 1896 he was a Pension Medical Examiner. In politics he has always been an earnest Republican. He is a member of Jerusalem Lodge, F. and A. M., Jerusalem Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, and Trinity Commandery, Knights Templar. He was married on February 26, 1868, to Margaret Hunt Suydam, and has three children: Lilian Earl, Mary Malvina, and Andrew Suydam Fritts, M.D. His address is No. 423 Park Avenue, Plainfield, New Jersey.

HALL, Archibald Westervelt, 1846–

Class of 1866 Arts.

Born in New York, 1846; studied at Mechanics' Society School, 1857-59, and University Grammar School, 1859-62; graduated A.B., New York University, 1866; studied law, and admitted to Bar in 1867; in practice since 1867.

ARCHIBALD WESTERVELT HALL, A.B., son of Edward D. and Mary Jane (Westervelt) Hall, is of Scotch ancestry on the paternal and Dutch on the maternal side. He was born in Bethune Street, New York City, on March 6, 1846, and studied in 1857–59 at the Mechanics' Society School in Crosby Street, New York, and in 1859–62 at the University Grammar School. In the fall of 1862 he entered the College of Arts and Science of New York University, then known as the University of the City of New York, and pursued the regular classical course with distinction. He won the Freshman Latin Prize, was a Junior orator, was President of his class in the Senior year, and was a Commencement orator. He was also President of the Philomathean Society, and a member of Zeta Psi and Phi Beta Kappa. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1866, studied law, was admitted to the New York Bar in 1867, and has been in practice ever since. His address is No. 879 Clinton Avenue, Irvington, New York. Mr. Hall is unmarried.

HALL, Ernest, 1844–

Class of 1866 Law.

Born in London, England, 1844; came to America in 1850; educated in public schools of New York; served in Civil War; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1866; began practice in 1866; Corporation Counsel of Morrisania, 1872-74; Justice of City Court, New York, 1882-88; Referee in Bankruptcy, 1898; Supreme Court Justice, 1902.

ERNEST HALL, LL.B., lawyer and judge, was born in London, England, on October 24, 1844, the son of Henry Bryan Hall and Mary Ann (Denison) Hall. His father was one of the best known steel engravers of his time. In 1850 the family removed to the United States, and Ernest was educated in the public schools of New York City. He served in the Civil War with three of his brothers, being a member of the New York Seventy-first Regiment, and taking part in the Gettysburg campaign and also in the two battles at Fort Fisher, in these latter being in the naval service on the warship "Mohican." After the war he entered the Law School of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1866. He at once began the practice of his profession in the Village of Morrisania, now a part of the Borough of The Bronx, New York City, and quickly rose to prominence at the Bar. He was Corporation Counsel of Morrisania from 1872 to 1874, in which latter year the village was annexed to New York City. In 1882–88 he was a Judge of the City Court of New York, and in 1898 he was appointed a Referee in Bankruptcy. In 1902 he was appointed to a place on the Bench of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, to fill a vacancy, and served until the end of that year. He has been counsel for a number of important corporations, and has been engaged in many cases of great interest. He is a member of the Lawyers', New York Athletic, North Side Republican and other clubs, and the Grand Army of the Republic. Justice Hall was married on October 13, 1869, to Charita M. Talient, and has two children. His office is at No. 62 William Street, and his home at No. 1087 Boston Road, Borough of The Bronx, New York.

HENDRICKSON, Asa Chichester, 1845-1886.

Class of 1866 Sci.

Born at Hempstead, N. Y., 1845; graduated B.S., and C.E., New York University, 1866; Civil Engineer in Central America, and in Brooklyn Water Department; died, 1886.

ASA CHICHESTER HENDRICKSON, B.S., C.E., was a son of George W. and Abigail (Chichester) Hendrickson, and was born at Hempstead, New York, on September 16, 1845. He was conspicuous as a student in New York University, being winner of the Sophomore Mathematical

Prize, Junior orator, Vice-President of Philomathean, English Salutatorian at Commencement, and a member of Zeta Psi and Phi Beta Kappa. He was graduated in 1866 with the degrees of Bachelor of Science and Civil Engineer. Thereafter for some years he was employed by the governments of Nicaragua and Guatemala as a Civil Engineer on railroad and canal enterprises. On his return to this country he became an Assistant Engineer in the Water Department of Brooklyn, New York, and he died in that city on June 24, 1886. He was married on September 16, 1868, to Phœbe W. Jones, daughter of Israel Jones, and had three children: Paul J., Edna, and Ada G. Hendrickson. His brother, Skidmore Hendrickson, was a member of the New York University Class of 1863.

ROOSEVELT, Charles Yates, 1845-1883.

Class of 1866 Arts.

Born in New York, 1845; graduated A.B., New York University, 1866, and A.M., 1869; U. S. Consul at Copenhagen, 1866-67; lived in Paris after 1867; died, 1883.

CHARLES YATES ROOSEVELT, A.M., a member of the distinguished New York family of that name, was born in New York City in 1845, and entered the College of Arts and Science of New York University in the fall of 1862. He was a member of Psi Upsilon, and ranked high in point of scholarship. In 1866 he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and three years later the University bestowed upon him that of Master of Arts. He was United States Consul at Copenhagen, Denmark, in 1866–67, and after the latter year resided in Paris, France, where he died in November, 1883.

SELL, Edward Herman Miller, 1832–

Class of 1866 Med.

Born in Lehigh County, Pa., 1832; studied in various schools and seminaries; graduated A.B., Pennsylvania College, 1856, and A.M., 1859; graduated Theological Seminary, Gettysburg, Pa., 1858; studied medicine at Bellevue, Columbia and New York University; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1866; studied for some years abroad; graduated Master of Obstetrics, Vienna, 1872; in hospital and private practice in New York since 1866; voluminous contributor to medical literature.

EDWARD HERMAN MILLER SELL, A.M., M.D., one of the distinguished physicians of the time, was born in Upper Saucon Township, Lehigh County, Pennsylvania, on August 16, 1832. He is the son of Samuel Sell, grandson of Peter Sell, who was born in Northampton (now Lehigh) County, Pennsylvania, in 1757, and great-grandson of Henry Sell, who came to this country in 1739 from The Palatinate, to which country he had formerly gone from Switzerland. The Sell family was originally French Huguenot. On the maternal side Dr. Sell is the son of Mary Miller Sell, grandson of George Miller, a soldier in the War of 1812, great-grandson of Conrad Miller, a drummer boy in the Revolution, and great-great-grandson of Jacob

EDWARD H. M. SELL

Miller, who in 1740 came to this country from Würtemberg, Germany. Dr. Sell was first sent to the local public school. At the age of nine years he spent one term in a Moravian school at Bethlehem, Pennsylvania; from his fourteenth to his sixteenth year he was in a Friends' school at Quakertown, Pennsylvania; and two years more were spent at Allentown (Pennsylvania) Seminary, now Muhlenberg College. At the age of sixteen he taught school for three terms, attending school during the winter. In 1852 he was admitted to the Freshman class of Pennsylvania College, at Gettysburg, Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated in 1856 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, delivering the German Oration at Commencement. Thence he went

to the Theological Seminary at Gettysburg for two years, and was graduated from it in 1858. During the winter of 1858–59 he taught school a fourth term. He spent his college and seminary vacations in missionary and colporteur work. He received the degree of Master of Arts from Pennsylvania College in 1859. On being graduated from the Theological Seminary he entered the ministry and devoted five years to that calling with much energy, often preaching as many as five times in a day. At length, however, he decided to turn his attention to the practice of medicine, and accordingly began his studies therefor, under Dr. John Floto, at Allentown, Pennsylvania. Later he attended a summer school of medicine, conducted by a number of physicians. He attended two winter courses and one summer course of lectures at the Bellevue Hospital Medical College; the lectures of Professors Alonzo Clark, T. Gaillard Thomas and others at the College of Physicians and Surgeons (Columbia); and the lectures of Drs. Abraham Jacobi, Valentine Mott and Charles Budd at the New York University Medical College. He also visited classes at the De Milt Dispensary. He received his degree of Doctor of Medicine from the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, in 1866. Dr. Sell practiced his profession for four and a half years in New York City, after graduation, and then went abroad for further study. Three and a half years were spent in the principal hospitals of Europe, notably those of Paris, Vienna, Berlin, London, Edinburgh, Glasgow, Dublin, etc. In these he made many special and original researches. At the University of Vienna in 1872, upon the presentation of a number of these he received the degree of Master of Obstetrics. At later dates he has revisited Europe for further study and research, especially in gynecology, obstetrics, and chronic diseases, including the alcohol and opium habits. He served through the cholera epidemic of 1866 in New York, and also the small-pox epidemic of 1869, having been specially appointed for the service by the New York Board of Health. In 1870–71 he was in Paris during the siege, and later in the latter year he organized at the University of Vienna the first and, at that time, the only practical gynecological operative course in the world. From 1869 to 1880 he was Editor of "The Physician and Pharmacist." On his return from Europe he was, from 1873 to 1876, Physician to the Northeastern Dispensary of New York for Diseases of the Head and of the Abdomen, and also for Diseases of Women. From 1874 to 1884 he was Physician to the Eastern Dispensary for Diseases of Women. In 1876 he was one of the seven physicians who organized, at the Centennial Exposition in Philadelphia, the American Academy of Medicine. About the same time he discovered and brought to the attention of the medical profession the properties of *Avena sativa*, the common oat, for the cure of alcoholism and the opium habit. He is a Fellow of the New York Academy of Medicine, and has been Chairman of its Section on Theory and Practice of Medicine; a Fellow of the American Academy of Medicine, and its Vice-President and Treasurer; a permanent member of the American Medical Association; a member of the New York County Medical Society, and formerly one of its Board of Censors; a member and for a number of years a Trustee of the Medico-Legal Society of New York; a Fellow of the Obstetrical Society of London; a member of the Société Française d'Eléctrothérapie, of Paris; a member of the Society of German Naturalists and Physicians, of Germany, and a delegate to its forty-fifth annual meeting at Leipsic in 1872; a member of the Medical Society of the Greater City of New York; a delegate from the American Medical Association in 1870, 1873, and 1876, to the meetings of the British Medical Association, and also its delegate to the International Medical Congress of 1890 at Berlin and that of 1894 at Rome. He is also a life member of the Huguenot Society of America, a member of the Republican Club of New York; and a member and first President of the Gettysburg Club of New York. His published writings include treatises on "Puerperal Eclampsia," "Opium Poisoning in Children, with Recovery by Use of Electricity," "A Case of Complete Uterus Bicornis," "Fibroid Polypus Uteri," "Intestinal Obstruction," "Tapping Ovarian Cysts," "Ovariotomy," "Ulcerations of Oesophagus and Duodenum," "Amputation of Neck of Uterus by Electro-cautery," "Obstetrics in Vienna," "Cystic Tumor of the Vagina," "An Interesting Case of Ovariotomy," "The Opium Habit," "Procidentia Uteri," etc. He has performed many notable operations in surgery, as well as cures without operation. He has been a wide and observant traveller in nearly all parts of the world. His tour of 1886–87 took the doctor sixty thousand miles "around the world." Dr. Sell was married on January 17, 1894, to Anna J. Lloyd, of Delphos, Ohio, who has borne him two sons: Edward Lloyd and Charles Samuel Sell. His address is No. 137 West 94th Street, New York.

SPELLMEYER, Henry, 1847–

Class of 1866 Arts.

Born in New York, 1847; studied at University Grammar School; graduated A.B., New York University, 1866, and A.M., 1869; Union Theological Seminary, 1867-69; minister of Methodist Episcopal Church since 1869; member of General Conferences of 1896 and 1900, and of Ecumenical Conference, London, 1901; Trustee of Syracuse University, Secretary of Board of Trustees, Drew Theological Seminary, etc.; D.D., Syracuse University, 1878.

HENRY SPELLMEYER, A.M., D.D., a prominent minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, was born in New York City on November

HENRY SPELLMEYER

25, 1847. His father, the late Matthias Henry Spellmeyer, was a native of Germany, and his mother, now deceased, whose maiden name was Mary Jamison, was born in Scotland. Dr. Spellmeyer was educated in the University Grammar School in New York, and thence proceeded in 1862 to New York University. He was a member of Delta Upsilon, Treasurer of the Young Men's Christian Association, and Junior orator, and was graduated in 1866 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. Three years later the University gave him the degree of Master of Arts. From the University he went to the Union Theological Seminary, where he was a student in 1867–69. Finally, on March 26, 1871, he was ordained an Elder in the ministry of the Methodist Episcopal Church, by Bishop Randolph S. Foster, at the session of the Newark Conference at Port Jervis, New York. To the work to which he was thus called he has chiefly devoted his life since that time. He has been pastor of the following churches: Stapleton, Staten Island, New York, 1869–72; Bloomfield, New Jersey, 1872–75; Central Church, Newark, New Jersey, 1875–78; St. James's, Elizabeth, New Jersey, 1878–81; Trinity, Jersey City, New Jersey, 1881–84; Central, Newark, New Jersey, 1884–87; Calvary, East Orange, New Jersey, 1887–92; Central, Newark, 1892–97; and Roseville, Newark, since 1897. Thus in every place he has remained the entire period permitted by the rules of the church. All his charges have been within sight of the City of Newark, New Jersey, and ten miles or less therefrom. He has declined to accept frequent calls to prominent churches of his own and other denominations in large cities in other parts of the country. He was a member of the Methodist General Conferences of 1896 and 1900, and a delegate to the Ecumenical Conference in London in 1901. In 1896–1902 he was a member of the Book Committee of the Methodist Church, which has charge of the publishing interests of the entire church, fixes the salaries of bishops and editors, and transacts much other important business. He is also Chairman of the Commission on Entertainment of the General Conferences for the years 1900–04. Dr. Spellmeyer is a Trustee of Syracuse University, which gave him the degree of Doctor of Divinity in 1878, a Trustee of the Centenary Collegiate Institute at Hackettstown, New Jersey, and Secretary of the Board of Trustees of Drew Theological Seminary at Madison, New Jersey. At the Methodist General Conference of 1900 he was a prominent candidate for the office of Bishop, receiving 372 votes out of 684, or considerably more than a majority. On two successive ballots only eighty votes additional were required for an election. The rule, however, required a two-thirds majority to elect. Dr. Spellmeyer was married on November 8, 1871, to Matilda M. W. Smith, daughter of the late Rev. Thomas H. Smith, and has had four children, of whom only one is now living, Luella Gladwin, wife of James Burgess Boote of East Orange, New Jersey. His address is No. 97 Fourth Avenue, Newark, New Jersey.

WOOD, James Robie, 1838–

Class of 1866 Med.

Born in New York, 1838; studied in private schools, Macon, Ga.; Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass., Med-

ical College of Virginia, and Bellevue Hospital Medical College; graduated M.D., 1866; received degree LL.D. from St. Francis Xavier College, 1897; served in Confederate Army in Civil War; one of the founders of Hahnemann Hospital, New York; frequent contributor to current medical literature.

JAMES ROBIE WOOD, M.D., was born in New York City on February 7, 1838. His father, James Wood, M.D., a native of South Carolina, was a graduate of the Harvard University Medical School in 1829, and served on the hospital staff in Boston. His mother, whose maiden name was Charlotte Mary Walley, was a descendant of General

JAMES ROBIE WOOD

John Walley, one of the original owners of the Mount Hope lands in Rhode Island and founders of the City of Bristol, and was commander of the land forces which attacked Frontenac at Quebec. Dr. Wood's early life was spent largely in the South. He attended private schools at Macon, Georgia, and was then sent north again to the Phillips Academy at Andover, Massachusetts. His professional studies were begun at the Medical College of Virginia. He entered the Confederate Army and served throughout the Civil War. He was attached to the Medical Department of General Lee's Army, and was wounded many times while attending wounded soldiers on battlefields. Upon the evacuation of Richmond by General Lee he was left by that commander to surrender the sick and wounded of the Georgia hospitals to the Federal forces, and was requested by the United States medical officers to remain in charge of the "hospital gangrene tents," whereupon all cases of gangrene from the Richmond hospitals were put under his care. After the war he entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which has since been incorporated with New York University, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1866, since which time he has been engaged in practice in New York. In 1867 he volunteered to and did take charge of Asiatic cholera patients. He was one of the founders of the Hahnemann Hospital in New York. He was also for some time a Visiting Physician to the Ward's Island Hospital, where in 1875 he conducted a series of experiments, in which he aimed to justify the theories of the early "Isopaths" (which were not unlike the antitoxin theories which have grown out of Pasteur's researches) by inoculating animals with germs of disease, particularly tuberculosis, and obtaining from them a serum with which to inoculate persons suffering from the same disease. He is at present Visiting Physician to the Metropolitan and Consumptive hospitals on Blackwell's Island. He has written many articles for the medical press, chief among them being a series on "The Probable Future of Therapeutics," and some articles on the use of sulphur in medicine. In 1897 he received the degree of Doctor of Laws from St. Francis Xavier College. He was married on June 14, 1873, to Katherine E. O'Donoughue, and has three children: Alfred Trenchard Wood, M.D., Paul Trenchard and Marie Trenchard Wood. His office is at No. 43 West 19th Street, New York, and his home at No. 13 Franklin Avenue, New Brighton, Staten Island, New York.

WOOLLEY, James Van Siclen, 1843–

Class of 1866 Arts, 1868 Med.

Born at Jamaica, N. Y., 1843; graduated A.B., New York University, 1866; Long Island College Hospital, 1867; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1868; physician, 1868-80; architect and builder since 1880.

JAMES VAN SICLEN WOOLLEY, A.B., M.D., is a son of William Henry Woolley and Joanna Wyckoff (Van Siclen) Woolley, the former of English and the latter of Dutch descent, and was born at Jamaica, now a part of New York City, on November 5, 1843. He entered New York University in 1860, won the Sophomore Latin Prize and

was Junior orator, President of Eucleian, a member of Zeta Psi and Phi Beta Kappa, and Valedictorian of his class. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1866. He was in the Engineer-

JAMES V. S. WOOLLEY

ing Department of the Long Island Railroad in 1866. He studied medicine in the Long Island College Hospital in 1867 and in 1868 was graduated from the Medical College of New York University with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Thereafter he practiced his profession in New York City until 1880, being meantime Attending Surgeon to the North East Dispensary, and Visiting Physician to the Presbyterian Hospital. Since 1880 he has been in the business of an architect and builder. He was married on December 19, 1878, to Emma Josephine Walsh, née Brinckerhoff, and has had seven children: James Stanley, Emma, Estelle, Helene, William Henry, Edwin Ruthven and Charles Chester Woolley, of whom Helene and Edwin Ruthven died in infancy. His address is No. 75 East Seventy-ninth Street, New York.

YALE, Leroy Milton, 1841–

Class of 1866 Med.

Born at Holmes's Hole, Mass., 1841; studied in public school and Kimball Union Academy, Meridan, N. H.; graduated Columbia, A.B., 1862, and A.M. 1865; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1866; in practice since 1866; Lecturer, University of Vermont, 1870, and Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1867-93; popular writer on medical and hygienic subjects.

LEROY MILTON YALE, A.M., M.D., is a descendant of Thomas Yale, the father of Elihu Yale, whose name is borne by Yale University, also of Henry Luce, who came from Jersey or Guernsey and settled on the Island of Martha's Vineyard about 1670 or earlier. His father was Leroy Milton Yale, M.D., and his mother's maiden name was Maria Allen Luce. He was born at Holmes's Hole, now known as Vineyard Haven, Martha's Vineyard Island, Massachusetts, on February 12, 1841, and received his early education in a public school and later at the Kimball Union Academy, Meridan, New Hampshire, in 1855–58. In the fall of the latter year he was matriculated at Columbia College, New York, and in 1862 was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. In 1865 Columbia gave him the degree of Master of Arts. Upon receiving his Baccalaureate degree he began the study of medicine at the Bellevue Hospital

LEROY MILTON YALE

Medical College, which now forms a part of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1866. Meantime, in 1864–5, he served on the House Staff of the Brooklyn City

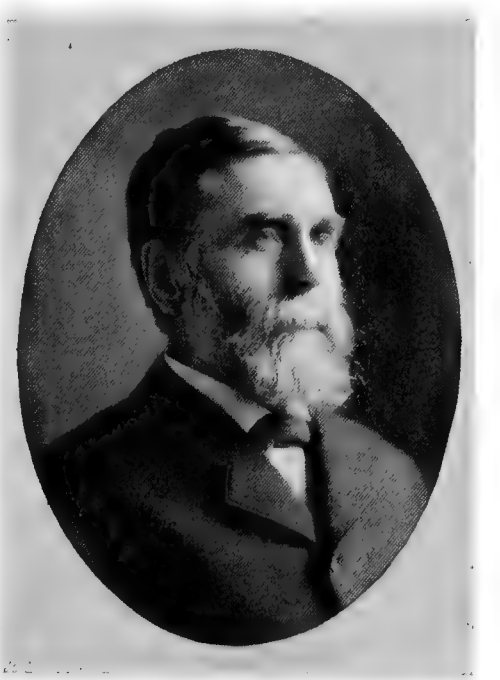
Hospital, and in 1866 he similarly served at the Charity Hospital on Blackwell's Island. Since 1866 he has been engaged in practice in New York City. Dr. Yale's hospital and teaching services have been considerable. He was Physician, and later Surgeon, to the Charity Hospital, Blackwell's Island, in 1871–77, Surgeon at Bellevue Hospital in 1877-82, and Surgeon to the Presbyterian Hospital in 1880–85. In 1870 he was Lecturer on Obstetrics at the University of Vermont, and from 1867 to 1893 he was an Instructor and Lecturer in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College. He has also since 1884 done much popular writing on medical and hygienic topics, especially in connection with the magazine "Babyhood." Compilations of his writings have several times been published in book form, the latest being "The Century Book for Mothers," 1901. He has also written popular articles on angling and other out-of-doors sports, chiefly for "Scribner's Magazine." He is a member of the Century Association, the New York County Medical Society, the American Pediatric Society, and other bodies, and is a Fellow of the New York Academy of Medicine. He was married on December 6, 1881, to Julia Meriam Stetson, of New Bedford, Massachusetts, and has two children living: Leroy Milton and Julia Meriam Yale. His home is at No. 432 Madison Avenue, New York.

BAKER, Flavius J., 1843–

Class of 1867 Med.

Born at Andover, N. Y., 1843; studied at Lima, now Syracuse University; graduated M.D., New York University, 1867, and in gynecology, University of Pennsylvania, 1888; practiced medicine at Andover, Suffern, Youngstown, Buffalo and Lockport, N. Y.; was President of Niagara County Medical Society, and Health Officer of Lockport, N. Y.; Owner and Surgeon of Walnut Hospital, Lockport; engaged in general surgical practice, with special attention to gynecology.

FLAVIUS J. BAKER, M.D., is on both sides of the house descended from the earliest New England colonists. On the paternal side his first American ancestors were Alexander and Elizabeth Baker. Their son, Joshua Baker, married a sister of Elizabeth Touge, the wife of Fitz John Winthrop, Governor of Connecticut and son of John Winthrop, Governor of Massachusetts. Alexander and Elizabeth Baker had also a daughter, Mary Baker, who was the mother of Ethan Allen, the hero of Ticonderoga. Dr. Baker is directly descended from Mary Baker, in the fifth generation. His paternal grandfather, while surveying a large tract of land for the Poultney Estate in New York State about 1802–04, selected a half mile square on the present site of Andover, New York, and removed his family thither from Poultney, Vermont. He was the first Justice of the Peace of Andover, and was a conspicuous leader in the anti-slavery and abolition movement. His son, Thaddeus Baker, who was six months old at the time of the removal from Poultney to Andover, became a prominent physician in that part of New York for half a century, and was the father of the subject of this sketch. On the side of his mother, whose maiden name was



F. J. BAKER

Sarah Storrs Spicer, Dr. Baker is descended directly from "Mayflower" Pilgrims. His maternal grandfather was both a physician and an ordained Congregational clergyman, who had a prominent part in mission work in the early history of Western New York. The son of Thaddeus and Sarah S. Baker, Flavius J. Baker, was born at Andover, New York, on July 18, 1843. His early education was received in the common schools of his native town. Later he pursued a course in the University at Lima, New York, which has since been developed into Syracuse University. Feeling a strong inclination toward the medical profession, he began studying for it in his father's office at Andover. Thence he went to the Medical Department of the New York

University, and was duly graduated from it with his Doctor's degree in the Class of 1867. Twenty-one years later he took a special course in gynecology at the University of Pennsylvania, and was graduated there. It may be added that during his school and college career he himself taught school for a considerable time in his native town and county. Upon graduation from New York University, Dr. Baker engaged in the practice of his profession for five years in partnership with his father, at Andover, New York. For the greater part of that time he was Secretary of the Allegany County Medical Society, and also a member of the Medical Union of Hornellsville. Next he practiced at Suffern, Rockland County, New York, for two years, and then returned to Andover for a short time. His next move was to Buffalo, New York, where he remained for two years. Failing health then compelled him to retire to the country, and for a year he was a partner of Dr. A. G. Skinner at Youngstown, New York. At the end of that time he succeeded to his partner's entire practice, and held it for four or five years. Finally, in 1882, he settled at Lockport, New York, where he has ever since remained. He is there the Proprietor and Surgeon of the Walnut Hospital, on Walnut Street. He is engaged in general operative surgery, but devotes especial attention to gynecology and the diseases of women. He enjoys a lucrative practice, and because of his recognized abilities his services are in frequent demand in council and in court as an expert on medical questions. He is a member of the New York State Medical Society, of the Niagara County Medical Society, of the Economic League of Lockport, and of the Allegany Club of Buffalo. He is an honorary member of the Medical Union of Buffalo, and has been President and Secretary of the Niagara County Medical Society and Health Officer of Lockport. He is President of the Board of Directors of the Young Men's Christian Association of Lockport, and a Trustee and Superintendent of the Sunday School of the First Congregational Church of that city. In politics he is and has ever been a staunch Republican, deeply interested in all questions of local or national good, but has never aspired to public office. He was married on May 24, 1863, to M. Louise Preston, who bore him two children: F. Edith and S. Agnes Baker. Mrs. Baker died in 1870, after which he was married to Hattie A. Howard. After her death he was for the third time married to Isa B. Oliver, who has borne him four children: Mary L., Rollin O., Gertrude O., and Florence P. Baker.

BURKET, George Washington, 1832–

Class of 1867 Med.

Born at Smicksburg, Pa., 1832; studied at Brookville Academy, Pa.; employed in Prothonotary's office, Jefferson County, Pa.; graduated at Cleveland Medical College, Cleveland, Ohio, 1857; practiced medicine from 1857 to 1866; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1867; engaged in medical practice at Tyrone, Pa., since 1867.

GEORGE WASHINGTON BURKET, M.D., was born at Smicksburg, Indiana County, Pennsylvania, on March 4, 1832. His father, Jacob Burket, was the son of a farmer in York County,

G. W. BURKET

Pennsylvania, and removed with his parents to Blair County, whence he went to Smicksburg, Indiana County, and was there engaged in a number of enterprises. Finally he settled, for the remainder of his life, at Brookville, Jefferson County, Pennsylvania. He married Katherine Miller, daughter of John and Elizabeth Miller, John Miller being a farmer at Smicksburg. George Washington Burket, son of Jacob and Katherine Miller Burket, was educated at the public schools until he reached the age of seventeen years. Then he went to the Brookville Academy, at Brookville, Pennsylvania, for three years. On leaving the academy he found employment in the office of the Prothonotary of Jefferson County, Pennsylvania, for two years, after which he

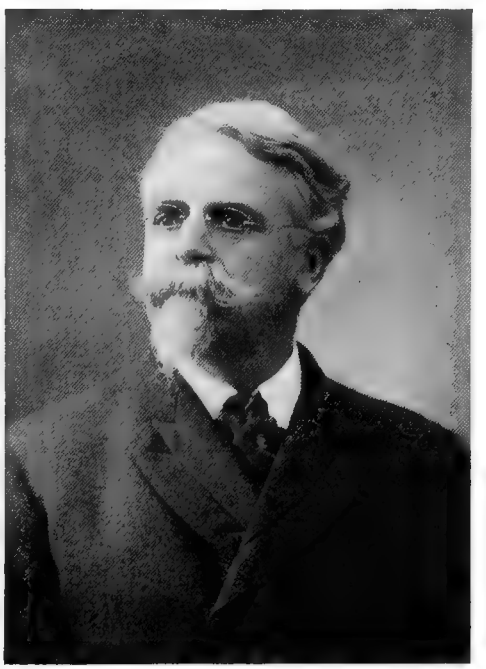
began the study of medicine, with a view to a professional career. He began attending lectures at the Cleveland Medical College, Cleveland, Ohio, in 1855, and was graduated from that institution in 1857. He then settled at Elderton, Armstrong County, Pennsylvania, and practiced medicine there until the fall of 1866. At that time he determined to seek further expert instruction and training, and accordingly entered Bellevue Hospital Medical College, from which he was graduated in 1867 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Thus prepared for professional duties, he established himself at Tyrone, Blair County, Pennsylvania, and has ever since been engaged in practice there, with eminent success, not only in the sense of making money, but also in that higher one of winning a large and steadfast patronage of those who appreciate his skill and worth. Dr. Burket was a Pension Examiner during the administration of President Arthur. He is a member and ex-President of the Blair County Medical Society; of the Academy of Medicine of Altoona, Pennsylvania; of the Medical Society of the State of Pennsylvania; of the American Medical Association; and of the Masonic Order. He was married in 1856, but has no children. His address is Tyrone, Pennsylvania.

CHAMBERLAIN, Myron Levi, 1844–

Class of 1867 Med.

Born at Greenwich, Mass., 1844; prepared for college at New Salem, Mass., Academy; served in army in Civil War, 1863; studied medicine at Berkshire Medical College; medical cadet in U. S. Army, 1865-66; attended lectures at Maryland Institute, Baltimore; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1867; in practice since 1867; inventor and author.

MYRON LEVI CHAMBERLAIN, M.D., is a son of Levi Chamberlain, M.D., and grandson of Zachariah and Sarah (Carroll) Chamberlain, of New Salem, Massachusetts. Through his mother, whose maiden name was Abigail Felton, he is in the sixth generation of direct descent from Nathaniel Felton, Sr., of Feltonville, Old Salem, (now Peabody), Massachusetts, the founder of the Felton family in this country. He is also in the sixth generation from John Proctor, Jr., of Proctor's Crossing, Old Salem (now Peabody), Massachusetts, the last victim of the witchcraft delusion of 1692. He was born at Greenwich, Massachusetts, on September 22, 1844, and was prepared for college at the New Salem, Massachusetts, Academy. Instead of entering college, however, he enlisted in the Tenth Regiment of Massachusetts Volunteers, for service in the Civil War, in 1863. Before the end of that year, however, he was honorably discharged from the service on account of impaired health. He then began the study of medicine in the Berkshire Medical College, at Pittsfield, Massachusetts. In February, 1865, he was appointed a medical cadet in the regular army, and was stationed at the Dale General Hospital, at Worcester, Massachusetts. Later he was stationed at the Hicks General Hospital, in Baltimore, Maryland, and while there, in the winter of 1865–66, he attended lectures in the Medical



MYRON L. CHAMBERLAIN

Department of the Maryland Institute. He received an honorable discharge from the military service in February, 1866, and then entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in March, 1867. He began professional practice in the following month, April, 1867, at Southbridge, Massachusetts, and remained there until 1874. In the latter year he went abroad, and spent two years in travel and study, devoting several months to hospital practice in London, Paris and Vienna. Returning to the United States, he established himself permanently in Boston, Massachusetts, in April, 1877. During the year 1885 he was Visiting Physician to the

Carney Hospital, Boston, but apart from that service he has devoted himself to private practice. He has invented numerous medical and surgical appliances which are now in general use, and he has also written much for various medical magazines. He is a member of the Massachusetts Medical Society, of the American Medical Association, of the Boston Art Club, and of the Eastern and Misery Island Yacht clubs. In politics he is a Republican. He was married in 1874 to Charlotte Pynchon Wales, daughter of Royal S. Wales, of Wales, Massachusetts. His city residence, in the winter, is at No. 19 Exeter Street, Boston, and his country home, at which he spends the summer, is at Cherry Hill Farm, Beverly, Massachusetts.

DE FRECE, Abram Brougham, 1850–1903.

Class of 1867 Sci.

Born in New York, 1850; studied in public schools and University Grammar School; graduated, New York University, B.S. and Ph.B., 1867; M.S., 1870; Ph.D., 1891; in mercantile and manufacturing pursuits 1868-1903; President and Director of business corporations; officer of social and benevolent organizations; officer of 22nd Regiment, N. G., N. Y., 1871-1903; Director-General of numerous fairs and exhibitions; died, 1903.

ABRAM BROUGHAM DE FRECE, M.S., PH.D., a business man of exceptionally versatile activities, was descended from Dutch families which came from Amsterdam, Holland, and settled in New York many generations ago. His parents, Benjamin and Mary (Velleman) de Frece, were residents of New York, and in that city he was born on May 8, 1850. His early education was acquired in Grammar School No. 35, from 1857 to 1863. Thence for a year he went to the University Grammar School, where he was prepared for matriculation in New York University. He entered the University in the fall of 1864, taking the scientific course in the School of Arts and Science, and in June, 1867, was graduated with the degrees of Bachelor of Science and Bachelor of Philosophy. In 1870 the University gave him the degree of Master of Science and in 1891 that of Doctor of Philosophy. With such academic training, Mr. de Frece entered business life in 1868 as a commission merchant and manufacturer. In 1870 he was an importer of fancy goods; from 1871 to 1876 a manufacturer of pearl buttons and whalebone, and from 1876 to 1886 President of the National Paper Bag Company of New York. From 1886 until his death in 1903 he was President of the American Healtheries Company; Vice-President of the European Express Company, and of the Citizens' Mutual Life Insurance Company; Secretary of the New York Casino Company, and of the Automaton Piano Company; Director of the Novelty Iron Works; Consulting Manager of the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York; Manager of "The Mail and Express," of New York; Associate Editor of "The New Rochelle Press;" a correspondent of "The Commercial Advertiser;" General Commissioner of the Edison General Electric Company; and Honorary Vice-President and Delegate-General for the

A. B. DE FRECE

United States of the Société des Sauveteurs des Dernier Adieu, of Paris, France, in connection with the work of which he received in 1894 the decoration of the Croix Rosette. For thirty-two years he was an officer of the Twenty-second Regiment, New York National Guard, active and veteran corps; for fourteen years Treasurer of the Alumni Association of New York University, for ten years President of the St. Mark's Hospital Association, and Treasurer of the Mutual Benefit Society; for five years a Trustee of the New York Press Club; and for three years a Governor of the International League of Press Clubs, and Vice-President of the Thomas Hunter Association. At the time of his death he was Managing Director of the Kindergarten and Potted Plant

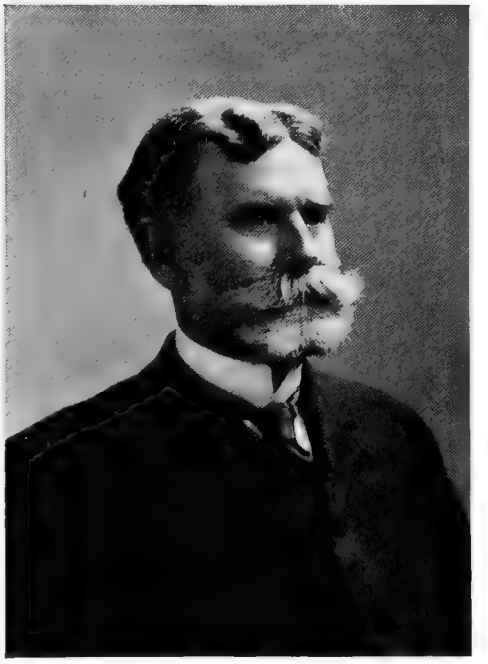
Association, and of the Grant Monument Association, and honorary member of the German Hospital, the Central Turn Verein, the St. John's Guild, the Shakespeare League, the Magnetic Club, the Actors' Fund of America, and the Hotel Men's Association. Mr. de Frece was the Director-General of a large number of fairs and exhibitions, for charitable and other purposes, which he managed with exceptional success. Among these may be mentioned the fairs for the Montefiore Home, in 1886; for the German Hospital, in 1887; for the Central Turn Verein, in 1888; for the Hahnemann Hospital, and for the Teachers' Fund, in 1889; for the Educational Alliance, in 1890; and for the Actors' Fund, in 1892; also the Edison Electric Exhibition, and the Charity Doll Show, in 1890; the Letter Carriers' Fair, in 1892; the Thirteenth Regiment Fair, in 1894; and the Commercial Travellers' Fair, in 1896. He was the originator and Director-General of the first Food and Health Exhibition given in America. He also organized and managed numerous receptions, entertainments, and other gatherings, and through such activities netted more than $3,000,000 for various worthy charities. Besides all these activities, Mr. de Frece found time to write magazine articles, and numerous songs and pieces of instrumental music which have attained wide popularity. He was a member of many clubs, and a familiar and favorite figure in New York society. On May 9, 1871, he was married to Sophia Burnsteed, and had three children: Benjamin Franklin, Marie Louise, and Bonnie Blanche de Frece. Mr. de Frece died at his home at Pelham Manor, in the suburbs of New York, on January 9, 1903.

JOHNSON, Joseph Taber, 1845–

Class of 1867 Med.

Born at Lowell, Mass., 1845; studied at Rochester Academy, Mass., Columbian College, Washington, Medical Department Georgetown University, Bellevue Hospital Medical College, and University of Vienna; graduated M.D., Georgetown University, 1865, and Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1867; U. S. Army Surgeon and Professor in Howard University, 1869-75; Professor for many years in Georgetown University; Professor of Gynecology in Washington Post-Graduate School of Medicine; author of various works.

JOSEPH TABER JOHNSON, M.D., Professor of Gynecology and Abdominal Surgery in Georgetown University, comes of typical New England stock. He is on the paternal side a direct descendant of John Alden and his wife, Priscilla, who came over in the "Mayflower" in 1620, while on the maternal side he is descended from Thomas and Dorothy Burges, who came to this country from England in 1630, and many of whose descendants have ever since lived in and around Plymouth, Massachusetts. Dr. Johnson is the son of the Rev. Lorenzo Dow Johnson, a clergyman of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and Mary (Burges) Johnson, and was born at Lowell, Massachusetts, on June 30, 1845. Until his fifteenth year he lived on a farm at Rochester, Plymouth County, Massachusetts, and attended the academy in that place. The family then removed to Washington, District of Columbia,



JOS. TABER JOHNSON

in 1860, and he entered the Columbian College and studied there until that institution was closed by the Civil War and transformed into a hospital. He then entered the Medical Department of Georgetown University, Georgetown, District of Columbia, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1865. Thence he proceeded to the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1867. He then established himself in practice in Washington, District of Columbia, and has been hard at work there ever since, with the exception of a time in 1871 when he visited Vienna, Austria, for study and practice in the university and hospitals, and

there received a degree in operative obstetrics. He was appointed by the Secretary of War in 1869 a Contract Surgeon in the United States Army, and was assigned to the Freedmen's Hospital in Washington under General O. O. Howard. In the same year he was elected Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Infants in the Medical Department of Howard University. These places he held for six years. He has now been for more than twenty-five years Professor of Gynecology in the Medical Department of Georgetown University, for ten years Professor of Abdominal Surgery in that institution, and is one of the Professors of Gynecology in the Washington Post-graduate School of Medicine and a member of its Executive Committee. He is the author of the chapter on "Surgical Diseases of the Ovaries and Tubes" in Dennis's Surgery, of that on "Ovariotomy" in Reed's Gynecology, and of scores of papers in medical journals, college addresses, etc. He was for ten years Gynecologist of Providence and for one year Gynecologist of Columbia Hospital, both of which positions he resigned on account of the exactions of a large private practice. He has been President of the Bellevue Hospital Medical College Alumni Association, the Georgetown University Alumni Society, the Medical Society of the District of Columbia, the Obstetrical Society of the District of Columbia, the American Gynecological Society, and the Southern Surgical and Gynecological Society. He has been President of the Georgetown University Medical School for the last ten years, and is Chief of its hospital gynecological service; is President of the Woman's Free Dispensary of the District of Columbia, Consulting Gynecologist of the Freedmen's Hospital and one of the Consulting Physicians of the Children's Hospital. In addition to the organizations already mentioned, he is a member of the American Medical Association and Chairman of its Gynecological Section, an Honorary Fellow of the Maryland and Virginia State Medical societies, and a member of the British Gynecological Society, the British Medical Association, the Metropolitan and Cosmos clubs of Washington, the Sons of the American Revolution, the Society of Colonial Wars, the Society of the War of 1812, the Society of "Mayflower" Descendants, the Society of Army Surgeons, the Massachusetts Medical Society, the Washington Board of Trade, the Washington Academy of Sciences, the American Academy of Political and Social Science, the National Forestry and Irrigation Association, and other organizations. He is a member of the Board of Examiners for medical licentiates in Washington, is on the Board of Directors of the Emergency Hospital and of the Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital, a Director of the Old Dominion and Great Falls Railroad Company, and the head of a hospital of his own for Gynecology and Abdominal Surgery. He was married on May 1, 1873, to Edith Maud Bascom, and has five children: Lorenzo, Bascom, Edith, Margaret and Josephine Johnson. His address is No. 926 Farragut Square, Washington, District of Columbia.

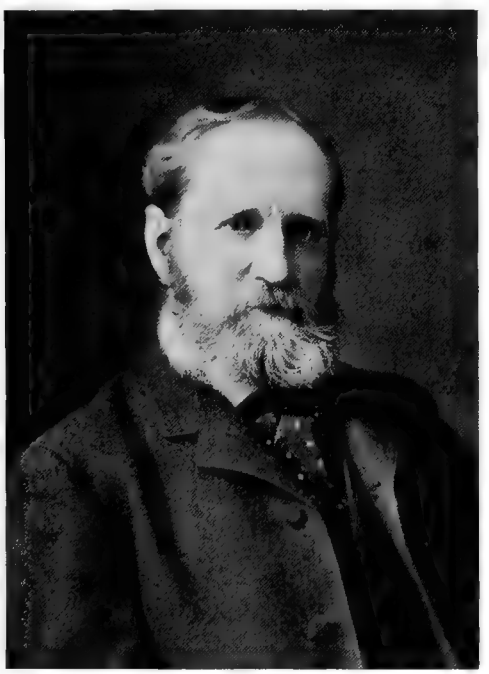
JONES, Samuel Seabury, 1846-1902.

Class of 1867 Arts, 1869 Med.

Born at Oyster Bay, L. I., 1846; studied at Christ Church School, Oyster Bay, and Fairchild Institute, Flushing; graduated A.B., New York University, 1867; M.D., New York University Medical College, 1869; at University of Edinburgh, 1869; Berlin, 1870; Vienna, 1871; in practice in New York since 1872; connected with various hospitals; died in New York, January 21, 1902.

SAMUEL SEABURY JONES, M.D., was born at Oyster Bay, Long Island, on June 1, 1846. On the side of his father, Elbert Haring Jones, he was descended from Thomas Jones, who removed from his ancestral home in Wales to Strabane, Ireland, and thence in 1690 to this country, where he settled on Long Island. His grandfather, Samuel Jones, was an eminent lawyer in Revolutionary times, Chancellor, and sometimes called the Father of the New York Bar. What is now known as Great Jones Street, New York, was once his country estate. His father when a young man was private secretary to John Jay. He married late in life and spent his remaining years at his country place at Oyster Bay, where Samuel Seabury Jones, the thirteenth and youngest child, was born. On the side of his mother, whose maiden name was Marjory Fleet Youngs, he was descended from the Rev. John Youngs, who came from England and settled at New Haven and thence removed to Southold, Long Island, in 1638. His early education was acquired in Christ Church School, at Oyster Bay, and in the Fairchild Institute at Flushing, New York. In the fall of 1863 he entered the School of Arts of the University of the City of New York, as New York University was then called, and throughout his four years' course was distinguished as a scholar. He won the Freshman Latin Prize, was Vice-President of the Eucleian Literary Society, was a member of the Zeta Psi Fraternity, and was a

Commencement orator in 1867, when he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. In the fall of that year he entered the New York University Medical College, and received from it the degree of Doctor of Medicine in the spring of 1869. He then went abroad for further study, and was at the University of Edinburgh in 1869, Berlin in 1869–70 and Vienna in 1870–71. He returned to New York in 1872 and engaged there in the practice of his profession. He was a Visiting and Consulting Physician to the Workhouse and Almshouse hospitals. He belonged to the New York Academy



S. S. JONES

of Medicine, the New York County Medical Society, the Manhattan Medical Society and the Lenox Medical Society. In politics he was an independent Republican, but held no political office. In March, 1877, he married Maud Matthews, of New York City, and had two children: Beatrice Cleveland and Natalie Rathbone Jones. He died at his residence, 712 Madison Avenue, New York, on January 21, 1902, after a brief illness of pneumonia.

LITCHFIELD, Edward Hubbard, 1845–

Class of 1867 Sci.

Born at Utica, N. Y., 1845; graduated B.S., New York University, 1867; admitted to Bar, 1870; banker and merchant; Presidential Elector, 1892; member of Council of New York University, 1881-95.

EDWARD HUBBARD LITCHFIELD, B.S., is a son of the Hon. Edwin C. Litchfield and Grace Hill (Hubbard) Litchfield, and was born at Utica, New York, on November 15, 1845. He entered New York University in 1863, won the First Sophomore Duryea Essay Prize, was Librarian of Eucleian and a member of Zeta Psi, and was graduated in 1867 with the degree of Bachelor of Science. Three years later he was admitted to the Bar of the State of New York, but has since paid more attention to financial and mercantile pursuits than to legal practice. He is a director of various banks and business corporations, and is the head of an extensive mercantile firm. He was a member of the Council of New York University in 1881–95, and in 1892 was a Presidential Elector. He is a member of the Brooklyn and Hamilton clubs of Brooklyn, the Metropolitan Club of New York, the Brooklyn Historical Society, and other organizations. He was married on February 2, 1871, to Madeline Middagh Sands, daughter of John M. Sands, and has four children: Madeline Sands, Edward Hubert, Marion, and Payard Sands Litchfield. His home is at No. 2 Montague Terrace, Brooklyn, New York.

MILLS, Andrew, 1848–

Class of 1867.

Born in New York, 1848; special course diploma from New York University, 1867; President of Dry Dock Savings Bank and of State Trust Company; officer in National Guard.

ANDREW MILLS, banker, is a son of Andrew and Eliza (Easton) Mills, and was born in New York City on September 7, 1848. He entered New York University in the Class of 1867, as a special course student, and was a member of Delta Phi, President of Philomathean, Philomathean Junior orator, and President of his class in the Junior year. He delivered a dissertation at Commencement and received a special course diploma, in 1867. Since that time his attention has been given chiefly to financial affairs, as President of the Dry Dock Savings Institution, and of the State Trust Company, of New York City. He has also been a Captain in the Seventh Regiment, New York National Guard. Mr. Mills was married on October 16, 1872, to Gertrude E. Moran, daughter of Edward G. Moran, and has five children: Andrew, Herbert Lawrence, Ruth Carter, Gertrude Edith, and Dorothy Mills.

ROOT, Elihu, 1845–

Class of 1867 Law.

Born at Clinton, N. Y., 1845; graduated A.B., Hamilton College, 1864; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1867; began law practice, 1867; U. S. District Attorney, 1883-85; political leader and reformer; Delegate at large and Chairman of Judiciary Committee, New York Constitutional Convention, 1894; Secretary of War of United States, since 1899; LL.D., Hamilton College, 1894; LL.D., Yale University, 1900.

ELIHU ROOT, LL.D., Secretary of War in the Government of the United States, is of English and New England ancestry. His father, Oren Root, one of the most eminent educators of his day,

ELIHU ROOT

was for many years Professor of Mathematics in Hamilton College, and for a time also Professor of Geology and Mineralogy. Elihu Root was born at Clinton, Oneida County, New York, on February 15, 1845, and acquired his early education at home and in local schools. At the age of fifteen he entered Hamilton College, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1864. It may be added that he ranked among the best students of his class. He studied law in the New York University Law School, paying his way by tutoring, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1867. In that year he was admitted to the Bar and began practice. He rapidly rose to the foremost rank at the New York Bar, and was the successful counsel in many important suits, both public and private. He was a candidate for Judge of the Court of Common Pleas in 1879, and polled a large vote, though he was defeated with the rest of the Republican ticket. In 1883 President Arthur appointed him United States District Attorney in New York City, and he served in that office until 1885, when he resigned. Since that time he has been a particularly influential leader of the Republican party in New York City, and has been conspicuous in various reform and reorganization movements. In 1894 he was Delegate at large and Chairman of the Judiciary Committee at the New York Constitutional Convention. He was appointed Secretary of War by President McKinley in July, 1899, and still occupies that place, in which he has shown himself an exceptionally able and energetic administrator. Mr. Root is a member of the Bar Association, the New England Society, the Union League, Republican, Century, Metropolitan, Players', Lawyers', University and other clubs of New York, and other organizations, and has often been the orator of the day on important occasions. He has long been a Trustee of Hamilton College. He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws from that institution in 1894 and from Yale in 1900.

SHAFFER, Newton Melman, 1846–

Class of 1867 Med.

Born at Kinderhook, N. Y., 1846; studied in public schools, Hudson River Institute, and New York Free Academy; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1867; in hospital service, 1867-68; druggist, 1868-71; in practice as Orthopædic Surgeon since 1871; Professor of Orthopædic Surgery; Founder of New York Orthopædic Society; Founder of New York State Hospital for Crippled and Deformed Children; inventor of important instruments; author of several books and numerous essays; recognized leader in Orthopædic Surgery.

NEWTON MELMAN SHAFFER, M.D., the eminent Orthopædic Surgeon, is of Dutch and English ancestry. One of his great-grandfathers, William Shaffer, came from Holland in 1750 and established the first paper mill on Manhattan Island, New York, in which city his son and grandson, the grandfather and father of Dr. Shaffer, were born. On the paternal side Dr. Shaffer is also descended from the Newton family, while on the maternal side he comes from the Hales and Melmans, his maternal grandfather having been Major Lewis Hale, of Glasco, Ulster County, New York. Dr. Shaffer is the son of James Newton Shaffer and

Jane Emeline (Hale) Shaffer, and was born at Kinderhook, New York, on February 14, 1846. He studied in the public schools of Dutchess and Columbia counties, and in the Hudson River Institute at Claverack, New York, until 1862. In the latter year he removed to New York City and entered the Free Academy, now known as the College of the City of New York, in which he remained one year. In 1864 he entered the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated from it in 1867 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. In the University he was under the tutorship of Dr. James

NEWTON M. SHAFFER

Knight, the Founder of the Hospital for the Ruptured and Crippled, and immediately after graduation he was made Assistant Resident Surgeon to that hospital. He there served for nearly two years, leaving it in 1868 to continue his studies and to enlarge his scope of professional observation. For the next two years he conducted a drug store and gained a thorough knowledge of pharmacy. Finally, in 1871, he began his career as an Orthopædic Surgeon, as an Assistant Surgeon to the Orthopædic Dispensary and Hospital. He served in that capacity until 1876, and then until 1878 was Surgeon-in-Chief, when he resigned in order to devote his attention more fully to other work. Meantime he was in 1872 elected Orthopædic Surgeon to St. Luke's Hospital, New York, the office being created for him and being the first of its kind. He filled the place with distinguished success until 1888, when he resigned it and was made Consulting Orthopædic Surgeon. Since early in his career at St. Luke's he has devoted himself exclusively to Orthopædic Surgery, and has attained world-wide eminence as a leader in that important department of science. He was the first to propose the organization of the New York Orthopædic Society, now the Orthopædic Section of the Academy of Medicine. He also took the first steps towards the organization of the American Orthopædic Association, and secured its admission to the Congress of American Physicians and Surgeons. He was a delegate to the International Medical Congress at Berlin in 1890, and secured the formal recognition of Orthopædic Surgery by that body, himself defining it to the Congress as "That department of General Surgery which includes the prevention and the mechanical and operative treatment of chronic or progressive deformities for the proper treatment of which special mechanical devices are necessary." In 1900 he founded and organized the New York State Hospital for Crippled and Deformed Children, and has since devoted his energies largely to the development of that institution. His work closely resembles that of the celebrated Dr. Lorenz of Vienna, in that he long contended and has practically demonstrated that many of the cutting operations commonly performed for the relief of the deformed are unnecessary. When Dr. Lorenz visited the United States in 1902, he was in close association with Dr. Shaffer, and a number of his operations in New York were performed at the instance of the latter. Dr. Shaffer has invented many important instruments and mechanical devices for use in Orthopædic Surgery, and has written many essays upon professional topics. His three most important works are "Polk's Disease, Its Pathology and Mechanical Treatment;" "The Hysterical Element in Orthopædic Surgery;" and "Brief Essays on Orthopædic Surgery." He has also given much time to instruction. In 1882 he was appointed Professor of Orthopædic Surgery in the New York University Medical College, and served until 1886, when he resigned. He was again appointed to the place in 1894, and served until 1896, when he resigned and joined the staff of the Cornell University Medical School, on which he has since been Professor of Orthopædic Surgery. He is now Surgeon-in-Chief to the New York State

Hospital for Crippled and Deformed Children, and Consulting Orthopædic Surgeon to St. Luke's Hospital, the Presbyterian Hospital, and the Infirmary for Women and Children. He is a member of the Century Association, the University Club, the Congress of American Physicians and Surgeons (of which he has been an executive officer for years and is now Treasurer), the American Orthopædic Association, the American Medical Association, the New York State Medical Association, the New York County Medical Society, the New York Academy of Medicine, the Medical Society of the Greater City of New York, and the Neurological Society. Dr. Shaffer was married on October 15, 1873, to Margaret Hyde Perkins, daughter of the Hon. William Perkins, of Gardiner, Maine, and has one son, Newton Melman Shaffer, Jr.

SULLIVAN, John Daniel, 1841–

Class of 1867 Med.

Born at Middletown, N. Y., 1841; worked on farm, and attended common and normal schools; taught school; studied at Springfield, Mass., English and Classical Institute; studied medicine privately, and at University of Michigan; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1867; in hospital service, 1867-69; in private practice in Brooklyn, N. Y., since 1869; author of numerous papers.

JOHN DANIEL SULLIVAN, M.D., son of Peter and Julia (Harrington) Sullivan, was born at Middletown, New York, on September 4, 1841. Seven months later his parents removed to a farm at Bethel, New York, and there his boyhood was spent. When he was ten years old his father died, and thereafter until he was nineteen he worked on the farm in summer and attended school in winter. At the age of nineteen he became a school teacher, and in order to prepare himself the better for that work he attended the State Normal School at Albany, New York, for one course. Then he decided to study medicine, and with that end in view went to Springfield, Massachusetts, and pursued a course in the English and Classical Institute there. In 1864 he returned to Bethel and began the study of medicine under Dr. A. A. Gillespie and Dr. William L. Appley. He also attended lectures and pursued a laboratory course at the University of Michigan, at Ann Arbor. Finally, in 1865, he entered the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in March, 1867. Immediately thereafter he was appointed, upon competitive examination, to a place on the Resident Staff of the New York Charity (now City) Hospital, and served there from April, 1867, to April, 1868. For the next year, until April, 1869, he was Resident Physician to the New York Fever Hospital, and then began private practice in Brooklyn, New York, in which he has since remained. Dr. Sullivan is one of the most successful physicians of Brooklyn. He has much natural ability, but is withal a close student, believing thoroughly in the maxim that "there is no excellence without labor." His devotion to the duties of his profession, therefore, com-

J. D. SULLIVAN

bined with a comprehensive understanding of the principles of the science of medicine, has made him a most successful and able practitioner, whose prominence is well deserved. He has been Attending Physician to St. John's Home, in Brooklyn, since 1870, Surgeon to St. Mary's Hospital since 1882, Surgeon to the Police Department since 1887, and Medical Examiner to the Catholic Benevolent Legion since 1881. He made a tour in Europe, for rest and recuperation, in 1884. He is a member of the Kings County Medical Association (President in 1892), the Kings County Medical Society, the Brooklyn Pathological Society, the New York State Medical Association, the American Medical Association, the New York Physicians' Mutual Aid Asso-

ciation, the Bedford Literary Union (President in 1878), the Holy Name Society (President in 1880–1892), and the Catholic Benevolent Legion. He has been a Trustee of the Brevoort Savings Bank, Brooklyn, since 1893. He was married on April 21, 1875, to Ellie Sullivan, of New York City. They have seven children living: Francis Joseph, Raymond Peter, Eugene Leo, Hester Eleanor, Julia Harrington, Grace Marie, and May Irene Sullivan. Dr. Sullivan's practice has been of a general character, but since 1882 he has paid particular attention to surgery, and he has performed many important operations. In 1889 he introduced the treatment of gangrene of the mouth by the application of subsulphate of iron and glycerine. He has written "Therapeutic Effects of Ammonium Salicylate, with Cases," Gaillard's Medical Journal, July, 1887. "Stomatitis Gangrenosa, with Special Reference to Its Treatment with Liquid Ferri Subsulphatis," New York Medical Journal, August 23, 1890; "Acute Purulent Pleurisy," *ibid.*, September 13, 1890; "Clinical Observations on Appendicitis, *ibid.*, April 15, 1893; and "A Report of Two Cases of Nephrectomy, Sarcoma and Pyonephrosis," Journal of the American Medical Association, January 9, 1892.

CARR, David Cole, 1844–

Class of 1868 Med.

Born in New York, 1844; educated in public schools and under private tutor; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1868, served in Charity and Blackwell's Island hospitals; Attending Surgeon New York Orthopædic Hospital and Dispensary, 1868-72; Attending Surgeon Harlem Hospital and Dispensary, 1876-79; entered United States Army in 1861 and served with distinction throughout Civil War; member of first Board of Health of New York City; still in active practice of profession in New York.

DAVID COLE CARR, M.D., was born in New York City on November 7, 1844, the son of John and Mary A. (Cole) Carr. His ancestors were of Scotch and Irish blood, and one of his great great-uncles served in the Revolutionary War, though his direct progenitors did not come to this country until after that struggle. He attended the public schools of New York, and of New Brunswick, New Jersey, and received private instruction from Professor Skinner, of Trenton, New Jersey. In 1868 he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and has ever since that time been engaged in the practice of his profession in New York. His earliest service was performed in the Charity Hospitals in New York and on Blackwell's Island. From 1868 to 1872 he was Attending Surgeon to the New York Orthopædic Hospital and Dispensary, and he filled a like place at the Harlem Hospital and Dispensary from 1876 to 1879. Much of his early career was devoted to orthopædic practice and minor surgery. Prior to his professional career Dr. Carr had a distinguished record in the military service of his country. He was only seventeen years of age when he enlisted, in 1861, in the Thirteenth Regiment of New Jersey Volunteers and hastened to the front. He partici-

DAVID COLE CARR

pated in the battles of South Mountain, Antietam, Chancellorsville, Fredericksburg, Gettysburg, Kelly's Ford, and various others. In 1863 he was made a hospital steward in the United States Army and put on duty at Fortress Monroe. He also served at Portsmouth, Virginia, and at other army hospitals, as a medical cadet. At the close of the Civil War in 1865 he remained with the regular army for another year. Then, in 1866, he returned to New York City to be a member of its first Board of Health and to serve under Dr. Dalton through the cholera epidemic of that year. In politics Dr. Carr is a Republican. He has been a Trustee of the New York City Board of Education since March, 1892, and is a member of Alexander Hamilton Post of

the Grand Army of the Republic. He also belongs to the medical societies of New York City and New York County, the Harlem Medical Association, the Physicians' Mutual Aid Association, and other organizations. He has been twice married. His first wife was Elizabeth Remsen, to whom he was married in 1870 and who died in 1873. In 1881 he was married to Margaret Blauvelt, a descendant of Captain Abraham Herring, who served under Washington in the Revolution. Dr. Carr's address is New York City.

O'NEIL, Daniel Edwin, 1847–

Class of 1868 Med.

Born at Shark River, N. J., 1847; graduated A.B., Manhattan College, 1868; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1868; House Surgeon to St. Vincent's Hospital, 1869; in practice since 1870, with much hospital service.

DANIEL EDWIN O'NEIL, A.B., M.D., who was born at Shark River, New Jersey, on November 26, 1847, is a son of Michael O'Neil, a

DANIEL E. O'NEIL

native of Ireland, and Emeline (Atkinson) O'Neil, a native of the United States. After pursuing thorough preparatory courses he entered Manhattan College, in the regular classical course, and a year later he also entered the Medical College of New York University. For the three years 1865–68 he was a student of both colleges, and in the latter year was graduated from them both, receiving from Manhattan College the degree of Bachelor of Arts and from New York University that of Doctor of Medicine. The next year he was appointed a House Surgeon in St. Vincent's Hospital, in New York, and served there for a year. In 1870 he began private practice in New York, and has ever since continued therein. While his practice is general in character he has devoted especial attention to obstetrics, and has attended more than three hundred cases a year. He has also been Physician to St. Joseph's Home for many years, Physician-in-Chief to the Catholic Women's Benevolent Legion, etc. He is a member of the Medico-Legal Society, the Medical Association of Greater New York, the New York State Medical Association, and the Alumni Association of Manhattan College. He was married in 1884 to Anna Eliza Redmond, daughter of a New York merchant, and has two children: Mary Edna and Edwin Henry O'Neil. His address is No. 35 West 88th Street, New York.

PINGRY, Frank Kip, 1848–

Class of 1868 Arts.

Born at Fishkill, N. Y., 1848; graduated A.B., New York University, 1868, and A.M., 1875; Civil Engineer, 1868-73 and 1885-92; teacher in Pingry School, Elizabeth, N. J., 1874-85; Professor of Mathematics, Macalester College, Minneapolis, Minn., since 1893.

FRANK KIP PINGRY, A.M., Civil Engineer and educator, was born at Fishkill, New York, on May 12, 1848, the son of John Francis Pingry and Caroline Gilfert (Oakley) Pingry. He entered New York University in 1864, was a member of Zeta Psi and Phi Beta Kappa, and Secretary of Philomathean, won the Sophomore Mathematical Prize and the One Hundred Dollar Prize for greatest excellence in his college course, and was Junior orator and Valedictorian of his class. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1868, and received that of Master of Arts from the University in 1875. From 1868 to 1873 he practiced as a Civil Engineer, and again from 1885 to 1892. The interval from 1874 to 1885 was spent as a teacher in the Pingry School at Elizabeth, New Jersey, and since 1893 he has been Professor of Mathematics in the Macalester College, at Minneapolis, Minnesota. He was married on June 28, 1881, to Anna Rebecca Richardson, daughter of Daniel Richardson, and has two children: Frank

Richardson and Lucy Carpenter Pingry. His brothers, James O. and John, were graduated from New York University in 1862 and 1868 respectively. His address is No. 1904 Hawthorne Avenue, Minneapolis, Minnesota.

TALMAGE, John Beekman, 1847–

Class of 1868 Arts, 1869 Law.

Born at White House, N. J., 1847; graduated A.B., New York University, 1868, and LL.B., New York University Law School, 1869; lawyer.

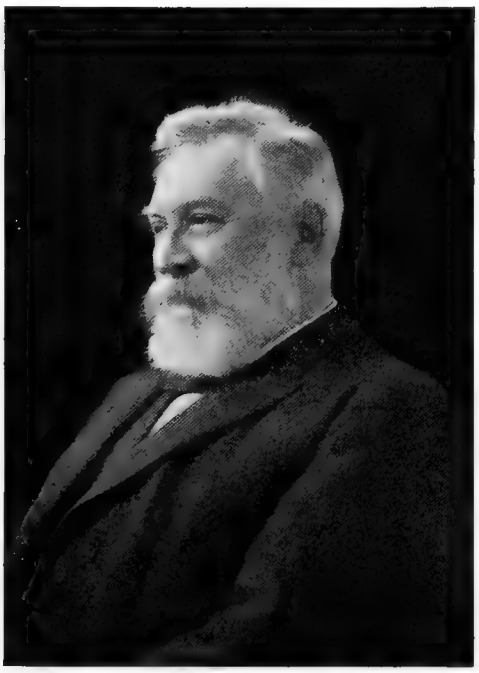
JOHN BEEKMAN TALMAGE, A.B., LL.B., is a son of George and Anna (Beekman) Talmage, and a nephew of the late Rev. Dr. Thomas DeWitt Talmage. He was born at White House, New Jersey, on July 21, 1847, and entered New York University in 1864. He was a member of Delta Upsilon, Librarian of Eucleian, Junior orator, and Commencement orator fourth in rank. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1868, and then entered the University Law School, from which also he was graduated in 1869 with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. He was admitted to practice at the New York Bar in 1868, and has since pursued his profession in New York with much success. He was married on June 13, 1887, to Hannah D. See, daughter of John L. See, and has four children: Goyn, Sarah Mariette, John Beekman, and Cornelia Rapelye Talmage.

VON BRIESEN, Arthur, 1843–

Class of 1868 Law.

Born at Borkendorf, Prussia, in 1843; educated in German schools; served in Federal Army in American Civil War, 1861-63; in office of "Scientific American," 1864-73; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1868; practicing lawyer, with specialty for patent law, since 1873; President of Legal Aid Society since 1890.

ARTHUR VON BRIESEN was born at Borkendorf, in Prussia, on July 11, 1843, the son of Richard von Briesen and his wife, Adeline von Briesen (née) Bandtke. He comes from an ancient family of the Prussian nobility, whose members all possessed landed estates and were most of them in the military service of the kingdom. The estate of Gross-Behren, near Berlin, and some large holdings near the City of Rathenow, belonged to his grandfather, Franz von Briesen, and were bequeathed to the latter's eldest son, Robert von Briesen, whose sons have inherited them. Richard, father of Arthur von Briesen, was a younger son and therefore inherited none of the landed estates. The subject of this sketch was carefully educated in a German Gymnasium, at Hohenstein, and at another at Braunsberg, Prussia. He came to the United States in 1858 and served in the Federal Army in the Civil War from 1861 to 1863, inclusive, having the rank of Sergeant of Engineers. On leaving the army he entered, in 1864, the office of "The Scientific American," in New York, and remained there until 1873. Meantime he turned his attention to legal studies. He entered the Law Department of New York University, and was graduated



ARTHUR V. BRIESEN

as a lawyer in 1868. Since he left "The Scientific American" in 1873 he has been engaged in the practice of his profession on his own account, devoting his attention chiefly to cases involving inventions, patents, trademarks and copyrights. Since 1890 he has been President of the Legal Aid Society of New York, an organization of incalculable beneficence in providing legal services for deserving people who are too poor to employ lawyers in the usual way. Mr. von Briesen performed a valuable service to New York University in 1901 when he was Chairman of the Committee on the Oswald Ottendorfer Memorial Fellowship. His committee collected and paid to the University Corporation a fund of $20,000, the income of which is to be paid

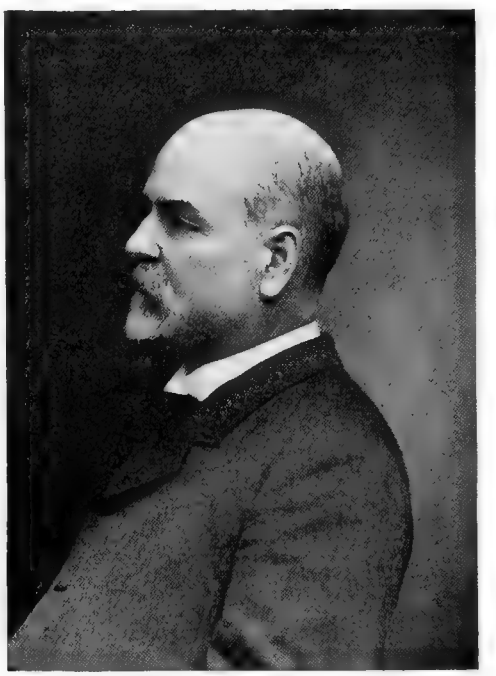
in furtherance of studies and research to that student of any university or college of good standing who shall prove himself most proficient in Germanic studies. This endowed fellowship is a worthy memorial of Oswald Ottendorfer, who was a benefactor of New York University and who gave to it a unique and priceless Germanic library. In politics Mr. von Briesen is an Independent, who takes deep and active interest in the cause of good government for city, state and nation. He earnestly supported Grover Cleveland for President of the United States, Theodore Roosevelt for Governor of New York State, and William L. Strong in 1894, and Seth Low in 1897 and 1901, for Mayor of New York City. He is a member of the Lotus, German, Reform and City clubs. He was married on October 22, 1875, to Anna Goepel, of New York, who has borne him two sons and three daughters. The sons, Fritz and Hans, are both practicing lawyers in New York. The daughters are Gretchen, now Mrs. S. Stanwood Menken, Gertrude and Hedwig von Briesen. Mr. von Briesen's home is in New York City.

WEBSTER, David, 1842–

Class of 1868 Med.

Born at Cambridge, Nova Scotia, 1842; studied in public and normal schools; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1868; hospital service, 1869-1873; in practice since 1873; Professor of Ophthalmology, Dartmouth College; Emeritus Professor in New York Polyclinic; frequent contributor to current medical literature.

DAVID WEBSTER, M.D., the eminent Ophthalmologist, was born at Cambridge, Kings County, Nova Scotia, on July 16, 1842, the son of Asael and Hephzibah (Pearson) Webster. His father was descended from John Webster, a Colonial Governor of Connecticut, and his mother was a cousin of Sir Charles Tupper, lately Prime Minister of Canada. He was educated in the public schools and in the Normal School at Truro, Nova Scotia, and then removed to New York to study medicine in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which is now a part of New York University, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1868. He was after graduation the first House Surgeon of the Brooklyn Eye and Ear Hospital, and later was the third House Surgeon of the Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital. After three and a half years thus spent he entered upon the regular practice of his profession, making ophthalmology his specialty. He was associated in practice with the late Dr. Cornelius Rea Agnew for the last fifteen years of the latter's life. In addition to his large private practice Dr. Webster has filled with distinction many places in hospitals and educational institutions. Thus he is Professor of Ophthalmology in Dartmouth College, Emeritus Professor of Ophthalmology in the New York Polyclinic Medical School and Hospital, ex-President of the New York County Medical Society, and of the New York Ophthalmological Society, Surgeon to the Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital and to the Hackensack, New Jersey, Hospital, and Consulting



D. WEBSTER

Surgeon to the Paterson, New Jersey, Eye and Ear Hospital. He is a member of the Union League Club, the New York Historical Society, the Physicians' Mutual Aid Association, the Society for the Relief of the Widows and Orphans of Medical Men, the American Medical Association, the New York State Medical Society, the New York State Medical Association, the New York County Medical Society, the New York County Medical Association, the New York Academy of Medicine, the New York Ophthalmological Society, the American Ophthalmological Society, the International Ophthalmological Society, and the American Otological Society. In politics he is a Republican. He has contributed copiously to current medical literature, chiefly upon

ophthalmological subjects. He was married in 1876 to Genevieve Macfarlane, and lives at No. 327 Madison Avenue, New York.

WINSOR, Thomas, 1846–

Class of 1868 Arts, 1869 Law.

Born at Rahway, N. J., 1846; graduated A.B., New York University, 1868, LL.B., 1869, and A.M., 1872; lawyer; Alderman, Elizabeth, N. J., 1873-74; Superintendent of Public Schools, Elizabeth, 1875; lawyer in Chicago since 1876.

THOMAS WINSOR, A.M., LL.B., son of George and Harriet (Olmstead) Winsor, was born at Rahway, New Jersey, on November 13, 1846. In New York University he was a member of Zeta Psi, President of Philomathean, and of his class, Junior orator, Commencement orator, and Master's orator in 1872. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1868, and with that of Bachelor of Laws from the Law School of the University in 1869, and received the Master's degree in Arts from the University in 1872. After graduation he was admitted to the New Jersey Bar and practiced law at Elizabeth, New Jersey. He was an Alderman of that city in 1873–74, and Superintendent of Public Schools in 1875. Since 1876 he has been engaged in legal practice in Chicago, Illinois. He was married on June 24, 1874, to Henrietta Esther Johnson, who died on January 27, 1877. On October 5, 1880, he was again married, to Julia Ann Winant. He has one child, Harold Marsh Winsor.

CHILDS, Samuel Belash, 1843–

Class of 1869 Med.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1843; studied in Brooklyn Public School and High School at Portsmouth, N. H.; clerk in United States naval service three years; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1869; in practice in Brooklyn since 1869; Secretary and Trustee of Faith Home, Brooklyn.

SAMUEL BELASH CHILDS, M.D., is a native of the community with which he has for most of his active life been identified, having been born in Brooklyn, New York, on September 13, 1843. His father, James R. Childs, was a native of Baltimore, Maryland, and was for more than sixty years an officer of the United States Navy. His mother, whose maiden name was Harriet Woods, was of New England origin. Dr. Childs studied in Public School No. 11, in Brooklyn, down to 1860, and from 1860 to 1863 in the High School at Portsmouth, New Hampshire. For the next three years he was a clerk in the United States naval service, and then he entered the Medical College of New York University. From the latter he was graduated in 1869 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. He immediately began practice in Brooklyn, and has continued therein in that city ever since. For the last twenty-five years he has been a Trustee and Secretary of the Faith Home in Brooklyn. He is a member of the Kings County Medical Society and the Physicians' Mutual Aid Association. He was

S. B. CHILDS

first married on January 20, 1870, to Josephine L. Brown, who bore him a son, Albert Ewing Childs, a graduate of New York University and a practicing physician in the Borough of The Bronx, New York. After Mrs. Child's death he was again married, on May 14, 1881, to Hattie E. Hickcox, who has borne him a daughter, Edna Childs. His address is No. 498 Classon Avenue, Brooklyn, New York.

HAND, David Bishop, 1848–

Class of 1869 Med.

Born at Hawley, Pa., 1848; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1869; in practice since 1869; largely interested in lumber trade, mining

and manufacturing; President and Director of various corporations.

DAVID BISHOP HAND, M.D., is a descendant of John Hand, who was born at Maidstone, Kent, England, in 1611 and settled at Lynn, Massachusetts, in 1648, whence with others he afterward removed to the eastern end of Long Island and founded the Town of Shinnecock on land purchased from the Indians. In a later generation Nathan Hand settled in Sussex County, New Jersey, and was a farmer and drover. Robert Hand, son of Nathan Hand, was born in Sussex County, New Jersey, and was a farmer there for a time, then removed to Hawley, Pennsylvania, in 1830, and engaged in farming and lumbering. He married Susan Goble, who on March 31, 1848, bore him a son, David Bishop Hand, the subject of this sketch. The boy was sent to private and public schools at Hawley, and for a time studied medicine under Dr. G. B. Curtis, at Hawley. Finally he entered the New York University Medical College, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in May, 1869. He was then in uncertain health, but at once entered upon the practice of his profession, at South Canaan, not far from Hawley, in Wayne County, Pennsylvania. Three years later he removed to Carbondale, Pennsylvania, and practiced there for eight years. Then he removed again to Scranton, Pennsylvania, where he still remains in practice. In addition to his medical practice Dr. Hand has long been actively engaged in various business enterprises. Since his early life he has had a taste and aptitude for the lumber business, in which his father was engaged. He began it by investing in a tract of timber land in Pennsylvania, which he afterwards sold at a handsome profit. This operation was repeated many times. While at Carbondale he made a specialty of investing in land available for building sites, and he has followed the same business with much success at Scranton. In partnership with some others he invested in a tract of 36,000 acres of timber land in the western part of Pennsylvania. He is a Director of the United States Lumber Company, with a capital of $4,000,000; of the Lackawanna Lumber Company, with a capital of $750,000; of the J. J. Newman Company, of Mississippi, with a capital of $1,000,000; of the Peck Lumber and Manufacturing Company, of Scranton, with a capital of $100,000; of the Eureka Cash Register Company, of Scranton, with a capital of $100,000; and of the Scranton Board of Trade Building, with a capital of $250,000. He is Vice-President of the National Graphite Company, with a capital of $250,000; and President of the South Lincoln Coal Company, with a capital of $250,000; of the Penn Quarry Company, with a capital of $100,000, and the Dr. Hand's Condensed Milk Company, with a capital of $5,000,000. The Condensed Milk Company was incorporated by him in 1899, and the idea of incorporating with the milk phosphates and hypophosphites originated with him. He claims that as a result of such mixture children fed upon that condensed milk are free from the rickets, scurvy and other disorders which often appear when they are fed upon condensed milk not thus medicated. Some fifteen years ago he became convinced that in the care and medication of young children less judgment was often exercised than in the rearing of animals, and accordingly he conceived the idea of preparing and putting upon the market various medicines for children, which were to take the place of castor oil, opiates, and other harsh and injurious drugs. He accordingly resigned from the medical society to which he had belonged, in order to engage in such business without violating its rules, though he continued his regular medical practice. After several years he sold his prescriptions to certain Philadelphia firms, on a royalty. He is at the present time about com-

DAVID B. HAND

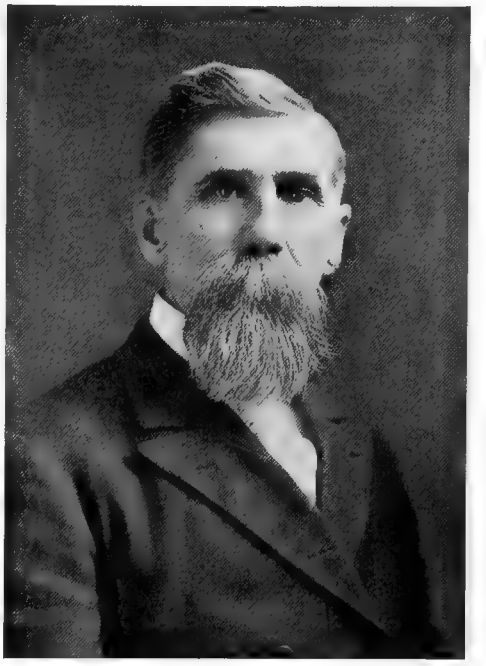
pleting a voluminous work of common sense advice to parents on the care and rearing of children, including their hygiene, food, clothing, and care in case of accidents or illness. Dr. Hand is a Republican in politics, but has never held public office, though often urged to do so. He is, or has been, a member of the Lancaster Medical Society, of Lancaster, Pennsylvania; of the Lackawanna Medical Society; of the Anatomical Society; of the Rod and Reel Club of Scranton; of the Scranton Club, and of the Elks, Odd Fellows, and Masons. He was married several years ago to Sarah Titus Cromwell, of Hawley, Pennsylvania, a member of an old Quaker family, and a descendant of the family of the illustrious Oliver Cromwell. He has had four children: May Isabella, who died at the age of six years; Frederick Cromwell, a merchant in Scranton, Elizabeth Longstreet, and Howard David Hand. Dr. Hand's mother, whose maiden name, as stated above, was Susan Goble, was a daughter of Nathan Goble, a farmer and drover of Sussex County, New Jersey, a niece of ex-Governor Price, of New Jersey, a granddaughter of Francis Price, for thirty-two years Judge in Sussex County, and a great-granddaughter on the maternal side, of the patriot, Stephen Roy, who gave his entire fortune to Washington and his army at Valley Forge, and who, when Congress afterward proposed to reimburse him, declined, saying, "My country's freedom is sufficient pay."

HEWITT, Milo Ruben, 1844–

Class of 1869 Med.

Born at Conneaut, Ohio, 1844; studied in common school and Conneaut Academy; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1869; in practice since 1869; Pension Examiner, 1892-94; Professor of Obstetrics, Milwaukee Medical College, 1895-1901.

MILO RUBEN HEWITT, M.D., son of Ruben and Rebecca (Smith) Hewitt, was born at Conneaut, Ashtabula County, Ohio, on November 25, 1844. He studied in the common school, and was graduated from the Conneaut Academy in 1862. A few years later he began the study of medicine, and in the spring of 1869 was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which is now a part of New York University. On July 1, 1869, he began the active practice of his profession at Pewaukee, Wisconsin, and there remained until March, 1892, at which time he removed to Milwaukee, Wisconsin, where he is still engaged in professional work. From 1892 to 1894 he was a member of the Board of Pension Examiners. In January, 1895, he was elected to the Chair of Obstetrics in the Milwaukee Medical College, which place he filled with marked ability until June, 1901, when he resigned it. He has also been a Trustee of the Johnson Emergency Hospital, and Consulting Obstetrician to the County Hospital. He is a member of County, State and National Medical societies.



M. R. HEWITT

He was married on November 25, 1873, to Martha Currie, daughter of Dr. John Currie, and has two children: Maude I. and Grace L. Hewitt.

LEO, Simeon Newton, 1847–

Class of 1869 Med.

Born in New York, 1847; studied in public and private schools, New York Free Academy, School for Oriental Literature and Modern Science, and Long Island College Hospital; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1869; in practice since 1869, with extensive hospital and army service; Founder of Society for Chemical Research.

SIMEON NEWTON LEO, M.D., son of Henry and Hannah (Lewis) Leo, was born at the corner of Nassau and Ann streets, New York City, on December 1, 1847. His parents were natives of London, England. His mother's ancestors were

Dutch, and his father's traced their descent from the De Leos of Barcelona, Spain, where Miguel de Leo was a Grandee of Spain, an adviser of King Ferdinand, and a conspicuous figure at Court. Dr. Leo was educated at the Greene Street Educational Institute, at Ward School No. 38, at the New York Free Academy, now the College of the City of New York, among his preceptors being Dr. M. Middleman, the Rev. Dr. Ansel Leo, and the Rev. Dr. Raphael, and at the School for Oriental Literature and Modern Science. His professional education was begun in the Long Island College Hospital, in Brooklyn, and was continued in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1869. Since that date he has been constantly engaged in practice, and has done much service in hospitals and in the army. Thus he was Surgeon of the Fifty-fifth Regiment, New York National Guard, in 1869; Sanitary Inspector for the Health Board of New York in 1870; Visiting Physician to the Hospital for Nervous Diseases, on Blackwell's Island, and Surgeon to the Western Dispensary in 1875, Obstetrician and Surgeon to the Society for the Relief of Indigent Females from 1870 to 1875, and Physician and Surgeon to the Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews for twenty-nine years. He has also been Honorary Inspector and Secretary of the Society for Improving the Condition of the Poor. He was the Founder of the old Society for Chemical Research, and was assistant to the Surgeon-General of the State of New York. Dr. Leo is a member of the New York County Medical Society, the Society of Medical Jurisprudence, the Society for the Relief of Physicians, the Physicians' Mutual Aid Association, the Northwestern Medical and Surgical Society, and the Neurological Society, and a Fellow of the New York Academy of Medicine. He was married in April, 1874, to Florence Nightingale Stines, of Jamaica, West Indies. There are no children from the union. His home is at No. 103 West 55th Street, New York.

OAKLEY, John Greenleaf, 1843–

Class of 1869 Arts.

Born at Verbank, N. Y., 1843; studied at Troy University, 1861-62; Professor of Latin and Greek, Saugerties Academy, 1862-63; ordained into Methodist Ministry, 1864; graduated A.B., New York University, 1869, and A.M., 1872; honorary A.M., Wesleyan University, 1871; Ph.D., Syracuse University, 1881; D.D., Grant Memorial University, 1889.

JOHN GREENLEAF OAKLEY, A.M., D.D., PH.D., a distinguished clergyman of the Methodist Episcopal Church, was born at Verbank, New York, on May 17, 1843, the son of Solomon Wilmot Oakley and Mary Ann (Dutcher) Oakley. He commenced his college course at Troy University in 1861, and was Professor of Latin and Greek in Saugerties Academy, New York, in 1862–63. In 1864 he was ordained into the ministry of the Methodist Episcopal Church, in which he has

JOHN G. OAKLEY

ever since remained. Feeling the need of more extensive culture he entered New York University, and was graduated from it with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1869. Two years later he received the honorary degree of Master of Arts from Wesleyan University, and in 1872 took the degree of Master of Arts in course from New York University. In 1875 he studied in Europe. He spent seven years in completing the Latin course as required by the University of Bonn, but passed his final examinations and took the degree of Doctor of Philosophy at Syracuse University in 1881, and in 1889 he received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from the Grant Memorial University. In 1892 he made a very extensive tour of investi-

gation in Europe, Asia, and Africa, including Egypt and the Holy Land. Dr. Oakley has been prominent as a lyceum lecturer for more than twenty years. Since 1864 he has been chiefly engaged in the ministerial work of the ministry of the Methodist Episcopal Church. During eighteen years of this time he was pastor in the City of New York. He is now (1903) Pastor of St. Paul's Methodist Episcopal Church, Tarrytown, New York. He was married on November 22, 1864, to Susie A. Hoffman, daughter of the late Charles Hoffman, of Claverack, New York. He has five children: Edith Elizabeth, wife of Recorder R. P. Martin, Hartford, Connecticut; Mary Hester, wife of the Rev. Dr. T. H. Baragwanath, Pastor of Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church, Newburgh; Rev. Charles S., a member of the New York Conference; Susie Teresa, wife of Prof. George H. Kingsbury, New York, and Ida Augusta, wife of Benjamin R. Gilmour, Yonkers, New York. Dr. Oakley has been prominent in the Masonic Fraternity, and was one of the original company who organized the now famous New York Quill Club of which he is still a member. He possesses rare social, intellectual and ministerial qualities, and is an excellent organizer. He is in demand for various important tasks.

ROOT, John Wellborn, 1850-1891.

Class of 1869 Sci.

Born at Lumpkin, Ga., 1850; graduated B.S. and C.E., New York University, 1869; architect, 1869-91; Architect of Columbian Exposition Buildings, Chicago; died, 1891.

JOHN WELLBORN ROOT, B.S. and C.E., architect, was born at Lumpkin, Georgia, on January 10, 1850, the son of Sydney and Mary (Clark) Root. He entered the scientific course of New York University in 1865, and was a member of Delta Upsilon, Vice-President of Eucleian, winner of the First Butler Eucleian Essay Prize in 1868, Junior orator, and Commencement orator fifth in rank. He was graduated with the degrees of Bachelor of Science and Civil Engineer in 1869, and thereafter devoted himself with distinguished success to the career of an architect. He followed that calling in New York in 1869–72, and thereafter in Chicago. In the latter city he was the designer of many important business buildings, such as The Rookery, The Rialto, the Phoenix Building, the Insurance Exchange, the Art Institute, the Rand-McNally Building, the Chicago Hotel, the Women's Christian Temperance Union Building, and the Masonic Temple. He was appointed architect and designer of the buildings for the Columbian Exposition, but died before that great work was completed. He was twice married: First, in 1879, to Mary Walker, and second, in 1882, to Dora Louise Monroe, and had three children: Margaret, John Wellborn, and Mary Louise Root. He died in Chicago on January 15, 1891.

SIZER, Nelson Buell, 1846–

Class of 1869 Sci., 1871 Med.

Born at Avon, Conn., 1846; graduated at Connecticut Literary Institution, Suffield, 1866; graduated B.S., New York University, 1869, and M.D., New York University Medical College, 1871; served in Roosevelt and Presbyterian hospitals, New York, and studied in London and Paris, 1871-73; in practice since 1873, with extensive hospital work; Professor in American Institute of Phrenology.

NELSON BUELL SIZER, B.S., M.D., son of Nelson and Sarah Hale (Remington) Sizer, is of New England origin, having been born at Avon, Connecticut, on December 10, 1846. His preparatory education was acquired at the well known Connecticut Literary Institution, at Suffield, and he was graduated from it in 1866. Thence he came to New York University, and pursued the scientific course in the College of Arts and Science. He was a member of the Delta Upsilon Fraternity, and ranked well as a student. In 1869 he was graduated with the Baccalaureate degree in Science, and then went on with his professional studies in the University Medical College, which he had begun during his Senior year in the College of Arts and Science. He was graduated a Doctor of Medicine in 1871, and afterward pursued post-graduate courses in London and Paris. In 1871–72 he was a House Surgeon in Roosevelt Hospital, and in 1872–73 in the Presbyterian Hospital, in New York, and in the last named year went to Europe. Since his return to this country he has been constantly engaged in practice, in general surgery, though paying especial attention to diseases of the eye, ear, throat and skin. During his professional career Dr. Sizer has done much hospital and educational work, including some years as Attending Physician to the Atlantic Avenue Dispensary, Brooklyn, and many years in the Brooklyn Eye and Ear Hospital, the Long Island College Hospital as Assistant Surgeon, in the Chinese Hospital as Surgeon, in the Bushwick Dispensary as Senior Surgeon, in the American Institute of Phre-

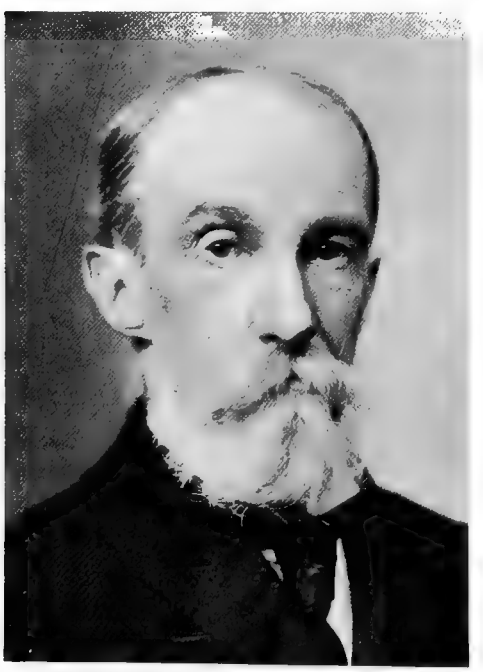
nology, New York, as Professor of Anatomy and Physiology, and, at the present time, as Assistant Surgeon to the Bushwick Central Hospital, Brooklyn. He was an original Fellow of the New York State Medical Association, and still belongs thereto, as well as to the Kings County Medical Society, the Kings County Medical Association, and the Masonic Order. He was married on March 24, 1875, to Georgiana Mitchell, daughter of George Mitchell, of Brooklyn. His address is No. 336 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn, New York.

SWEZEY, Gilbert Hopkins, 1842–

Class of 1869 Med.

Born at Yaphank, N. Y., 1842; studied at Academy at Jamaica; graduated M.D., 1869, Bellevue Hospital Medical College; extended hospital practice; in practice in New York, 1869-83, and at Yaphank, N. Y., since 1883.

GILBERT HOPKINS SWEZEY, M.D., is a native of Yaphank, Long Island, New York, where he was born on April 22, 1842. On the



G. H. SWEZEY

side of his father, Van Rensselaer Swezey, his ancestry is traced to the earliest settlers of Salem, Massachusetts, whence the family removed to Southold, Long Island. His mother, whose maiden name was Dorothy Catherine Davis, was seventh in direct descent from Stephen Hopkins, who came over in the "Mayflower." In his boyhood Dr. Swezey attended the Miller Place Academy, afterward the Union Hall Academy, of Jamaica, Long Island. He was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1869, from the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and forthwith began practice in New York City. He served as Attending Physician to the Out-door Poor at Bellevue Hospital, at the New York State Hospital for Nervous Diseases, and at the De Milt Dispensary. In 1883 he removed from New York to Yaphank, and has since been in practice there, spending his winters, from November 1st to May 1st, at No. 83 Hardenbrook Avenue, Jamaica, New York. Dr. Swezey was married on October 21, 1873, to Susan Emily Miller, and has seven children.

ALEXANDER, Welcome Taylor, 1848–

Class of 1870 Med.

Born in Kentucky, 1848; studied in schools at Louisville, Ky., and St. Louis, Mo., two years at Jefferson College, Canonsburg, Pa., and two years in Berlin and elsewhere abroad; graduated M.D., 1870, Bellevue Hospital Medical College; served as Interne at Bellevue Hospital; three years in Europe; in practice in New York since 1874.

WELCOME TAYLOR ALEXANDER, M.D., son of Junius B. and Lucy Fitzhugh (Dade) Alexander, both Virginians, was born in Davies County, Kentucky, on February 4, 1848. He attended schools in Louisville, Kentucky, and St. Louis, Missouri. Two years were spent at Jefferson College, Canonsburg, Pennsylvania, and two years more in study in Europe, chiefly in Berlin. He pursued the regular course of the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and was graduated from that institution with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1870. For a year and a half thereafter he was an Interne in Bellevue Hospital, and for three years more he studied in London, Paris, Vienna, Berlin, and Strasburg. He then returned to New York and since 1874 has been steadily engaged in the practice of his profession. He was married in 1880 and has three children. His address is No. 940 St. Nicholas Avenue, New York.

DONLIN, Philip Eugene, 1849-1892.

Class of 1870 Med.

Born in New York, 1849; studied in public schools, School of Art, and New York Free Academy; grad-

uated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1870; House Physician and Surgeon, St. Vincent's Hospital, 1870-71; Coroner's Physician, 1878-92; Alderman in 1884; in practice in New York, 1871-92; died, 1892.

PHILIP EUGENE DONLIN, M.D., son of Michael and Annie (Reilly) Donlin, was of Irish ancestry and was born in New York City on

PHILIP E. DONLIN

October 13, 1849. He attended the public schools of the city, and Plassman's School of Art, in which latter he studied modelling and drawing. A course in the New York Free Academy, now the College of the City of New York, followed, from which institution he was graduated in 1868. He then entered the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1870. A year of service in St. Vincent's Hospital followed, as House Physician and Surgeon, and then, in 1871, he began the practice of his profession in New York City and continued therein until the end of his life. Dr. Donlin was a Democrat in politics, and was a member of the Board of Aldermen of New York City for a month, in September and October, 1884, but resigned the place. He was a Coroner's Physician from 1878 until his death. From 1882 to 1884 he was Curator and Pathologist to the Medico-Legal Society, of which he was a member, and he was the first to read a paper before that society on "Pathological Lesions in Electrical Deaths." He was a member of the New York Pathological Society, the New York County Medical Society, the New York Academy of Medicine, the New Amsterdam Club, the New York County Democracy, Tammany Hall, the Monticello Club, and the Irish Land League of America, of which last named he was the organizer and first President. He was never married. He died in New York on June 12, 1892.

FRASER, Alexander Watkins, 1846–

Class of 1870 Arts, 1871 Law.

Born in New York, 1846; studied in private schools; graduated A.B., New York University, 1870; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1871; admitted to Bar, 1871; in practice in New York City.

ALEXANDER WATKINS FRASER, son of Alexander and Sarah (Watkins) Fraser, was born in New York City in 1846, and received his early and secondary education in Dr. Morris's and N. E. Cornwall's private schools in his native city. He was matriculated in the School of Arts of New

ALEXANDER W. FRASER

York University, and was graduated from it with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1870. In the following year he was graduated from the New York University Law School, and was admitted to practice at

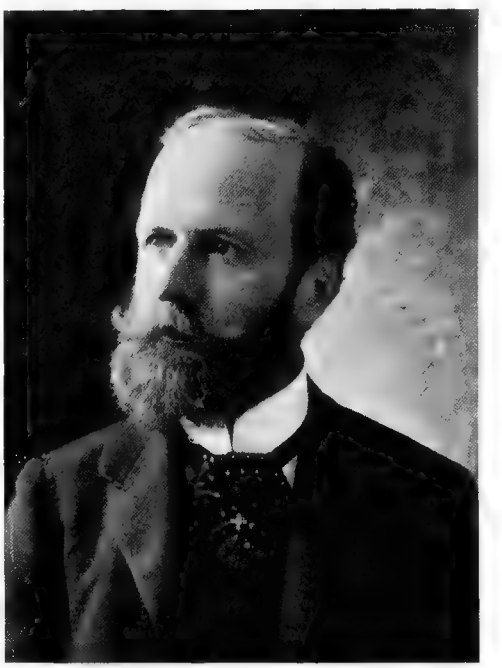
the Bar. For the next year he was a law clerk in the office of Hawkins & Cothren, and for another year he was engaged as managing clerk in the law office of Judge Speir. Since then he has been in practice in New York City. He is a Republican in politics, and is a member of the Bar Association of New York City, of the Nyack Country Club, and of the Delta Phi fraternity. He was married in 1870 to Celestina Malten, and has one child, Lucile Fraser.

HEBBARD, Ellery Cola, 1847–

Class of 1870 Med.

Born in Adrian, Mich., 1847; studied in public schools of Boston and private boarding schools; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1870; practicing physician in Boston, Mass., since 1870; author of various medical essays.

ELLERY COLA HEBBARD, M.D., traces his descent from Robert and Joan Hibbard, who came from Salisbury, England, between 1635 and 1639, and settled at Salem, then Beverley, Massachusetts. Their son, John, and his wife, Ruth Walden, had a son, John, who married Dorothy Graves, and who appears to have changed the spelling of his name from Hibbard to Hebbard. This latter couple had a son also named John, who married Hannah Pattle, or Pottle, and lived at Methuen, Massachusetts. The fourth of the seven children of John and Hannah Hebbard was James, who married Sarah Merrick, and lived, and was deacon of the church, at Durham, Maine, for more than fifty years. The third of his five children was Timothy Merrick Hebbard, who married Mary Dyer and had eleven children. The sixth of these, born at Lisbon, Maine, was William Wallace Hebbard, one of the notable men of his day and generation. The son of a hard-working lumberman with a large family, he began to support himself by manual labor at the age of six years, and at twelve years of age dealt in logs on his own account and thus earned money for schooling. A few years later he was himself a teacher. At eighteen he studied for the ministry and was a little later licensed to preach. Next he studied medicine at Harvard, and became a successful physician. He was an earnest temperance advocate, and wrote much in prose and verse. He married Martha S. Benjamin, daughter of Dr. Daniel Benjamin, of North Granby, Connecticut, and died at Nashua, New Hampshire, in 1889. His only son is the subject of this sketch. Ellery Cola Hebbard was born at Adrian, Michigan, on March 20, 1847, and received his early education in the public schools of Boston, Massachusetts, and in various boarding schools. On approaching the age of manhood he found his tastes and aptitude inclining strongly toward the medical profession, of which his father and maternal grandfather were conspicuous members. Accordingly he repaired to New York City, becoming a pupil of Dr. James R. Wood. He entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, and was duly graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in March, 1870. He then returned to Boston, in which city his home had



E. C. HEBBARD

been since 1858, and there began the practice of his profession, in which he has been continuously and successfully engaged ever since. He is a Fellow of the Massachusetts State Medical Society, the American Medical Association and the American Association for the Advancement of Science; is a Thirty-third degree Mason and a member of the Supreme Council of that Order. He was married on October 19, 1887, to Mrs. Ida M. Simpson, of Brooklyn, New York. Dr. Hebbard has written and published a number of essays on medical topics, including two on "A Scientific Basis for Medicine," entitled respectively, "Life and Its Association with Matter; Matter not Vital but Absolutely Chemical," and "Compatible Medication, or the Physical

Forces in Scientific Formulation." In these papers he argues to prove that life and matter are separate entities; that life is continuous and only abides with matter for a limited time, so proving its immortality. The ideas promulgated in these papers have excited considerable interest among scientific thinkers. Dr. Hebbard claims that medicine can be made strictly scientific by these teachings. The Doctor is the owner of a most beautiful country home on the Kennebec River, consisting of some one hundred and seventy acres, two-thirds of which are primeval forest. Some of the pine trees on the estate are one hundred and fifty feet in height, and some of the oaks measure nineteen feet around their base and are estimated to be six or eight hundred years old. The history of the place dates back to the time of the Pilgrims.

LEVENTRITT, David, 1845–

Class of 1870 Law.

Born at Winnsboro, S. C., 1845; studied in public schools, College of City of New York and New York University Law School; graduated A.B., College of City of New York, 1864; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1870; in prominent practice in New York for nearly thirty years; Justice of Supreme Court of New York since 1899.

DAVID LEVENTRITT, A.B., LL.B., one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, was born at Winnsboro, South Carolina, on January 31, 1845. In 1854 his family removed to New York, and he was educated in the public schools of that city, and in the Free Academy, now known as the College of the City of New York. He was graduated from the latter in 1864, with the second honors of the class and with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. He then began the study of law and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws, in 1870, from the Law School of New York University. Admission to the Bar followed, and for nearly thirty years he was a successful and prominent practicing lawyer in New York City. He was nominated by the Democratic party, of which he has been a life-long member, in 1898, for a place on the Supreme Court Bench from New York City, and was elected by a handsome majority, running ahead of the rest of the ticket. He took his place on the Bench at the beginning of 1899, and was at once designated as one of the Justices of the Appellate Term, a distinction not hitherto accorded to a Judge in his first year of service.

MARTIN, Tilly Alexander, 1849–

Class of 1870 Med.

Born at Miami, Mo., 1849; studied in public schools and Pritchett's Institute, Glasgow, Mo.; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1870; in hospital practice in New York; Lecturer on Diseases of Children in Missouri Medical College, St. Louis; in general practice in St. Louis since 1885.

TILLY ALEXANDER MARTIN, M.D., son of Morris and Catherine Mary (Cole) Martin, was born at Miami, Missouri, on January 11, 1849, being descended from old colonial stock. He was educated in the public schools and in Pritchett's Institute at Glasgow, Missouri. For three years he studied in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which has now been incorporated into New York University, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1870. For a year following he was an Interne and House Physician in Bellevue Hospital and in the hospital on Blackwell's Island, and then went to St. Louis and became Lecturer on the Diseases of Children in the Missouri Medical College. Since 1885 he has been successfully engaged in general practice in St. Louis. He is a member of the St. Louis Medical Society, the Missouri Medical Association, the American Medical Association, the Masonic Order and the Knights Templar.

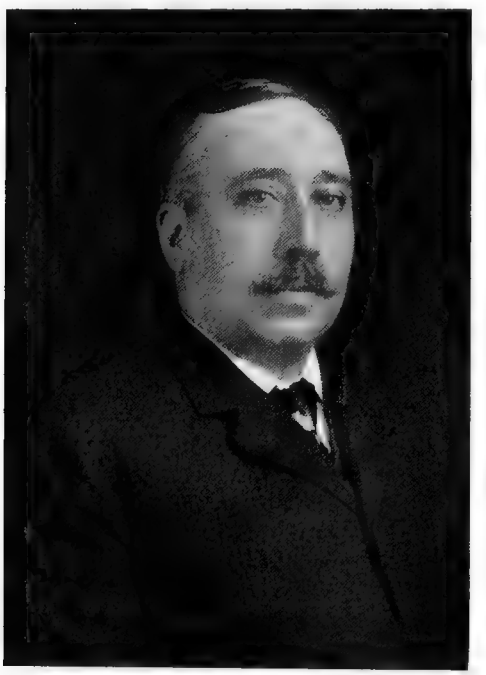
NICHOLS, William Henry, 1852–

Class of 1870 Sci.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1852; graduated Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute; student at Cornell University, 1868-69; graduated B.S., New York University, 1870, and M.S., 1873; manufacturing chemist.

WILLIAM HENRY NICHOLS, M.S., is a son of George Henry Nichols and Sarah Elizabeth (Harris) Nichols, and was born in Brooklyn, New York, on January 9, 1852. He graduated at the Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute and was a student at Cornell University in 1868–69. He then entered New York University, from which he took the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1870. Three years later he received from the University the Master's degree in Science. He was a member of the Delta Phi Fraternity. Since graduation he has been a manufacturing chemist. He is President of the Nichols Chemical Company, which he founded; President of the General Chemical Company, of the Chemical Trading Company, of the Nichols Chemical Company of Canada, and is Vice-President of the Manufacturers' Trust Company. He is Vice-

President and a Director of the San Carlos Copper Company, of the Corn Products Company and of the New York Glucose Company. He is a member of the Chamber of Commerce and a Director of the Corn Exchange Bank, of the Read Phosphate Company, of the United States Wood Preserving Company and of several other financial and manufacturing corporations. He is a Trustee of the Polytechnic Institute of Brooklyn, of the Congregational Church Building Society and of various other religious and charitable institutions. He is also President of the Congregational Church Extension



WILLIAM H. NICHOLS

Society and of the Board of the Clinton Avenue Congregational Church, Brooklyn. He was married on February 18, 1873, to Hannah Wright Hensel, and has three children living. His home is at No. 353 Clinton Avenue, Brooklyn, New York.

PECKHAM, William Gibbs, 1849–

Class of 1870 Law.

Born at Newport, R. I., 1849; graduated A.B., Harvard, 1867; studied law in New York and at Heidelberg, Germany; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1870; in practice since 1870; prominent in politics and tariff reform; author.

WILLIAM GIBBS PECKHAM, A.B., LL.B., lawyer and publicist, is a native of Newport, Rhode Island, where he was born on February 7, 1849. Through his father, William Gibbs Peckham, he is directly descended from Elder William Peckham, who was Pastor of the first Baptist Church in Rhode Island, and through his mother, whose maiden name was Mary Hull Perry, he is a grandson of Judge Joseph Perry and a descendant of Edmund Perry, who was an ancestor of Commodore Oliver Hazard Perry, Commodore Matthew Galbraith Perry, and General Nathanael Greene. Mr. Peckham entered Harvard University at the early age of fourteen years. He was the first Editor of "The Harvard Collegian" and its successor, "The Harvard Advocate," and was thus a pioneer in college journalism. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1867, and thereupon devoted himself to the study of the law. He was a student in John Norton Pomeroy's Law School, and under William Maxwell Evarts and Joseph H. Choate in New York. In 1868–69 he was at the University of Heidelberg, Germany, where he received a certificate in Roman Law. Finally he pursued a course in the New York University Law School, and was graduated with the Baccalaureate degree in Law in 1870. He was admitted to the Bar in 1870, and has been in active practice ever since. His practice deals largely with the affairs of corporations, and in cases concerning marine insurance. He has been notably successful in suits against the New York Elevated Railroads for damages to property. He also won all the suits in connection with the famous Northampton Bank robbery, recovering from stockbrokers and others who had received the purloined securities, and defending the bank against various suits. While he was a student in the office of Mr. Choate, Mr. Peckham took part in the prosecution of the Tweed Ring by the Committee of Seventy. Later he was a colleague of George William Curtis and Carl Schurz in the independent political movement in support of Grover Cleveland for President, and in the tariff reform movement. He is a member of the New York State Bar Association, the New York City Bar Association, and the Harvard, Lawyers', Reform and Commonwealth clubs of New York. He is the author of some volumes of poems, including a collection of his college poems at Harvard. His office is at No. 111 Broadway, New York, and his home at Westfield, New Jersey.

POWELL, Seneca Daniel, 1848–

Class of 1870 Med.

Born in Alabama, 1848; studied in University of Alabama; served in Confederate Army in Civil War;

graduated Medical Department of University of Virginia, 1869; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1870; in practice since 1871, with much hospital service; Professor in New York Post-Graduate Medical School; author.

SENECA DANIEL POWELL, M.D., LL.D., is a native of Wilcox County, Alabama, and was born on January 5, 1848. His father, Augustus H. Powell, was a planter, and served as Quartermaster in the Confederate Army in the Civil War and afterward was a member of the Missouri Legislature and President of the Kansas City, Missouri, Savings Association. Dr. Powell is a descendant of Colonel Honorius Powell, of South Carolina, and his grandparents were among the earliest settlers of Alabama assisting in the building of Fort Madison. At the outbreak of the Civil War Dr. Powell was a cadet in the University of Alabama. He left that institution to enter the Confederate Army as a volunteer, and served until the end of the war. At the age of seventeen he engaged in farming and mercantile pursuits for a time, meanwhile privately preparing himself for a medical career. He was graduated from the Medical Department of the University of Virginia in 1869, and the next year was graduated with the Doctor's degree from the Medical College of New York University. While in the University he was a House Surgeon in Bellevue Hospital, serving there for a year and a half. In 1871–72 he was an Assistant Inspector for the Health Board of New York City, and at the same time was Clinical Assistant to the Chair of the Theory and Practice of Medicine in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College. From 1871 to 1875 he was Attending Physician to the Central Dispensary of New York, and filled the same place at the Northwestern Dispensary from 1875 to 1889. In 1875 he was appointed Surgeon, with the rank of Major, to the Second Brigade of the National Guard of the State of New York. From 1878 to 1882 he was Chief of Staff to the Chair of Surgery in the New York University Medical College. In 1882 he became connected with the New York Post-Graduate Medical School as a Lecturer on Surgical Dressings; in 1883 he was an Instructor; in 1885–87 he was Professor of Minor Surgery, and since 1887 he has been Professor of Clinical Surgery in this institution. In 1898 he was elected Secretary of the Faculty, which position he holds at present. Since 1886 he has been Visiting Surgeon to St. Elizabeth's Hospital, since 1887 to the New York Infant Asylum and since 1890 to St. Mark's Hospital. He was Vice-President of the New York County Medical Society in 1891, and its President in 1893. He was Vice-President of the Pan-American Medical Congress at Washington in 1893, and President of the New York State Medical Society in 1897–98. He has written much for publication, especially on brain surgery, and the use of carbolic acid in the treatment of blood poisoning and infected wounds. His discovery, in 1894, that alcohol is an antidote, externally and internally, to the action of carbolic acid has advanced surgery far beyond its narrow limits in the treatment of infectious diseases.

SENECA D. POWELL

REID, John, 1850–

Class of 1870 Arts.

Born at St. John, N. B., 1850; studied in New York public schools; prepared for college in University Grammar School; entered New York University, 1866; Junior orator, Commencement orator, etc.; elected to Phi Beta Kappa; graduated A.B., New York University, 1870; entered Princeton Theological Seminary, 1870; graduated, 1873; ordained to Presbyterian ministry, 1873; in active service as pastor since 1873; Moderator of Presbytery, Commissioner to and Clerk of General Assembly, Delegate to General Council, member and Secretary of Council of New York University, etc; D.D., New York University, 1888.

JOHN REID, D.D., an eminent son of New York University and one of the foremost clergymen of the Presbyterian Church, is a son of

Robert and Jane (Wallace) Reid, whose names correctly indicate their Scottish ancestry, and was born at St. John, New Brunswick, on November 19, 1850. When but a few weeks old he was brought to New York City, where his parents' home was already established. His first education was acquired in the public schools of the city. His college preparatory course was pursued in the University Grammar School, and in the fall of 1866 he was matriculated in the Freshman class of the University of the City of New York, as New York University was at that time known. He pursued the

JOHN REID

classical course in the School of Arts and ranked high among his fellows as a student and as a leader in the best social life of the University. He was a member of the Delta Upsilon Fraternity, a member and for a time Treasurer of the Eucleian Literary Society, and received the honor of election to Phi Beta Kappa. He was one of the Junior orators of his class and was also a Commencement orator at the University Commencement of 1870, when he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. He had already felt himself called to the work of a Christian minister, and accordingly, to prepare himself therefor, he entered the Princeton (New Jersey) Theological Seminary in the fall of 1870, and was graduated in the spring of 1873. His ordination to the ministry by the Presbytery of Morris and Orange, New Jersey, promptly followed, on May 6, 1873, and he was thereupon installed as pastor of the Presbyterian Church at Lower Valley, New Jersey. There he served for a little over a year and then, in 1874, removed to the City of Paterson, New Jersey, where his pastorate of the Third Presbyterian Church lasted for about two years. In 1876 he went to Hoboken, New Jersey, and was there pastor for three years. His next call was to a church with which he was long identified and in which his pastorate was a memorable one. It was in 1879 that he was installed in the historic First Presbyterian Church of Yonkers, New York, and for sixteen years he served it faithfully and was a conspicuous and influential citizen of that beautiful and cultured city. That memorable pastorate came to an end, however, in 1895, when he accepted an urgent call to the Fort Street Church in Detroit, Michigan, one of the principal churches in the northwest, where he labored with marked success for the following four years. Finally, in 1900, he returned east and became pastor of his present charge, the Memorial Presbyterian Church of Brooklyn. During his ministerial career Dr. Reid has been repeatedly called upon to serve beyond the limits of his own pastorate. In 1876 he was the Moderator of his Presbytery. He was sent as a Commissioner to the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in 1876, 1884 and 1888, and was one of the clerks of that body in the last named year. It was in 1888 that he received the degree of Doctor of Divinity, in which year also he was sent as a Delegate to the Fourth General Council of the Presbyterian Churches, held in London, England, when he was made a member of the Western Executive Commission of the same for the four years 1888–92. In connection with his Alma Mater Dr. Reid has been called to maintain a constant service which has been at once intimate and beneficent. He was elected to the Council of New York University in 1889, and the next year became the Secretary of that body. In that capacity he served the University with exceptional faithfulness and ability, at a critical time in its history, and largely contributed to the successful establishment and development of the institution in its new home on University Heights. Upon his removal from Yonkers to Detroit, and to the great regret of his associates, he retired from the Council, but was promptly and enthusiastically re-elected upon his return to New York in 1900. He still remains one of the most earnest and efficient members of the

Council, and is also the President of the College Alumni Society of the University, to which office he was re-elected upon the expiration of his term. During his incumbency of this office the General Alumni Society of New York University, embracing all its schools and departments, was organized; an important movement with which he was closely identified. Dr. Reid has four children: Robert Warren, a son by a former marriage; Edith May, a graduate of the Class of 1900 from Smith College; John, graduated Bachelor of Arts from New York University in 1900; and Mary Reid, a member of the Class of 1904 in Smith College. Dr. Reid was married to his present wife, formerly Mary Jamieson, on December 19, 1876. His home is at No. 863 President Street, Brooklyn, New York.

SAYRE, Lewis Hall, 1851-1890.

Class of 1870.

Born in New York, 1851; received special course diploma from New York University, 1870; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1873; physician and surgeon, 1873-90; died, 1890.

LEWIS HALL SAYRE, M.D., was a son of the eminent physician and instructor, Professor Lewis A. Sayre, M.D., and Eliza Ann (Hall) Sayre. He was born in New York City on September 12, 1851, and entered New York University in the Class of 1870 as a special course student. He was President of his class and a member of Delta Phi. In 1870 he received a special course diploma, and then went to the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which has since been incorporated into New York University. There he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1873, and he at once entered upon a most promising career as a physician and surgeon. He was Assistant to the Chair of Orthopædic Surgery in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College in 1877–90, and President of the Alumni Association of that institution, Consulting Surgeon to the Hackensack, New Jersey, Hospital in 1889–90, and Secretary of the American Orthopædic Association in 1887–88. He was a Fellow of the New York Academy of Medicine, and a member of the Pathological Society, and the American, New York State, and New York County Medical associations. He was married on January 15, 1879, to Mary Alice Pomeroy, daughter of William Pomeroy, and had three children: William P., Lewis A., and Frances Sayre. He died in New York City on January 2, 1890.

SPENCER, James Decker, 1849–

Class of 1870 Med.

Born at Denmark, N. Y., 1849; studied at Jefferson County Institute and Phillips Exeter Academy; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1870; in practice since 1870; President of Medical Board of City Hospital, Watertown, N. Y., since 1899.

JAMES DECKER SPENCER, M.D., son of Henry G. P. and Emily Antoinette (Decker) Spencer, traces his descent from Michael Spencer, of Stotfold, Bedfordshire, England, in the middle of the Sixteenth Century. His ancestor, William Spencer, a grandson of Michael Spencer, with his

JAMES D. SPENCER

brothers, Thomas and Jared, came to this country in 1631 and were among the early settlers of Cambridge, Massachusetts, and Hartford, Connecticut, and conspicuous in colonial affairs. His grandfather, Gordon Percival Spencer, first of Salisbury, Connecticut, and then, at the close of the War of 1812, of Champion, New York, was a graduate of Williams College, an eminent physician and surgeon, and a surgeon of the American Army in the War of 1812. His son, Henry Gordon Percival Spencer, of Watertown, New York, was a graduate of Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, an army surgeon in the Civil War, and one of the foremost physicians and surgeons in the northern part of New York State. He was the father of the subject of this sketch, who

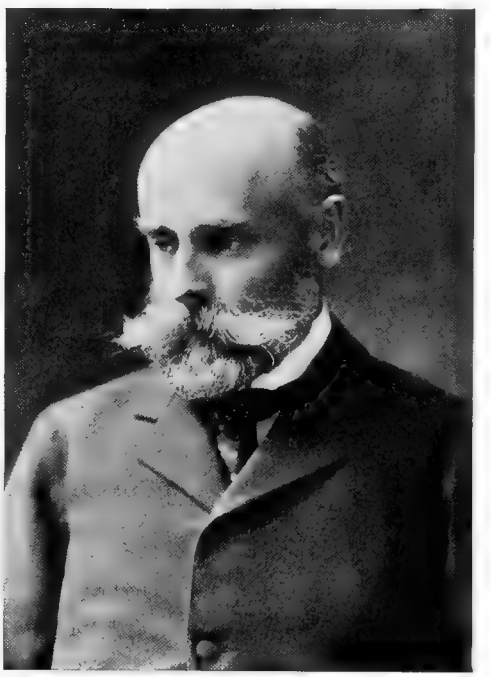
was born at Denmark, Lewis County, New York, on April 14, 1849. Dr. Spencer was carefully educated, attending the Jefferson County (New York) Institute, and the famous Phillips Exeter Academy at Exeter, New Hampshire. From the latter he proceeded to the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, New York, now a part of New York University. During his medical studies he enjoyed the preceptorship of Professor James R. Wood, M.D., LL.D., of New York, and also that of his own father. He was graduated from Bellevue with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in February, 1870, but his diploma was dated May 1, 1870, on account of his age, as he was actually graduated before he was twenty-one years old, and it was not permissible to date the diploma before that age was attained. Immediately upon receiving his diploma Dr. Spencer began the practice of his profession at Watertown, New York, and has ever since been thus engaged, with distinguished success. He was on July 15, 1872, commissioned by Governor Dix a surgeon, with the rank of Major, in the Thirty-fifth Regiment of the New York State National Guard. In 1888 he was elected President of the Jefferson County Medical Society, and in 1896 he was elected President of the Medical Society of the State of New York, of both of which organizations he is still a member. Since 1899 he has been President of the Medical Board of the City Hospital of Watertown, New York. He is a member, also, of the New York Academy of Medicine, and the American Public Health Association, and is Surgeon of the Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg Division of the New York Central & Hudson River Railroad. He was a member of the Pan-American Medical Congress at Mexico in 1896. He is a Free Mason, a Knight Templar, and a Noble of the Mystic Shrine. He was married on October 31, 1877, to Frances Eleanor Phelps. His address is Watertown, New York.

STEVENSON, Eugene, 1849–

Class of 1870 Arts, 1870 Law.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1849; graduated A.B. and LL.B., New York University, 1870; taught school Paterson, N. J., 1870-74; in legal practice since 1874; Prosecutor of the Pleas, Passaic County, N. J., 1881-86; President N. J. State Bar Association, 1900; Vice-Chancellor, N. J., 1901; A.M., New York University, 1873.

EUGENE STEVENSON, A.M., LL.B., Vice-Chancellor of the State of New Jersey, was born in Williamsburg, Brooklyn, New York, on June 28, 1849, the son of Paul Eugene and Cornelia (Prime) Stevenson. After a careful preparatory education he entered the Sophomore Class in New York University in 1867 and had a distinguished career as a student. He won the Sophomore Greek Prize, and divided the Sophomore Latin Prize with Howard DeWolf Woodruff, and was a Junior orator and President of Eucleian, was elected to Phi Beta Kappa, and was Latin Salutatorian at the Commencement of 1870. At the latter date he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts from the College of Arts and Science, and at the same



EUGENE STEVENSON

time received the degree of Bachelor of Laws from the Law Department of the University. Three years later the University conferred upon him the degree of Master of Arts. The four years following his graduation were devoted to teaching school at Paterson, New Jersey, but since 1874 he has been engaged in legal and judicial duties. He began practice as a lawyer in Paterson, New Jersey, in 1874, and continued in it until his elevation to the Bench. From 1881 to 1886 he was Prosecutor of the Pleas, or District Attorney, of Passaic County, New Jersey. In 1900 he was made President of the Bar Association of the State of New Jersey. Finally, on April 16, 1901, he was commissioned Vice-Chancellor of the Court of Chancery of the State

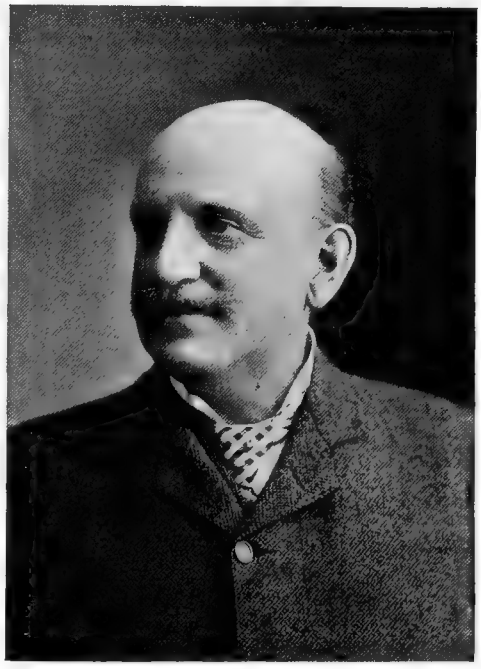
of New Jersey. He was married on June 11, 1884, to Helen Hornblower, daughter of the late Rev. Dr. William H. Hornblower. His home is in the City of Paterson, New Jersey.

WILE, William Conrad, 1847–

Class of 1870 Med.

Born at Pleasant Valley, N. Y., 1847; studied in public and private schools and academies; served in army in Company G, 150th New York Volunteers from 1862 to end of Civil War; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1870; Founder and Editor of "New England Medical Monthly;" author of numerous papers; A.M., Center College; LL.D., Rutherford College; President Board of Trade, Post Commander G. A. R., etc.; practicing physician since 1870.

WILLIAM CONRAD WILE, A.M., M.D., LL.D., was born at Pleasant Valley, Dutchess County, New York, on January 23, 1847. His father, Benjamin Franklin Wile, was born in Philadelphia, the son of an Amsterdam Dutchman. His mother, whose maiden name was Betty Buckley, was born in England and was brought to this country when she was three years old. Dr. Wile studied in boyhood in public and private schools, including the famous institution on College Hill, Poughkeepsie, New York, the school at Cornwall-on-the-Hudson, New York, of which the Rev. A. C. Roe was Principal, and the old Germantown, Pennsylvania, Academy, which celebrated its hundredth anniversary while he was a student there. At the age of fifteen he enlisted in Company G, One Hundred and fiftieth New York Volunteers, as a private, and was the youngest member of the regiment who carried a musket. He was at Gettysburg, followed Sherman in the march to the sea, and was honorably mustered out at the end of the war. After the war he entered the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated in 1870 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, since which time he has been actively engaged in practice. He was the Founder and is the Editor of "The New England Medical Monthly," which has been successfully published for more than twenty-two years, and is the author of a large number of papers on medical and surgical topics. He was Medical Examiner, or Coroner, for Danbury and Newtown, Connecticut, for twenty years, School Visitor for several years, President of the Danbury Merchants' Board of Trade, Surgeon-General of the Grand Army of the Republic, Commander of Custer Post of the Grand Army of the Republic, and Medical Director of the Connecticut Department of the Grand Army of the Republic. Center College, Kentucky, has bestowed upon him the honorary degree of Master of Arts, and Rutherford College, North Carolina, that of Doctor of Laws. He is a Republican, but has held and has wanted no political office. He has been President of the Medical Editors' Association, of the Fairfield County Medical Society, and of the Danbury Medical Society, and Vice-President of the American Medical Association and of the Connecticut State Medical Society. He is a member of the organizations named, and also of the



WILLIAM C. WILE

British Medical Society, the New York Society of Medical Jurisprudence, the Bridgeport Medical Society, and the Lotos Club of New York. He is a member of the Presbyterian Church. Dr. Wile was first married to Eliza Garretson, of New York, who bore him one child, Alice Buckley Wile. After his first wife's death he was again married, to Hattie Adele Loomis, of New Haven, Connecticut. His address is Danbury, Connecticut.

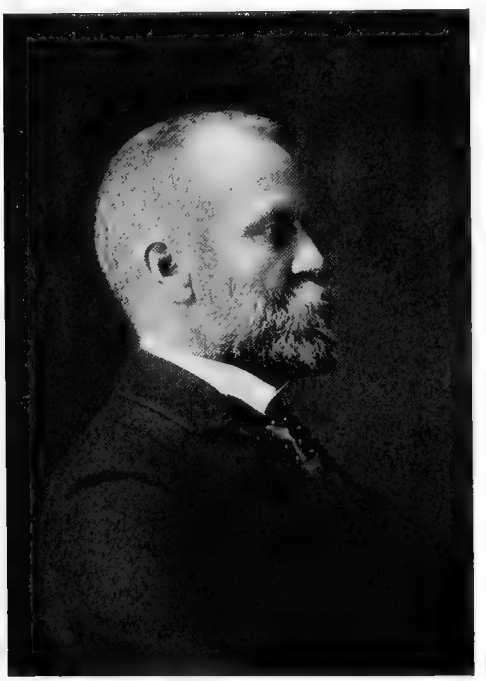
BOWNE, Borden Parker, 1847–

Class of 1871 Arts.

Born at Leonardville, N. J., 1847; studied in district school and at Pennington, N. J., Seminary, 1865-66;

prize winner in New York University; graduated A.B., New York University, 1871, and A.M., 1876; teacher in New York, 1871-72; pastor of Methodist Episcopal Church, 1872-73; studied at Halle, 1873-74; Paris, 1874; Goettingen, 1875; Instructor in Modern Languages, New York University, 1875-76; Assistant Editor of "The Independent," 1875-76; Professor of Philosophy in Boston University since 1876, and Dean of Graduate School of Arts and Sciences since 1884; LL.D., Ohio Wesleyan University, 1881; author of important books.

BORDEN PARKER BOWNE, A.M., LL.D., Professor of Philosophy and Dean of the Graduate School of Arts and Sciences in Boston University, and one of the most distinguished of



BORDEN P. BOWNE

American metaphysicians, is a son of Joseph and Margaret (Parker) Bowne, and was born at Leonardville, New Jersey, on January 14, 1847. He began his education at the district school, and spent the academic year, 1865–66, at Pennington Seminary, Pennington, New Jersey. A year later he entered New York University, and was there one of the most promising students of that or any other time. He won the Sophomore Latin Prize, divided with a classmate the Mathematical Prize, and won honorable mention in Greek, the special prize for the greatest improvement in the first two years of the college course, the special prize for greatest excellence in the entire college course, and the Webster Oratory Prize. He was also Valedictorian of his class. He was a member of Delta Upsilon and of Phi Beta Kappa. He received the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1871, and spent the next year in teaching in New York, and the year following that as pastor of a Methodist Episcopal Church at Whitestone, New York. He then went to Europe to continue his studies, especially in philosophy and languages. He was at the University of Halle, Germany, in 1873–74, at the University of Paris, France, in 1874, and at the University of Goettingen, Germany, in 1875. He returned home in 1875 to become for a year Assistant Professor of Modern Languages in New York University, and Assistant Editor of "The Independent" of New York. At the Commencement of 1876 he received the degree of Master of Arts from New York University. Those who were present at the time remember well the enthusiasm with which the students of New York University greeted the announcement, made by the Chancellor, Howard Crosby, in chapel one morning in the early fall of 1876, that Professor Bowne had been appointed to the professorship of Philosophy in Boston University. The feeling was generally shared among educators, for despite his comparative youth Professor Bowne was even then widely recognized as one of the ablest metaphysicians of his time. He has filled that chair at Boston University ever since that date, serving also since 1884 as Dean of the Graduate School of Arts and Sciences. Meantime he has frequently been heard upon the lecture platform, and has contributed some very important works to theological and philosophical literature. He has received, but has declined, a number of calls to high educational places in other institutions. Dr. Bowne possesses the rare and precious gift of investing even the most profound and abstruse subjects with an interest amounting almost to fascination, so that his philosophical writings, while commanding the utmost respect of scholars for their solidity of thought and accuracy of logic, are to the general public almost as entertaining as works of fiction. This peculiar charm of style marks alike his books, his addresses and his ordinary conversation. Among his published works may be mentioned: "The Philosophy of Herbert Spencer," "Studies in Theism," "Principles of Ethics," "Metaphysics," "Introduction to Psychological Theory," "Philosophy of Theism," "Theory of Thought and Knowledge," "The Christian Revelation," "The Christian Life," and "The Atonement." Professor Bowne's philosophical system is set forth in the "Theory of Thought and Knowledge" and the revised edition

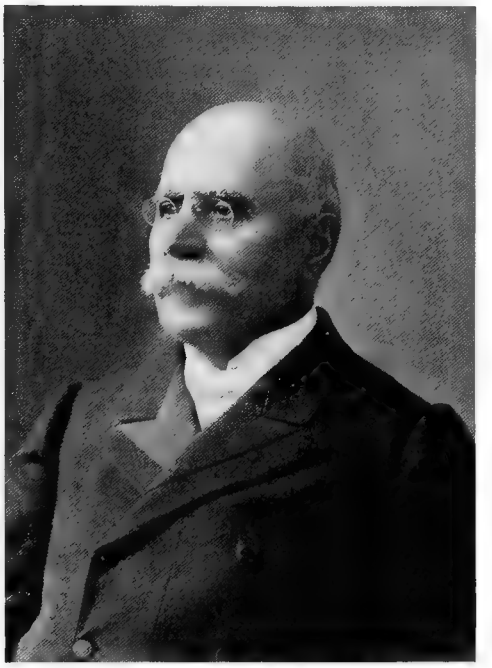
of the "Metaphysics." The "Philosophy of Theism" was revised in connection with the author's delivery of a course of lectures on the Deems Foundation under the auspices of New York University, and thus made a fuller expression of his mature thought on this subject. He has also contributed a great number of articles on these and cognate topics to "The New Englander," "The Methodist Quarterly Review," "The Princeton Review," and other periodicals. Professor Bowne received the degree of Doctor of Laws from the Ohio Wesleyan University in 1881. His home is at No. 380 Longwood Avenue, Boston, Massachusetts.

DADIRRIAN, Markar Gevork, 1839–

Class of 1871 Med.

Born at Cesarea, Asia Minor, 1839; studied in local Armenian school; graduated at Bebek Seminary, now Robert College, Constantinople, 1862; taught Armenian school at Yosgat one year; Pastor of Armenian Evangelical Church, Yosgat, five years; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1871; received diploma from Medical College, Constantinople, 1872; practiced medicine in Constantinople, 1873-84; practiced in New York since 1884; Surgeon in Turkish Army, 1872; Surgeon, with rank of Lieutenant, in Turkish Army in Russian War of 1877; served in De Milt Dispensary, New York, 1884; Attending Physician in Eastern Dispensary, New York, 1885-86; Attending Physician to St. George's Parish, New York, 1885-92; Attending Physician Children's Aid Society, New York, 1888-90; proprietor of "Zoolak" or "Matzoon."

MARKAR GEVORK DADIRRIAN, M.D., was born at Cesarea, in Asia Minor, on August 2, 1839, the son of Gevork and Diroohi Dadirrian, the latter born Armaghanian. His father was a merchant of Smyrna, engaged in the foreign trade, and was a friend and associate of the American missionaries, Goodell, Schauffler and Dwight, and joined with them in establishing at Cesarea the Evangelical Armenian Church. The subject of this sketch was first sent to an Armenian school at Cesarea, and then, at the age of fourteen, entered his father's business office at Smyrna. After two years, however, his father saw that he was more inclined toward study than toward commerce, and so sent him to the American Bebek Seminary, now Robert College, at Constantinople. There, after four years of scientific and three more of theological study, he was graduated in 1862. For one year he then taught in the Armenian school at Yosgat, after which he was chosen to be the Pastor of the Evangelical Armenian Church in that city, and served in that capacity for five years. In 1868 he made the important move of leaving his native land and coming to the United States. On reaching New York he found a staunch and sympathetic friend in that noble and honored man, Howard Crosby, Pastor of the Fourth Avenue Presbyterian Church and Chancellor of New York University. Under Dr. Crosby's influence and through his aid Dr. Dadirrian entered the New York University Medical College and pursued its regular course, at the end of which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1871. He then returned



MARKAR G. DADIRRIAN

to Asia Minor, to serve his countrymen in both body and soul. For a time he practiced medicine at Yosgat, receiving a diploma entitling him to do so at the Medical College at Constantinople in 1872. At the same time he preached for his old church there, without compensation. But in 1873 his health began to fail and he was thus constrained to seek the more favorable climate of Constantinople. In the latter city he practiced medicine for eleven years, ranking as one of the foremost physicians of Constantinople and having among his patrons many of the most distinguished members of the Turkish nobility. He also served the Turkish Government as a military surgeon. He had already been an army surgeon at Yosgat in 1872. During the Russo-

Turkish war in 1877 he was an army surgeon, with the rank of Lieutenant, and served in the Kooleli Hospital, on the Bosphorus, Constantinople. His success was marked, but it brought upon him the jealousy and wrath of the court physicians in the Sultan's palace, who three times organized conspiracies against his life. Accordingly he retired from his lucrative practice in the Turkish capital, and once more came to the United States. Here he decided to settle permanently. His first medical work here was done in the De Milt Dispensary, in New York, in 1884. After a year in that institution he went to the Eastern Dispensary, of New York, and for two years was an Attending Physician to it. During the seven years 1885 to 1892 he served without charge as an Attending Physician to the parish benevolent organizations of St. George's Protestant Episcopal Church, on Stuyvesant Square, of which he and his family are members. In 1888 to 1890 he was an Attending Physician to the Children's Aid Society. Dr. Dadirrian began in 1885 the enterprise with which his name is now particularly associated: the manufacture of a fermented milk food, to which he gave the name of "Matzoon." In this work he was aided by his two sons, who were graduates in chemistry and pharmacy. A large and profitable business was presently built up, based upon the real merits of the article. On account of various imitations which were put upon the market, and in order to protect himself and his patrons against them, in 1899 he gave to "Matzoon" an additional trade name, "Zoolak." This preparation has won great popular favor, and is widely used and recommended by the medical profession. Dr. Dadirrian also invented and placed upon the market an emulsion of cod liver oil with fermented milk, which he called "Matzol." Both of these preparations were exhibited at the World's Fair at Chicago in 1893, and received medals and diplomas. In the year 1898 he invented a third preparation, combining calisaya bark with wine, and calling it "Vin Shartone." These three preparations have been introduced into use chiefly through the medical profession and hospitals, and their merits have thus been amply demonstrated. The business of manufacturing them was incorporated in 1899 under the laws of New York, the concern taking the name of Dr. Dadirrian & Sons Company. Of this corporation Dr. Dadirrian is President, and his two sons respectively Vice-President and Secretary and Treasurer. Dr. Dadirrian is a member of the New York County Medical Society, the Physicians' Mutual Aid Association of New York, the Metropolitan Museum of Art, and the Imperial Medical Society of Constantinople. He was married on September 9, 1862, to Hosanna Shishmanian, daughter of Nigoghos Shishmanian, of Yosgat, and has two sons and one daughter. The sons Haygazoon Markar and Dicran Louis are associated with him in business. The daughter, Araksia Olympia Maria, is the wife of H. G. Gumchian, of Marseilles, France. Dr. Dadirrian's address is New York City.

FOWLER, George Ryerson, 1848–

Class of 1871 Med.

Born in New York, 1848; studied in public school, Jamaica, Long Island; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1871; in practice in Brooklyn since 1871; served in army; practitioner in various hospitals; officer of numerous professional societies, etc.; voluminous contributor to surgical literature.

GEORGE RYERSON FOWLER, M.D., one of the foremost physicians and surgeons of his time, is of English ancestry and was born in New York City on December 25, 1848, the son of Thomas Wright Fowler and Sarah Jane (Carmen) Fowler. His general education was acquired in a public school at Jamaica, Long Island, after which he entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which is now consolidated with the Medical College of New York University. From it he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in February, 1871, and since that date he has constantly been engaged in the practice of his profession in Brooklyn, New York. This brief statement gives but a hint at the multiplicity of achievements of Dr. Fowler's busy life. From 1884 to 1896 he was Attending Surgeon to St. Mary's Hospital, Brooklyn, was for five years Professor of Surgery in the New York Polyclinic Medical School, and he is at the present time Surgeon to the Methodist Episcopal Hospital; Surgeon-in-chief of the Brooklyn Hospital; Senior Surgeon of the German Hospital; Consulting Surgeon to St. Mary's Hospital, the Relief Hospital, and the Norwegian Hospital, and Examiner in Surgery of the Medical Examining Board of the Regents of the University of the State of New York. Dr. Fowler became Secretary of the Anatomical and Surgical Society in March, 1878; President of that Society in 1880; President of the Medical Society of the County of Kings; first President of the Red Cross Society of Brooklyn in 1890; President of the Brooklyn Surgical Society in 1891; Treasurer of the American Surgical Asso-

ciation from May 15, 1897, to date; Trustee of the Medical Society of the County of Kings, 1901; Captain and Assistant Surgeon, Fourteenth Regiment, New York National Guard, 1877; Major and Surgeon, Fourteenth Regiment, 1886; Major and Surgeon, Second Brigade, 1886; Major and Chief Surgeon, United States Volunteers, Seventh Army Corps, in Spanish-American War, June 4, 1898, to January 31, 1899; Lieutenant-Colonel and Surgeon, Second Brigade, New York National Guard, 1898; Colonel and Surgeon, on staff of the Major-General commanding New York National Guard, 1902. He is a member of the American Surgical Association, the New York Surgical Society, the Brooklyn Surgical Society, the American Medical Association, the New York Academy of Medicine, the Society of Medical Jurisprudence, the New York State Medical Society, the Medical Society of the County of Kings, the National Association of Railway Surgeons (honorary member), the Medical Association of the Greater City of New York, the New York Physicians' Mutual Aid Association, the Associated Physicians of Long Island, the Association of Military Surgeons of the United States, the Montauk Club of Brooklyn and the Nassau County Club of Glen Cove, Long Island. Dr. Fowler has contributed much to professional literature, including papers upon the following topics: "Extirpation of Superior Maxillary Nerve and Meckel's Ganglion, for Facial Neuralgia;" "Antiseptic Excision of Knee-Joint;" "Surgical Treatment of Facial Neuralgia;" "Fractures of the Elbow-Joint;" "The Wire Suture in Fracture of the Patella;" "Excision of the Rectum for Carcinoma;" "The Listerian Treatment of Wounds;" "Antiseptic Excision in Abscesses of the Liver;" "Haemathrosis of the Knee;" "Lumbar Colotomy;" "Neurectomy for the Relief of Facial Neuralgia;" "Importance of Early Removal of Caseous Lymphatic Glands;" "Dry Wound Dressing;" "Compound Comminuted Fracture of Patella;" "Explorative Laparatomy;" "Alexander's Operation for Shortening the Round Ligaments;" "Surgical Infection;" "Laparatomy for Extra Uterine Pregnancy;" "Gunshot Wounds of the Brain;" "Operative Treatment of Acute Intestinal Obstruction;" "Transplantation of Skin;" "Resection of Knee-Joint in Children;" "Drainage of the Bladder;" "Gunshot Wound of the Head;" "Location of Bullet by Means of the Telephone Probe;" "Hallux Valgus;" "Laryngectomy;" "Radical Cure of Hernia;" "Nephrectomy;" "Sterilization of Catgut;" "A Case of Elephantiasis of the Lower Extremity Cured by Ligature of the External Iliac Artery;" "The Origin of Carcinoma;" "Interscapulo-thoracic Amputation for Osteomyelitis of the Humerus;" "Cocain Analgesia from Subarachroid Spinal Injection, with a Report of Forty-four Cases;" "Observations on the Radical Cure of Hernia;" "The Surgery of Intrathoracic Tuberculosis;" "A Case of Thoracoplasty for the Removal of a Large Cicatricial Fibrous Growth from the Interior of the Chest, the Result of Old Empyema;" "Prolapse, Procidentia and Invagination of the Rectum;"

GEORGE RYERSON FOWLER

"Decortication of the Lung for Chronic Empyema;" "A Case of Gunshot Wound of the Head, in which the Bullet was Located by Means of the Roentgen Rays and the Telephone Probe, and Removed by Operation — Recovery;" "A Case of Incomplete External Dislocation of the Elbow-Joint, in which Skiagraphy Failed to Reveal the Lesion," and "Gunshot Wounds of the Long Bones." He has also published "A Treatise on Appendicitis," with a second edition revised and enlarged, which work received the unusual compliment of a translation into German and a large sale in Europe. Dr. Fowler was married on June 10, 1873, to Louise Rachel Wells, and has three children: Russell Story, Florence Grace and Royal Hamilton Fowler. His

office is at No. 301 DeKalb Avenue, and his city home at No. 302 Washington Avenue, Brooklyn, New York, and his country residence at the North Country, Glen Cove, Long Island.

HART, Harmon Hendricks, 1851–

Class of 1871 Law.

Born in New York, 1851; studied in New York University Grammar School; graduated LL.B., New York University Law Department, 1871; in legal practice, 1871-77; broker and member New York Stock Exchange since 1878.

HARMON HENDRICKS HART, lawyer and financier, is the son of Benjamin Seixas Hart, grandson of Bernard Hart, Division Quarter-

HARMON H. HART

master, appointed by Governor Tompkins, in the War of 1812, and one of the founders of the New York Stock Exchange in 1792, and great-grandson of Benjamin Seixas, who was also one of the founders of the Stock Exchange. The maiden name of Mr. Hart's mother was Hannah Hendricks. He was born in New York City on February 27, 1851, and received his general education in the New York University Grammar School. Having finished his academic course he entered the Law Department of New York University, and was graduated from it with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1871, whereupon he began the practice of his profession in New York and continued successfully therein until the end of 1877. At that time he decided to enter the business with which his grandfather and great-grandfather had been so conspicuously identified. He accordingly became a member of the New York Stock Exchange in June, 1878, and has ever since been active in Wall Street affairs. In politics he is a Democrat, and he has participated actively in the affairs of that party. He was Secretary of the New York Stock Exchange Cleveland and Hendricks Club in 1884, of the Stock Exchange Cleveland and Thurman Club in 1888, and of the Stock Exchange Cleveland and Stevenson Club in 1892. He makes his home in South Orange, New Jersey, and was a member of the Board of Trustees of that village in 1890–92, a School Trustee in 1896–98, and President of the village in 1896–98. He is a member of the South Orange Field Club, and of the New York Reform Club. Mr. Hart was married in December, 1877, to Constance Hart, and has six children: Hannah H., Florence, Rosalie, Harold H., Lilian C., and Arthur H. Hart.

HEXAMER, Charles Adolph, 1852–

Class of 1871 Sci.

Born in Hoboken, N. J., 1852; attended Hoboken Academy, Dr. Gerkes's School, and Hasbrouck Institute; graduated B.S. and C.E., New York University, 1871; in professional and business work since 1871.

CHARLES ADOLPH HEXAMER, B.S., C.E., was born in Hoboken, New Jersey, on May 22, 1852, the son of William and Marie (Roth) Hexamer. His early education was acquired at the Hoboken Academy, at Dr. Gerkes's School in New York, and at the Hasbrouck Institute, in Jersey City. From the last named he proceeded to the College of Arts and Science of New York University, and pursued the scientific course. He was graduated in 1871 with the degrees of Bachelor of Science and Civil Engineer, and immediately entered business life. He was an assistant engineer on various railroads from 1871 to 1874, and in the latter year for the Cumberland Coal and Iron Company of Pennsylvania. From 1874 to 1881 he was with E. Hexamer, insurance surveyor, and thereafter was an inspector for the Hartford (Connecticut) Fire Insurance Company until 1890. He was subsequently a member of the firm of Henry W. Brown & Co., in the insurance business, until 1894, Secretary of the Philadelphia Fire Underwriters' Association until 1896, and since the latter date Manager

of the Philadelphia Department of the Hartford Fire Insurance Company. He is a member of the Franklin Institute, the Insurance Society, and the German Society, of Philadelphia, the National Fire

CHAS. A. HEXAMER

Protection Association, and the Board of Consulting Engineers of the National Board of Fire Underwriters. He has written and read at meetings of insurance organizations numerous papers on insurance engineering, which have been published in trade and professional journals. He was married in May, 1881, to Annie C. Kellner, and has three children: William G., Marie R., and George C. Hexamer. His office is at No. 414 Walnut Street, and his home at No. 874 North 22nd Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

HOTCHKISS, Sidney B., 1840–

Class of 1871 Med.

Born in Crawford County, Pa., 1840; studied in common and normal schools; taught school for several years; graduated A.B., Allegheny College, 1871, and A.M., 1875; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1871; in practice at Edinboro, Pa., since 1871.

SIDNEY B. HOTCHKISS, M.D., is a son of Henry and Esther P. (St. John) Hotchkiss, the Hotchkiss family being of New England origin and having been transferred from Hartford, Connecticut, to Crawford County, Pennsylvania, about the year 1800 by the father of the subject of this sketch, who was a farmer by occupation. Dr. Hotchkiss was born in Crawford County, Pennsylvania, in 1840 and grew up on his father's farm, accustomed to hard work, much of which was done in order to secure an education. His education was indeed self-secured and self-paid for. At first he went to the district school. Then he himself taught school for a few years. In this way he made enough money to put him through a two years' course at the State Normal School at Edinboro, Pennsylvania. Thence he went to Allegheny College, and was graduated from it in 1871 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. Four years later, in 1875, his Alma Mater gave him also the degree of Master of Arts. Meantime he entered the New York University Medical College, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1871. Since the latter date he has practiced medicine with success at Edinboro, Erie County, Pennsylvania. He is a member of the Erie County

S. B. HOTCHKISS

and Pennsylvania State Medical societies, and has for a number of years been a member of the State Normal School Board. In politics he has always been a Republican, of independent proclivities. He

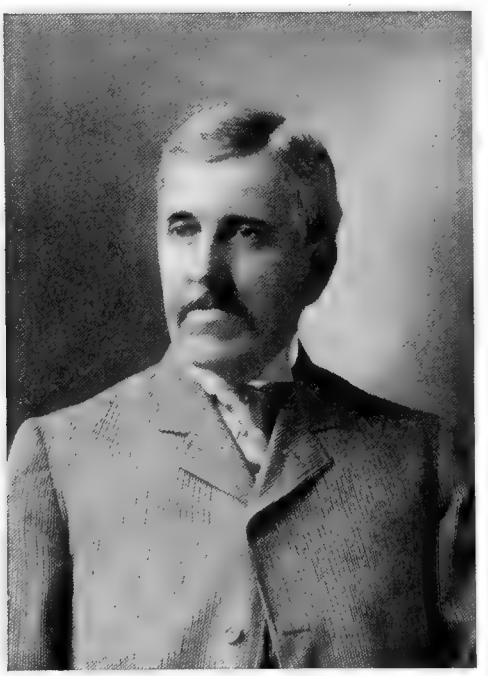
was married in 1881 to Jennie E. Hatch. There are no children from the union. His address is Edinboro, Erie County, Pennsylvania.

INGLE, Joseph Lowrie, 1846–

Class of 1871 Med.

Born in Washington, D.C., 1846; studied at Rittenhouse Academy, Washington, Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass., Greenwood Academy, Virginia, University of Virginia, and New York University; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1871; Hospital Physician, Baltimore, 1871-72; State Medical Examiner, Maryland, 1892-98; in practice in Baltimore since 1872.

JOSEPH LOWRIE INGLE, M.D., President of the Baltimore Medical and Surgical Association, is a son of the late Joseph and Susan (Childs)



J. LOWRIE INGLE

Ingle, and was born in Washington, District of Columbia, on August 16, 1846. His education was particularly thorough, being acquired at the Rittenhouse Academy, in Washington, the Phillips Academy at Andover, Massachusetts, the Greenwood Academy, Virginia, the Academic Department of the University of Virginia, 1865–66, the Medical Department of the University of Virginia, 1868–69, and the Medical College of New York University, 1870–71. He was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1871, and for the next year was Resident Physician at Bay View Hospital, Baltimore, Maryland. Since 1872 he has been engaged in private practice in the City of Baltimore. From 1892 to 1898 he was a member of the State Board of Medical Examiners, but resigned the place because of the pressure of his private practice. He is a member of the Medical and Chirurgical Faculty and of the Clinical Society, and is President of the former Baltimore Medical Association, and of the Baltimore Medical and Surgical Association. Dr. Ingle was married on October 22, 1878, to Rebecca Covington, daughter of the late William Meade Addison, of Baltimore, a prominent lawyer and United States District Attorney, whose wife was Eliza W. Girault, of Natchez, Mississippi. Dr. Ingle has two children: Joseph Lowrie Ingle, Jr., and Mary Pechin Ingle, the former at one time a Lieutenant in the United States Revenue Cutter service, and now a Civil Engineer in the employ of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad. Dr. Ingle's address is No. 1007 West Lanvale Street, Baltimore, Maryland.

LOCHNER, John, 1840–

Class of 1871 Med.

Born in Albany, N. Y., 1840; studied in Albany public schools and Academy, and Union College; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1871; in practice since 1871; City Physician of Jersey City, 1871-90.

JOHN LOCHNER, M.D., a prominent physician of Jersey City, New Jersey, is a native of Albany, New York, where he was born on August 3, 1840, his father, George Philip Lochner, being a distinguished Professor of Languages. He received his early education in the public schools of Albany, and the Albany Academy. During his boyhood it was his privilege frequently to visit the home of Thurlow Weed and there to meet many eminent men, including Daniel Webster, General Scott, Erastus Corning, William H. Seward, and Abraham Lincoln. In 1868 he took a course in chemistry in preparation for his medical studies, which latter he began at Union College. From the latter institution he came to New York University and in 1871 was graduated from its Medical College with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. He also pursued a special course of study under the eminent lung and fever specialist, Dr. Alfred A. Loomis. He began the practice of his profession in Jersey City in 1871, and has continued therein ever since. In 1871 he was appointed

City Physician of Jersey City, and held that place until 1890, when he resigned. For many years he was an energetic member of the Board of Health of Jersey City. He was instrumental in securing the establishment of the Hudson County Bureau of Vital Statistics, and performed most valuable services during the small-pox epidemic of the winter of 1871–72. In 1873 a nomination for member of Assembly was offered to him, but he declined it on account of the pressure of his professional duties. For the same reason he has declined other offers of public place. He is a member of the Hudson

JOHN LOCHNER

County Pathological Society, of which he was Treasurer in 1875, the Hudson County Medical Society, and the New York Medico-legal Society. He is Medical Examiner for the Actors' Fund of America, the Hudson County Life Insurance Company, the Jersey City Fire Department, and the Sharp Shooters' Association of New York. He was formerly Medical Examiner for the American Legion of Honor and the Knights of Honor. He is much interested in the Jersey City Home for the Homeless. For some years he was its Visiting Physician, and is now its Consulting Physician. For years he gave his professional services without charge to all veterans of the Civil War living in Jersey City, and these were so touched by his unselfish zeal that at a meeting on December 12, 1882, they unanimously adopted the following resolutions:

To John Lochner, M.D., Surgeon of Veteran Company of Jersey City, Testimonial: Dr. Lochner having so long officiated as surgeon of this company, and with remarkable self denial and generosity exercised his professional skill for, and given his valued advice, attendance and services without hesitation and delay, and always gratuitously to, the members of our company who had not the means or ability to compensate him, the Veteran Company of Jersey City appointed the undersigned a committee to present to him the following resolutions, unanimously adopted, September 12, 1882: Resolved: that the Veteran Company of Jersey City hereby express our high appreciation of our kindest gratitude to and our respect and affection for Dr. John Lochner, our brother and associate member. We esteem him for his unblemished character as a citizen, his superior qualities as the surgeon of this company, his social excellencies and his untiring devotion in ministering professionally as a skilled and able physician to the sick. Especially we render heartfelt thanks to Dr. Lochner for his gratuitous, faithful and devoted attention, year after year, rendered cheerfully and patiently to the members of our company, who by misfortune were unable to return him the compensation he earned. Like an angel of mercy, he has all along these years, by day and by night, given comfort, advice, consolation and his most valued professional services without money and without price to the poor. We, as members of this company, in common with the citizens of Jersey City, honor him for his sterling worth and self-earned unsullied character.

For the Veteran Company of Jersey City,

By Henry F. Crawford
Walter Van Derzee, Jr.
Thomas R. Beck
Committee.

Dr. Lochner has twice been married. On December 23, 1879, he was married to Kittie E. Hall, of Newark, New Jersey, who died four years later. In 1898 he was again married, to Mrs. Anna (Morton) Sperry, of Albany, New York, whose father, Dr. Morton, was Surgeon-General on the staff of W. S. Hancock in the Civil War.

MITCHELL, John Waite, 1848–

Class of 1871 Med.

Born at Norwich, N. Y., 1848; studied in public schools and Williston Seminary; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1871; in practice since 1872, at Providence, R. I.; extended hospital service.

JOHN WAITE MITCHELL, M.D., was born at Norwich, Chenango County, New York, on April 6, 1848, the son of John and Caroline D. (Foote) Mitchell. The Mitchell and Foote families are both of New England stock, the former having originally come from Scotland. Dr. Mitchell's paternal grandfather removed from Connecticut to

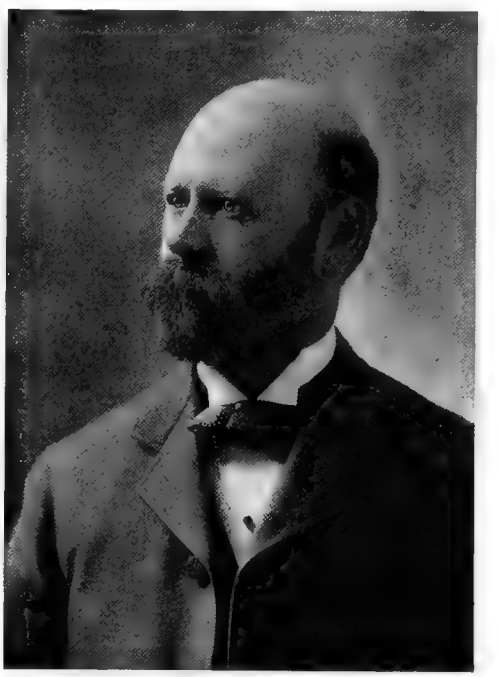
New York State. A maternal ancestor, Isaac Foote, was a Revolutionary officer who served with Washington at Valley Forge, and was afterward a Judge in Chenango County, New York. The subject of this sketch attended the public schools of his native place, and was prepared for college at Williston Seminary, East Hampton, Massachusetts, from which latter he was graduated in 1868. Thence he proceeded to the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1871. For the next year he served as an Interne at Bellevue Hospital under Dr. James R. Wood and Dr. John J. Crane as preceptors. Since October, 1872, he has been in active and successful practice as a physician and surgeon in the City of Providence, Rhode Island. He was Attending Surgeon of the Rhode Island Dispensary in 1873–75, and Visiting Physician to the Rhode Island Hospital in 1873–82, and since 1882 has been Visiting Surgeon to that hospital. He is now also Consulting Physician to St. Joseph's Hospital, St. Elizabeth's Home, and the Catholic Orphan Asylum. He was one of the original incorporators of the Providence Lying-in Hospital, and has been its Consulting Physician and President of its Board of Trustees ever since. He is an influential member of the Providence Medical Association and the Rhode Island Medical Society, and is a frequent contributor to current professional literature. In politics he is a Republican. He was married on April 15, 1875, to Frances E. Mason, who died in 1876. He was again married, in August, 1878, to Lydia Pearce, and has one child, John Pearce Mitchell.

BLAINE, John Eliot, 1850–

Class of 1872 Med.

Born at Beaver, Pa., 1850; studied in public schools, Beaver Academy, Washington and Jefferson College, and Bellevue Hospital Medical College, from which last he was graduated M.D., 1872; in practice since 1872.

JOHN ELIOT BLAINE, M.D., son of John Reed Blaine and Julia Swift (Logan) Blaine, comes of Scotch-Irish stock on the paternal side and from the same family as the late James Gillespie Blaine. On the maternal side he is of old New England ancestry descended from John Eliot of Plymouth. He is also descended from Colonel Swift of Washington's Army in the Revolution. Dr. Blaine was born at Beaver, Pennsylvania, on October 4, 1850, and received his early education in the local public schools and Beaver Academy. He also studied at Washington and Jefferson College, Washington, Pennsylvania, and was a private pupil in medicine of Dr. David Stanton, of New Brighton, Pennsylvania. Finally he entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1872. Since that time he has been in continuous practice. For ten years he was at Tionesta, Pennsylvania, for seven in Denver, Colorado, and for eight years Chief of Staff in the Keeley Institute at Dwight, Illinois. From Dwight



J. E. BLAINE

he went to St. Louis, Missouri, where he still remains. He has been a member of the American, Illinois State, Pennsylvania State, and Chicago Medical societies, and of the Masonic Order. In politics he is an Independent, with leanings toward "Gold Democracy." He was married on May 26, 1873, to Ella Stow, of Cincinnati, Ohio, and has three children: Augusta M., Julia F., and John E. Blaine, Jr.

BOGART, Joseph Hegeman, 1846–

Class of 1872 Med.

Born at Roslyn, N. Y., 1846; graduated A.B., Amherst, 1869, and M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1872; in practice at Roslyn, New York, since

1872; Health Officer, President of Board of Education, etc.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN BOGART, A.B., M.D., was born at Roslyn, Long Island, New York, on November 11, 1846. His father was Daniel Bogart,

J. H. BOGART

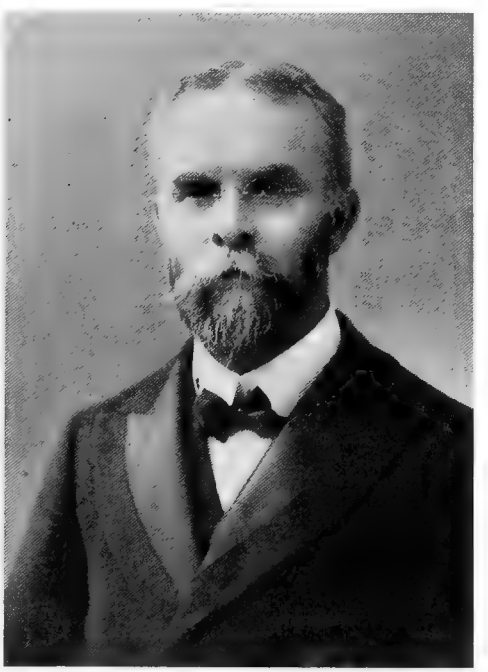
son of Daniel, son of Isaac, son of Isaac, son of Tunis, son of Gysbert, son of Tunis Bogart, who came to this country from Heidkop, Holland, in 1652 and settled at the Wallabout, now a part of the Borough of Brooklyn, New York City, and married Sarah, daughter of Joris Rapalie. His mother, whose maiden name was Jane Rapelye Hegeman, was a daughter of Jeremiah Hegeman, son of Joseph, son of Rem, son of Joseph, son of Adrian, son of Joseph, son of Adrian, who came from Holland in 1650 and married Catherine Margits. Dr. Bogart received his early education in the Roslyn public school, and from 1862 to 1865 studied at the Flushing Institute, Flushing, New York. In the fall of 1865 he entered Amherst College, and in 1869 was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. He then entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1872. Since the latter date he has been engaged in the practice of his profession at Roslyn. He was Attending Physician to the Queens County Insane Asylum from 1882 to 1894. For eighteen years he has been a member, and for several years President, of the Roslyn Board of Education, and at present he is Health Officer of the Town of North Hempstead and local Surgeon to the Long Island Railroad. He is a member of the Associated Physicians of Long Island, the Queens-Nassau Medical Society, the New York State Association of Railway Surgeons, the Masonic Order, and the Holland Society of New York. In politics he is a Republican. He was married on February 21, 1884, to Ethelena T. Albertson, of Mineola, Long Island, and has two children: Jennie and Ethelena T. Bogart.

BUELL, Marcus Darius, 1851–

Class of 1872 Arts.

Born at Wayland, N. Y., 1851; graduated with high distinction, A.B., New York University, 1872, and A.M., 1873; graduated S.T.B., Boston University School of Theology, 1875; pastor in Methodist Church, 1875-83; Cambridge University, England, 1884, and Berlin University, Germany, 1885; Professor of New Testament Greek and Exegesis, Boston University, since 1884, and Dean of Theological Faculty since 1889; D.D., New York University, 1889.

MARCUS DARIUS BUELL, A.M., D.D., Dean of the School of Theology of Boston University, was born at Wayland, New York, on



MARCUS D. BUELL

January 1, 1851, the son of Enoch George Buell and Maria (Brownson) Buell. After a careful prep-

aration in the Rochester Free Academy, Rochester, New York, he entered New York University in 1868, and was one of the most brilliant students of his time. He won the second examination prize, the Freshman Greek and Latin prizes and honorable mention in mathematics, the Sophomore Greek and Latin prizes, and the First Fellowship. He was a member of Delta Upsilon and Phi Beta Kappa, Librarian of Philomathean, Junior orator, and Valedictorian of his class. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1872, and in 1873 received his Master's degree, to which in 1889 the University further added the degree of Doctor of Divinity. From New York University he went to the Boston University School of Theology, and was graduated from it in 1875 with the degree of Bachelor of Sacred Theology. Thenceforward, down to 1883, he was engaged in pastoral work in the Methodist Episcopal Church. In 1884 he studied at the University of Cambridge, England, and in 1885 at the University of Berlin, Germany. In 1884 he was elected Professor of New Testament Greek and Exegesis in Boston University, and has ever since filled that place. Since 1889 he has also been Dean of the Faculty of Theology of Boston University. He is a member of the Harvard Biblical Club, the Society of Biblical Literature and Exegesis, and the American Oriental Society. He was married on December 30, 1875, to Edith V. Houghton. His home is at No. 72 Mount Vernon Street, Boston, Massachusetts.

BUTLER, Frank Herbert, 1850–

Class of 1872 Med.

Born at East Avon, N. Y., 1850; studied at Munroe Collegiate Institute, Clinton Liberal Institute, and Cazenovia Seminary; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1872; in practice since 1872.

FRANK HERBERT BUTLER, M.D., is a son of William Chauncey Butler, M.D., and Eunice A. (Robinson) Butler, and was born at East Avon, Livingston County, New York, on February 16, 1850. He was educated at the Munroe Collegiate Institute, the Clinton Liberal Institute, and Cazenovia Seminary, all in New York State. He first studied medicine with Alfred Mercer, M.D., Emeritus Professor of State Medicine in the College of Medicine of Syracuse University. He then entered Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which is now a part of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine on March 1, 1872. Since that time he has been steadily and successfully engaged in the practice of his profession. He was married on October 12, 1874, to Zitella K. St. John, and has had nine children, of whom five are living: Florence Zitella, Frank Herbert, Jr., Edna May, Arthur St. John, and Charles Ernest Butler. His address is No. 204 Seymour Street, Syracuse, New York.

FRANK H. BUTLER

BUTTS, Thomas Wilson, 1851–

Class of 1872 Law.

Born at Cattaraugus, N. Y., 1851; studied in common schools until 1865; employed in stores in New York, 1866-69; studied law in law office and Law School of New York University; graduated LL.B., Law School of New York University, 1872; in legal practice in New York City since 1872.

THOMAS WILSON BUTTS was born at Cattaraugus, New York, on March 5, 1851, the son of Benjamin and Jane (Wilson) Butts. His paternal grandfather, John Henry Butt, a sailor, was born at Hongen, near Bremen, Germany, in 1770, came to New York in 1790 where he married Hannah Newhouse, and ten years later, at the request of his aged parents, returned to Hongen where, in 1811, his son Benjamin was born. The latter learned the trade of cooper in England, and

came to New York in 1831, where, on May 19, 1850, he married Jane Wilson, who was born at Worksop, Nottinghamshire, England, in 1827, the daughter of Thomas Anthony Wilson, a cobbler, and

THOMAS W. BUTTS

Sarah Wilson (née Applestone) who came to America in 1842 with her parents and settled at Foster's Meadow on Long Island. Thomas Wilson Butts spent his early years on Staten Island, where he attended a public district school until he was fifteen. During the next three years he was employed in stores in New York City, at the same time attending night schools in Brooklyn. When eighteen he entered the law office of Newhouse & Whelp as a student, continuing his other studies under private tutors, entered the Law School of the University in 1871, and was admitted to the Bar in May, 1872. Since that time he has devoted himself to the practice of his profession in New York City and lives in Brooklyn. From 1878 to 1888 he was associated with Hays & Greenbaum and since the latter year with Townsend Wandell, with whom in 1897 he formed a partnership, the firm doing a steady and profitable business in conveyancing, investments and the care of estates. Mr. Butts was married in June, 1872, to Georgiana Schultz Thompson and has seven children. He is a member of the Republican County Committee, the Ethical Society, the Masonic Fraternity, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Third Unitarian Congregational Society, and is identified with various charitable organizations of Brooklyn.

CHAMBERLIN, Ward Bryan, 1843–

Class of 1872 Law.

Born at Amenia, N. Y., 1843; educated in private academies and colleges at Pittsfield, Mass., Alger, Conn., and Poughkeepsie, N. Y.; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1872; in practice in New York City.

WARD BRYAN CHAMBERLIN is a direct descendant of Henry Chamberlin, who came to this country from England in 1638, through John Chamberlin, Judah Chamberlin, and Calvin Chamberlin, respectively his great-grandfather, grandfather, and father. Calvin Chamberlin was a man of uncommon versatility of talents and force of character, and was highly successful not only as a farmer but also as an inventor and manufacturer, and he amassed a substantial fortune. He married Charlotte Finch, who bore him the subject of this

WARD B. CHAMBERLIN

sketch on June 25, 1843, at Amenia, Dutchess County, New York. Ward Bryan Chamberlin attended school at the Pittsfield, Massachusetts, Institute, the Alger Institute in Connecticut, and the old college

on College Hill, Poughkeepsie, New York. Later he pursued the course of the New York University Law School, and was graduated from it with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1872. He was at once admitted to the Bar, and since that time has been prominently and profitably engaged in the practice of his profession in New York City. He is now at the head of the law firm of Ward B. and George F. Chamberlin. This firm makes a specialty of real estate matters. The partners are members and examining counsel of the Lawyers' Title Insurance Company, and act as legal advisers to a number of large estates and properties owned by individuals or corporations. Mr. Chamberlin is a member of various professional and social organizations, but is not a club man in the common application of that term. He was married in 1871 to Elizabeth Barker, daughter of James W. and Abigail Barker, her father being a retired and wealthy merchant of New York. Mr. and Mrs. Chamberlin have one child, Ward Bryan Chamberlin, Jr., who is now a student in Princeton University.

JAMES A. DUNCAN

DUNCAN, James Alexander, 1848–

Class of 1872 Med.

Born at Lordstown, Ohio, 1848; studied at Lordstown Academy; graduated M.D., University of Michigan, 1871; and M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1872; in practice at Toledo, Ohio, since 1872.

JAMES ALEXANDER DUNCAN, M.D., son of Thomas and Susan (Leach) Duncan, of Scotch descent, was born at Lordstown, Ohio, on January 8, 1848. He studied at the Lordstown Academy, and was graduated from the University of Michigan with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1871. In 1872 he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and since that date has been successfully engaged in practice at Toledo, Ohio. For many years he has been Division Surgeon of the Wabash Railroad at Toledo, and in 1901 he became Chief of Staff of the Toledo Hospital. For two years, 1888–89, he was President of the Toledo Medical Association, and in 1897 he was President of the Northwestern Ohio Medical Association. He has been Lecturer on Proctology in the Toledo Medical College for several years. He was Treasurer of the Ohio State Medical Society in 1893, and still holds that office, and in 1901–02 was also Treasurer of the International Association of Railway Surgeons. He was married on April 16, 1879, to Nellie W. Jacobs, and lives at No. 1107 Broadway, Toledo, Ohio.

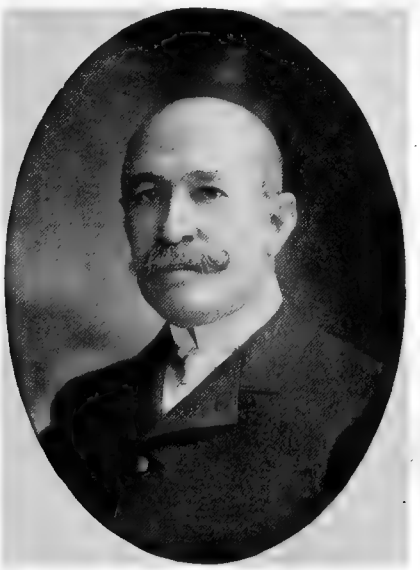
HAYDON, Joseph Hiem, 1851–

Class of 1872 Med.

Born in New Orleans, La., 1851; studied at College of Mobile, Ala.; graduated Academic Department, University of Virginia, 1866; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1872; in hospital practice, New York, 1872-75; in practice in Newark, N. J., since 1875; largely engaged in hospital and life insurance work.

JOSEPH HIEM HAYDON, M.D., President of the Medical Board of the Prudential Life Insurance Company of America, is a native of New Orleans, Louisiana, where he was born on April 12, 1851, the son of William B. and Mary Elizabeth Whiting (Jewett) Haydon. He studied in the College of Mobile, Alabama, and in the University of Virginia, and was graduated from the Academic Department of the latter in 1866. Thence he came to New York University, and entered its Medical College, from which he was graduated a Doctor of Medicine in 1872. Thereafter until 1875 he was engaged in the Charity Hospital on Blackwell's Island, in the City Asylum for the Insane on Ward's Island, and in the Colored Home Hospital and the Hospitals for Epileptics and Paralytics, in New York.

In 1875 he established himself in practice in Newark, New Jersey, and has since remained there. He has been a medical examiner for numerous life insurance companies, and Chief of the Medical Staff of St.



JOSEPH H. HAYDON

James's Hospital, Newark. He is President of the Medical Board of the Prudential Life Insurance Company, of America, and also of the Chatelet Social Club, of Newark. In politics he has always been a Democrat. He was married in 1874 to Sarah C. Green, of Ashby, Massachusetts. His home is No. 22 Breinthall Place, Newark, New Jersey.

HENDRY, Hugh Campbell, 1849–

Class of 1872 Med.

Born in Glasgow, Scotland, 1849; studied at Bathgate Academy until 1866; at University of Glasgow, 1867-69; University of Edinburgh, 1869-71; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1872; House Surgeon, Royal Infirmary, Edinburgh, 1871; House Physician, St. Michael's Hospital, Newark, N. J., 1873, and House Surgeon, 1875; Attending Physician to Newark City Hospital; surgical expert in many court cases; surgeon in National Guard; School Commissioner of Newark; Manager of State Asylum at Morristown, N. J., 1884-89; in practice since 1872.

HUGH CAMPBELL HENDRY, M.D., one of the foremost physicians of the State of New Jersey, is the son of Hugh Hendry, a member of a large family engaged in cotton manufactures in the west of Scotland, who joined the Clark Thread Company in 1866, when it was organized in the United States. The family of Dr. Hendry's mother, whose maiden name was Agnes Campbell, was a branch of the great Campbell family of Argyle. Dr. Hendry was born in the City of Glasgow, Scotland, on November 12, 1849, and received his early education, down to 1866, at the Bathgate Academy. Thence he proceeded to the University of Glasgow, and there spent the two years 1867–69. The next two years, 1869–71, were spent at the University of Edinburgh, and in the last named year he was House Surgeon at the Royal Infirmary, Edinburgh, under the distinguished Professor (now Lord) Lister, the founder of the system of antiseptic surgery. From Edinburgh Dr. Hendry came to America, and spent the year 1871–72 at the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which is now a part of New York University. He was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1872, and since that time has been actively engaged in the practice of his profession in Newark, New Jersey,

HUGH C. HENDRY

his practice being chiefly surgical. Dr. Hendry was in 1873 House Physician, and in 1875 House Surgeon, at St. Michael's Hospital, Newark, and was also Attending Physician to the Newark City

Hospital. For twenty-five years he was Surgeon to the Clark Thread Company, at its great works in Newark, and for fifteen years he was expert Surgeon for the Erie Railroad Company. For some years he was Police Surgeon in Newark. He has often been engaged in court as a surgical expert. He became in 1875 Surgeon of the Second Regiment of the New Jersey National Guard, and in 1876 Surgeon of the First Regiment. In 1881 he became a School Commissioner of the City of Newark and held that office for two years. From 1884 to 1889, by appointment of the Governor of the State, he was Commissioner and Manager of the State Asylum at Morristown, New Jersey. The Governor in 1891 appointed him to be a member of the State Board of Medical Examiners, at its organization at Trenton. The next year saw him a member of the Board of Street and Water Commissioners, of Newark, and in 1893 he was made President of that Board. In politics Dr. Hendry has always been a consistent Democrat, but his professional attainments have won him fullest recognition regardless of party lines. He was married on February 14, 1888, to May E. Ward, and has three children: Julia C., Hugh C., and Archibald Hendry. His home is at No. 60 Halleck Street, Woodside, and his office at No. 481 Broad Street, Newark, New Jersey.

HILL, Lester Seneca, 1843–

Class of 1872 Med.

Born at Foster, R. I., 1843; studied in public schools; served in Civil War, 1861-65; graduated Wesleyan Academy, Wilbraham, Mass., 1870; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1872; in practice since 1872; member Rhode Island Legislature, 1872-73.

LESTER SENECA HILL, M.D., was born at Foster, Rhode Island, on December 19, 1843, the son of Jerah and Amey Whipple (Ormsbee) Hill. His early education was acquired in the district school, while his father's farm, a bit of rugged New England soil, supplied ample physical training. Although still in his teens when the Civil War broke out, he promptly offered his services to the nation, and in September, 1861, became a private in Battery E, First Rhode Island Light Artillery, and served with that body in the First Division of the Third Corps of the Army of the Potomac. In December, 1863, he was appointed Second Lieutenant of Company F, of the Fourteenth Rhode Island Heavy Artillery, and served with that organization until October, 1865, when he was honorably mustered out of the service. He participated in the Siege of Yorktown, the Battle of Williamsburg, the Seven Days' battles before Richmond, and the great conflicts at White Oak Swamp, Malvern Hill, Bull Run (second battle), Chantilly, Fredericksburg, and Gettysburg. On the return of peace he resumed his studies, entering the Wesleyan Academy at Wilbraham, Massachusetts, where he was graduated in 1870. He then entered the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated in 1872 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Thereupon he established himself in practice in the

LESTER S. HILL

City of Providence, Rhode Island, where he still remains. In 1872–73 he was a member of the General Assembly of Rhode Island, and since 1879 he has been a member of the School Committee of Providence. He was Major and Surgeon of the First Rhode Island Volunteer Infantry in the war with Spain in 1898. He has been Grand Master of the Odd Fellows of Rhode Island, and is a member of the Grand Lodge and Grand Chapter of the Masonic Order in that state. For three years he was Medical Director of the Rhode Island Department of the Grand Army of the Republic. He is a member of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion, the Sons of the American Revolution, the Spanish American War Veterans, the Military Order of For-

eign Wars, and the Rhode Island Medical Society. Since 1894 he has been Assistant Surgeon-General of the Rhode Island National Guard, with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel. In politics he is a Republican. He was married in 1872 to Elfrida E. Remington, and has three children: Leonora, Lester S., and Prescott T. Hill. His address is No. 221 Broad Street, Providence, Rhode Island.

HURD, William Beers, Jr., 1851–

Class of 1872 Arts.

Born at Birmingham, Conn., 1851; Colgate (then Madison) University, 1866-68; graduated A.B., New York University, 1872; admitted to Bar, 1874; lawyer; Judge of Kings County Court, Brooklyn, 1896-1902.

WILLIAM BEERS HURD, JR., A.B., son of William Beers Hurd and Elizabeth (Ambler) Hurd, was born at Birmingham, Connecticut, on February 9, 1851. After a careful preparation he entered college at Colgate, then known as Madison, University, in 1866, and remained there two years. Later he came to New York University, where he was President of Philomathean and a Commencement orator. He was a member of Delta Kappa Upsilon, and Phi Beta Kappa. In 1872 he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. He then studied law, and was admitted to practice at the Bar of the State of New York in 1874. He soon acquired an extensive patronage and became a prominent figure at the Bar in the City of Brooklyn. His ability as a lawyer in time led to his elevation to the Bench, and he was a Judge of the Kings County Court, in Brooklyn, from 1896 to 1902. His first wife was Eloise Vanderwater, daughter of John W. Vanderwater, whom he married on April 19, 1880. By this union there is one child, Katherine Hurd. He was married a second time, on December 23, 1899, to Mary A. Whitney.

LA GARDE, Louis Anatole, 1849–

Class of 1872 Med.

Born at Thibodaux, La., 1849; studied at Louisiana State Military Academy, 1866-68; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1872; in surgical service U. S. Army since 1874; Professor of Military Surgery, New York University and Bellevue Medical College, since 1899; also Professor of Ophthalmology and Skioscopy and Lecturer in Army Medical School, Washington, D. C.

LOUIS ANATOLE LA GARDE, M.D., Major, United States Army, is of French descent, the son of Jules and Aurelia (Dospit) La Garde, and was born at Thibodaux, Louisiana, on April 15, 1849. He studied from 1866 to 1868 at the Louisiana State Military Academy, at Alexandria, Louisiana, an institution which has since been moved to Baton Rouge and is now known as the Louisiana State University. He then entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1872. From 1872–74 he was Interne at the Roosevelt Hospital, New York. In April of the latter year he entered the United States Army as Acting Assistant Surgeon; on June 6, 1878, he was made Assistant Surgeon

LOUIS A. LA GARDE

with the rank of First Lieutenant, and at the present time he is a Surgeon with the rank of Major. Since 1899 he has been Professor of Military Surgery in the New York University and Bellevue Hospital Medical College; also Professor of Ophthalmology and Skioscopy and Lecturer on the Duties of Medical Officers in Peace and War in the Army Medical School, Washington, District of Columbia. He is a Fellow of the Society of American Surgeons, and a member of the Association of Military Surgeons of the United States. He was married to Fanny Neely, of Franklin, Kentucky, and has two sons: Richard and Louis A. La Garde, Jr. His address is the Soldiers' Home, Washington, District of Columbia.

LIVINGSTON, Thomas Moore, 1844–

Class of 1872 Med.

Born in Huntingdon County, Pa., 1844; studied at Martinsburg Academy and Millersville Normal School, Pa.; served in army in Civil War; attended lectures at Kansas City Medical College; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1872; practiced at Mountville, Pa., 1872-84; since 1884 at Columbia, Pa.

THOMAS MOORE LIVINGSTON, M.D., born in Huntingdon County, Pennsylvania, on October 16, 1844, comes of the strong Scotch-Irish stock which is prominent in that region, and is the son of William Wilson Livingston and his

T. M. LIVINGSTON

wife, whose maiden name was Martha Moore Lloyd. He was educated at the Martinsburg Academy, in Blair County, Pennsylvania, and at the State Normal School at Millersville, Pennsylvania. Scarcely had he completed his studies in these institutions when the Civil War, then invading his native state, called him into the military service of the nation. He enlisted as a private in Company A of the Independent Battalion, Pennsylvania National Guard, on July 7, 1863, just after the Battle of Gettysburg. A year later, on July 12, 1864, he became a member of Company H, First Battalion of Infantry, Pennsylvania Volunteers, and was discharged by reason of re-enlistment on September 9, 1864. He then served as a clerk at the headquarters of the Department of Pennsylvania, from November, 1864, to August, 1865. With the return of peace he resumed his studies, giving them a professional direction. He attended his first course of medical lectures at the Kansas City Medical College under the preceptorship of Dr. John M. Forest. Then he entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine on March 2, 1872. Immediately thereafter, on April 1, 1872, he began the practice of his profession, at Mountville, Pennsylvania, and there continued in it until October 1, 1884. Since November, 1884, he has been in practice at Columbia, Pennsylvania, where he is a member of the staff of the Columbia Hospital. He is a member and ex-President of the Lancaster, Pennsylvania, City and County Medical Society; a member and ex-Vice-President of the Medical Society of the State of Pennsylvania; a member and Vice-President of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Columbia, Pennsylvania, and a member of the American Medical Association. In politics he is a Republican, but he has held no political office. He was married on October 15, 1874, to Barbara H. Grider, and has two children: Edna Elizabeth and John Grider Livingston. His address is at Columbia, Lancaster County, Pennsylvania.

MACLAY, William Walter, 1846–

Class of 1872 Sci.

Born in New York, 1846; studied in University Grammar School; graduated U. S. Naval Academy, 1863; Commissioned Ensign, 1863, and Master, 1865; served in Civil War; made cruise around the world, 1865-69; Lieutenant, 1866, Lieutenant-Commander, 1868; Acting Fleet Captain, 1868; Lighthouse Surveyor, Japanese Government, 1868; A.M., New York University, 1868; Assistant Professor of Mathematics, U. S. Naval Academy, 1869; entered New York University, and graduated C.E., 1872; Engineer of New York Department of Docks since 1873; President of Glens Falls Portland Cement Company since 1893; author of professional works.

WILLIAM WALTER MACLAY, A.M., C.E., is a son of Archibald Maclay, M.D., and Julia Ann (Walker) Maclay, and was born in New York City on March 27, 1846. He was prepared for college at the University Grammar School in New York, and then went to the United States Naval Academy at Annapolis, where he was graduated and commissioned Ensign in 1863. He served during the remainder of the Civil War,

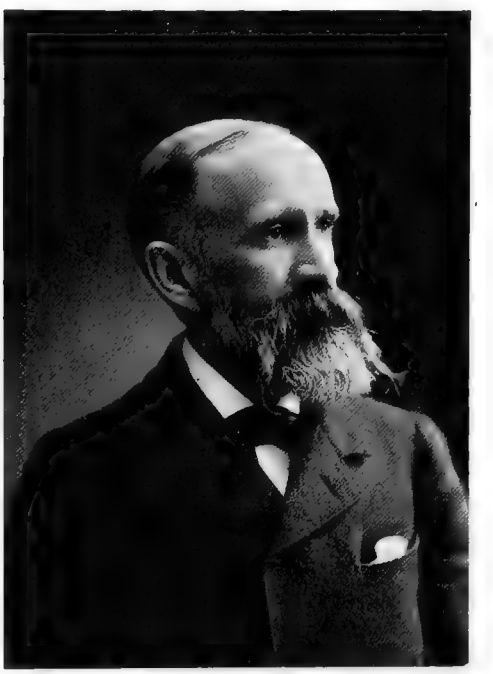
taking part in the attacks upon Fort Fisher, and was promoted to be Master in 1865. He then went on a four years' cruise around the world with Commodore Goldsborough, serving as Navigating Officer. He was promoted to the rank of Lieutenant in 1866, and to that of Lieutenant-Commander in 1868, in the latter year also receiving the honorary degree of Master of Arts from New York University. In 1868 he was appointed by the Japanese Government a member of the Lighthouse Survey Board for Yeddo Bay, the other members being Commodore Goldsborough and Captain Hewitt of the British Navy. He was also made Acting Fleet Captain of the Asiatic Squadron, United States Navy. On his return to the United States he was made Assistant Professor of Mathematics in the United States Naval Academy at Annapolis, but resigned that place and his commission in the navy in order to enter New York University and study Civil Engineering. He was graduated a Civil Engineer from New York University in 1872, and since that time has devoted himself chiefly to that profession. For a number of years he was Assistant Engineer and First Assistant Engineer to the Department of Docks of New York City, and is now Consulting Engineer to that department. Since 1893 he has been President and Manager of the Glens Falls, New York, Portland Cement Company, and makes his home at Glens Falls, with an office at No. 44 Pine Street, New York City. He is a member of the Institution of Civil Engineers, of London, England, of the American Society of Civil Engineers, and of the International Society for Testing Materials, and a Corresponding Member of the New York Historical Society. He is the author of "Notes and Experiments on the Use and Testing of Portland Cement" (1877), "Portland Cement for Engineering Works" (1890) and "Hot Tests for Determining Change of Volume in Portland Cement" (1892). He was married on September 16, 1874, to Marian Bensel, daughter of Brownlee Bensel, and has two children, a daughter, Alice E., and a son, Walter Maclay.

RUSSELL, Israel Cook, 1852–

Class of 1872 Sci.

Born at Garratsville, N. Y., 1852; graduated B.S. and C.E., New York University, 1872, and M.S., 1875; Columbia College School of Mines, 1872-74; U. S. Expedition to observe transit of Venus, 1875-77; Assistant in Geology, Columbia College, 1878; Assistant Geologist, New York University, 1878-79; Geologist, United States Geological Survey, 1880-90; Professor of Geology, University of Michigan, since 1891; author.

ISRAEL COOK RUSSELL, C.E., M.S., Geologist, was born at Garratsville, New York, on December 10, 1852, the son of Barnabas and Louisa Sherman (Cook) Russell. He was graduated from New York University in 1872 with the degrees of Bachelor of Science and Civil Engineer, and received the Master's Degree in Science in 1875. He studied in the School of Mines of Columbia College in 1872–74, and in 1875–77 was Photographer to the United States Expedition to



ISRAEL C. RUSSELL

Queenstown, New Zealand, to observe the transit of Venus. On his return to New York he was in 1878 an Assistant in Geology in the Columbia College School of Mines, and in 1878–79 he was Assistant to Professor J. J. Stevenson, of the Chair of Geology in New York University. Thereafter he was attached to the United States Geological Survey as Assistant Geologist, and Geologist, and in 1891 he was elected to the Professorship of Geology in the University of Michigan which place he continues to fill. He is a member of the chief geological and other scientific societies of the United States, and has contributed voluminously to the scientific literature of the time, his bibliography comprising scores of titles. He was

married on November 27, 1886, to Julia Augusta Olmstead, and has two children: Ruth and Helen Russell.

TAYLOR, James, 1852–

Class of 1872 Law.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1852; studied in public schools; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1872; in legal practice since 1872; member of Assembly, New York State, 1882-83-84-85-94.

JAMES TAYLOR, LL.B., lawyer and state legislator, is a native of the City of Brooklyn, New York, with which he has all his life been identified. He was born on September 27, 1852, the son of John and Ellen (Binney) Taylor, of Scotch ancestry, and received his general education in the public schools. Thence he came to New York University and was graduated from its Law School with the Baccalaureate degree in 1872. On attaining his majority he was admitted to the Bar, and has ever since been engaged in the practice of his profession. He was elected and repeatedly reelected to represent a Brooklyn district in the House of Assembly of the New York State Legislature, serving in 1882, 1883, 1884, 1885, and 1894. Mr. Taylor is a member of the Euclid Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, Brooklyn Council, Royal Arcanum, the American Legion of Honor, the Logan Club, and the Twelfth Assembly District (Brooklyn) Republican Club. He was married to Lillian Morford on December 23, 1875, and has three children: Franklin, Blanche, and Douglas Taylor, the first named of whom was a member of the Astor Battery in the Spanish American War in 1898. Mr. Taylor's home is at No. 185 Prospect Park West, Brooklyn, New York.

VAN HORNE, John Garret, 1853–

Class of 1872 Sci.

Born in Jersey City, 1853; studied at Hasbrouck Institute; entered New York University, 1869; graduated B.S. and C.E., New York University, 1872; in practice as Civil Engineer since 1872.

JOHN GARRET VAN HORNE, B.S., C.E., was born in Jersey City, New Jersey, on December 10, 1853, the son of Garret I. and Mary J. (Britton) Van Horne, and the descendant of progenitors who came from Holland prior to 1675. He was prepared for college at the Hasbrouck Institute, Jersey City, and in 1869 entered New York University, in the Scientific Department of the College of Arts and Science. He was a member of Delta Upsilon and Phi Beta Kappa, Vice-President of Philomathean, Junior orator, and Commencement orator, and was graduated in 1872 with the degrees of Bachelor of Science and Civil Engineer. Ever since that time he has been successfully engaged in his profession as a Civil Engineer. He was engaged on the New York and Boston Air Line Railroad in location and construction work, on the Harlem Railroad improvements in Park Avenue, New York, on the extension of the Bradford Branch of the Erie Railroad, on construction of the Second, Sixth and Ninth Avenue Elevated railroads in New York, on surveys for the New York Steam Heating Company, and on surveys for underground railroads in New York. Since 1880 he has been engaged in private practice as a Civil Engineer and City Surveyor. He is a member of the Holland Society, the Colonial Club, the Engineers' Club, and the American Society of Civil Engineers. He was married on April 12, 1882, to Susan Worthington Russell, daughter of A. W. Russell, Pay Director, United States Navy. His residence is at No. 53 West 69th Street and his office at No. 29 Broadway, New York.

JOHN G. VAN HORNE

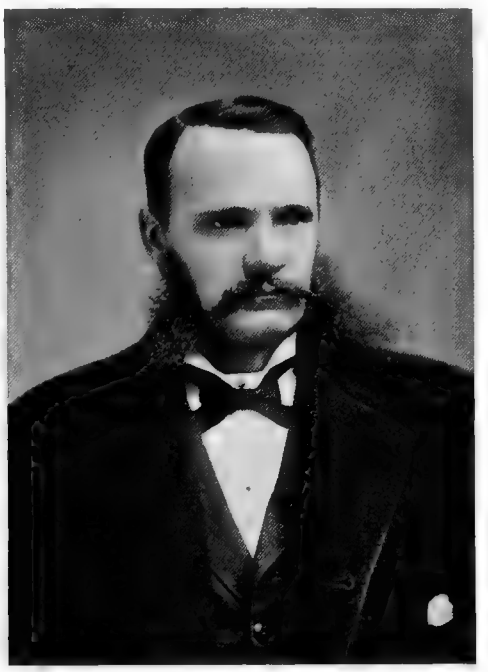
ELLISON, Charles Ruxton, 1847–

Class of 1873 Med.

Born in New York City, 1847; studied in public schools, high school, and under tutor; graduated M.D.,

New York University Medical College, 1873; served in Bellevue Hospital; in practice since 1874.

CHARLES RUXTON ELLISON, M.D., son of Thomas Bingham Ellison and Anna (Ruxton) Ellison, was born at New York City on



C. R. ELLISON

December 8, 1847. His ancestors were Scotch-Irish. He was educated in the public schools and high school, and under the private preceptorship of Professor Renwich, of Edinburgh University. His professional instruction and training were acquired in the New York University Medical College, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine on February 27, 1873. After some service in the wards and Out-door Dispensary of Bellevue Hospital he entered upon private practice in 1874, and has continued therein ever since. He is a member of the New York County Medical Society, the New York State and New York County Medical associations, and the Masonic Order. He was married on September 25, 1878, to Mary Gallon Brown, and had one child, Robert C. Ellison (deceased). His address is No. 206 East 116th Street, New York City.

FANNING, William Joseph, 1850–

Class of 1873 Law.

Born in New York State, 1850; studied at Halfmoon Academy, Saratoga County, N. Y.; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1873; in practice at Cohoes, N. Y., 1873-80, and in New York City since 1880; School Trustee, New York, 1888-93.

WILLIAM JOSEPH FANNING, LL.B., Attorney and Counselor at Law, is of Irish ancestry, his parents, James and Johanna (Fitzgerald) Fanning, having come to the United States from Ireland in 1848. He was born in New York State on July 12, 1850, and received his general education in the Halfmoon Academy, in Saratoga County, New York. Thence he came to New York University, and was graduated from its Law School with the Bachelor's degree in 1873. Immediately thereafter he was admitted to the Bar and was engaged in practice at Cohoes, New York, in partnership with James F. Crawford until 1880. In the latter year he removed to New York City, where he has since conducted his practice alone, with marked success. In 1888–93 he was a Public School Trustee in the Eighteenth Ward of New York. He is a Democrat in politics, and is a member of the Manhattan, Democratic and Catholic clubs of New York, the Board of Trade and Transportation, and the Metropolitan Museum of Art. He was married to Annie Ashman on October 19, 1881, and makes his home at the Sinclair House, at Broadway and Eighth Street, New York.

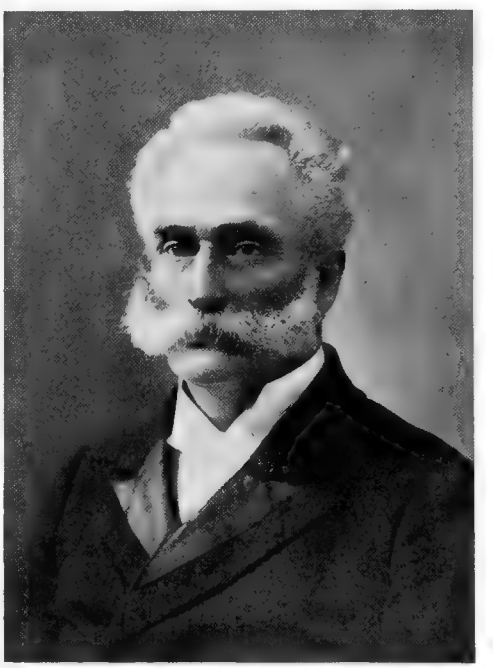
WM. J. FANNING

GUNNING, Josephus Henry, 1847–

Class of 1873 Med.

Born in New York, 1847; studied at Trenton Academy and New Jersey State Model School, Trenton, N. J.; graduated New York Homeopathic Medical College, 1867; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1873; member of Faculty New York Homeopathic Medical College, 1867-68; Surgeon U. S. Army, 1869-78; in charge of Texas State Lunatic Asylum, 1870; in practice in New York since 1878; member of Faculty Columbia School of Comparative Anatomy, 1881-82; Dean of the Faculty since 1883; Instructor in New York Post-Graduate Medical School, 1890-92; associate author of "Practical Treatise on Electricity in Gynecology," 1891.

JOSEPHUS HENRY GUNNING, M.D., was born in New York City on May 9, 1847, the son of Edwin and Elizabeth (Bastow) Gunning. He is descended from the old English families of Gunning and Brewer, the name Gunning being derived from two Anglo-Saxon words, meaning a white meadow. Among his direct ancestors were an Earl of Digby and a Duke of Argyle. Many members of the Gunning family were military men and government officials. One relative of Dr. Gunning was Lieutenant-Colonel R. H. Gunning who was killed while leading his regiment against the Boers near Dundee, Natal, in the fall of 1900. He had seen service in the Zulu War and in India. One of Dr. Gunning's great-uncles was Bishop of London, England. Dr. Gunning received his early education in Trenton, New Jersey, in the Trenton Academy and the New Jersey State Model School. He then entered the New York Homeopathic Medical College and was graduated therefrom in 1867. Afterward he entered the Medical College of New York University and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1873. Immediately after his graduation from the Homeopathic Medical College, in 1867, he was appointed Assistant to the Chair of Physiology in that institution and the next year he was appointed Assistant to the Chair of Surgery. In 1869 he entered the United States Army as an Acting Assistant Surgeon and served in the departments of Texas and Louisiana, California, and the East. In 1870 he was in charge of the Texas State Lunatic Asylum. He was engaged in many military movements against the Indians and for some months spent most of his time in the saddle. He was present at the capture of the chiefs at Salt Creek in 1871 during General Sherman's tour of the frontier posts. His last army service was performed in 1878, in the fall of which year he established himself in practice in New York City. In addition to his medical practice, which has been continuous since 1878, Dr. Gunning has devoted some attention to teaching and authorship. He was appointed Professor of Obstetrics in the Columbia School of Comparative Anatomy in 1881 and filled the place for two years. In 1883 he was elected Dean of the Faculty and still holds that office, though the school is not now on the active list. In 1890–92 he was an Instructor in Electro-Therapeutics in the New York Post-Graduate Medical School. Having been a pupil of Dr. J. Marion Sims, he has made the diseases of women a special



JOSEPHUS H. GUNNING

feature of his practice. He was associated with Dr. Egbert H. Grandin in the authorship of "Practical Treatise on Electricity in Gynecology," published in 1891, a work which has been translated into Spanish by Dr. Gill of Malaga. He has also written various papers on medical and surgical topics. He is a member of the New York County Medical Society, the New York Obstetrical Society, the New York Medical Surgical Society, the New York Neuro-Physiological Society, the New York Haematological Society and other organizations, and is Electro-Gynecologist to the Northeastern Dispensary, and Electro-Therapeutist to the French Hospital, New York. He was formerly Physician to the Riverview Rest, a hospital for neurasthenics

and chronic diseases of the stomach. He has for some time been Superintendent of the Sunday School of the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church and has been an active and efficient worker there. Dr. Gunning was married on July 6, 1870, to Frances Murray Forst, daughter of Daniel Parry Forst, of Trenton, New Jersey, and has four children: Frederick Henry, Clarence Joseph Forst, Emeline Augusta and Frances Maude Gunning. His home is at Scarsdale, Westchester County, and his office is in New York City.

HOFF, William Moore, 1854–

Class of 1873 Arts.

Born in New York, 1854; prize winner in New York University; graduated A.B., New York University, 1873, and A.M., 1876; instructor, 1872-73; student in Union Theological Seminary, 1873-74; teacher, 1874-90; in United States Customs Service since 1887.

WILLIAM MOORE HOFF, A.M., educator and United States Customs Officer, is a son of William Moore Hoff and Jane Augusta Hoff, and was born in New York City on June 3, 1854. He had a distinguished undergraduate career in New York University, winning the entrance examination prize, the Freshman Greek and Latin prizes, the Sophomore Greek and Latin prizes, and honorable mention in mathematics, and the special prize for the greatest improvement in the first two years of college life. He was a member of Delta Upsilon and Phi Beta Kappa, Secretary of Philomathean, Treasurer of his class, Junior orator, and Valedictorian at Commencement, winning also the First Fellowship. He was graduated with the Baccalaureate Degree in Arts in 1873, and received the Master's Degree in 1876. While in the University he served as an Instructor in the University Grammar School, in 1872–73; and in 1873–74, and in 1877, he was a student in the Union Theological Seminary. He taught Greek and Latin in the New York Collegiate School in 1874–76, and was an Instructor in the Princeton Preparatory School in 1877–78, in Churchill's School, New York, in 1878–83, and in the Columbia College Grammar School in 1883–90. Mr. Hoff entered the service of the Government as an Assistant Weigher and Clerk in the Custom House in 1887, and remained there until 1890, since which latter date he has been in the office of the Surveyor of the Port of New York. Mr. Hoff was married on July 2, 1883, to Anna Louise, daughter of Thomas Edwards, and has one child, Howard Crosby Hoff. His residence is at No. 1779 Madison Avenue, New York.

LIGNOT, Charles Albert Julius, 1852–

Class of 1873 Sci., 1876 Med.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1852; studied in public schools and University Grammar School; graduated B.S., New York University, 1873; M.D., New York University Medical College, 1876; served in hospital; studied in Paris and Vienna, 1877-78; in practice since 1879.

CHARLES ALBERT JULIUS LIGNOT, M.D., B.S., son of Pierre Joseph Jules and Catherine (Weber) Lignot, is on the paternal side descended from a family long settled in the Province of Champagne, France, and on the maternal side

C. A. J. LIGNOT

from one dwelling in the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg. He was born in Brooklyn, New York, on October 3, 1852, and studied in the public schools and in the University Grammar School in New York. In 1869 he was matriculated in the College of Arts and Science, of New York University, and pursued the Scientific Course. He was Junior orator and a Commencement orator, and was graduated in 1873 with the degree of Bachelor of Science. Thereupon he went into the University Medical College and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in February, 1876. For a time after graduation he served in the surgical wards of Roosevelt Hospital, and then, in 1877–78, studied under the Faculty of Medicine in Paris, and at the Univer-

sity of Vienna. Returning to the United State he entered upon the practice of his profession in Greenville, New Jersey, a part of Jersey City, and has ever since remained there. He is an Examiner for the Royal Arcanum, Knights of Honor, Knights and Ladies of Honor, Foresters of America, Companions of the Forest, Germania Schuetzen Bund, Hudson County Schwabische Verein, and other organizations. He is President of the Greenville Building and Loan Association, a Trustee of the Greenville Building and Loan No. 2, a Director of the Greenville Banking and Trust Company, and Treasurer of the Columbia Club of Greenville. In 1892 he was appointed one of the commissioners for the condemnation of land for the great Hudson County Boulevard, and has similarly served in other condemnation proceedings. He has never been active in politics, but has been a particularly public-spirited citizen of the community with which he has so long been identified. His address is No. 269 Garfield Avenue, Jersey City, New Jersey.

LOCKWOOD, Isaac Ferris, 1855–

Class of 1873 Sci.

Born in Dubuque, Iowa, 1855; graduated B.S. and C.E., New York University, 1873; Civil Engineer, 1873-76; Assistant Principal of Lockwood School, New York, 1883-93; Superintendent of Lenox Library, 1893-96 and Business Superintendent of New York Public Library since 1896.

ISAAC FERRIS LOCKWOOD, B.S., C.E., is a son of George Edward Lockwood and Catherine Burchan (Ferris) Lockwood, and was born at Dubuque, Iowa, on February 23, 1855. He attended New York University, of which his grandfather, Isaac Ferris, was Chancellor, and was graduated with the degrees of Bachelor of Science and Civil Engineer in 1873. For some years he practiced civil engineering, and then, in 1876, became a teacher. Later he was one of the principals of the Lockwood School in New York City. In 1893 he became Superintendent of the Lenox Library, and is now Business Superintendent of the New York Public Library, which resulted from the consolidation of the Astor, Lenox and Tilden libraries in 1896. He has written for publication, and is a member of the Century Association, the Grolier Club, the Connecticut Society of the Cincinnati and the Sons of the Revolution. Mr. Lockwood was married on June 5, 1889, to Sarah Wisner, daughter of William H. Wisner, and has had three children: Priscilla, Eleanor, and William Wisner Lockwood, the last named having died in infancy. His home is at No. 550 Park Avenue, New York.

LOUGHRAN, Elbert Hatten, 1852–

Class of 1873 Med.

Born at Ashland, N. Y., 1852; studied in public schools; studied medicine privately; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1873; practiced at New Paltz, N. Y., 1874; in practice at Kingston, N. Y., since 1874.

ELBERT HATTEN LOUGHRAN, M.D., son of Ferdinand and Margaret (Rodgers) Loughran, is of Scotch and English ancestry. His paternal grandfather, a wool-carder, came from Scotland by way of the North of Ireland, and settled in Delaware County, New York, whence he afterward removed to Hensonville, Windham Township, Greene County, New York, in which Catskill Mountain hamlet he spent the remainder of his days. In the next generation, Ferdinand Loughran, father of the subject of this sketch, was born in Delaware County, and afterward lived at Ashland, Greene County, New York, and was a wool-carder, as his father had been. He married Margaret Rodgers, daughter of John Rodgers, an Englishman who followed the trade of a tanner at Palenville, New York. It was after his marriage that he settled at Ashland. In 1859 he removed to Matteawan, New York, and much later in life he settled at Fishkill-on-Hudson, where he and his wife still reside. Of the seven children of this couple one, Ferdinand, Jr., is a druggist at Fishkill; Irving H. is a lawyer at Walden, New York; Frances is the wife of Robert Machan, of Matteawan, New York; Emma is the wife of William J. Morrison, of Fishkill; Elbert H. is the subject of this sketch; Irwin and Edwin died, the one at the age of sixteen years and the other in infancy. Dr. Loughran was born at Ashland, Greene County, New York, on March 17, 1852, and received his education in the public schools of that place and of Fishkill. At the age of seventeen years he went to Kingston, New York, and began the study of medicine in the office of his uncle, Dr. Robert Loughran. Later he pursued a course in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1873. He at once began the practice of his profession at New Paltz, New York, but in 1874 removed to Kingston, where he has ever since remained. For six years he was in partnership with

his uncle, but since 1880 he has been in practice alone, and, applying himself earnestly and exclusively to professional work, he has built up a large and profitable practice. For one year he was Health Officer of Kingston, and for seventeen years consecutively he was City Physician. He is now a United States Examiner for Pensions, and Medical Examiner for the Civil Service of New York State. He is a member of the New York State, Ulster County, and Kingston City Medical societies, the Masonic Order, and the Reformed Church, of which latter he has been a Deacon and Elder for several

E. H. LOUGHRAN

years. He is a Director of the Kingston National Bank and a Trustee of the Ulster County Savings Institution. He was married at Elizabeth, New Jersey, in December, 1879, to Jessie F. Hall, daughter of Mortimer G. and Mary DuBois (Palen) Hall, who has borne him three children: Elbert DuBois, who is a practicing physician, Margaret, and Roger Loughran. Dr. Loughran's address is Kingston, New York.

MURRAY, Robert Alexander, 1852–

Class of 1873 Med.

Born in New York, 1852; studied in public schools; graduated B.S., College of City of New York, 1871; M.D., New York University Medical College, 1873; Interne in Bellevue Hospital, 1873-75; in practice since 1875; Assistant and Adjunct Professor of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Pediatrics, New York University Medical College for ten years; surgeon and physician to hospitals, etc.; author of various papers.

ROBERT ALEXANDER MURRAY, M.D., physician and surgeon and instructor, was born in New York City on January 7, 1852, two years after his parents, Alexander and Catherine (Cumming) Murray, came hither from Scotland. He studied in the public schools, and in 1866 was graduated from Grammar School No. 52 into the College of the City of New York, from which in turn he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1871. In the fall of the latter year he entered the Medical College of New York University, and two years later was graduated with the Doctor's degree, at the same time winning the prize in obstetrics. He then became an Interne of Bellevue Hospital, and was graduated from that position and began regular practice in 1875. In addition to his private practice he has been for ten years an Assistant and Adjunct Professor of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Pediatrics in the University Medical College; for fifteen years Visiting Surgeon to the Workhouse and Almshouse, and Obstetric Surgeon to the Maternity Hospital on Blackwell's Island; for twelve years Visiting Surgeon to the Department of Gynecology of the Western Dispensary; and for a number of years Physician to the Department of Diseases of Women in the French Hospital, New York. He has written a number of articles which have been published in the medical journals and in the Transactions of the American Gynecological and Obstetrical societies and of the Obstetric Section of the Academy of Medicine of New York. He is a Fellow of the New York Academy of Medicine, the Obstetrical Society, and the American Gynecological Society, and a member of the New York County Medical Society, of which latter he was Vice-President, in 1892. He is a Republican in politics, and is a member of the Republican Club of New York and the West Side Republican Club. His address is No. 112 West 80th Street, New York.

WILLIAMS, Herbert Franklin, 1850–

Class of 1873 Med.

Born at Groton, Mass., 1850; studied at public schools, Lawrence Academy, Groton, and Williams College; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1873; served in Kings County Hospital, N. Y.,

1873-75; in general practice and specialist in pulmonary diseases, Brooklyn, since 1875.

HERBERT FRANKLIN WILLIAMS, M.D., who was born at Groton, Massachusetts, on April 5, 1850, is a son of Samuel and Clarissa Shattuck (Hartwell) Williams. He comes of sturdy New England stock. His maternal great-grandfather, Job Shattuck, was an officer in the American Army in the Revolution, and afterward a leader in Shay's Rebellion. A paternal great-uncle, Jason Williams, was a soldier in the Revolutionary Army and fought at Bunker Hill and Bennington. Dr.

HERBERT F. WILLIAMS

Williams was educated in the public schools and at Lawrence Academy, Groton, Massachusetts, and took a partial course at Williams College with the Class of 1871. Then he entered the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1873. He served as Assistant Physician in the Kings County Hospital, New York, in 1873–75, and in the latter year established himself in private practice in Brooklyn, paying especial attention to pulmonary diseases. He was President of the Medical Staff of the Atlantic Avenue Dispensary, Brooklyn, in 1878–80, and Consulting Physician to the Bushwick and East Brooklyn Dispensary in 1885–90. He has been President of the Medical Alumni Association of the Medical Department of New York University, and is a member of the Kings County Medical Society, the New York State Medical Society, the American Medical Association, the Congress of American Physicians and Surgeons, the American Climatological Association, and the Medical Society of Greater New York, and a Fellow of the New York Academy of Medicine. He has been an occasional contributor of papers and essays to current medical literature, especially between 1885 and 1890. He was a strong advocate of aeropathy in the treatment of pulmonary and cardiac diseases, and presented to the profession his pneumatic cabinet for the practice of the pneumatic differential process. He is a member of the Marine and Field Club of Brooklyn, and was President of the Lincoln Club in 1901 and 1902. He was married in June, 1885, to Julia Whitehead Howard, of Savannah, Georgia, and has two children: Isabel Lathrop and Alline Howard Williams. His address is No. 197 Gates Avenue, Brooklyn, New York.

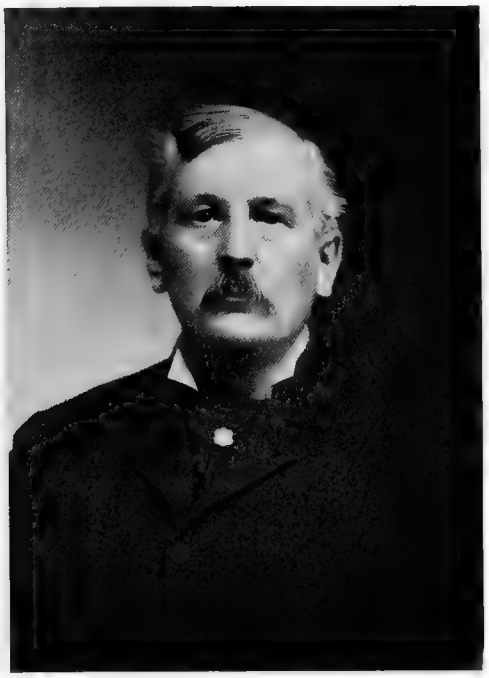
BLOOD, Nelson DeLoss, 1847–

Class of 1874 Med.

Born at Guilford, N. Y., 1847; studied at Guilford Centre Academy, at Auburn graded schools and at University of Michigan; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1874; engaged in drug business, 1868-71; practicing physician since 1875.

NELSON DELOSS BLOOD, M.D., son of Orson and Elizabeth Humphrey Blood, of English ancestry, was born at Guilford, Chenango County, New York, on July 7, 1847. Until the age of fourteen years he attended the academy at Guilford Centre. The next six years were devoted to study in the graded schools of the City of Auburn, New York. He then turned his attention to the drug business, and from 1868 to 1871 spent much of his time as a clerk in a drug store. In the fall of the last named year he was married to Cornelia A. Warrick, daughter of William Warrick, of Cayuga, New York. Soon afterward, intent upon a professional career, he became a student in the University of Michigan, at Ann Arbor, Michigan, and devoted himself to medical studies. Thus he spent the year 1871–1872. The following year was spent in practical medical work with Dr. David Monro, at Ira, Cayuga County, New York. Finally, in the fall of 1873, he entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, and was there graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1874. He then

at once began the practice of his profession at Ira, New York, and for ten years enjoyed a lucrative patronage. He then removed to Auburn, New York, in which larger field he has since been engaged



NELSON D. BLOOD

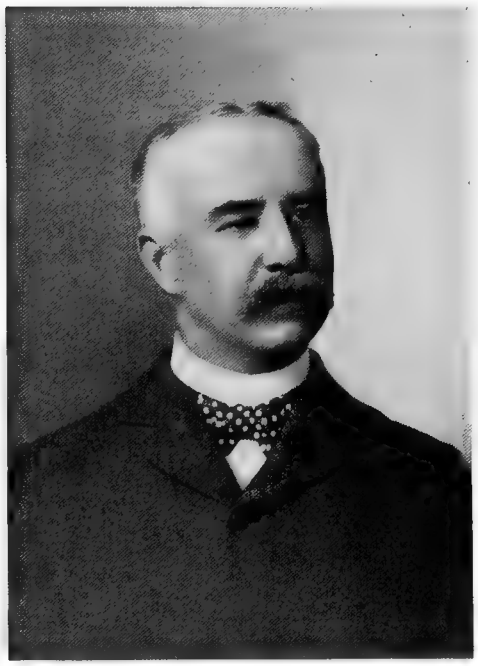
with proportionately increased success. His home and office are in Auburn. He is a Republican in politics, and a member of the Masonic Order.

BULL, Charles Cornelius, 1855–

Class of 1874 Arts, 1876 Law.

Born in New York, 1855; prize winning student in New York University; graduated A.B., New York University, 1874; A.M., 1877; LL.B., New York University Law School, 1876; lawyer.

CHARLES CORNELIUS BULL, A.M., LL.B., is the second of the three sons of one of the most honored alumni and Professors of New York University, Richard Harrison Bull. The latter, who is affectionately remembered by innumerable alumni of New York University as their teacher of mathematics, and also by thousands of depositors in the New York Savings Bank as for many years President of that institution, came of sturdy colonial stock, originally from England, his forefathers having been among the earliest settlers of Orange County, New York. His wife, whose maiden name was Mary Schouten, came of Knickerbocker Dutch stock. To them the subject of this sketch was born on June 7, 1855. In due time he entered New York University, where he was a member of Delta Phi, President of Eucleian, of his class in the Sophomore year, and a Commencement orator. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1874, and then went to the New York University Law School, where he won the Two Hundred and Fifty Dollar Essay Prize and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1876. In 1877 he received the Master's degree in Arts from the University. He was admitted to the Bar in 1876, and has ever since been practicing his profession in New York City with marked success. He is now the head of the firm of Bull, Edgar & Mathews, at No. 27 William Street, New York. He is a member of the New York Bar Association, the Calumet Club, the New York Historical Society, and various other organizations, and is a Trustee of the Society for the



CHAS. C. BULL

relief of the Destitute Blind. His brothers, Richard H. and J. Edgar Bull, are alumni of New York University, classes of 1870 and 1878 respectively.

DENHARD, Charles Edward, 1849–

Class of 1874 Med.

Born at Schluchtern, Germany, 1849; studied in public schools and gymnasium at Schluchtern; grad-

uated in pharmacy, 1871; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1874; served on staffs of Charity, Bellevue and Park hospitals; Commissioner of Relief to the Poor, 1875; helped to found German Poliklinik and St. Mark's Hospital; in medical practice in New York since 1874.

CHARLES EDWARD DENHARD, M.D., was born at Schluchtern, Germany, on July 15, 1849, the son of Adam and Lisetta (Zimmer)

CHARLES EDWARD DENHARD

Denhard. He was educated in the public schools of his native place until he was twelve years old and then spent four years in a gymnasium, or college. He next pursued a course in pharmacy, from which he was graduated in 1871. Finally he pursued the regular course in the Medical College of New York University, then known as the University of the City of New York, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1874. Temporary service on the staffs of the Charity Hospital, Bellevue Hospital and the Park Hospital followed, and in 1875 he was appointed a Commissioner of Relief to the Poor. He helped to found the German Poliklinik, of which he is a Consulting Physician, and also St. Mark's Hospital, of which he is a Visiting Physician. He is a member of the New York Academy of Medicine, the Obstetrical Society, the New York County Medical Society, the New York Medical Union (of which he has been President), the German Medico-Chirurgical Society, the New York Physicians' Mutual Aid Society, the Medical-Legal Society and the Society of Medical Jurisprudence. Dr. Denhard was married on April 19, 1877, to Christina Louise Lauer, and lives in New York City.

DOHERTY, Jacobus Josephum Stanford, 1851–

Class of 1874 Med.

Born at New Haven, Conn., 1851; studied at public and high schools and Military Academy, New Haven; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1874; practiced at Meriden, Conn., 1874; practiced at New Haven, Conn., since 1875; Registrar of Vital Statistics, New Haven, 1876 to 1883; Physician to New Haven County Prison, 1878 to 1883.

JACOBUS JOSEPHUM STANFORD DOHERTY, M.D., born at New Haven, Connecticut, on September 20, 1851, is the son of Michael Doherty and his wife, Margaret Mason Stanford. He is descended from the old Irish family of the O'Dohertys. The O'Dohertys were of the Kinel Conel and were powerful chiefs of

J. J. S. DOHERTY

Innishowen, Adime, and Tirenda in Tyrconnel, Donegal, Ireland. The O'Dohertys expelled from that region the Killowens, tributaries of the O'Donnells. The pedigree of the O'Dohertys is traced

back to Nuil, one of the Nine Hostages, from whom they were descended through twenty-seven generations down to Conor and Einigh, who died in 1413. A later Conor, the great-grandfather of the subject of this sketch, served as a seaman with the O'Brien brothers, who, at Machiasport, Maine, in 1775, took from the British the first two naval prizes in the Revolutionary War. Dr. Doherty received his early education in the public and high schools and at General Russell's Military Academy, at New Haven, Connecticut. Thence he came to New York University and was graduated from its Medical School on February 17, 1874. In the following April he began practice at Meriden, Connecticut, and there remained until October, 1875, when he removed permanently to New Haven, in which latter city he has since been steadily engaged in medical work. He was Registrar of Vital Statistics in New Haven from 1876 to 1883, and was Physician to the New Haven County Prison from 1878 to 1883. He is a member of the Young Men's Republican Club of New Haven, and also of the Knights of St. Patrick, of which latter organization he was one of the thirty-nine original founders. He was married at Worcester, Massachusetts, on May 16, 1874, to Sara Rafferty, and has two children: George Michael and Margaretta Sara Doherty.

DOUGHERTY, William, 1844–

Class of 1874 Vet.

Born in Ireland, 1844; studied in public schools, Lowell, Mass.; graduated D.V.S., New York College of Veterinary Surgeons, 1874, and American Veterinary College, 1876; in army service, 1854-65; in practice in Baltimore since 1876.

WILLIAM DOUGHERTY, D.V.S., is a son of John and Catherine (Cassidy) Dougherty, and was born at Gortion, County Tyrone, Ireland, on October 18, 1844. After studying in the public schools of Lowell, Massachusetts, he entered the United States Army service, and was in charge of the transportation work of the Quartermaster's Department, Department of the Gulf, in 1864–65. From 1865 to 1870 he conducted livery stables at Lakewood, New Jersey, and from 1870 to 1876 was a trainer of running horses for the turf. He began the study of veterinary medicine under Dr. Alexander Liautard and Dr. James L. Robertson, of New York. He entered the New York College of Veterinary Surgeons in 1872, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Veterinary Surgery in 1874. In 1875–76 he studied in the American Veterinary College and was graduated from it with a similar degree in 1876. Both those institutions are now embodied in New York University. Immediately after graduation in 1876 he settled in Baltimore, Maryland, being the first graduate practitioner in that city, and has ever since remained there engaged actively in practice. He was President of the Maryland State Veterinary Medical Society for several years, and Vice-President of the American Veterinary Medical Association, and has contributed much to professional literature. He was married in 1888 to

WILLIAM DOUGHERTY

Matilda Sproul, of Philadelphia, who died on May 30, 1899. His address is No. 1035 Cathedral Street, Baltimore, Maryland.

FISHER, George Russell, 1852–

Class of 1874 Med.

Born in Rhode Island, 1852; studied in public schools and Lapham Institute; graduated A.B., Brown University, 1872; studied medicine at Yale and Bellevue; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1874; in practice since 1874.

GEORGE RUSSELL FISHER, M.D., was born at North Scituate, Rhode Island, on May 28, 1852. His father, Charles Harris Fisher, was a surgeon, for many years represented Scituate

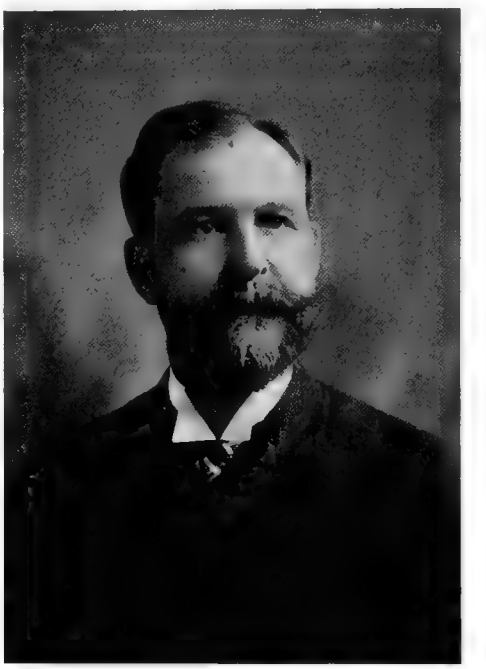
in the State Legislature, and at his death was Secretary of the State Board of Health. His mother, whose maiden name was Sophia Remington Smith, was descended from the West family, one of whose members was Lieutenant-Governor of Rhode Island, and her grandfather was a soldier in the Revolution. Dr. Fisher began his education in the common schools, and was prepared for college at the Lapham Institute, Scituate. Thence he went to Brown University and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1872. His professional studies were pursued at the Yale Medical School and the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, and from the latter, now a part of New York University, he was graduated in 1874 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Since that time he has been a practicing physician in Providence, Rhode Island. From 1876 to 1879 he was Town Physician there. He was Assistant Surgeon-General from 1876 to 1879, and since May, 1895, has been Assistant Surgeon of the United Train of Artillery. He belongs to the Masonic Order, the Knights of Pythias, and the Ancient Order of United Workmen. He was married on December 6, 1886, to Annie Wilkinson Hale.

FUNKHOUSER, Robert Monroe, 1850–

Class of 1874 Med.

Born in St. Louis, Mo., 1850; studied in public and private schools and under tutor; studied in University of Virginia, Dartmouth College, Columbia University Law School and New York University; graduated A.B., University of Virginia, A.M., Dartmouth, LL.B., Columbia, and M.D., New York University; admitted to Bar; in medical practice since 1874; Coroner of St. Louis.

ROBERT MONROE FUNKHOUSER, physician and surgeon, was born on December 10, 1850, in St. Louis, Missouri, his father having been the well known banker and merchant, R. M. Funkhouser. His ancestors on his father's paternal side came from Berne, Switzerland, emigrating in 1692 to Holland and remaining there until 1698, when they went to England, whence they proceeded to New York about 1700. On his father's maternal side the family came from England in 1646, Zachariah Cross, his great-grandfather, having served and attained distinction in the patriot army during the Revolutionary War. He is a descendant in the maternal line of the Spencer and Russell families of England, his mother having been Sarah Johnson Selmes Funkhouser, a daughter of Colonel Tilden Russell Selmes, who served in the Union Army during the Civil War, and his great-grandfather on his mother's maternal side having been John Ennis, who served in the New Jersey troops during the Revolutionary War. Reared in St. Louis, Dr. Funkhouser received his early educational training in a public and private school of that city and under the tutelage of the late Bishop Dunlap. He is an alumnus of the University of Virginia (1868–69), of Dartmouth College (1871), of the Law Department of Columbia University (1873), and of the Medical Department of New York University (1874), having received the degrees of Bachelor of Arts, Master of Arts, Bachelor of Laws, and Doctor of Medicine respectively. He was subsequently admitted to the bars of New York and St. Louis, but preferring medicine to the law, after serving as Interne in the hospitals of New York, he returned to St. Louis and entered upon the practice of his chosen profession. He immediately began laying the foundations of the practice which has since grown to such large proportions, and at the same time identified himself with medical educational work, being one of the founders of the Beaumont Hospital Medical College, in which institution he filled the Chair of Clinical Surgery from 1876 until 1891. Beginning in 1875 he served three years as



ROBT. M. FUNKHOUSER

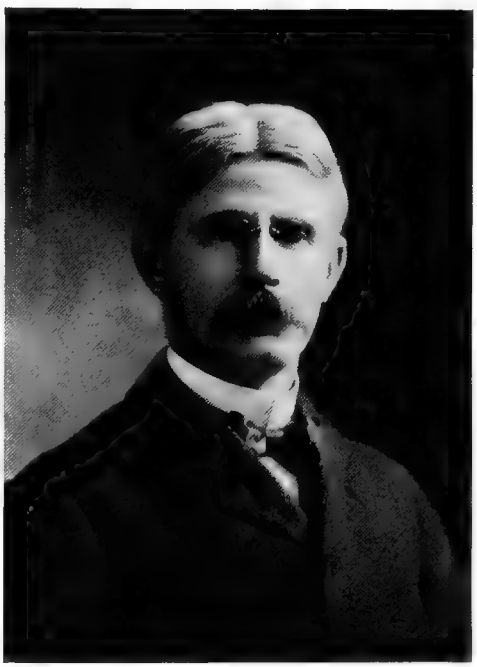
Assistant Demonstrator of Anatomy in the Missouri Medical College, has held the Chair of Surgery in the St. Louis College of Physicians and Surgeons and has been Consulting Physician to a number of St. Louis Hospitals. He has made original researches in physiology, psychology and surgery, and has since given freely of his time and professional labor in aid of numerous charitable and beneficial institutions. At present his practice is confined principally to surgery and gynecology. He is a member of the American Medical Association, the Missouri Medical Association, the Medico-Chirurgical Society of St. Louis, a Director of the St. Louis Medical Library, ex-President of the St. Louis Medical Society, and is now entering upon his second term of service as Coroner of St. Louis. He is also identified with various other associations and societies, scientific, fraternal and otherwise, among which are the Society of Sons of the Revolution, the Royal League and the Masonic Order, of which last he is a Knight Templar, a Shriner, and a Thirty-third degree Scottish Rite Mason. Dr. Funkhouser was married first to Virginia Cantrell and after her death to Alice Goodding Cantrell, both daughters of Dr. A. M. Cantrell, of Virginia, and great-granddaughters of Leonard Daniel of Cumberland County, Virginia, who at the age of seventeen served under Washington at the Siege of Yorktown.

GILLETT, Charles Ripley, 1855–

Class of 1874 Arts, 1876 Sci.

Born in New York, 1855; graduated from New York University with A.B., 1874, B.S., 1876, C.E., 1876, and A.M., in cursu, 1876; graduated Union Theological Seminary, 1880; at University of Berlin, 1881-83; Librarian of Union Theological Seminary since 1883; also from 1893 to 1901 Instructor in Theological Propædeutics, and since 1898 Secretary of Faculty; D.D., New York University, 1898; L.H.D., Beloit College, 1899.

CHARLES RIPLEY GILLETT, A.M., D.D., L.H.D., is a son of the eminent and honorable theologian, preacher and teacher, the Rev. Professor Ezra Hall Gillett, D.D., whose history is recounted elsewhere in the annals of New York University. His mother's maiden name was Mary Jane Kendall. On the paternal side the family is of Huguenot origin, and was transplanted to New England in 1631. On the maternal side it is English and Welsh. Dr. Gillett was born in New York City on November 29, 1855, and was privately educated by his father. In his fifteenth year he entered the College of Arts and Science of New York University, and was graduated from the Arts or Classical Course in 1874 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. In 1876 he was graduated from the Scientific and Engineering courses, with the degrees of Bachelor of Science and Civil Engineer, and also received the degree of Master of Arts *in cursu*. From the University he went to Union Theological Seminary, with which he has since been conspicuously identified. He pursued the regular course with exceptional success, and was graduated in 1880 with the first honors of his class, receiving



CHARLES R. GILLETT

the prize fellowship which entitled him to two years of study abroad. He spent the years 1881–83 at the University of Berlin, in the Theological and Philosophical faculties. Upon his return to New York in 1883 he was elected Librarian of Union Theological Seminary, as the successor of Henry B. Smith, Edward Robinson and Charles A. Briggs, and still holds the place. From 1893 to 1901 he was Instructor in Theological Propædeutics in the Seminary, serving as the successor of the late Dr. Philip Schaff, and since 1898 he has also been Secretary of the Faculty and Registrar. In 1898 he received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from New York University, and in 1899 that of L.H.D. from Beloit College. Since 1901 he has been en-

gaged in special work for the Metropolitan Museum of Art in New York, preparing, first, "The Catalogue of Egyptian Antiquities," a volume of one hundred and fifty pages, which is about to appear in its third edition; and, second, the third volume of "The Descriptive Atlas of the Cypriote Antiquities in the Metropolitan Museum of Art in New York City," generally known as "The Cesnola Collection." The work covers descriptions of the objects in gold, silver, bronze, engraved gems and seals, rock crystal, glass, alabaster, basalt, Egyptian pottery, lead, ivory and the inscribed stones containing inscriptions in Phœnician, Cypriote and Greek. During this time he has been rated as Temporary Curator in the Department of Sculpture. Ever since his connection with the Library of Union Theological Seminary he has written at times in connection with the Critical and Literary departments of various periodicals. From 1891 to 1897 he was Literary Editor of the "Magazine of Christian Literature." He has been a contributor to the columns of such papers as "The Nation," "The New York Independent" and "The New York Evangelist," and to such reviews and magazines as "The Presbyterian Review," "The New World," "The Andover Review," "The Presbyterian and Reformed Review," "The Biblical World" and "The American Journal of Theology." He has published several books as a compiler and translator. Among these are two editions of "The General Catalogue of the Alumni of the Union Theological Seminary," one in 1886 and the other in 1898. In 1895 he published a translation of Adolf Harnack's "Monasticism, its Ideal and its History," and in 1897 he published a translation of Krüger's "History of Early Christian Literature." Since the latter date his time has been mainly devoted to the duties of his librarianship, his secretaryship and to his extra work at the Metropolitan Museum of Art. He was married on April 26, 1881, to Kate Van Kirk, who has borne him five children: Carrie Richardson (deceased), Ezra Kendall, Mary Marshall, Robert and William Gillett. His office is at No. 700 Park Avenue, New York, and his home at Pelham Manor, Westchester County, New York.

HILL, Clarence Corlet, 1852–

Class of 1874 Med.

Born in Knox County, Ohio, 1852; studied in public schools; studied medicine privately and in Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1874; conducted drug store, 1874-75; in practice since 1875; President of Crawford Oil and Gas Co.

CLARENCE CORLET HILL, M.D., of Meadville, Pennsylvania, is a native of Middlebury Township, Knox County, Ohio, where he was born on August 16, 1852, the son of Harrison and Helen (Bateman) Hill. His paternal grandparents, Joseph and Sarah (Bancroft) Hill, were natives of New Jersey, and his maternal grandparents, Alvin and Flora Bateman, were natives of Vermont. He was educated in the public schools, from the age of

C. C. HILL

twelve years to that of twenty, at Warren, Pennsylvania, and then began the study of medicine with Dr. Bartholomew, at Warren. In 1872–73 he studied at the Jefferson Medical College, in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and finally entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, from which institution, now a part of New York University, he was graduated in 1874 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. For a year following his graduation he conducted a drug store at Sligo Furnace, Clarion County, Pennsylvania, for Dr. Reichart, and then, in the spring of 1875, began the practice of medicine at Johnsville, Ohio. There he remained for two years, and then removed to Levering, Knox County, Ohio, until 1887. In the latter year he

went to Philadelphia and pursued post-graduate studies for a year, especially in diseases of the eye. In 1888 he established himself at Meadville, Pennsylvania, where he has since remained. His practice is now confined to diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat. In addition to the practice of his profession he has engaged in various business enterprises, especially in the production of oil in Pennsylvania and West Virginia, and he is now President of the Crawford Oil and Gas Company, a corporation chartered under the laws of West Virginia. He is a member of the Board of Health of the City of Meadville, and of the Meadville Chamber of Commerce, and is an Elder in the Presbyterian Church. In politics he is a Republican. He was married on December 31, 1885, to Lelia Brown.

KIERNAN, James George, 1852–

Class of 1874 Med.

Born in New York, 1852; studied in public schools and College of City of New York; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1874; Assistant Physician, New York Asylum for Insane, 1874-78; editor, writer, instructor, Asylum Superintendent, and expert Alienist.

JAMES GEORGE KIERNAN, M.D., the eminent Alienist, is a son of Francis and Mary (Aiken) Kiernan, and was born in New York City on June 18, 1852. The Kiernans are a Celt-Iberian Irish clan, and were supporters of the Stuarts for Ireland's sake. The branch to which Dr. Kiernan belongs intermarried with descendants of the English "regicide," Harrison, and in 1722 came to this country, settling in Maryland, Virginia and New York. The Aikens are a Scottish family of Scandinavian origin, settled in Ayrshire, and were opponents of the Stuarts from Mary to James VII of Scotland. Dr. Kiernan was educated in the public schools of New York, and in the College of the City of New York. In the latter he remained until the end of his Junior year, in 1871. While there he made a special study of biology, geology, and other sciences, and received the Ward medal in 1868 for proficiency therein. He was an active member of the Scientific Society and of two of the literary societies of the college. At home he had a thorough training in the history and literature of the English-speaking peoples, and in Calvinistic Theology. In 1871 he entered the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in June, 1874. For the next four years he was an Assistant Physician in the New York City Asylum for the Insane, and there, in conjunction with Dr. E. C. Spitzka, were made the studies on which Dr. Spitzka's "Somatic Ætiology of Insanity" was based. This work anticipated the modern school of Lombroso, but was free from the exaggerations of the latter. In 1877 Dr. Kiernan read before the New York Neurological Society a paper corroborating, though in some details differing from, Kahlbaum's theory of katalonia, and in 1878, in a discussion of certain "Trophic Disorders of the Insane" he first demonstrated that paretic dementia produced the

JAS. G. KIERNAN

same trophic neuroses as locomotor ataxia, and that there were close relations between those neuroses. In 1880 he demonstrated the clinical existence of transitory frenzy and of psychoses secondary to syphilis which had a non-specific nature. In 1881 he corroborated Kraepelin's theory of the relationship between insanity and rheumatism. In 1883 he critically analyzed Fournier's theory of the relationship of syphilis to paretic dementia, and pointed out that syphilitic paretic dementia could not be differentiated from that of any other origin, a view afterward adopted by Fournier himself. These few citations of his investigations and announcements are an indication of the general character and scope of a vast amount of work which has been done by

Dr. Kiernan in the last quarter of a century. Dr. Kiernan became editorially connected with "Gaillard's Medical Journal" in 1880 and retained that connection until 1885. In 1881 he removed from New York to Chicago and was in 1881–82 Managing Editor of "The Chicago Medical Review" and Assistant to the Chair of Nervous and Mental Diseases in the Medical College of the Northwestern University. In 1882 he was appointed an Inspector of the National Board of Health. From 1882 to 1886 he was an Editor of "The Journal of Nervous and Mental Diseases" and of "The American Journal of Neurology and Psychiatry," and since 1892 he has been an Editor of "The Alienist and Neurologist." In 1887 he founded "The Medical Standard" and edited it until 1896. From 1891 to 1895 he was an Editor of "The Review of Nervous and Mental Diseases" and from 1896 to 1899 he was a member of the editorial staff of the Journal of the American Medical Association. From 1894 to 1896 he was Professor of Mental and Nervous Diseases in the Milwaukee Medical College, and since 1890 he has been Professor of Forensic Psychiatry in the Union, now the Kent, College of Law in Chicago. He is a member of the American Medical Association and has twice been Chairman of its Section on Mental and Nervous Diseases; and he was Honorary President of that section in the Pan-American Medical Congress of 1893. In 1895 he was elected a foreign associate member of the French Medico-Psychologic Association. In 1890 he helped to found the Chicago Academy of Medicine, of which he has been Secretary since 1892, and of which he was the chosen representative at the International Medical Congress of 1900. He is a member of the Chicago Medical Society, and an honorary member of the Chicago Neurological Society, and has been a member of the New York Neurological Society, the New York Society of Medical Jurisprudence, and the New York County Medical Society. He has been a frequent contributor of authoritative essays and discussions to nearly all the leading medical journals of the United States, especially those devoted to nervous and mental disorders. In sociologic anthropology he has maintained that environment before and after birth is more influential in determining character than is heredity. He has opposed the views of Lombroso, Nordau and others, that genius is a product of neuropathy, holding that where the two coexist neuropathy mars genius. Dr. Kiernan has long ranked as an authority in forensic medicine, in which he strongly maintains the English common law principle that the responsibility of the insane is a question of evidence and not of judicial dicta. In 1880 he testified in the Frank Leslie Will Case. In the Guiteau Case in 1881 he expressed the now generally accepted opinion that the accused was a morally imbecile paranoiac. In 1889 he was medical counsel for the defence in the Cronin Homicide Case. In various other important cases he has largely contributed to the development of a consistent and scientific code of principles in medical jurisprudence where mental disorders are concerned. He is a Democrat of the school of Jefferson in politics, but has held no public office save that of Superintendent of the Cook County (Chicago) Insane Hospital, in 1884–89, in which place he was the leader of the reform movement which led to the Chicago "boodle" trials and convictions and the rectifying of abominable abuses in the administration of County Asylums in Illinois. Dr. Kiernan was married on February 10, 1881, to Jane A. Trumper, who bore him three children: Anna Louise, Mary Louise, and Edward Spitzka Kiernan. Of these only the second named, now Mrs. W. W. Edwards, survives. Dr. Kiernan's address is Suite 910, 103 State Street, Chicago, Illinois.

RUSSELL, Adelbert Noyce, 1850–

Class of 1874 Med.

Born at Toddsville, N. Y., 1850; privately educated; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1874; in medical practice since 1874.

ADELBERT NOYCE RUSSELL, M.D., was born at Toddsville, Otsego County, New York, on May 20, 1850. His father, Levi Noyce Russell, and his mother, whose maiden name was Phylenia Joslin, were of New England stock, and their fathers served in the Revolutionary War. His education was chiefly acquired privately and under tutors, and at an early age his mind showed a decided tendency toward scientific and philosophical pursuits. At times he himself taught school in winter, while pursuing advanced studies. At length, in 1870, he entered the Medical College of New York University, and in 1874 was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. For six years he practiced in Otsego County, New York, and then removed to Cleveland, Ohio, where he has since remained. His work is devoted to the treatment of nervous and mental ailments, and he is a deep and constant student of psychological problems. He has been a City Councilman, and Presi-

dent of the Social Club and of the Progressive Thought Society. He is a member of the Masonic Order. In politics he is a Republican. He was first married in 1873 to Anna Miller, a woman of

ADELBERT N. RUSSELL

noble character. After her death he was again married, in 1878, to Annie Butler, a relative of the late General Benjamin F. Butler, who has borne him one child, May Russell. Dr. Russell's office is in The Arcade, Cleveland, Ohio, and his home is in the suburbs of that city.

THOMPSON, Alexander Ramsay, 1854–

Class of 1874 Arts, 1876 Law.

Born on Staten Island, N. Y., 1854; graduated A.B., New York University, 1874, LL.B., New York University Law School, 1876; lawyer and specialist in real estate law.

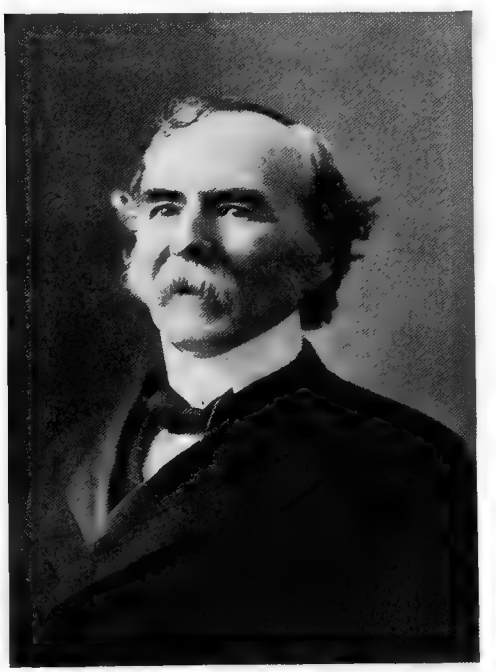
ALEXANDER RAMSAY THOMPSON, A.B., LL.B., is a son of the Rev. Dr. Alexander Ramsay Thompson (New York University, 1842) and Mary (Carpenter) Thompson, and was born on Staten Island, New York, on March 29, 1854. He was a member of Delta Phi, and was graduated from New York University with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1874. He then entered the New York University Law School, and was graduated from it with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1876. Thereafter, for ten years, he devoted himself to the practice of his profession. In 1886 he became a Manager of the Title Guarantee and Trust Company, and was thus engaged for a year. From 1887–1894 he was the Brooklyn Manager of the German-American Real Estate Title Guarantee Company. He is now practicing his profession at No. 15 Wall Street, New York. He is Vice-President of the Sons of the Revolution in the State of New York, and is Secretary and Treasurer of the Brevoort Real Estate Company. He was married on June 4, 1890, to Mrs. Dora Stebbins, widow of John J. Hellker, and lives at No. 438 West 23rd Street, New York.

WILLIAMS, James Jeremiah, 1845–

Class of 1874 Med.

Born at Clinton, Ohio, 1845; studied at academy, Huntington, Ind., 1859-62, Franciscan College, Loretto, Pa., 1867-69, and Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1872-74; graduated M.D., 1874; Health Officer of Morrisania, N. Y., 1874-1877; Sanitary Inspector, New York, 1882-86; in practice since 1874.

JAMES JEREMIAH WILLIAMS, M.D., son of Jeremiah and Lucy Ann Williams, was born at Clinton, Ohio, on November 23, 1845. He studied,



J. J. WILLIAMS

from 1859 to 1862, at an academy at Huntington, Indiana, and in 1867 he entered the Franciscan College at Loretto, Cambria County, Pennsylvania. He received his testamur from that college in 1869,

and at once began the study of medicine. In 1872 he entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which is now a part of New York University, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1874, since which time he has been engaged in the practice of his profession. He was Health Officer of the Town of Morrisania, now a part of New York City, in 1874–1877 and in 1878 was appointed Visiting Physician to the Twenty-sixth Street city prison, and to the Infants' Hospital and the Hospital for the Feeble-Minded and Crippled Children on Randall's Island. He served thus until 1882, when he was made Visiting Physician to Bellevue Hospital, and he held that place until 1886, when failing health forced him to resign it and devote all his available strength to his private practice. He was also Sanitary Inspector for the New York Health Board from 1882 to 1886. He is a member of the National, New York State and New York County Medical associations, and of the Sagamore Club of New York. He was married on December 28, 1869, to Elizabeth Jane Dougherty, who has borne him five children: Daniel Paul Joseph, Lewis Cass, James Jeremiah, Lucy Genevieve and Aetelia Carlotta Williams. His address is No. 1980 Madison Avenue, New York.

CANTOR, Jacob A., 1854–

Class of 1875 Law.

Born in New York, 1854; studied in public schools, high school, and New York University; engaged in law office, 1870–72; journalist, 1872–77; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1875; lawyer; member of Assembly, State of New York, 1884–87; State Senator, 1887–95; President of State Senate, 1892–93; President of the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, 1902–03.

JACOB A. CANTOR, LL.B., President of the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, is the son of Henry and Hannah (Hanau) Cantor, respectively of English and Austrian ancestry, and was born in the City of New York on December 6, 1854. His education was acquired in the public schools, including a high school, and in New York University. At an early age he manifested a strong inclination toward the legal profession, and in 1870 he was employed in the office of Webster & Craig, attorneys. Next he turned his attention to journalism, and from 1872 to 1877 was a member of the staff of "The New York World." At the same time he pursued courses in the Law School of New York University, and was graduated from it in 1875 with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. He did not begin independent practice, however, until 1879, since which time he has been steadily engaged therein, excepting while in the public service. He is now the head of the law firm of Cantor, Adams & McIntyre. Much of Mr. Cantor's life has been spent in the service of the public. In 1884 he became a member of Assembly in the New York State Legislature, having been elected as a Democrat from the Twenty-third District of New York City. He was repeatedly returned to the Assembly, in 1885, 1886, and

JACOB A. CANTOR

1887, and ranked among the most influential members of that body. In 1887 he was elected to the New York State Senate from the Tenth District of New York City, and was four times re-elected, in 1889, 1891, 1893, and 1895. Throughout his career he was one of the foremost Democratic Senators. In 1892–93 he was President of the Senate, and in other years he was the leader of the Democrats in that body. After 1895 Mr. Cantor was for a time retired from public life, owing largely to his separation from and opposition to Tammany Hall, the dominant Democratic organization of New York City. In 1901, however, he came forward as the leader of a strong Anti-Tammany Democratic organization, and allied himself with the Fusion movement

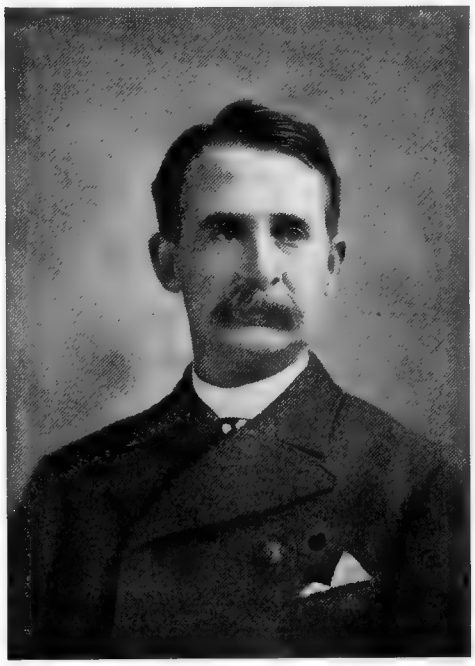
of that year against Tammany Hall. He was nominated for the important office of President of the Borough of Manhattan, on the Fusion ticket, and was handsomely elected. He entered upon that office on January 1, 1902, for the term of two years, 1902–03. Mr. Cantor was married on September 23, 1897, to Lydia M. Greenbaum, and has two children: Margaret and Ruth Cantor. His home is at No. 8 West 70th Street, New York.

DUNCAN, John Harris, 1852–

Class of 1875 Med.

Born at Columbia, Mo., 1852; studied in private school; graduated from William Jewell College, A.M., 1872; M.D., University of Missouri, 1874; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1875; began practice, 1875; Assistant to Chair of Physiology, University of Missouri, 1875; Professor of Physiology, 1875-83; Professor of Dermatology and Physiology, University Medical College, Kansas City, 1883-93; Professor of Dermatology and Physiology, St. Louis College of Physicians and Surgeons, 1893-94; Professor of Physiology in Barnes Medical College, St. Louis, 1897-1900; Professor of Dermatology in Marion Sims Beaumont Medical College since 1900.

JOHN HARRIS DUNCAN, A.M., M.D., physician and educator, comes of old colonial stock, of Scottish origin. He is a son of Dr. William Henley Duncan and Susan Woods (Harris) Duncan, and was born at Columbia, Missouri, on August 16, 1852. He studied in a private school and then entered the University of Missouri for four years. He then attended the William Jewell College, from which he received the degree of Master of Arts in 1872. Two years later he was graduated from the Medical Department of the University of Missouri with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, and the next year he received the same degree from Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University.. In the spring of 1875 he began practice in conjunction with his father, at Columbia, Missouri, at the same time being appointed Assistant to the Chair of Physiology in the University of Missouri. In the fall of that year he was promoted to fill the Chair as Professor, and was thus engaged until 1883, meantime also occupying other important places in the Faculty. From 1883 to 1893 he was Professor of Dermatology and Physiology in the University Medical College at Kansas City, Missouri, and in the latter year moved to St. Louis, where he became for a year Professor of Dermatology and Physiology in the College of Physicians and Surgeons. From 1897 to 1900 he taught Physiology in the Barnes Medical College, St. Louis, and then in 1900 became Professor of Dermatology and Syphilis in the Marion Sims Beaumont College. He is a member of the Missouri State Medical Association, has been its Vice-President and Assistant Secretary, and in 1895–96 was its President. He was President of the Academy of Medicine in Kansas City. He is also a member of the American Medical Association, the Missouri Medical Society, and the St. Louis Medical Society. In politics he is a Democrat. He was married on December 21, 1881, to Susan Isabelle Dulany.



JOHN H. DUNCAN

EDWARDS, William D., 1855–

Class of 1875 Arts.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1855; studied in public schools and Hasbrouck Institute, Jersey City, N. J.; graduated A.B., New York University, 1875; A.M., 1878; LL.B., Columbia College Law School, 1878; admitted to New Jersey Bar, 1878, and to United States Supreme Court Bar, 1884; Corporation Attorney, Bayonne, N. J., 1882-86; State Senator, New Jersey, 1886-89; Corporation Counsel, Jersey City, 1889-95; practicing lawyer in Jersey City since 1878.

WILLIAM D. EDWARDS was born in the City of Brooklyn, New York, on December 17, 1855. On the side of his father, William

W. Edwards, he comes of Welsh stock, while his mother, whose maiden name was Emma J. Nation, was of English ancestry. In boyhood he attended a public school in Jersey City and later was prepared for college at the well known Hasbrouck Institute in the same city. In 1871 he was matriculated at New York University, then known as the University of the City of New York, and pursued the regular classical course of the School of Arts. He was graduated in 1875 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and three years later received from his Alma Mater the degree of Master of Arts. After leaving the University he entered the Law School of Columbia College and was graduated from it in 1878 with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. He also studied law in Jersey City in the office of William Brinckerhoff. Soon after his graduation in 1878 he was admitted to practice at the New Jersey Bar, and in 1884 was admitted to practice before the Supreme Court of the United States. Since 1878 he has been engaged in the practice of his profession in Jersey City. From 1879 to 1888 he was a member of the firm of Wallis & Edwards; thence to 1900 he was a member of the firm of Wallis, Edwards & Bumsted. Mr. Edwards is a Democrat in politics and has long taken a leading part in political affairs in the State of New Jersey. He was Corporation Attorney of the City of Bayonne in 1882–86. In 1886–89 he was State Senator from Hudson County, and from 1889 to 1895 he was Corporation Counsel of Jersey City. He is a member of the Carteret Club of Jersey City and of the Reform Club of New York. He was married on November 29, 1881, to Lizzie R. Roberts and makes his home in Jersey City.

GOODMAN, Jacob James, 1853–

Class of 1875 Med.

Born in Yonkers, N. Y., 1853; studied in public schools of New York and College of City of New York; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1875; in active practice in New York since 1875.

JACOB JAMES GOODMAN, M.D., son of Samuel and Mina Goodman, is of Prussian ancestry, and was born in the City of Yonkers, New York, on September 27, 1853. His early education was acquired in Public School No. 2, Yonkers, of which he was in 1869 the first male graduate, and in Public School No. 4, New York City, of which he is also a graduate. For two years he studied in the College of the City of New York, and then proceeded to the Medical College of New York University, being meantime a licensed pharmacist. He was graduated from the University with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1875, and has since that date been actively engaged in the general practice of his profession in New York. He is a member of the Masonic Order, Past Master of Emanuel Lodge 654, and has been active in politics as a Democrat, being Chairman of the General Committee of the

J. J. GOODMAN

Greater New York Democracy in the Ninth Assembly District. He was married on June 3, 1885, to Rose Levene, and lives in New York City.

HENDRICKSON, George Skidmore, 1856–

Class of 1875 Sci.

Born at Floral Park, New York, 1856; studied in public schools and Union Hall Academy, Jamaica, N. Y.; graduated B.S. and C.E., New York University, 1875; stock broker.

GEORGE SKIDMORE HENDRICKSON, B.S., C.E., is a son of Peter and Sarah A. Hendrickson and a grandson of Skidmore Hendrickson, and was born at what is now Floral Park, Long Island, New York, on July 1, 1856. He studied in the district school, and in the Union Hall Academy at Jamaica, New York, and then entered New York University, where he was a Junior orator and a

member of Zeta Psi. In 1875 he was graduated with the degrees of Bachelor of Science and Civil Engineer, and thereafter gave his attention to financial pursuits in Wall Street. From 1875 to 1878

GEORGE S. HENDRICKSON

he was a broker's clerk. Since May 31, 1878, he has been a member of the New York Stock Exchange and a broker at the head of a business of his own. He was married on October 17, 1878, to Elizabeth Frost, and has had two children: Clifford Valentine, who died in childhood, and Charles Le Roy Hendrickson. His home is at No. 197 St. John's Place, Brooklyn, New York.

KALISH, Richard, 1854–

Class of 1875 Med.

Born in New York, 1854; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1875; on staff of Bellevue Hospital, 1875-77; in practice since 1877 as Ophthalmologist, with extended hospital service; A.M., Rutgers Female College, 1884; author of important papers and reports.

RICHARD KALISH, M.D., physician, surgeon and ophthalmologist, was born in New York City on June 20, 1854. He was matriculated at the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which is now consolidated with New York University, and was graduated as a Doctor of Medicine in 1875. After a competitive examination he was appointed a member of the Resident Staff of Bellevue Hospital, in which place he served for two years, being graduated as House Surgeon in 1877. Since that date he has been engaged in private practice, and has also done much service in hospitals and elsewhere. Thus he was Assistant Visiting Surgeon to the New York Eye and Ear Infirmary from 1878 to 1890; Lecturer on Therapeutics in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College in 1878; and has been Visiting Ophthalmic Surgeon to the Charity (now City) Hospital since 1880. At the latter institution Dr. Kalish instituted his investigations into the cause and growth of cataract, which culminated in his discovery of a method of checking the progress and of causing the absorption of unripe cataract, and in 1890, before the Section on Ophthalmology of the New York Academy of Medicine, he announced this discovery in a paper entitled "The Arrest and Partial Resorption of Immature Cataract with Restoration of Reading Power." A second communication to the medical profession was made at the annual meeting of the Medical Society of the County of New York, under the heading "The

RICHARD KALISH

Absorption of Immature Cataract by Manipulation Conjoined with Instillation." Both of these papers were published in "The Medical Record." Subsequently a third paper entitled "The Absorption

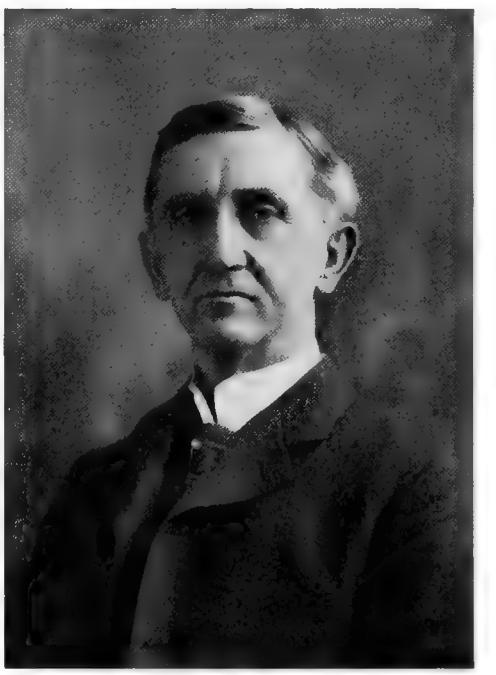
of Uncomplicated Immature Cataract by Conjoined Manipulation and Instillation," was read before the Northwestern Medical and Surgical Society, and was published in "The Medical News." These reports attracted widespread interest both at home and abroad, and have established the basis from which arise all plans of treatment looking toward the absorption of cataract and the avoidance of the use of the knife. In addition to the papers above named Dr. Kalish is the author of "Ophthalmic Hints for the General Practitioner," read before the Society of Alumni of Bellevue Hospital and published in "The New York Medical Journal," and "Some Rheumatic Diseases of the Eye," read before the Northwestern Medical and Surgical Society. Dr. Kalish having for many years taken an active part in educational matters, notably in the higher education of women, the Rutgers Female College in 1884, in recognition of his efforts in that direction, conferred upon him the degree of Master of Arts. Since 1891 Dr. Kalish has been Consulting Ophthalmic Surgeon to St. John's Hospital, Long Island City; since 1898 Consulting Ophthalmic Surgeon to the J. Hood Wright (formerly Manhattan) Hospital; and since 1892 Consulting Ophthalmic Surgeon to the Health Department of the City of New York, to the Riverside Hospital, North Brothers Island, and to the Willard Parker Hospital. He has been Secretary, Vice-President and President of the Bellevue Hospital Medical College Alumni Association, President of the Society of Alumni of Bellevue Hospital, Vice-President and President of the Medical Board of the City Hospital, and Secretary of the New York Academy of Medicine. In addition to the organizations named he is a member of the American, New York State and New York County Medical associations, the Medical Society of the County of New York, the Northwestern Medical and Surgical Society, the New York Medico-Surgical Society, the Society of Alumni of the City (formerly Charity) Hospital, the Physicians' Mutual Aid Association, the New York Yacht Club, the Manhasset Bay Yacht Club, the Manhattan Club, and the New York Genealogical and Biographical Society.

LAREW, John Thomas, 1851–

Class of 1875 Med.

Born in Kentucky, 1851; studied in private school, and Baptist Institute, Maysville, Ky., and Louisville Medical College; graduated M.D. Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1875; Interne, New York Charity (now the City) Hospital, 1875-76; in practice in St. Louis, Mo., since 1876; Professor of Anatomy, St. Louis College of Physicians and Surgeons, 1883-84; Professor of Anatomy and Clinical Surgery, Beaumont Hospital Medical College, St. Louis, from 1894 until its consolidation with Marion Sims College of Medicine in 1901.

JOHN THOMAS LAREW, M.D., physician and educator, is a descendant of French Huguenot stock which was planted in this country at an early date. His parents were Baldwin Clifton Larew and Lydia (Perrine) Larew and he was born to them



JOHN T. LAREW

in the State of Kentucky on March 9, 1851. His general education was acquired in Mason County and at Maysville, Kentucky, in a private school of Maysville and the Baptist Institute. He read medicine with Dr. Thomas E. Pickett, took one course of lectures at the Louisville Medical College and then entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and was graduated from it in 1875 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. The next year was spent as an Interne in the New York Charity (now the City) Hospital on Blackwell's Island, and in 1876 he began practice in St. Louis, Missouri, in which he has since continued. In addition to his practice he has devoted much time to instruction. He was

Demonstrator of Anatomy and Minor Surgery in the St. Louis College of Physicians and Surgeons from 1880–83 and Professor of Anatomy in 1883–84. He was Professor of Anatomy and Clinical Surgery in the Beaumont Hospital Medical College, of St. Louis, from 1894 until its consolidation with the Marion Sims College of Medicine in 1901, and for six years was Secretary of its Faculty. He is a member of the St. Louis Medical Society, the Obstetrical and Gynecological Society of that city, the Missouri Medical Association and the American Medical Association. In politics he is a Democrat. He was married to Emma Alice Van Norstrand, of St. Louis, on June 29, 1895.

McINTYRE, John Francis, 1855–

Class of 1875 Law.

Born in New York, 1855; educated in public schools, under private tutors and at St. Francis Xavier's College (graduated, A.B., 1873); graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1875; in practice since 1876; member of New York State Assembly, 1886-87; counsel to Comptroller; Assistant District Attorney of New York for many years; prominent in Democratic politics.

JOHN FRANCIS McINTYRE, LL.B., long Assistant District Attorney of New York County, was born in New York City in January, 1855. His father, John B. McIntyre, was a well known architect of New York, and was the grandson of the first of the McIntyre family in America, who came from Ireland in 1798. His mother, whose maiden name was Frances Virginia Esquirol, was the grandchild of Jean Esquirol, who came from France with Lafayette and fought in the Revolutionary War. Mr. McIntyre attended the public schools of New York and was also instructed by private tutors. His college course was pursued at the College of St. Francis Xavier, in New York, where he was graduated in 1873 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. His legal studies were begun in 1873, in the law office of Luke A. Lockwood, and also in the Law School of New York University, from which latter he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1875. Beginning in 1876, Mr. McIntyre has ever since been continuously engaged in the practice of his profession, save for the time when he has been occupied with public services as a legislator. His practice has been chiefly that of a trial lawyer, and has involved both civil and criminal cases. Mr. McIntyre's public life began with his service in the State Assembly, to which he was elected for two years, in 1886–87. He was a member of the Judiciary Committee, and ranked among the most efficient legislators of his time. Afterward he was appointed counsel to the Comptroller of New York City, and then began his long and distinguished career in the District Attorney's office. He was an Assistant District Attorney under Delancey Nicoll, John R. Fellows, and W. M. K. Olcott, and was Chief Assistant District Attorney under Asa Bird Gardiner. During his incumbency of that office he prosecuted more murderers, probably, than any other man of his time. Among these were many notorious and sensational cases, including those of Dr. Meyer, Burton C. Webster, Mrs. Fleming, Dr. Kennedy, Maria Barberi, and others. In his management of these cases Mr. McIntyre won a brilliant reputation as a prosecuting officer, and made himself a terror to evil doers. In 1897 he was retained by the Irish Societies of the United States to go to England and defend Edward J. Ivory, who was charged with a capital crime. The trial was held before Justice Sir Henry Hawkins, at the Old Bailey (Queen's Bench), and after an exciting struggle resulted in the acquittal of the defendant. At the present time Mr. McIntyre is credited with trying more civil cases than any other lawyer at the New York Bar. In politics he is a Tammany Hall Democrat,

JOHN F. McINTYRE

and he has long been active and conspicuous in the affairs of his party as a delegate to its State and National conventions and in other directions. He is a member of the Manhattan, Democratic and Algonquin clubs. He was married years ago to Katherine C. Wilson, and has three children: Glanvil Gregory, Charles Carroll, and Florence Adele McIntyre. His office is at No. 25 Broad Street, New York, firm of Cantor, Adams & McIntyre.

MEYERSBURG, Adolphus Gustavus, 1848–

Class of 1875 Med.

Born in Göttingen, Germany, 1848; came to America, 1863; engaged in pharmacy; studied medicine and graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1875; in practice since 1875.

ADOLPHUS GUSTAVUS MEYERSBURG, M.D., is a native of the historic City of Göttingen, in Hanover, Germany, where he was born in 1848, the son of Gustavus and Julia (Frank) Meyersburg. His father was a tobacco manufacturer and merchant. As far as his fifteenth year he was under private tuition. Then, in 1863, he came to the United States and settled in New York.

A. G. MEYERSBURG

For some years he was engaged in the business of pharmacy, but finally turned his attention to medical studies, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the New York University Medical College in the spring of 1875. Since that date he has been constantly engaged in the practice of his profession, as a general practitioner. Since 1880 he has been an Examiner for the Prudential Life Insurance Company, and since 1896 a United States Examiner for Pensions. He is an earnest Republican in politics, but has held no political office. He is a member of the Kings County Medical Society, and the Brooklyn Pathological Society. He was married on December 3, 1876, to Rosa Bowsky, and has now living three daughters and six sons. His address is No. 102 Bradford Street, Brooklyn, New York.

PARMLY, Randolph, 1854–

Class of 1875 Arts.

Born at Burlington, N. J., 1854; studied at Hasbrouck Institute, Jersey City; graduated A.B., New York University, 1875; graduated LL.B., Columbia Law School, 1878; in practice of law since 1878.

RANDOLPH PARMLY, A.B., LL.B., is a son of Wheelock Hendee Parmly, who was for forty years Pastor of the First Baptist Church of

RANDOLPH PARMLY

Jersey City, New Jersey, and who was the son of Randolph Parmly and Elizabeth (Murray) Parmly, the first Randolph Parmly being the first male child born at Randolph, Vermont, and being in

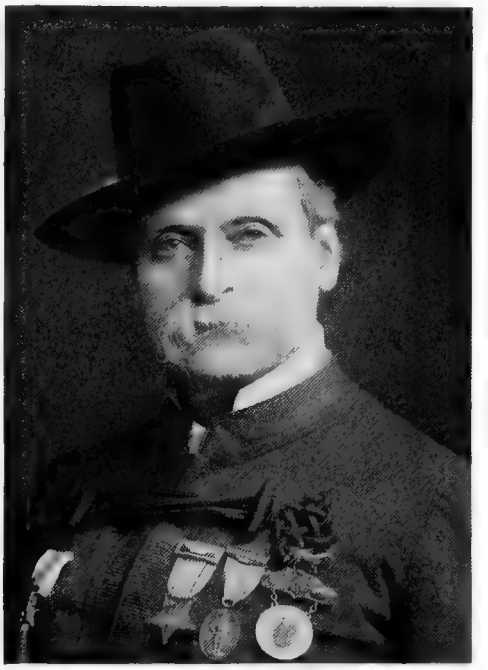
consequence named after that place. The Rev. Wheelock H. Parmly married Katherine Dunbar, daughter of the Rev. Duncan Dunbar, for many years Pastor of the McDougal Street Baptist Church in New York, and she was born in Aberdeen, Scotland. Randolph Parmly, son of Wheelock H. and Katherine D. Parmly, was born at Burlington, New Jersey, on April 2, 1854, and was prepared for college at the Hasbrouck Institute in Jersey City, from which he was graduated in 1871. In the fall of that year he entered New York University, and in June, 1875, he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. The next three years were spent in law studies, in a Jersey City law office and at Columbia College, from which latter he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1878. From 1878 to 1888 he practiced law in Jersey City, and since the latter date has been established in New York, devoting his attention chiefly to corporation law, and being counsel for a number of important corporations. Mr. Parmly is a member of the Bar Association of New York City, and of the University, Phi Beta Kappa, and Lawyers' clubs. He was married in 1898 to Mary S. Olmstead, daughter of Garrick M. Olmstead of Jersey City, and lives in New York City in the winter and on the Shrewsbury River in New Jersey in the summer. His office is at No. 160 Broadway, New York.

PARSONS, John, 1842–

Class of 1875 Med.

Born at King's Borough, N. Y., 1842; studied in public and private schools, King's Borough Academy, Gloversville Seminary, Albany Medical College, Chicago Medical College, etc.; graduated College of Physicians and Surgeons, Keokuk, Iowa, 1864; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1875; medical cadet in United States Army during Civil War, serving under Gen. Grant at Vicksburg; in private practice since 1865; ex-member of Kansas State Legislature; Brevet Captain U. S. Volunteers.

JOHN PARSONS, M.D., of King's Bridge, New York City, is a son of Hiram Addison Parsons, of King's Borough, New York, and Lucy Elizabeth (Brown) Parsons, of Bloomfield, Connecticut. He is ninth in descent from Sir Thomas Parsons, of Great Milton, Oxfordshire, England, and seventh from Deacon Benjamin Parsons, one of the first settlers of Springfield, Massachusetts. On the maternal side he is descended from Peter Brown, one of the Mayflower Pilgrims in 1620. He was born at King's Borough, New York, on April 12, 1842, and in boyhood attended the local schools, both public and private, and also the King's Borough Academy. He also pursued a course at the Gloversville, New York, Seminary. He began the study of medicine under Dr. G. J. Newton, at Gloversville, New York, and continued it under Dr. J. H. Schoon, at West Galway, New York, and at the Albany, New York, Medical College. He was graduated from the College of Physicians and Surgeons at Keokuk, Iowa, on February 10, 1864, from the Chicago Medical College, with an honorary degree, on March 4, 1868, and from the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, on March



JOHN PARSONS

1, 1875, receiving from the last named the degree of Doctor of Medicine. From the Albany Medical College Dr. Parsons entered the United States Army as a medical cadet. He was under General Grant at the siege and surrender of Vicksburg, and also served in the Southwest, in the Northwest, and in Eastern Tennessee. After the war he practiced medicine for six years in Kansas, and was there Vice-President and President of the Kansas State Medical Society and a Representative in the Legislature. In 1871 he established himself in his present home at King's Bridge, New York City, where he has been Justice of the Peace, and for many years a Vestryman of the Church of the Mediator. During the war he held the rank of

Medical Cadet, U. S. A., Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. A., and Assistant Surgeon, United States Volunteers. He was made a Brevet Captain of United States Volunteers "for faithful and meritorious services." He was for a time Executive Officer of the McDougall General Hospital, at Fort Schuyler, New York, and Chief Medical Officer on Hart's Island, New York. He was Vice-President and President of the Kansas State Medical Society, and has been Secretary, Vice-President and President of the Yonkers Medical Association. He is an honorary member of the Jenkins Medical Society, a Fellow of the Academy of Medicine and Original Fellow of the New York State Medical Association, and a member of the American Medical Association, the New York County Medical Society, the New York County Medical Association, the Westchester County Medical Society, the Public Health Association, the Physicians' Mutual Aid Association, and other organizations. He is Medical Director of the Grand Army of the Republic in the State of New York, Dictator of the Knights of Honor, a Regent in the Royal Arcanum, and a member of the Knickerbocker Athletic Club and the Army and Navy Club. His address is No. 2882 Bailey Avenue, King's Bridge, New York City.

RAPP, Samuel, 1855–

Class of 1875 Med.

Born in New York, 1855; studied in New York public school; Assistant Surgeon, Colorado National Guard, 1881-1887; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1875; in practice since 1875.

SAMUEL RAPP, M.D., son of Solomon and Henrietta (Strauss) Rapp, was born in New York City on May 15, 1855, and acquired his preliminary education in Grammar School No. 40 in New York City. He was graduated a Doctor of Medicine from the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, in 1875, having already been in 1874 a Junior Assistant in the Mount Sinai Hospital, and since that time has been steadily engaged in professional practice. He was Coroner of Rio Grande County, Colorado, in 1876–78, and of Hinsdale County in the same state in 1880–86, and an Assistant Surgeon in the Second Battalion of the National Guard of Colorado with the rank of Captain from 1881 to 1887. He is now settled in New York City, and is a member of the New York County Medical Society, the New York German Medical Society, the Metropolitan Medical Society, and the Society of Medical Jurisprudence. He was married on March 14, 1880, to Caroline Steifel, and has one child, Jessie Rapp.

SAMUEL RAPP

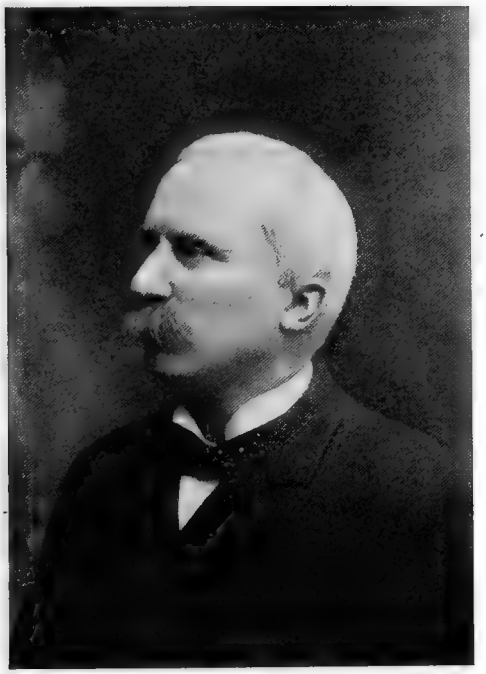
ST. JOHN, David, 1850–

Class of 1875 Med.

Born at Berne, N. Y., 1850; attended public schools; studied medicine privately, and at Albany and Buffalo Medical colleges; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1875; in practice since 1875 at Hackensack, N. J.; a founder of Hackensack Hospital; officer of various business corporations.

DAVID ST. JOHN, M.D., one of the leading physicians of Bergen County, New Jersey, was born at Berne, Albany County, New York, in March, 1850, the son of David and Mary (Johnson) St. John. His mother was of Scotch descent, and his father was descended from Matthias St. John, who came from England in 1635 and settled in New England. Dr. St. John's paternal grandfather, Noah St. John, married Elizabeth Waterbury, of Waterbury, Connecticut, and was the pioneer of the family in New York State. In his boyhood Dr. St. John attended the schools of Albany, New York. His medical studies were begun under Dr. H. W. Bell, of Berne, New York, and were continued in the office of Professor James H. Armsby, one of the foremost surgeons of

Albany. Courses of lectures followed, at the Albany Medical College, the Buffalo Medical College, and the Bellevue Hospital Medical College. From the last named institution, which has since been incorporated with New York University, he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1875. Thereupon he settled at Hackensack, Bergen County, New Jersey, where he has since remained, conducting one of the most extensive and most successful practices in that part of the state. In 1888, chiefly through his efforts, the Hackensack Hospital was organized, an admirable institution of



D. ST. JOHN

great value. He is President of its Medical Board, as well as Visiting Physician and Surgeon, and under his direction it has recently been housed in a new building which compares favorably with any in the state. One wing of this building, containing two wards, bears the name of the "St. John Wards," he having personally borne the expense thereof. Dr. St. John is a member of the Bergen County Medical Society, and has been its President. He is also a Fellow of the New York Academy of Medicine, and a member of the New Jersey State Medical Society, the New York State Medical Association, and the American Medical Association. He is, under appointment of the Governor, one of the managers of the New Jersey State Hospital for the Insane at Morris Plains, and is also Surgeon for the Erie Railroad Company. He is First Vice-President of the Hackensack Trust Company, a Director of the Hackensack Bank, President of the Bergen County Gas and Electric Company, and President of the Hackensack Heights Association, a large real estate corporation. In these capacities as well as in the practice of medicine he has shown untiring energy, and as a resident of Hackensack he has always been actively identified with all movements for its interest and advancement and enjoys the confidence and respect of his numerous patients as well as of the entire community. He was married in 1879 to Jennie Angle, daughter of the late John H. Angle, of Scranton, Pennsylvania, and has three children: Olive Graham, Fordyce Barker, and Florence Angle St. John.

SLADE, Francis Page, 1856–

Class of 1875 Arts, 1877 Law.

Born in San Francisco, Cal., 1856; graduated A.B., New York University, 1875; A.M., 1878; LL.B., New York University Law School, 1877; lawyer.

FRANCIS PAGE SLADE, A.M., LL.B., son of Calvin and Mary Emily (Jennison) Slade, was born in San Francisco, California, on March 14, 1856. In New York University he was a member of Zeta Psi, Editor of "The Philomathean," and President of his class in the Senior year. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1875, and from the University Law School with that of Bachelor of Laws in 1877. In 1878 he received his Master's degree in Arts. Since graduation from the Law School he has been in successful practice as an attorney and counselor at law. He was married on April 7, 1880, to Louise F. Hackett, and has three children: Francis Henry, Marjorie, and Louise Slade.

STEINERT, Henry, 1853–

Class of 1875 Law.

Born in New York, 1853; studied in public schools and College of City of New York; law clerk, 1868-75; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1875; in practice since 1875; Attorney and Counsel to Board of Health, 1892-98; Assistant Corporation Counsel, New York, 1898-1902.

HENRY STEINERT, LL.B., son of Herman and Rose Steinert, was born in New York City on December 22, 1853. He was graduated from Grammar School No. 27, and for two years, 1866–68, attended the College of the City of New York. He then turned his attention to the study of

law. From 1868 to 1875 he was a clerk and student in the law offices of W. G. Bryan and George M. Curtis. He also entered the Law School of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1875. Since the latter date he has been successfully engaged in the practice of his profession in New York. From 1892 to 1898 he was Attorney and Counsel to the New York Board of Health, and from 1898 to March 15, 1902, an Assistant Corporation Counsel of New York. He is a Democrat in politics, and is a member of the Manhattan, Democratic and Home clubs.

HENRY STEINERT

He has been married but is a widower, and lives at No. 667 Lexington Avenue, New York. His father was a practicing lawyer for just fifty years, and he has three brothers, Joseph, Morris and Max, engaged in the same profession.

TOMLINSON, John Canfield, 1856–

Class of 1875 Arts.

Born in New York, 1856; graduated A.B., New York University, 1875, and A.M., 1886; LL.B., New York University Law School, 1877; lawyer; examiner in University Law School, etc.

JOHN CANFIELD TOMLINSON, A.M., LL.B., is a son of Theodore E. and Abby Esther (Walden) Tomlinson, and was born in New York City on December 28, 1856. He was a prominent member of the noteworthy Class of 1875 in New York University, being Philomathean Junior orator and winner of the Webster Prize, President of Philomathean, representative of the University in the Intercollegiate Literary Association in 1874–75, winner of the first prize in the Intercollegiate Oratorical Contest in 1875, and President of his class in the Sophomore year. He was a member of the Zeta Psi Fraternity. He was graduated from the University with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1875, and received the Master's degree in Arts in 1886. He entered the University Law School in the fall of 1875, and was graduated from it with the Baccalaureate degree in Law in 1877, and was in the same year admitted to the Bar. Ever since that time Mr. Tomlinson has been actively and successfully engaged in the practice of his profession, his office being at No. 15 Wall Street, New York. He has been an examiner in the New York University Law School, Historian of the New York Society of the Sons of the Revolution, and he was a member of the New York City Committee on the Centennial Celebration of the Constitution in 1889. He was married first to Fannie Adams, on November 10, 1879, and after her death to Dora Morrell Grant, on July 20, 1888. He has three children: John Canfield, Jr., Esther Walden, and Daniel Tomlinson. His home is at No. 45 West 57th Street, New York.

TROTTER, Alfred Williams, 1856–

Class of 1875 Sci.

Born in New York City, 1856; graduated B.S. and C.E., New York University, 1875; Civil and Manufacturing Engineer and officer of business corporations.

ALFRED WILLIAMS TROTTER, B.S., C.E., is a son of Jonathan T. and Esther Malvina (Williams) Trotter, and was born in New York City on June 10, 1856. He pursued the scientific course in New York University, and was graduated with the degrees of Bachelor of Arts and Civil Engineer in 1875. He has been professionally connected with the Metropolitan Elevated Railroad in New York, the New York, West Shore and Buffalo Railroad, the Southern Pennsylvania Railroad, the Genesee and Wyoming Valley Railroad, the Acme Liquid Fuel Company, the Saratoga Gas and Electric Light Company, and other corporations. He has been Vice-President of the Bank Building Company of New York, and an officer of other concerns. He promoted and was Chief Engineer of the Retsof

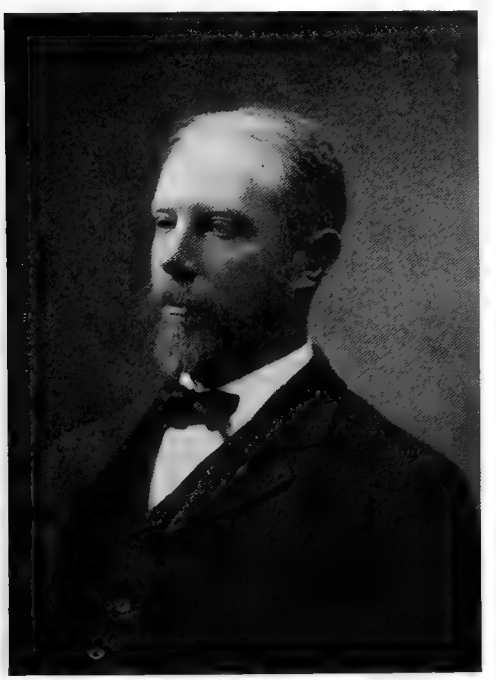
Mining Company, which opened and operated great salt deposits in Western New York. He is a veteran officer of the Seventh Regiment, New York National Guard, in which he served twelve years, and a member of the New York Academy of Sciences, the American Society of Civil Engineers, and other organizations. His office is at No. 71 Broadway, New York, and his home in the City of Mount Vernon, New York.

VAN SANTVOORD, Richard, 1853–

Class of 1875 Med.

Born in New York, 1853; studied in private and public schools and College of City of New York (graduated A.B., 1872); graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1875; in hospital work and European study, 1875-78; in practice since 1878.

RICHARD VAN SANTVOORD, M.D., son of Cornelius and Susan (Varick) Van Santvoord, was born in New York City on May 19, 1853.



RICHARD VAN SANTVOORD

As the name indicates, he is of Holland Dutch ancestry. The family was transplanted to America in 1718 by the Rev. Cornelius Van Santvoord, a graduate of the University of Leyden and a clergyman of the Reformed Dutch Church. A grand-uncle of Dr. Van Santvoord's mother was Colonel Richard Varick, who was at one time Private Secretary to Washington, and also Mayor of New York. Dr. Van Santvoord was educated at various private schools and at Grammar School No. 39, in New York, and at the College of the City of New York, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1872. In 1875 he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which has since been incorporated with New York University. For the ensuing two years he was a member of the House Staff of Bellevue Hospital, and for another year studied abroad, chiefly at Bonn and Vienna. Since his return to this country in 1878 he has been continuously engaged in the practice of his profession, settling at his present address, No. 106 West 122nd Street, New York, in March, 1881. He has been an Attending Physician to the House of Refuge, and Visiting Physician to the Workhouse, Almshouse and Randall's Island hospitals. Since July, 1885, he has been Visiting Physician to the Harlem Hospital. He is a member (and has been Vice-President) of the New York County Medical Society, and also of the Harlem Club, the New York Pathological Society, and the Harlem Medical Association, and is a Fellow of the New York Academy of Medicine. In politics he has been active in the Good Government Club movement. He was married in April, 1886, to Hattie Willis Roberts, and has one child, Richarda Van Santvoord.

WIENER, Richard George, 1854–

Class of 1875 Arts.

Born in New York, 1854; graduated A.B., New York University, 1875, and A.M., 1878; graduated M.D., College of Physicians and Surgeons, 1877; extensive hospital practice; Assistant to Chair of Clinical Surgery, College of Physicians and Surgeons, 1879-86; in active practice.

RICHARD GEORGE WIENER, A.M. M.D., son of Solomon and Theresa (Falkman) Wiener, was born in New York City on June 13, 1854. He studied in the New York public schools, and in 1871 entered the College of Arts and Science of New York University. He was a member of Psi Upsilon, and Eucleian Junior orator, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1875, receiving that of Master of Arts in 1878. He was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the College of Physicians and Surgeons (Columbia) in 1877. He was Resident Physician at the Colored Home and Hospital, New York, in 1877–78; Attending Physician to the Out-door Department of the New York Hospital, 1879–82;

Assistant to the Chair of Clinical Surgery in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, 1879–86; Surgeon to the Charity Hospital, 1890–95; and Physician to the Harlem Hospital since 1898. He is a Fellow of the New York Academy of Medicine, and a member of the American Medical Association, the Pathological Society, the New York County Medical Society, and the German Medical Society. He has written numerous articles for medical journals. Dr. Wiener was married on February 28, 1884, to Fanny Hirsh, and has four children. His address is No. 48 East 65th Street, New York.

ALVORD, Henry Clay, 1854–

Class of 1876 Arts.

Born at Bolton, Conn., 1854; graduated A.B., New York University, 1876, and A.M., 1879; graduated Hartford Theological Seminary, 1879; minister of Congregational Church since 1879.

HENRY CLAY ALVORD, A.M., is a son of Henry and Mary Williams (Gillette) Alvord, and was born at Bolton, Connecticut, on April

HENRY C. ALVORD

30, 1854. He entered the Sophomore Class of New York University in 1873, after some preliminary study with the Freshman Class, and was a leading member of the distinguished Class of 1876. He had previously been Valedictorian of the Hartford High School Class of 1873. At the University he was President of the class in the Junior year, Secretary, Editor and President of the Philomathean Society, Editor of "The Philomathean" in 1873–74, a Junior orator, University Contestant in Essays in the Intercollegiate Literary Contest of 1875, representative of the University in the Intercollegiate Literary Association in 1875–76, and Greek Salutatorian and winner of the Second Fellowship at Commencement. He was a prominent member of Psi Upsilon and was elected to Phi Beta Kappa. Mr. Alvord was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1876, and received that of Master of Arts from the University in 1879. In the latter year he was graduated from the Hartford Theological Seminary and was ordained into the ministry of the Congregational Church. From 1879 to 1886 he was Pastor of the first Congregational Church at Montague, Massachusetts, and since 1886 has been settled over the Old South Church at South Weymouth, Massachusetts. He was married on October 6, 1880, to Alice C. Bissell, and has three children: Henry Bissell, Ruth Gillette, and Robert Williams Alvord.

BENJAMIN, John Halsey, 1855–

Class of 1876 Med.

Born at Riverhead, N. Y., 1855; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1876; Assistant House Physician, Nursery and Child's Hospital, New York, 1876-77; in practice at Riverhead, N. Y., since 1878.

JOHN HALSEY BENJAMIN, M.D., a distinguished physician and surgeon of Riverhead, Long Island, New York, is a son of Caleb Halsey Benjamin and Hannah (Young) Benjamin. His earliest American ancestor was John Benjamin, of Watertown, Massachusetts, who was made a freeman of that place on November 6, 1632, was for several years constable of the town, and was one of the proprietors of Cambridge, Massachusetts. On the maternal side Dr. Benjamin's ancestors came to this country from England seven generations ago. Dr. Benjamin was born at Riverhead, New York, on June 22, 1855. He attended the public schools from 1864 to 1870, the Northville Academy in 1870–71, and the Bridgehampton Literary Institute in 1871–72. In 1872–73 he studied privately under the Rev. Mr. Edwards, and in the fall of the latter year entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which is now a part of New York University. There he pursued a

three years' course, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1876. For about a year after graduation he served as an Assistant House Physician in the Nursery and

JOHN H. BENJAMIN

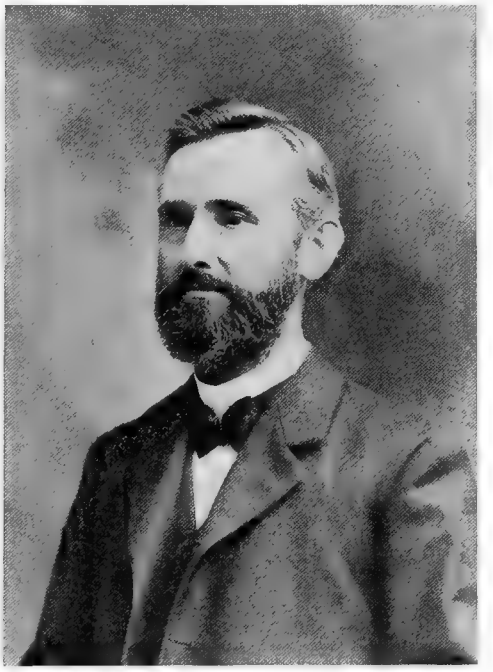
Child's Hospital in New York, and in 1878 settled at Riverhead, where he has ever since remained in active and successful practice as a physician and surgeon. At a meeting of the Suffolk County Medical Society on April 26, 1894, he read a report of the first case of ovariotomy ever performed in Suffolk County. This operation was for the removal of a multilocular ovarian cyst weighing forty pounds, the patient being a dwarf only four feet tall. On February 4, 1895, he performed what he believes to have been the first hysterectomy in Suffolk County, for the extirpation of a fibroid tumor. The operation was highly successful and the patient made a complete recovery and is now living. Dr. Benjamin joined the Suffolk County Medical Society in 1878, and has been its President since 1901. He is also a member of the Associated Physicians of Long Island. From 1894 to 1897 he was a member of the Riverhead Board of Education. He married Florence Williams, of Brooklyn, New York, in 1880. She died in 1888, and in 1889 he married Armida M. Wood, of Brooklyn.

BRADNER, Wesley Kenney, 1852–

Class of 1876 Med.

Born in Newark, N. J., 1852; studied at Newark Academy, Pennington Seminary, N. J., and Dickinson College, Carlisle, Pa.; M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1876; in medical practice since 1876; in drug business since 1887; Physician to Newark City Dispensary, 1876-78; President Board of Health, Bradley Beach, N. J., 1894-95; member of Board of Education, Neptune Township, N. J.

WESLEY KENNEY BRADNER, M.D., is a son of William Benedict and Mary H. McKinney Bradner. His first American ancestor was the Rev. John Bradner, who was at one time a tutor in the family of the Earl of Caldwell, and who eloped with that nobleman's daughter, Christian, from Newcastle, England, and came to America. For a time John Bradner was a teacher at Cape May, New Jersey. In 1722 he removed thence to Goshen, Orange County, New York, and was Pastor of the First Presbyterian Church there. William Benedict Bradner, his descendant and father of the subject of this sketch, was born at Florida, Orange County, New York, in 1811 and died at Newark,



WESLEY K. BRADNER

New Jersey, in 1893. Dr. Bradner was born in the City of Newark, New Jersey, on April 28, 1852, and from 1858 to 1861 attended a public school there. The next five years were spent in the well known

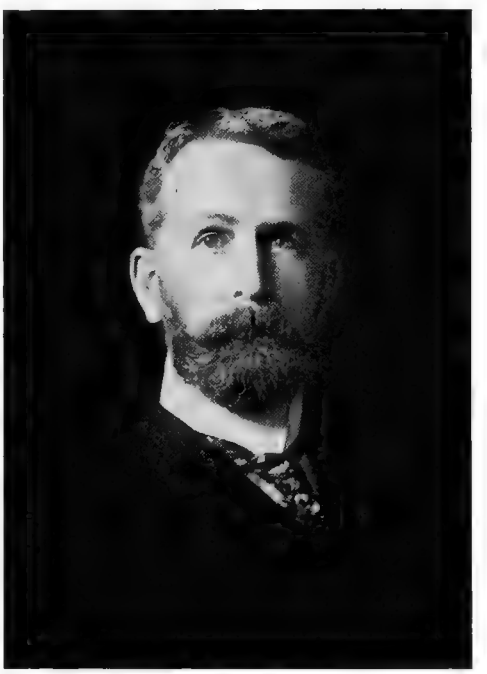
Newark Academy, and in 1867–68 he was at Pennington Seminary, at Pennington, New Jersey. In 1869–70 he was under the instruction of a private tutor, in Newark, and then went to Dickinson College, at Carlisle, Pennsylvania, which he left in his Sophomore year to pursue a course in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, from which he was graduated in 1876 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Since that time he has been continuously engaged in the practice of his profession, and also, in late years, in the business of a druggist. His first two years of practice, 1876–1878, were spent in his native City of Newark, during which time he was Physician to the Newark City Dispensary. Thence he removed to the City of Elizabeth, New Jersey, where he practiced from 1878 to 1887, and was identified with the Union County Medical Society, of which he is still a member. In 1887 he removed to Bradley Beach, New Jersey, and there engaged in the drug business in addition to the practice of his profession. He is thus engaged at that place at the present time. In 1894–95 he was President of the Bradley Beach Board of Health, and he is now Collector of Taxes for that borough, and a member of the Board of Education of Neptune Township. He was married on March 18, 1878, to Jennie E. Rhodes, and has three children: Hiram Rhodes, William Benedict, and Edna Elizabeth Bradner.

CHAMBERS, Porter Flewellen, 1853–

Class of 1876 Med.

Born in Russell County, Ala., 1853; graduated A.B., Emory College, Oxford, Ga., 1873; M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1876; on House Staff of Presbyterian Hospital, and of Woman's Hospital; associated with Dr. T. Gaillard Thomas in practice, 1881-91; Assistant Surgeon to Woman's Hospital, New York, 1884 to 1901; full Surgeon since 1901; practicing and consulting surgeon in New York.

PORTER FLEWELLEN CHAMBERS, M.D., comes on the side of his father, William Henry Chambers, from Scotch-Irish stock. His paternal grandparents were James M. and Martha Chambers, the latter born Alexander and a descendant of William Alexander, Lord Stirling, who came to Virginia from the old country in 1659. On the side of his mother, whose maiden name was Anne Lane Flewellen, Dr. Chambers is of Welsh descent, the Flewellen family having come from Wales to Virginia just before the Revolutionary War. Through his mother Dr. Chambers is a great-grandson of General Abercrombie, of Revolutionary fame. He was born in Russell County, Alabama, on December 25, 1853, and received his early education under private tutors and in private schools. His collegiate course was pursued at Emory College, Oxford, Georgia, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1873. He then proceeded to New York for a professional training, and entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1876. After receiving his diploma he was engaged for a year and a half as a member



P. F. CHAMBERS

of the House Staff of the Presbyterian Hospital, in New York, and then for a similar term in a similar capacity at the Woman's Hospital. Soon after this service he formed a professional connection that was of incalculable value to him. This was a partnership with Dr. T. Gaillard Thomas, one of the most distinguished physicians of his time. This association lasted for ten years, and to it Dr. Chambers attributes a large share of the great success he has achieved in his professional work. In 1884 Dr. Chambers was made Assistant Surgeon to the Woman's Hospital, and filled that place until 1901, when he was made full Surgeon to the same institution, in succession to Dr. T. Addis Emmett, resigned. Dr. Chambers has had exceptional success in Opera-

tive, and especially in Abdominal, Surgery, his record for his last one hundred and fifty cases showing a mortality of less than two per cent. This success he attributes to his training under Dr. Thomas and to his experience in the Woman's Hospital. He now enjoys a large consulting practice in New York and other cities, and he has contributed much to current and standard medical literature upon the subject of diseases of women. He is a member of the Southern Society of New York, and of the Century and Driving clubs. He was married on June 1, 1893, to Alice Ely, daughter of William H. Ely and niece of ex-Mayor Smith Ely, of New York. She has borne him three children: William Ely, Ambrose Ely, and Alice Ely Chambers. Dr. Chambers's home and office are in New York City.

COOKE, Baldwin Gardiner, 1855–

Class of 1876 Sci.

Born in New York, 1855; graduated C.E., New York University, 1876; graduated M.D., College of Physicians and Surgeons, 1879; in practice as physician since 1879; writer.

BALDWIN GARDINER COOKE, M.D., C.E., is a son of Horace and Esther Louisa (McCurdy) Cooke, and was born in New York City on December 5, 1855. He was a prominent member of the Class of 1876 in New York University, being its President in the Senior year, President of the Athletic Association, Eucleian Junior orator and winner of the Webster Prize, winner of honorable mention in the Intercollegiate Oratorical Contest in 1876, winner of the Butler Eucleian Essay Prize, Censor and Treasurer of Eucleian, and Marshal at Commencement. He was graduated from the University in 1876 with the degree of Civil Engineer, and three years later was graduated from the College of Physicians and Surgeons, of Columbia University, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Since that date he has been steadily engaged in the practice of his profession. From 1883 to 1893 he was connected with the Sanitary Department of the New York Board of Health. He is a member of the New York County and Harlem Medical societies, and was formerly a member of the Seventh Regiment, New York National Guard. Dr. Cooke has written on "Tuberculosis in Children," "Hysteria as a Symptom of Insanity," and other professional topics. He was married on October 9, 1879, to Sarah Alice Trainer, daughter of Arthur Trainer, and has five children: Esther Gardiner, Olive Gardiner, Evelyn Gardiner, Baldwin Gardiner, and Hazel Gardiner Cooke. His address is No. 136 West 111th Street, New York.

CROSBY, Ernest Howard, 1856–

Class of 1876 Arts.

Born in New York, 1856; graduated A.B., New York University, 1876, and A.M., 1879; graduated LL.B., Columbia College Law School, 1878; lawyer; member of New York State Assembly, 1887-89; Judge of International Court, Egypt, 1889-94; Major in National Guard, Inspector of Rifle Practice; first President of Social Reform Club, 1894-95; President of New York Anti-Imperialist League, 1900-03; social reformer, lecturer and author.

ERNEST HOWARD CROSBY, A.M., LL.B., lawyer, jurist, social reformer and author, is a son of Chancellor Howard Crosby, of New York

ERNEST H. CROSBY

University, and of Mrs. Margaret E. (Givan) Crosby, and was born in New York City on November 4, 1856. He entered New York University during the Chancellorship of his distinguished father, and ranked high as a student. He was President of the Philomathean Society and Editor of "The Philomathean" in 1873–74, representative of the University in the Intercollegiate Literary Association in 1875–76 and President of that association; Uni-

versity contestant in Greek, with honorable mention in 1876; Junior orator, and Valedictorian and winner of the first fellowship at Commencement. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1876, and received the Master's degree in 1879. He studied in the Columbia College Law School, and was graduated with its Baccalaureate degree with honors in 1878. Thereafter for a number of years he devoted himself to the practice of law in New York City. He was a Major in the National Guard, and Inspector of Rifle Practice in 1880–82. In 1887–89 he was a member of the New York State Assembly, and attained prominence in that body. He was nominated by President Harrison and appointed by the Khedive as American member of the International Court at Alexandria, Egypt, and served in that capacity until 1894. On his return home he made a visit to Count Lyolf Tolstoi, the Russian writer and social reformer, and became profoundly imbued with the social and religious philosophy of that extraordinary man, so much so that he has since devoted his attention largely to social and humanitarian questions. He was one of the founders, and the first President, of the Social Reform Club in 1894–95, is President of the Anti-Imperialist League of New York and of the New York Vegetarian Society. He is also active in the peace movement. He has written much for the press, lectured frequently, and has published several volumes of verse and prose, including "Plain talk in Psalm and Parable," "Swords and Plowshares" and "Captain Jinks, Hero." He was married in 1881 to Fanny Kendall Schieffelin, daughter of H. Maunsell Schieffelin of New York, and has children. His office is No. 19 Liberty Street, New York, and his home at "Grasmere," Rhinebeck, New York.

DONLIN, Edward J., 1852–

Class of 1876 Med.

Born in New York, 1852; studied in public schools; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1876; A.M. Manhattan College, 1876; House Physician and Surgeon, St. Vincent's Hospital, New York, 1876–77; Coroner's Physician, New York, 1892 to 1901; Police Surgeon; practicing physician in New York since 1877.

EDWARD J. DONLIN, M.D., of Irish ancestry and son of Michael and Anne (Reilly) Donlin, was born in New York City on July 24, 1852. His early education was received in the public schools of the city, from which he proceeded to Manhattan College. Later he entered the Medical College of New York University and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1876, in the same year receiving the degree of Master of Arts from Manhattan College. For a year following his graduation Dr. Donlin was House Physician and Surgeon at St. Vincent's Hospital, and has ever since been practicing his profession in New York City. From 1892 to 1901 he was a Coroner's Physician, and at the present time he is a Police Surgeon. He is a member of the New York Academy of Medicine, the New York State Medical Society, the New York County Medical

E. J. DONLIN

Society, the Physicians' Mutual Aid Society, the Catholic Knights of America, the Knights of Columbus, the Empire Mutual Aid Association, and the Monticello Club. In politics he is a Democrat. He was married on November 20, 1889, to Ann E. McGinley, who has borne him seven children: Loretta, Ann, Rosalie, Kathleen, Philip E., Florence and Agnes Donlin. Dr. Donlin's address is No. 129 West Houston Street, New York City.

DOUGLAS, William Edward, 1854–

Class of 1876 Med.

Born at Franklin, N. Y., 1854; studied at Delaware Literary Institute; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital

Medical College, 1876; in practice since 1876; author of various papers.

WILLIAM EDWARD DOUGLAS, M.D., is a great-great-grandson of Major Asa Douglas, and also of Private Stephen Hine, and a great-grandson of Captain William Douglas, all veterans of the Revolution. He is a son of Amos and Mariette (Hine) Douglas, and was born at Franklin, Delaware County, New York, on July 14, 1854. His academic education was acquired at the Delaware Literary Institute, at Franklin, and his professional training in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1876. Since that date he has been constantly engaged in the practice of his profession, at Lisle, New York, until 1881, and at Middletown, Orange County, New York, since 1881. In 1884 he was appointed Examiner in Lunacy. From 1892 to 1900 he was a member of the Medical Staff of the Thrall Hospital, in Middletown, and is now Consulting Physician to that institution. He is an examiner for several life insurance companies, and has one of the largest practices in Middletown. From 1888 to 1893 he was a member of the Board of Water Commissioners of Middletown, in 1886 he was President of the Orange County Medical Society, and he has been a Director of the First National Bank there for ten years and a Trustee of the Congregational Church for eight years. In politics he is a Republican. He has read and published a number of papers on professional topics, including "A Case of Double Uterus," "Decayed Teeth a Cause of Cancer of the Stomach," and "An Interesting Case of Melancholia Agatans." He is a member of the American Medical Association, the New York State Medical Association, the Orange County Medical Association, the New York State Medical Society, the Orange County Medical Society, the Middletown Club, and the Society of the Sons of the Revolution. He was married in 1883 to Katherine B. Whitney, of Lisle, New York, who died in 1898, leaving one child, Amos Stanley Douglas. His address is No. 38 South Street, Middletown, New York.

WILLIAM E. DOUGLAS

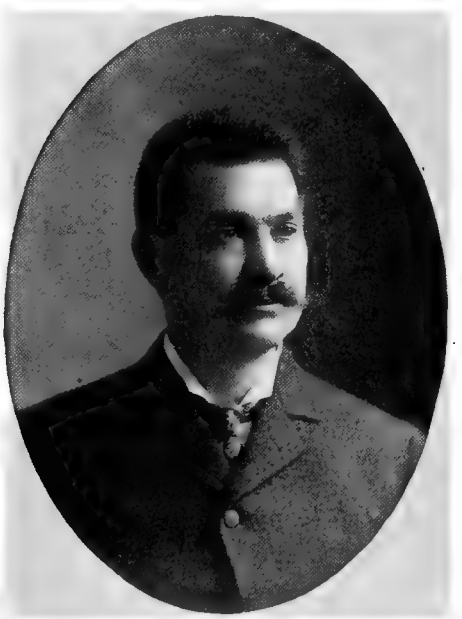
FISHER, William Henry, 1854–

Class of 1876 Med.

Born at Spencer, N. Y., 1854; studied at Spencer Academy; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1876; in practice since 1876; Coroner of Tioga County, N. Y., 1880-83; first President of Village of Spencer.

WILLIAM HENRY FISHER, M.D., comes of two families, those of Fisher and Carr, long settled in the United States. His ancestor John Philip Fisher was born in Ortting, near Frankfort, Germany, in 1725, was married to Ann Maria Eberlin, and brought his family to America in 1754, settling at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. His youngest son, Leonard Fisher, born at Ortting in 1753, served in the Revolutionary War, married Susannah Riegler, daughter of Dr. Riegler, of New York, and had fifteen children. Of these the fifth was George Fisher, born in Philadelphia in 1782, who married Lucinda South, of Albany, New York, and was in 1810 one of the first settlers of Spencer, Tioga County, New York. George Fisher was a Brigadier-General of New York State troops for many years, a member of the State Assembly, and a Judge of Tioga County. His son, Charles James Fisher, father of the subject of this sketch, was born at Spencer, New York, in 1816, and married Ann Elizabeth Carr, of Dryden, New York. The Carr family is traced to William Carr, of London, England, who married Susan Rothschild, came to America in 1621 with Roger Williams, and settled at Bristol, Rhode Island. His nephew, Robert Carr, born in London, came to America in 1635, and with his brother, Caleb, settled at Newport, Rhode

Island, and was one of the original purchasers of Conanicut Island. His brother, Caleb Carr, was Governor of Rhode Island in 1695. In the next generation came Caleb Carr, 2nd, of Jamestown, Rhode Island, who married Phyllis Green, daughter of Deputy-Governor John Green. In the fourth generation was Caleb Carr, 3rd, of Jamestown, Rhode Island, who married Joanna Slocum, and settled at West Greenwich, Rhode Island. The fifth generation produced Caleb Carr, 4th, who married Elizabeth Pierce. His son, Eleazer Carr, a soldier in the Revolution, married Eleanor Stafford,



W. H. FISHER

and settled in Rensselaer County, New York. One of his six children was the Rev. Stutely Carr, who married Sybil Dyer, and settled at Salisbury, New York. One of his sixteen children was Stutely Carr, 2nd, who married Elizabeth Tyler, of Dryden, New York. Finally, in the ninth generation, came Ann Elizabeth Carr, mother of the subject of this sketch. She was born at Dryden, New York, on March 9, 1832, married Charles James Fisher on October 27, 1852, and had three children, of whom the eldest and only survivor is Dr. W. H. Fisher. Dr. Fisher was born at Spencer, Tioga County, New York, on January 31, 1854, and was educated in local schools, being graduated from the Spencer Academy in 1873. In the fall of that year he entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1876. From that time until 1892 he practiced his profession at Spencer, but since 1892 has been settled in Elmira, New York. He was the first President of the Village of Spencer, upon its incorporation, and in 1880–83 was Coroner of Tioga County. He is a member of the Tioga and Chemung County Medical societies, the Masonic Order, and the Century Club of Elmira. He was married on November 14, 1877, to Alice Gertrude Knight, who has borne him two children: Elizabeth Gertrude, and Karl William Fisher. His address is No. 410 South Main Street, Elmira, New York.

HUNT, Charles Warren, 1858–

Class of 1876 Sci.

Born in New York, 1858; graduated B.S. and C.E., New York University, 1876; Civil Engineer, engaged in railroad, municipal and Federal works in States of New York, Virginia, and Wisconsin; Secretary of American Society of Civil Engineers.

CHARLES WARREN HUNT, B.S., C.E., Secretary of the American Society of Civil Engineers, was born in New York City on May 19, 1858. His father was Charles Havens Hunt, a member of a well known New York family, and his mother, whose maiden name was Anna de Peyster Livingston, was a member of two of the most eminent families of New York. Mr. Hunt entered New York University and was graduated at eighteen. He was a member of Delta Phi and a Junior orator. He received the degrees of Bachelor of Science and Civil Engineer in 1876, and entered upon the practice of Civil Engineering. He was successively engaged in the Department of Docks of New York City, in the Park Department of Brooklyn, on railroads in Virginia and West Virginia, on United States Government works in Wisconsin and on the Mississippi and Delaware rivers, on the elevated railroads of New York and Brooklyn, and on the water-works of the City of New Rochelle, New York. He has for eight years been Secretary of the American Society of Civil Engineers, at No. 220 West 57th Street, New York. He was married on September 8, 1883, to Mary Osgood Riggs, daughter of George S. Riggs, of Baltimore, Maryland, and has two children: Alice Riggs and Charles Warren Hunt, Jr. His home is at No. 171 West 88th Street, New York.

JACKSON, James Hathaway, 1841–

Class of 1876 Med.

Born at Peterboro, N. Y., 1841; studied at Dansville, N. Y., Seminary; on Nebraska ranch, 1858-59; commercial college, 1859-60; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1876; connected with Jackson Sanatorium, Dansville, N. Y., since 1860, Chief of its Medical Staff since 1876; President of Village of Dansville, 1895; author and editor.

JAMES HATHAWAY JACKSON, M.D., of the Jackson Sanatorium, Dansville, New York, comes of distinguished American ancestry, transplanted many generations ago from England. The first of the line probably came over in the ship Defiance, in 1635. In the second generation in this country was John Jackson, an innkeeper at Cambridge, Massachusetts, in 1672–95. The son of John and Deborah Jackson was John Jackson, 2nd, a deacon of the church at Tyringham, Massachusetts, who married Mercy Chadwick, of Watertown, Massachusetts. His son was Colonel Giles Jackson, a member of the first Continental Congress, a Colonel in the Revolutionary Army, the field officer at Saratoga who engrossed the articles of Burgoyne's surrender, the husband first of Anna Thomas and second of Sarah Atwood Orton, and the father of twenty-one children. One of those children was James Jackson, a physician and surgeon of note, who served in the War of 1812 as an Army Surgeon, and who married Mary Ann Elderkin Clark, a widow. In the next generation was James Caleb Jackson, who was Corresponding Secretary of the American Anti-Slavery Society, Editor of "The Madison County Abolitionist" and of "The Albany Patriot," and a Hydropathic Physician, writer and editor, and Founder of the Sanatorium at Dansville, New York. He married Lucretia Edgerton Brewster, a descendant of Elder William Brewster, of the "Mayflower," who bore him, at Peterboro, Madison County, New York, on June 11, 1841, the subject of this sketch. Dr. Jackson completed a good academic education at the Dansville Seminary, and then went west for some ranch life in Nebraska, 1858–59. In 1859–60 he pursued a business college course, and then became for two years, 1860–62, book-keeper of the Jackson Sanatorium, at Dansville, New York. Thereafter he was General Superintendent of the sanatorium in 1862–64, and Manager of it from 1864 to 1882. He became owner of one-fourth interest in it in 1864, one-third in 1868, one-half in 1872, and ninety-eight one-hundredths in 1888. Meantime in 1873 he entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and was graduated from it in February, 1876, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, since which time he has been Chief of the Medical Staff of the sanatorium. He was publisher of "The Laws of Life and Journal of Health," a widely circulated periodical, from 1858 to 1893, and was Editor of it from 1883 to 1893. In politics he has always been a Republican, and in 1895 he was elected the first Republican President of the Village of Dansville. He is a member of the Free and Accepted Masons, and Royal Arch Masons, of the Sons of the American Revolution, of the Society of Colonial Wars, and of the Society of Mayflower Descendants. He was married on September 13, 1864, to Kate Johnson, and has one son, James Arthur Jackson.

JAMES H. JACKSON

KEOGH, Martin Jerome, 1854–

Class of 1876 Med.

Born in Ireland, 1854; came to New York and worked on newspapers while studying law; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1876; practiced law with marked success; Presidential Elector in 1892; Justice of Supreme Court of the State of New York since 1895.

MARTIN JEROME KEOGH, LL.B., Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, is a native of the South of Ireland, where

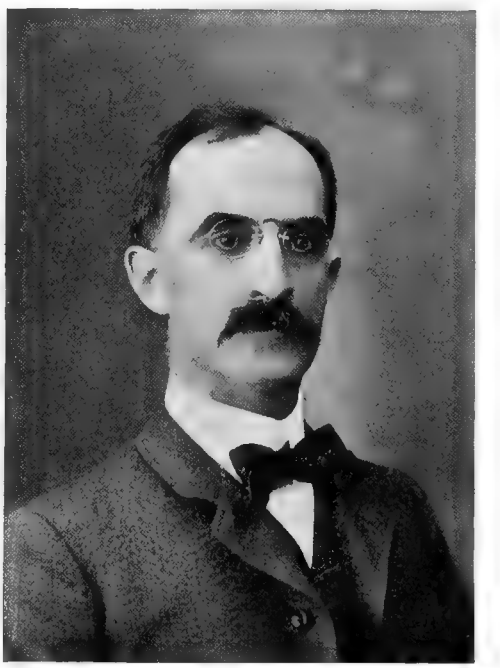
he was born in 1854. The family was a Roman Catholic one, and he accordingly went for his education to a branch of the Catholic University founded by Cardinal Newman. That institution failed, however, and his studies had to be completed elsewhere. He came to the United States and settled in New York City, where he engaged in newspaper work for support while he studied law. In 1876 he was graduated from the Law School of New York University with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, as the Valedictorian of his class. Immediately thereafter he was admitted to the Bar and began the practice of his profession in Westchester County, New York. He there met with great success, in both civil and criminal practice, and soon rose to the foremost rank at the Bar. It is recorded that he secured the acquittal of his clients in no fewer than twelve capital cases in succession. In 1895 he was elected to a place on the Bench of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, receiving an overwhelming vote without regard to party lines, and he has since occupied that position with distinction. In politics he is a Democrat, but he has filled no political office save that of Presidential Elector in 1892. He was married in 1893 to Katherine Temple Emmett, a great-granddaughter of Thomas Addis Emmett, and makes his home at New Rochelle, New York.

LINSON, Lyman Sewall, 1856–

Class of 1876 Arts.

Born in New York, 1856; studied in public schools and Mount Washington Collegiate Institute; graduated A.B., New York University, 1876; A.M. in 1879; studied law with Class of 1881, University of Pennsylvania, but did not graduate; in publishing house, 1876-81; railroad auditor's office, 1882-83; Prefect at Girard College, 1883-84; in bank, 1885-90; in various business enterprises at Albion, N. Y.

LYMAN SEWALL LINSON, A.M., can boast an ancestry of English, Welsh, Dutch and French origin. On the side of his father, William Van Keuren Linson, he is of English descent through the Linsons, and the Tomlinsons of Massachusetts, Dutch through the Van Keurens of Kingston-on-the-Hudson and the Colyers of Brooklyn, and French through the De Vines of Brooklyn. On the side of his mother, whose maiden name was Maria Louisa Knapp, he is of Welsh ancestry through the Knapps of New York, and English through the Corwins, Chases, Ramseys, Mortons and others, of New England. All the families named were settled in this country before 1650. Of such ancestry Mr. Linson was born in New York City on September 30, 1856. Up to the age of thirteen years he was educated in the public schools. Then he went to the famous old Mount Washington Collegiate Institute, in New York, and was there prepared to enter the School of Arts and Science of the University of the City of New York, now the University College of New York University. He was only fifteen years old when he was graduated from the Mount Washington Collegiate Institute and was matriculated in the University, but he soon made his mark among his classmates and



LYMAN S. LINSON

made fine progress as a scholar under the instruction of the superb company of men who then composed the faculty of the University. He was a member of the Delta Upsilon Fraternity, and its President and delegate to the Convention in his Senior year. He was Treasurer of his class in that year, and was Marshal of the Junior Exhibition. In 1876 he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and three years later he received that of Master of Arts. Immediately upon leaving the University in 1876 he entered the agency of the publishing house of A. S. Barnes & Company, at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and remained there until 1881. For a time also he was a student in the Law School of the University of Pennsylvania, in the Class of 1881,

but he did not complete the course and was not graduated. Instead, he went west, and in 1882–83 was employed in the Auditor's Office of the B. & M. River Railroad, at Omaha, Nebraska. In 1883–84 he was in Philadelphia again, as Prefect in Girard College, and then, from 1885 to 1890, was bookkeeper of the Orleans County National Bank, at Albion, New York. In the last named year he entered mercantile life, and has since been engaged therein, dealing in produce, coal, etc., being interested in the cold storage business, and being a Director in the Buffalo Land Company and the Niagara Falls Land Company. While in Philadelphia in 1880 he was interested in politics as a Ward Committeeman, and at Albion he was Chairman of the Republican County Committee in 1890. He has been a member of the Board of Education of Albion since 1900, and has been Secretary of the Orleans County Lincoln Club. He is a member and Treasurer of the First Baptist Church of Albion and Superintendent of its Sunday School, a Past Master of a Masonic Lodge, a Royal Arch Mason, a Knight Templar, a Thirty-second degree Mason, and a member of the Anthropological Society of Washington, District of Columbia. His address is Albion, Orleans County, New York.

MEYER, Leo Theodore, 1840–

Class of 1876 Med.

Born at Thorn, Prussia, 1840; studied in German schools and academies; officer in German Army; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1876; Assistant in Faculty, University Medical College, 1876–80; author; in practice in New York.

LEO THEODORE MEYER, M.D., was born at Thorn, Prussia, on November 9, 1840, the son of Ernst and Johanna (Stürmer) Meyer. His paternal ancestors were for several generations officers in the Prussian Army. He attended a Latin School at Marienburg, and the Polytechnicum at Karlsruhe, and also the Kriegesschule or Military School at Neisse, and at the close of his course in the last named passed his examination and became an officer in the Prussian Army. Instead of devoting himself to the service of arms, however, he came to America, entered the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in March, 1876. For the next four years he was assistant to Professor William Darling and dissector in his lectures at the University Medical College, and assistant, also, to Professor E. Mason. In February, 1880, he brought forth his book, "Guide to the Study of Anatomy." Since that time he has been successfully engaged in private practice, and as a medical examiner for several fraternal and benefit organizations and life insurance companies. He was married to Emilie Captuller in 1868. His address is No. 691 East 159th Street, New York.

MILLER, Franklin Pierce, 1854–

Class of 1876 Med.

Born at Janesville, Wis., 1854; studied in public and private schools and New York University; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1876; in practice since 1876.

FRANKLIN PIERCE MILLER, M.D., is descended from Captain John Miller, an Englishman, who married Hannah Webb, also of English

FRANKLIN P. MILLER

parentage. A son of this couple, Ezra Wilson Miller, married Hannah Ryerson, of New Jersey, and to them was born Ezra Miller, father of the subject of this sketch. Ezra Miller's wife was his cousin, Amanda Jane Miller, daughter of Seth Miller and niece of Captain Ellis, after whom Ellis Island, New York, is named. Dr. Miller was born at Janesville, Wisconsin, on December 31, 1854, and from 1865 to 1870 attended public schools. A year in a private preparatory school and one in New York

University followed, and then he entered the New York University Medical College. He was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1876, and has since been engaged in the practice of his profession. He is a member of the Kings County, New York, Medical Society, the Brooklyn Medical Society, the Crescent Athletic Club of Brooklyn, and the Masonic Order, Thirty-second degree. He was married on December 3, 1878, to Lizzie Arabella Berdell, and has had two children: Theodore B. and Franklin P. Miller, the former of whom is deceased. Dr. Miller's address is No. 314 Stuyvesant Avenue, Brooklyn, New York.

MORRISON, Ephraim, 1852–

Class of 1876 Med.

Born in St. John, N. B., Canada, 1852; studied in private schools; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1876; in practice since 1876 at Newton, N. J.; Bank Director, School Trustee, and member of Board of Health.

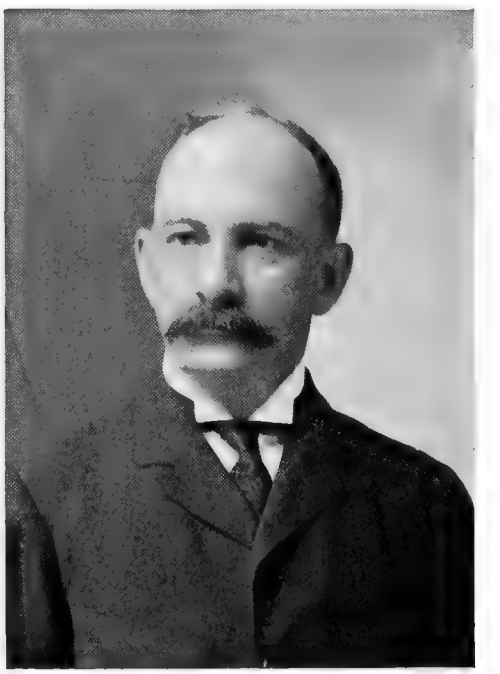
EPHRAIM MORRISON, M.D., son of Daniel and Margaret (Smith) Morrison, was born in St. John, New Brunswick, Canada, on August 18, 1852, and was educated in private schools in that city. He entered the Medical College of New York University in 1872 and was graduated in 1876 with the Doctor's degree. During his University career he was a student with Dr. J. C. Morton of New York. In 1875 he won the first prize of Fifty Dollars at Bellevue Hospital for highest excellence in anatomy and dissection, in a contest open to all medical students in the City of New York. Since graduation he has been constantly engaged in the practice of his profession at Newton, New Jersey, where he has also been a Director of the Merchants' Bank, a School Trustee, and a member of the Board of Health. He is also a surgeon for the Lackawanna Railroad. He is a member of the American Medical Association, the Tri-County Medical Society, the Sussex County Medical Society, and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He was married in March, 1878, to Charlotte Bolten, and has two children: Frederic H. and Lola M. Morrison. His address is Newton, New Jersey.

NORRIS, Henry Selden, 1847–

Class of 1876 Med.

Born in Brooklyn, New York, 1847; studied in private schools; in business pursuits, 1864-73; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1876; served in Bellevue and Charity hospitals; in practice since 1876.

HENRY SELDEN NORRIS, M.D., is descended from a family seated in Lancashire, England, and the North of Ireland, one of whose members, Nicholas Norris, came to America before 1663, and settled at Exeter, New Hampshire. From this pioneer was descended Hiram Ariel Norris, who was born at Waterville, Maine (then a Province of Massachusetts), in 1806, was a Civil Engineer, educated at West Point, and died in Brooklyn, New York, in 1853. The latter married



HENRY S. NORRIS

Frances Henrietta Dutcher, who was born in Albany, New York, in 1816 and died in Brooklyn in 1898. She came of a family which removed from Holland early in 1600 and settled at Tarrytown, New York, and her grandfather, William Dutcher, was a Captain in the American Army throughout the Revolutionary War. Dr. Norris, son of Hiram A. and Frances H. (Dutcher) Norris, was born in the City of Brooklyn, New York, on August 29, 1847. He was educated in boarding schools in the State of New Jersey, and was prepared to enter Princeton College. At the age of seventeen, however, he gave up his studies and entered business life. From 1864 to 1873 he was engaged in business pursuits. Two of the

years he spent in the West, on the Pottawatomie Indian Reservation, which was then on the extreme frontier. At that time the Atchison, Topeka & Sante Fé Railroad, which now has 5000 miles of road, was only twenty-eight miles long. In 1873 Dr. Norris began the study of medicine, and in 1876 he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the New York University Medical College. He was an Interne at Bellevue Hospital in 1875–77, and a Visiting Physician to the Charity (now City) Hospital from 1882 to 1894, when he resigned the place. He is a Republican in politics, but has held no public office. For seven years he served in the National Guard of New York as a member of the Seventh Regiment. He is a member of the Academy of Medicine, the New York County Medical Society, the Greater New York Medical Association, the New York State Medical Society, the St. Nicholas Society, the Colonial Order, the Century Association, and the Union, Players', St. Nicholas, Strollers', New York Yacht, and Richmond Hill Golf clubs, of New York. His address is No. 10 West 49th Street, New York.

PLATZEK, Max Warley, 1854–

Class of 1876 Law.

Born in North Carolina, 1854; studied under tutors and in public schools in the South; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1876; admitted to practice in South Carolina, 1875, and New York, 1876; in practice chiefly in commercial and corporation law; for ten years on Examining Committee, New York University Law School; member of New York Constitutional Convention, 1894; leader in political, educational and philanthropic work; writer and lecturer; LL.D., Rutherford College, N. C., 1899.

MAX WARLEY PLATZEK, LL.B., LL.D., son of the late Isaac and Sarah (Wilson) Platzek, was born in North Carolina on August 27, 1854. He studied under a private tutor in South Carolina, in a public school at Fayetteville, North Carolina, and in a high school in Richmond, Virginia. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws from the New York University Law School in 1876, and in the same year was admitted to practice at the Bar of the State of New York. He had already, in 1875, been admitted to the South Carolina Bar, and in 1899 he received from Rutherford College, North Carolina, the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws. Since graduation he has been engaged in the practice of his profession in New York, with marked success. His attention is devoted chiefly to corporation and commercial law, and he makes a specialty of the trial of cases before juries. He is a prominent figure in the legal profession of New York, and for ten years was a member of the Examining Committee of the New York University Law School. In addition to his professional work, Mr. Platzek has devoted much time and attention to political and social matters. He is a Democrat, and stands high in the councils of the party. He was a member of the New York State Constitutional Convention in 1894. In 1901 he was a member of the committee appointed by Tammany Hall to investigate social vice in New York, and in 1902 he was a member of the Citizens' Committee for the prosecution of the Beef Trust. He has been President of the Young Men's Hebrew Association of New York, and of the Progress Club. He was one of the organizers of the Educational Alliance, and of the Aguilar Free Library. He is a Director of the Montefiore Home, a Trustee of the Mount Sinai Training School for Nurses, and a member of the Executive Committee of the Bar Association of New York State. He is connected also with the St. John's Guild, the Lebanon Hospital, the Beth Israel Hospital, the Hebrew Orphan Asylum of New York, the Brooklyn Hebrew Hospital and Orphan Asylum, and the Society for the Pre-

M. WARLEY PLATZEK

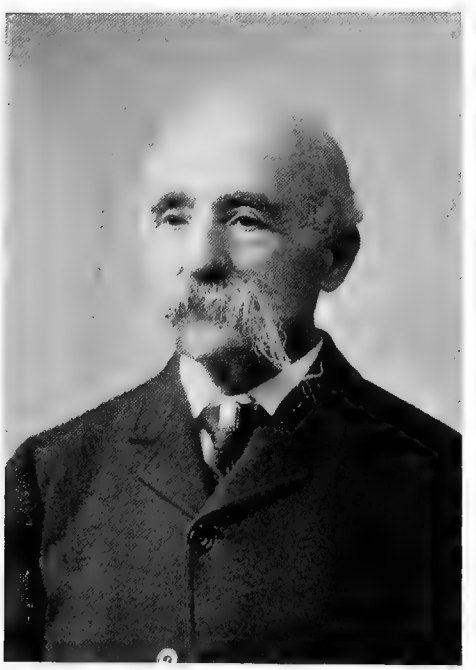
vention of Cruelty to Children. He is a member of the Harmonie, Progress, Jefferson, Reform, Criterion, Mohican, Democratic, and Wawayanda Boating and Fishing clubs, the Municipal Art League, the Columbian Order, and the Metropolitan Museum of Art. He has lectured much and written various essays, and a monologue "Israel and Islam." He lives at No. 439 Fifth Avenue, and his office is at No. 320 Broadway, New York.

SPOR, George Doraphé, 1837–

Class of 1876 Med.

Born in Paris, France, 1837; studied in public schools at Forbach, Lorraine, 1843-49; graduated at College of Bitche, Lorraine, 1857; teacher in Paris, 1857-60, in Norwich, Conn., 1860-66, and in New York after 1867; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1876; in practice since 1876.

GEORGE DORAPHÉ SPOR, M.D., is a son of George and Susanne (Fritz) Spor, and was born in Paris, France, on March 22, 1837.



GEO. D. SPOR

From 1843 to 1849 he studied in public schools at Forbach, Lorraine, and from 1849 to 1857 in the College of Bitche, Lorraine. After being graduated in 1857 he became a teacher in Paris, from 1857 to 1860, when he came to the United States. He was a teacher of ancient and modern languages in the Norwich, Connecticut, Free Academy from 1860 to 1866. In the latter year he returned to France for a short time, resigned his position there, and came to New York, where he taught in various schools from 1867 until he embraced the medical profession. He was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1876 from the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which is now a part of New York University, and has since been engaged in practice in New York. He was married in 1859 to Alexandrine Doraphé Lecoindre, and has two daughters: Josephine and Alexandrine Spor. His address is No. 354 East 53rd Street, New York.

SPRAGUE, Welcome Whipple, 1828-1884.

Class of 1876 Med.

Born at South Sutton, Mass., 1828; educated in public schools; served in Civil War; member of Massachusetts Legislature, 1868-69; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1876; in practice in New York, 1876-84; died in New York, 1884.

WELCOME WHIPPLE SPRAGUE, M.D., a son of Jonathan and Mary Ann (Whipple) Sprague, was descended from Edward Sprague, of Upway, Dorsetshire, England, who landed at Salem, Charlestown or Boston in 1628. Jonathan Sprague, grandfather of the subject of this sketch, removed from Smithfield, Massachusetts, to East Douglas, Massachusetts, in 1800, and his son, Jonathan, father of Dr. Sprague, was born at the latter place, in 1801, and was married to Mary Ann Whipple in 1826. Welcome Whipple Sprague was born at South Sutton, Massachusetts, on February 9, 1828, and was educated in the public schools of East Douglas and Whitinsville, Massachusetts. On reaching manhood he engaged in business pursuits. During the Civil War he served as a member of the Twenty-fifth Regiment of Massachusetts Volunteers, as Sergeant and later in the Quartermaster's Department. From 1868 to 1869 he represented Worcester County in the Massachusetts Legislature. From 1873 to 1876 he was a student at the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and in the latter year he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. From that time until the end of his life he practiced his profession in New York City, where he was a member of the New York County Medical Society, the New York County Medical Association, and the Physicians' Mutual Aid Association. He was a Freemason, and a Knight Templar, and a member of

the Grand Army of the Republic. In politics he was a Republican. He was married in 1850 to Mary Taft Rawson, of East Douglas, Massachusetts, and had two children, who survive him: Homer B.

W. W. SPRAGUE

(a graduate of Bellevue Hospital Medical College, Class of 1881) and Fred A. Sprague. He died in New York on March 26, 1884.

STEER, Justin, 1849–

Class of 1876 Med.

Born in St. Louis, Mo., 1849; studied in public, private and high schools; graduated Ph.G., St. Louis College of Pharmacy; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1876; in hospital practice, 1876–78; Ph.B., St. Louis University, 1880; in private practice since 1878; Professor of Clinical Medicine, Washington University, St. Louis.

JUSTIN STEER, M.D., PH.B., is a son of John and Catherine (Heitzig) Steer, of German descent, and was born in St. Louis, Missouri, on March 21, 1849. He was educated in public and private schools and a high school of his native city, and in the St. Louis College of Pharmacy, from which he received the degree of Graduate in Pharmacy. Thence he proceeded to the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1876. In 1880 he received the degree of Bachelor of Pharmacy from St. Louis University. For two years he served as an Interne in St. John's Hospital, St. Louis, and in 1878 entered upon the general practice of

JUSTIN STEER

his profession in that city, in which he still continues. He is Professor of Clinical Medicine in the Washington University of St. Louis, Physician to St. Louis University, Visiting Physician to St. John's Hospital, and was Consulting Physician to the City Hospital. He is a member of the St. Louis Medical Society, the Missouri State Medical Society, and the American Medical Association, and in politics is an Independent. He was married on May 25, 1885, to Helen M. Reston of St. Louis.

TRASK, James Dowling, 1851–

Class of 1876 Med.

Born at White Plains, N. Y., 1851; studied at Quackenbos's School, New York, and Cornell University; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1876; in practice since 1876; in hospital practice; Commissioner of Education and President of Board of Education, and Water Commissioner, Long Island City.

JAMES DOWLING TRASK, M.D., is a son of James Dowling Trask and Jane O'Farrell Trask, his father having been the eminent physician

of that name whose biography is printed elsewhere in this volume. He was born at White Plains, New York, on July 12, 1851, and studied at the well known school of Professor Quackenbos, in New

JAMES D. TRASK

York, and also for a time at Cornell University. He was graduated from the Medical Department of New York University in 1876 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, and has ever since been engaged in practice in Long Island City, now a part of the Borough of Queens, New York City. He was an Attending Physician to the Astoria Hospital and an Attending Surgeon to St. John's Hospital, Long Island City, for ten years, and is now Consulting Surgeon to St. John's. He has also been Commissioner of Education, President of the Board of Education, and Water Commissioner, of Long Island City. He was President of the Queens-Nassau Medical Society in 1899–1900, and is a member of that Society, and of the Medical Association of Greater New York, the Associated Physicians of Long Island, the Long Island City Medical Society, and (Corresponding) the Kings County Medical Society. Dr. Trask was married on April 19, 1888, to Julia Hartshorne, and has three children: Benjamin H., James D., and Robert H. Trask. His address is now No. 112 East 30th Street, New York City.

WOODEN, Charles D., 1849–

Class of 1876 Med.

Born at Chili, N. Y., 1849; studied in district school, Rochester Free Academy, and Cornell University; medical courses at Long Island College Hospital and Bellevue; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1876; U. S. Marine Hospital Service, 1876-77; in general practice since 1877.

CHARLES D. WOODEN, M.D., is a son of James and Sophia (Beaman) Wooden, the former a descendant of James Wooden, who came from England to Baltimore, Maryland, early in the Eighteenth Century, and the latter descended from Gamaliel Beaman, who came from England to Massachusetts in 1635. He was born at Chili, Monroe County, New York, on October 28, 1849, and began his studies in the district school. Later he was a student in the Rochester Free Academy, and Cornell University. His professional training was had as an Interne in the Rochester City Hospital, in the Long Island College Hospital, Brooklyn, New York, and in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University. From the latter he was graduated in 1876 with the degree

CHARLES D. WOODEN

of Doctor of Medicine. In 1876–77 he practiced in the United States Marine Hospital service, and since 1877 has been engaged in general private practice in Rochester, New York. He is a member of

the Rochester Pathological Society, the Monroe County Medical Society, the Flower City Driving Club, and the Cornell University Alumni Association, of Rochester. In politics he is an independent Republican. He was married on April 18, 1881, to Anna R. Robinson, of Rochester, and has two children: Hiram and Warren Wooden. His address is No. 129 Frank Street, Rochester, New York.

AUSTEN, David Elwell, 1841–

Class of 1877 Law.

Born in New York, 1841; studied at Swinburne Institute, White Plains, N. Y.; engaged in business life; studied chemistry and engaged in manufacturing; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1877; admitted to the Bar; Secretary and Treasurer of Mutual Trust Company; Auditor of Accounts in Finance Department, New York City; Receiver of Taxes, New York City; joined N. Y. National Guard, 1859; served through Civil War; Colonel of 47th Regiment, and of 13th Regiment for many years.

DAVID ELWELL AUSTEN, LL.B., best known, perhaps, as Colonel of the Thirteenth Regiment, of Brooklyn, New York, and as Receiver of Taxes of the City of New York, is a son of David and Mary Adeline (Elwell) Austen, and was born in the house occupied by his father and grandfather, on Bowling Green, New York, on February 6, 1841. His father and grandfather were prominent merchants of New York, and his maternal grandfather, Robert Elwell, was a well known ship-owner of Wiscasset, Maine. He was educated at the institute conducted by John Swinburne, at White Plains, New York, and then for three years was clerk in a dry-goods house. Later he studied chemistry, and became the manager of a large coal oil manufacturing company. Then, after a short term in the Customs Service, he entered the Law School of New York University, where he had as classmates Joseph S. Auerbach, John C. Tomlinson, and Isaac Franklin Russell. He was graduated a Bachelor of Laws in 1877, and was admitted to the Bar, but instead of pursuing his profession he engaged in business as Secretary and Treasurer of the Mutual Trust Company of Brooklyn, New York. Later he became an Auditor of Accounts in the office of the Comptroller of the City of New York, and finally was appointed Receiver of Taxes for the city, an important office which he filled with admirable success. Colonel Austen's long military service began in 1859, when he became a member of the Seventh Regiment, of New York. He went to the front in 1861 and served through the Civil War. After the war he organized a company for the Forty-seventh Regiment, of Brooklyn, and in 1868 was commissioned Colonel of that regiment, being only twenty-seven years old and the youngest Colonel in the state. He remained Colonel of the Forty-seventh until 1877, when he was elected Colonel of the Thirteenth Regiment of Brooklyn, and thus served for six years. He was recalled to the Colonelcy of the Thirteenth in 1877, and filled the place until 1895. When he then resigned he had been in the service thirty-six years, and had been Colonel for twenty-eight years. During his Colonelcy of the Thirteenth Regiment he was engaged with that command in the suppression of several grave riots, in Brooklyn, in Buffalo, and at Babylon and Fire Island, Long Island, and showed himself a particularly competent and efficient officer. He was also chiefly instrumental in securing the erection of the fine new armory of the regiment. In politics Colonel Austen is a Democrat and a member of the Tammany Society. He is also a member of the Democratic Club, the Atlantic Yacht Club, and other organizations.

CARPENTER, Walton Jay, 1852–

Class of 1877 Med.

Born at Duanesburg, N. Y., 1852; studied in public schools, Delaware Literary Institute, and Union College; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1877; private pupil of Dr. Loomis, 1877-78; in practice at Katonah, N. Y.; member of Katonah Board of Health and President of Board of Education.

WALTON JAY CARPENTER, M.D., a prominent physician of Katonah, Westchester County, New York, is a son of Charles D. and Rachel M. (White) Carpenter, of English and Welsh descent, and was born at Duanesburg, Schenectady County, New York, on September 11, 1852. He studied in the local public schools, in the Delaware Literary Institute, Delaware County, New York, and at Union College, Schenectady, New York. From the latter he came to the Medical College of New York University, completed its three years' course, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1877. For a year thereafter he attended a special course of lectures at the University and was a private pupil of Dr. A. L. Loomis. Since graduation he has been in constant and highly successful practice at Katonah, New York, with an extensive clientage in various other villages in that part of Westchester and Putnam counties, and he has at-

tained distinction by his achievements in difficult surgical cases. He has been a member of the Katonah Board of Health for twenty-two years, and of the Board of Education for five years, and has been for two years President of the latter. He is a member of the New York University Alumni Association, the Westchester County, New York State and American Medical associations, and the Masonic Order including the Knights Templar and the Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He was married on April 30, 1883, to Anna L. Green, who died in

W. J. CARPENTER

1896, and in 1900 he was again married to Mrs. Ella H. Dean. He has one child, Walton T. Carpenter.

CHILD, Edward Moses, 1851–

Class of 1877 Med.

Born at Woodstock, Conn., 1851; studied at Woodstock Academy; studied in Yale Scientific Department with Class of 1874; studied in Yale Medical School; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1877; served in Brooklyn City Hospital, 1877-78; in practice since 1878.

EDWARD MOSES CHILD, M.D., of Brooklyn, New York, is a native of the beautiful and historic Village of Woodstock, Connecticut, where he was born on August 24, 1851, the son of A. T. and Roxana (Lyon) Child. His paternal ancestors, or some of them, were prominent in the Revolution, Captain Willard Child having assisted in constructing the fortifications of Boston. His maternal ancestors, the Lyons, were also in the Revolution. They settled in Woodstock, from Roxbury, Massachusetts, in the latter part of the Seventeenth Century. Dr. Child lived on a farm in his youth, and worked on it during his school vacations. He was prepared for college at the Woodstock Academy, from which he was graduated in 1870, and thence went to Yale College, where he pursued a course in the Scientific School with the Class of 1874. In 1874–75 he took a one year's course in the Yale Medical School, and then came to New York University and entered its Medical College. He was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1877, and for the year following served in the Brooklyn City Hospital. He then, in 1878, began general practice in Meriden, Connecticut, and remained there until 1886, when ill health compelled him to remove to a rural region in Wyoming County, New York. There he remained until 1896, when, with health restored, he returned to New York City and pursued a course in the Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital, after which he established himself in practice in Brooklyn, where he still remains. He is a Mason, and an Odd Fellow, and a member of the Connecticut, the New Haven (Connecticut) County, the Massachusetts, the Hampshire (Massachusetts) County, the Wyoming (New York) County, and the Kings (New York) County Medical societies. He was married in 1889 to Carrie Nichols, of Albany, New York, and has one child, Bradley Lyon Child. His address is No. 1 Revere Place, Brooklyn, New York.

CONKLIN, Douglas, 1855–

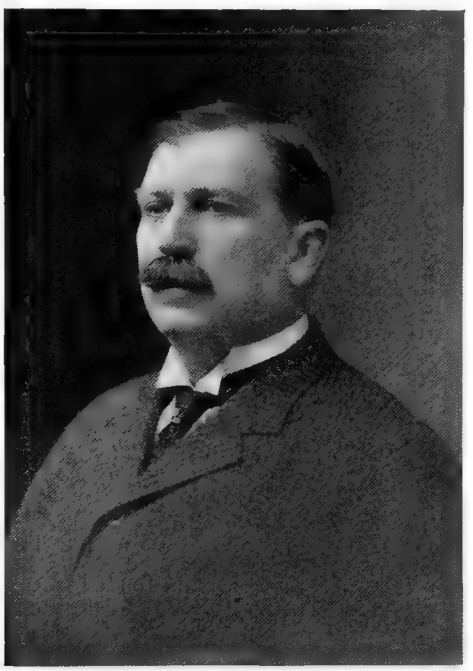
Class of 1877 Sci.

Born at Huntington, N. Y., 1855; graduated B.S. and C.E., New York University, 1877; LL.B., Albany Law School of Union College, 1880; lawyer; banker since 1888.

DOUGLAS CONKLIN, B.S., C.E., LL.B., is a son of Jonas P. and Hannah (Douglas) Conklin, and was born at Huntington, Long Island, New York, on July 15, 1855. In New York University he was a member of Psi Upsilon. He pursued the scientific course, and was graduated with the degrees of Bachelor of Science and Civil Engineer in 1877. Thence he proceeded to the Albany Law School, the Law Department of Union

College, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1880. Since that time he has been prominently identified with his native town. He has been Town Clerk of Huntington, School Commissioner for six years (1881–1887) and Cashier of the Bank of Huntington since 1888. He was married on July 15, 1882, to Bertha Underhill, daughter of Alfred Underhill, and has had two children: Eva Douglas, who died at the age of four years, and Hadley J. Conklin, who died at the age of eight years.

DOUGLAS CONKLIN



A. J. CONNELL

CONNELL, Alexander James, 1856–

Class of 1877 Med.

Born at Scranton, Pa., 1856; graduated at Wyoming Seminary; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1877; in practice since 1877.

ALEXANDER JAMES CONNELL, M.D., of Scranton, Pennsylvania, was born in that city on September 18, 1856, the son of James and Jessie May (English) Connell. His paternal grandfather was born in Scotland, and was married to a Miss Melvin in Nova Scotia. James Connell came to this country in boyhood, settled in Pennsylvania, and became a successful coal operator. Alexander James Connell was educated at Wyoming Seminary, in Pennsylvania, and was graduated from it in 1873. Four years later, in 1877, he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and since that date has been engaged in the practice of his profession. He is a member and President of the Lackawanna (Pennsylvania) County Medical Society, a member of the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, and of the American Medical Association. He is Consulting Surgeon to the Moses Taylor Hospital, Scranton, and Chief of the State Hospital of the Northern Anthracite Coal Region of Pennsylvania, and a Trustee of the State Hospital for the Insane at Danville, Pennsylvania. Dr. Connell was married in 1878 to Fanny N. Horton, and has two children: Edgar W. and Margaret E. Connell. His address is Scranton, Pennsylvania.

DARLINGTON, James Henry, 1856–

Class of 1877 Arts.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1856; studied at Newark High School; graduated A.B., New York University, 1877; Princeton Theological Seminary, 1880; Ph.D. from Princeton for post-graduate course; assistant minister of Christ Church, Protestant Episcopal, Brooklyn, 1881-82; rector since 1882; Chaplain of the Forty-seventh Regiment of the National Guard of New York,

1891-98; Archdeacon of Northern Brooklyn, 1895-98; author of various publications.

JAMES HENRY DARLINGTON, PH.D., who was one of the brilliant young men who gave distinction to the student body of New York University in the later years of Howard Crosby's Chancellorship, comes of New England colonial ancestry on the side of his father, Thomas Darlington, who was an attorney and counselor at law, and of direct English ancestry on the side of his mother, whose maiden name was Hannah Anne Goodliffe. One of his ancestors was Deputy Governor of Massachusetts in colonial times, one fought in King Philip's War, and seven fought in the Revolution. Dr. Darlington was born in Brooklyn, New York, on June 9, 1856, and was prepared for college in a four years' course in the High School of Newark, New Jersey. In 1873 he entered New York University, School of Arts, and after a brilliant career was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1877, with a double first honor at Commencement, being appointed by the Faculty as the University representative to the Intercollegiate Competitive Examinations in two departments, viz., Essay Writing and Mental Philosophy. During his college course he was a leading member of the Psi Upsilon Fraternity, of the University choir, and of social and religious organizations generally. On leaving the University he went to Princeton and pursued a three years' course in the Theological Seminary, being graduated in 1880. He received from Princeton University the degree of Doctor of Philosophy in recognition of his work in that post-graduate course. Returning to Brooklyn, he became in 1881 assistant minister of Christ Church, the largest and most influential Protestant Episcopal Church in the Williamsburg district of the city. In 1882 he became rector of that church, and has continued to fill that place with distinguished success down to the present time. From 1891 to 1898 he was Chaplain of the Forty-seventh Regiment of the National Guard of New York, one of the best Brooklyn Regiments, and from May, 1895, to May, 1898, he was Archdeacon of Northern Brooklyn. Among his published works may be mentioned: "The Hymnal of the Church," a volume of verses for children, and a number of special sermons and occasional addresses. He is a member of the Society of Colonial Wars, the St. Nicholas Society, the Hanover Club of Brooklyn, the Huguenot Society, the Amphion Musical Society, the Princeton Club, and the American Academy of Sciences. He was married in the Cathedral of the Incarnation, at Garden City, on July 26, 1888, to Ella Louise Bearns, daughter of James Sterling Bearns, and has six children: Harry Vane, Alfred William, Gilbert Bancroft, Eleanor Townsend, Elliott Christopher, and Kate Brampton Darlington. He lives in the winter in the Christ Church rectory, Brooklyn, and in summer at Old Field Manor, Old Field Point, Setauket, Long Island.

JAMES HENRY DARLINGTON

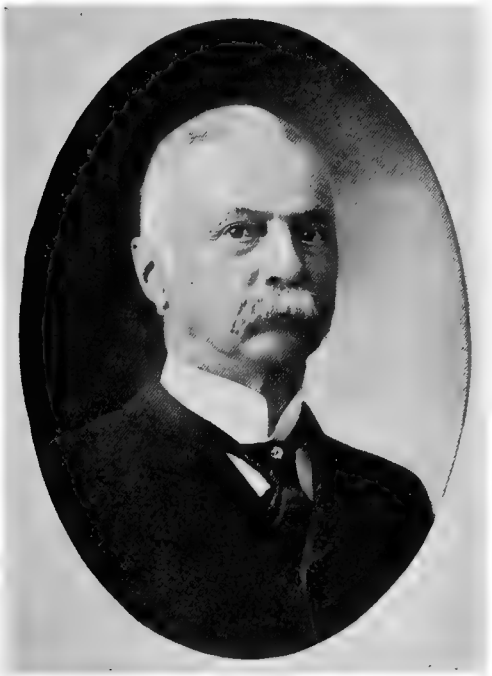
GATES, Henry Augustine, 1849–

Class of 1877 Med.

Born at Treadwell, N. Y., 1849; studied at Delaware Literary Institute; taught in district schools; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1877; in practice since 1877.

HENRY AUGUSTINE GATES, M.D., son of William H. and Maryette (Strong) Gates, was born at Treadwell, Delaware County, New York, on December 9, 1849, and was educated at the Delaware Literary Institute at Franklin, New York. Some years thereafter were spent on a farm, and in teaching in the public schools. Finally he entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which is now a part of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medi-

cine in 1877, since which date he has been constantly engaged in practice, paying special attention to diseases of the eye and ear and to operations for appendicitis. He was Coroner of Delaware County,



HENRY A. GATES

New York, for three years, and Examiner for Pensions for eight years. He is a member of the New York State and the Delaware County Medical societies, and President of the latter. In politics he is a Republican. He was married in 1880 to Jennet C. Heutson, and lives at Delhi, New York.

GLASS, James H., 1854–

Class of 1877 Med.

Born at Mohawk, N. Y., 1854; studied in public schools and University of Michigan; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1877; in practice since 1877, with extensive hospital work.

JAMES H. GLASS, M.D., was born on June 15, 1854, at Mohawk, New York, the son of Robert and Emily Merrell Glass, and a descendant of the Rev. John Glass, a distinguished divine of England in the Eighteenth Century, and of Governor John Webster of Connecticut, an original proprietor in Hartford in 1626. His early education was acquired in the public schools and through private instructors until 1872, when he entered the University of Michigan. In 1874 he entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College and was graduated from that institution, which is now a part of New York University, in the spring of 1877, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Beginning the practice of his profession at Watkins, New York, he removed to Utica, New York, in 1880, where he continued in general practice for a number of years with much success. In 1893 he was appointed Surgeon in Charge of Faxton Hospital in Utica and has retained that place ever since, devoting his attention exclusively to the practice of surgery. The recent construction, at that hospital, of the Fox-Hayward Surgery, the Florence Nightingale Home, and School for Nurses, together with the enviable reputation which the institution has acquired may be taken as substantial evidence of the energy and skill which have marked his administration. Dr. Glass was from 1882 to 1890 Attending Surgeon at St. Luke's Hospital, Utica; from 1886 to 1891 Physician and Surgeon in Charge of the Utica City Hospital; from 1888 to 1891 Assistant Surgeon in the National Guard, and from 1890 to 1895 Attending Surgeon

JAMES H. GLASS

at St. Elizabeth's Hospital. He has been Consulting Surgeon to the Utica City Dispensary since 1883, and Surgeon for the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad since 1896. He is a member of the

American Medical Association, the New York State Medical Society, the National Association of Railway Surgeons, and an honorary member of the medical societies of Schuyler, Jefferson and Montgomery counties. He was married on May 31, 1882, to Anna Wells, daughter of the late Hon. John and Margaret Stewart Wells of Johnstown, New York.

HOCHHEIMER, Emanuel, 1854–

Class of 1877 Med.

Born at Olive, N. Y., 1854; studied in New York public schools; graduated A.B. and B.S., College of City of New York, 1872; A.M., 1877; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1877; in service at Bellevue Hospital, 1877-79; in practice since 1879.

EMANUEL HOCHHEIMER, A.M., M.D., son of Joseph and Miriam (Strauss) Hochheimer, was born at Olive, Ulster County, New York, on

E. HOCHHEIMER

December 9, 1854, and received his early education in the public schools of New York City. He pursued a course in the College of the City of New York, and was graduated therefrom with the degree of Bachelor of Arts and Bachelor of Science in 1872. Five years later he was graduated a Doctor of Medicine from the New York University Medical College and in the same year received the degree of Master of Arts. In 1877–79 he was a member of the House Staff of Bellevue Hospital, and since then has been in practice at No. 1311 Madison Avenue, New York. He was married on May 19, 1880, to Sophia Gans, and has four children: Bertha, Helen, Rita, and Lawrence Hochheimer.

JOHNSON, Marcus Morton, 1844–

Class of 1877 Med.

Born at Malone, N. Y., 1844; studied at Franklin Academy; graduated Ph.B., Brown University, 1870; Instructor in the Connecticut Literary Institute, Suffield, Conn., 1870-75; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1877; studied in London, Vienna and Berlin; in practice at Hartford, Conn., since 1880; author of numerous papers; Founder of Woodland Sanatorium, Hartford, Conn.

MARCUS MORTON JOHNSON, PH.B., M.D., Founder of the Woodland Sanatorium at Hartford, Connecticut, and one of the foremost physicians of that city and state, is descended from Sir John Johnson, an English sea-captain, who settled in Connecticut, and whose son, John Johnson, Jr., married Mehitabel Sperry and settled at Rutland, Vermont. Silas Johnson, son of the latter couple, settled at Malone, New York, as one of the pioneers of that place, and had a son, Marvin L. Johnson. The last named married Polly Chapman, and was the father of the subject of this sketch. The Chapmans trace their descent from a Dean of Canterbury, England, through some of the earliest settlers of Norwich, Connecticut. Joshua Chapman, of Norwich, was a soldier in the Revolutionary War. His son, Joshua Chapman, Jr., settled at Malone, New York, and was the father of Polly Chapman, mother of Dr. Johnson. The Johnson and Chapman families have both for many generations been noted for longevity, as well as for high intellectual and moral qualities. Marcus Morton Johnson was born at Malone, New York, on April 21, 1844, and was prepared for college at Franklin Academy, at Malone. Thence he went to Brown University, Providence, Rhode Island, and was graduated from it in 1870 with the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy. For the next five years he was Instructor in Mathematics and the Sciences in the Connecticut Literary Institution, at Suffield, Connecticut, an institution with which he is still connected in an official capacity. He entered the Medical College of New York University in 1875 and in 1877 was graduated a Doctor of Medicine, receiving the Valentine Mott gold medal, the highest prize for excellence of work in anatomy and dissections.

During the next year he was House Surgeon in the Hartford, Connecticut, Hospital. Then he went to Europe for two years of study and hospital work, and received instruction from Thomas Keith in Edinburgh, Joseph Lister in London, Billroth in Vienna, and Martin and Von Langenbeck in Berlin. In 1880 he returned home and settled in Hartford, Connecticut, where he has since remained. His practice has been general in character, though he has largely devoted himself to advanced surgical work. Two years after his settlement in Hartford, in 1882, that city was visited by an epidemic of

MARCUS M. JOHNSON

diphtheria, and Dr. Johnson distinguished himself by his highly successful introduction of the bi-chloride of mercury treatment. His studies under Sir Joseph Lister having impressed him with the importance of sanitary and antiseptic surroundings for the sick, Dr. Johnson erected at No. 122 Woodland Street, Hartford, the fine sanatorium of which he has for some years been the proprietor; an institution admirably designed and equipped for the care of patients, especially of those needing surgical treatment. As an operating surgeon Dr. Johnson has been notably successful. He has performed hundreds of abdominal sections, with a high percentage of recoveries. On July 29, 1899, at St. Francis's Hospital, Hartford, he performed a remarkable operation for strangulated inguinal hernia, the strangulation having existed for thirty-five hours, and the patient being a child nineteen days old who had been born prematurely and weighed only five pounds at birth. The result was a complete recovery. Among the papers prepared and read by Dr. Johnson before professional societies may be mentioned: "Diphtheria, Its History, Etiology and Treatment," Connecticut State Medical Society, May 26, 1892; "The Technique of Removing the Vermiform Appendix, with a Report of One Hundred Consecutive Cases, with Two Deaths," American Medical Association, May, 1896; "Treatment of Pus Cases in Operating for Appendicitis," Connecticut State Medical Society, 1897; "Ventral Hernia after Appendicitomy," American Medical Association, June, 1898; "History of the First Twenty-three Cases of Gastrotomy, with a Successful Case by the Writer," Connecticut State Medical Society, 1899; "Report on the Progress of Surgery," ditto, 1899; "Etiology of Hernia of the Ovary, with the Relation of Two Cases," Hartford Medical Society, 1899; "Gastrotomy," and "Improved Technique for Cure of Ventral Hernia," American Medical Association, 1900; "History and Treatment of a Unique Injury of the Face," Connecticut State Medical Society, 1900. Dr. Johnson is a member of the American Medical Association, of the American Electro-Therapeutic Association, and of the Connecticut State, Hartford County, and Hartford City Medical societies, a Fellow of the New York Academy of Medicine, a Surgeon to St. Francis's Hospital, Hartford, and to the First Company of Governor's Foot Guards, Connecticut, and a member of the Connecticut Society of Sons of the American Revolution and of the Masonic Order of Knights Templar. He was married on February 14, 1884, to Mrs. Helen Lyman Jackson, and has two children: Helen Gaylord and Ethel Chapman Johnson.

KAMPING, John Adolphus, 1842–

Class of 1877 Law.

Born in Hanover, Germany, 1842; studied in public schools of Cincinnati, Ohio; Principal of public school in Cincinnati; served in army in Civil War; in business in New York, 1866-75; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1877; in practice since 1877.

JOHN ADOLPHUS KAMPING, LL.B., son of Frederick William and Clara Catherine (Sölman) Kamping, was born in Hanover, Germany, on March 29, 1842, and was brought to this coun-

try in early life. He received his education in the City of Cincinnati, Ohio, in the public schools, Hughes High School, and night high school. He became a teacher and in 1861 Principal of the public school in the Third District of that city. In 1866 he removed to New York and followed the business of importing Italian wines and other products. Finally he decided to engage in legal practice, and accordingly entered the New York University Law School, from which he was graduated in 1877. Since that date he has been in active practice, devoting his attention chiefly to

JOHN A. KAMPING

corporation and real estate work. Mr. Kamping's career as a teacher in Cincinnati was interrupted by the Civil War, when, in 1864, he became a private in Company E (the Teachers' Company) of the One Hundred and Thirty-Eighth Ohio Volunteers, and went to serve in the campaign around Richmond until October, 1864, when his regiment was mustered out and he returned to his school duties. Since settling in New York he has paid much attention to musical matters, and from 1870 to 1878 was Secretary of the New York Vocal Society, and in 1890–91 was Vice-President of the Music Club of New York, of which Anton Seidl was President. He is a member of the Society of Medical Jurisprudence, the New York University Law School Alumni, the Music Club, the Manhattan Chess Club, and the Lafayette Post of the Grand Army of the Republic. In politics he is a Republican. He was married in 1863 to Cornelia Reynolds, whose mother, Julia A. Reynolds, was a sister of William Dennison, the famous "War Governor" of Ohio and also Postmaster-General of the United States in President Lincoln's Cabinet. His address is No. 21 West 83rd Street, New York.

KENNEY, William Francis, 1854–

Class of 1877 Med.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1854; studied in public schools in Hartford, Conn., and Georgetown University; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1877; in practice since 1877 in Providence, R. I.; ex-member Providence Common Council; ex-surgeon R. I. National Guard.

WILLIAM FRANCIS KENNEY, M.D., was born in Brooklyn, New York, on February 19, 1854, the son of Francis W. and Margaret M. (Daley) Kenney. His father came to this country from Ireland in 1834, and for forty-five years was engaged in the tin, sheet iron and copper trade at Hartford, Connecticut. He was the inventor of several labor-saving machines. Dr. Kenney studied in the public schools of Hartford, and in Georgetown University, District of Columbia. Later he pursued a course in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine and with class honors in 1877. In 1876–77 he acted as a substitute House Surgeon at the Bellevue and Charity hospitals, in New York, and then, on April 1, 1877, established himself in private practice in Providence, Rhode Island, where he has ever since remained. He was appointed Surgeon of the Fifth Battalion of Infantry, Rhode Island National Guard, in 1879, and filled the place for three years. In 1885–86, and again in 1895–96, he was a member of the Common Council from the Third Ward of Providence, being elected as a Democrat. He was Surgeon of Court Canonicus, Ancient Order of Foresters, in 1889–93; Medical Examiner of Court Roger Williams, Ancient Order of Foresters of America, 1893–95; Supreme Surgeon-General of Supreme Conclave K. S. F. of the World, 1893–95; is Medical Examiner of St. George Lodge, No. 14, Knights of Pythias, and of Endowment Rank, Section 81, Knights of Pythias; Past Commander of Knights of the Mystic Chain, a member of the Select Castle of that order and of the Rhode Island Medical Society, the Westminster Lodge of

Odd Fellows, and of the Wolf Tone Literary Association and a Fellow of the Georgetown Alumni Association and the Bellevue Hospital Medical College. Dr. Kenney is often called in court as an expert on medico-legal questions. He was married on July 17, 1876, to Elizabeth M. A. Murray, and has nine children: Maud A. E., Blanche M., William F., Stephen C., Francis J., Margaret M.,

WILLIAM F. KENNEY

David A., Elizabeth and W. Warwick Kenney. The two first named are graduates of Tufts Dental College.

MacCAULEY, Hugh Bournonville, 1856–

Class of 1877 Arts.

Born in Philadelphia, 1856; graduated A.B., New York University, 1877; Union Theological Seminary, 1877-81; minister of Presbyterian Church since 1881.

HUGH BOURNONVILLE MacCAULEY, A.B., is a son of Hugh Beard MacCauley, whose ancestors came from Elkton, Cecil County, Maryland, and Eugenia Abadie (Bournonville) MacCauley, whose father and mother came from France. He was born in Philadelphia on November 16, 1856. In New York University he ranked high as a student. He was Secretary of Philomathean, President of Eucleian, University Representative in the Intercollegiate Literary Association in 1876–77, Regent of the Association in 1877, and Secretary of it in 1877–80. He was a Junior orator and Commencement orator, a prominent member of Psi Upsilon and one year on its Executive Council, and a member of Phi Beta Kappa. He was graduated from the University with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1877, and thence went to the Union Theological Seminary in New York, from which he was graduated in 1881 with high rank. On June 17, 1881, he was ordained a minister of the Presbyterian Church, and has since devoted his life to that work. He was pastor at Hackensack, New Jersey, in 1881–82; at Bound Brook, New Jersey, in 1883–90; at Fifth Avenue Church, Newark, New Jersey, 1890–96; at Freehold, New Jersey, 1896–1900, and since April 1, 1900, he has been Pastor of the Fourth Church of Trenton, New Jersey. He has published two sermons entitled, "Ebenezer the Stone of Help" and "The Weaver;" also historical pamphlets entitled, "The Westminster Standards, Their History, Contents and Influence," and "The Old Scots Memorial near Freehold," besides many articles on Sunday School work and young people's societies. He was married on May 17, 1881, to Sarah Lavinia Harvey, daughter of the Rev. Francis Baker Harvey, of Oxford, Pennsylvania, and has three children: Harvey, Eugenia, and Morris Baker MacCauley. His home is at No. 19 North Clinton Avenue, Trenton, New Jersey.

MAYER, Emil, 1854–

Class of 1877 Med.

Born in New York City, 1854; studied in New York College of Pharmacy; graduated M.D., New York University, 1877; surgeon and specialist; Assistant Surgeon Throat Department New York Eye and Ear Infirmary, 1880-93, and Surgeon latter year to present time; prominently identified with various medical bodies; editor and author of recognized ability.

EMIL MAYER, M.D., was born in New York City on May 23, 1854, the son of David and Henrietta (Rosenbaum) Mayer. His parents, who were married in New York on December 3, 1849, were natives of Germany. His father was born in Staudernheim, Prussia, in December, 1819, son of Emanuel and Belle Mayer, and his mother was born in Kips, Bavaria, on October 8, 1827, daughter of Gabriel and Jetta Rosenbaum. Early in life David Mayer went to Paris and thence emigrated to the United States in 1848, settling in New York City, where he became a prosperous merchant. He retired from business some years ago and is now residing in Lincoln, Nebraska. David and Henrietta Mayer reared a family of five

sons and four daughters, all of whom are living except one daughter. Dr. Mayer's mother died in Lincoln on January 8, 1896. Emil Mayer attended public and private schools in New York City, and was a student at the College of the City of New York, which he left during the Sophomore year to enter the New York College of Pharmacy. He was graduated in 1873, and was for the succeeding two years employed as Apothecary at the Blackwell's Island Insane Asylum. Meanwhile taking up the study of medicine, he was graduated from the Medical Department of New York University in 1877.

EMIL MAYER

Prior to graduating he served for some time as House Physician at the Epileptic and Paralytic Hospital, and after completing his professional preparations he engaged in the practice of medicine in the metropolis, subsequently, in 1892, giving his particular attention to the treatment of diseases of the ear, nose and throat. For thirteen years from 1880 he was Assistant Surgeon to the Throat Department of the New York Eye and Ear Infirmary, and in 1893 he was advanced to the post of Surgeon, in which capacity he is still serving. Dr. Mayer is a Fellow of the American Medical Association, and was Chairman of its Section on Laryngology and Otology in 1898–99; of the American Laryngological Association; of the New York Academy of Medicine, and now Chairman of its Section on Laryngology; of the New York State Medical Association and President of its Fifth District Branch in 1901; ex-officio Vice-President for the years 1901–02 and member of the House of Delegates of the American Medical Association for 1902–04. He is a member of the Harlem, German, Metropolitan, Manhattan and New York County Medical societies, and the New York Physicians' Mutual Aid Association. His contributions to American literature are numerous and among the more notable are: "Congenital Stricture of the Esophagus, with Report of a Case" (American Journal of the American Sciences, November, 1893); "The Treatment of Follicular Pharyngitis, with Report of Cases Operated upon by the Pharyngeal Curette" (New York Eye and Ear Infirmary Reports, January, 1894); "Primary Lupus of the Larynx" (New York Medical Journal, January 1, 1898); "Catarrh of the Upper Air Passages" (New York Medical Examiner, November, 1892); "The Asch Operation for the Deviations of the Cartilaginous Nasal Septum, with Report of Two Hundred Operations" (Medical Record, February 5, 1898); "The Tonsils as Portals of Infection" (Journal of the American Medical Association, December 2, 1899); "Recrudescing Angina due to Friedlander's Bacillus" (New York Medical Journal, December 22, 1900); "Anginen Durch Den Friedland' Schen Bacillus" (Archiv. f. Laryngologie, 11 Bd. 2 Heft); "Bacillus and Spirillum of Vincent" (American Journal of the American Sciences, February, 1902); article on "Neuroses of the Upper Air Passages in Diseases of the Nose and Throat," edited by Jonathan Wright (Lea & Co.); and he is the American Editor of the "Internationales Centralblatt für Laryngologie," Sir Felix Semon, London, Editor-in-Chief. He is the originator of splints used in the "Asch Operation," known as Mayer's Tubes, and a new curette for the cure of Follicular Pharyngitis. In April, 1883, he was married to Louise Blume. They have no children.

McGUIRE, Francis Augustine, 1851–

Class of 1877 Med.

Born in New York, 1851; studied at De La Salle Institute, and Manhattan College; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1877; in practice in New York since 1877.

FRANCIS AUGUSTINE McGUIRE, M.D., son of James, a flour merchant of New York City, and Catherine Ann (Thomas) McGuire, is of

Irish ancestry on the paternal side, and American and Welsh on the maternal. Daniel Joshua Thomas, his grandfather on the maternal side, was born in Carnarvon, Wales, and was a soldier in the artillery

FRANK A. McGUIRE

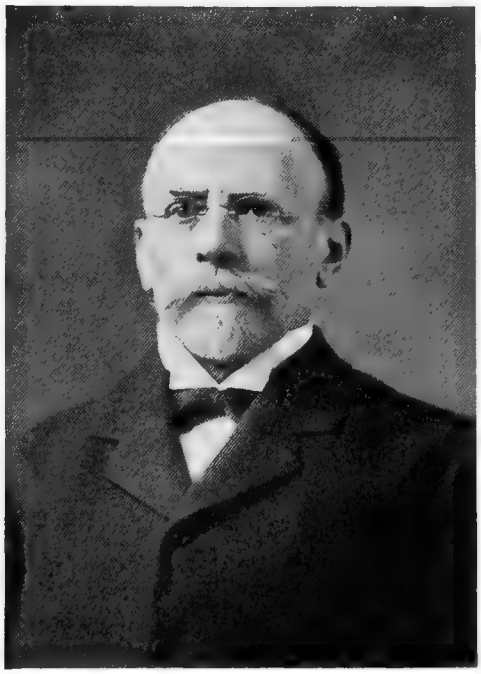
of the War of 1812 on the American side. He was born in New York City on July 1, 1851, and was educated at the De La Salle Institute, and Manhattan College. In 1877 he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the New York University Medical College, and has been engaged in the practice of his profession in New York City ever since. He is a Visiting Physician of the Department of Correction, of the Borough of Manhattan. He is a member of the Celtic Medical Society, and was its President in 1894 and 1895, and of the Metropolitan Medical Society, of which he was President in 1891. He is also a member of the New York County Medical Association, the New York State Medical Association, the Physicians' Mutual Aid Association, and the Society of Medical Jurisprudence. He was married on August 16, 1873, to Emma Louise Denmark, a daughter of Alexander Denmark, and has five children: Emma F., James Alexander, Harriet L., L. Marion, and Gertrude E. McGuire. He resides at No. 124 East 55th Street, New York.

MORGENTHAU, Maximilian, 1847–

Class of 1877 Law.

Born in Manheim, Germany, 1847; studied in Grand Ducal Lyceum, Manheim; graduated LL.B., New York University Law Department, 1877; admitted to Bar, 1877; dry goods business, 1878-97; real estate business since 1897; President of Hudson Realty Company.

MAXIMILIAN MORGENTHAU, LL.B., son of Lazarus and Babette (Guggenheim) Morgenthau, was born in the stately old City of Manheim, in the Grand Duchy of Baden, Germany, on October 23, 1847. His academic education was acquired in the Grand Ducal Lyceum of Manheim, an institution equal in scholastic rank to an American college, and then, at the age of eighteen years, in 1865, he came to the United States. After some years in business pursuits he entered the Law School of New York University for a professional training, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws on May 15, 1877. In the following month he was admitted to the Bar of the Supreme Court of New York. Instead of practicing his profession, however, he re-entered mercantile pursuits, and



MAXIMILIAN MORGENTHAU

from 1878 to 1897 was at the head of the retail dry goods firm of Morgenthau, Bauland & Co., doing business chiefly in Chicago. Since 1897 he has been successfully engaged in the real estate business

in New York City, and is now President of the Hudson Realty Company, a corporation organized under the laws of New York with a capital of $1,000,000. For more than twenty-five years he has been strongly identified with the Republican party, and has been much interested in the movement for reform in the city administration. He is a Past High Priest of King Solomon Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, and a member of the Society for Ethical Culture, the Metropolitan Museum of Art, the German Society, and other organizations. He was married on July 10, 1872, to Fannie Ehrich, and has seven children: Mrs. Alice M. Strauss, Adele M., Minna J., Beatrice F., Dorothy R., Maximilian, and William Whitall Morgenthau. His office is at Nos. 135–137 Broadway, and his home at No. 248 West 103rd Street, New York.

RHODES, Charles Alexander, 1855–

Class of 1877 Sci., 1884 Med.

Born in New York, 1855; educated in private schools and Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute; graduated B.S., New York University, 1877, and M.S., 1882; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1884; served in Bellevue and St. Francis's hospitals; in practice since 1885; connected with various hospitals; author of "Diseases of Children," 1892.

CHARLES ALEXANDER RHODES, M.S., M.D., is paternally descended from Zachariah Rhodes, who landed at Plymouth in 1634, and from Roger Williams, Dr. John Greene, William Arnold, John Lippitt, and Richard Waterman, founders of Providence, Rhode Island. On the maternal side he is descended from Herman Schuneman, who arrived in New York in 1708, and from Jonas Bronk, Martin Gerritsen Van Bergen, Kilian Van Renssalaer, Wauter Van Twiller, John A. Witbeck, and John Finch, of New York, Albany, and Catskill. He is a son of Charles Fox Rhodes and Cornelia Henrietta (Schuneman) Rhodes, and was born in New York City on December 30, 1855. His early education was acquired in private schools in Brooklyn, and he was prepared for college in the Brooklyn Polytechnic and Collegiate Institute. In New York University, which he entered in 1873, he pursued the scientific course, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1877. In 1882 he received the Master's degree in Science, and in 1884 he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the University Medical College. For a year thereafter he served in Bellevue and St. Francis's hospitals, and then in 1885 began the general practice of medicine, in which he has since continued. He was Clinical Assistant in diseases of children at the New York Polyclinic in 1888–89, Attending Physician in diseases of children at the De Milt Dispensary in 1889–95, Instructor in diseases of children at the New York Post-Graduate Medical School in 1890–99, and has been Visiting Physician and Vice-President of the Medical Staff of St. Luke's Home for Females since 1888. He is a member of the New York County Medical Society, the Alumni Association of New York University, and the Delta Phi Fraternity. In politics he is a Republican. He is the author of a handbook on "Diseases of Children," published in 1892. His address is No. 1126 Park Avenue, New York.

C. ALX. RHODES

TRAUTMAN, Alexander, 1850–

Class of 1877 Med.

Born in Würzburg, Germany, 1850; studied in common and Latin schools and University, Würzburg; graduated M.D., 1877, New York University Medical College; in practice since 1877, largely in asylums for insane.

ALEXANDER TRAUTMAN, M.D., son of Thomas and Anna M. (Zink) Trautman, was born in Würzburg, Germany, on October 24,

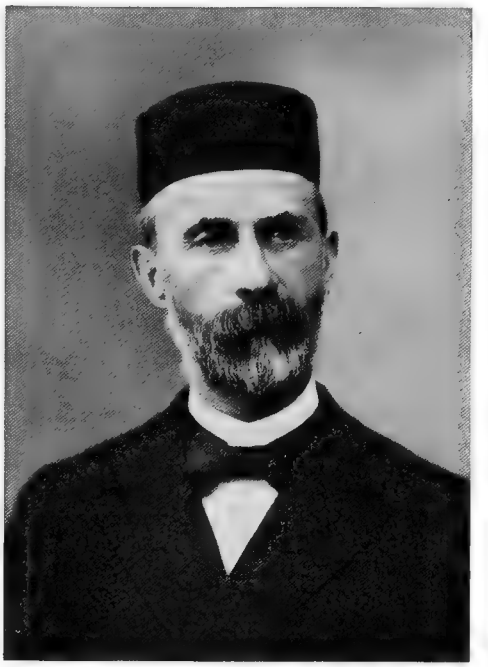
1850, and studied in various institutions of his native city, including a common school, Latin school, and the Royal Maximilian University. He then came to the United States, and in 1877 was graduated a Doctor of Medicine from the Medical College of New York University. Since then he has been constantly in practice, largely in asylums for the insane. Thus he was an Assistant Physician to the Hospital for the Insane on Ward's Island, New York, in 1878, and to the State Hospital for the Insane at Winnebago, Wisconsin, in 1881. In 1882 he returned to Ward's Island as Resident Physician to the State Emigrant Asylum, in 1883 he became Assistant Medical Superintendent of the Hospital for the Insane there, and in 1884 Medical Superintendent of that institution. He is a member of the New York Medical Union, the Medical Association of Greater New York, the New York County Medical Association, and the New York State Medical Association. He is married to Jean Davis, but has no children. His address is No. 369 Lexington Avenue, New York.

WARNER, Millard Fillmore, 1848–

Class of 1877 Med.

Born at Warwick Township, Tuscarawas County, Ohio, 1848; studied in public schools, Ohio Wesleyan University, and Drew Theological Seminary, Madison, N. J.; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1877; minister of Methodist Episcopal Church, 1873-98; Professor English Literature and Philosophy, 1884-98; President of Baldwin University, 1894-98; in medical practice since 1898; State Senator, Ohio, 1902.

MILLARD FILLMORE WARNER, M.D., was born in Warwick Township, Tuscarawas County, Ohio, on October 15, 1848, the son of Jonas and Catharine (Lister) Warner and the descendant of some of the earliest settlers of Ohio. He studied in the public schools, at Ohio Wesleyan University, and at the Drew Theological Seminary of the Methodist Episcopal Church at Madison, New Jersey. From 1873 to 1898 he was a minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church; for the last fourteen years of that time he was Professor of English Literature and Philosophy at Baldwin University, Berea, Ohio; and from 1894 to 1898 he was President of that institution. He also studied medicine and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the New York University Medical College in 1877. Since 1898 he has been engaged in the practice of medicine, for the first year at Berea, Ohio, and since then in Cleveland. In 1902 he was a State Senator in the Ohio Legislature, on the Democratic side. He was married on January 5, 1876, to Mabel G. De Witt, of Harmony, New Jersey, and has two children: Faith, now Mrs. R. B. Newcomb, and Carl Norman Warner. His home is at No. 349 Genesee Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio.



MILLARD F. WARNER

AMADOR, Martin, 1857–

Class of 1878 Med.

Born at Ciénaga de Oro, Colombia, 1857; educated at private college at Carthagena, Colombia; graduated New York University Medical Department, 1878; assistant in Charity Hospital, Blackwell's Island, 1879; Consul-General of Colombia in Holland and Belgium, 1880-83; Professor of Anatomy, Physiology, and Surgery, University of Carthagena, Colombia, 1883-85; Vice-Consul of United States in Colombia, 1885-87; County Physician and Police Surgeon, Colon, 1887-89; Secretary of Colombian delegation to International American Congress, 1889; practiced medicine in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1889-91; Health Inspector of the Port at Punta Arenas, Costa Rica, 1891-92; practicing physician in Brooklyn, N. Y., since 1893.

MARTIN AMADOR, M.D., the subject of this sketch, has had thus far a career not marked with monotony and not circumscribed by the habits, thoughts and customs of some narrow community, but greatly varied and replete with the

many interesting incidents which naturally occur through wide travel and extensive intercourse with the world. Born in South America and prepared for his profession in New York, he has visited the Old World and many parts of the New, and is now settled in the Metropolitan Borough of Brooklyn, as an eminent and representative physician. Dr. Amador was born at Ciénaga de Oro, in the Republic of Colombia, South America, on March 10, 1857, coming of a family long conspicuous in the affairs of that country. His father was the late Manuel Amador Fierro. One of his ancestors was shot,

MARTIN AMADOR

with eight comrades, at Carthagena, in 1816 for having proclaimed the independence of the country from Spain. Another ancestor was Governor of Carthagena, and his heart is still preserved in the Hall of Assemblies. Manuel Amador Fierro, Dr. Amador's father, was President of the State of Bolívar from 1867 to 1870, and was also Secretary of War, Secretary of Public Instruction, a member of the House of Representatives, a Senator, and First Designado, or Vice-President, of Colombia. At the time of his death he was again candidate for the Presidency of Bolívar, and would have been elected without opposition had he lived. His great oratorical gifts made him one of the foremost statesmen of Colombia, and he commanded the respect and confidence of the State of Bolívar in an exceptional degree. He married Estevana Salcedo de Jiménez, and had eleven children. Of these the first, Manuel, born in 1856 and died in 1900, was a Colombian Consul, a British Vice-Consul, and director and manager of several large commercial enterprises. The second is the subject of this sketch. The third, Virginia, died in childhood. The fourth, Cristóbal, an eminent jurist and legislator of Colombia, died in 1897. The fifth, Anibal, died at the age of twenty-one. The sixth, Stephen, is a merchant in Brooklyn, New York. The seventh, Simon, is a merchant in Costa Rica. The eight, Sarai, is a resident of Brooklyn. The ninth, Francisco de Paula, is a jurist and school inspector in Costa Rica. The tenth, Adriano, lives at Panama, and the eleventh, Coriolano, died in infancy. Dr. Martin Amador, the second of this family, was educated up to the age of sixteen years in a private college at Carthagena, Colombia. On December 30, 1874, he landed at New York and presently entered the Medical Department of New York University. There he pursued the regular course, and was duly graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1878. The next six months were spent in special preparation for hospital work, and then he entered the Charity, or City, Hospital, on Blackwell's Island, at first as Junior and then as Senior Assistant. A year later he temporarily forsook medicine for the public service, becoming in September, 1880, Consul-General of Colombia in Holland and Belgium, residing partly at Amsterdam and partly at Brussels. He filled this place until 1883, and meantime travelled extensively in Europe, especially in France, Germany and Great Britain. He returned to America in 1883 and for the next two years was Professor of Anatomy, Physiology and Surgery in the University at Carthagena, Colombia. In 1885 he was appointed Vice-Consul of the United States at Carthagena, and filled that place for two years, during which time he also practiced medicine, taught in the University, and was secretary of a steamship company for the navigation of the Sinú and Atrato rivers. In 1887 he went to Colon, and was for two years there County Physician and Police Surgeon. He then resigned his position, returned to the United States in September, 1889, and began the practice of his profession in Brooklyn, New York. Two months later he was Secretary of the Colombian Delegation to the International American Congress. He remained in practice in Brooklyn until 1891, when ill

health compelled him to leave that city. He thereupon went to Punta Arenas, Costa Rica, and there served for one year as Health Officer. In 1893 Dr. Amador again returned to Brooklyn and resumed the practice of his profession. He was married in the Church of the Sacred Heart, Brooklyn, by the Rev. Father McCollum, on August 14, 1879, his bride being Mary McElhenny, daughter of Michael and Catherine McElhenny. He and Mrs. Amador have numerous friends in Brooklyn and other parts of New York. He devotes the major part of his time to an earnest practice of his profession. He is a member of the Kings County Medical Society and of the Physicians' Mutual Aid Association, and is a Medical Examiner for Unity Council of the Knights of Columbus.

ATWOOD, John Abiel, 1857–

Class of 1878 Sci.

Born at Chatham, Mass., 1857; graduated B.S. and C.E., New York University, 1878; Civil Engineer in railroad service since 1878.

JOHN ABIEL ATWOOD, B.S., C.E., a son of John Williams Atwood and Abbie (Doane) Atwood, was born at Chatham, Massachusetts, on February 8, 1857. In New York University he was a Junior orator, and Captain of the Lacrosse Club in 1878. He was graduated with the degrees of Bachelor of Science and Civil Engineer in 1878, and has ever since been engaged in Civil Engineering for various railroads. His services have been performed for the New York elevated roads in 1878–79; the Elizabeth City and Norfolk Railroad, in Virginia, 1880–81; the West Shore Railroad at Syracuse, New York, 1881–84; the Tenth Avenue cable road in New York City, 1884–86; the Chautauqua Lake Railroad at Jamestown, New York, 1886–88; the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad, 1889, and the Pittsburg and Lake Erie Railroad since 1889. He is a member of the Engineers' Society of Western Pennsylvania, and also of the American Society of Civil Engineers. Of the latter he has been Chief Engineer since 1896. He was married on December 30, 1880, to Jennie Ivers, and has three children: William Bartlett, Julia, and Edna Cleveland Atwood. His address is Beaver, Pennsylvania.

CONOVER, John Livingston, 1849–

Class of 1878 Law.

Born near Freehold, N. J., 1849; studied in public schools; engaged in banking and title examination; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1878; in practice since 1878; General Attorney of New Jersey Central Railroad Company.

JOHN LIVINGSTON CONOVER, LL.B., General Attorney of the Central Railroad of New Jersey, was born near Freehold, Monmouth County, New Jersey, on February 21, 1849, a member of a family long settled and prominent in that region. He is a son of Alfred Livingston Conover and Eleanor S. (Conover) Conover, and a descendant of Wolfertz Gerritse Van Kouwenhoven, who came from Holland to the "New Netherlands" in 1630. He was educated in the public schools, and at the age of twenty-one years engaged in banking. Later he was an examiner of real estate titles. Finally he entered the Law School of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1878. He was admitted to the Bar in New York in June, 1878, and in New Jersey in 1880. In 1881 he entered the service of the Central Railroad of New Jersey, in its Law Department, and has continued therein ever since, having been its General Attorney since January 1, 1902. His office is at No. 143 Liberty Street, New York, and his home is at Wickatunk, New Jersey.

DALLAS, Alexander, 1850–

Class of 1878 Med.

Born at Nairn, Scotland, 1850; educated at parochial school, at Nairn Academy, and at Owens College, Manchester, England; pursued course at Edinburgh University; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1878; spent one year in law office, four years in bank, four years in commercial pursuits, practiced medicine in the West for one year, and for two years in New York City; practicing in Bayonne, N. J., since 1881; Visiting Surgeon to Bayonne City Hospital until 1891, then Consulting Surgeon until 1898; organized St. Luke's Hospital in 1898 and now Surgeon thereof; Surgeon to numerous large corporations.

ALEXANDER DALLAS, M.D., son of William and Margaret (Fraser) Dallas, was born at Nairn, Scotland, on April 25, 1850, with an ancestry which, as he whimsically expresses it, dates from Adam and possesses a strong Scotch flavor. He attended the local parochial schools, and the Nairn Academy, in which latter he ranked among the best students and won a gold medal in token of that fact. Thence he proceeded to Owens College, Manchester, England, where his career was similarly brilliant, and where he won a prize in English Literature. Returning to Scotland, he pursued a course

in the University of Edinburgh, having won a prize for excellence in the local entrance examinations. From Edinburgh he came to New York University, and pursued the course of its Medical College. There, in his Junior year, he won a gold medal and four other prizes. He was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1878. Between Edinburgh and New York University there was, however, a hiatus of several years, in which he was engaged in various pursuits. For one year he was a student and clerk in a law office. For four years he was employed in a bank, and for four years more

ALEXANDER DALLAS

he was engaged in mercantile houses. Having at last centred his attention upon medicine, he devoted himself steadfastly to it, and with marked success. After graduation he practiced for a year in the West, and then for two years in New York City. Finally, in 1881, he settled in the City of Bayonne, New Jersey, with the medical profession of which he has ever since been conspicuously identified. Down to 1891 he was Visiting Surgeon to the Bayonne City Hospital, and then down to 1898 he filled the place of Consulting Surgeon to the same institution. In the last named year he severed his connection with the City Hospital and organized St. Luke's Hospital in Bayonne, which has become one of the best equipped hospitals in the State of New Jersey. Of that institution he is now President and Surgeon. He is also Surgeon to the Central Railroad of New Jersey, the Standard Oil Company, the Tidewater Oil Company, the General Chemical Company, the Bayonne Sulphur Works, and other corporations, and is President of the Board of Examining Surgeons of the Pension Bureau. He is a Fellow of the New York Academy of Medicine, and a member of the New York County, New York State, and Hudson County (New Jersey) Medical societies, and of the American Medical Association; also of the Newark Bay Boat Club. He is a Republican in politics, but has held no public office. He was married on January 23, 1878, to Gilberta A. Fraser, the eldest daughter of the Rev. D. Fraser, of Serwick, Scotland. Mrs. Dallas died, childless, on April 20, 1898. Dr. Dallas's address is Bayonne, New Jersey.

DILL, James Brooks, 1854–

Class of 1878 Law.

Born in Spencerport, N. Y., 1854; graduated A.B., Yale, 1876; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1878; corporation law specialist in New York City since 1878; counsel for numerous trust companies and large corporations; actively interested in financial and business enterprises.

JAMES BROOKS DILL, lawyer, was born in Spencerport, Monroe County, New York, on July 25, 1854, the son of the Rev. James Horton and Catharine (Brooks) Dill. Her father was a native of Boston, Massachusetts, and his mother of Cheshire, Connecticut. He was prepared at the Cheshire Episcopal Academy for Yale, where he took his Bachelor's degree with the Class of 1876. His legal studies were subsequently pursued in the Law Department of New York University, where he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1878. Locating in New York, he turned his attention to corporation law, making at the outset a specialty of that particular branch of practice, and later devoting himself almost entirely to financial and business corporations and the legal questions arising in connection with their organization and maintenance. Nearly ten years ago he withdrew from general court practice, going into court only on matters relating to the corporation laws. He has argued before the United States courts and before the Supreme Court of the United States many important propositions of corporation law, such as the question arising under the War Revenue Tax, as to

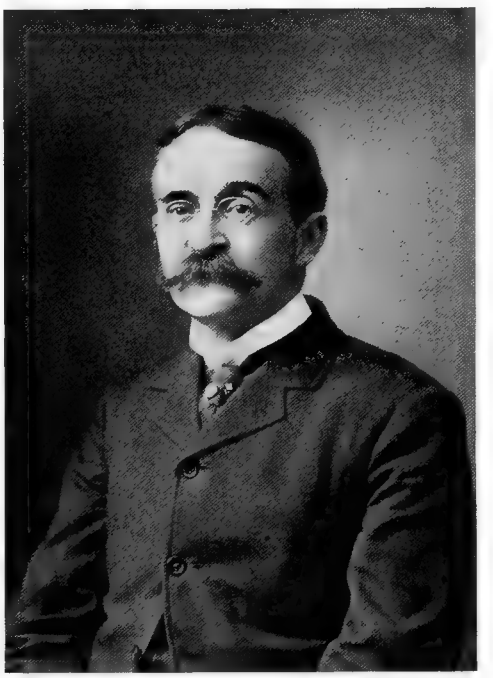
whether the express companies should pay the tax, or the shipper. He is counsel for a number of banks and trust companies and a Director in the North American Trust Company of New York, and the Corporation Trust Company of New Jersey, and other financial institutions. He is interested as a director and stockholder, and as counsel, in a large number of recently organized industrial corporations, including the American Tin Plate Company, the National Steel Company, the New England Street Railway Company and the R. & G. Corset Company. He is also counsel to the Merchants' Association of New York and the Registration & Trust Company of the same city. He is a member of the Bar both of New York and New Jersey, and, residing in the latter state, has served upon many important state commissions charged with the duty of revising the corporation laws of that state. He was Chairman of the Commission to revise the Banking and Trust Company Laws, and is the author of "Dill on New Jersey Corporations," a book of standard authority upon that subject. He is a member of the Merchants' and Lawyers' clubs in New York City. In politics he is Republican. In October, 1880, he was married to Mary W. Dill and has three daughters.

DIVINE, Michael William, 1856–

Class of 1878 Sci., 1880 Law.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1856; studied in public school and Newark Academy, Newark, N. J., 1866-74; School of Mines, Columbia College, 1874-75; graduated B.S. and C.E., New York University, 1878; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1880; practicing lawyer in New York.

MICHAEL WILLIAM DIVINE was born in the City of Brooklyn, New York, in 1856. His father, Michael William Divine, was of Irish parentage and his mother, whose maiden name was Angelina Elizabeth Donne, was of English ancestry, being a descendant of the distinguished poet and Dean of St. Paul's, Dr. John Donne. He acquired his preliminary education in a public school in Newark, New Jersey, in 1866, and from 1867 to 1874 was a student in the well known Newark Academy, where he was prepared to enter college. In the fall of 1874 he entered the School of Mines of Columbia College and there spent one year. Later he spent three years in New York University and was graduated in 1878 with the degrees of Bachelor of Science and Civil Engineer. He then turned his attention to the study of law, pursued a course in the New York University Law School, and was graduated and admitted to the Bar in 1880. Meantime he had become a self-taught expert stenographer. During his first year after leaving the University he worked as a Surveyor and Civil Engineer with the United States Coast Survey and on the Second Avenue Elevated Railroad in New York. He then became a stenographer and law clerk for the old firm of Martin & Smith and remained in that connection for more than sixteen years. At the end of that service he engaged in general law practice on his own account. His office is in New



MICHAEL W. DIVINE

York City. Mr. Divine is a member of the Royal Arcanum and also of the Masonic Order, and was Master of Constitution Lodge, No. 241, F. & A.M., in 1901. He was married on April 28, 1892, to Louisa Henrietta Vega and has one child, Margaret Angelina Divine.

HEROLD, Herman Christian Henry, 1854–

Class of 1878 Med.

Born in New York, 1854; attended private and public schools and high school, Newark, N. J.; worked in stores and conducted grocery store; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1878; in practice in Newark, N. J., since 1878; member of Newark Health Board since 1883 and President since 1895; member of

Passaic Pollution Commission, 1898-1900; Internal Revenue Collector, 5th District, N. J., since 1899.

HERMAN CHRISTIAN HENRY HEROLD, M.D., a prominent physician of Newark, New Jersey, is a son of Louis Herman Herold and Maria Louisa (Oltman) Herold, of German ancestry and was born in New York City on March 4, 1854. The family removed to Newark, New Jersey, while he was a child, and he has ever since resided there. He attended a German and English school founded by his father in Newark, in 1859, and afterward attended the Newark public schools

HERMAN C. H. HEROLD

and High School. At the age of eleven he was left an orphan, the second in age of six children, and had thereafter to support himself and help care for his younger brothers and sister. He was a clerk in a grocery store while attending the Newark High School, and at the age of nineteen he left school and started a grocery store of his own. In that he prospered, and thus enabled himself on his twenty-first birthday to begin the study of medicine in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University. He was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in March, 1878, and immediately began the practice of his profession in Newark, and has thus been engaged ever since. He soon built up a large practice, and assisted his younger brother to become established in the same profession. He has been a member of the Newark Health Board since 1883, and its President since 1895, and in that place has done much for the sanitation of Newark. From 1898 to 1900 he was a member of the Passaic River Pollution Commission, appointed by the Governor of the State. In 1899 he was appointed by President McKinley Collector of Internal Revenue for the Fifth District of New Jersey, and still fills that place. For fourteen years he was connected with the New Jersey National Guard as Surgeon, and is now Treasurer of the Order of Military Surgeons in New Jersey. He has been prominent in politics, as a Republican, as a delegate to conventions and otherwise, and has more than once been proposed as a candidate for Mayor of Newark. He is a Visiting Surgeon to St. Michael's Hospital, Newark, President of the Security Building and Loan Association, and a member of the Essex County Medical Society, the Masonic Order, the Knights of Pythias, the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and other organizations. He was married on November 6, 1882, to Louisa Kurfess, of Newark, and has his office and residence at Nos. 77 and 75, Congress Street, respectively.

HINCKLEY, Livingston Spraker, 1855–

Class of 1878 Med.

Born in Albany, N. Y., 1855; studied in public schools; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1878; served in Blackwell's Island Insane Asylum; served in private hospital in New York, and at sanitarium at Avon Springs, N. Y.; in charge of Essex County, N. J., hospitals for the insane, 1884-1900; in practice at Newark, N. J.

LIVINGSTON SPRAKER HINCKLEY, M.D., the head of the great system of hospitals for the insane in Essex County, New Jersey, is of distinguished ancestry on both sides of the family. His father was Dr. John Warren Hinckley, for thirty years a prominent physician of Albany, New York, and the son of John Hinckley, who married Eunice Warren, granddaughter of Joseph Warren, the hero and martyr of Bunker Hill. The Hinckley family came from Tenterden, in Kent, England, and in the person of Samuel Hinckley was transplanted to this country in 1639. Samuel Hinckley settled first at Scituate and later at Barnstable, Massachusetts, and his son, Thomas Hinckley, was in 1645 Deputy, in 1658–80 Magistrate at Plymouth, and in 1681–92 Governor of the Colony. On the maternal side Dr. Hinckley is the son of

Maria Schuyler, a direct descendant of John Schuyler, father of the famous General Philip Schuyler. He is also a younger brother of that Isabella Hinckley who a generation ago was one of the most brilliant singers of her time, in choir, concert and grand opera, and was hailed as "the Jenny Lind of America." For the sake of Isabella's education in music, her mother took her and the subject of this sketch to Italy when the latter was an infant, and spent some years there. Then Isabella, who had married Captain Susini, of the Italian Army, died, and at nearly the same time her father also died,

LIVINGSTON S. HINCKLEY

whereupon, bereft of both husband and daughter, Mrs. Hinckley returned to America with her young son. The latter had been born in Albany, New York, on August 15, 1855, and at the time of his return to America was scarcely five years old. He attended a private school in Jersey City, New Jersey, for a time, and then a public school in York Street in that city. A course in the Thirteenth Street Grammar School in New York, whither the family had removed, followed, and then, at the age of seventeen, owing to straitened circumstances, he had to give up his studies for work. For a time he was employed in mercantile business, but he spent his evenings and spare time in studying medicine, his ambition being to enter the profession with which his father had been identified. In this he was greatly aided and encouraged by his friend, benefactor and preceptor, Dr. James L. Perry, of New York. In 1873 he began studying in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which is now incorporated with New York University. In 1874 he was matriculated, and in 1878 he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. It is worthy of remembrance, in view of his after career, that his graduating thesis was on "Puerperal Insanity." Immediately upon receiving his diploma, Dr. Hinckley was appointed a Junior Assistant Physician in the Insane Asylum on Blackwell's Island, New York, where there were some 1,300 female patients. He quickly made his mark there, through his devotion and skill, and was advanced to be a Senior Assistant, and then Assistant Superintendent under Dr. A. E. Macdonald. In 1881, however, he resigned his place on Blackwell's Island in order to take charge of a private hospital in New York. Next he took charge of a sanitarium at Avon Springs, New York. It was while he was thus engaged, in 1884, that he saw and improved the great opportunity of his life. He learned at that time that the authorities of Essex County, New Jersey, which includes the great City of Newark, desired to find a physician competent to take charge of the County Asylum for the Insane and to develop it to the proportions necessary in so populous a community. He at once applied for the place and received the appointment, and thus entered upon the great work which has ever since chiefly occupied his attention. At the time when he became its head, the Essex County Asylum was small, overcrowded, and in a discreditable condition. In 1885 he secured the addition of a commodious wing to the building, and in 1891 a second wing was built. The name of the institution was changed in 1890 from asylum to hospital. In 1896 the enlarged building was again overcrowded, and the first of a great group of buildings for a branch hospital was erected at Verona, New Jersey. The latter is generally esteemed to be one of the most perfectly equipped hospitals in the United States. There is also connected with the main hospital in Newark a fine Training School for Nurses for the Insane, the second of its kind in the United States. Besides managing these institutions, with more than 1,000 insane inmates, Dr. Hinckley has written much for publication, on alienist topics, he has frequently been called upon to testify in court as an expert, and he has cultivated his rare musical talents both as a per-

former and a composer. He resigned from the Superintendency of the county hospitals in February, 1900, and is now practicing his profession in Newark. He is a member of the Newark Medical and Surgical Society, and was its President in 1869; of the West End Club, of Newark, of which he was President in 1897–98; of the American Medico-Psychological Association, of the American Medical Society, of the Practitioners' Club, and of the Masonic Order. From 1874 to 1881 he was a member of the Twenty-second Regiment, New York National Guard. He was married in 1890 to Barbara Halber, and has one child, Livingston S. Hinckley, Jr.

HOWELL, William Augustus, 1859–

Class of 1878 Sci.

Born in Newark, N. J., 1859; graduated B.S. and C.E., New York University, 1878, and M.S., 1881; Civil Engineer in railroad and mining work since 1879.

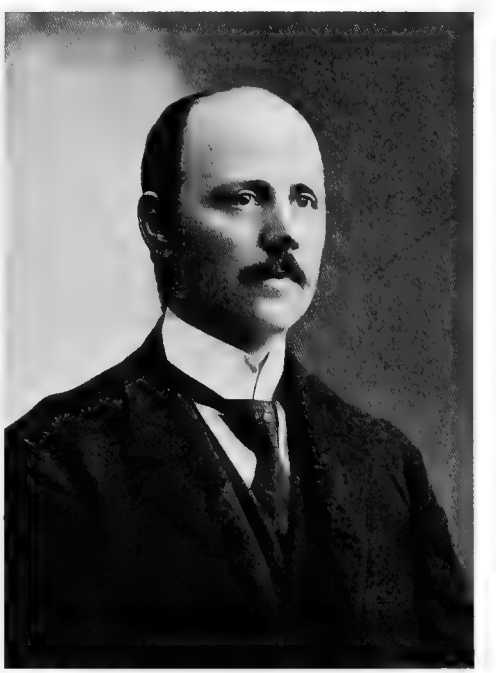
WILLIAM AUGUSTUS HOWELL, M.S., C.E., was born in Newark, New Jersey, on June 16, 1859, the son of George Washington Howell and Mary Elizabeth (Ward) Howell. In New York University he was Vice-President of Philomathean and a member of Delta Upsilon. He was graduated with the degrees of Bachelor of Science and Civil Engineer in 1878, and received the degree of Master of Science in 1881. Since 1879 he has been engaged in civil engineering, as follows: For the Pennsylvania Railroad in Jersey City, Harsimus Cove and Bergen Cut Improvements, 1879–82, at New Brunswick, New Jersey, 1882–84, at York, Pennsylvania, 1884–86, at Pottsville, Pennsylvania, 1886–88, and at Trenton, New Jersey, 1888–89; for the New York, Susquehanna and Western Railroad, 1889; for the Jamaica Railroad Company, Jamaica, West Indies, 1889–90; for the Kentucky Coal and Iron Company, Pineville, Kentucky, 1890; for the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad, 1890–91; for the East Jersey Water Company at Paterson, New Jersey, 1891, and for the Pennsylvania Railroad, in charge of the Newark and Jersey City Electric Railroad, since 1892. Since 1893 he has been connected with the Department of Streets and Sewers of the City of Newark, New Jersey, in the capacity of Assistant Engineer, and since January 1, 1902, he has been Engineer of Track Elevation in Newark, eliminating grade crossings along the Pennsylvania Railroad, New Jersey Central Railroad and the Lackawanna Railroad, through Newark. He was married on May 11, 1884, to Katherine Macdonald, and has two children: Lucy Macdonald and Mildred Elizabeth Howell. His address is No. 345 Fifth Avenue, Newark, New Jersey.

LEE, Charles Rowe, 1856–

Class of 1878 Med.

Born at Phoenix, N. Y., 1856; studied at Falley Seminary, Fulton, N. Y.; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1878; served in Charity Hospital, New York, 1878-79; in practice at Fulton, N. Y., 1879-84; Physician to Batopilas Mining Co., Mexico, 1884-90; at Fulton, 1890-98; retired from practice, 1898.

CHARLES ROWE LEE, M.D., one of the best known physicians, now retired, of Oswego County, New York, is of American parentage



CHAS. R. LEE

and of English and French Huguenot ancestry, and is the son of Charles M. and Elizabeth P. (Hotchkiss) Lee. He was born at Phœnix, Oswego County, New York, on April 15, 1856, and received his education in the public schools, the High School, and Falley Seminary at Fulton, New York. Having the practice of medicine in view, he entered the New York University Medical College, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1878. A year of service in the Charity Hospital, on Blackwell's Island, New York, fol-

lowed, and then he settled, in 1879, at Fulton, New York, and was there engaged in general practice for five years. In 1884 he left Fulton to become Physician to the Batopilas Mining Company, of Batopilas, Mexico, in which latter service he remained until 1890. Then he returned to Fulton and resumed his practice there, finally retiring from it in 1898, after the death of his father-in-law, the Hon. George M. Case, of the Citizens' National Bank of Fulton. Dr. Lee was married to Eva Dale Case on May 17, 1893. He has been President of the Oswego County Medical Society. His home is at No. 181 South First Street, Fulton, New York.

SWANSTROM, John Edward, 1853–

Class of 1878 Law.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1853; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1878; in general practice of law since 1878; President of Board of Education of City of Brooklyn, 1893-97, of the School Board of the Borough of Brooklyn, 1898, and of the Board of Education of the City of New York, 1899; President of Borough of Brooklyn, City of New York, 1902-03.

JOHN EDWARD SWANSTROM, LL.B., President of the Borough of Brooklyn, City of New York, and long identified with the public school system of the metropolis, is of Swedish ancestry, his parents, John P. and Anna B. Swanstrom, both having been natives of Sweden. His father was a well-known clergyman, who served in various pastorates in the United States. Mr. Swanstrom was born in the City of Brooklyn, New York, on July 26, 1853, and received a careful and thorough education. His professional studies were pursued in the law office of Miller, Peet & Opdyke, in New York, and in the Law School of New York University. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1878, winning the first prize and the highest honors of his class in the University. In July of that year he entered upon the practice of law in New York City, and has ever since continued therein with much success, devoting his attention to the general work of his profession. For a number of years Mr. Swanstrom has taken an active and important interest in educational affairs, especially pertaining to the public schools. He was appointed a member of the Board of Education of the City of Brooklyn in 1888, and in 1893 became President of that body, occupying that place for five years ending with 1897. During his administration he effected many important reforms in the educational system of the city, and greatly advanced its general interests. At the beginning of 1898 the City of Brooklyn was consolidated with New York, and became the Borough of Brooklyn in the great metropolis. During that year Mr. Swanstrom was President of the School Board of the Borough of Brooklyn, and in 1899 was President of the Board of Education for the whole Greater City of New York. In the fall of 1901 he was elected President of the Borough of Brooklyn, for the two-year term 1902–03, and now fills that important office. In politics he is a Democrat, of independent proclivities. He is a member of the City Club of New York, and the Brooklyn, Hamilton, and Crescent Athletic clubs of Brooklyn. He was married on May 14, 1878, to Frances N. Harris, and has two children: Mrs. Walter Howard Winter and Arthur Swanstrom. His home is at No. 77 Halsey Street, Brooklyn, New York.

J. EDWARD SWANSTROM

TRUE, Frederick William, 1858–

Class of 1878 Sci.

Born at Middletown, Conn., 1858; graduated B.S., New York University, 1878, and M.S., 1881; attached to United States Fish Commission and United States National Museum since 1878; Curator in Department of Mammals since 1881; Head Curator in Department of

Biology since 1897; voluminous writer on zoölogical topics; LL.D., New York University.

FREDERICK WILLIAM TRUE, M.S., LL.D., the distinguished Zoölogist of the United States National Museum, was born at Middletown, Connecticut, on July 8, 1858, the son of the Rev. Dr. Charles Kittredge True and Elizabeth Bassett (Hyde) True. He was noted as a careful student in New York University, was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1878, and received the Master's degree in Science in 1881. Immediately upon graduation he entered the service of the

FREDERICK W. TRUE

United States Government as Clerk to the Fish Commission. In 1879–80 he was Special Agent of the Census Bureau on Fisheries, and in the latter year also Assistant to the Commissioner to the Berlin Fisheries Exhibition. He was Librarian of the United States National Museum in 1881–83, Curator of the Division of Mammals since 1881, and Executive Curator, 1892–1902, and has been Head Curator of the Department of Biology since 1897. He was representative of the Museum and of the Smithsonian Institution at the exhibitions at Nashville in 1897, Omaha in 1898, and Buffalo in 1901, and has been appointed to serve in the same capacity for the St. Louis Exposition. He is a fellow and member of many important scientific societies in this and other lands, including the Zoölogical Society of London, the American Philosophical Society and the Academy of Natural Sciences in Philadelphia, the Washington Academy of Sciences, the American Society of Naturalists, the American Association for the Advancement of Science and the Society of Sons of the American Revolution. He has received the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws from his Alma Mater. Dr. True has made a special study of marine mammalia, and has written a treatise on the Delphinidæ, a family of the Cetacea. His bibliography, including contributions to official reports and to the transactions of learned societies, is voluminous, including scores of titles. He was married on February 16, 1887, to Louise E. Prentiss, and has two children: Webster Prentiss and Marion True. His home is at No. 1320 Yale Street, and his office at the United States National Museum, Washington, District of Columbia.

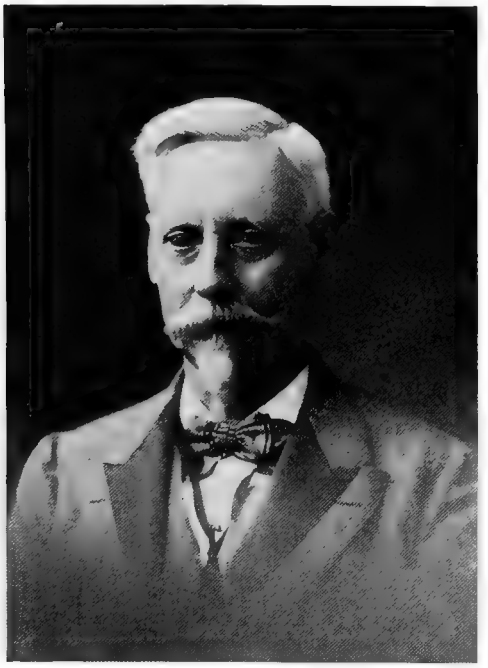
VALK, Francis, 1845–

Class of 1878 Med.

Born at Flushing, N. Y., 1845; studied at Washington College, Chestertown, Md.; served in Civil War; in drug business, 1868-76; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1878; in practice since 1878; Eye and Ear specialist since 1888; Instructor in New York University Medical College, and Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital.

FRANCIS VALK, M. D., was born at Flushing, Long Island, New York, on October 28, 1845, the son of William Whiteman Valk and Jane (Sherwood) Valk. His paternal ancestry in this country begins with Jacob Valk, gentleman, who came from Holland about 1780 and settled at Charleston, South Carolina. In the next generation was Jacob R. Valk, gentleman, who accompanied his father from Holland, and was in 1821 Consul of the Netherlands in the United States. In the third generation in this country was William Whiteman Valk, M.D., of Charleston, South Carolina, a graduate of Charleston Medical University, Surgeon on the United States Warship Constellation, Representative in Congress in 1852, and Surgeon of the Second and Fourth Regiments of Maryland Volunteers from 1861 to 1865. He was the father of the subject of this sketch. Dr. Francis Valk received his general education at Washington College, at Chestertown, Maryland. In 1862 he was a private in the Second Regiment of Maryland Volunteers. In 1868 he entered the drug business and continued therein until 1876. In the latter part of his career

as a druggist he studied medicine, in the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1878, since which time he has been engaged in practice as a



FRANCIS VALK

physician and surgeon, his attention since 1888 having been devoted exclusively to diseases of the eye and ear. In addition to his private practice, which is extensive and important, he has been Assistant Demonstrator of Anatomy, and Assistant to the Chair of Ophthalmology, in the New York University Medical College, Visiting Ophthalmologist to the Randall's Island Hospital, Assistant Surgeon to the Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital, Ophthalmologist to the New York Dispensary, and to the Thrall Hospital at Middletown, New York; and Professor of Diseases of the Eye in the New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital. He is the author of "Errors of Refraction" and many articles pertaining to the eye. He was appointed Surgeon of Lafayette Post, Grand Army of the Republic, in 1891, and is a member of the New York County Medical Society, the New York State Medical Society, the Medical Society of Greater New York, the Physicians' Mutual Aid Association, and the Society of Medical Jurisprudence, and a Fellow of the New York Academy of Medicine; also a member of the New York Athletic Club, and the Southern Society of New York City. In politics he has been a life-long Democrat. He was married on August 4, 1874, to Marian C. Easby, and has three children: Francis M., Elizabeth B., and Jane Sherwood Valk. His address is No. 164 East 61st Street, New York.

BOLDT, Hermann J., 1856–

Class of 1879 Med.

Born in Germany, 1856; came to United States in childhood; studied and practiced pharmacy; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1879; in active practice since 1879, with special attention to Gynecology; Professor of Gynecology, Post-Graduate Medical School; Gynecologist to several hospitals; author of various essays and inventor of surgical instruments.

HERMANN J. BOLDT, M.D., was born on June 24, 1856, at Neuentempel, near Berlin, the estate of his father, Hermann Boldt, who was a prominent German agriculturist. In his childhood he was brought by his parents to the United States, and long before reaching manhood was thrown upon his own resources. For years he

H. J. BOLDT

allowed himself no more sleep than three or four hours a day, and thus was able to do much work and to pursue his studies. He aimed at the medical profession, and not having the means to pursue

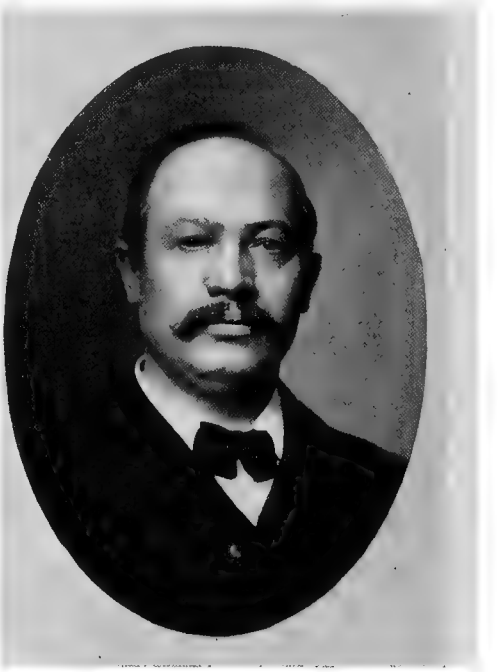
at once a course of medical study he made pharmacy a stepping-stone thereto. He studied and practiced pharmacy until he had acquired the necessary means. Then he entered the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated in the Class of 1879. He ranked high as a student, and his abilities were recognized by Dr. Pallen, of the University, who made him his assistant. Later he became an Instructor in the Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital, and is now Professor of Gynecology there. He is also Gynecologist to the German Poliklinik and to St. Mark's Hospital, and Consulting Gynecologist to the Beth Israel Hospital. From this it will be seen that he makes a specialty of gynecological practice, in which he is now recognized as one of the foremost authorities, but for which he laid the broad foundation of twelve years of general practice. He usually spends three months of each year in Europe, and thus keeps himself in touch with the best medical and surgical knowledge of the old world. He was the first physician in America to investigate the physiological action of cocaine, one of the first operators to remove in toto the fibromyotamous uterus, and is one of the leading advocates of vaginal hysterectomy for cancer. He has invented a number of surgical instruments for gynecological use, and also an operating table. Among his important published papers are those on "Salpingitis," "The Treatment of Suppurative Disease of the Uterine Appendages," "The Advantage of doing Intermediate Traelorraphy," "Cardiac Neurosis due to Uterine Displacements," "Histology of the Uterine Mucosa," "The Manual Treatment of Pelvic Diseases," "Exfoliative Cystitis," and "The Treatment of Posterior Displacements of the Uterus." He is ex-Chairman of the Gynecological Section of the New York Academy of Medicine, ex-President of the New York Obstetrical Society and a member of the American, the International, and the British Gynecological societies, and the Obstetrical and Pathological societies. He was married in 1891 to Hedwig Kruger, of Berlin.

BRUNNER, William John, 1854–

Class of 1879 Med.

Born at Felsberg, Germany, 1854; studied in public schools; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1879; in practice since 1879.

WILLIAM JOHN BRUNNER, M.D., son of Henry and Elizabeth (Reichhardt) Brunner, was born on June 30, 1854, at Felsberg, Hesse-Cassel, Germany, and was educated in public schools. He studied and practiced pharmacy until 1876, and then turned his attention to the medical profession. He was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the Medical College of New York University on February 18, 1879, and has been in practice since that date. His practice is an extensive one, especially in the down-town region of New York City. He is a member of the New York State, New York County, and German Medical associations, the Physicians' Mutual Aid Association, the Masonic Order, the Knights of



WILLIAM J. BRUNNER

Honor, and the Knights and Ladies of Honor. He was married to Mrs. Anna V. (Schmelzle) Mundorff on March 3, 1881, and has one daughter, Elizabeth Brunner. His address is No. 232 East 15th Street, New York.

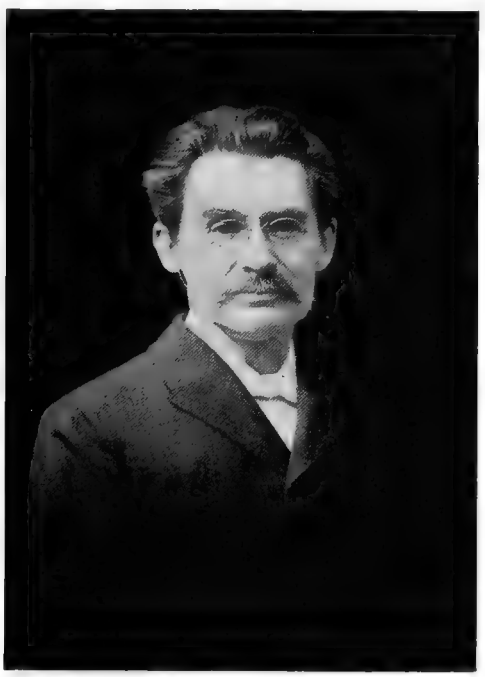
CARMAN, Albro Richard, 1847–

Class of 1879 Med.

Born in Brooklyn, New York, 1847; studied in public schools and at Fort Edward Institute, N. Y.; in mercantile life, 1865-75; graduated M.D., Medical College of New York University, 1879; practicing physician, New York, since 1879.

ALBRO RICHARD CARMAN, M.D., comes of a family conspicuous in the history of the United States. His paternal great-grandfather,

Thomas Carman, was a Captain in the Revolutionary Army, under General Greene, his grandfather, Richard Carman, was a Colonel in the War of 1812, stationed at Fort Greene, Brooklyn, and his father, Valentine Carman, was a merchant of Brooklyn. On the side of his mother, whose maiden name was Adaline Albro, he is descended in the second generation from James Albro, an officer in the War of 1812 and the first manufacturer of oilcloth in the United States, and in the third generation from Joshua Crandal, a sea captain who took an early part in the Revolutionary War and was captured by



A. R. CARMAN

the British. Dr. Carman was born in Brooklyn, New York, on April 25, 1847, and was educated in the public schools and at the well known Fort Edward Institute, at Fort Edward, New York. On leaving school he entered mercantile life and was engaged therein for the ten years from 1865 to 1875, six of them being spent as a travelling salesman. Then he turned his attention to the study of medicine. He entered the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1879, since which date he has been engaged in the general practice of his profession, in New York City. He is a member of the Harlem Club, of the Academy of Medicine, of the New York County Medical Society, of the Harlem Medical Society, of the New York State Medical Society, and of the Physicians' Mutual Aid Society. He was married to Gertrude Horton on March 9, 1881.

CARMAN, Theron Lawrence, 1858–

Class of 1879 Med.

Born in New York, 1858; studied at Columbia Grammar School, Anthon's Grammar School, New York, and Holbrook's Military Academy, Sing Sing, N. Y.; graduated LL.B., New York University Law Department, 1879; employed and studied in office of Judge Birdseye; admitted to Bar, 1880; practicing lawyer, New York, since 1880.

THERON LAWRENCE CARMAN is a direct descendant of John and Florence Carman, who came to this country from England in 1631 in the ship Lion and settled at Roxbury, Massachusetts. From that place they removed to Hempstead, Long Island, in 1643. In later years members of the family owned a large part of the northern end of Manhattan Island, where a considerable village, now of course absorbed into New York City, long bore the name of Carmansville. Mr. Carman's mother was, before her marriage, Jeannie D. Campbell, a descendant of the famous Campbell clan of Scotland, of which the Duke of Argyll is the head. His great-great-grandmother, Mrs. Jane Campbell, was with her mother and children taken prisoner at the massacre of Cherry Valley, New York, in 1778, while her husband, Colonel Samuel Campbell, an officer in the Colonial Army, was away at the war. The mother, being old and feeble and unable to travel, was tomahawked by the Indians the day after the massacre. The mother and children were distributed among the Indian tribes, but later exchanged for English prisoners and returned to their home. The subject of this sketch, son of Theron Lawrence Carman and Jeannie D. C. Carman, was born in New York City on December 12, 1858. In boyhood he attended the Columbia Grammar School, and Anthon's Grammar School, in New York, and Holbrook's Military Academy, at Sing Sing, New York. Then, deciding upon a professional career, he entered the Law School of New York University, and was graduated therefrom with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1879. He was not yet of age, and therefore had to wait for admission to the Bar. The time of waiting was spent as a clerk and student in the law office of Judge Birdseye, in New York City. Admission to the Bar came at last, in January, 1880, and he immediately began the practice of the profession and has maintained it with much success

ever since. While his practice deals principally with corporation, Surrogate's, and real estate law, he has appeared in many prominent litigations. Mr. Carman is Secretary of the Carman Family Association,

THERON L. CARMAN

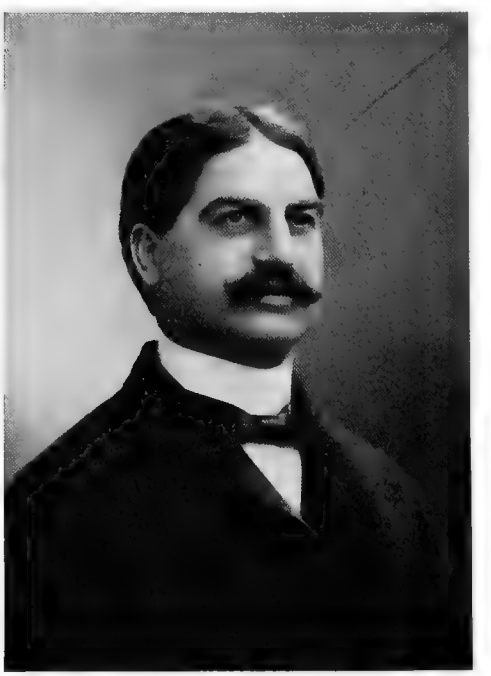
which was formed by the descendants of John and Florence Carman in 1881 at the celebration of the two hundred and fiftieth anniversary of their landing in America. He was formerly a member of the new Manhattan Athletic Club, of New York. He belongs to the Phi Gamma Delta Fraternity. He was first married to Leonora McCarthy, a relative of the historian and novelist Justin McCarthy, who bore him a daughter, Gladys. His second wife was Elizabeth McIntosh, by whom he has a son, Theron Lawrence Carman 3d. Mr. Carman lives in New York City.

CLARK, Franklin Henry.

Class of 1879 Med.

Born at Cleveland, Ohio; studied at Willoughby College, Oberlin College, and Harvard; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1879; served and studied in Bellevue Hospital and in Europe; in active practice, in nervous and chronic diseases; City Physician, Cleveland, 1880-84; Surgeon, National Guard, 1885-90.

FRANKLIN HENRY CLARK, M.D., who was born at Cleveland, Ohio, is a son of Daniel and Jane Elizabeth Clark, both natives of the Isle of Man, who came to this country in 1820 and settled at Cleveland. He pursued a literary course at Willoughby College for two years, and afterward studied for two years at Oberlin College and one year at Harvard. Then he entered the Medical College of New York University, pursued its three years' course and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1879. His training for professional life comprised two years' study and service in Bellevue Hospital, a private course under Dr. Alfred L. Loomis at Bellevue, a private course in surgery under Dr. Darby at Bellevue and New York hospitals, a private course in chemistry under Dr. John T. Draper at New York University, a private course in physiology and pathology, under Professor Arnold, at New York University, and special study in London, Paris, Berlin and Vienna. Ever since receiving such preparation he has been in the active practice of his profession, paying especial attention to nervous and chronic disorders, and being much in demand as a consulting physician. He is also interested in real estate operations in Cleveland, being the owner of a large apartment house and a number



FRANKLIN H. CLARK

of fine residences in that city. He was a City Physician in Cleveland from 1880 to 1884, and Surgeon of the Fifth Regiment, Ohio National Guard, from 1885 to 1890. He has been a member of the

National Guard Medical Corps for fifteen years. He is also a member of the Cuyahoga County Medical Society, the Euclid Avenue Social Club, and other organizations. In politics he is a Republican, and he is a member of the Cleveland Republican Club. He was married on February 24, 1896, to Corinne M. Peck, of Cleveland, and has one son, Francis H. Clark. His home is at No. 475 Russell Avenue, and his office at No. 327 Prospect Street, Cleveland, Ohio.

COMSTOCK, Ira Morris, 1856–

Class of 1879 Med.

Born at Salisbury, N. Y., 1856; studied in district school, Whitestown Seminary, and Utica Business College; read medicine privately; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1879; post-graduate course, New York University, 1880; engaged in general medical practice at New York Mills, N. Y., since 1880.

IRA MORRIS COMSTOCK, M.D., was born at Salisbury, New York, on January 1, 1856, the son of Morris William and Sarah Rice Comstock,

IRA M. COMSTOCK

and a descendant of some of the earliest settlers of Connecticut and Rhode Island. His earliest education was acquired in the local public school, whence he went to the Whitestown (New York) Seminary, and the Utica Business College. He began to read medicine in the office of Dr. William M. James, of Whitesboro, New York, in 1876, and thence went to the Medical College of New York University, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine on February 18, 1879. In the winter of 1879–1880 he took a post-graduate course in the same institution. Thus equipped for professional work, on May 1, 1880, he began the general practice of medicine at New York Mills, New York, and has ever since been engaged therein in the same place. He was Visiting Physician to the Foxton Hospital from 1894 to 1900, and is a medical examiner for several life insurance companies. He is a member of the Oneida County Medical Society; of Oriental Lodge, of Masons, at Utica, New York; of Schuyler Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; of Whiting Lodge, of United Workmen; of the Independent Order of Foresters, and of various other social organizations. In politics he is a Republican. He was married on April 7, 1880, to Emma Bartlett, of Williamstown, New York. Their children are: Morris W., May Asenath, Aletha Emma, and Charles Ward Comstock. Dr. Comstock's address is New York Mills, New York.

DALL, William Brand, 1858–

Class of 1879 Arts.

Born in Baltimore, Md., 1858; studied in private school, Burlington College, N. J., and Hasbrouck Institute, Jersey City; graduated A.B., New York University, 1879; LL.B., Columbia College Law School, 1882; in legal practice since 1882.

WILLIAM BRAND DALL, A.B., LL.B., son of Austin and Mary (Brand) Dall, of Scotch and English ancestry, was born in the City of Baltimore, Maryland, on June 13, 1858. He attended the private school, "Penn Lucy," of Richard Malcolm Johnson, Burlington College at Burlington, New Jersey, and the Hasbrouck Institute, Jersey City, New Jersey. In 1875 he entered the College of Arts of New York University, where he was a member of Delta Phi, an officer of Eucleian, Editor of "The University Quarterly," and Junior orator. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1879. In 1882 he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws from the Law School of Columbia College, and since then has been engaged in legal practice in New York City. He is a member of the Masonic Order and the Royal Arcanum, and in politics he is a Democrat. He was married on April 28, 1886, to Vir-

ginia S. Wilbert, and has one son, William Brand Dall, Jr. His home is at No. 22 South Elliott Place, Brooklyn, New York.

ECCLESINE, Joseph Brodie, 1820–

Class of 1879 Law.

Born at Wicklow, Ireland, 1820; engaged in life insurance before 1859; editor and publisher, 1859-77; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1879; in practice since 1879.

JOSEPH BRODIE ECCLESINE, who was born in Wicklow, Ireland, on February 29, 1820, is the son of Robert and Elizabeth (McClelland) Ecclesine, and comes of a family which was originally French, which was transplanted to Scotland and known as Egglesoine, and finally brought to the United States by the way of the North of Ireland. He was educated in private schools and by tutors, and then became the representative of the British Commercial Life Insurance Society at Washington, District of Columbia, and a frequent contributor to periodical literature. From 1859 to 1877 he was Editor and Publisher of "The New York Underwriter and General Joint Stock Register," and in 1864 he edited and published "A Compendium of Laws and Decisions Affecting Fire Insurance Companies in Relation to Mobs, Riots and Invasions." An interesting contrast in topics is presented by one of his latest works on "Discrepancies and Anachronisms in Shakespeare's 'Henry IV., Part I,'" which was published in 1900. Mr. Ecclesine finally turned his attention to legal studies, and was in 1879 graduated from the Law School of New York University. In politics he is a Democrat, but he has not been active therein save to assist his son, Thomas Ecclesine, in his election to the New York State Assembly in 1877 and to the State Senate in 1878. He has held no public place, save a clerkship in the New York County Clerk's office for a few months in 1878. Mr. Ecclesine was married in December, 1845, to Marcella Keatinge, and has two sons: Thomas and Joseph Ecclesine. His office is at No. 203 Broadway, and his home at No. 129 East 15th Street, New York.

HANNEMAN, Louis, 1858–

Class of 1879 Law.

Born in New York, 1858; studied at De La Salle Institute, 1867–69; public school, 1869-74; College of City of New York, 1874-75; New York University, 1877-79; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1879; practicing lawyer in New York since 1879; Attorney for City of New York during administrations of Mayors Grant and Gilroy; Chairman General Committee of Tammany Hall, 1886; one of the organizers of Greater New York Democracy, and Chairman of the County Committee.

LOUIS HANNEMAN is through his father, Andrew Paul Hanneman, a descendant of the illustrious physician Hahnemann, the Founder of Homeopathy, and through his mother, whose maiden name was Christina Kirschner, a descendant of the royal house of Bavaria and a great-nephew of General Wallot of Bavaria. He was born in New York City on October 22, 1858, and was first sent

LOUIS HANNEMAN

to school at the De La Salle Institute of the Christian Brothers, in 1867–1869. From 1869 to 1874 he was in a public school and in 1874–1875 in the College of the City of New York. He then turned his attention to legal studies, reading law in the office of the Hon. Jacob A. Gross and ex-Judge Michael C. Gross, and also studying in the Law School of New York University from 1877 to 1879. In May of the last named year he was graduated from the University with the degree of Bachelor of Laws, and since that time has been engaged in legal practice in New York. He was Corporation Attorney for the City of New York during the administrations of Mayors Grant and Gilroy and during a part of that of Mayor Strong and he has

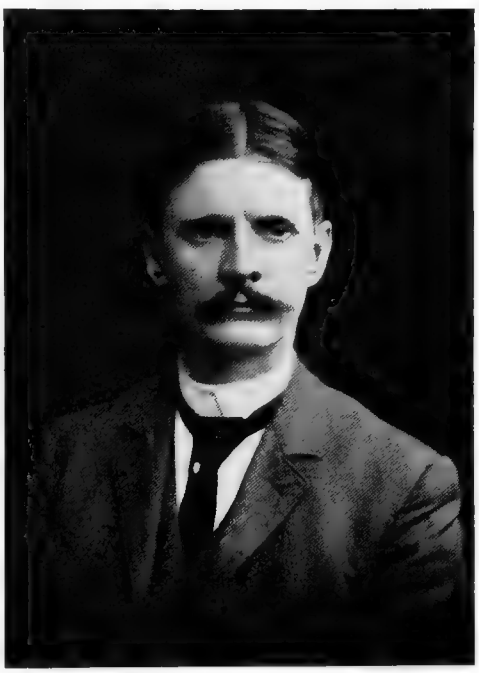
also been an officer of Company B. of the Twenty-second Regiment, New York State National Guard. Mr. Hanneman is a Democrat in politics and has been prominent and active in political affairs. In 1886 he was Chairman of the General Committee of Tammany Hall. Later he became one of the organizers of the Greater New York Democracy, in antagonism to Tammany Hall, and as Chairman of the County Committee took a prominent part in the campaign which resulted in the election of Seth Low as Mayor. In 1901 he became Chairman of the County Committee of the Greater New York Democracy and also leader of that party in the Tenth Assembly District. He is a member of the Municipal Art Society of New York, the Royal Arcanum, the Order of Odd Fellows, the Knights of Pythias, the Masonic Order, the Democratic Club, the Veteran Association of the Twenty-second Regiment, the Gravesend Bay Yacht Club, and other organizations. He is President of the Bath Beach Real Estate Association and a Director of the Little Joe Mining Company and the Ne Plus Ultra Mining Company. He was married on March 12, 1898, to Amanda M. Ludeman and has one child, Elsie Louise Hanneman. His city home is in New York and his summer home at Bath Beach, Long Island.

KOENIG, Adolph, 1855–

Class of 1879 Med.

Born in Switzerland, 1855; studied in public schools and Tarentum Academy, Pennsylvania; Medical Department, University of Louisville, Ky., 1877-78; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1879; in hospital service, 1879-80; in general practice since 1880; Professor in Pittsburg College of Pharmacy since 1885.

ADOLPH KOENIG, M.D., is a son of Christian and Magdalena (Iseli) Koenig, and comes of a family chiefly devoted to agricultural pursuits, though in each of several generations one member of it was a physician. He was born at Wiggiswyl, Switzerland, on October 30, 1855, and was brought to the United States in his childhood. His early education was acquired in the public schools of Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, and in Tarentum Academy, in the same county. He began his professional studies under the direction of Dr. James McCann, of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. In 1877–78 he studied in the Medical Department of the University of Louisville, Kentucky, and in 1878–79 he was in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which has since been incorporated with New York University. He was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1879, and for the following year was Resident Physician in the Western Pennsylvania Hospital, in Pittsburg. For a short time in the summer of 1880 he practiced in San Francisco, California, and in September of that year settled in Pittsburg, where he has since remained in the general practice of medicine. He has been Professor of Botany and Materia Medica in the Pittsburg College of Pharmacy since 1885. From 1886 to 1897 he was one of the editors of



ADOLPH KOENIG

"The Pittsburg Medical Review" and since the latter year has been Editor and Publisher of "The Pennsylvania Medical Journal." He was a Public School Director in Pittsburg in 1899–1900 and again in 1902. Since 1892 he has been Visiting Physician to the Roselia Foundling Asylum, and since 1898 Assistant Surgeon to the Pennsylvania Railroad. In 1893–94 he was First Vice-President of the Medical Society of the State of Pennsylvania, in 1895 he was President of the Western Pennsylvania Botanical Society, and in 1897 he was President of the Allegheny County Medical Society. In 1889 he was married to Fannie M. Low, who died a year later. In 1895 he was again married to Mary B. Jeffcoat. He has five children: Adolphus, Jr., Eugene Jeff-

coat, Rhoda Victoria, Beatrice Iseli, and Olivia Koenig. His address is No. 122 Ninth Street, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania.

LEONARD, Milton Hall, 1858–

Class of 1879 Med.

Born in New Bedford, Mass., 1858; studied in public schools and under private tutor; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1879; in practice since 1879; Physician to Town of Dartmouth, Mass., etc.

MILTON HALL LEONARD, M.D., has the distinction of being descended from no fewer than ten members of the "Mayflower" company

MILTON HALL LEONARD

of pilgrims who landed at Plymouth in 1620. These were the Hon. John Howland, John Tilly and Bridget Van der Water his wife, Elizabeth Tilly, their daughter who married the Hon. John Howland, James Chilton and Susannah his wife, and Mary Chilton their daughter, Edward Winslow and Elizabeth his wife, and Thomas Rogers. He is also descended from James Leonard, who came from Wales in 1636 and landed at Salem, Massachusetts, afterward establishing at Taunton, Massachusetts, the first successful iron works in North America, the line running from James Leonard through his son Benjamin, his son Joseph, his son Philip, his son George, his son Samuel, and his son Henry Taber Leonard. The last named married Deborah Allen Butler, and to them the subject of this sketch was born in New Bedford, Massachusetts, on April 17, 1858. He was educated in the public schools of New Bedford and under the private instruction of Miss Betsey B. Winslow. Thence he came to the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine on March 17, 1879. Since that time he has been engaged in practice in Massachusetts. He was Physician to the Town of Dartmouth in 1885–89; Physician to the Bristol County Jail and House of Correction in 1880–97; Visiting Physician to St. Luke's Hospital, New Bedford; and President of the Bristol South District Medical Society in 1901. He is a member of the Massachusetts Medical Society, the American Medical Association, the Alumni Association of New York University, the Old Colony Historical Society, and the Leonard Family Genealogical Historical and Memorial Association. He has published a pamphlet on the subdermic use of morphia in infantile convulsions. Dr. Leonard was married on September 13, 1892, to Sarah Parthenia Gafford, of the Gafford family of the Eastern Shore of Maryland. His address is No. 62 Fifth Street, New Bedford, Massachusetts.

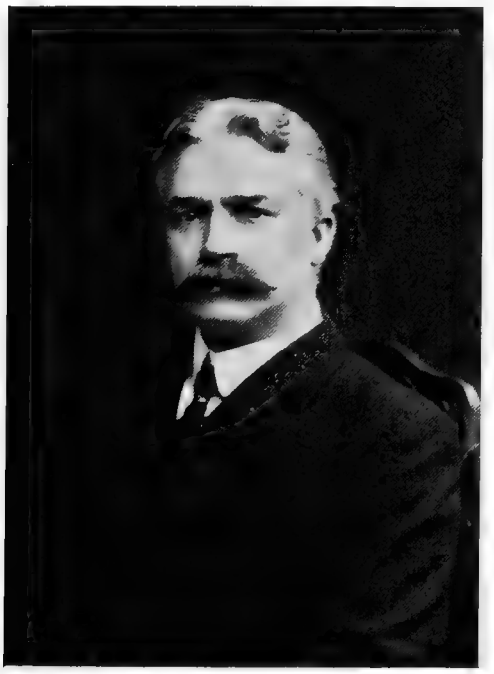
PITKIN, Leonard Fox, 1858–

Class of 1879 Med.

Born in Montgomery, Ala., 1858; studied in public schools, high school at Middletown, Conn., and Wesleyan University; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1879; served in hospitals three years; studied abroad one year; in general practice in New York since 1883.

LEONARD FOX PITKIN, M.D., though born in the South, is a member of an old New England family of distinguished history. For more than two centuries the Pitkins have been conspicuously identified with the history of New England, and especially of the State of Connecticut. In his "History of East Hartford" Mr. J. O. Goodwin says: "Seldom is it the fortune of one family to have numbered so many individuals raised to distinction in the affairs of a State by their own abilities as in the case of the Pitkin family. . . No other family of our commonwealth stood so constantly and for so long a time in the front of current events, unless it was the Wolcott family of Windsor." And the Wolcott family is descended from Martha Pitkin Wolcott, sister of the first American progenitor of the Pitkin family. Dr. Pitkin is a son of Leonard and Eliza Anne (Fox) Pitkin, and a direct descend-

ant of William Pitkin, who came from England and settled at East Hartford, Connecticut, in 1648, and also of William Pitkin, who was Commander-in-chief of the Colony of Connecticut under King George III. The Fox family, to which his mother belonged, also came from England in early times and figured largely in the Colonial and Revolutionary eras. Dr. Pitkin was born at Montgomery, Alabama, on August 23, 1858, and received his general education at Middletown, Connecticut, in the common schools, the high school, and, for a part of the undergraduate course, in Wesleyan University. Leaving Wesleyan



LEONARD F. PITKIN

without graduating, he entered the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1879. For three years thereafter he served in New York City hospitals as an Interne, and for a year studied abroad, in London and Paris. Since then he has been engaged in a lucrative and successful general practice in New York City. Since 1899 he has been Surgeon to the corporation which is constructing the Rapid Transit Subway. He is a member of the American Medical Association, and other organizations. On April 14, 1880, he was married to Helen Langman, of New York, and has one child, Marguerite Pitkin. His address is No. 911 Seventh Avenue, New York.

SWAINE, Edgar Lacy, 1857–

Class of 1879 Sci.

Born in New York, 1857; graduated B.S. and C.E., New York University, 1879; Civil Engineer in railroad service since 1879.

EDGAR LACY SWAINE, B.S., C.E., was born in New York City on July 31, 1857, the son of Colonel Peter Swaine and Cornelia (Lacy) Swaine. In New York University he was President of his class in the Junior year, Junior orator, President of the Lacrosse Club, and a member of Phi Beta Kappa. He was graduated with the degrees of Bachelor of Science and Civil Engineer in 1879, and since that time has been engaged as a Civil Engineer in railroad work. He was engaged on the Sante Fé Railroad in 1879–81: an engineer and United States Deputy Mineral Surveyor in New Mexico in 1881–85; on the Silver City, Deming and Pacific Railroad, 1885–88; on a Cable Street Railway in Los Angeles, California, 1888–89; and on the Southern Pacific Railroad, Resident Engineer at Los Angeles, since 1890. He is a member of the Military Order of Loyal Legion of the United States. He was married in 1883 to Florence Parker, and has one child, Le Roy Parker Swaine. He lives at Los Angeles, California.

THOMPSON, Rufus Allen, 1853–

Class of 1879 Med.

Born at Sidney, N. Y., 1853; studied in various schools and academies; taught school; studied medicine; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1879; in practice since 1879; President of Board of Health, Norwich, N. Y., since 1900.

RUFUS ALLEN THOMPSON, M.D., is a son of Rufus Alden Thompson, who was a son of Zenus Thompson and Sarah Thompson, the latter a daughter of Abner and Betsey (Cross) Wood. Zenus Thompson was a son of Caleb Thompson and Lydia Thompson, the latter a daughter of Elder Noah Alden, a Baptist clergyman. Caleb Thompson was an Aide to his uncle, Captain David Thompson, at Forts Ticonderoga, and Stanwix, and Crown Point, and himself became a Captain before the end of the Revolution, and he was a grandson of Hur Thompson, who came from Scotland in 1686 and settled at what is now Thompsonville, Connecticut. Dr. Thompson's mother, Samantha Sylvia (Clark) Thompson, was a daughter of Joseph Allen Clark and Eleanor (Wilson) Clark, the latter a daughter of Samuel Wilson and Eleanor (Morris) Wilson. The Wilson and Morris families were settlers in

Cherry Valley, New York, and Eleanor Morris, an infant at the time, was one of the few who escaped the awful massacre there in 1778. Joseph Allen Clark was a son of Simon and Sarah (Allen) Clark, who moved from New Bedford, Massachusetts, to Schenectady, New York, in 1790. Of such ancestry Dr. Thompson was born in the Town of Sidney, Delaware County, New York, on November 30, 1853. He studied at the Delaware Literary Institute at Franklin, New York, the New York State Normal School at Cortland, and Lowell's Commercial College at Binghamton, New York. At the age of sixteen

R. A. THOMPSON

he began teaching school during his own vacations and in evenings. In 1874 he went to Iowa, and thence the next year to Minneapolis, Minnesota. There he determined to become a physician, and accordingly returned to the east and began studying medicine in the office of Dr. H. J. Travis at Masonville, New York. Thence he came to the Medical College of New York University, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1879. During his course he was much under the influence of Dr. Alfred L. Loomis, and has ever since felt that he owed to him and to Dr. Travis a great debt of gratitude for their encouragement and direction. Immediately after graduation he began practice at his native place, Sidney, New York, and there remained until the fall of 1883, when he removed to Franklin, New York. In the fall of 1886 he suspended practice and devoted a year to special studies, and then, in 1888, established himself at Norwich, New York, where he still remains. He was for many years prior to 1895 active in politics, as a speaker and delegate to conventions. He was in 1892 a candidate for State Senator. In 1890 he was elected Coroner of Chenango County, New York, and he is now in the third term of his Presidency of the Norwich Board of Health. He is a member of the Chenango County Medical Society, the New York State Medical Association, and the American Medical Association, and has been President of the first named. He has written occasional articles for newspapers and magazines on political and medical topics. He was married on December 25, 1878, to Rose B. Moulton, daughter of Henry and Huldah (Peck) Moulton of Mount Upton, New York, and has one child, Elizabeth Moulton Thompson.

WEISS, George Conrad, 1861–

Class of 1879 Med.

Born in New York, 1861; studied in public schools; graduated A.B., College of City of New York, 1879, and M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1879; Interne, Charity Hospital, New York, 1882-84; in general practice since 1885; Health Officer, President of Board of Health, and Alderman, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

GEORGE CONRAD WEISS, M.D., a prominent physician of Mount Vernon, New York, was born in New York City on May 20, 1861, the son of Conrad and Franceska Weiss. He was graduated from the public schools of Mount Vernon, New York, and of New York City, and also from the College of the City of New York with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1879. In the same year he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University. From 1882 to 1884 he was an Interne in the New York Charity Hospital on Blackwell's Island. Since 1885 he has been engaged in general practice in the City of Mount Vernon, New York, where he has been Health Officer in 1885–88, Alderman in 1895–97, and President of the Board of Health since 1900. He is President of the Medical Association of Mount Vernon and its environs, and a member of the Westchester County and New York State Medical societies. His address is No. 154 Stevens Avenue, Mount Vernon, New York.

BERIER, De Lagnel, 1859–

Class of 1880.

Born at Fort Hamilton, N. Y., 1859; studied at Trinity School, Brooklyn, and Trinity Church School, New York; pursued special course, New York University, and received diploma, 1880; LL.B., Columbia Law School, 1882; in legal practice, Brooklyn and New York, since 1882.

DE LAGNEL BERIER, a member of the Bar of the State of New York and of the United States, was born at Fort Hamilton, now a part of the City of New York, on October 5, 1859, the son of Francis E. and Julia Ann (Stanton) Berier. His

DE L. BERIER

early instruction was received at Trinity School, Brooklyn, and at the Trinity Church School, New York. From the latter institution he proceeded to New York University, and pursued a special or eclectic course of study in the School of Arts, at the end of which, in 1880, he received a special course diploma, without degree. During his course in the University he was a member of the Eucleian Literary Society, and was for a time Secretary and Vice-President of the same. Upon leaving New York University Mr. Berier took up the study of law, in the offices of Messrs. Hubbard & Rushmore, in Brooklyn, and also in the law school of Columbia College, where he was one of the charter members of the Story Chapter of the Phi Delta Phi Fraternity and also a member of the Beta Theta Pi Fraternity, in the Columbia Chapter. He was graduated from the law school with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1882, and thereupon began the practice of his profession. Until 1885 he practiced in Brooklyn, and since that date has been professionally settled in New York. From 1890 to 1894 he was associated with the late Edward McCarthy, in the firm of McCarthy & Berier, at No. 50 Wall Street. Thereafter for two years he was an attorney for the Fidelity and Casualty Company, at No. 97 Cedar Street. At the present time his offices are at No. 149 Broadway, New York. He was admitted to the Bar of the State of New York in 1882, and to that of the Supreme Court of the United States in 1892. So far as Mr. Berier has a specialty in his profession it is admiralty. He has held no political office. Until 1896 he was a Democrat, but since that date he has been a member of the Republican party. He is a member of the Lawyers' Club of New York, and of the American Ornithologists' Union. He was married in 1887 to Isabella Webb Parsons, and now makes his home at Ridgewood, New Jersey.

BLAKE, Henry Sargent, 1860–

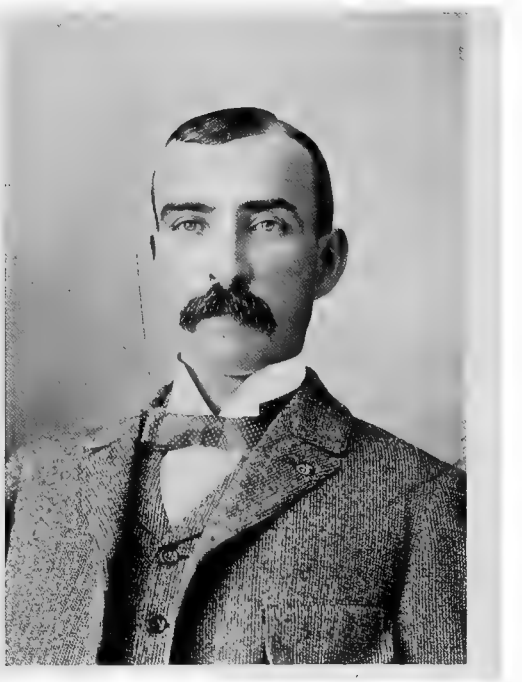
Class of 1880.

Born at Middletown, Conn., 1860; studied at Institut Dupont-Truffier, Paris, and Anthon's Grammar School, New York; spent Sophomore and Junior years in Class of 1880, New York University, but left without graduating to enter business; engaged in banking since 1879.

HENRY SARGENT BLAKE, banker, was born at Middletown, Connecticut, on March 10, 1860. His father, John Ellis Blake, Doctor of Medicine, and his mother, whose maiden name was Elizabeth Stone Gray, were both of English ancestry, the former tracing his descent from Robert de Blakeland, in 1347. Mr. Blake studied at the Institut Dupont-Truffier, in Paris, France, and at Dr. Anthon's Grammar School, in New York, and at the latter was prepared for advanced entrance into New York University. He became a member of the Class of 1880, and pursued the courses of the Sophomore and Junior years in the University. On March 10, 1879, however, he withdrew in order to engage in business. Upon that date he entered the banking house of Blake Brothers & Co., of New York, and has since that time been constantly identified with it. He is a member of the Greenroom Club, and of the Amateur Comedy Club of

New York, and is married but has no children. His office is at No. 25 Broad Street, New York, and his home at "Hillside Ranch," Granton, New Jersey, where the June, 1900, reunion of the Class of 1880 was held and was attended by sixteen members of that class. He has also a summer home on the seaside at Clinton, Connecticut, in connection with an extensive shore property there, on which he has built up the cottage colony of "Beach Park," the management of which is entirely in his hands.

HENRY S. BLAKE



DAVID W. COCHRAN

COCHRAN, David William, 1854–

Class of 1880 Vet.

Born in New York, 1854; studied in public school and College of City of New York; graduated D.V.S., Columbia Veterinary College, 1879; D.V.S., American Veterinary College, 1880; Founder and head of David W. Cochran Veterinary Hospital, New York.

DAVID WILLIAM COCHRAN, D.V.S., is a son of John Stewart Cochran and Catherine H. Cochran, of Scotch-Irish origin, and was born in New York City on July 23, 1854. He studied in Public School No. 34, and the College of the City of New York, and for seven years worked in the architectural iron trade. He then entered the Columbia Veterinary College and was graduated a Doctor of Veterinary Science on April 23, 1879, following with a course in the American Veterinary College, from which latter institution, now a part of New York University, he was graduated a Doctor of Veterinary Surgery on February 27, 1880. He then devoted himself to his profession, founding the David W. Cochran Veterinary Hospital, at first at No. 15 Vestry Street, and now at No. 19 Vestry Street, New York. He was for a time Lecturer on Pathological Horseshoeing at the American Veterinary College. He is a member of the Masonic Order, including Knights Templar and Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He was married on August 21, 1884, to Isabelle A. Warwick, and has three children: Edith C., Jessie I., and Davetta A. Cochran. His home is at No. 120 West 12th Street, New York.

CRUIKSHANK, William Joseph, 1859–

Class of 1880 Med.

Born in St. John, N. B., 1859; studied in public schools, Portland, Me., and New York; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1880; in practice since 1880.

WILLIAM JOSEPH CRUIKSHANK, M.D., son of John and Matilda Josephine (Irwin) Cruikshank, of Scotch and Irish ancestry, was born at St. John, New Brunswick, Canada, on April 2,

1859. His academic education was received in the public schools of Portland, Maine, and New York City, and he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the New York University Medical College in 1880. Immediately thereafter he settled in Brooklyn, New York, in the practice of his profession, and has there since remained. For about five years he was a Sanitary Inspector on the staff of the Department of Health of Brooklyn, having been appointed to that place by Mayor Low. He is a member of the Kings County Medical Society, the New York State Medical Association, and the Brooklyn Pathological Society. In politics he is an Independent. He was married on December 2, 1885, to Maud Foster, and has one daughter, Marion Cruikshank. His address is No. 102 Fort Greene Place, Brooklyn, New York.

DOLD, William Elliott, 1856–

Class of 1880 Med.

Born at Harrisonburg, Va., 1856; studied in private schools, Washington and Lee University, University of Virginia, New York University, and University of Vienna; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1880; extensive hospital and asylum practice; Physician in charge of River Crest Sanitarium, Astoria, New York.

WILLIAM ELLIOTT DOLD, M.D., a well known alienist of New York, is a native of Virginia, and on the side of his father, Samuel Miller Dold, M.D., a descendant of a family settled in the Valley of Virginia for many generations. On the side of his mother, whose maiden name was Sue Heneberger, he is of Dutch descent. He was born at Harrisonburg, Rockingham County, Virginia, on July 25, 1856, and received a practical and thorough education. He first attended private schools in Virginia, under the Rev. A. P. Boude, the Rev. R. T. Barton, and others. In the three years 1873–76 he pursued an academic course at the Washington and Lee University, at Lexington, Virginia; studied medicine under Dr. John Graham, of Virginia, in 1877–78, and in 1878–79 continued his professional studies at the University of Virginia. Thence he came to New York University, pursued the course of its Medical College in 1879–80, and in the latter year was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. He pursued special courses of study under Professor Draper, Professor A. L. Loomis, Dr. William Welch, Dr. Bosworth, and Dr. Joseph Winters. Later, in 1885–87, he did special work in European asylums for the insane, and studied at the University of Vienna, receiving from that institution special diplomas. His hospital and asylum work, to which his professional career has been chiefly devoted, was begun immediately after graduation, in the Randall's Island Hospital, New York. Thereafter he was Assistant Physician at the Manhattan State Hospital for Men, in 1880–81; Assistant Physician at the Northern Hospital for the Insane at Winnebago, Wisconsin, in 1881–82; Junior Assistant Physician at the Bloomingdale Asylum, New York, in 1882–85; in asylums in Europe, as already stated, in 1885–87; Senior Assistant

W. E. DOLD

Physician at Bloomingdale Asylum, in 1888–98, and Acting Medical Superintendent of Bloomingdale for a time; Medical Superintendent of the Oakwood Sanitarium, at Lake Geneva, Wisconsin, in 1899–1900; and Physician in charge of the River Crest Sanitarium, Astoria, Long Island, (New York City, Borough of Queens), since 1900. In the last named work he is associated with Dr. John Joseph Kindred, a fellow Virginian. In addition to his office and home at the sanitarium, he has an office at No. 1125 Madison Avenue, New York City. He is a member of the Southern Society of New York, the sons of Confederate Veterans, the Medico-Psychological Society of the United States, the American Medical Association, the New York

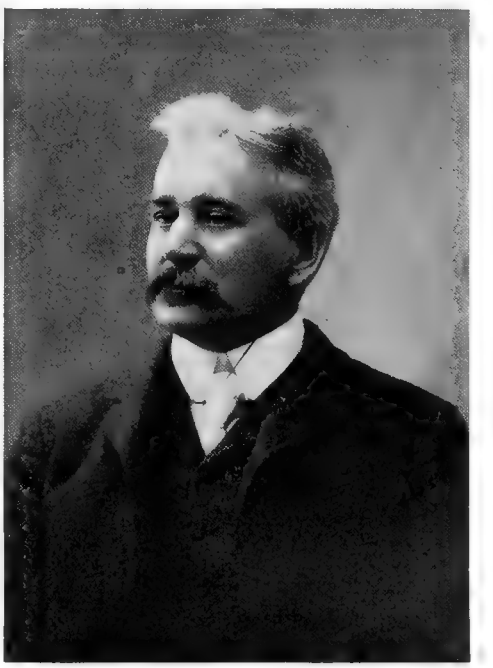
County Medical Society, the New York Society of Medical Jurisprudence, and the Medical Society of the Greater New York; a fellow of the New York Academy of Medicine, and a member, and formerly Vice-President, of the Wisconsin Central Medical Society. He was married on April 27, 1887, to Willy T. Brown, of Albemarle County, Virginia, and has two children: Douglas Meriwether and William Elliott Dold, Jr. Mrs. Dold died on July 2, 1902.

FEENEY, Michael Bernard, 1859–

Class of 1880 Med.

Born in New York, 1859; studied in public schools and College of City of New York; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1880; served at Bellevue Hospital, 1879-80; Chief Sanitary Inspector, Borough of Manhattan, New York, since 1898; Editor of "Public Health Record"; in practice in New York since February, 1881.

MICHAEL BERNARD FEENEY, M.D., comes from the families of Feeney and Haran which were settled in Sligo, Ireland, since the times of the Druids. His father and mother, Michael and Mary (Haran) Feeney, came to America about 1840, and settled in New York, where he was born on January 4, 1859. His education was begun in the public schools of his native city, and was continued through three years in the College of the City of New York. Then, selecting the medical profession for his life work, he entered the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated there with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1880. Meantime he did ambulance service at Bellevue Hospital in 1879–1880. On February 1, 1881, he began the practice of his profession in New York, and has been steadily and successfully engaged therein ever since. Since 1898 he has been Chief Sanitary Inspector of the Borough of Manhattan. He is a member of the New York County Medical Society, and of the New York Physicians' Mutual Aid Society, and is Editor of "The Public Health Record." Dr. Feeney is a Democrat in politics, and has been active in party affairs, though he has held no public office save that of School Trustee in the fourteenth Ward of New York, from 1884 to 1892. From 1892 to 1895 he was a member of the Executive Committee of the New York State Democracy and leader of the Seventh Assembly District in that organization and since then has been Chairman of the General Committee of Tammany Hall in the Sixth Assembly District. He is a member of the Democratic Club of New York, the Metamora Club, the Naphthali Lodge, No. 752, F. & A. M., and other fraternities and organizations. He was married on January 4, 1883, to Margaret M. M. Tierney, of New York, who bore him four children: Margaret M., Adelaide M., Joseph M., and Bernard M. Feeney. Mrs. Feeney



M. B. FEENEY

died on July 17, 1894. On July 29, 1899, Dr. Feeney was again married, to Juliette L. Fitzgerald. His address is No. 30 East 7th Street, New York.

FINCH, Charles Hervey, 1852–

Class of 1880 Med.

Born in New York, 1852; in telegraph service, 1865-74; graduated Ph.B., Brown University, 1877; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1880; practicing physician, Fall River, Mass., 1880-87, and East Providence, R. I., 1887-90; Medical Missionary of Baptist Board in China, 1890-1900; driven from China by Boxer uprising, 1900; resumed practice in United States, 1901.

CHARLES HARVEY FINCH, A.B., M.D., son of Robert T. and Emma (Case) Finch, was born in New York City on August 21, 1852, and received his early education in public and private schools in Norwich, Connecticut. When only a little more than thirteen years old, however, in September, 1865, he was compelled to go to

work for his own support, as a telegraph messenger boy. For three years he was thus engaged, and then became a telegraph operator, at Norwich. Two years later, in 1870, he removed to Boston and was there employed by the Western Union Telegraph Company until 1874. Meantime he had diligently pursued his studies, so that he was able to enter Brown University, Providence, Rhode Island, and be graduated in 1877 with the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy. He then became a student in the New York University Medical College, and in 1880 was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Immediately thereafter he began the practice of his profession at Fall River, Massachusetts, and remained there from 1880 to 1887. For the next three years he was in practice in East Providence, Rhode Island. In 1890 he went to Sui Fu, in the western part of China, as a Medical Missionary, under the auspices of the Baptist Board of Foreign Missions, and labored there with much devotion and success, though with serious injury to his health, for ten years. In 1900 came the terrible Boxer outbreaks, which extended to the part of China in which Dr. Finch was living. The Vice-Governor of the province was in league with the Boxers, and planned a general massacre of all Christians. Other counsels prevailed, however, to a sufficient extent to permit Dr. Finch, with his wife and youngest child, to escape. The refugees came to America, and here, in 1901, Dr. Finch resumed his medical practice. He was married on June 29, 1888, to Clara Blake Whitmarsh, and had four children: Stuart Reynolds, Myron Whitmarsh, Harvey Case, and Arthur Blake Finch. Of these Stuart died in infancy, at East Providence, and Harvey at the age of two years, in China.

HENDRICKSON, Nathaniel Carpenter, 1860–

Class of 1880 Arts.

Born at Jamaica, N. Y., 1860; eminent for scholarship in New York University; graduated A.B., New York University, 1880; A.M., 1883; Ph.D., 1888; LL.B., Columbia College Law School, 1884; instructor in University Grammar School, 1884.

NATHANIEL CARPENTER HENDRICKSON, A.M., Ph.D., LL.B., was born at Jamaica, Long Island, now a part of New York City, on May 8, 1860. He entered the College of Arts of New York University, and was there conspicuous for his scholarship. He belonged to Delta Phi and Phi Beta Kappa, and was Secretary of Eucleian, Junior orator, Editor of "The University Quarterly," University Contestant in Greek in the Intercollegiate Literary Association in 1880, and Greek Salutatorian and Second Fellow at Commencement. He was graduated in 1880 with the Baccalaureate degree in Arts, and received the Master's degree in 1883. He was graduated from the Columbia College Law School with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1884, and after a post-graduate course received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy from New York University in 1888. In 1884 he became an instructor in the University Grammar School, and later became its Principal. His home is at Jamaica, New York.

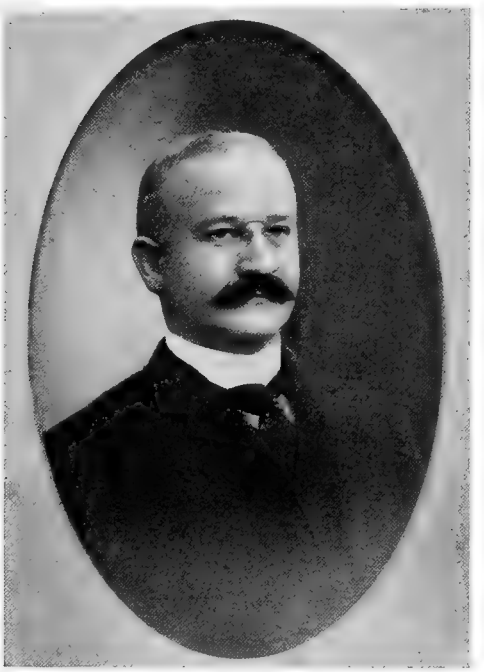
LEVY, Samuel D., 1860–

Class of 1880 Law.

Born in New York City, 1860; studied in public schools; graduated LL.B., New York University Law Department, 1880; studied in law offices; in practice since 1880; Director of United Hebrew Charities, 1882-95, and free counsel to same, 1889-95; President of Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Society since 1896.

SAMUEL D. LEVY, LL.B., comes of Bohemian stock on the side of his father, who was educated to be an instructor and was a fine classical scholar. On the side of his mother, whose maiden name was Babetta Koenigsberg, and who was born at Waldsdorf, Bavaria, he comes of German ancestry. He was born in New York City in 1860, and was educated in the public schools, including four years in the evening high schools. He was an apt scholar in all branches, but paid especial attention to political economy, German, law, and book-keeping. In the fall of 1879 he entered the Law Department of New York University, and because of his admirable preparation and by dint of hard work and earnest efforts, he was able to complete the two years' course in one year and be graduated in 1880. He had at that time been employed in law offices, in one capacity or another, since 1873, and of course had thus acquired a considerable knowledge of the profession. In the law class of 1880 he was one of only two Jews who entered the Prize Examinations, though there were more than a dozen other Jews in the class, all older than he. Mr. Levy has been steadily and successfully engaged in the practice of his profession in New York City ever since his graduation and admission to the Bar, and is now counsel for several large corporations. His practice deals with corporation, commercial and real estate law,

negligence suits and equity cases. In addition to the exacting duties of his profession, Mr. Levy has found time and strength to devote much attention to various public services. He was for seven years



S. D. LEVY

a Public School Trustee in the Eleventh Ward of New York. For two years he was Secretary of the Charity Organization Society in District No. 4. From 1882 to 1895 he was a Director of the United Hebrew Charities, and from 1889 to 1895 he was counsel, without pay, for the same beneficent organization. Not only did he give his services as counsel without remuneration, but he personally bore all the expenses of his office. In 1896 he was elected President of the Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Society (Orphan Asylum) of New York, and has been re-elected every year since. That institution affords a home to nine hundred children, orphans, half-orphans, abandoned and destitute, and spends more than $100,000 a year for their support and education. Mr. Levy is also an Associate Patron of the United Hebrew Charities, a Patron of the Montefiore Home for Chronic Invalids, a Donor of the Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Society, and a member of the societies of the Hebrew Orphan Asylum, the Mount Sinai Hospital, the Hebrew Infant Asylum, the Hebrew Technical Institute, the Association for the Aid of Jewish Prisoners, the East Side Ladies' Society, the Seaside Home, and various other charitable organizations. He was married on February 3, 1889, to Millie Irene Berg, sister of the distinguished physicians and surgeons, Drs. Henry W. and Albert A. Berg. His home is at No. 77 West 119th Street, and his offices are in the Dun Building, at Broadway and Reade Street, New York.

MOLLENHAUER, Richard, 1854–

Class of 1880 Med.

Born in New York, 1854; studied in private and public schools; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1880; in practice since 1880; Visiting Physician to St. Mark's Hospital; Attending Physician to the North Eastern Dispensary and to the German Polyclinic; author of papers on medical topics.

RICHARD MOLLENHAUER, M.D., is a son of Edward Mollenhauer, a native of Erfurt, Germany, and Agathe (Lenz) Mollenhauer, a native of Berlin, and is one of a family of four sons and one daughter. The father, Edward Mollenhauer, was a musician, and came to the United States as soloist in 1852 with Julian and his famous

R. MOLLENHAUER

orchestra. Richard Mollenhauer, the youngest of the four sons, was born in New York on February 28, 1854, and was educated in public and private schools, under Professors Marx, Lefferts, Rossi,

Dalumi, and others. He entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, in 1877, and was graduated a Doctor of Medicine in 1880. Since that time he has been steadily and successfully engaged in practice in New York City. He has been a Visiting Physician to St. Mark's Hospital, and an Attending Physician to the North Eastern Dispensary, and to the German Polyclinic. He has published papers on "Bacteria and Disease," "A Singular Case of Vertebral Disease," "Leprosy," and "The Germ of a Communicable Disease Derived from a Rabid Dog." He is a member of the New York County Medical Society, the Manhattan Medical and Surgical Society, the German Medical Society, the Society of Medical Jurisprudence, and the Neurological Society. Dr. Mollenhauer was married on January 6, 1892, to Adelaide G. Bauer, and has two children: a daughter, Marguerite Florence, and a son, Richard Frederick William Grant Mollenhauer. His address is No. 250 East 53rd Street, New York.

PUTNAM, Frederick Wallace, 1856–

Class of 1880 Med.

Born at Truxton, N. Y., 1856; graduated Homer Academy, Homer, N. Y., 1876; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1880; in practice since 1880; School Commissioner of Binghamton, 1882-84; Thirty-third degree Mason.

FREDERICK WALLACE PUTNAM, M.D., of Binghamton, New York, is the son of William Wallace Putnam and Philinda (Pierce) Putnam, and is descended from John Putnam, of Aston Abbotts, Bucks, England, who came to America, and died at Danvers, Massachusetts, on December 30, 1662. Dr. Putnam was educated at the Homer Academy, Homer, New York, and was graduated from it, in the classical course, in June, 1876. He then entered the office of Dr. H. C. Hendrick, of McGranville, New York, and thence came to New York University, and was graduated from its Medical College with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, in February, 1880. Since that date he has been steadily engaged in private practice, at Binghamton, New York. He was a School Commissioner of Binghamton in 1882–1884. He was one of the founders of the New York State Medical Association, and a Vice-president in 1894; a member of the Binghamton Academy of Medicine, and a life member of the Broome County (New York) Medical Society, of which he was President in 1886. He has been an Examining Physician for the Connecticut Mutual, and the Prudential Life Insurance companies for the past eighteen years, and is still in the service. Dr. Putnam is an eminent member of the Masonic Fraternity, having risen to the Thirty-third degree. He is a member of Binghamton Lodge, No. 177, F. & A.M., Binghamton Chapter, No. 139, R.A.M., Malta Commandery, No. 21, K.T., Otseningo Bodies A.A. Scottish Rite, and Otseningo Chapter, No. 14, Order of the Eastern Star; and he has held office in some of them for twenty years,

FREDERICK W. PUTNAM

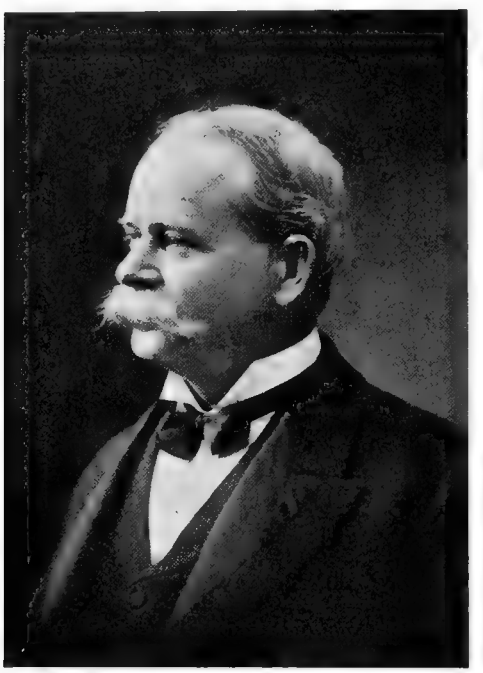
being Past High Priest R.A.M., Past Master Cryptic Rite, Past Commander K.T., Past Master Rose Croix, Past Commander-in-chief of the Scottish Rite, and Past Patron Order of the Eastern Star. For the past six years he has been the Foreign Correspondent of the Grand Chapter of the Order of the Eastern Star, and still continues in that relation. He has a library of 3,000 volumes, of which 700 are on Freemasonry, including the most complete collection of Eastern Star literature in the State of New York and one of only four private collections in existence. Dr. Putnam was married on March 18, 1880, at Newark Valley, New York, to M. Libbie Tubbs. They have no children. His address is Binghamton, New York.

REID, Adrian Young, 1848–

Class of 1880 Med.

Born at Crawfordsville, Georgia, 1848; educated at Flechyville Institute, Ga.; served in Confederate Army in Civil War; employed by Western Union Telegraph Co., and D. Appleton & Co., 1868 to 1880; entered New York University Medical College, 1878, and graduated M.D., 1880; in practice in New York since 1880.

ADRIAN YOUNG REID, M.D., son of Dr. James Ransom Reid and Araminta (Thomas) Reid, was born at Crawfordsville, Georgia, on November 3, 1848, and at an early age removed with his family to Thomasville, Georgia, where he received a



A. Y. REID

good English, classical and scientific education at the Flechyville Institute. At the age of sixteen he was drafted into the Confederate Army for the closing campaigns of the Civil War, and was thus compelled abruptly to abandon his books. After the war, the family having been much impoverished through the vicissitudes of the conflict, he set out for the North to make his own way in the world, and to seek further education. He reached New York in the fall of 1868, and at once entered the service of the Western Union Telegraph Company, as error clerk in the operating room. He soon became a proficient operator, and was put in charge of a telegraph office in the service of D. Appleton & Co., the publishers. His connection with that firm was of inestimable advantage to him. Surrounded with books and in contact with authors and publishers, his intellectual progress was greatly stimulated. He studied, meanwhile, in night schools, pursuing courses in Anatomy, Physiology, Chemistry, and Electricity. He also took private lessons in German, and attended many lectures by eminent scientists. After a year's study under Dr. M. B. Early of New York, he was matriculated in the New York University Medical College in the fall of 1878. The Western Union Telegraph Company kindly gave him a night office, with hours from six to nine p. m., and he thus continued in its employ during his college course. His salary being insufficient for his needs, however, he hit upon the plan of making more money by reporting college lectures for the benefit of others and his own profit. He thus made copious notes of the lectures of Professor Darling, of the Chair of Anatomy, and, with the Professor's permission, made copies thereof for sale among the other students. With a copying press he made five hundred copies of some four hundred pages of notes, and realized more than three hundred dollars from the enterprise. He did the same with the lectures of Professor Thomson, of the Chair of Materia Medica, performing the work in partnership with William Van Dyke, of Beyrout, Syria, and between them they realized about six hundred dollars. After graduating with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1880, Dr. Reid became for two years Visiting Physician to the De Milt Dispensary, and since then has been steadily engaged in private practice in New York City, with constantly increasing success and prosperity. He is a member of the Medical Society of the County of New York. He was married in June, 1880, to Mary Belle Polley, and has one child, Araminta Florence Reid. His address is No. 104 Lexington Avenue, New York.

ROBERTS, William Henry, 1860–

Class of 1880 Arts.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1860; graduated A.B., with honors, New York University, 1880; A.M., 1885; banker, 1881-84; Union Theological Seminary, 1884-87; Presbyterian minister since 1887.

WILLIAM HENRY ROBERTS, A.M., is a son of Hugh and Catharine (Morris) Roberts, and was born in Brooklyn, New York, on April 14, 1860. In New York University he was a member of Psi Upsilon and Phi Beta Kappa, and was conspicuous for his scholarship. He was Treas-

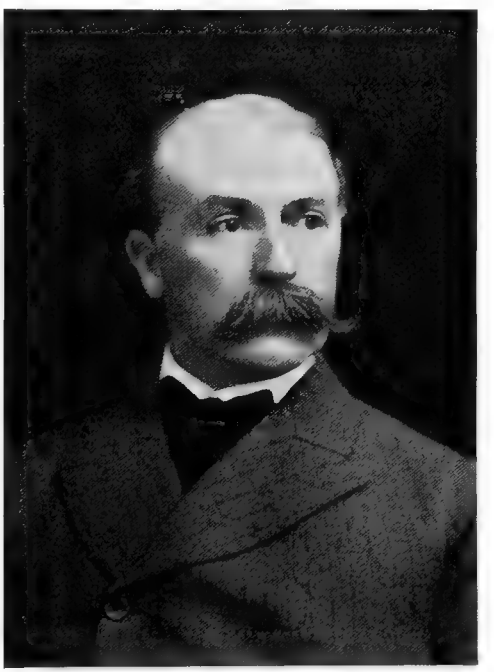
urer of his class, an officer of Eucleian, University Contestant in Mathematics in the Intercollegiate Literary Association in 1880, Junior orator, and Philosophical orator at Commencement. He was graduated in 1880 with the Baccalaureate degree in Arts, and received the Master's degree in 1885. In 1881–84 he was Assistant Secretary of the Greenpoint Savings Bank, in Brooklyn, and in 1884–87 was a student in the Union Theological Seminary. In the latter year he was ordained into the ministry of the Presbyterian Church, and became pastor of a church at Port Jefferson, Long Island. He was married on October 17, 1888, to Athenias M. Giffing.

SWIFT, Edwin Elisha, 1855–

Class of 1880 Med.

Born at Hamden, Conn., 1855; studied in Hamden public schools, New Haven High School two years, Hopkins Grammar School three years; entered Yale College, 1874, but left after half year on account of illness; tutored for one year; studied medicine with father, 1877-78, at Yale 1879, and at New York University, 1879-80; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1880; in practice since 1881, with extensive hospital service.

EDWIN ELISHA SWIFT, M.D., a well known New York physician, is a son of a notable member of the medical profession in the last generation, Dr. Edwin Dwight Swift (New York University, 1848), of Hamden, Connecticut, and Sarah Louise (Punderson) Swift. His paternal grandfather, great-grandfather, and great-great-grandfather were respectively Augustus Buel Swift, Philo Swift, and General Heman Swift. On the maternal side the line runs backward as follows from his mother: Elisha Punderson, Samuel Punderson, Thomas Punderson, Jr., Thomas Punderson, Sr., John Punderson 2nd, John Punderson 1st, the last named having come to this country from Yorkshire, England, about 1637. Dr. Swift was born at Hamden, Connecticut, on March 23, 1855, and began his education in the public schools of that town. Later he attended the New Haven High School for two years, and the Hopkins Grammar School for three years, thus preparing himself for college. He entered Yale College in 1874, but after half a year was compelled to leave on account of impaired health. Next he was a tutor for a year, and then he began the study of medicine. That was in 1877, and his preceptor was his father, under whose capable instruction he remained for two years. In 1879 he attended the Yale Medical School, and from it came to New York University Medical College, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1880. The next year he began the practice of his profession with his father, at Hamden, Connecticut. In 1882 he served in the Blackwell's Island Hospital for the Insane, and in 1883 opened an office for private practice in New York City, where he still remains. In addition to his private practice he has done much hospital service, including seventeen years as Attending Physician to the Old Ladies' Home on Amsterdam



EDWIN E. SWIFT

Avenue, eight years as Attending Physician to the Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital, (Neurological Department, with Dr. E. C. Seguin), one year as Assistant in the Neurological Department of the Vanderbilt Clinic, and one year as Assistant in the Throat Department of St. Bartholomew's Clinic. For a year he was a member of Troop A, National Guard of New York. He is now a member of the Sons of the Revolution, the Republican Club, the Manhattan Athletic Club, the New York County Medical Society, and the Academy of Medicine. In politics he is a Republican. He was married on October 28, 1891, to Virginie Mignon Bancroft, and has one child, Elizabeth M. Swift. His address is No. 112 West 81st Street, New York.

TAYLOR, John Linbarger, 1856–

Class of 1880 Med.

Born at Rahway, N. J., 1856; studied in public schools and Rahway Institute; began study of medicine privately, 1876; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1880; in practice in Morris County, N. J., since 1885.

JOHN LINBARGER TAYLOR, M.D., a general practitioner of Boonton, New Jersey, was born at Rahway, New Jersey, on October 22, 1856,

JOHN L. TAYLOR

and is the son of Josiah and Jane Brown (Linbarger) Taylor. He received his early education in the public schools of Rahway and the Rahway Institute, and in 1876 began the study of medicine under Dr. J. J. Daly, of Rahway. Later he entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1880. Until May, 1881, he was associated in practice with his former preceptor, Dr. Daly. In 1882 he went to China to teach medicine, but returned home the next year on account of impaired health. When again able to work he resumed the practice of his profession, in 1885, in Morris County, New Jersey, near Lake Hopatcong, where in addition to his general practice he was Surgeon to the Forcite Powder Company and to several mining companies in that region. In 1894 he removed to Boonton, in the same county, where he now resides and practices his profession. He is a member of the Morris County Medical Society. He was married on August 10, 1882, to Adelaide T. Kanouse, daughter of the Hon. John L. and Eliza T. Kanouse, of Boonton, who has borne him one child, Edward C. Taylor.

WILLSON, Joseph Clarence, 1854–

Class of 1880 Med.

Born at Canton, N. Y., 1854; studied at Canton public and high schools; graduated A.B., St. Lawrence University, 1878; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1880; in practice since 1880; Coroner in 1881; Chemist for New York State Agricultural Department since 1893.

JOSEPH CLARENCE WILLSON, A.B., M.D., is descended from Jonathan Willson, son of Benjamin Willson. Jonathan was born about 1740, served in the French and Indian War for two years under General Putnam, and also in the Revolution. He removed from Warwick, Massachusetts, to Shoreham, Vermont, in 1821, and died there in 1830. He married Lucy Blondin, of Rehoboth, Massachusetts, and had ten children. Of these the youngest,

J. C. WILLSON

Reuben Willson, was born at Warwick, Massachusetts, in 1784, and died at Canton, New York, in 1857. He was married to Lucinda Rich, of Shoreham, Vermont, daughter of Thomas and Millicent

(Conant) Rich, and had issue. One of his children, Ezekiel Willson, married Marcia Ann Simonds, daughter of Joel and Rhoda (Meade) Simonds, and was the father of the subject of this sketch. Dr. Willson was born at Canton, New York, on November 9, 1854, and was prepared for college at the public and high schools of that place. He then entered the St. Lawrence University, at Canton, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1878. In the fall of the latter year he entered the New York University Medical College, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1880. Since graduation he has been steadily engaged in the practice of his profession at Canton, New York, with the exception of one year in 1883–84, when he practiced at Burneyville, Indian Territory. In 1881 he was elected Coroner of St. Lawrence County, and served for one term. Since 1893 he has been Chemist for the New York State Agricultural Department. In politics he is a Democrat. He is a member of the St. Lawrence County Medical Society, "The Club" of Canton, and Beta Zeta Chapter of Beta Theta Pi. He has been married twice. His first wife was Ida M. Robinson, and his second was his cousin, Ella M. Willson, great-granddaughter of his great-grandfather, Jonathan Willson, through his fifth child, Christopher, and the latter's son Elisha.

BALDWIN, Frederick Augustus, 1846–

Class of 1881 Med.

Born in New York, 1846; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hosp. Med. Coll., 1881; Attending Physician Eastern Dispensary, 1883-84, and Attending Surgeon, 1884-86; Attending Surgeon, Out-door Department, Bellevue Hospital, 1884-95; Assistant to Chair of Clinical Surgery, Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1885-89; in continuous practice of profession since 1881.

FREDERICK AUGUSTUS BALDWIN, M.D., was born in New York City on January 7, 1846, the son of Abner Wade and Mary Ann Baldwin, the latter born Mode. His ancestors came originally from England and settled in Connecticut in colonial days, and thence removed to New Jersey. His education, prior to his professional training, was acquired in common and high schools in New York and New Jersey and his life, up to manhood, was chiefly spent on a farm in the latter state. Upon leaving the high school he did not at once begin the study of medicine, but instead engaged in business pursuits in New York City, for the space of five years. During this time, however, he prepared himself by reading and study for entrance into a medical college, and finally was matriculated at the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, then an independent institution. There he was graduated in the Class of 1881, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. He at once entered upon the practice of his profession and has continued therein without cessation to the present time. In 1883–84 Dr. Baldwin was Attending Physician to the Eastern Dispensary of New York, for the diseases of children, and in 1884–86 he was Attending Surgeon to the same institution. From 1884 to 1895 he was Attending

FREDERICK A. BALDWIN

Surgeon to the Out-door Department of Bellevue Hospital, and from 1885 to 1889 he was Assistant to the late Dr. Alexander B. Mott in the Chair of Clinical Surgery in Bellevue Hospital Medical College. He is a member of the American Medical Association, of the New York State Medical Association, and of the New York County Medical Association, and is actively engaged in practice in New York. He was married to Mary Elizabeth Field, of New York, in April, 1895.

BUCHANAN, Walter Duncan, 1859–

Class of 1881 Arts.

Born in Milwaukee, Wis., 1859; graduated A.B., New York University, 1881; A.M., 1884; studied at

Union Theological Seminary; minister of Presbyterian Church since 1884.

WALTER DUNCAN BUCHANAN, A.M., Minister of the Fourth Avenue Presbyterian Church of New York City, is a son of the Rev. Dr. John Mairs Buchanan and Jane McElderry (Douglass) Buchanan, whose names amply indicate their Scottish origin. He was born in Milwaukee, Wisconsin, on April 13, 1859, and came to New York University in 1877. He was President of his class in the Freshman year, and a prominent member of the Glee Club. In 1881 he was graduated with the Baccalaureate degree in Arts, and in 1884 he received the Master's degree. Meantime he studied in Union Theological Seminary, and in 1884 was ordained into the ministry of the Presbyterian Church. Since then he has been successively Pastor of the Seventh Avenue Chapel of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, of the Chalmers Presbyterian Church, of the Thirteenth Street Presbyterian Church, and at present of the Fourth Avenue Presbyterian Church, of which Howard Crosby, Chancellor of New York University, was for many years the pastor. He was married on May 16, 1882, to Grace Mortimer, daughter of John H. Mortimer, and has two children: Grace Douglass and Mary Dun Buchanan. His address is No. 54 East 50th Street, New York.

COLLYER, Herman Livingstone, 1857–

Class of 1881 Med.

Born in Brooklyn, New York, 1857; studied in public schools and private academies; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1881; in hospital service, 1882-83; in private practice since 1883; Assistant and Lecturer in New York Polyclinic, 1883-95; Professor in New York School of Medicine; in hospital practice.

HERMAN LIVINGSTONE COLLYER, M.D., was born in Brooklyn, New York, on March 9, 1857, the youngest of four sons in a family of eight children. His father, William M. Collyer, was a leading shipbuilder of New York and Brooklyn, and was the great-grandson of English ancestors and of a veteran of the Revolution. His mother, whose maiden name was Josephine G. Holman, was a stepdaughter of General Charles W. Sandford and the only daughter of Joseph G. and Mary S. (Latour) Holman, the one a prominent actor and the other an eminent opera singer, both of English birth. Dr. Collyer studied in the public schools of Brooklyn, the Williamsburg Business College, the Vermont Episcopal Institute, and Trinity School, New York. Then he entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1881. He served for a time as Clinical Assistant under Dr. Joseph W. Howe, Professor of Surgery in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, and as an Interne in the Charity and New York Maternity hospitals on Blackwell's Island. Since 1883 he has been engaged in private practice in New York, and in addition has done much educational and hospital work. For many

HERMAN L. COLLYER

years he was connected with the New York Polyclinic, as Assistant to Professor Elsberg in Laryngology, 1883–84; Clinical Assistant to Dr. Munde, Professor of Gynecology, 1885–88; and Lecturer on Gynecology, 1888–95. He has also been Professor of Gynecology in the New York School of Medicine, Attending Gynecologist to the German West Side Dispensary, Associate Gynecologist to the French Hospital, etc. In his private practice Dr. Collyer has made gynecology his specialty, and has attained an extensive and profitable practice. He has also done much charity work, and has contributed numerous articles to current professional literature. He is a fellow of the New York Academy of Medicine, was the Chairman of

its Library Committee in 1899 and has been its Treasurer since 1899. He is a member of the New York County Medical Society, of which he has been Censor; a member of the Metropolitan Medical Society, the New York State Medical Society, the New York Obstetrical Society, the Eastern Medical Society, the Charity Hospital Alumni Society, and the New York Athletic Club. As was his father before him, he is a staunch Republican in politics. He was married on February 26, 1878, to Susie G. Collyer, youngest daughter of John Collyer, and has had three children: Frances (deceased), Homer Lusk, and Langley Collyer. His address is No. 109 East 54th Street, New York.

DE LACY, George Charles, 1859–

Class of 1881 Law.

Born in New York, 1859; studied in public schools; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1881; in general practice since 1881; Director of bank and various corporations.

GEORGE CHARLES DE LACY, LL.B., is a son of William Henry and Delia (Raftery) De Lacy, his father having been a son of Professor William De Lacy, of Dublin University, Ireland, a native of France who went to live in Dublin in 1837. He was born in New York City on February 18, 1859, and was educated in the public schools, being graduated from the old Chrystie Street Grammar School. In 1876 he began the study of law in the office of the Hon. William Mitchell, Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, and remained in that connection until 1881. Meantime he entered the Law School of New York University in 1879 and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1881. Upon graduation he entered upon the active and general practice of his profession, and has been engaged therein ever since. For twenty years he was counsel for the North American Mercantile Agency Company, and at the present time he is counsel for many corporations, including the Troy Laundry Machinery Company, Limited, the New York National Exchange Bank, the New York Mercantile Exchange, the Italian Chamber of Commerce in New York, the Merchants' Refrigerating Company, and others. He has also a large practice in probate and bankruptcy cases, and has been retained as counsel in bankruptcy proceedings not only in New York, but also in New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Illinois, and Wisconsin. He has been admitted to practice in the Federal Courts, including the Supreme Court of the United States. In connection with his legal practice, Mr. De Lacy has grown to exercise large influence in the financial world and is sought by many prominent financiers for advice and counsel both of a legal and commercial character. Within the last few years he has had complete control of the organization of a number of corporations representing millions of dollars in capital. He is a Director of the New York National Exchange Bank of New York, of the Merchants' Refrigerating Company, and of the corporation of James Rowland & Company. He is a member of the New York

GEO. C. DE LACY

Athletic Club, the Hardware Club, and the Harlem Democratic Club. In politics he is a Democrat, and holds a prominent place in the inner coterie of counselors who guide and direct the policy of his party in City and State. Although frequently urged by the leaders of the Democracy to take office of rank commensurate with his ability and influence he has always hitherto declined to accept either appointment or nomination to public office. In religious matters he is a Roman Catholic. He was married on October 10, 1893, to Nellie Lincoln, and has three children: George Charles, Jr., William Burr, and May Lincoln De Lacy. His office is at No. 220 Broadway and his home is at No. 238 West 132nd Street, New York.

DIXON, David Jeffrey, 1856–

Class of 1881 Vet.

Born in Franklin County, Pa., 1856; studied in public schools; graduated from Mercersburgh College, 1878; graduated D.V.S., American Veterinary College, 1881; in practice and business since 1881.

DAVID JEFFREY DIXON, D.V.S., son of William Dunlop Dixon and Martha (Gillan) Dixon, of Scotch-Irish ancestry, was born on March 19, 1856, at St. Thomas, Franklin County, Pennsylvania. He attended the public schools and Mercersburgh College, and was graduated from the latter in June, 1878. He then entered the American Veterinary College, which has now been incorporated with New York University, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Veterinary Surgery in 1881. Since the latter date he has been engaged in professional practice and in business. His address is No. 106 First Streer, Hoboken, New Jersey.

DUNCAN, George Martin, 1857–

Class of 1881 Arts.

Born in Haledon, N. J., 1857; studied at Paterson Seminary, Paterson, N. J.; graduated A.B., New York University, 1881, and A.M., 1884; B.D., Yale Divinity School, 1884; Graduate Fellow of Yale; studied in German and French Universities; Editor on "The New York Examiner"; Professor of Philosophy in Yale.

GEORGE MARTIN DUNCAN, M.A., Professor of Mental and Moral Philosophy at Yale, was born in Haledon, New Jersey, on November 26, 1857. He is the son of James and Jane Martin (Torhet) Duncan, both of Scotch descent. His early training was at Paterson Seminary, Paterson, New Jersey, where he was fitted for College. From there he went to New York University, where he won the First Butler Eucleian Essay prizes in 1880 and 1881, and where he was Junior orator with honorable mention, was Junior Regent in 1879–80, was University Contestant in Mental Science in the Intercollegiate Literary Association in 1881. He was President of his class, was Secretary, Librarian, Vice-President and President of Eucleian, was a member of Psi Upsilon and Phi Beta Kappa fraternities, and was English Salutatorian at the commencement of 1881, when he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. Three years later the University gave him the degree of Master of Arts. Having decided to pursue philosophical and theological studies Mr. Duncan went to the Yale Divinity School for three years. At the end of this time he was given a fellowship and the degree of Bachelor of Divinity, and during the year of 1884–85 he pursued advanced studies in philosophy under President Porter, and in theology under the professors of the Divinity School. He then went abroad and continued his work in the universities of Germany and France, studying in 1885 at the University of Jena, Germany; in 1886 at Leipzig University and Heidelberg; in 1886–1887 at Berlin University, and in 1887–1888 in the University of Paris, France. During this period of foreign study and until 1895 Mr. Duncan travelled

GEORGE M. DUNCAN

extensively, visiting among other countries Egypt, Palestine, Syria, Greece and Norway. For some time he was on the editorial force of "The New York Examiner." From 1888–1891 he was an Instructor of Philosophy at Yale, and in 1894 he was appointed Professor of Philosophy in that University. In 1890 he published the philosophical works of Leibnitz, translated from the Latin and French, with notes. He is a member of the American Psychological Association. He was married on August 29, 1889, to Mary A. Carter, daughter of Theodore R. Carter, of Montclair, New Jersey. In politics Mr. Duncan is an independent Republican. He now makes his home at New Haven, Connecticut.

FERGUSON, James Alexander, 1860–

Class of 1881 Med.

Born in New York City, 1860; educated in New York public schools and College of the City of New York; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1881; in practice since 1881.

JAMES ALEXANDER FERGUSON, M.D., is a son of James Thompson Ferguson and Celia (Terry) Ferguson, of Scotch and English descent, and was born in New York City on July 3, 1860. He studied in the public schools of New York, and in the College of the City of New York, and in

JAS. A. FERGUSON

1877 entered the Medical College of New York University. In 1881 he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, and has been engaged in practice ever since. He was House Surgeon at the Reception Hospital in Ninety-ninth Street in 1881–83, and for the last eight years has been Visiting Surgeon to the Fordham Hospital. He was a Public School Trustee in 1890–96, and a School Inspector in 1896–1901. He belongs to the American, New York State, and New York County Medical associations, the New York State and New York County Medical societies, the Harlem Medical Society, the Physicians' Mutual Aid Society, the Masonic Order, the Borough Club of the Bronx, the Schnorers' Club, and the Fordham Club. He was married to Mary A. Turner on April 3, 1888, and lives on Lind Avenue, High Bridge, New York City.

HAMMOND, Graeme Monroe, 1858–

Class of 1881 Med., 1899 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, Pa., 1858; studied in private schools; Columbia College of Mines, 1875-78; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1881; and LL.B., New York University Law School, 1899; in practice of medicine since 1881; specialist in nervous diseases since 1885; Professor of Nervous and Mental Diseases, New York Post-Graduate Medical School, since 1886; author.

GRAEME MONROE HAMMOND, M.D., LL.B., the eminent specialist and instructor in diseases of the brain and nervous system, is a son of the late Dr. William Alexander Hammond and Helen (Nesbit) Hammond, who were respectively of English and Scotch extraction, and was born in the City of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on February 1, 1858. He was educated in Farrand's and Everson's private schools from 1868 to 1875, and then entered the School of Mines of Columbia College, where he spent three years. Thence, in 1878, he came to the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1881. Immediately upon graduation he engaged in the practice of his profession, in New York City. For a time his practice was general in character, but in 1885 he adopted as his specialty the study and treatment of diseases of the brain and nerves, and in that important branch of medical and surgical science has made himself one of the foremost authorities. Since 1886 he has been Professor of Nervous and Mental Diseases in the New York Post Graduate Medical School and Hospital. He is also Neurologist to the Charity Hospital of New York. He has contributed much to current professional literature, and is the author of a standard work on "Diseases of the Nervous System." Dr. Hammond is a member of the American Neurological Association, and was its President in 1898. He is also a fellow of the New York Academy of Medicine, and a member of the New York Neurological Association, the New York County Medical Society, the New York State Medical Society, the Society of Medical Jurisprudence, the New York Athletic Club, and the Bridgeport, Connecticut, Yacht Club. After attaining distinction in the medical profession Dr. Hammond decided to add to his knowledge of that science a more complete knowledge of law, and

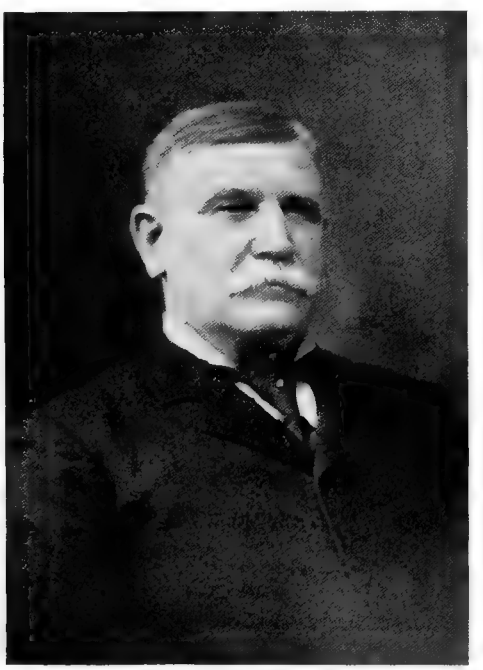
accordingly in 1897 entered the Law School of New York University as a student and was graduated a Bachelor of Laws in 1899. He was married in 1881 to Louise Elsworth, and has four children: Helen, Dorothea, Louise, and Claire Hammond. His home is at No. 60 West 55th Street, New York City.

HANN, George Valentine, 1846–

Class of 1881 Med.

Born at Marthasville, Mo., 1846; educated in private schools; served in Union army throughout Civil War; engaged in piano, organ and music trade, 1871-79; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1881; in practice in New York since 1881.

GEORGE VALENTINE HANN, M.D., born at Marthasville, Warren County, Missouri, on February 14, 1846, is the son of John and



GEORGE V. HANN

Catherine Ann (Berg) Hann, people of Hesse-Darmstadt parentage. His maternal grandfather was Dr. Berg, a prominent surgeon and dentist. He was educated at private schools in St. Charles County, Missouri, down to the middle of the Civil War. Then, though only seventeen years of age, he joined the Missouri Mounted Infantry, Company B, Sixty-seventh Regiment, and served until the end of the war. In 1871 he became interested in the piano, organ and music trade, and was successfully engaged in it until 1879, when he decided to devote himself to the profession of medicine. He accordingly entered the New York University Medical College, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in February, 1881. He at once began the practice of his profession, at No. 518 West Fifty-first Street, New York. Later he removed to No. 313 of the same street, where he has ever since remained, enjoying a large and prosperous family practice throughout the west side of the city. He is a member of the New York State Medical Association, of the Physicians' Mutual Aid Association, of the National Accident Society, of the Knights of Honor, of the American Legion of Honor, and of the Order of Chosen Friends. In politics he has always been a Democrat, though inclined to regard with toleration and respect sincere men of all parties. He was married on August 1, 1882, to Sophia Frederika Rosanna Seibert, and has one child: Ursula Mabel Hann, born on July 26, 1883.

HENRIQUES, Julian Nunes, 1860–

Class of 1881.

Born in Cleveland, Ohio, 1860; studied at Mount Washington Collegiate Institute, New York; spent three years in New York University, Class of 1881, leaving in 1880; engaged in banking and stock brokerage since 1880.

JULIAN NUNES HENRIQUES, a successful example of "the college bred man in business," is a native of Cleveland, Ohio, where he was born on October 10, 1860. His father was Solomon Nunes Henriques, son of Abraham Nunes and Rachel (Aflelo) Henriques, and his mother's maiden name was Amelia Birdsall Pratt. He received his preparatory education in New York City, at the famous old Mount Washington Collegiate Institute, which was in its day one of the foremost secondary schools in America and which boasts among its alumni — or whose alumni roll boasts, for the institute is no longer in existence — an exceptional proportion of eminent men. From the Mount Washington Institute Mr. Henriques came to New York University, as a member of the Class of 1881, and pursued his course of study successfully until well into the Junior year. Then he deemed it expedient to divert his attention at first to professional and then to business pursuits. For a time he studied in a lawyer's office, and then, in 1880, engaged in the banking and brokerage business, in which he has ever since been occupied with enviable success.

He is a partner of the well known financial house of Alling, Reynolds & Co., at No. 33 Wall Street, New York. Mr. Henriques is a devoted alumnus of the Mount Washington Collegiate Institute, and has

JULIAN N. HENRIQUES

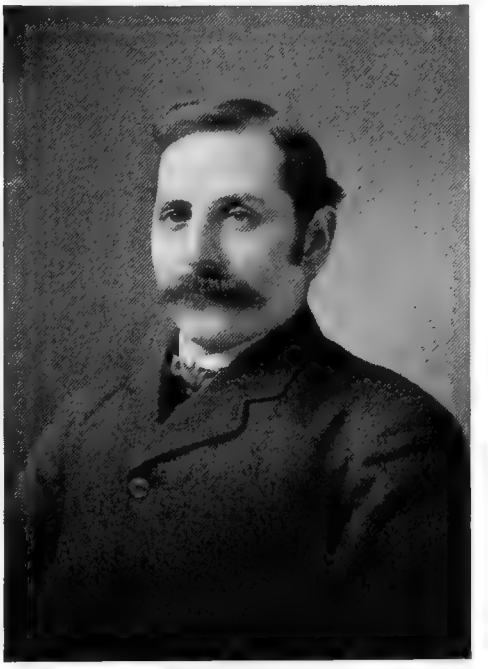
done much to promote the welfare of its Alumni Association, of which he has long been Secretary and Treasurer. He has manifested a similar interest in the affairs of New York University, and of the Delta Chapter of the Psi Upsilon Fraternity of which he was an active member in his undergraduate days. In politics he is a Republican, but he has sought and held no public office. He was married on April 22, 1897, to Grace Green, of New York, and has one child, a daughter, who bears the name of Grace Green Nunes Henriques.

HOSKINS, William Horace, 1860–

Class of 1881 Vet.

Born in Rockdale, Pa., 1860; studied in public schools; graduated D.V.S., American Veterinary College, 1881; employed in book and stationery store; in practice and business since 1881; active in politics; editor.

WILLIAM HORACE HOSKINS, D.V.S., was born at Rockdale, Delaware County, Pennsylvania, on July 23, 1860. His father, John Taylor Hoskins, was of English and Welsh ancestry, and his mother, whose maiden name was Jane Brown, came of English and Irish stock. His early education was acquired in the public schools of his native place. Later he entered the American Veterinary College, which has since been incorporated with New York University, and was graduated from it in 1881 with the degree of Doctor of Veterinary Science. He had already been employed in a country book and stationery store. Since 1881 he has been actively engaged in the practice of his profession and in business pursuits, being much interested in Building Association matters and being President of three commercial corporations. He is Editor of "The Journal of Comparative Medicine" and "Veterinary Archives." He has long been active in political life, being a member of the Civil Service Reform Association and of the Ballot Reform Association, having been Democratic candidate for Mayor of Philadelphia. He is or has been President and Secretary of the United States, Pennsylvania State, and Keystone Veterinary Medical associations, of the American Veterinary College Alumni Association, and of the Pennsylvania State Board of Veterinary Examiners. He is an honorary



W. HORACE HOSKINS

member of the New York County and New Jersey State Veterinary associations, and a member of the Faculty Club of the University of Pennsylvania and of the Crescent Club of Philadelphia. He was

married in April, 1885, to Annie Evans Cheever, and has three children: Horace Preston, Margaret Evans, and Cheston Morris Hoskins. His home is at No. 3314 Powelton Avenue, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

JAMIESON, Walter Wilson, 1857–

Class of 1881 Med.

Born at Amboy, N. Y., 1857; studied in public school, Pulaski Academy, Syracuse Medical College, and New York University; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1881; in practice, New Bremen, N. Y., 1881-93; at Syracuse, N. Y., since 1893.

WALTER WILSON JAMIESON, M.D., was born at Amboy, Oswego County, on May 8, 1857. His father John Jamieson, was born in

W. W. JAMIESON

Scotland, and was brought to this country in infancy by his parents, John and Mary Jamieson. His mother, whose maiden name was Caroline Codner, was of Dutch descent, and was born in the State of New York, the daughter of John and Margaret (Carney) Codner. Dr. Jamieson's early education was acquired in the common schools, and was continued through a four years' course in Pulaski Academy, at Pulaski, New York. He began his medical studies under Dr. F. S. Low, at Pulaski, continued them at Syracuse Medical College, in 1878, and completed them in New York University Medical College in 1880–81, being graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine on March 8, 1881. Immediately thereafter he began the practice of his profession at New Bremen, Lewis County, New York, and soon acquired an extensive patronage, embracing nearly all parts of the county. There he remained until 1893, when he removed to his present home and field of practice, in the city of Syracuse, New York. While in New Bremen he was, in 1885, elected Supervisor of that town, on the Republican ticket, over a rival who had never before been defeated, although the vote of the town was usually Democratic by a majority of about two to one. He was afterward elected Justice of the Peace, and was President of the United States Board of Examiners for Pensions, resigning the latter place on his removal to Syracuse in 1893. Dr. Jamieson is a member of the New York State Medical Society, the Masonic Order, and the Order of Foresters. He was married on June 15, 1893, to Minnie M. Lefevre, daughter of M. R. Lefevre, and a descendant of French Huguenots. He has three children, Lucile, Marion, and Donald Jamieson. His address is No. 304 Hawley Avenue, Syracuse, New York.

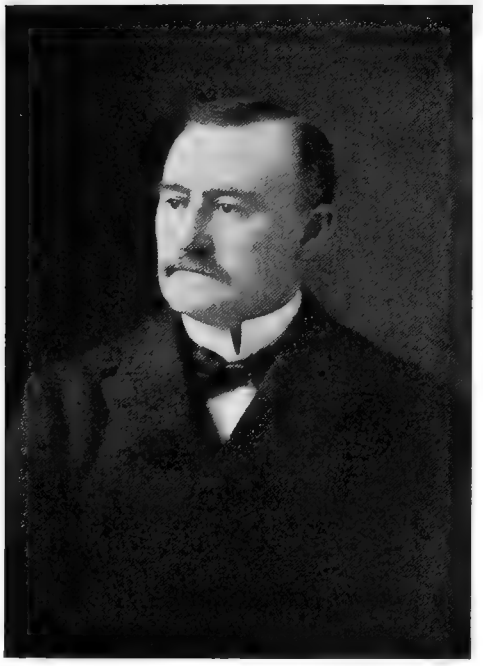
LEAVITT, John Fremont, 1856–

Class of 1881 Med.

Born at Baptistown, N. J., 1856; studied in public schools, and at Pennington Seminary, Pennington, N. J., and State Model and Normal schools, Trenton, N. J.; studied medicine privately, and served in drug store; studied at University of Vermont and at New York University Medical College; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1881; in practice at Baptistown, 1881-84; at Bristol, Penn., 1885; at Camden, N. J., since 1885; President of Camden County District Medical Society, 1900-01.

JOHN FREMONT LEAVITT, M.D., one of the leading physicians of the City of Camden, New Jersey, was born at Baptistown, New Jersey, on October 8, 1856. His paternal family was settled in New England several generations ago, and his grandfather, John Leavitt, was a farmer in Rockingham County, New Hampshire. His father, John Leavitt, M.D., was born in New Hampshire, but on reaching manhood entered the New York University Medical College and was graduated. He thereafter practiced his profession successfully in various places in New Jersey for more than twenty-five years, until his death. He held high rank in his profession, and for some time was President of the Hunterdon

County, (New Jersey) Medical Society. Dr. John Leavitt married Atarah Smith, who survives him. She was one of the fifteen children of James Smith, of Milford, New Jersey, all of whom lived to be more than fifty years old. She bore Dr. Leavitt two children, the subject of this sketch and a daughter, Mary Jenness, who became the wife of A. B. Chamberlin, a merchant. John Fremont Leavitt at first attended the public school at Baptistown. Later he went to Pennington Seminary, at Pennington, New Jersey, and also to the New Jersey State Model and Normal schools at Trenton. In these institu-



JOHN F. LEAVITT

tions he acquired an excellent general education. The study of medicine was begun by him in his father's office, with his father as preceptor. For two years he was employed by Dr. Pittinger, of Glen Gardner, New Jersey, in his drug store. Following that service he attended a course of lectures in the Medical School of the University of Vermont, at Burlington. Finally he entered the New York University Medical College and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1881, since which time he has been steadily and successfully engaged in the practice of his profession. Until 1884 he was settled at Baptistown. Then he removed to Bristol, Pennsylvania, for a short time, when, not being satisfied with the outlook there, he went to Camden, New Jersey. That was in 1885. Since that time he has remained in Camden, and has won a place in the foremost rank of his profession in that city. He began his practice there, and also conducted a drug store, at the corner of Third and Elm streets. A few years later he removed the store to Third and Mount Vernon streets, where Dr. Howard F. Palm purchased a half interest in it. After two years the store was sold and the partnership dissolved. In 1899 Dr. Leavitt purchased a lot on Elm Street and there built a house which is now his home and office. In politics Dr. Leavitt has always been a strong Republican and he has taken an active interest in the work of that party. In 1896 he was appointed Health officer of the City of Camden, by the Health Board, and in 1900 he was re-appointed for a term of three years. He is also Physician in charge of the Municipal and Small-pox hospitals of Camden. He is a member of the Hunterdon County District Medical Society, the Camden County District Medical Society (of which he was President in 1900–01), the Camden City Medical Society (of which he is now President), the Camden Medico-Surgical Society (of which he was President in 1898), the New Jersey State Medical Society, the American Medical Association, the New Jersey State Sanitary Association, the Camden Republican Club, the First Ward Republican Club, the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks, the Royal Arcanum, and the Shield of Honor. He was married on June 25, 1885, to Clara B. Kachline, daughter of Edward B. and Mary Elizabeth Kachline, of Frenchtown, New Jersey, and has one child, Florence May Leavitt, born on June 2, 1886. His address is No. 522 North Third Street, Camden, New Jersey.

LEMON, Andrew, 1859–

Class of 1881 Law.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1859; studied in public schools and high school; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1881; admitted to Bar, 1882; in practice since 1882; Police Justice and City Magistrate.

ANDREW LEMON, LL.B., Lawyer and City Magistrate, comes of Scotch-Irish stock, and is the son of David B. and Bessie (Britton) Lemon. He was born in Brooklyn, New York, on October 2, 1859, and studied in the public schools and high school. Thence he proceeded to the Law School of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1881. The next year he was admitted to the Bar of the State

of New York, and he has been in active practice ever since. During his professional career he has served for two years as a Police Justice and for three years as a City Magistrate. In politics he is a

ANDREW LEMON

Republican. He is a member of the Bar Association, the Bushwick Club, the Canarsie Yacht Club, the Masonic Order, and the Order of Odd Fellows. He was married in 1889 to Ida A. Lang, and has had three children, only one of whom, Andrew Lemon, Jr., is now living. His office is at No. 93 Nassau Street, New York, and his home at No. 45 Linden Street, Brooklyn, New York.

McCLELLAND, Charles Paul, 1854–

Class of 1881 Law.

Born in Scotland, 1854; studied in public schools; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1881; member of New York State Assembly, 1885, 1886, and 1891; leader of majority in 1891; State Senator in 1892-93; member of Greater New York Consolidation Commission; Special Deputy Collector of Port of New York, 1886-1890; President of Village of Dobbs Ferry, and member and President of Dobbs Ferry Board of Education; practicing lawyer in New York.

CHARLES PAUL McCLELLAND, LL.B., who has long been prominent as a lawyer and political leader in New York State, is a native of Scotland, and the son of William and Nicholas (Paul) McClelland. He was born on December 19, 1854, and at an early age was brought to the United States. His academic education was gained in the public schools, and then he was thrown entirely on his own resources for his maintenance and further education. For a number of years he did double duty, working as a clerk in the daytime and diligently prosecuting his studies at night. In this way he made steady progress, though it sometimes seemed slow. At last, in 1881, he completed his course in the Law School of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. Since that time he has been steadily and successfully engaged in the practice of his profession, excepting for the periods spent in the public service. Mr. McClelland early developed a taste for politics and for public life. He made his home in Westchester County, and became one of the leaders of the Democratic party there. In the fall of 1884 he was elected to the State Assembly from the First District of Westchester County, for the year 1885. He quickly made his forceful presence felt in that

CHARLES P. McCLELLAND

body at Albany, and served his constituents so well that he was re-elected the next fall for the year 1886. At the end of that session he retired from the Assembly for a time, but remained in the public

service, as a Manager of the Hudson River Hospital for the Insane, which place he filled from 1886 to 1896, and also as Special Deputy Collector for the Port of New York, from December, 1886, to April, 1890. He was recalled to the legislative service of the State in the fall of 1890, when he was elected to the State Assembly again from the same district as before, and served during the session of 1891. During that session he was Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee and leader of the majority party on the floor of the Assembly. In the fall of 1891 he was elected to the State Senate, for the years 1892–93, from the district composed of Westchester and Rockland counties. In the Senate he was Chairman of the Committee on Insurance, and in that capacity framed the existing codification of insurance laws of the State of New York. In addition to these state and national services Mr. McClelland has been active in local affairs. His home for thirty-two years has been in the beautiful suburban Village of Dobbs Ferry, on the Hudson River. For two years he was President of that village. Since 1890 he has been continuously a member of the Dobbs Ferry Board of Education, and since 1897 he has been President of that board. He is also counsel to the Dobbs Ferry Bank, and to the Greenburgh Savings Bank at Dobbs Ferry. He is a prominent member of the Dobbs Ferry Athletic Club, and in other respects is among the foremost citizens of that village, where he has an attractive home on Clinton Avenue. His office is at No. 32 Nassau Street, New York City, and there, of course, the bulk of his professional work is done. He is a member of the Democratic Club of New York, of the Burns Society, and of the St. Andrew's Society of the State of New York, of which latter representative Scottish organization he has been a member of the Board of Managers for the last five years. Mr. McClelland was married at Natick, Massachusetts, on September 6, 1879, to Meta Janet Babcock, and has four children: George William, Myra Belle, Clarence Paul, and Meta Josephine McClelland.

PEARCE, Eugene Frederick, 1858–

Class of 1881 Arts.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1858; studied in public schools and Adelphi Academy; graduated A.B., New York University, 1881; graduated M.D., Long Island College Hospital, 1883; in practice since 1884.

EUGENE FREDERICK PEARCE, A.B., M.D., is the son of Frederick and Margaretta (Keane) Pearce, the former a native of Weston-super-Mare, England, and the latter of Limerick, Ireland. He was born in Brooklyn, New York, on September 12, 1858, and studied in public schools Nos. 8, 31 and 15, of that city, being graduated from the last named in 1875 as valedictorian of his class. He was prepared for college at the Adelphi Academy, in Brooklyn, and was graduated from it in the class of 1877. He then entered New York University, in the College of Arts. There he was a member of the Delta Chapter of Psi Upsilon, a member of Phi Beta Kappa, of Eucleian, and of the Lacrosse team which at that time was doing much

EUGENE F. PEARCE

to popularize that fine sport in the United States. He won the first fellowship, three hundred dollars, in the classical course, and in 1881 was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, as Valedictorian of his class. In the following fall he entered the Long Island College Hospital, in Brooklyn, and in 1883 was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, as one of the honor men of his class. With this brilliant record for scholarship, Dr. Pearce began professional work. In 1883–84 he served as an Interne at the Long Island College Hospital, and also as an Ambulance Surgeon to the City of Brooklyn. He became associated with Dr. George H. Atkinson in medical and surgical practice in 1884, and has ever since continued in that practice. In

1885–86 he was Adjunct Surgeon to the Long Island College Hospital Dispensary, and for several years was Assistant Sanitary Inspector of the Brooklyn Health Department. Since 1887 he has been Physician to the Order of the Sons of St. George and to the Foresters of America, and since 1890 to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He is, of course, a member of those organizations, and also of the Royal Arcanum; and he has been the chief officer of each of the lodges. He is also a member of the Kings County Medical Society, the New York State Medical Association and the American Medical Association. He was married on February 3, 1885, to Emily S. Lyons, and has three children: Frederick K., Edna S., and Harry L. Pearce. His address is No. 95 Henry Street, Brooklyn, New York.

PILGRIM, Charles Winfield, 1855–

Class of 1881 Med.

Born at Turner, N. Y., 1855; studied at Monroe Institute and under private tutors; studied medicine at Bellevue Hospital Medical College; graduated M.D., 1881; studied in Vienna, Munich and Berlin, 1885-86 and 1889; practitioner in mental and nervous diseases in various hospitals and asylums since 1881; Superintendent of Hudson River State Hospital, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., since 1893.

CHARLES WINFIELD PILGRIM, M.D., specialist in mental and nervous diseases, is a son of Roe C. and Frances (Wilkes) Pilgrim, of Dutch descent, and was born at Turner, Orange County, New York, on March 27, 1855. His academic education was acquired at the Monroe Institute, Monroe, New York, and under private tutors. In 1877 he began the study of medicine under the preceptorship of Dr. Herman Canfield and Dr. Beverley Livingston, in New York City. He attended lectures at the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1881. Afterward, from May, 1885, to June, 1886, and in the summer of 1889, he studied in Vienna, Munich, and Berlin. Dr. Pilgrim's professional practice began in 1881, when he became House Physician in Bellevue Hospital. In the spring of 1882 he became Assistant Physician to the State Asylum for Insane Criminals, at Auburn, New York, and thus entered upon what has been the chief work of his life — the care of the insane. From 1883 to 1890 he was Assistant Physician to the State Hospital for the Insane at Utica, New York, with intervals of study and service abroad, as already noted. During his stay in Munich, Bavaria, in the summer of 1885, he was a Volunteer Physician in the Frauenklinik, or hospital for women, in that city. In 1890–93 he was Superintendent of the Willard State Hospital for the Insane, at Willard, New York, and since May 1, 1893, he has been Superintendent of the Hudson River State Hospital for the Insane, at Poughkeepsie, New York. His entire career has thus been given to public institutions, and he has never engaged in private practice. He was associate editor of "The American Journal

CHAS. W. PILGRIM

of Insanity" from 1882 to 1890, of "The State Hospital Bulletin" in 1896–98, and of "Archives of Neurology and Psychopathology" in 1898–1901. Among his publications may be noted papers on "A Study of Suicide," "Schools for the Insane," "Genius and Suicide," and "Communicated Insanity," in "The Popular Science Monthly," and on "The Treatment of the Insane," "The Statistics of Insanity," "Does the Loco Weed Produce Insanity?" and various other allied topics in other periodicals. He is a member of the American Medico-Psychological Association, the New York Academy of Medicine, the New York State Medical Society, the Dutchess County Medical Society, the Alumni Society of Bellevue Hospital, and the Lotos

Club of New York. He was married on June 12, 1889, to Florence Middleton, of Utica, New York, and has one child, Florence M. Pilgrim.

SCHOLLDERFER, Edmund, 1855–

Class of 1881 Med.

Born at Yorktown, N. Y., 1855; studied at Peekskill Military Academy; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1881; in practice since 1881.

EDMUND SCHOLLDERFER, M.D., a prominent physician of Westchester County, New York, is a son of Leonard and Mary Elizabeth

EDMUND SCHOLLDERFER

(Fisher) Schollderfer, both natives of Germany, and was born on December 31, 1855, at Yorktown, Westchester County, New York. He attended the common school at Peekskill and Annsville, and afterward the Peekskill Military Academy. About 1878 he began the study of medicine under Dr. John N. Tilden, of Peekskill, New York, and Dr. Ambrose L. Ranney, of New York, the latter an uncle of Professor A. L. Loomis. Finally he entered the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1881. For two years thereafter he practiced his profession at Peekskill, and then removed to Yorktown Heights, Westchester County, New York, where he has ever since remained, and where he has a wide and successful practice. He is a member of the Westchester County Medical Society and the Masonic Order. He is also a member and officer of the Methodist Episcopal Church. He was married on February 21, 1889, to Marietta (Tompkins) Jordan, a widow, who died on March 10, 1891. Later, on October 10, 1901, he was again married to Mary Louise Lee. His home is the Meadbrook Farm, formerly the home of General Montross, at Yorktown Heights, New York.

SKEEL, Franklin Deuel, 1851–

Class of 1881 Med.

Born at Sterling Valley, N. Y., 1851; studied at Falley Seminary and elsewhere; graduated A.B., Wesleyan University, 1875, and A.M., 1879; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1881; in practice since 1881, chiefly as ophthalmologist.

FRANKLIN DEUEL SKEEL, A.M., M.D., Ophthalmologist, comes of a long line of American ancestors, and is the son of Harlow and Lucy L. (Deuel) Skeel. He was born at Sterling Valley, New York, on February 7, 1851, and was educated at the Falley Seminary, Fulton, New York, and elsewhere. In 1871 he entered Wesleyan University, at Middletown, Connecticut, and was graduated a Bachelor of Arts in 1875, receiving the Master's degree in 1879. In the summer of 1875 he was an assistant to Professor G. Brown Goode in the work of the United States Fish Commission. Finally he entered the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1881, since which time he has been engaged in the practice of his profession. He has long paid especial attention to ophthalmology. In 1884 he became an Assistant Surgeon to the New York Eye Infirmary, and since 1893 has been Surgeon to that institution. He has also served as Ophthalmologist to St. Joseph's Hospital, and to the New York Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, and as Professor of Ophthalmology in the New York School of Clinical Medicine. He is a fellow of the New York Academy of Medicine, an associate member of the Arctic Club, and a member of the Aldine Association, the Camera Club, the New York Microscopical Society, the American Association for the Advancement of Science, the American Ophthalmological Society, the New York Ophthalmological Society, the New York Academy of Sciences, the Salmagundi Club,

the Medical Society of Greater New York, the New York County Medical Association, the Medical Society of the Borough of the Bronx, and the New York State Medical Society. He has contributed occasional scientific and medical articles to the medical press. He was married in December, 1882, to Mary A. Robertson, and has one child, Henry Robertson Skeel. His address is No. 361 Mott Avenue, and also No. 58 East 25th Street, New York.

SMITH, Frederick Walter, 1858–

Class of 1881 Med.

Born at Lisle, N. Y., 1858; graduated Lisle Union School and Academy, 1878; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1881; served in St. Luke's Hospital; in practice in Syracuse, N. Y., since 1881; Demonstrator of Anatomy, Syracuse University Medical College, 1882-85; Coroner, Onondaga County, 1888-91; Health Commissioner, Syracuse, 1892-97; member New York State Board of Health, 1895-1901; author of numerous publications.

FREDERICK WALTER SMITH, M.D., one of the foremost physicians of the central part of New York State, is a son of John Lewis and Rose (Walter) Smith, both of whom came of New England stock early settled in New York. His grandparents on both sides came from New England and were pioneers in Broome County, New York, where they were interested in the lumber trade, and a maternal great-grandfather was Captain Asa Morse, of the Revolutionary Army. He was born at Lisle, Broome County, New York, on August 24, 1858, being the only son of his parents, and at the age of fourteen years was thrown entirely upon his own resources through the sudden death of both his parents, within a few days of each other, in an epidemic of cerebro-spinal meningitis. He was able, however, not only to support but to educate himself thoroughly in the local schools, and in 1878 he was graduated from the Lisle Union School and Academy. Then he entered the Medical College of New York University, and in 1881 was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. A brief period of service as an Interne, by substitution, in St. Luke's Hospital, New York, followed, and then, in June, 1881, he established himself in the practice of his profession in Syracuse, New York, where he has since remained and where he now stands in the forefront of his profession. He went to Syracuse a stranger, but soon won high success in his professional, business and social relations, and is now a large property owner in that city and one of its representative men. Beside attending to his large general practice, Dr. Smith has filled the following places: Demonstrator of Anatomy in Syracuse University Medical College, 1882 to 1885; Coroner of Onondaga County, 1888 to 1891, inclusive; Commissioner of Health of the City of Syracuse, 1892 to 1897, inclusive; member of the New York State Board of Health, 1895 to 1901, inclusive, and Secretary of its Committee on Tuberculosis, 1896 to 1901. He is at this time Health Officer of the City of Syracuse. He is a member of the Onondaga County Medical Society,

FRED'K W. SMITH

the Syracuse Academy of Medicine, the American Public Health Association, the Syracuse Chamber of Commerce, the Citizens' Club of Syracuse, the Masonic Order, the Order of Odd Fellows, and the Congregational Church. In politics he is an earnest Republican, and has often represented his city and county in conventions of that party. He is the author of numerous papers on Tuberculosis and other medical and surgical topics. He was married to Hattie M. Smith, daughter of Lewis S. Smith, of Lisle, New York, on October 11, 1882, and has four sons: Walter Lewis, Leon Frederick, George Kellogg, and Lyman Stephen Smith. His address is No. 606 South Salina Street, Syracuse, New York.

SPRAGUE, Homer Baxter, 1859–

Class of 1881 Med.

Born at South Sutton, Mass., 1859; studied in public schools of Worcester, Mass., and New York, and College of City of New York, 1876-79; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1881; druggist at Fall River, Mass., 1881-82; practicing physician in New York since 1882.

HOMER BAXTER SPRAGUE, M.D., is a son of Welcome Whipple Sprague, M.D., and Mary Taft (Rawson) Sprague, and was born at South Sutton, Massachusetts, on August 22, 1859. The family is descended from Edward Sprague of

HOMER B. SPRAGUE

Upway, Dorsetshire, England, who came to America and landed at Salem, Massachusetts, in 1628. Dr. Sprague's paternal grandparents were Jonathan and Mary Ann (Whipple) Sprague, of South Sutton, Massachusetts. He was educated in the public schools of Worcester, Massachusetts, and of New York City, including the College of the City of New York, in which he spent the three years 1876–79. Thence he proceeded to the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1881. The next year was spent in the drug business in Fall River, Massachusetts, and in 1882 he returned to New York and engaged, in partnership with his father, in the practice of his profession, in which he has ever since been engaged. He is at the present time Visiting Surgeon to St. Elizabeth's Hospital, New York City. He is a member of the Lenox Medical and Surgical Society (President in 1900–01), the New York County Medical Society, the New York County Medical Association, and the Physicians' Mutual Aid Association. He was married on November 19, 1884, to Matilda Eliza Clinch, of New York, and has one child, Emma Mildred Sprague. His address is No. 1383 Lexington Avenue, New York.

STANIFORD, Charles Wilkinson, 1861–

Class of 1881 Sci.

Born at Rockport, Mass., 1861; graduated B.S. and C.E., New York University, 1881; engaged in civil engineering, railroad and dock work, since 1880.

CHARLES WILKINSON STANIFORD, B.S., C.E., is a son of Daniel and Caroline Cecilia (Fawcett) Staniford, and was born at Rockport, Massachusetts, on February 19, 1861. He entered New York University in 1877, was a member of Delta Phi, and was graduated in 1881 with the degrees of Bachelor of Science and Civil Engineer. He was engaged in engineering work on the Coney Island Elevated Railroad in 1880; for the Mutual Union Telegraph Company in 1881–83; for the South Pennsylvania Railroad in 1883–86; for the Lake Chautauqua Railroad in 1886; for the Lehigh Valley Railroad, and the North Western and South Atlantic Railroad, 1886–87; and for the Louisville and Nashville Railroad in 1888. Since 1888 he has been an Assistant Surveyor of the Department of Docks of New York. He is a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers. He was married on June 8, 1886, to Julia M. Schrock, daughter of Captain William M. Schrock, and has two children: Charles Wilkinson, Jr., and Foye Fawcett Staniford. His home is at No. 30 Berkeley Place, Brooklyn, New York.

UNDERWOOD, Horace Grant, 1859–

Class of 1881 Arts.

Born in London, England, 1859; graduated A.B., New York University, 1881; A.M., 1884; D.D., 1892; LL.D., 1901; Theological Seminary, New Brunswick, N. J., 1881-84; post-graduate course, Rutgers College, 1882-84; ordained into ministry of Reformed Dutch Church, and pastor at Pompton, N. J., 1884; missionary to Korea since 1885; Professor of Chemistry and Natural Philosophy, Royal Korean College, 1887-90; Pastor of Union Church, Korea, 1888-89; Translator

of Bible into Korean, Treasurer of Korean Presbyterian Mission, etc., author.

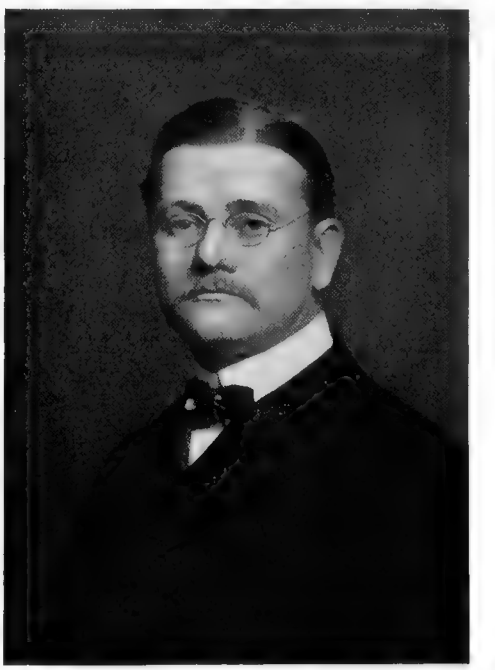
HORACE GRANT UNDERWOOD, A.M., D.D., LL.D., the distinguished missionary and scholar, is a native of London, England, where he was born on July 19, 1859, the son of John and Elizabeth (More) Underwood. He entered New York University in 1877, and was an admirable student. He won the Webster Junior Oratory Prize and was a Commencement orator; was Editor and Vice-President of Philomathean, and was Editor of "The University Quarterly." He was a member of the Delta Upsilon Fraternity. In 1881 he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and then went to New Brunswick, New Jersey, to continue his studies in the Theological Seminary of the Reformed Dutch Church from 1881 to 1884, and in a post-graduate course in Rutgers College in 1882–84. In the latter year he received the degree of Master of Arts from New York University, was ordained a minister of the Reformed Dutch Church, and was settled as pastor of a church at Pompton, New Jersey. In 1885, however, he became a missionary to Korea, and thus began the work to which his life has since been signally devoted. In 1887–90 he was Professor of Chemistry and Natural Philosophy in the Royal Korean Medical College at Seoul. In 1888–89 he was Pastor of the Union Church there, and in 1887–91 he was Chairman of the Korean Bible Commission and was one of the two who translated the Scriptures into Korean. He was Treasurer of the Korean Presbyterian Mission from 1885 to 1889, Chairman of the Mission in 1888–90, and Corresponding Secretary of the Korea Tract Society in 1889. He is, beside being a translator of the Bible into Korean, the author of a Korean-English and English-Korean Dictionary, a Korean Grammar, and other works in Korean and English. He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from New York University in 1892, and that of Doctor of Laws in 1901. He was married on March 13, 1889, to Dr. Lilias Sterling Horton, daughter of James Mandeville Horton, and has a son, Horace Horton Underwood.

VAN FLEET, Frank, 1860–

Class of 1881 Med.

Born in New York, 1860; studied in public schools and under tutors; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1881; in general practice, 1881-91; ophthalmologist since 1891; Surgeon to Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital; Professor in New York Post-Graduate Medical School; active promoter of legislation affecting the public health; frequent contributor to current medical literature.

FRANK VAN FLEET, M.D., son of Henry Sweitzer Van Fleet and Esther (Flandreau) Van Fleet, is a descendant of Adrian Geritsen Van Vlied, who came from Utrecht, Holland, in the ship "De Trouw," landed in this country on March 24, 1662, and settled at Wiltwyck, New York. In 1725 a branch of the family removed to New Jersey, and there Henry S. Van Fleet was born. He returned to New York City in 1846 and engaged in the publishing business, and in that city his son, the



FRANK VAN FLEET

subject of this sketch, was born on March 31, 1860. The boy attended the public schools, and also studied under private tutors. His professional training was acquired in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which is now a part of New York University, and in the office of Dr. David C. Cocks, who was Professor of Diseases of the Eye in that college and also a Surgeon to the New York Eye and Ear Infirmary. Dr. Van Fleet received his degree from Bellevue in 1881, and for ten years thereafter was engaged in the general practice of his profession. Since then he has been engaged exclusively in ophthalmological practice, in which he ranks as a leading authority. He is Professor of Diseases of

the Eye in the New York Post-graduate Medical School and Hospital, Surgeon to the Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital, and a Governor of the Methodist Episcopal Hospital of Brooklyn. He is a fellow of the New York Academy of Medicine, a member of the Medical Society of the State of New York, the Medical Society of the County of New York, the New York Ophthalmological Society, and a Trustee of the Park Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church of New York. In the professional organizations named he has long been active in promoting their interests and the welfare of the public health. He was for several years a member of the Board of Censors of the County Medical Society, and was President of that Society in 1901–02. For five or six years he was Chairman of the Committee on Legislation of the State Medical Society, and in that capacity frequently appeared before Legislative Committees to argue for or against measures affecting the public health. He has also been a frequent contributor to current professional literature, especially on the two topics of ophthalmology and state regulation of medical and sanitary affairs. Dr. Van Fleet was married in 1883 to Carrie Blair Oakley, daughter of Daniel T. Oakley, of Orange, New Jersey, who has borne him three children: Harry, Raymond Oakley, and James Flandreau Van Fleet. His address is No. 60 East 77th Street, New York.

WEISS, Julius, 1858–

Class of 1881 Med.

Born in Hungary, 1858; graduated grammar school No. 27, New York, 1873; graduated A.B., College of City of New York, 1878; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1881; graduated Mt. Sinai Hospital, 1883; in practice since 1883.

JULIUS WEISS, A.B., M.D., son of Samuel and Josephine (Silberstein) Weiss, was born in Hungary on May 24, 1858. He came to the United States in boyhood, and was educated under the New York public school system, being graduated from Grammar school No. 27 in 1873, and from the College of the City of New York, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1878. He then entered the New York University Medical College, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1881. The next two years were spent in Mount Sinai Hospital, from which he was graduated in 1883. Since the latter year he has been engaged in private practice of a general character. He is a

JULIUS WEISS

fellow of the New York Academy of Medicine, and a Republican in politics. He lives at No. 329 West 28th Street, New York.

ARNDT, John Stover, 1860–

Class of 1882 Arts.

Born at Paterson, N. J., 1860; graduated A.B., New York University, 1882, and A.M., 1885; reporter, Financial Editor.

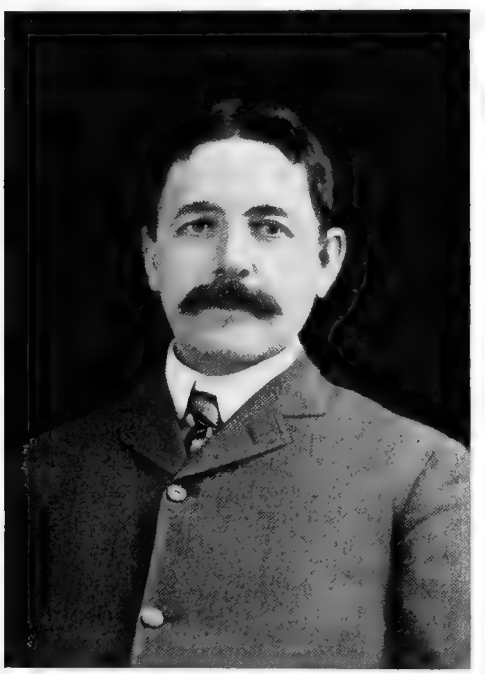
JOHN STOVER ARNDT, A.M., is a son of Ralph Stover Arndt and Sarah Walker (King) Arndt, and was born in Paterson, New Jersey, on August 21, 1860. In New York University he was a member of Zeta Psi, President of Philomathean, Editor of "The University Quarterly," and a Commencement orator. He was graduated in 1882 with the Baccalaureate degree in Arts, to which the University added the Master's degree in 1885. Immediately after graduation he became for a year a reporter for "The Pittsburg Telegraph." In 1883 he became a financial writer for "The Philadelphia Inquirer," and in 1889 became Financial Editor of that paper. In 1899 he retired from editorial work and has since been connected with several local corporations. He was married on December 15, 1887, to Jessie W. Stephens.

BAILEY, Fred De Forest, 1861–

Class of 1882 Med.

Born at Sidney, N. Y., 1861; studied in school at Norwich and Bainbridge, N. Y., and under private tutors; studied medicine privately and at New York University Medical College; graduated M.D., New York University, 1882; in practice since 1882; founded Brooklyn Medical Journal, 1888, and edited it since that date; Surgeon to Brooklyn Eye and Ear Hospital; Surgeon to Eastern District Hospital and Dispensary; Surgeon of the Forty-Seventh Regiment of the New York State National Guard, 1892.

FRED DE FOREST BAILEY, M.D., was born at Sidney, New York, in 1861, the son of John and Helen Jennie (De Forest) Bailey. His father was



FRED D. BAILEY

of English birth, while his mother was descended from some of the first settlers of Columbia County, New York, about 1760. He was educated in academies at Norwich and Bainbridge, New York, and under private tutors, until he reached the age of eighteen years. Then he began the study of medicine in the office of his uncle, Dr. George C. Bailey, at Westerley, Rhode Island. Finally he entered the Medical College of New York University, and was there graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1882. He forthwith began the practice of his profession, and has been actively engaged therein ever since, with more than ordinary success. In 1888 he founded "The Brooklyn Medical Journal," and has for the fourteen years since that date been one of its editors. He is Assistant Surgeon at the Brooklyn Eye and Ear Hospital, and Surgeon at the Eastern District (Brooklyn) Hospital and Dispensary, Eye Department. In 1892 he was Surgeon of the Forty-seventh Regiment of the New York State National Guard. Dr. Bailey is a member of the Union League Club of Brooklyn, of the Eastern Parkway Golf Club, of the New York State, Kings County and Brooklyn Medical societies, of the Associated Physicians of Long Island, of the Brooklyn Pathological Society, of the Ophthalmological Society of Brooklyn and of the Physicians' Mutual Aid Association of New York. He was married on October 4, 1882, to Margaret Bancker, of Brooklyn, who has borne him two sons, one of whom, William Bancker Bailey, is living. His home and office are in Brooklyn, New York.

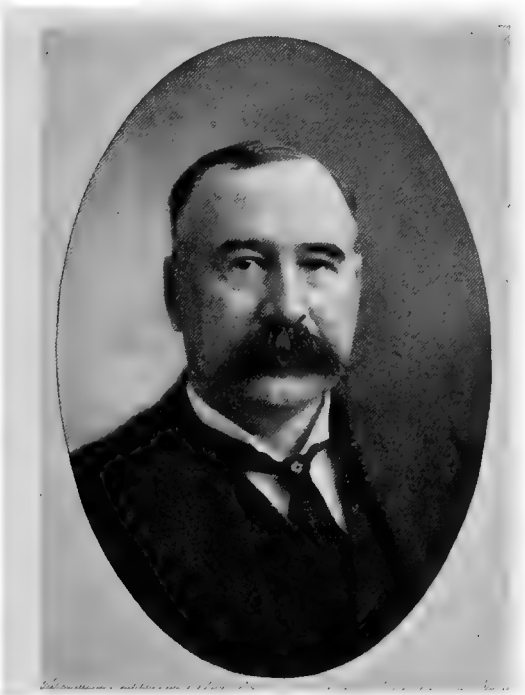
BASSETT, John Nelson, 1850–

Class of 1882 Med.

Born at Canton, N. Y., 1850; graduated A.B., St. Lawrence University, 1878; M.D., New York University Medical College, 1882; practicing physician at Canton, N. Y., since 1882; member of Board of Education, Canton Union School, 1882-94; President of Board of Trustees of Village of Canton, 1892 and 1893.

JOHN NELSON BASSETT, M.D., son of John Nelson and Almira Rawson Bassett, and a descendant of New England stock, was born at Canton, St. Lawrence County, New York, on August 11, 1850, and received his early education in the local public schools. Thence he went to St. Lawrence University, at Canton, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1878. His inclination leading him toward a professional career, he matriculated at the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated from that institution in 1882, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Immediately upon receiving his degree he returned to Canton to begin the practice of his profession, and has been continuously and successfully engaged in it there ever since. In addition to his professional work he has taken an active interest in public affairs. From 1882 to 1894 he was a member of the Board of Education of the Canton Union School, serving a part of the time as President of the Board. In 1892 he was elected President of the Board of Trustees of the Village of Canton, and he was re-elected to that office in 1893. He is a

Republican in politics. He is a Fellow of the New York Academy of Medicine, and a member of the



JOHN N. BASSETT

St. Lawrence County Medical Society. He was married in 1882 to Lillian Alice Wright, and has one son, Harry W. Bassett.

BLAISDELL, Silas Canada, 1856–

Class of 1882 Med.

Born at Winterport, Maine, 1856; studied in public school and Hampden, Me., Academy; worked at clothing trade and in sugar refinery; prize winner in New York University Medical College; graduated M.D., 1882; in practice since; Demonstrator and Lecturer in New York University Medical College; Surgeon-in-Chief of Eastern District Hospital, Brooklyn, N. Y.

SILAS CANADA BLAISDELL, M.D., a prominent physician and surgeon of Brooklyn, New York, is a native of Winterport, Waldo County, Maine, and the son of Ebenezer Ferren Blaisdell and Nancy (Chase) Blaisdell. He was born on May 20, 1856, in a house which has belonged to the family for more than a hundred and ten years, and in which his father and grandfather and all their children, and all the children of his great-grandfather Blaisdell, were born. His great-grandfather, Ebenezer Blaisdell, went to Maine from New Hampshire soon after the War of the Revolution, in which he rendered valiant service, and was one of the first settlers of Frankfort, Maine. He was a retired sea-captain. He is said to have been the first to plant an apple orchard in the State of Maine, and he was the builder of the house in which the subject of this sketch was born. His son, the grandfather of Dr. Blaisdell, was also named Ebenezer, and married Annie Ferren, of Kennebunkport, daughter of Jonathan Ferren, who fought in the French and Indian War, in the Revolutionary War, and was a member of Arnold's expedition to Quebec. The son of the latter couple, and father of Dr. Blaisdell, is Ebenezer Ferren Blaisdell, who was married in 1847 to Nancy Chase, a daughter of Mark L. Chase and a descendant of the same family as that of Salmon Portland Chase, Chief Justice of the United States Supreme Court. Mark L. Chase was an advanced Free Thinker, and an inventor of note. He devised the method of applying the motion of the compass to the centre of the upper millstone and adjusting it to the lower stone — the method universally in use in this coun-

SILAS C. BLAISDELL

try for grinding grain until the introduction of the steel roller process a few years ago. Mr. Chase also invented the side-hill plow. His wife was a daughter of John Spearin, a veteran of the Revolution

and of the War of 1812. She was also descended through her grandmother from General Kendall, who founded the City of Waterville, Maine, erecting there Kendall's Mills, the first saw mills on the Kennebec River. Silas Canada Blaisdell received his early education in the public school at Winterport, and then studied for a short time at the Hampden, Maine, Academy. The limited means of his parents compelled him to go to work at an early age, and for four years he was apprenticed to a cooper. Next he worked for a tailor for a year and a half, and then went to Brooklyn, New York, and for a year worked in the clothing trade, fourteen hours a day, for six dollars a week. Finally he entered the employment of the Havemeyer and Elder Sugar Refining Company, and remained in it four years, saving in that time enough money to enable him to pursue a course in a medical college and thus gratify the ambition which he had cherished from early childhood. Dr. Blaisdell cannot remember of having in the whole course of his life had as much as a twenty-five cent piece given to him, for which he did not give the full equivalent of value in labor of some kind. He entered the Medical College of New York University in 1879, and in his first year, after a competitive examination of more than seven hundred students, was appointed Demonstrator of Anatomy, and won a silver medal. In his second year he won the gold medal, and was thus the only man in the history of the institution to win those medals in his first and second years. In the third year he won honorable mention, and the offer of a hospital appointment. He was graduated in 1882 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Since that time he has been steadily engaged in practice in the City of Brooklyn, New York. He was for a time a Lecturer on Applied and Comparative Anatomy in the New York University Medical College, Lecturer on Regional Anatomy in the New York College of Dentistry, and Visiting Surgeon to the Eastern District Hospital of Brooklyn, New York. He is now Surgeon-in-Chief of the latter institution. He is a member of the Kings County Medical Society, the Physicians' Mutual Aid Society, the Hanover Club, and the Seawanaka Boat Club. In politics he is an Independent. He has written various articles for publication including a notable paper on "Head Injuries" in "The Brooklyn Medical Journal" of April, 1900. Dr. Blaisdell was married on January 29, 1883, to Ella Rebecca Fisher, daughter of Elanson Fisher, the portrait painter. His home is at No. 500 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn, New York.

BOYD, James, 1863–

Class of 1882 Sci.

Born in New York City, 1863; graduated B.S., New York University, 1882; engaged in manufacturing since 1882.

JAMES BOYD, B.S., son of John and Mary Ellen (Gillis) Boyd, was born in New York City on May 11, 1863, and entered New York University in 1878. He was a member of Zeta Psi, Vice-President of his class, an officer of Philomathean, and Marshal at Commencement. He was graduated in 1882 with the degree of Bachelor of Science, and since that time has been prosperously engaged in manufacturing in New York City. He was married on January 25, 1887, to Agnes Jessie Gray, and has two children: Katharine and John Boyd. His office is at No. 408 West 26th Street, and his home at No. 64 West 77th Street, New York.

CURIE, Charles, 1842–

Class of 1882 Law.

Born at Audencourt, France, 1842; studied in public schools and business college; served in U. S. Army, 1861-65; in mercantile life, 1859-61, and 1866-68; custom-house broker, 1868-90; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1882; in legal practice.

CHARLES CURIE, LL.B., son of Frederic and Dorothea M. (Diemer) Curie, of French Huguenot ancestry, was born at Audencourt, France, in 1842, and a year later was brought by his parents to the United States. He studied in the public schools in Paterson, New Jersey, and in a business college in Cleveland, Ohio, and then, in 1859, entered mercantile life. Two years later he entered the United States Army, and served through the Civil War. He was a member of Hawkins's Zouaves, and was mustered out in 1865 with the rank of Captain which he had held since May, 1864. In 1866–68 he was again in mercantile pursuits, and from 1868 to 1890 he was a custom-house broker in New York. Meantime he studied law, entered the New York University Law School, and was graduated with the Bachelor's degree in 1882. He is now engaged in the practice of his profession. He is a member of the Union League Club of New York, the Union League Club of Brooklyn, the Army and Navy Club of New York, the Hamilton Club of Brooklyn, and the Hamilton Club of Paterson, New Jersey. In politics he is a Republican. He was married to Jennie Andrews, of Paterson, New Jersey, in 1870, and has two children: Charles and Laura Curie. His office is at

No. 22 William Street and his residence at No. 1 West 94th Street, New York. His summer home is "Idlewild," at Cornwall-on-Hudson, New York.

FRENCH, John Herndon, 1859–

Class of 1882 Med.

Born at Fredericksburg, Va., 1859; graduated Virginia Military Institute, 1879; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1882; Interne at Bellevue Hospital, 1884-85; Attending Physician, De Milt Dispensary, 1893-1900; in practice since 1882.

JOHN HERNDON FRENCH, M.D., is a son of Seth Barton French, and through his mother, whose maiden name was Ellen Mercer Herndon, he is a great-great-great-grandson of General Hugh Mercer of Revolutionary fame. He was born at Fredericksburg, Virginia, on August 8, 1859, and was educated in the schools of his native state. On July 4, 1879, he was graduated from the Virginia Military Institute, and then came to New York University to pursue a course in its Medical College. In March, 1882, he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, and since that time has been engaged in the practice of his profession. In 1884–85 he was an Interne at Bellevue Hospital, and from 1893 to 1900 he was an Attending Physician at the De Milt Dispensary, in the general medical class. He is a member of the Bellevue Hospital Alumni Society, the Southern Society of New York, and the Union, Metropolitan, and New York Athletic clubs. He was married on November 14, 1888, to Sadie Cochrane, and has four children: Seth Barton, Hilah Cochrane, Ellen Mercer, and John Herndon French. His address is No. 43 West 51st Street, New York.

HALSTEAD, Jacob, 1860–

Class of 1882.

Born at Harrison, Westchester County, N. Y., 1860; studied in New York University for two years in Class of 1882; entered Columbia Law School in 1881, graduated in 1883; in practice at the New York Bar since 1883.

JACOB HALSTEAD is a son of David P. and Fannie Halstead, and was born at Harrison, Westchester County, New York, on April 9, 1860. For two years he was a student in New York University, in the Class of 1882. He entered Columbia Law School in 1881, and was graduated in 1883. Since 1883 he has been a practitioner at the New York Bar. His office is at No. 76 William Street, New York City, and his home is at Orienta Point, Mamaroneck, Westchester County, New York. Mr. Halstead is a brother of John C. and Fletcher Halstead, who were graduated from New York University in 1880 and 1884 respectively.

HIGBIE, Robert Winfield, 1863–

Class of 1882 Arts.

Born at Springfield, N. Y., 1863; graduated A.B., Valedictorian of class, New York University, 1882; employed in New York Savings Bank, 1882; Hanover National Bank, 1883-85; partner in retail lumber firm, Jamaica, N. Y., 1885-95; in wholesale lumber trade since 1895; member of Psi Upsilon and Phi Beta Kappa; A.M., New York University.

ROBERT WINFIELD HIGBIE, A.M., a fine example of the college man in business, is a direct lineal descendant of John Higbie, who lived

R. W. HIGBIE

at Middletown, Connecticut, from 1660 to 1694, and of his son, Edward Higbie, who in 1674 settled at Jamaica, Long Island, New York, and he is in the eighth generation of the Higbie family in the United States. On the maternal side he is in the fourth generation from Robert Davison, a patriot soldier in the Revolution. He was born at Springfield, in the Town of Jamaica, now a part of the Borough of Queens, New York City, on March 5, 1863, the son of Alexander and Sarah Frances (Davison) Higbie, and received his early education in the local public school. He was prepared

for college in Professor E. Vienot's Preparatory School, and in 1878 was matriculated in the School of Arts of New York University. There he ranked high among his classmates, being Secretary of his class during the Sophomore year and its President in the Junior year. He was a member of Delta Chapter of the Psi Upsilon Fraternity, and in due season was elected to Phi Beta Kappa. He was graduated in 1882, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and as the Valedictorian of his class. Later, in recognition of his continued scholarship, he received from the University the degree of Master of Arts. In this Mr. Higbie takes just pride, and he is confirmed in his early belief that a college education, with the highest and broadest culture, is profitable to the business man as well as to the member of a learned profession. The exceptional esteem in which Mr. Higbie was held by the Faculty as well as by his fellow students was shown in the fact that the very day after his graduation he was employed by Professor Richard Bull as a clerk in the New York Savings Bank, of which institution the venerable professor was President. Dr. Bull had been Mr. Higbie's instructor in Mathematics, and was a keen judge of human nature and very exacting in his requirements. To be thus chosen by him for a place of trust was therefore a high tribute to the young man's character and attainments. After a short term of service in the savings bank Mr. Higbie entered the employment of the Hanover National Bank of New York, and remained there until 1885, being advanced meantime from place to place. In the year named he voluntarily retired from the bank in order to become partner in a retail lumber firm at Jamaica, New York, in which business he was successfully engaged for the following ten years. Then, seeking a wider field, he left his Jamaica office to engage in the wholesale lumber trade in New York City. He is still occupied with the latter business at No. 45 Broadway, New York, and is also interested in manufacturing, and is the owner of extensive lumber lands in West Virginia. Mr. Higbie has not interested himself in politics beyond performing the duties of a private citizen. He has declined election to various clubs, preferring to remain domestic in his tastes and habits. He is a member of the First Presbyterian Church of Jamaica, the oldest church of that denomination in North America, and is President of its Board of Trustees. He has held the office of Vice-President of the Chautauqua Literary Society of Jamaica. He was married on September 12, 1888, to Anna Augusta Pearsall, daughter of Hamilton W. Pearsall, and has two children: Hamilton Alexander and Robert Winfield Higbie. He now makes his home at Jamaica, New York.

HOPKINS, James Swinburne, 1859–

Class of 1882 Med.

Born at Carthage, N. Y., 1859; studied at Carthage High School; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1882; Professor in New York University; in practice in New York since 1882.

JAMES SWINBURNE HOPKINS, M.D., is a descendant of Stephen Hopkins, a signer of the Declaration of Independence, his paternal grandparents having been Solomon and Levina Hopkins of Rhode Island, and his father, Joel Rice Hopkins. His mother's maiden name was Prudence Swinburne, daughter of Peter and Artemisia Swinburne, the former of whom was born in Ireland and was a merchant in Dublin, but came to the United States in the early part of the last century. Peter and Artemisia Swinburne had twelve children, one of whom, a brother of Prudence Swinburne Hopkins, was Dr. John Swinburne of Albany, New York, who for a number of years was Health Officer of the Port of New York, as well as Mayor of Albany and a Representative in Congress. It was Dr. John Swinburne who conceived the idea of constructing

J. S. HOPKINS

two artificial islands in New York Bay for quarantine purposes and who secured the legislation necessary for the execution of the plan. One of the islands is named for him, and the other for Governor Hoffman, who was in office at that time. The Swinburne family is of ancient origin, having been planted in England from the continent many centuries ago. Two brothers of the family were settled in Ireland in Cromwell's time, and from them the family under present consideration is descended. Dr. Hopkins, son of Joel Rice Hopkins and Prudence Swinburne Hopkins, was born at Carthage, New York, on February 25, 1859. After completing his course at the Carthage High School he entered the New York University Medical College, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1882, since which date he has been successfully engaged in the practice of his profession in New York City. He was Professor of Ophthalmology in the American Veterinary College, now a part of New York University, for nearly ten years, until 1900, when he resigned. He was also Instructor in Ophthalmology in the Medical College of New York University for some years. He is a member of the New York County Medical Society, the New York County Medical Association, the Medical Society of Greater New York, and the Physicians' Mutual Aid Association. On April 11, 1894, he was married to M. E. Quimby, and has two children: James Wyatt, and Margaret Lois Swinburne Hopkins. His address is No. 52 West 84th Street, New York.

KEITH, Hanford Charles, 1858–

Class of 1882 Med.

Born at Havelock, N. B., Canada, 1858; studied in common schools and Normal Academy; school teacher; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1882; in practice since 1882; specialist in nervous diseases.

HANFORD CHARLES KEITH, M.D., was born at Havelock, New Brunswick, Canada, on August 3, 1858, the son of George and Victoria Keith. His ancestors were Scotch, the first of them in this country coming over in the "Mayflower." At the time of the Revolution the family removed to New Brunswick, its members taking the British side in that conflict and not being willing to remain under American rule. Dr. Keith studied in the common and high schools of New Brunswick and the Normal Academy at Fredericton, and for a time was a teacher in the common and high schools. Later he entered the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in March, 1882. He at once engaged in practice in New Brunswick, and remained there until 1886. From 1886 to 1894 he practiced at Rhinelander, Wisconsin; in 1894–95 he was Resident Physician in the Mt. Clemens Sanitarium, at Mt. Clemens, Michigan; he practiced at Richmond, Indiana, in 1895–98; and since the last named year has been settled in Toledo, Ohio, making a specialty of nervous diseases. He is a

H. C. KEITH

Thirty-second degree Mason, a Knight Templar, a Noble of the Mystic Shrine, an Odd Fellow and a Knight of Pythias. In politics he is a Republican. He was married to Elizabeth Simpson, of Richmond, Indiana, on December 21, 1897. His address is No. 811 Monroe Street, Toledo, Ohio.

LEWENGOOD, Jacob, 1861–

Class of 1882 Med.

Born in New York, 1861; studied in public schools and College of the City of New York; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1882; Interne in Bellevue Hospital, 1882-83; in practice since 1883.

JACOB LEWENGOOD, M.D., is a son of Louis and Helen (Lawthein) Lewengood, and a twin brother of Dr. Samuel Lewengood whose

biography also appears in this volume. His forefathers were German. He was born in New York City in 1861, and studied in the public schools, from which in 1876 he was graduated into the College of the City of New York. In the latter he remained until his Senior year, when he left it for the Bellevue Hospital Medical College. From the latter, now a part of New York University, he was graduated with the Doctor's degree in 1882. The ensuing year he spent as an Interne in Bellevue Hospital, and then, in 1883, began the general practice of his profession, in which he has ever since been engaged. His address is No. 1118 Madison Avenue, New York.

LEWENGOOD, Samuel, 1861–

Class of 1882 Med.

Born in New York, 1861; studied in public schools and College of the City of New York; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1882; Interne at Bellevue Hospital, 1882-83; in practice since 1883.

SAMUEL LEWENGOOD, M.D., son of Louis and Helen (Lawthein) Lewengood, of German ancestry, was born in New York City in 1861, and studied in the public schools and in the College of the City of New York. Leaving the latter in his Senior year, he entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which is now a part of New York University. He was graduated a Doctor of Medicine in 1882, and spent the next year as an Interne in Bellevue Hospital. Since 1883 he has been engaged in the general practice of his profession. His address is No. 137 West 78th Street, New York.

OYLER, William H., 1858–

Class of 1882 Med.

Born at Arendtsville, Pa., 1858; studied in public school and State Normal School, Shippensburg, and Stevens Institute, Gettysburg, Pa.; taught school for two years; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1882; in practice and hospital service since 1882.

WILLIAM H. OYLER, M.D., son of Jacob K. and Julia Ann (Beamer) Oyler, of Dutch ancestry, was born at Arendtsville, Pennsylvania, on June 10, 1858. He studied in a public school, in the State Normal School at Shippensburg, Pennsylvania, and in the Stevens Institute at Gettysburg, Pennsylvania. He also taught in public schools for two years. His professional studies were pursued in the New York University Medical College, from which he was graduated a Doctor of Medicine in 1882. Since that date he has been in practice, serving much in hospitals. He was a Clinical Assistant in the Harlem, New York, Eye, Ear and Throat Infirmary from 1887 to 1892, and a Visiting Physician to the Harlem Hospital Dispensary from 1887 to 1902. He is a member of the Order of Odd Fellows, the Harlem Democratic Club, and the New York County Medical Society.

WILLIAM H. OYLER

He was married in June, 1900, to Mary V. Watson, of Fairfield, Pennsylvania, and lives at No. 216 West 124th Street, New York.

PHILLIPS, Albert Louis, 1862–

Class of 1882 Sci.

Born in New York City, 1862; graduated B.S., New York University, 1882; LL.B., Columbia College Law School, 1885; admitted to Bar, 1884; lawyer.

ALBERT LOUIS PHILLIPS, B.S., LL.B., is a son of Jacob L. and Augusta (Bernstein) Phillips, and was born in New York City on August 1, 1862. In New York University he was a member of Zeta Psi. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1882, and then entered the Columbia Law School, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1885. He was admitted to the Bar in 1884, and has since that time

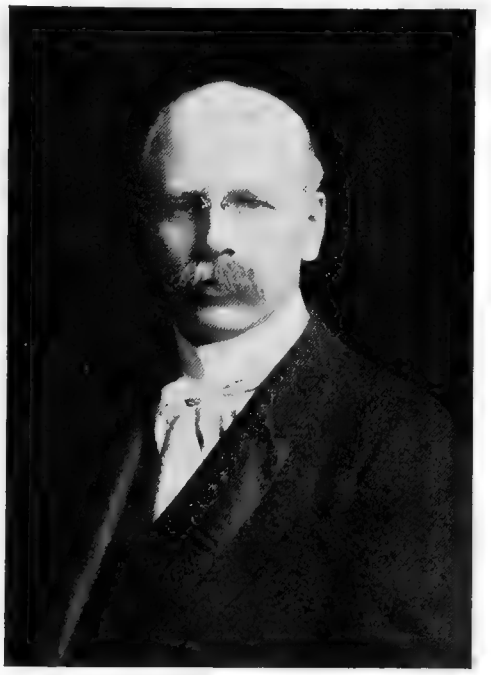
been engaged in the practice of his profession in New York, his office being at No. 99 Nassau Street. He was married on October 28, 1890, to Isabella Manheims, and has a daughter, Gertrude Augusta, and a son, Morris K. Phillips. His home is at No. 114 East 82nd Street, New York.

PHILLIPS, Wendell Christopher, 1857–

Class of 1882 Med.

Born at South Hammond, N. Y., 1857; studied in common schools and Potsdam, N. Y., Normal School; school teacher for four years; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1882; in practice since 1882; extended hospital service; Adjunct Professor of Otology, Post-Graduate Medical School, 1894-99, and Professor since 1899; author of numerous papers; officer of various professional organizations.

WENDELL CHRISTOPHER PHILLIPS, M.D., is descended through his father, Samuel Phillips, from the family of Ethan Allen, and through his mother, whose maiden name was Mary Sophronia Merrill, from Nathaniel Merrill, who was born in England in 1610, came to America in 1633, and settled at Newbury, Massachusetts, in 1635. He was born at South Hammond, St. Lawrence County, New York, on June 9, 1857, and received his early education in the common schools. He was prepared for college at the State Normal School at Potsdam, New York, and then for four years was engaged as a teacher in the public schools. Finally adopting the medical profession, he entered the New York University Medical College and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1882. Immediately thereafter, in June, 1882, he began the practice of his profession in New York City, where he has since remained. In October of that same year he was appointed Clinical Assistant in the Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital, Throat Department; in 1884 he was appointed Assistant Surgeon in that institution, and in 1899 he was appointed Surgeon to its Aural Department. Meantime he also became a teacher of his profession. In 1886 he was appointed lecturer on diseases of the nose and throat in the New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital. In 1894 he became Adjunct Professor of Otology there, and in 1899 he was appointed Professor of Otology in the same institution, which place he continues to hold. He is also Consulting Surgeon to the Bedford Dispensary and Hospital in Brooklyn, and Consulting Surgeon to the General Hospital at Perth Amboy, New Jersey. Dr. Phillips is a Fellow of the New York Academy of Medicine, and in 1900 was Chairman of its Section on Laryngology; Fellow and Secretary of the American Laryngological, Rhinological and Otological Society; member and Vice-President of the New York Physicians' Mutual Aid Society; member of the Medical Association of the Greater New York, of the New York State Medical Society, the New York County Medical Society, and member of its Board of Censors. In politics he is a Republican, but he has held no public office. He has written numerous papers upon topics relating to the ear, nose and throat, and has been active in the management of the New York County and State



WENDELL C. PHILLIPS

Medical societies. He was married on April 21, 1885, to Sarah Wakeman, who died in childbirth on March 16, 1887, the child, named for her mother, dying on August 21st following. He was again married on October 3, 1889, to Lucia Maria Taggart, who has borne him three children: Helen Irving, born on May 30, 1892, Lucia Edith, born on December 22, 1895, and Charlotte Alice Phillips, born on October 16, 1897. His address is No. 40 West 47th Street, New York.

PISEK, Vincent, 1859–

Class of 1882 Arts.

Born at Malešow, Bohemia, 1859; studied in common school, Malešow, High School, Kutna Hora, Bohemia,

and public school, New York City; graduated Chapin Collegiate School, New York, 1877; graduated A.B., New York University, 1882; graduated Union Theological Seminary, 1883; Presbyterian Pastor since 1883; Savings Bank Trustee since 1888; editor and publisher.

VINCENT PISEK, A.B., Pastor of the John Huss Bohemian Brethren Presbyterian Church of New York, is a son of Anton and Barbara (Musil) Pisek, and was born on March 29, 1859, at Malesow, Bohemia. He attended the common school at that place, and the High School at Kutna Hora, Bohemia, and then came to America and studied for a year in a New York public school. Next

VINCENT PISEK

he entered Dr. Henry B. Chapin's Collegiate School, in New York, and was graduated from it in 1877. Thence he came to New York University, where he was a member of Psi Upsilon and Phi Beta Kappa fraternities, was Junior orator, and Greek Salutatorian. He was graduated in 1882 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and the next year was graduated from the Union Theological Seminary and ordained into the ministry of the Presbyterian Church. In the same year he was installed as Pastor of the John Huss Bohemian Brethren Presbyterian Church, which place he still fills. He erected the present building of that church, and founded and organized many Bohemian missions and churches in the West. He is the editor and publisher of a weekly paper for children. He was Moderator of the first Assembly of the Bohemian ministers of the Presbyterian and Reformed churches in America in 1893. Since 1888 he has been a Trustee of the American Savings Bank of New York City. He is a member of the Comenius Society of Prague, Bohemia. In politics he is a Republican. His home is at No. 347 East 74th Street, New York City. His brother, Godfrey Pisek, was graduated from New York University in the Class of 1894.

TAYLOR, Charles Edgar, 1858–

Class of 1882 Med.

Born at Muncie, Ind., 1858; studied in public and normal schools; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1882; in practice since 1882.

CHARLES EDGAR TAYLOR, M.D., comes of a line of physicians, his father, John C. Taylor, grandfather, D. D. Taylor, and great-grandfather, Silas Taylor, having all been members of the medical profession. His mother's maiden name was Xenia Bossart. Dr. Taylor was born at Muncie, Indiana, on April 28, 1858, and began his studies in the public schools. Later he pursued a two years' course at the Indiana State Normal School, where he was fitted to enter upon his professional studies. He entered the Medical College of New York University in the fall of 1880, and was graduated with the Doctor's degree on March 7, 1882, since which time he has been steadily engaged in the practice of his profession at Irwin, Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania. He is a member and President of the Irwin Medical Society, and a member of the Westmoreland County Medical Society and the Pennsylvania State Medical Society.

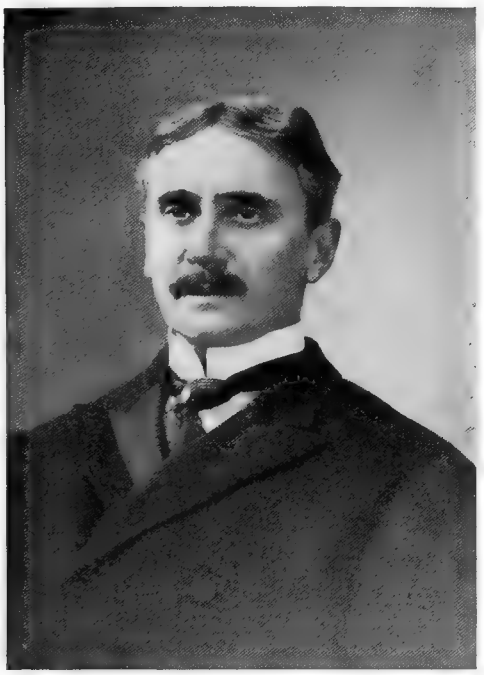
THOMPSON, Edmund Burke, 1859–

Class of 1882 Med.

Born at Springdale, Ohio, 1859; studied in public schools and under tutors; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1882; in practice and in hospital and asylum service, 1882-1896.

EDMUND BURKE THOMPSON, M.D., son of Marcus and Mary A. (Gross) Thompson, was born at Springdale, Ohio, on February 1, 1859, and received an excellent education in public schools and under private tutors. In 1879 he entered the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1882. He was thereafter a member of the Medical Staff of the Hartford, Connecticut,

Retreat for the Insane in 1882–83; in private practice with Dr. Edwin B. Leyon, of New Britain, Connecticut, in 1884–85; Resident Physician at St. Joseph's General Hospital, St. Paul, Minneapolis,



EDMUND B. THOMPSON

1885–86; Assistant Superintendent of the Northern Hospital for the Insane, Winnebago, Wisconsin, 1886–87; Assistant Superintendent of the Iowa Hospital for the Insane, Independence, Iowa, 1887–90; Assistant Superintendent of the Asylum for the Insane at Topeka, Kansas, 1892–94, and Physician to the New York (Bloomingdale) Asylum, and to Sanford Hall, Flushing, Long Island, 1894–96. In the last named year he resigned his place and retired from practice. He was married on June 4, 1890, to Mae A. Clark, of Independence, Iowa, who died on April 9, 1891. On October 22, 1896, he married Frances M. French, of New York, who has borne him two children: Edmund Burke, Jr., and John French Thompson. Dr. Thompson is a member of the New York County Medical Society, and lives at No. 316 West 105th Street, New York.

WALDO, Ralph, 1860–

Class of 1882 Med.

Born at Scotland, Conn., 1860; studied in private and public schools and Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1882; hospital service, 1882-83; Bellevue Dispensary Staff, 1883-89; Instructor and Professor in Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital since 1888.

RALPH WALDO, M.D., Professor of the Diseases of Women in the New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital, was born at Scotland, Windham County, Connecticut, on September 24, 1860, the son of Roger Williams and Charlotte B. (Gager) Waldo. Through his father he is descended from Cornelius Waldo, who came from England in 1647 and settled at Ipswich, Massachusetts. The Waldo family was conspicuous in colonial wars and in the Revolution, and in each generation of it some member has been identified with educational affairs. Dr. Waldo was educated in private and public schools of Brooklyn, New York, and the Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute. From the latter he came to the New York University Medical College, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1882. For eighteen months, in 1882–83, he was on the House Staff of the Charity and Maternity hospitals, and for

RALPH WALDO

the six years 1883–89 he served on the Dispensary Staff of Bellevue Hospital. In 1888 he was made Clinical Assistant to the Department of Diseases of Women in the New York Post-Graduate Medical

School and Hospital, under the late Professor C. C. Lee. Later he was an Instructor, and Adjunct Professor, and in 1900 was made Professor of the Diseases of Women in the same institution. Since 1900 he has been a Trustee of the Washington Savings Bank of New York. He is a member of the Unitarian Club, the New York State Medical Association, the New York State Medical Society, the New York County Medical Society, the Academy of Medicine (Fellow), the Obstetrical Society, the Harlem Medical Association, the Lenox Medical and Surgical Society (of which he has been Chairman), the Charity Hospital Alumni Society, the Medical and Surgical Society, the Medical Union (of which he is now Chairman), the Medical Board and Board of Managers of Lebanon Hospital (of which he is now chairman), and the New England Society. He is also Gynecologist to the Lebanon and Post-Graduate hospitals. He was married on April 22, 1890, to Fanny Hall, and has had four children: Ralph Hall, Susan Dutcher (deceased), Fanny Hall, and Alfred Williams Waldo. His address is No. 68 West 50th Street, New York.

WARNER, William Bray, 1860–

Class of 1882 Med.

Born at Keyport, N. J., 1860; educated in public schools and College of City of New York; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1882; hospital service, 1882-83; in practice since 1883.

WILLIAM BRAY WARNER, M.D., son of William and Sarah Elizabeth (Bray) Warner, was born at Keyport, New Jersey, on January 3, 1860. His ancestors, who came to America in early colonial times, were English on both sides, and both families were well represented in the American Army in the Revolution and War of 1812. His paternal great-grandfather served in the navy under John Paul Jones, and his father was a First Lieutenant in the Twenty-ninth New Jersey Volunteers in the Civil War. He received his education in the public schools of Jersey City and New York, and in the College of the City of New York, in which latter he remained until the beginning of his Senior year. He then entered the New York University Medical College and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1882. After a year of hospital service in the old Jersey City Charity Hospital, since destroyed, and brief practice in Jersey City, he settled at Red Bank, New Jersey, in August, 1884, and has since remained there in successful practice. He is a Free Mason (Past Master), and a member of the Monmouth County Medical Society and the

WM. B. WARNER

Practitioners' Society of Eastern Monmouth, New Jersey. He was married on November 25, 1890, to Jessie Lincoln Fraser.

WILLIAMS, Horace Newell, 1861–

Class of 1882 Med.

Born at Uxbridge, Mass., 1861; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1882; graduated Surgical Department Bellevue Hospital, 1884; in practice since 1884.

HORACE NEWELL WILLIAMS, M.D., son of Nicholas B. and Charlotte E. (Newell) Williams, was born at Uxbridge, Massachusetts, on January 2, 1861, and was educated in the public schools and high school of his native town. In 1882 he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the Bellevue Hospital Medical College of New York, now a part of New York University. The next eighteen months were spent in the Surgical Department of Bellevue Hospital, from which he was graduated in 1884. Since the latter date he has been engaged in the practice of his profession in Providence, Rhode Island. In 1885–88 he was Assistant Surgeon to the First Light Infantry Regi-

ment, Rhode Island National Guard. He is a member of the Rhode Island State Medical Society, the Providence Medical Association, the Society of Alumni of Bellevue Hospital, and the Masonic Order,

HORACE N. WILLIAMS

including R.A. and K.T. He was married on April 30, 1890, to Carrie L. Pierce, and has two children: Charlotte Pierce and Francis P. Williams.

ABBOTT, James, 1861–

Class of 1883 Arts.

Born in New York City, 1861; member of Psi Upsilon and Phi Beta Kappa; graduated A.B., New York University, 1883; connected with The Century Co., New York, since 1883; Vice-President of New York Bible Society, 1891.

JAMES ABBOTT, A.B., son of Robert and Eliza (Nightingale) Abbott, was born in New York City on October 2, 1861. He entered New York University in 1879, and was a conspicuous member of his class, holding several offices as an undergraduate and being its permanent secretary since graduation. He was also a Junior orator, President of Eucleian, Editor of "The University Quarterly," and a member of Psi Upsilon and Phi Beta Kappa fraternities. He was graduated with the Baccalaureate degree in Arts in 1883, and ever since that time has been connected with The Century Co., publishers, at No. 33 East 17th Street, New York. In 1891 he was elected Vice-President of the New York Bible Society. For five years (1897–1902) he was Treasurer of the corporation which built the Chapter House for the Delta Chapter of Psi Upsilon at University Heights, and for three years (1899–1902) he was President of the Yonkers Choral Society. He was married on March 1, 1887, to Jessie Niver, daughter of Henry M. Niver, and has a son, Stanley Niver Abbott, and a daughter, Grace Abbott.

ACKERLY, George Briggs, 1851–

Class of 1883 Law.

Born at Centreport, N. Y., 1851; studied in High School at Huntington, Long Island; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1883; in practice since 1883.

GEORGE BRIGGS ACKERLY, LL.B., was born at Centreport, Long Island, New York, on October 26, 1851. His father, Gilbert Ackerly, came of an English family whose name has been variously spelled Ackerly, Akerly, Ackley, and Och

GEO. B. ACKERLY

Leigh or "Field of Oaks." The family was settled in the New Haven Colony at an early date and removed thence to Long Island. His mother, whose maiden name was Catherine Jane Feltch, was

of Welsh ancestry. Mr. Ackerly studied in, and was graduated from, the High School at Huntington, Long Island, being the marshal of his class, and being also a classmate of Wilmot M. Smith, Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York. He then entered the Law School of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1883. Since that date he has been steadily engaged in the practice of law. He is a member of the Order of the Golden Cross, and in politics is a Republican of independent proclivities. He was married to Nannie S. Brown, and has five children: Mary Lavinia, Willard Clark, Wesley Glover, Samuel Spafford, and George Ackerly, Jr. His home is at No. 819 Quincy Street, Brooklyn, New York.

ATWOOD, Charles Edwin, 1861–

Class of 1883 Med.

Born at Shoreham, Vt., 1861; graduated B.S., Cornell University, 1880; M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1883; served as Physician in Department of Public Charities, New York; Assistant Physician, Hudson River State Hospital, 1885-87; Utica State Hospital, 1887-92; Bloomingdale Hospital since 1892; Clinical Assistant Columbia University; Associate Editor, "American Journal of Insanity," 1887-92.

CHARLES EDWIN ATWOOD, M.D., is a native of Shoreham, Vermont, where he was born on July 21, 1861. His mother, whose maiden name was Laura Roxana Moore, was descended in the fourth generation from an English earl. His father, Edwin Simons Atwood, was descended from a daughter of Jonas Parker, the first man killed in the Revolutionary War at Lexington. Jonas Parker was a cousin of Captain John Parker, the Commander of the Minute Men at Lexington. The memorial tombs of both are at Lexington, and Jonas figures in the oil painting in the town hall at that place. It will be recalled that Edward Everett in one of his orations said, referring to Jonas Parker's refusal to retreat before the British, that "History, Roman History, does not furnish an example of bravery that outshines that of Jonas Parker." Born of such ancestry, Charles Edwin Atwood was educated first at the Newton Academy, Shoreham, then at the High School at Ithaca, New York, and finally at Cornell University, at Ithaca, where he pursued a scientific course and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1880. Thence, for his professional training, he went to the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, in New York, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1883. Immediately upon his graduation, Dr. Atwood entered the service of the Department of Public Charities of New York City, and performed duty in various clinics. Then, in 1885, he received an appointment as Assistant Physician at the Hudson River State Hospital (for the Insane) at Poughkeepsie, New York. This appointment was made after a severe civil service competitive examination lasting three days and embracing the higher branches of liberal education, such as Geology, Astronomy, Ancient and Political History, etc., as well as the usual medical subjects. He remained in that place

CHAS. E. ATWOOD

for two years, and then entered for similar service the State Hospital at Utica, New York, where he remained from 1887 to 1892. Since the latter date he has been upon the staff of the Society of the New York Hospital, in what is popularly known as Bloomingdale Asylum, at White Plains, New York. He is also Clinical Assistant in the Department of Nervous Diseases in the Medical College of Columbia University, and Medical Examiner for several New York life insurance companies. He has written a number of articles for the medical press on the causation of insanity, expert testimony, the training of nurses and other topics. From 1887 to 1892 he was Assistant Editor of "The American Journal of Insanity." He is a member of the American Social

Science Association, of the National Institute of Art, Science and Letters, of the American Medico-Psychological Association, of the New York County Medical Society, of the Cornell Club, and of the New York Cornell Alumni Association. In politics he is an independent Republican. He was married on February 5, 1896, to Helen Pearce Jarvis, daughter of the late Algernon Sydney Jarvis. In addition to his office in the asylum at White Plains he has one in New York City.

BLEYER, J. Mount, 1859–

Class of 1883 Med.

Born at Pilsen, Austria, 1859; studied at University of Prague; came to United States in 1866; in law office, 1875-78; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1883; studied in Europe; in practice in New York since 1884; specialist in diseases of respiratory organs.

J. MOUNT BLEYER, M.D., F.R.A.M.S., LL.D., an eminent specialist in diseases of the respiratory organs, was born in the City of Pilsen, Austria, in 1859, and received his early education in a local high school and at the University of Prague. In 1866 his father, Samuel Bleyer, a merchant, came to the United States with all his family, and the boy continued his education in New York. In 1875 he entered as a student the law office of Richard E. Mount, and remained there three years, when, not finding the legal profession altogether to his liking, he turned his attention to medicine and surgery. Accordingly, he became a student in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which has since been incorporated with New York University. At this time he was entirely dependent upon his own resources, and for support engaged in literary work. He wrote short stories, poems, plays, etc., largely for the daily press, and was thus enabled to support himself and pay his way through college. Among his writings were a dramatic poem on Edgar Allan Poe, a play entitled "The American M.D.," which was produced in New York, "The Spectacles of Truth," a philosophical story, and "The Wizard's Pantheon," a story of a weird character based upon the electrical inventions of the day. In 1883 he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, and then went to Europe for a period of further study. There he became acquainted with many eminent men and increased his knowledge of his profession. On his return to the United States he engaged in the practice of his profession in New York City, and has ever since been thus engaged, with exceptional success. Dr. Bleyer was one of the first to adopt the practice of intubation in cases of diphtheria, and was so markedly successful therein that he not only secured a large patronage in such cases but also was often called in for consultation. He sometimes operated in as many as six or seven cases a day. In 1890 he made a report to the International Medical Congress at Berlin upon the first five hundred cases treated by his method. Another important innovation with which he was conspicuously identified was that of the electric killing of criminals as a substitute for hanging.

J. MOUNT BLEYER

His first paper on this subject was published in the "Humboldt Scientific Library" and in the "Transactions" of the Medico-Legal Society of New York. Later came his studies on "Tone Blindness," or the causes of what is termed "false ear." A communication on this subject was submitted by him to the Royal Academy of Medicine and Surgery, of Naples, Italy, and gained him election to membership in that body. Continuing his researches in this field, he soon gave a remarkable report on the pathological changes in the human voice, as indicated by the phonograph. He perfected that machine for his purposes and planned the creation of what might be called a "vocal pantheon," or a museum in which the voices of emi-

nent men and women should be preserved. This idea has since been practically considered by the Smithsonian Institution. Dr. Bleyer wrote his first paper on this subject for "The American Athenæum." Following this came his experiments resulting in photography of the human voice and the making of "voice pictures." He found that sound can be recorded by photographing the vibrations of a membrane acted upon by the sound, and in this ingenious fashion he discovered a new chromatic scale. Upon the discovery of the "X Rays" Dr. Bleyer became deeply interested therein, and soon began the practice of fluoroscopy of the chest wall, demonstrating the possibility of thus examining and ascertaining the condition of the lungs. At present this system is widely used in hospitals. Next he gave his attention to the study of the violet rays of light. His application of such rays to the cure of tuberculosis has attracted wide attention throughout the world. For the generation of such rays he has invented several kinds of lamps. His system of treatment includes, also, the fullest possible use of sunlight through properly colored glass, and he has had a number of sanatoria thus equipped. Electric sterilization of the blood is another of his inventions which is receiving much attention from physiologists. This system consists in generating in the blood an excess of ozone. These and other researches and achievements of Dr. Bleyer have won for him wide recognition. He has been chosen to membership in the Electrical Society of New York, the Société Electrique Thérapeutique and the Société Laryngologique of Paris, the National Academy of Medicine of Mexico, and other learned bodies. He has also received the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws.

BROWN, Silas Edgar, 1856–

Class of 1883 Med.

Born at Lisbon, N. Y., 1856; graduated at Potsdam State Normal School, 1878; studied at McGill University; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1883; in general practice of medicine, 1883-92; in gynecological and surgical practice since 1892; established private sanitarium mainly for diseases of women, Ogdensburg, N. Y., 1897.

SILAS EDGAR BROWN, M.D., is the son of John and Rosalinda Barter Brown, and was born at Lisbon, St. Lawrence County, New York, on February 24, 1856. His father came from the North of Ireland and settled in the United States when he was thirty years of age. On the maternal side he is descended from Puritan stock, his grandparents having moved into New York from Vermont. His education was begun in the common schools of his native place. From 1874 to 1878 he was a student in the State Normal School at Potsdam, New York, and he was graduated from it in the classical course in the spring of 1878. Intent upon higher culture and a professional career he entered McGill University, in Canada, in 1880, but the next year left it for the Medical College of New York University. In the latter institution he pursued the full course and was duly graduated with the

SILAS E. BROWN

degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1883. Thereupon he settled at Ogdensburg, New York, and entered upon the practice of his chosen profession. Down to 1892 he was in general medical and surgical practice, but in that year he began to devote his attention almost exclusively to gynecological work and general surgery. In pursuance of this latter plan he established at Ogdensburg, in 1897, a private sanitarium, devoted chiefly to the cure of women's diseases. This institution he is now successfully conducting. Since 1887 he has been Coroner of St. Lawrence County, and since 1898 he has been Acting Assistant Surgeon of the United States Marine Hospital Service. He is also a member of the Municipal Civil Service Commission of

the City of Ogdensburg. In politics he is a Republican. He is a member of the Ogdensburg Club, of the Ogdensburg Medical Society of the St. Lawrence County Medical Association, and of the Northern New York Medical Association. Of each of the two last named organizations he has been President. Dr. Brown was married in September, 1883, to Mary C. Bacon, daughter of Captain George Bacon of the United States Navy. She has borne him three children: Josephine C., Marion H., and George B. Brown.

DOREMUS, Cornelius, 1862–

Class of 1883 Law.

Born at Arcola, N. J., 1862; studied in public schools, and Stevens Institute; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1883; admitted to New York Bar, 1883; New Jersey attorney, 1884; counselor, 1889; in practice since 1883.

CORNELIUS DOREMUS, LL.B., a prominent lawyer of Hackensack, New Jersey, and New York, was born at Arcola, Bergen County, New Jersey, on January 22, 1862, his parents being Jacob W. and Sophia E. (Van Dien) Doremus. He is descended in the fifth generation from Johannes or John Doremus, who was born at Middleburg, Island of Walcheron, Holland, came to America in 1709, settled first at Acquackanonck, New Jersey, and later at Hackensack, married at the latter place on August 19, 1710, and was the owner of large tracts of land at Preakness and on the Saddle River near Paramus, New Jersey. In the next generation was Joris or George Doremus, who lived at Passaic and married Mary, daughter of Dan Berdaen (Berdan). Later descendants have become numerous throughout Bergen and Passaic counties. On the maternal side Mr. Doremus is descended from Dirck Garretsen Van Dien, of Utrecht, Holland. His paternal grandparents were John B. and Margaret (Westervelt) Doremus, and his maternal grandparents Cornelius G. and Susan E. (Post) Van Dien. Mr. Doremus received his primary education in the public schools of his native county, and thence proceeded to the Stevens Institute, Hoboken, New Jersey, in 1878, where he completed his academic studies. In 1880 he became a student in the Law School of New York University, and was graduated from it with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1883. In that same year he was admitted to the Bar of New York State, and began the practice of his profession in New York City. The next year he was admitted to the New Jersey Bar as an attorney, and in 1889 as a counselor. For a number of years he has successfully practiced his profession in both states, having offices in Hackensack, New Jersey, and at No. 120 Broadway, New York. For four years he was counsel to the Board of Chosen Freeholders of Bergen County, New Jersey, and was also counsel for the village and township of Ridgewood. At the present time he is counsel for Saddle River, Maywood Borough, and other municipalities. In his general practice his ample preparation for his profession and his earnest devotion to the interests of his clients have won for him an enviable success. He has never aspired to public office, but in 1895 was persuaded by his friends to accept a nomination for State Senator. He is a member of the Reformed Church of Ridgewood, New Jersey, and is one of the most public-spirited and highly esteemed citizens of that place, where he makes his home. He was married on December 6, 1885, to Jennie M. Lake, of Monsey, New Jersey, and has had three children: Florence L. (deceased), Mabel, and Nellie Budlong Doremus.

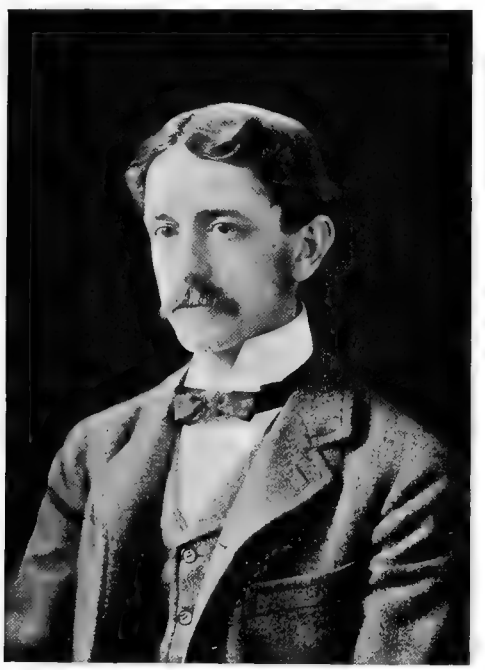
FREEMAN, Rowland Godfrey, 1859–

Clinical Lecturer Med. Coll.

Born in New York, 1859; studied under private tutor until 1874; Lawrenceville School, N. J., 1874-76; Packard Business College, 1876-78; tutor, 1878-79; Columbia College, 1879-83, graduated A.B., 1883; College of Physicians and Surgeons, 1883-86, graduated M.D., 1886; Interne at Bellevue, 1886-87; Berlin, Vienna and Paris, 1887-88; Roosevelt Hospital, 1888-96; St. Mary's Hospital, 1890-98; New York Foundling Hospital, 1893-99; Physician to St. John's Guild, 1899; Visiting Physician to Nursery and Child's Hospital, 1902; Clinical Lecturer on Pediatrics, and Chief of Pediatric Clinic, New York University and Bellevue Hospital Medical College since 1901; author of numerous papers.

ROWLAND GODFREY FREEMAN, A.B., M.D., a member of the Faculty of the New York University and Bellevue Hospital Medical College, was born in New York City on June 11, 1859, the son of Alfred and Amelia (Taylor) Freeman, and of English ancestry. He received a particularly careful and thorough education, being under a private preceptor until 1874, and then for two years at the well known Lawrenceville School, at Lawrenceville, New Jersey. Another period of two years was spent in the Packard Business College, in New York, and then a private tutor completed his preparation for Columbia College. He was graduated from the latter institution with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1883, and in the following

fall entered its Medical Department, the College of Physicians and Surgeons, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1886. The remainder of 1886 and part of 1887 were spent as an Interne at Bellevue Hospital, after which he went abroad for eighteen months' study in Berlin, Vienna and Paris. Returning to New York in 1888 he became Physician to the Out-door Patient Department of Roosevelt Hospital and served in that capacity until 1896. From 1890 to 1898 he was Pathologist to St. Mary's Hospital, and from 1893 to 1899 Pathologist to the New York



ROWLAND G. FREEMAN

Foundling Hospital, to which latter he has, since 1899, been Attending Physician. In 1899 he also became Attending Physician to the Seaside Hospital of St. John's Guild, and in 1902 Visiting Physician to the Nursery and Child's Hospital. Since 1901 he has been Clinical Lecturer on Pediatrics, and Chief of the Pediatric Clinic in New York University and Bellevue Hospital Medical College. He is a Fellow of the New York Academy of Medicine and Chairman of its Section on Pediatrics. He is also a member of the American Pediatric Society, the American Public Health Association, the Society of American Bacteriologists, the New York County Medical Society, the New York Pathological Society, and the Century Association. His bibliography includes "Milk as an Agency in the Conveyance of Disease," "Medical Record," March 28, 1896; "Low Temperature Pasteurization of Milk," "Archives of Pediatrics," August, 1896; "Sterilization of Milk at Low Temperature," "Medical Record," July 2, 1892; "Sterilization of Milk at Seventy-five Degrees Centigrade," "Medical Record," June 10, 1893; "Dangers of the Domestic Use Other than Drinking of Contaminated Water," "Albany Medical Annals," March and April, 1897; "The Straus Milk Charity of New York," "Archives of Pediatrics," November, 1897; "A Bottle of Improved Form for the Pasteurization of Milk," *ibid.*, 1897; "Should All Milk Used for Infants be Heated?" *ibid.*, July, 1898; "A Preliminary Communication on the Separation of Bacteria from Milk," *ibid.*, June, 1899; "A Study of Lesions of the Liver in Young Children," *ibid.*, 1900; "Acute Nephritis Following Influenza," *ibid.*, October, 1900, and the article on "Vaccination" in the "Cyclopædia of the Diseases of Children." Dr. Freeman was married on March 26, 1887, to Henrietta Elizabeth Taylor, and has two children: Elizabeth Gwinnett and Rowland Godfrey Freeman, Jr. His address is No. 205 West 57th Street, New York.

HAYES, Charles S., 1858–

Class of 1883 Law.

Born in New York, 1858; studied in private, in public school, and in law office; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1883; in practice since 1883.

CHARLES S. HAYES, LL.B., son of Rickard Hayes, a builder and contractor, and Elizabeth Hayes, was born in New York City on Christmas Day, 1858. He studied under a private instructor, in a public school, in the law office of Chauncey B. Ripley, and in the Law School of New York University. From the last named he was graduated in 1883, and at about the same time he was admitted to practice at the Bar. He is now engaged in the practice of civil law, largely in association with Benjamin Steinhardt, of the firm of Howe & Hummel. He is especially expert in corporation law, having been secretary of many corporations. In politics he is a Democrat and a member of Tammany Hall. His offices are in the Park Row Building, New York.

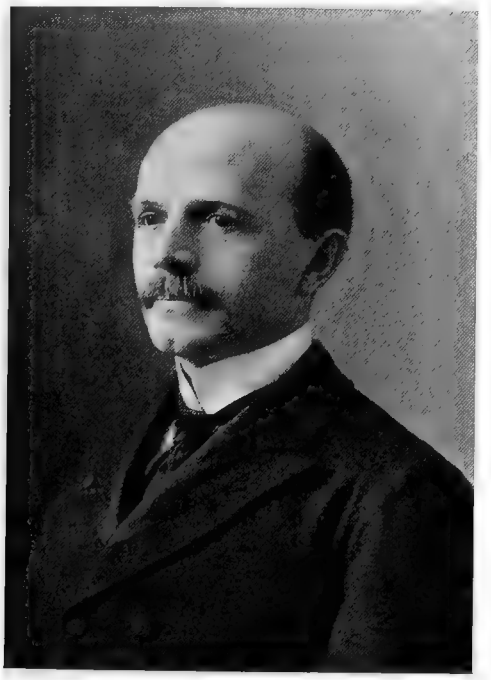
HUBBARD, LeRoy Watkins, 1857–

Class of 1883 Med.

Born at Malone, N. Y., 1857; studied in public schools, Franklin Academy, Malone, and Polytechnic

Institute, Brooklyn; graduated A.B., Amherst College, 1879, and A.M., 1884; M.D., New York University Medical College, 1883; served in Bellevue Hospital, New York, 1883-84; New York Orthopædic Dispensary and Hospital, 1884-95; New York Juvenile Asylum, 1891-1901; in active medical practice in New York.

LEROY WATKINS HUBBARD, M.D., son of Charles LeRoy and Eunice (Watkins) Hubbard, is descended from George Hubbard, who came from England and settled in Massachusetts in 1633. The family was later settled in Connecticut and Vermont, and about 1835 Abel Hubbard, grandfather of the subject of this sketch, moved from



LEROY W. HUBBARD

Putney, Vermont, to Malone, Franklin County, New York, where Dr. Hubbard was born on January 22, 1857. As a boy Dr. Hubbard attended the public schools of Malone, and also the Franklin Academy in that place. In 1873–75 he was a student at the Brooklyn Collegiate and Polytechnic Institute, and was there prepared for college. He was matriculated at Amherst College in 1875, and four years later was graduated in the Class of 1879, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. He received the degree of Master of Arts from Amherst in 1884. From Amherst he came to New York University, and spent the years 1880–83 in its Medical College, from which, in 1883, he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, standing second in his class. The next two years were spent in service in Bellevue Hospital, New York. For the eleven years 1884–95 he was Attending Surgeon to the New York Orthopædic Dispensary and Hospital, and for the ten years 1891–1901 he was Examining Physician to the New York Juvenile Asylum. He is now in active practice in New York City, with offices at No. 67 West 48th Street and No. 123 West 121st Street, and pays especial attention to Orthopædic Surgery. Dr. Hubbard is a member of the New York Academy of Medicine, of the American Orthopædic Society, of the New York Medical Union, of the Harlem Medical Association, and of the Society of the Alumni of Bellevue Hospital. He has written various professional articles for the leading medical journals. He was married on November 10, 1892, to Fannie Louise Tyler, and has one child, Stanley Tyler Hubbard. His home is at No. 1935 Madison Avenue, New York.

HULSE, William Augustine, 1858–

Class of 1883 Med.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1858; studied in public schools and Hudson River Institute; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1883; House Physician, St. John's Hospital, Yonkers, N. Y., 1883-84; in practice at Bay Shore, Long Island, since 1884; in Revenue Marine Service, Health Officer, Supervisor, President of Board of Education, etc.

WILLIAM AUGUSTINE HULSE, M.D., a son of Van Buren and Frances (Wells) Hulse, was born in Brooklyn, New York, on June 27, 1858. He attended the public schools of Brooklyn, and also the Hudson River Institute at Claverack, New York, completing his course in the latter in 1876. Later he entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which is now a part of New York University, and was graduated from it with the Doctor's degree in 1883. The following year he spent as House Physician at St. John's Hospital, Yonkers, New York, and then in 1884 established himself in private practice at Bay Shore, Long Island, New York, where he has ever since remained. In the interval between his academic and his professional studies he served for a year and a half in the Revenue Marine Service, in active duty on land and water, and in special duty in the United States Life Saving Service. While practicing his profession at Bay Shore he has filled various public places, such as Health Officer of the Town of Islip for three years, Supervisor of the same town for five years, and President of the Board of Edu-

cation for three years. He is now First Vice-President of the Patchogue Savings Bank, of Patchogue, New York. He is also Fleet Surgeon of the Pentaquit Corinthian Yacht Club, of Bay

W. A. HULSE

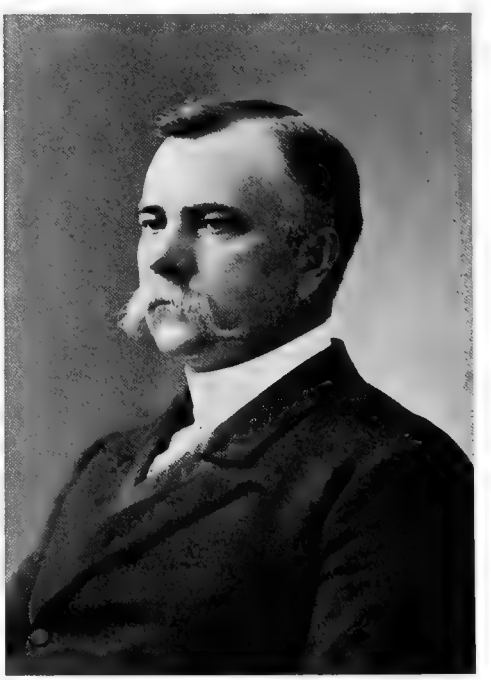
Shore, and a member of the New York State Medical Association, the Society of Physicians of Long Island, and the Suffolk County Medical Society. In politics he is a Republican. He was married on September 21, 1885, to A. Louise Ferris, and has two children: Hilda Louise and Cornelia Stuyvesant Hulse. His address is Bay Shore, Long Island, New York.

HYDE, George Henry, 1854–

Class of 1883 Law.

Born at Woodstock, Conn., 1854; educated in public school, Woodstock Academy, and Connecticut Literary Institution at Suffield; worked at farming and school teaching; studied law in private offices and in New York University Law School; graduated New York University, LL.B., 1883; admitted to Connecticut Bar, 1883, and to New York Bar, 1886; in practice in New York City since 1886.

GEORGE HENRY HYDE, son of William Ira Hyde, was born in the historic Town of Woodstock, in Windham County, Connecticut, on August 7, 1854. On his father's side he is descended from a family settled in New England for several generations. On the side of his mother, whose maiden name was Sarah Maria Potter, he is descended from the Potters who settled at Plymouth, Rhode Island, in the early colonial days, and he is also related to the Williams and Sprague families of the latter state. In his boyhood he attended the local public school at Woodstock, and also the Woodstock Academy, and later pursued a course at the Connecticut Literary Institution, at Suffield, Connecticut. Meantime he was accustomed to hard work on a farm, and thereafter he was engaged at school teaching and other occupations. Finding his inclination drawing him toward the legal profession, he began the study of law in the office of the late John J. Penrose, of Central Village, Connecticut, and pursued it later with the late Andrew J. Todd, of New York City. Then he entered the Law Department of New York University, and was graduated from it with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1883. He was admitted to the Connecticut Bar at Brooklyn, Windham County, on September 19, 1883, and to the New York Bar in New York City, in March, 1886. Mr. Hyde formed, on January 1,



GEO. H. HYDE

1887, a partnership with John C. Clegg, a well known New York lawyer practicing mostly in real estate matters and before the Surrogate. The firm of Clegg & Hyde lasted until November 1, 1889,

when it was dissolved, Mr. Clegg then retiring from business on account of his advanced age, and Mr. Hyde continuing the business individually. He has a large clientage, including a considerable proportion of German-Americans. His work is chiefly done in his own office, and in the Surrogate's and Equity courts. His office is in the Emigrant Industrial Bank Building, at No. 51 Chambers Street, New York. Mr. Hyde is a member of the New England Society of New York, the New York University Law School Alumni Association, and the Presbyterian Union of New York. In politics he is a Republican in national affairs and independent in local matters. He was married at Glasgow, Missouri, on October 13, 1887, to Emma Duke Lewis, and has two children: George Gordon and Richard Lewis Hyde.

KINGSLEY, William Morgan, 1863–

Class of 1883 Arts.

Born in New York, 1863; graduated A.B., New York University, 1883; A.M., New York University, 1886; banker since 1883; member of University Council since 1900.

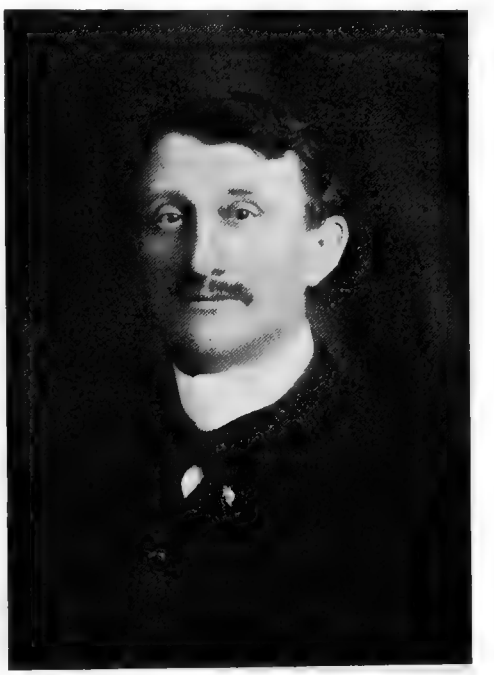
WILLIAM MORGAN KINGSLEY, A.M., banker and member of the Council of New York University, is a native of New York City, where he was born on December 16, 1863. He entered New York University in 1879, and was one of the most prominent members of his class. He was President of Eucleian, President of his class in the Junior year, Junior orator, Editor of "The University Quarterly," and Captain of the Lacrosse Team in 1882–83. He was a member of Psi Upsilon and Phi Beta Kappa, and has for years been a member of the Council of Psi Upsilon. At Commencement he was Greek Salutatorian, and received the Second Fellowship. He was graduated in 1883 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and received the degree of Master of Arts in 1886. Soon after graduation he entered the counting-house of Messrs. Brown Brothers, of New York, and there remained until 1891. In the latter year he organized the present firm of Kingsley, Mabon & Co., Bankers, in New York.

LAMBERT, Benjamin Lott, 1856–

Class of 1883 Med.

Born in New Haven, Conn., 1856; studied in public schools, high school and Hopkins Grammar School, New Haven, and at Yale two years; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1883; served several years in Bellevue Hospital; Alderman, New Haven, 1895-98, and President of Board and Acting Mayor of city, 1897-98; Park Commissioner, 1897; Chairman of Park Improvement Commission since 1895; in medical practice since 1883.

BENJAMIN LOTT LAMBERT, M.D., one of the foremost physicians of New Haven, Connecticut, was born in that city on February 16, 1856. His mother's maiden name was Jane Adams Hinman. His father, Denison David Lambert, could trace his genealogy in an unbroken line to the time of William the Conqueror, one of the family



BENJAMIN L. LAMBERT

being Cardinal Lambertini, who in 1730 became Pope Benedict XIV. Jesse Lambert, the founder of the family in America, settled at Milford, Connecticut, in 1680. Dr. Lambert was educated in the public schools of New Haven, including the high school. Thence he proceeded to the Hopkins Grammar School, and from it to Yale University, where he remained for two years. From Yale he came to the New York University Medical College, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1883, since which time he has been constantly engaged in the practice of his profession. For two years after graduation he was with Professor A. L. Loomis, in a private class in Bellevue Hospital, and he was also under Dr. Jarvis

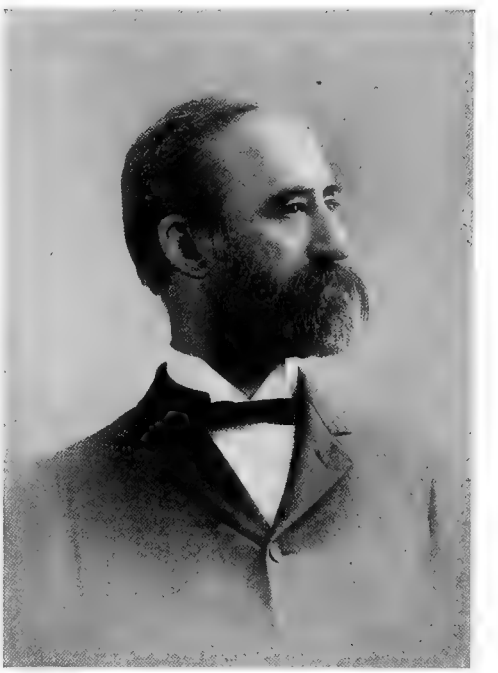
in the same hospital. Then he returned to New Haven and has ever since been identified with that city. His specialty in practice is the diseases of children, and in that he has been eminently successful. He has also been a conspicuous figure in the public life of the city. He was the first Republican Alderman elected from the Fourth Ward of New Haven, and served from 1895 to June, 1898. From 1895 to June, 1897, he was a member of the Board of Finance. From 1895 to June, 1898, he was Chairman of the Committee on Lamps. In 1897–98 he was President of the Board of Aldermen, and Acting Mayor of the City of New Haven. In 1897 he was a member of the Board of Park Commissioners, and since 1895 he has been Chairman of the Commission for the Improvement of Beaver Ponds Park. Dr. Lambert is a member of the New Haven City Medical Association, the New Haven County Medical Society, the Connecticut State Medical Society, the American Medical Association, the Young Men's Republican Club, the Masonic Order (including Free and Accepted Masons, Royal Arch Masons, Knights Templar, Thirty-second Degree, and Mystic Shrine), the Order of Odd Fellows, and the Knights of Pythias. He is a Past Master of the Ancient Order of United Workmen, a Past Archon of the Heptasophs, Medical Examiner of the National Fraternal League, and Supreme Medical Director of the American Mutual Life Society of New Jersey. He was married on December 15, 1881, to Mary Durant Gilbert, and has had one child, Harold Denison Lambert, who died in 1899 at the age of sixteen years, and to whom a memorial window has been erected in the Howard Avenue Congregational Church. Dr. Lambert's address is No. 358 Howard Avenue, New Haven, Connecticut.

LELAND, Matthew John.

Class of 1883 Med.

Born in Ireland; came to United States in 1865; studied at Trinity College, Dublin, and Manhattan College, New York; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1883; instructor in various colleges; author.

MATTHEW JOHN LELAND, M.D., is a native of Dublin, Ireland, and is the son of Cornelius and Ellen (McDermott) Leland. His mother was the daughter of John McDermott, of Kilterra, who was the brother of the Prince of Koolavin, in the West of Ireland. His father was descended from John Leland, the famous antiquarian, who lived in the reign of Henry VIII. and was the chaplain of that monarch and received from him many marks of favor. Dr. Leland was brought to the United States in his boyhood, in 1865, and afterward returned to Dublin and studied at Trinity College. Later he pursued a course in Manhattan College, New York. He spent many years in teaching in various institutions of learning, including St. John's College and St. Francis's College, Brooklyn, New York, St. Joseph's College, Buffalo, New York, Troy Academy, Troy, New York, the Christian Brothers' College, at Memphis, Tennessee, and Manhattan College, New York, in which last he was



M. J. LELAND

for ten years Professor of Sciences and Languages. In 1883 he was graduated from the Medical College of New York University with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, and since 1886 has been engaged in the practice of that profession. He has written a treatise on "La Grippe" which has received much favorable notice. He was married in 1888 to Anna Frances Adelaide Kleider, of Brooklyn, and lives at No. 220 Sixth Avenue, Brooklyn, New York.

McKEW, John Joseph, 1859–

Class of 1883 Med.

Born in New York, 1859; studied in public schools of New York, Mt. Cesaire College, Canada, and College

of St. Francis Xavier, New York; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1883; engaged in newspaper work; in practice of medicine since 1883.

JOHN JOSEPH McKEW, M.D., son of Cornelius and Margaret (McGee) McKew, comes of old Irish stock and was born in New York City on November 12, 1859. His father owned a large plantation near Charleston, South Carolina, where the boy spent the first five years of his life, from the age of one month, but the estate was confiscated in the Civil War and the elder McKew lost everything. He came with his family to the North, and there the

JOHN J. McKEW

subject of this sketch spent his boyhood. He was educated in the public schools of New York, in Mt. Cesaire College, Canada, and in the College of St. Francis Xavier, New York. In 1880–81 he was a reporter for several daily papers in New York. He then began the study of medicine under Professor Joseph W. Howe, M.D., and in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in March, 1883. In the following month he entered upon the practice of his profession and has ever since remained therein. He served in the Charity Hospital of New York in 1883–84. He is a member of the New York State Medical Association, the New York County Medical Association, the American Medical Association, the Medical Association of the Greater City of New York, the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, the Foresters of America, the Knights of Columbus, and the Catholic Benevolent Legion. He was married on November 12, 1893, to Lillian Kehoe, and has four children: Lillian, Marguerite, May, and Rosalie McKew. His address is No. 153 East 61st Street, New York.

PATON, James Morton, 1863–

Class of 1883 Arts.

Born in New York, 1863; distinguished student at New York University; graduated A.B., New York University, 1883, and Harvard, 1884; Ph.D., Harvard, 1887; Professor of Latin and French, Middlebury College, Vermont, 1887-91; student of Classical Philology and Archæology at Bonn University, 1891-92; author of introductions to edition of the Illiad and Odyssey.

JAMES MORTON PATON, A.B., PH.D., philologist and archæologist, was born in New York City on May 12, 1863, the son of Thomas C. Morton Paton and Elizabeth Lee (Allen) Paton. In New York University, which he entered in 1879, he was distinguished for scholarship. He won the Second Butler Eucleian Essay Prize in 1882 and the First in 1883. He was a Junior orator, Treasurer of his class, Secretary and Vice-President of Eucleian, Secretary and Treasurer of the Lacrosse Team, Editor of "The University Quarterly," and Valedictorian and winner of the First Fellowship at Commencement. He was a member of Delta Phi and Phi Beta Kappa. He was graduated from the University with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1883, and the next year received the same degree from Harvard University. He remained at Harvard, in the Graduate Department, from 1884 to 1887, receiving the Doctor's degree in Philosophy in the last named year. From 1887 to 1891 he was Professor of Latin and French in Middlebury College, Middlebury, Vermont, and then went abroad to study Classical Philology and Archæology at the University of Bonn. In 1888 he wrote introductions to the Chiswick edition of the Illiad and the Odyssey (New York, four volumes).

POMEROY, Charles Donaldson, 1861–

Class of 1883 Med.

Born at Brockville, Ontario, Canada, 1861; studied in high school, Brockville; graduated A.B., Albert University, Belleville, Canada, 1879; studied in Bellevue Hospital Medical College; graduated M.D., New

York University Medical College, 1883; Attending Surgeon in Guy's Hospital, London, England, 1883-84, and in Eastern Dispensary, New York, 1884-88; in practice since 1888 at Ogdensburg, N. Y.

CHARLES DONALDSON POMEROY, A.B., M.D., is a son of Peter Berry Pomeroy, A.M., PH.D., and Isabella Jane (Donaldson) Pomeroy,

CHARLES D. POMEROY

and is descended from Sir Berry Perry Pomeroy, Bart., K.C.B., of England, and from General David Donaldson, of Glasgow, Scotland. He was born on August 11, 1861, at Brockville, Ontario, Canada, and was prepared for college in the high school of that place. In 1879 he was graduated a Bachelor of Arts at the Albert University, Belleville, Canada, and thereafter studied medicine in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College and the Medical College of New York University. From the latter he was graduated in 1883, with the Doctor's degree. For a year following he was an Attending Surgeon in Guy's Hospital, London, England, and then for four years at the Eastern Dispensary, New York City. Since 1888 he has been engaged in the general practice of his profession at Ogdensburg, New York. He is a member of the Masonic Order, the Odd Fellows, and the Order of Foresters. In politics he is a Democrat. He was married to Mercy Randles Muddell on September 25, 1895.

POTTER, Julius Howard, 1856-

Class of 1881 Med.

Born at New Lisbon, N. Y., 1856; studied in public and private schools, Hartwick Seminary, and Albany State Normal School; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1881; in practice since 1881.

JULIUS HOWARD POTTER, M.D., was born at New Lisbon, Otsego County, New York, on October 26, 1856. His father, Chauncey A. Potter, was of English descent, and his mother, whose maiden name was Loucina Wright, was descended from early English settlers of the Eastern States. He attended in boyhood the local district school and also a select school. Two terms were spent at Hartwick Seminary, and then he pursued a course at the New York State Normal School at Albany, from which he was graduated in the spring of 1877. For a few terms he taught a public school, and then began the study of medicine in the New York University Medical College. He was graduated with the Doctor's degree in 1881, and since the fall of that year has been in the active practice of his pro-

JULIUS HOWARD POTTER

fession, for the first two years at Mount Vision, New York, and since May, 1883, in the City of Buffalo, New York, where in 1884 he was a City District Physician. He is a member, and has been Presi-

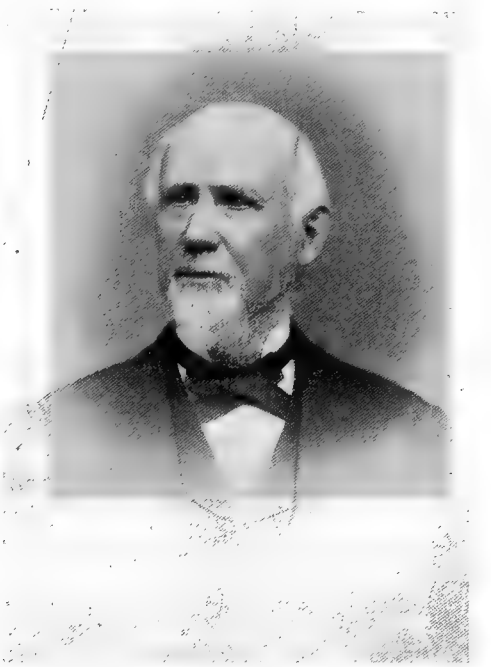
dent, of the Buffalo Medical Union, the Roswell Park Medical Club, and the Buffalo Clinical Laboratory, and is also a member of the Erie County Medical Society, the New York State Medical Association, the Wabash Railroad Surgeons' Society, and other organizations. He was married on September 21, 1881, and has had three children: Elizabeth P., Beatrice E. (deceased) and Julius H. Potter, Jr. His address is No. 177 Dearborn Street, Buffalo, New York.

RAND, William Wilberforce, 1816–

Class of 1883 Honorary.

Born at Gorham, Me., 1816; studied at Boston Latin School and Lowell High School; graduated A.B., Bowdoin, 1837, and Bangor, Me., Theological Seminary, 1840; ordained minister of Dutch Reformed Church, 1841; in pastoral work, 1841-48; editorial work for American Tract Society, 1848-72; Secretary American Tract Society since 1872; author of various works; honorary degree of D.D., New York University, 1883.

WILLIAM WILBERFORCE RAND, D.D., the venerable Secretary of the American Tract Society, is a native of Gorham, Maine, where he was born on December 8, 1816. His father, the Rev. Asa Rand, the son of a farmer, was a Dartmouth graduate, pastor of the church at Gorham, and afterward successively Editor of "The Christian Mirror," at Portland, Maine, and of "The Boston Recorder," "The Volunteer," and "The Youth's Companion," in Boston. His mother, whose maiden name was Grata Payson, was a daughter of the Rev. Dr. Seth Payson, a pastor, State Senator of New Hampshire, and Trustee of Dartmouth College, and a sister of Dr. Edward Payson, of Portland, Maine. Dr. Rand was educated in the grammar and Latin schools, Boston, the high school at Lowell, Massachusetts, and at Bowdoin College, from which latter he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1837. Thence he proceeded to the Bangor, Maine, Theological Seminary, and was graduated from it in 1840. In the following year, 1841, he was ordained and settled as Pastor of the Reformed Dutch Church at Canastota, New York, where he remained until 1844. Thereafter he preached at Richmond, Bethel and Standish, Maine, until May, 1848. At the latter date he engaged in editorial work for the American Tract Society, in New York, and thus began a connection which has continued unbroken for more than half a century. In 1872 he was elected Secretary of the Society, and occupied that office until 1902, when he resigned and was chosen Secretary Emeritus. He has for many years been the editor of all the publications of the Society, and is also the author of a "Bible Dictionary" and other works. He was married on September 28, 1841, to Marcia Scott Dunning, and had two children: George Thorndike and Frances Harriet Rand. He was a member of the Peucinian Society at Bowdoin, and of the Phi



WM. W. RAND

Beta Kappa (Alpha of Maine). In 1883 he received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from New York University.

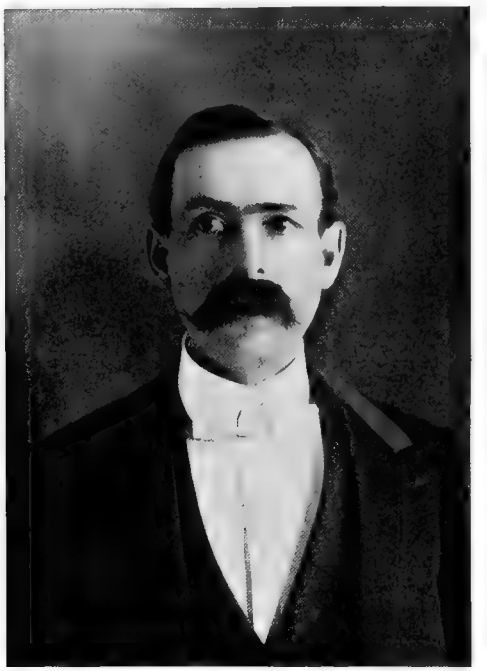
RICHARDS, Seymour S., 1860–

Class of 1883 Med.

Born at Newport, N. Y., 1860; studied in public schools, Fort Edward Institute, and University of Michigan; graduated M.D., 1883, New York University Medical College; Surgeon for West Shore Railroad, 1884-94; Coroner of Herkimer County, N. Y.

SEYMOUR S. RICHARDS, M.D., was born at Newport, New York, on December 23, 1860. On the side of his father, La Fayette Richards, he is of Welsh descent. On the side of his mother, whose maiden name was Sarah Mason Haskell, he is descended from Sampson Mason, who came from England in 1649 and settled in Dorchester, Massachusetts, after having served in Cromwell's Army

in the English civil war, and whose descendants served in the American Army in the Revolution. Dr. Richards attended the public schools in his boyhood, and the Fort Edward Institute, at Fort



SEYMOUR S. RICHARDS

Edward, New York. He was also for a time a student at the University of Michigan, at Ann Arbor. On April 13, 1883, he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the New York University Medical College, and has ever since been engaged in the practice of his profession. For the ten years beginning with 1884 he was a Surgeon for the West Shore Railroad Company. For ten years, also, he was Coroner of Herkimer County, New York. He is a member of the Herkimer County Medical Society, the New York State Medical Society, the New York State Medical Association, the New York State Medical Association of Railway Surgeons, the Masonic Order, the Knights Templar, and the Mystic Shrine. In politics he is a Republican. He was married on April 25, 1883, to Marianetta Skiff, daughter of Dr. Perrin Akin Skiff. His address is Frankfort, Herkimer County, New York.

ROOT, Arthur Lewis, 1859–

Class of 1883 Med.

Born at Gilbertsville, N. Y., 1859; studied at local academy; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1883; in hospital service, 1883-84; in private practice since 1884.

ARTHUR LEWIS ROOT, M.D., son of Major Charles Porter Root and Elizabeth Ann (Scotten) Root, was born at Gilbertsville, Otsego County, New York, on May 24, 1859. He was prepared for college at the Gilbertsville Academy and then came to the New York University Medical College, from which he was graduated in 1883 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. The following year he spent as a member of the staff of the Ward's Island Hospital. Since April, 1884, he has been successfully engaged in private practice in New York City. He has also been a Visiting Physician to the Metropolitan Hospital since 1889 and to the Hahnemann Hospital since 1892. He is a member of the Clinical, Colonial, Riding and Driving, West Side Republican, and Hopatcong Country clubs, and the West End Association. In politics he is a Republi-

ARTHUR L. ROOT

can. He was married on October 23, 1888, to Frances Robinson, and lives at No. 114 West 81st Street, New York.

SMITH, Harrie Eugene, 1860–

Class of 1883 Med.

Born in Jersey City, N. J., 1860; studied in public and private schools, Rutgers College, and College of

City of New York; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1883; in practice since 1883; Health Officer of Mount Vernon, N. Y.

HARRIE EUGENE SMITH, M.D., a prominent physician of Mount Vernon, New York, is a son of Henry Clay Smith and Marie Louise

H. EUGENE SMITH

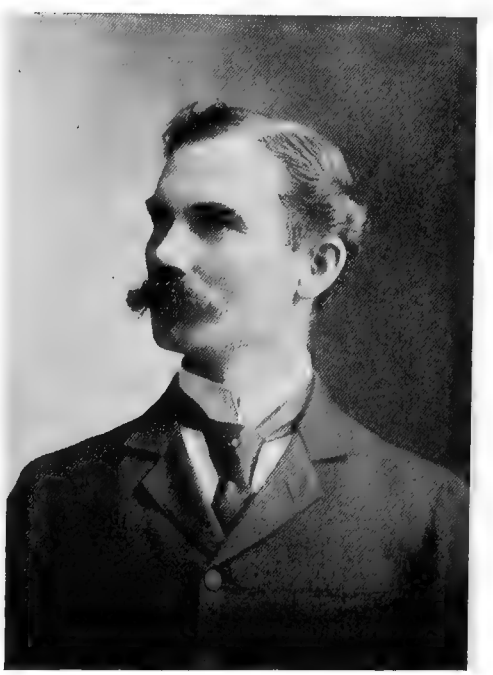
(Fleming) Smith, and was born in Jersey City, New Jersey, on July 4, 1860. His ancestors were New England colonists and Revolutionary patriots. He studied in public and private schools in New York, and in the College of the City of New York, and Rutgers College. In 1880 he entered the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated from it in 1883 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. For a year he practiced in New York, and then removed to his present home, in Mount Vernon, New York, of which city he is Health Officer. He has been Police Surgeon, City Physician, member of the Board of Education, and a Director of the First National Bank of Mount Vernon. He is a Surgeon, with rank of Captain, in the First Regiment, New York National Guard, and a member of the City and Country clubs of Mount Vernon, the New York Athletic Club, the Thirteenth Club, the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, the Foresters of America, the Improved Order of Red Men, the Knights of St. John of Malta, the Military Order of the Loyal Legion, the Mount Vernon Medical Society, the Westchester County Medical Society, the Masonic Order, being a Knight Templar and a Noble of the Mystic Shrine, and numerous other organizations. He has written various articles for the medical press on medical topics, especially nervous diseases.

WELLS, Thomas Lincoln, 1861–

Class of 1883 Med.

Born at Randolph, Ohio, 1861; studied in public schools; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1883; in hospital work, 1883-86; in charge of sanitarium in Brooklyn since 1886.

THOMAS LINCOLN WELLS, M.D., the head of Dr. Wells's Sanitarium for Mental and Nervous Diseases, in Brooklyn, New York, was born at Randolph, Ohio, on May 11, 1861, the son of George and Sarah (Bruce) Wells, the former of English and the latter of Scotch ancestry. He studied in the public schools until 1878, and then turned his attention to medicine and surgery. In 1883 he was graduated a Doctor of Medicine from



THOS. LINCOLN WELLS

the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University. For a year thereafter he was an Interne in the Kings County Hospital, and for two years more First Assistant Physician in the

New York State Asylum for Insane Criminals. Since 1886 he has been Physician in Charge of the sanitarium above mentioned. He is a member of the Kings County Medical Society, the Society for Neurology, the Physicians' Mutual Aid Society, the Union League Club of Brooklyn, the Ohio Society of New York, and the Royal Arcanum. In politics he is an active Republican. Dr. Wells was married on March 31, 1886, to Jennie M. Coe, and has two children: Norma C. and Marion H. Wells. His address is No. 945 St. Marks Avenue, Brooklyn, New York.

WESTERMAYR, Arthur Joseph, 1865–

Class of 1883 Law.

Born in Munich, Bavaria, 1865; studied in New York public schools and College of City of New York; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1883; post-graduate course and LL.M., 1885; admitted to Bar, 1886; in practice since 1886.

ARTHUR JOSEPH WESTERMAYR, LL.M., son of Edward and Sophia (Hoeber) Westermayr, was born in Munich, Bavaria, on December 4, 1865, and was brought to this country at an early age. He studied in the public schools of New York, and was graduated from Grammar School No. 75 in 1880. The next year was spent in the College of the City of New York, and then, in the fall of 1881, he entered the Law School of New York University. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1883, and took a post-graduate course, leading to the degree of Master of Laws in 1885. He was compelled, however, to wait until 1886, when he became twenty-one years old, before being admitted to the Bar. Since that time he has been steadily engaged in the successful practice of his profession. For ten years he was a general practitioner. Then he made a specialty of trial practice and general court work, and in that capacity represented many legal firms. For the last few years he has made corporation law a specialty, and has incorporated and is counsel for a number of large concerns, including the Consumers' Park Brewing Company of Brooklyn, with a capital of $300,000; the Hudson County Consumers' Brewing Company of Hoboken, New Jersey, with a capital of $1,000,000; the Warwick Brewing and Ice Company of Newport News, Virginia, $500,000; the Queensboro Dealers' and Traders' Hygeia Ice Company of Long Island City, New York, $500,000; the Perfect Non-Refillable Bottle Company of New York, $500,000; the American Petonite Company of New York, $600,000; the Carter Distilling Company of New York, $500,000; and the Clarendon Mineral Springs Company, $500,000. Mr. Westermayr has made a special study of elocution and rhetoric, and is much interested in the drama. He was Editor and Stage Manager of the Rivals Dramatic and Musical Association of New York for many years and was its President in 1889. He was orator of Suburban Council of the Royal Arcanum from 1890 to 1897; Councilor of Crown Council, Loyal Additional Benefit Association, for two years

A. J. WESTERMAYR

(and is now Grand Vice-Councilor of the State of New York of this order); President of the Bronx Camera Club for two years, and is now a member of the Local School Board of the Twenty-third District of New York. He is a member of the Harlem Club, the Melrose Turn Verein, the Arion Club of Northern New York, and the Masonic Order. He is a lecturer on historical subjects, often gives dramatic and illustrated readings from his own works, and has recently been appointed Lecturer of the Board of Education. He has sought no political office, and has belonged to no political club save the Harlem Cleveland Club, of which he was organizer and President. He was married on October 28, 1886, to Adelaide Beatty, and has two children:

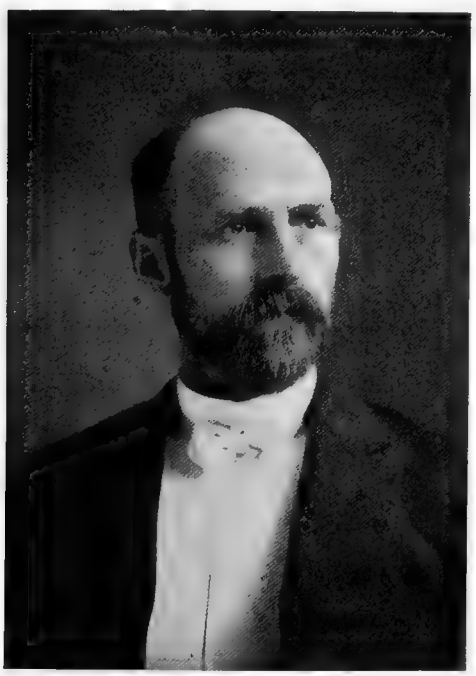
Arthur J. and Adelaide Westermayr. His office is at No. 90 Nassau Street, and his home at No. 287 Alexander Avenue, New York.

ALLEN, Francis Sherwin, 1856–

Class of 1884 Vet., 1886 Med.

Born at Medfield, Mass., 1856; studied in public and private schools; graduated B.S., Massachusetts Agricultural College, 1882; D.V.S., American Veterinary College, 1884; M.D., New York University Medical College, 1886; in practice since 1884; Chief Veterinary Surgeon for People's Live Stock Insurance Co. of Philadelphia, 1886-1891.

FRANCIS SHERWIN ALLEN, B.S., M.D., D.V.S., is a son of William Cowper Allen and Harriet (Cogin) Allen, and comes of old New



F. S. ALLEN

England stock. His paternal grandfather, Elles Allen, was descended directly from James Allen, who came from England in 1639 and settled at Medfield, Massachusetts, and his paternal grandmother was descended from William Brewster, of the "Mayflower" company. He was born at Medfield, Massachusetts, on October 8, 1856, and began his education in the public school of that place. Later he studied in a boarding school, the English and Classical School at West Newton, Massachusetts. He pursued a course in the Massachusetts Agricultural College, and was graduated a Bachelor of Science in 1882. Thence he came to the American Veterinary College, now consolidated with New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Veterinary Surgery in 1884. He then became a House Surgeon in the American Veterinary College Hospital, and meantime studied in the Medical College of New York University. From the latter he was graduated a Doctor of Medicine in 1886. In the fall of that year he became Chief Veterinary Surgeon for the People's Live Stock Insurance Company of Pennsylvania, and filled that place for nearly five years, since which time he has been engaged in private practice, for a short time in New York, and since September, 1896, in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. He was for a time also a special student in the University of Pennsylvania, and in the Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia. He was Corresponding Secretary of the Pennsylvania State Veterinary Medical Association for three years (1894–97), and is a member of the American Veterinary Medical Association, the Keystone Veterinary Medical Association, the Unitarian Club of Philadelphia, the Municipal League of Philadelphia, and the Civil Service Reform Association of Pennsylvania. In politics he is a Republican. His first wife, Marie Belle Allen, whom he married on February 22, 1887, died on January 17, 1891, leaving him one child, Howard Paul Sherwin Allen, who died the following August 26, 1891. He was again married on November 29, 1899, to Mabeth Evangeline Todd, who has borne him one child, Mabeth Brewster Allen. Dr. Allen's address is No. 800 North 17th Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

ALLEN, William Lauton, 1859–

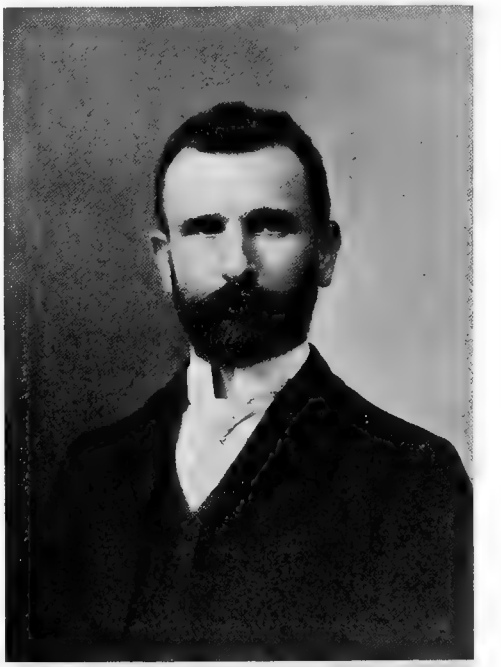
Class of 1884 Med.

Born at Saratoga Springs, N. Y., 1859; studied in public schools and Troy Conference Academy, Poultney, Vt.; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1884; in practice since 1884.

WILLIAM LAUTON ALLEN, M.D., son of Alexander H. and Phoebe C. (Eighmey) Allen, was born at Saratoga Springs, New York, on September 9, 1859. After completing the academic course in the local public schools he studied at the Troy Conference Seminary of the Methodist Episcopal Church, at Poultney, Vermont, and then, in 1880, entered the Medical College of New York University. He was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1884, and at once began

practice at Saratoga Springs. A little later he removed to Brooklyn, New York, where he remained three years. Finally he settled in New York City, where he is still engaged in practice. He is a member of the New York County Medical Association, and in politics is a Republican. His address is No. 225 West 123rd Street, New York City.

WILLIAM L. ALLEN



F. C. ANTHES

ANTHES, Frederick Charles, 1860–

Class of 1884 Med.

Born in New York, 1860; graduated from grammar school, 1874; graduated 1876, commercial course, College of City of New York; in mercantile life, 1876-79; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1884; in practice since 1884.

FREDERICK CHARLES ANTHES, M.D., son of John Frederick and Katherine (Oerter) Anthes, and a descendant of the old Huguenot family of D'Anthes, was born in New York City on April 21, 1860, and received his early education in the public schools. At the age of fourteen years he was graduated from Grammar School No. 53, and the following fall he entered the College of the City of New York. For some time he pursued the regular collegiate course in that institution, but then changed to the commercial course and was graduated in the latter in 1876. This change in plan was made upon his own initiative, in order that he might enter business and cease to be a dependent upon his father. Accordingly, from 1876 to 1879, he was employed as a clerk in a mercantile establishment, at the same time diligently pursuing his studies in the evenings. In 1879 the family physician, Dr. Flynn, persuaded him to undertake the study of medicine, and he did so, at first under Dr. Flynn's son, Dr. J. W. Flynn. Later he entered the New York University Medical College, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1884. Since that date he has been engaged in active and successful practice in New York City. He is a member of the New York County Medical Society. He was married on September 18, 1888, to Katherine Knobloch, and has two children: Kathryn L. and John F. Anthes. His address is No. 125 East 83rd Street, New York.

ASHLEY, John Joseph, 1843–

Class of 1884 Med.

Born at Catskill, N. Y., 1843; studied in public schools; employed in drug store, 1860-62; served in U. S. Army in Civil War, 1862-65; baker, 1865-77; studied medicine at College of Physicians and Surgeons; became licensed pharmacist; graduated M.D.,

New York University Medical College, 1884; in practice since 1884.

JOHN JOSEPH ASHLEY, M.D., soldier, pharmacist and physician, is a native of Catskill, New York, where he was born on September 21, 1843. His father, John Ashley, a baker at Catskill, was first married to Diana Potter, who bore him three sons and three daughters: Sarah, Maria, and Harriet Ann, and William, Edward and Edwin Ashley, the last two being twins. After the death of his first wife John Ashley was again married to Cassandra L. Perkins, who bore him two children,

J. J. ASHLEY

a daughter, Emma, and a son, the subject of this sketch, the latter being the younger by four years. Dr. Ashley spent his boyhood in his father's home, and received a good common school education. For two years he was employed as clerk in a drug store. Then, on August 7, 1862, while still in his teens, he responded to the call of his country by enlisting "for the war." He was mustered into the service, as a Private in Company F of the One Hundred and Twentieth New York Volunteers, on August 22nd, and soon went to the front. In camp near Alexandria, Virginia, he became seriously ill, and his father and sister Emma were telegraphed for. They came to camp and nursed him back to convalescence, but at the cost of his sister's life, for she caught cold in camp and as a result afterward died of consumption. The young soldier was sent from camp to a hospital in Washington, later to one in Philadelphia, and finally to the Convalescent Camp, where on January 19, 1863, he was transferred to the First United States Cavalry. He was promoted to the rank of Corporal and put in charge of messengers at General Sheridan's headquarters. Soon after he was made Sergeant. During his time of service he was in the battles of Kelly's Ford, March 17th, the Stoneman Raid, May, Beverly Ford, June 12th, Upperville, June 21st, Gettysburg, July 1st, 2nd, and 3rd, Manassas, July 21st, and Brandy Station, August 1, 1863; the Wilderness, May, Sheridan's Raid, May, Cold Harbor, May, Trevillian Station, June 12th, Deep Bottom, July 28th, and the Shenandoah Campaign, August 1–10, 1864; Waynesboro, March, 1865, Five Forks, April, 1865, and Appomattox, April 9, 1865. When Lee surrendered to General Grant he stood guard at the house while the two generals were arranging the terms and signing the papers. On July 19, 1865, he was honorably mustered out of the service, at Jackson Barracks, Louisiana, with character "a gallant soldier, a faithful and meritorious non-commissioned officer." He then returned to Catskill, New York, and entered the baking business with his father, continuing that business as the latter's successor for some years. He then resumed the study of medicine at the College of Physicians and Surgeons in 1877. Later he studied pharmacy and became a licensed pharmacist. Finally he entered the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1884. In 1880 he settled in Brooklyn, New York, as a druggist, and since 1884 has been a prominent and successful practicing physician in that city. He invented and patented a valuable electric plaster, and has been interested in other professional researches. He is a member of the Brooklyn Pathological Society, the Grand Army of the Republic, the Masonic Order, the Order of Odd Fellows, the Knights of Honor, and the Royal Arcanum. In politics he has been a life-long and stalwart Republican, and has been a delegate to various conventions of that party. For many years he has been a member and Trustee of Trinity Baptist Church, in Brooklyn. In 1895 he was elected Medical Director of the Department of New York, Grand Army of the Republic. Dr. Ashley was married in 1866 to Susie A. Merwin of Greene County, New York, who bore him three

children. Of these the eldest, Frank Merwin Ashley, a mechanical engineer in New York, was married to Jennie Wood, and has two children: Frank and Jessie Ashley. The second, Charles P. Ashley, in the hardware and plumbing business at Port Ewin, New York, was married to Annie Hearn, and has one child, Ruth Ashley. The third, John J. Ashley, Jr., is a mechanical draughtsman. He was married to Anna Friberg, daughter of Charles A. and Anna Z. Friberg, who came from Stockholm, Sweden. After the death of Dr. Ashley's first wife, he was again married, on September 10, 1902, to Mrs. Minnie Sarrach. She was born in Whitestone, Long Island, and is the daughter of John and Veronica (Rodenbach) Schultes. She has one son, Arthur Sarrach. The doctor has his office at No. 956 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn, New York.

BINDRIM, Robert George, 1864–

Class of 1884 Med.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1864; studied privately and in public schools; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1884; Demonstrator and Prosector, New York University Medical College; in practice since 1884.

ROBERT GEORGE BINDRIM, M.D., son of Matthias Bindrim, was born in Brooklyn, New York, in 1864, and studied in the public schools. He also studied Latin privately. In 1879 he began the study of medicine, and in 1884 he was graduated from the New York University Medical College with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Since that time he has been engaged in the practice of his profession. He has also served as Demonstrator of Anatomy and Prosector to the Chair of Practical and Surgical Anatomy in the New York University Medical College. He was married some years ago to Minnie Quinn, and lives at No. 122 Cooper Street, Brooklyn, New York.

BRIDGES, Arlanden Clay, 1861–

Class of 1884 Med.

Born at Greencastle, Ind., 1861; studied in private and normal schools; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1884; served in City Hospital, New York, 1884-85; studied in Germany; Surgeon in Servian Army in Servo-Bulgarian war; in practice in New York since 1887; Assistant and Visiting Surgeon, De Milt Dispensary, 1887-94.

ARLANDEN CLAY BRIDGES, M.D., is the son of Milton Andrew Bridges and Rebecca Ellen (Underwood) Bridges, both of English origin, and was born at Greencastle, Indiana, on December 29, 1861. He studied in private schools at Logansport, Indiana, and a normal school and preparatory medical school at Danville, Indiana. In 1881 he entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which is now incorporated with New York University, and was graduated from that institution in 1884 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. He served in the City Hospital, New York, in 1884–85, and then went abroad for two years' study in Germany. For three months he was a Volunteer Surgeon in the Servian Army in the war between Servia and Bul-

ARLANDEN C. BRIDGES

garia. At the end of 1887 he returned home, and has since been practicing in New York City. In 1887–94 he was an Assistant and Visiting Surgeon to the De Milt Dispensary. He is a member of the New York County Medical Society, the German Medical Society, the Physicians' Mutual Aid Association, the City Hospital Alumni Association, Republic Lodge No. 690, Free and Accepted Masons, and the Royal Arcanum, Council 252. In politics he is a Democrat. He was married on May 16, 1893, to Emily Madeline Lawler, and has two children: Milton Arlanden and Kenneth Lawler Bridges, aged nine and six years respectively. His address is No. 344 West 28th Street, New York City.

CARLISLE, Robert James, 1858–

Class of 1884 Med.

Born in New York, 1858; studied in public and private schools; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1884; Interne, Bellevue Hospital, 1884-86; in practice since 1886; author of "An Account of Bellevue Hospital."

ROBERT JAMES CARLISLE, M.D., born in New York City on December 5, 1858, comes of Scotch and English ancestry, the latter by way of New England. His father, Hugh Carlisle, was of Scotch parentage, the father being Scotch-Irish and the mother (Paisley) Scotch. His mother, whose maiden name was Josephine White, was on both sides of New England parentage, her mother having been an Abernethy. Dr. Carlisle was educated in public and private schools, and at the Bellevue Hospital Medical College. From the latter institution, which is now a part of New York University, he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1884. The next two years were spent as an Interne in Bellevue Hospital, and since 1886 he has been regularly engaged in practice in New York City. He is a member of the Alumni Society of Bellevue Hospital, the American Medical Association, the New York State and County Medical associations, the New York County Medical Society, the Physicians' Mutual Aid Association, and the Medical Society of Greater New York. He is the author of "An Account of Bellevue Hospital, with a Catalogue of the Staff, 1736–1894" (8vo, pp. viii–381; the De Vinne Press, 1894). Dr. Carlisle was married in 1895 to May Alice Dominick, and lives at No. 44 West 48th Street, New York.

COHN, Louis, 1855–

Class of 1884 Med.

Born in Breslau, Germany, 1855; educated at Friedrich Wilhelm Gymnasium, Breslau; came to the United States in 1871; teacher of languages and mathematics; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1884; in general practice in New York since 1884.

LOUIS COHN, M.D., son of Jacob and Dorothea Cohn (the latter born Beerman), was born at Breslau, Germany, on January 3, 1855. One of his grandmothers was governess to the children of the Duke of Brunswick at his castle at Sibyllenort, and one of his grandfathers was a noted Hebrew scholar and teacher. He was himself educated under private tutors, and in the Friedrich Wilhelm Gymnasium at Breslau, where he acquired that thorough culture which is characteristic of German colleges. In 1871 he came to the United States and settled in New York, where for some years he was a successful teacher of languages and mathematics. Then he turned his attention to the medical profession. He entered the Medical College of New York University and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1884. Ever since that date he has been engaged in the practice of his profession in New York. His practice is a general one, though he inclines toward gynecology as his special work. He finds respite

LOUIS COHN

from labor in the fascinating game of chess, and he was himself one of the founders, and at one time Vice-President, of the Manhattan Chess Club, which is said to be the largest organization of the kind in the world. Dr. Cohn was married on June 28, 1882, to Sadie Cohen, and has one child, Dorothy Cohn. His address is New York City.

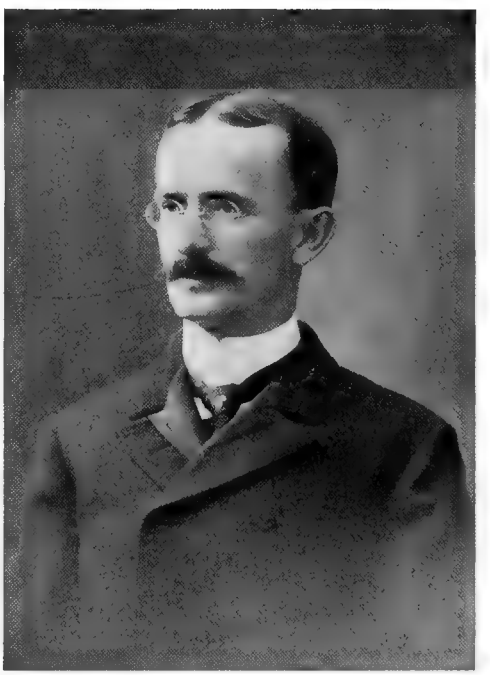
CRANDALL, Floyd Milford, 1858–

Class of 1884 Med.

Born at Belfast, N. Y., 1858; studied at Genesee Seminary and Geneseo Normal School; Principal of Genesee Seminary, 1879-81; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1884; Interne, Bellevue Hospital, New York, 1884, House Physician,

1885; Attending Physician, Out-door Department, Bellevue Hospital, 1886-89; Attending Physician, Northwestern Dispensary, New York, 1889-90; Assistant Surgeon, New York Skin and Cancer Hospital, 1890-95; Visiting Physician, Minturn Hospital, N.Y., 1897-1900; Visiting Physician, Randall's Island hospitals, 1894-97; Consulting Physician, Randall's Island hospitals, since 1897; Clinical Assistant, New York University Medical College, 1886-88; instructor, New York Polyclinic Medical School, 1888-89; lecturer, 1889-93; Adjunct Professor, 1893-1901; on editorial staff, "New York Medical Journal," 1889-93; Managing Editor of "Gaillard Medical Journal," 1893-95; Editor "Archives of Pediatrics," 1895-1900; Associate Editor, "Sajous's Medical Annual."

FLOYD MILFORD CRANDALL, M.D., is a son of Charles Milford Crandall, M.D., who was a prominent physician of Western New York, a member of the State Legislature, and the author of much important medical and sanitary legislation. The first of the family in this country was the Rev. John Crandall, who arrived in Boston in 1634, and with two companions followed Roger Williams into the wilderness in 1636, in quest of religious freedom. In 1651 he returned to Boston, only to be imprisoned for preaching the heretical doctrine of freedom of worship. His descendants lived in Rhode Island until early in the last century, when some of them removed to the western part of the State of New York. Members of the Crandall family fought in most of the colonial wars, the Revolution, the War of 1812, and the Civil War. Dr. Crandall is in the seventh generation from the Rev. John Crandall. The maiden name of Dr. Crandall's mother was Deborah T. Wood. She was a daughter of Alvah Wood, and belonged to a family which came to Middlebury, Massachusetts, in the latter part of the Seventeenth Century. Some of its members removed to Woodstock, Vermont, and thence went to Genesee County, in Western New York, in 1821. Another ancestor of Dr. Crandall's was Nicholas Du Puy, who came from France, settled upon an island in the Delaware River above the Water Gap, and there led a feudal career. His granddaughter, who was Dr. Crandall's great-grandmother, married Cornelius Van Campen, a member of one of the old Dutch families of New York. Of such ancestry, Floyd Milford Crandall was born at Belfast, New York, on May 2, 1858. He was educated at the Genesee Seminary, and at the Geneseo Normal School. He would have gone on through a regular college course in arts and letters but for the temporary failure of his sight, his eyes being useless to him for a year or more. From 1879 to 1881 he was Principal of Genesee Seminary, and then he turned his attention to his own professional training. He entered the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1884. For the next year he served as an Interne in Bellevue Hospital, New York, and for the next as House Physician in the same institution. His subsequent hospital practice in New York may be summarized as follows: Attending Physician, Out-door Department, Bellevue Hospital, 1886–1889; Attending Physician Northwestern Dispensary, 1889–1890; Assistant Surgeon,



FLOYD M. CRANDALL

Skin and Cancer Hospital, 1890–1895; Visiting Physician, Minturn Hospital, 1897–1900; Visiting Physician, Randall's Island hospitals, 1894–1897; Consulting Physician, Randall's Island hospitals, since 1897. Dr. Crandall has been busily engaged, also, as a teacher. He was a Clinical Assistant in the New York University Medical College in 1886–1888; an instructor in the New York Polyclinic Medical School, 1888–1889; a lecturer in that institution in 1889–1893, and an Adjunct Professor from 1893 to 1901. Still another department of his untiring activity has been that of editorial work on medical periodicals. He was a member of the staff of "The New York Medical Journal" from 1889 to 1893, Managing Editor of "The Gaillard Medical

Journal" from 1893 to 1895, and Editor of "Archives of Pediatrics" from 1895 to 1900. Since the latter date he has been an Associate Editor of "Sajous's Medical Annual," and has recently contributed articles to "Progressive Medicine," "Hare's System of Therapeutics," "International Clinics," "Keating's Cyclopædia of Pediatrics," and other publications. Among over sixty contributions to periodical literature may be mentioned articles on "Malaria in Children," 1887; "Diarrhœal Diseases of Children," "Archives of Pediatrics," 1889; "A Clinical Study of One Hundred and Forty-two Cases of Heart Disease," *ibid.*, 1891; "Management of the New-Born Infant," "New York Medical Journal," 1892; "Types of Gastro-Intestinal Disease Prevalent in New York," *ibid.*, 1893; "Scorbutus in Infants," *ibid.*, 1894; "Malarial Fever in Infants," "New York Polyclinic Journal," 1893; "Heredity and Degeneration," "Archives of Pediatrics," 1897; "Prevention of Infectious Diseases," "Medical News," 1900; "Practical Food Prescribing," "Medical News," 1901; "A Century of Vaccination," "American Medicine," 1901; "The Personal Liberty Plea," "New York Medical Journal," 1902. His most recent work is a volume on "Preventive Medicine." Dr. Crandall is a member of the New York Academy of Medicine, the New York County Medical Society, the Alumni Society of Bellevue Hospital, the West End Medical Society, the American Pediatric Society, the Pan-American Medical Congress of 1893, and the Congress of American Physicians. His address is New York City.

CROSSETT, Frederick Melvin, 1863–

Class of 1884 Sci.

Born in New York City, 1863; graduated B.S., New York University, 1884, and M.S., 1887; University Law School, 1891-92; editor and publisher since 1884.

FREDERICK MELVIN CROSSETT, M.S., editor and publisher, comes from a long line of New England ancestry. He is a son of Henry B. and Sarah (Stratton) Crossett, and was born in New York City on July 12, 1863. He was prepared for college at the Pingry School, Elizabeth, New Jersey. In 1880 he entered New York University, and was a member of Delta Upsilon, Philomathean and Eucleian, Class Treasurer, President of the Lacrosse Association, member of the Lacrosse Team, Baseball Nine and Glee Club, Editor and Business Manager of "The University Quarterly," and a Founder and Editor of "The University." He was graduated in 1884 with the Baccalaureate degree in Science, to which the University added the Master's degree in 1887. In 1891–1892 he studied in the University Law School. He has had a remarkable fraternity career. He was Treasurer of the Delta Upsilon Fraternity in 1882–1883, a member of its Executive Council and Secretary in 1883–1888, Editor of the "Delta Upsilon Quarterly" in 1883–1892, Chairman of the Semi-Centennial Convention Committee in 1884, Editor of the "Delta Upsilon Annual" in 1884–1888, Associate Founder of Lafayette, Columbia, Lehigh, Tufts, De Pauw and Pennsylvania chapters, Treasurer of the New York Delta Upsilon Club in 1887–1888, a member of its Board of Trustees in 1887–1890 and Vice-President in 1902. He possesses the unique distinction of having attended twenty-three consecutive annual Delta Upsilon conventions (1881–1902), a record equalled by no other college fraternity man. Since 1884 Mr. Crossett has been successfully engaged in editing and publishing various periodicals, including "Pediatrics," "The Intercollegiate Law Journal;" afterward, "The University Law Review," "The College Fraternity," "The University Review," "The American Woman's Journal," "The New York Athletic Club Journal," "The Building Trades Association Bulletin," and "The Seventh Regiment Gazette." He is a member of many clubs and organizations, including the New York Athletic Club, the New York Delta Upsilon Club, the Seventh Regiment Veteran Association, the Book Builders, Kane Lodge, No. 454, F. & A. M., Jerusalem Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, Cœur de Lion Commandery, Knights Templar and Mecca Temple of the Mystic Shrine. He has also been a member of Company F, Seventh Regiment, New York National Guard, since 1895, is at present Senior Corporal and has been Treasurer of his Company since 1899. His office is No. 158 Fifth Avenue, New York. He was married on June 6, 1889, and makes his home at University Heights, New York City.

DEANE, William Curtis, 1856–

Class of 1884 Med.

Born in New York, 1856; studied in public and private schools; graduated New York College of Dentistry, 1880, and M.D., New York University Medical College, 1884; instructor in New York College of Dentistry; in active practice.

WILLIAM CURTIS DEANE, M.D., D.D.S., son of Henry Augustus and Margaret (Francis) Deane, of Irish ancestry, was born in the

City of New York on April 4, 1856. He studied in the public schools, for three years in a private school in Paris, France, and attended a commercial school in New York in 1873. Later he studied at the New York College of Dentistry, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Dental Surgery in 1880, receiving the faculty prize. He finally entered the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1884. Since that time he has been engaged in the active practice of dentistry. He is Visiting Dental Surgeon to the City Hospital of New

WILLIAM C. DEANE

York, Clinical Instructor in the New York College of Dentistry and in the New York Dental School, and a member of the Medical Board of the City Hospital. He has also been President of the First District Dental Society and of the Alumni Association of the New York College of Dentistry, is a member of those organizations and also of the Medical Society of New York County, the Dental Society of the State of New York, the Alumni Association of the University Medical College and the Republican Club of the City of New York. He was married in 1881 to Sarah Ellen Rutter Bird, and has three children: Mrs. David Kearney, Henry Tenison, and Florence Margaret Deane. His address is No. 114 East 60th Street, New York.

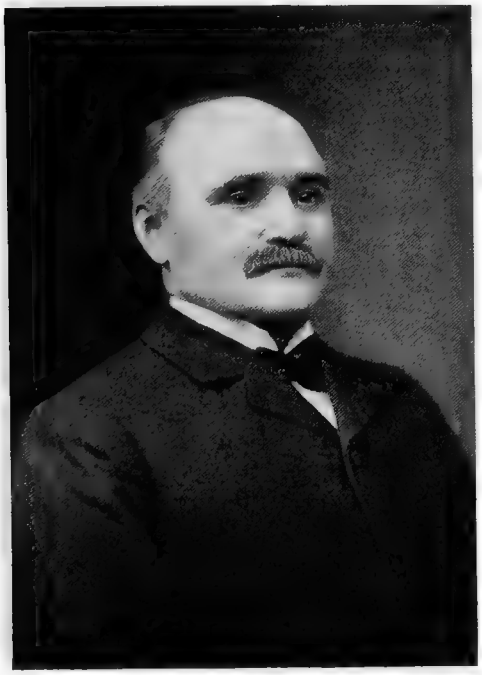
FITZSIMMONS, Thomas Charles, 1858–

Class of 1884 Med.

Born in Luzerne County, Pa., 1858; studied in public schools; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1884; City Physician of Scranton, Pa., 1885-89; City Physician of Carbondale, Pa., 1889-91; Physician for Fell Township, 1892-95; in hospital practice in New York, 1895-97; since 1897 in practice at Wilkes-Barre, Pa.; opened High Land Springs Sanatorium, Dallas, Pa., 1901.

THOMAS CHARLES FITZSIMMONS, M.D., is a native of Fell Township, Luzerne (now Lackawanna) County, Pennsylvania, and is of Irish ancestry. His father was Hugh Fitzsimmons, and his mother's maiden name was Rose Shannon. They both came from County Cavan, Ireland, and settled in the United States in 1848. Dr. Fitzsimmons was born on March 7, 1858. A year later his parents removed to a farm near the City of Carbondale, Pennsylvania, and there he grew to manhood. He was educated in the public schools, and in the high school at Waymart, Pennsylvania, after which he taught school for a year at Pleasant Valley, now Avoca, Pennsylvania. In 1880 he began the study of medicine with Dr. John Burnett, at Carbondale, and he continued his studies under Dr. W. Pier at Pleasant Valley. He then entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, pursued its three years' course, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1884. Immediately after graduation he opened an office and began practice in the City of Scranton, Pennsylvania. His prompt success in his work was marked by his election in 1885 to be City Physician of Scranton. To this place he was re-elected three times, but in the middle of his fourth year he resigned, on account of his removal to Carbondale to rejoin his aged parents. At Carbondale he practiced for ten years with marked success, being a member of the staff of the Carbondale Emergency Hospital, and being twice elected City Physician. He was also twice elected Physician for Fell Township. In 1895, upon the death of his father, he removed to New York City, and for two years was engaged in hospital visiting work. Finally, in 1897, he settled in Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania, where he still remains in successful practice. For the past ten years Dr. Fitzsimmons has devoted a large part of his time to the scientific study and investigation of epilepsy and its causes. Diseases of the mind and nervous system have been his specialty for the past fifteen years, but in epilepsy the Doctor appears to see a broad and interesting field for scientific and analytical investigation. For

the purpose of studying the living subject of epilepsy Dr. Fitzsimmons has visited most of the epileptic colonies in the United States. At the famous "Craig Colony for Epileptics," located in Living-



THOMAS C. FITZSIMMONS

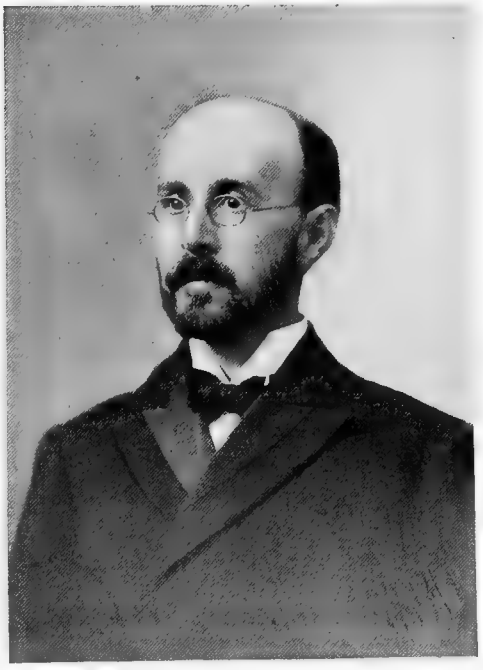
ston County, State of New York, the Doctor has spent much time, and he justly regards that as the model institution of its kind in the country. He has spent liberally of his time and money in an effort to induce the law makers of his home state, Pennsylvania, to establish by law an institution similar to Craig Colony. When the new colony system for the treatment and care of epilepsy under the jurisdiction of the State of Pennsylvania is finally established, to no other person will so much honor and praise be due as to Dr. Fitzsimmons. In 1901 he joined several other men in opening the High Land Springs Sanatorium, at Dallas, Luzerne County, Pennsylvania, an institution which ranks among the best in the state. While in Carbondale he was one of about twenty physicians who organized the Academy of Medicine in that city. He has also been a prominent member of the Father Mathew Total Abstinence Society of Wilkes-Barre. As a public speaker there are few men of any profession who outrank him. He is always in demand as an orator, and delivers several addresses every winter for different bodies and societies and other public assemblages. He is justly regarded as one of Luzerne County's most honored and respected citizens. Dr. Fitzsimmons was married in May, 1889, to Annie Nolan of Scranton, who has borne him two children: Ruth Annie and Mary Grace Fitzsimmons.

FOLAND, John Philip, 1862–

Class of 1884 Med.

Born at Kingston, N. Y., 1862; studied in public schools; graduated New York College of Pharmacy, 1882; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1884; in practice since 1884.

JOHN PHILIP FOLAND, M.D., son of James R. and Mary A. (Rider) Foland, was born at Kingston, Ulster County, New York, on January 6, 1862, and received his first education in the public schools of that place. In 1878 he entered the drug business, and was graduated from the New York College of Pharmacy in 1882. He then entered the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1884. Since that date he has been engaged in the practice of his profession in the Ninth Ward



JOHN P. FOLAND

of New York City. He is a member of the New York County Medical Society, the New York County Medical Association, and the Physicians' Mutual Aid Association. He was married on April 27,

1891, to Harriet I. L. Bigelow, and has two children: Helen A. and John P. Foland. His address is No. 511 Hudson Street, New York.

KEEFE, John William, 1863–

Class of 1884 Med.

Born in Worcester, Mass., 1863; studied in public schools, and one year at University of Michigan; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1884; served in Bellevue Hospital, 1884-86; in practice in Providence, R. I., since 1886; in hospital and municipal service.

JOHN WILLIAM KEEFE, M.D., son of Dennis and Alice (McGrath) Keefe, of Irish extraction, was born in the City of Worcester, Massachusetts, on April 25, 1863, and received his early education in the public schools. Thence he went to the University of Michigan for a year's study, and finally entered the Medical College of New York University. In 1884 he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, and from October 1st of that year to April 1, 1886, he was House Surgeon in the First Surgical Division of Bellevue Hospital. In May, 1886, he began the practice of his profession in the City of Providence, Rhode Island, and has ever since been thus engaged. From 1886 to 1898 he was Surgeon to the Outpatient Department of the Rhode Island Hospital, and from 1889 to 1895 Medical Examiner for the City of Providence. He has been a Consulting Surgeon to the Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum of Rhode Island, and an Attending Surgeon to the Gynecological Department of St. Joseph's Hospital since 1895; Consulting Surgeon to the Providence Lying-in Hospital since 1896, and Attending Surgeon to the Rhode Island Hospital since 1898. He is a member and ex-Vice-President of the Providence Medical Association, a member of the Rhode Island Medical Society, the American Medical Association, the American Association of Obstetricians and Gynecologists, the Society of the Alumni of Bellevue Hospital, the Friday Night Medical Club, the University Club, and the Hope Club, of Providence. He was married on April 24, 1895, to Statia Sherman Maher of Boston. His home is at No. 43 Parkis Avenue, Providence, and his office at No. 259 Benefit Street, where he devotes himself exclusively to surgical practice.

KELLEY, Joseph Henry, 1860–

Class of 1884 Med.

Born at West Boylston, Mass., 1860; studied at Worcester High School and in Worcester, Mass., City Hospital; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1884; member of Worcester School Board; in practice since 1884.

JOSEPH HENRY KELLEY, M.D., son of Patrick and Catherine (Cavanaugh) Kelley, of Irish ancestry, was born at West Boylston, Massa-

JOHN W. KEEFE

JOSEPH H. KELLEY

chusetts, on January 7, 1860. He studied in the Classical High School of Worcester, Massachusetts, and in the Worcester City Hospital. In 1884 he was graduated from the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, and has ever since been engaged in the practice of his profession. From 1885 to 1901 he was a member of the School Board of the City of Worcester, Massachusetts. He is a member of the Massachusetts Medical Society and the Worcester Medical Society, and lives at No. 5 Trumbull Square, Worcester, Massachusetts.

LYMAN, Alexander Steele, 1860–

Class of 1884 Arts.

Born in New Orleans, La., 1860; graduated A.B., New York University, 1884; LL.B., Columbia Law School, 1886; lawyer.

ALEXANDER STEELE LYMAN, A.B., LL.B., is a son of Joseph Bardwell Lyman and Elizabeth (Baker) Lyman, and was born in New Orleans, Louisiana, on April 8, 1860. In New York University he was a member of Psi Upsilon, Supervisor of Philomathean, Junior orator, Editor of "The University Quarterly," and First Fellow and Valedictorian at Commencement. He was graduated in 1884 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and two years later received the degree of Bachelor of Laws from the Law School of Columbia University. Since that date he has been engaged in the practice of law in New York, his office now being at No. 25 Broad Street. He was married on September 17, 1891, to Bertha Bidwell Burton, daughter of Dr. E. D. Burton, and has a daughter, Frances Burton Lyman. His brother, Joseph B. Lyman, was graduated from New York University in 1894.

MacEACHEN, James Colin, 1863–

Class of 1884 Law.

Born at Charlottetown, P. E. I., Canada, 1863; studied at St. Dunstan's College, Charlottetown; came to New York at sixteen; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1884; in practice since 1884.

JAMES COLIN MacEACHEN, LL.B., a descendant of Scottish Highlanders and a son of John and Christine (Gillis) MacEachen, was born at Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, Canada, on November 7, 1863, and was educated at St. Dunstan's College, in his native city. At the age of sixteen years he came to New York, and presently became a student in the Law School of New York University. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws on May 15, 1884, and for five years thereafter practiced as an assistant in the law offices of James, Schell & Elkus, in New York. Thereafter he became associated with that firm. His practice is now an extensive and important one. He is counsel for the Manhattan Brewery and for the brewing firm of J. F. Betz & Son. In 1895 he was appointed special guardian of Mabel Sherman, in the contest of the will of Josephine Peyton. He succeeded in compromising the case, in which $10,000,000 was involved, on terms highly favor-

JAMES C. MacEACHEN

able to his ward and client, to whom the whole estate went, save a few charitable bequests and a legacy of $5,000 a year for five years. Mr. MacEachen is a member of the Old Guard, the Democratic Club, the Knickerbocker Athletic Club, the St. Andrew's Society, and the New York Caledonian Club. Of the latter he was chief for three terms, and on retiring from that office was made the recipient of a handsome testimonial silver service. He is a Democrat in politics but has held no public office. He was married on April 18, 1887, to Mary E. McKenna, and has two children: John and Christine MacEachen. His office is at Nos. 41–43 Pine Street, New York, and his home at the Hotel Navarre in that city.

MASSECAR, Frederick Herbert, 1861–

Class of 1884 Med.

Born at Waterford, Canada, 1861; studied in public school, Woodstock Literary Institute, Ontario College of Pharmacy, and New York University Medical College, from which last he was graduated in 1884, M.D.; in practice since 1884.

FREDERICK HERBERT MASSECAR, M.D., is a native of Waterford, Ontario, Canada, and was born on October 4, 1861. His father, Walter Massecar, was a prosperous farmer and is now an insurance broker, and his mother, Mary (Chart) Massecar, is the daughter of a wealthy

FREDERICK H. MASSECAR

miller. His paternal great-great-grandfather, Abraham Massecar, came from Holland and settled in New Jersey, whence his son removed to Canada in 1796. His maternal grandfather, William Chart, came from England. Dr. Massecar began his education in the public schools of Canada, continued it in the Woodstock, Canada, Literary Institute and the Ontario College of Pharmacy. Finally he came to New York University and pursued the full course of its Medical College, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine on March 12, 1884. In the following month he began practice at Bellevue, Michigan; he removed to Lansing, Michigan, the same year, and in 1887 settled in New York, where he still remains. While a successful and influential general practitioner, he has made a specialty of treatment of the diseases of women, and is recognized as a high authority in that important branch of medical work. He is a member of the Harlem Medical Association, the Harlem Democratic Club, the Canadian Society of New York, and the Washington Heights Gun Club. His address is No. 116 East 116th Street, New York.

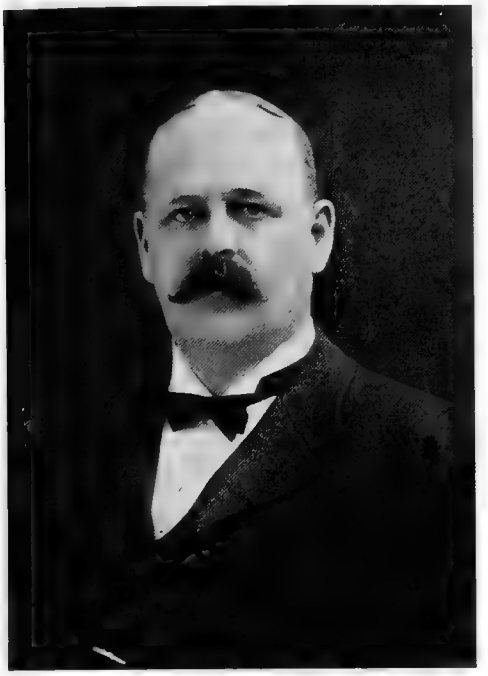
MILLSPAUGH, Daniel Thomson.

Class of 1884 Med.

Born at Middletown, N. Y.; studied in public schools; in employ of Standard Oil Company, 1870-80; owner of oil wells and in drug business, 1880-88; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1884; in practice since 1884; proprietor of sanitarium at Paterson, N. J.

DANIEL THOMSON MILLSPAUGH, M.D., is descended from one of the two Millspaugh brothers who in 1730 were exiled from Holland on account of their religious belief. One of them settled in England, and changed his name to Millbrook. The other, Petrus Millspaugh, came to America and purchased a thousand acres of land at Montgomery, Orange County, New York, where he prospered. His grandson, Adam Millspaugh, served in the Revolution in Colonel McCaughry's Ulster County Militia. A grandson of Adam Millspaugh was William Edwin Millspaugh, who married Anne Corwin and was the father of the subject of this sketch. He was a man of fine culture and artistic tastes, a musician, painter, and poet. In early life he was a teacher, but later engaged in mercantile pursuits. Of such parentage, Daniel Thomson Millspaugh was born at Middletown, Orange County, New York. His education was acquired in public schools at Middletown, and at Titusville and Pleasantville, Pennsylvania. About 1870 he entered the service of the Standard Oil Company, in the oil regions of Pennsylvania, at first as a telegrapher, and later in various positions of trust. He withdrew from that company's employ in 1880 in order to study medicine, but until 1888 was the owner of many oil wells and was also engaged in the drug business. He was graduated from the Medical College of New York University, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, in 1884, and at once began practice, to which since 1888 he has exclusively devoted himself. In the latter year he established himself in McKeen County, Pennsylvania, and remained there until 1892, when he removed to his present home in Paterson, New Jersey. In the

latter city he has opened and conducts "Riverlawn," a large and attractive sanitarium for patients suffering from nervous and mental diseases. In politics he is a lifelong Republican, but he has held



DANIEL T. MILLSPAUGH

no public office. He is a member of the Passaic County, New Jersey, District Medical Society, the New Jersey State Medical Society, the American Medical Association, the American Electro-Therapeutic Association, and the American Association for the Study of Epilepsy. He is an ex-member of the Torrey Botanical Club of New York. Dr. Millspaugh was married to Clara S. Corwin of Paterson, New Jersey, in July, 1886, and lives at No. 45 Totowa Avenue, Paterson, New Jersey.

MILLSPAUGH, Louis Corwin, 1862–

Class of 1884 Med.

Born at Middletown, N. Y., 1862; studied in common schools, Harvard Summer School, and New York University Medical College; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1884; Paterson General Hospital, 1885; New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital, 1885; in practice since 1885.

LOUIS CORWIN MILLSPAUGH, M.D., son of William E. and Anne (Corwin) Millspaugh, was born at Middletown, Orange County, New York, on March 7, 1862, and received his early education in the public schools. He afterward attended the summer school of Harvard University, and then studied medicine in New York University. He was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the New York University Medical College in 1884, and spent the next year in study and service in the Paterson, New Jersey, General Hospital and the New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital. He also studied physical diagnosis privately under Dr. William H. Thompson. Since 1885 he has been engaged in the practice of his profession. He was a member of the Venango, Pennsylvania, County Medical Society in 1884–87; Secretary of the Oil City, Pennsylvania, Physicians' Scientific and Social Club in 1885–88, and its President for one year; a member of the Oil City Board of Health in 1886–88; a member of the Plutarch Club of Oil City in 1887; Coroner of Yates County, New York, in 1891–92; and Physician to Keuka College, Keuka Park, New York, 1890–93. He has been a member of the West Side Republican Club of New York since 1900, and is a member of the Medical Society of the County of

L. C. MILLSPAUGH

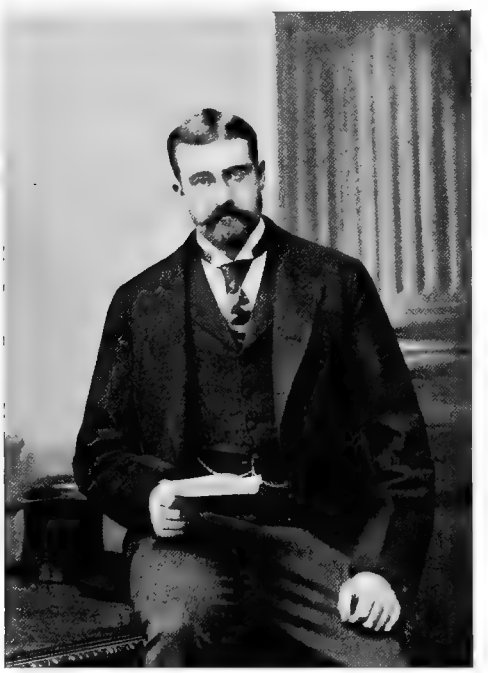
New York, and of the Colonial Club. He was married on May 6, 1886, to Emily M. Platt, and has one child, Ella Corwin Millspaugh. His address is No. 117 West 81st Street, New York.

MORRIS, Lewis Rutherfurd, 1862–

Class of 1884 Med.

Born at Morris, N. Y., 1862; studied at Canandaigua Academy, N. Y., and St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H.; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1884; served in St. Luke's Hospital, New York, 1884-86; in practice since 1886.

LEWIS RUTHERFURD MORRIS, M.D., is a son of J. Rutherfurd Morris, of Morris, New York, a great-grandson of General Jacob Morris, who was an Aide-de-camp to General Charles Lee and to General Nathanael Greene in the Revolutionary War, and a great-great-grandson of Lewis



LEWIS R. MORRIS

Morris, one of the most famous of the signers of the Declaration of Independence. His mother's maiden name was Elizabeth Howe, and she was a daughter of Professor Henry Howe, who for many years was at the head of the Canandaigua Academy at Canandaigua, New York. He was born at Morris, New York, on September 27, 1862, and received his academic education in his grandfather's Canandaigua Academy, and at the celebrated St. Paul's School at Concord, New Hampshire. Thus prepared, he entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which has since been incorporated with New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1884. The next two years were spent in service in St. Luke's Hospital, New York, at the expiration of which he began the independent practice of his profession. At first he was at Cold Spring on the Hudson, New York, in partnership with Dr. G. W. Murdoch, then alone at Fishkill Landing, New York, and finally, for five years, in New York City in association with Dr. Charles McBurney. He is a member of the New York Academy of Medicine, the Medical Society of Greater New York, the Century Association, the Calumet Club, the Metropolitan Club, the New York Athletic Club, the New York Yacht Club, the South Side Sportsman's Club, and the Society of Sons of the Revolution. He was married on May 28, 1900, to Katherine Louise Stauffer Clark, daughter of the Hon. W. A. Clark of Butte, Montana, a Senator of the United States. His office is at No. 60 West 58th Street, New York, his city home at No. 155 West 58th Street, New York, and his country home at the Manor House, Morris, New York.

OSTERHOUT, Edgar Randolph, 1857–

Class of 1884 Med.

Born in Monroe County, Pa., 1857; studied in public schools, high schools, and New York University Medical College; graduated Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1884; in practice since 1884.

EDGAR RANDOLPH OSTERHOUT, M.D., is a son of John R. and Matilda (Frailey) Osterhout, his father being descended from some of the earliest settlers of Ulster County, New York. He was born in Monroe County, near Stroudsburg, Pennsylvania, on May 10, 1857, and received his academic education in public schools in Pennsylvania and New York State, including the high school at Ithaca, New York. In 1881 he entered the New York University Medical College, and studied there for one year. Then he went to the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which has since been merged into the University, and completed his professional course, being graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in March, 1884. On April 1, 1884, a fortnight after graduation, he began the practice of his profession at Trumbull Corners, New York, and remained there seven years. Then he removed to Newfield, New York, where he remained five years. On September 15, 1896, he settled at Trumansburg, New York, where he still remains. He has been Health Officer of the Town of Ulysses ever since going to Trumansburg. He is a member of the American Medical Association and of the Third

E. R. OSTERHOUT

District Branch of the New York State Medical Association. He was married on June 18, 1884, to Hattie Bishop.

PATON, Lewis C. Bayles, 1864–

Class of 1884 Arts.

Born in New York, 1864; graduated A.B., New York University, 1884, and A.M., 1893; Princeton Theological Seminary, 1887-90; University of Berlin, 1890-92; Ph.D., University of Marburg, 1897; ordained Minister of Presbyterian Church, 1890; Instructor in Hartford Theological Seminary, 1892; Assistant Professor, 1893-1900; Professor since 1900; author.

LEWIS C. BAYLES PATON, A.M., PH.D., Nettleton Professor of Old Testament Exegesis and Criticism in Hartford Theological Seminary, is a son of Robert Lenox Stuart Paton and Henrietta (Bayles) Paton, and was born in New York City on June 27, 1864. He entered the College of Arts of New York University in 1880, was a member of Delta Upsilon and Phi Beta Kappa, Junior orator, an officer of Eucleian, winner of the First Butler Eucleian Essay Prize in 1884, and Philosophical orator at Commencement. He was graduated with the Baccalaureate degree in Arts in 1884, and received the Master's degree in 1893. In 1887–90 he studied at the Princeton Theological Seminary, and in the latter year was ordained into the ministry of the Presbyterian Church. He was in 1890–92 a Fellow in Hebrew of the Theological Seminary, Princeton, and spent those years at the University of Berlin, Germany. In 1897 he received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy from the University of Marburg, Germany. He became an Instructor in Old Testament Criticism in the Hartford, Connecticut, Theological Seminary in 1892–93, and was Associate Professor of the same in 1893–1900. Since 1900 he has been Nettleton Professor of Old Testament Exegesis and Criticism and Instructor in Assyrian. He is now a clergyman of the Congregational Church. He is a member of the American Oriental Society, the Archæological Institute, the Vorderasiatische Gesellschaft, the Society of Biblical Archæology, and is a member, Corresponding Secretary and Editor of the "Journal of the Society of Biblical Literature." He is the author of "The Early History of Syria and Palestine," and of numerous articles in magazines and reviews. He was married on December 30, 1896, to Suvia Davison, and lives at No. 50 Forest Street, Hartford, Connecticut.

SPRANKLIN, Thomas William, 1861–

Class of 1884 Vet.

Born in Baltimore, Md., 1861; graduated D.V.S., American Veterinary College, 1884; in practice since 1884; State Inspector of Cattle, and member of Sanitary Board; head of large stock sanitarium.

THOMAS WILLIAM SPRANKLIN, D.V.S., is the son, grandson, great-grandson, and nephew of veterinary surgeons, and himself early adopted the same profession. He was born in Baltimore, Maryland, on November 17, 1861, and at the age of eighteen was already in practice as a veterinarian at Bladensburg, Maryland. He then entered the American Veterinary College, now a part of New York University, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Veterinary Surgery in 1884. Soon after he began the inoculation of cattle as a preventive of contagious Pleuro-Pneumonia and for his services received a gold medal from a dairymen's association. He was one of the first appointed Inspectors of Cattle in Maryland, and then was appointed by the Governor a member of the State Sanitary Board. In 1888 he built the Maryland Veterinary Hospital in Baltimore, one of the largest and most complete in the United States. In 1893 he purchased a five hundred acre farm on the Chesapeake Bay near the Severn River,

and there established a great sanitarium for horses. Dr. Spranklin is essentially a self-made man. His

THOS. WM. SPRANKLIN

reputation as a veterinarian is national, and he is esteemed as one of the foremost members of his profession.

TAYLOR, William Henry, 1861–

Class of 1884 Med.

Born at Muncie, Ind., 1861; studied in public and normal schools; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1884; in practice since 1884.

WILLIAM HENRY TAYLOR, M.D., as related in the sketch of his elder brother, Dr. Charles Edgar Taylor, elsewhere in this volume, is the son, grandson, and great-grandson of physicians, and was born to Dr. John C. Taylor and Xenia (Bossart) Taylor, at Muncie, Indiana, on August 22, 1861. He studied in the public schools, and in the Indiana State Normal School for one year. In the fall of 1881 he entered the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1884. Since graduation he has practiced his profession at Irwin, Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania, where he is a member of the Irwin Medical Society.

THWING, Clarence, 1862–

Class of 1884 Sci., 1887 Med.

Born in Portland, Me., 1862; graduated B.S., New York University, 1884, and M.S., 1887; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1887; extended practice in hospitals and service as instructor, 1887-92; Pastor of Presbyterian Church, Wrangel, Alaska, since 1892.

CLARENCE THWING, M.S., M.D., is a son of the Rev. Dr. Edward Payson Thwing and of Susan Maria (Waite) Thwing, and was born at Portland, Maine, on June 29, 1862. In New York University he was a member of Psi Upsilon, an officer of Eucleian, President of the Young Men's Christian Association, Editor of "The University Quarterly," and a Junior orator. He was graduated in 1884 with the degree of Bachelor of Science, and received the Master's degree in 1887. In the latter year also he was graduated from the New York University Medical College with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, winning the third honor of his class and a prize of One Hundred Dollars. Down to 1892 he served as Clinical Assistant to the Chair of Surgery and as Assistant Demonstrator of Anatomy in the New York University Medical College, as Assistant to the Chair of Orthopædic Surgery in the New York Polyclinic, and on the staffs of Bellevue Hospital and the Hospital for Ruptured and Crippled, New York, the Long Island College Hospital, Brooklyn, the Hospital for the Insane at Batavia, Illinois, and the Presbyterian Hospital at Sitka, Alaska. In 1892 he became Pastor of the Presbyterian Church at Wrangel, Alaska. He is a member of numerous medical societies and other learned bodies. He was married on June 6, 1889, to Charlotte Elizabeth Guest, and has one child, Edward Payson Thwing. His brother, Edward Waite Thwing, was a member of the Class of 1890 in New York University.

WIESECKEL, George, 1863–

Class of 1884 Med.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1863; studied in public schools, St. Francis Xavier's College, St. Lawrence College, and New York University Medical College; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1884; in hospital practice, 1884-85; practicing physician since 1885.

GEORGE WIESECKEL, M.D., son of John and Maria (Kugler) Wieseckel, Bavarians, was born in Brooklyn, New York, in August, 1863, and was educated in the public schools, the College of St. Francis Xavier, St. Lawrence College, Mt. Calvary, Wisconsin, and the Medical College of

New York University. From the last named he was graduated in 1884 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. The next eighteen months were spent in service in St. Catherine's Hospital, in Brooklyn,

GEORGE WIESECKEL

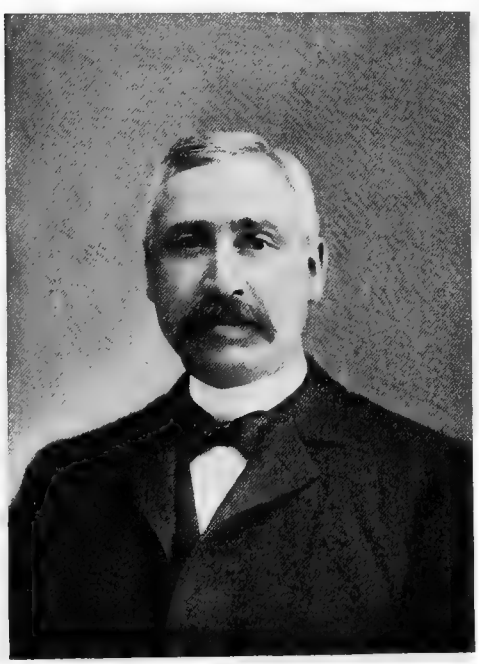
and since 1885 he has been engaged in regular practice in that city. He has served the Health Board as a vaccinator for one year and as a Sanitary Inspector for four years. He is a member of the Catholic Benevolent Legion (Annunciation Council, No. 71), the Olive Quartette Singing Society, and the Montrose Progressive Association. In politics he is a Democrat but not a strict partisan. He was married on August 6, 1889, to Julia Francis Cooke, and has three children: Emily Louise, Blanche Marguerite, and Julia Agnes Wieseckel. His address is No. 66 Bushwick Avenue, Brooklyn, New York.

WOLFE, William James, 1859–

Class of 1884 Med.

Born at Bangor, Pa., 1859; attended common schools until seventeen; taught school six terms; attended Mt. Bethel (Pa.) Academy one term; began private study of medicine, 1880; entered New York University Medical College, 1882, and graduated M.D., 1884; in practice since 1884.

WILLIAM JAMES WOLFE, M.D., who was born at Bangor, Pennsylvania, on April 28, 1859, is a son of William and Anna Maria (Van Horn) Wolfe. His father's grandfather, George Wolf, came from Germany in 1759 and settled in Northampton County, Pennsylvania, while his maternal ancestors came from Holland and settled in New Jersey in colonial times. His maternal grandfather was Cornelius Van Horn, who served in the War of 1812, and married Anna Major, a woman of English descent. Dr. Wolfe's education, until he was seventeen years of age, was acquired in the common schools of Northampton County, Pennsylvania. He then became a teacher for six terms, the last three of which were spent as principal of a graded grammar school. He then attended for one term a normal academy at Mount Bethel, Pennsylvania. His medical studies were begun in 1880, under Dr. E. D. Collier, a physician and druggist at Bangor, Pennsylvania, and a graduate of the Long Island College Hospital. In 1882 he matriculated at the Medical College of New York University, and in 1884 he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. For a short time after graduation he was employed in contract practice under Dr. A. A. Seem for a slate company



W. J. WOLFE

at Bangor, Pennsylvania, but in June, 1885, he established himself at Chatham, New Jersey, where he has since remained in successful practice. He was a member of the Chatham School Board in

1887–95, a Trustee of the village in 1892–93, and Treasurer in 1893, and at present is physician and a member of the Health Boards of Chatham Borough and Chatham Township. In politics he is a Democrat. He is a member of the American Medical Association, the Morris County District Medical Association, the Masonic Order, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Junior Order of United American Mechanics, the Chatham Fish and Game Protective Association, and is an alumnus of the Medical Department of New York University. He was married on December 16, 1885, to Clara McIlhaney, and has four children: Walter McIlhaney, Katharine Major, Van Horn D., and William Clare Wolfe.

ARNOLD, Elmore Ferdinand, 1859–

Class of 1885 Med.

Born at Londonderry, Vt., 1859; graduated Normal School, Castleton, Vt., 1880; graduated B.S., New Hampshire College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts, 1883; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1885; in practice since 1885; specialist on hay fever.

ELMORE FERDINAND ARNOLD, B.S., M.D., is the son, grandson, and great-grandson of physicians, and his father, Dr. Luther Stowell Arnold, was also a Representative in the Vermont State Legislature, in 1889. His mother's maiden name was Marion Wait, and she was related to the family of Franklin Pierce, President of the United States. Dr. Arnold was born at Londonderry, Vermont, on August 23, 1859, and was carefully educated. After studying at the Burr & Burton School, Manchester, Vermont, he went to the State Normal School at Castleton, Vermont, and after taking a two years' course in one year was graduated in 1880 as Valedictorian of his class. Thence he went to the New Hampshire College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts and was graduated from it with the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1883. Finally he entered the New York University Medical College, and was graduated a Doctor of Medicine, with honors and a prize, in 1885. It may be added that, with very little help, he earned by teaching enough to pay his own way through these schools and colleges. Immediately after graduation from the University Dr. Arnold entered upon the practice of his profession, and has continued therein ever since. Until 1889 he was settled at Londonderry, Vermont, and since that date he has been in New York City. He has of late been paying especial attention to the treatment of hay fever, and has devised a system which he believes will prove successful in ninety per cent. of all cases. He has attained gratifying success in the treatment of asthma associated with hay fever, having permanently cured nearly all cases he has treated, and having materially benefited all. He was associated with Dr. G. S. Robertson, the throat and nose specialist, from 1889 to 1895. He was married on June 2, 1886, to Mary Edna Merrick, the playwriter and novelist, and has had six children: Wendell Merrick, Melvin Elmore (deceased),

E. F. ARNOLD

Gladys Thelma, Kenneth Tingley, George Edwin Luther, and Phyllis Marguerite Arnold. His address is the Continental Hotel, New York City.

BARNES, Amos Warren, 1867–

Class of 1885 Sci.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1867; studied in public schools; graduated B.S. and C.E., New York University, 1885; engineering corps of street and elevated railroads, 1885-89; Pencoyd Iron Works, 1889-93; Engineer of Bureau of Building Inspection, Philadelphia, 1896-99; in private practice as Civil Engineer; School Director, Philadelphia.

AMOS WARREN BARNES, B.S., C.E., son of Aaron Brown Barnes and Lorina (Van Deursen) Barnes, was born in the City of Brooklyn, New York, on March 26, 1867, and received his

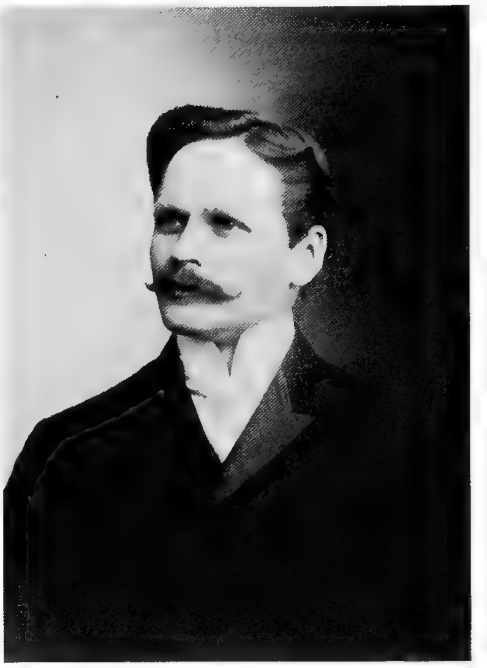
early education in the public schools of that city, including the high school, in which latter he was prepared for college. In the fall of 1881 he was matriculated in the College of Arts and Science of New York University, and entered the scientific course. In June, 1885, he was graduated with the degrees of Bachelor of Science and Civil Engineer, and was one of the Commencement orators of his class. For a time thereafter he was employed in the office of Charles B. Brush, C.E., in Hoboken, New Jersey, and then became a member of the engineering corps of the Kings County Elevated Railroad in Brooklyn, New York. Later he served on the staffs of the Duluth, South Shore, and Atlantic Railway, in Michigan; the Union Elevated Railway of Brooklyn; the Union Elevated Railway of Chicago, and the South Side Rapid Transit Railway of Chicago. Thus he was engaged until 1889, when he entered the Bridge and Construction Department of the Pencoyd Iron Works at Pencoyd, Pennsylvania. There he remained until 1893, since which date he has been prosperously engaged in private practice as a Civil Engineer in Philadelphia with the exception of the years 1896–99, when he was Engineer of the Bureau of Building Inspection in Philadelphia. Since April, 1902, he has been a School Director in the Twenty-first Ward of Philadelphia. He is a member of the Masonic Order, including the Royal Arch and the Scottish Rite. In politics he is a Republican. He was married on June 3, 1897, to Sarah Missimer, and has three children: Mary Lorina, Amos Warren, and Sidney Barnes. His office is at the northwest corner of Ninth and Walnut streets, and his residence at Wissahickon, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

BILHOEFER, Andrew John, 1862–

Class of 1885 Med.

Born at Bavaria, 1862; attended public school at Bamberg and studied in Latin School of Würzburg University; graduated M.D., New York University Medical Department, 1885; Assistant Physician Bellevue Hospital and Ward's Island Insane Asylum, 1884; House Physician German Odd Fellows' Home, Westchester, 1885-87; in active practice since 1885.

ANDREW JOHN BILHOEFER, M.D., son of John Wolfgang and Catharine Bilhoefer, born Rueckel, and a descendant on the paternal side of Dr. Johann Valentine Meyer, of Bavaria, in the Seventeenth Century, was born in Bavaria on June 13, 1862. He was first sent to a public school at Bamberg, and then to the Latin School of Würzburg University. He then came to the United States and entered the Medical Department of New York University, where he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1885. Since that date he has been actively engaged in the practice of his profession. His work began, indeed, before graduation, for in 1884 he was Assistant Physician in Bellevue Hospital and also in the Insane Asylum on Ward's Island, New York. In 1885–86–87 he was House Physician for the German Odd Fellows' Home at Westchester, New York. He was Supreme Medical Examiner for the Independent German Society of



ANDREW J. BILHOEFER

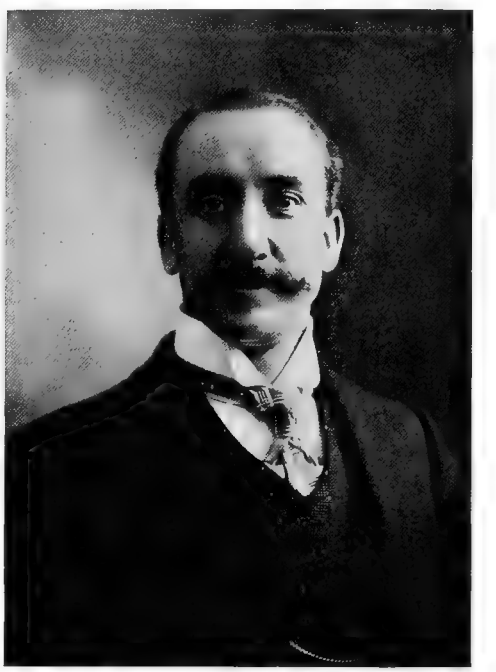
New York in 1886–1890, Medical Examiner for the Order of Chosen Friends in 1894–1898, and Medical Examiner for the Legion of Justice in 1890–1892. In politics Dr. Bilhoefer is a Democrat and has been a member of the General Committee of that party in New York. He is a member of the German Liederkranz Society, of York Commandery of Knights Templar, of Mecca Temple of the Mystic Shrine, of the American, New York State, and New York County Medical associations, of the New York County and the Harlem Medical societies, and of the Physicians' Mutual Aid Society of New York. He was married on April 12, 1898, to Adele Semon, of New York. There are no children from the union.

BRUNDAGE, Albert Harrison, 1862–

Class of 1885 Med.

Born at Candor, N. Y., 1862; studied in public schools until 1881; studied law, served in mercantile life, and in drug stores; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1885; Medical Director Vanderbilt University, 1886-88, and University of Nashville, 1886-89; post-graduate courses, Long Island College Hospital, 1890-91, and New York University Medical College, 1891-92; in practice in Brooklyn since 1891; Founder of the Brooklyn Medical Society; a founder and Professor in Brooklyn College of Pharmacy; Professor in Rhode Island College of Pharmacy; author of Manual of Toxicology; Ph.G., Brooklyn College of Pharmacy, 1892, Phar. D., 1897; A.M., University of Nashville, 1898.

ALBERT HARRISON BRUNDAGE, A.M., M.D., and Phar. D., is a native of Candor, Tioga County, New York, where he was born on March 3, 1862. He is a son of Dr. Amos Harrison Brundage and Sarah Mervina (Dimmick) Brundage. His paternal grandfather was Parmenas Brundage. One of his maternal ancestors served as a Captain in the Revolutionary Army, and others were prominent in the colonial history of the country. The family of Dimmick, whose name is also spelled Dimock and Dymoke, is descended from the famous English family of Dymoke, of the Manor of Scrivelsby, whose privilege it was to furnish the "King's (or Queen's) Champion" for one of the most picturesque ceremonies connected with the coronation of the British monarch. Dr. Brundage lived at Candor until he was eight years old, when his parents removed to Cohoes, New York. In 1872 the family again removed to Newark, New Jersey, and in 1876 he went to live with his paternal great-uncle at Montclair, New Jersey, for a year, when he returned to Newark. Finally in 1881 the family settled in Brooklyn, New York. He studied successively in public schools at Candor, at Cohoes, in Newark and Montclair; then again in a Newark public school, was graduated, and went to the high school. Later he became a student in a law office in New York City, where he remained for more than a year, when he accepted a position in a mercantile establishment. This he soon left and returned to the drug business, in which he had already had some experience. While employed in the drug business he became a student in the Medical College of New York University. He paid his way at college by working in the drug store and also by teaching an evening school, and completed his course with credit. On March 10, 1885, he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Overwork and overstudy had, however, impaired his health, and after graduation he found it necessary to enter upon a course of systematic exercises for the restoration of his health and production of physical development. For two years he industriously pursued such a course, with the result that he became a notable athlete and the champion bar vaulter of the world: his record of seven feet, seven inches still remains unbroken. From 1886 to the summer of 1888 he was Medical Director of the gymnasium of the Vanderbilt University at Nashville, Tennessee, and also at the Peabody Normal College of the University of Nashville from



ALBERT H. BRUNDAGE

1886 to 1889. He was also Lecturer on Sanitary Science in the latter institution. On October 22, 1888, a fire occurred in one of the buildings of the University of Nashville. He extinguished it and thus saved the lives of many students, but was himself terribly burned and injured, almost to permanent mental and physical invalidism. As soon thereafter as he was able to do so he started back to Brooklyn to live. Nearly all of his personal property, including his medical diploma, was lost en route on the celebrated "Day Express" train in the great "Johnstown Flood," but he and his wife escaped on another train just ahead. Thus left penniless and in shattered health, he summoned up his indomitable will for a new start in life. As

soon as mind and body had sufficiently recovered from the effects of the fire, he renewed his efforts to make his way in the world. In 1890–91 he took a post-graduate course in the Long Island College Hospital, and on February 1st of the latter year opened an office in Brooklyn for the practice of his profession. In 1891–92 he took a post-graduate course in the New York University Medical College. He was one of the founders of the Brooklyn College of Pharmacy, and was graduated from that institution in 1892 with the degree of Graduate of Pharmacy, and in 1897, after a post-graduate course, with that of Doctor of Pharmaceutics. The University of Nashville in 1898 conferred upon him the honorary degree of Master of Arts in recognition of his work in medicine, pharmacy and literature. Dr. Brundage was in 1891–92 an Instructor in Botany, Materia Medica, Pharmacognosy and Organic Chemistry in the Brooklyn College of Pharmacy; First Vice-President of it in 1892–93; President in 1893–94, and Lecturer for several years on Hygiene and Emergencies. He is now Professor of Toxicology, Physiology and Hygiene in that institution, and also Professor of Toxicology and Physiology in the Rhode Island College of Pharmacy and allied Sciences, and Toxicologist to the Bushwick Hospital. In 1892 to 1893 he was Secretary, in 1894 Vice-President, and in 1895 President of the Medical and Surgical Staff of the Central Hospital and Polyclinic. He is the President of the Board of Pharmacy of the State of New York, and Examiner in Toxicology and Posology. Until it passed out of existence he was a member of the Board of Pharmacy of the City of New York and the Examiner in Toxicology and Posology. He was the founder, and for two years was President, of the Brooklyn Medical Society, and has also been President of the Kings County Pharmaceutical Society, and for two years Vice-President of the New York State Pharmaceutical Association. The last named organization made him a life member in recognition of his work for the association. He is a member of the American Medical Association, the American Pharmaceutical Association, the American Association for the Advancement of Science, the American Microscopical Society, one of the founders of the American Anthropological Association, also a member of the New York, New Jersey and Connecticut Pharmaceutical associations, the Brooklyn and Kings County Medical societies, the Brooklyn Pathological Society, the Associated Physicians of Long Island, and other organizations. He is the author of a widely used "Manual of Toxicology," published in New York and London, and of monographs or papers on "Practical Points on Physiology," "The Dangers of Self-Medication," "The Stability of Mercurous Chloride in Tablet Form," "The Physician and His Mission," "The Physician and the Pharmacist," "What a College of Pharmacy does for a Drug Clerk," "The Druggist and the Department Store," etc. He was married on September 26, 1888, to Sarah Alice Holt, daughter of the Rev. Kilburn Holt of Amherst, Massachusetts. He has had three children: Nellie Mervina, born July 20, 1889; Albert Edward, born October 2, 1892; and Cecil Webster Brundage, born November 8, 1894, died April 4, 1896. Dr. Brundage lives at 1073 Bushwick Avenue, Brooklyn, New York, where he enjoys a flourishing practice.

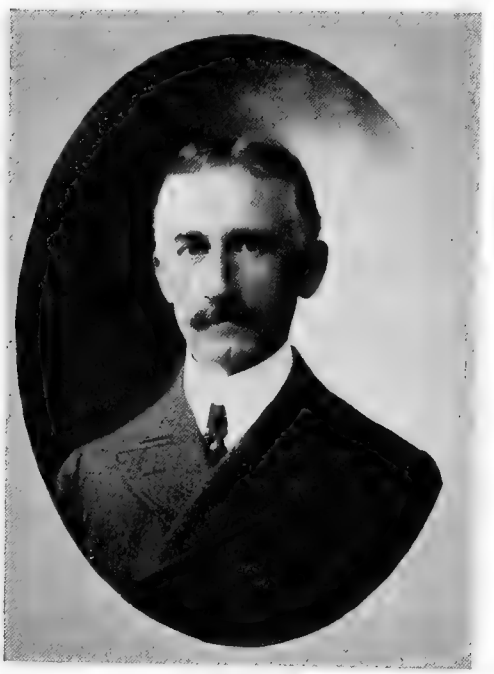
CAHILL, John Henry, 1859–

Class of 1885 Law.

Born at Delanco, N. J., 1859; studied in public and private schools and under tutors; graduated LL.B., New York University Law Department, 1885; employed as law stenographer in courts; since 1880 connected with New York Telephone Company as Vice-President, Secretary, Counsel and Director; Director of American Telephone and Telegraph Company; connected with numerous other corporations as counsel and director; recognized authority on corporation law.

JOHN HENRY CAHILL, born at Delanco, Burlington County, New Jersey, on July 22, 1859, comes of pure Irish stock, both his parents, John and Sarah Fitzpatrick Cahill, having been born in Ireland. His early education was acquired in various public and private schools, and under tutors. When only fifteen years of age he ran away from home to seek his own fortune in New York, making his way from Delanco to the metropolis by night on a freight train. Almost immediately upon reaching the city he found employment in the office of a stenographer, who was at that time employed in reporting the proceedings in the famous Tilton-Beecher trial in Brooklyn. He became himself a proficient stenographer, and was employed in that capacity in the law courts of New York. Thus he acquired a taste for the law and determined to enter that profession. He also did stenographic work for Cook's Tourist Agency and for the American District Telegraph Company. In 1880 the Metropolitan Telephone and Telegraph Company was organized in New York, and he entered its service, and has ever since been connected with it and its

successor, the New York Telephone Company, which was organized in 1896. While thus serving the Telephone Company, however, he gave his attention also to the study of law, in the Law School of New York University, and after pursuing its regular course was graduated with honors in 1885, with the degree of Bachelor of Laws, receiving at the same time the prize of One Hundred Dollars for the best oral examination. Since his admission to the Bar Mr. Cahill has devoted himself chiefly to the practice of corporation law, upon which he has become a recognized authority in connection with the vari-



JOHN H. CAHILL

ous enterprises with which he is connected. As already stated, he was identified with the Metropolitan Telephone and Telegraph Company from its organization down to its absorption into the New York Telephone Company, the great concern which operates in New York City and the suburbs. He was also Secretary, Counsel, and Director of the Westchester Telephone Company down to 1896, when it also was absorbed into the New York company. He took a prominent part in the organization of the latter corporation, and is now its Vice-President, Secretary, and Counsel, and one of its Directors. He sustains the same relationship to the Empire City Subway Company, the Union Subway Construction Company, the East Jersey Telephone & Telegraph Company, and the North Jersey Telephone & Telegraph Company. He is a Director of the American Telephone & Telegraph Company, which operates throughout the country and is popularly known as the Long Distance Telephone Company. He is also a Director of the Chesapeake & Potomac Telephone Company of Washington, District of Columbia; the New England Telephone & Telegraph Company of Boston, Massachusetts; the Northern New York Telephone Company of Lowell, Massachusetts; the Delaware & Atlantic Telegraph & Telephone Company of Philadelphia; La Capital Company of Buenos Ayres; the Southwestern Telephone & Telegraph Company, and some other corporations. Mr. Cahill is a Democrat in politics, but has held no public office. He is a member of the Association of the Bar of the City of New York; the Alumni Association of New York University; the American-Irish Historical Society; the New York State Bar Association; the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick; The Democratic Club of the City of New York; the Catholic Club of the City of New York, and other social organizations. He was married in 1886 to Ernestine M. Brown, who bore him a son, Walter Cahill. Mrs. Cahill died a few years after their marriage. Mr. Cahill's home is in New York City.

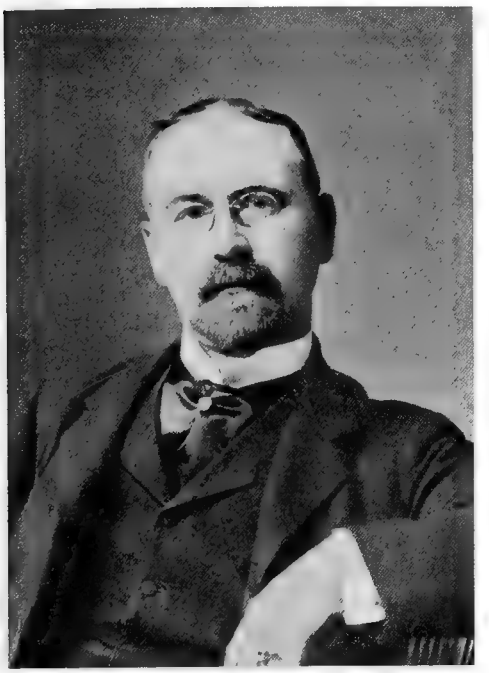
DE LANEY, John Pope, 1857–

Class of 1885 Med.

Born at Portsmouth Navy Yard, N. H., 1857; studied at Walnut Hill School, Geneva, N. Y., and Deer Hill Institute, Danbury, Conn.; engaged in mercantile pursuits, 1876-82; M.D., Bellevue Hospital, New York, 1885; B.S., Hobart College, Geneva, N. Y., 1886, D.S. 1888; Instructor in Anatomy, Hobart College, 1886-88; on staff of Church Home Hospital, Geneva, N. Y., since 1886; on staff of Geneva City Hospital since 1898.

JOHN POPE DE LANEY, M.D., was born on August 2, 1857, at the Portsmouth, New Hampshire, Navy Yard, where his father, Dr. M. G. De Laney, U.S.N., was surgeon. His mother, Sarah Pearce Pope De Laney, was a daughter of Commodore John Pope, U.S.N. The subject of this sketch attended the Walnut Hill School at Geneva, New York, and the Deer Hill Institute at Danbury, Connecticut. He then entered Hobart College, Geneva, New York, where he remained until 1876, when he engaged in mercantile pursuits at Bradford, Pennsylvania. In 1882 he entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, in New York, and was graduated in 1885 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. In 1886 he received from Hobart College the

honorary degree of Bachelor of Science. In 1886–1888 he was Instructor in Anatomy in that institution, and in 1888 the college conferred upon him the degree of Doctor of Science. Since 1886



J. POPE DE LANEY

he has been a member of the Medical Staff of the Church Home Hospital of Geneva, New York, and since 1898 has been on the staff of the Geneva City Hospital. In Hobart College he was a member of the Sigma Phi Fraternity. He is now a member of the Kanadasaga Club of Geneva, of the International, New York State, and American Medical associations and of the Ontario Medical Society, of which he has been President. His address is Geneva, New York.

EDGAR, James Clifton, 1859–

Class of 1885 Med.

Born in New York, 1859; prepared for College at St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H.; graduated Ph.B., Lafayette College, 1882; A.M., 1885; M.D., New York University Medical College, 1885; two years in Bellevue Hospital and six months in European hospitals; Professor of Obstetrics in New York University Medical College; Professor of Obstetrics and Clinical Midwifery in Cornell University Medical College.

JAMES CLIFTON EDGAR, M.D., son of James Alexander and Mary Eliza (Coe) Edgar, was born in New York City on June 14, 1859. For five years he was a student at St. Paul's School, Concord, New Hampshire, where he was well prepared for college. He was matriculated at Lafayette College, Easton, Pennsylvania, and there pursued a philosophical course from which he was graduated in 1882 with the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy. He then entered the Medical College of New York University and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1885, receiving in the same year the degree of Master of Arts from Lafayette. The next two years were spent in study and work in Bellevue Hospital, and six months thereafter in European hospitals. Later he became Professor of Obstetrics in the University Medical College. At the present time he fills the Professorship of Obstetrics and Clinical Midwifery in the Medical Department of Cornell University. He is Vice-President of the New York County Medical Society and also a member of the New York Academy of Medicine, the American Academy of Medicine, the American Gynecological Society, the New York Obstetrical Society, the Medical Association of Greater New York, the New York Clinical Soci-

J. CLIFTON EDGAR

ety, the University Club, and the Century Association. He was married on May 30, 1899, to Ellen Muriel Beatrice Soutter, and lives at No. 50 East 34th Street, New York.

GARDNER, Charles Herman, 1856–

Class of 1885 Med.

Born at Spruce Creek, Pa., 1856; studied in public school, Millersville (Pa.) State Normal School, Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, and New York University Medical College; engaged in drug business, 1873-83; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1885; in practice since 1885.

CHARLES HERMAN GARDNER, M.D., one of the prominent physicians of New Haven, Connecticut, is the son of James and Mary (Isett) Gardner, and comes of Scotch-Irish, English and German ancestors, settled in this country for several generations. He was born at Spruce Creek, Huntingdon County, Pennsylvania, on September 9, 1856, and received his earliest education in the public school at that place. Thereafter he attended the Pennsylvania State Normal School at Millersville, remaining there until the middle of his Junior year. He then entered the retail drug store of Charles A. Heinitsh in Lancaster, Pennsylvania, as a clerk, and remained there for three and a half years. In September, 1876, he entered a drug store in Philadelphia, and on January 1, 1877, passed the examinations of the City Board of Pharmacy and received the license of a pharmacist. Thereafter he filled the place of chief clerk in the store in which he was engaged, which was that of Professor Joseph P. Remington, and he remained there until October 1, 1878, when he removed to New York as the manager of the drug store of Delluc & Company. Meantime, in October, 1876, he entered the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, and in March, 1878, was graduated from it, taking the prize in chemistry and pharmacy and receiving the degree of Graduate of Pharmacy. At the beginning of November, 1880, he purchased the business of Delluc & Company in New York, in which he had been employed, and for a number of years conducted it with marked success. In February, 1883, however, he turned his attention to the practice of medicine. His studies were begun privately under the direction of Dr. Charles Taylor Jewett, and were continued in the Medical College of New York University, to which institution he was admitted with advanced standing on account of his studies in pharmacy. During his term as a medical student he pursued the study of physical diagnosis in the wards of Bellevue Hospital under the direction of Professor Alfred L. Loomis, now deceased, and a course of practical microscopy in the laboratory of normal and pathological histology, which at that time was not obligatory. He was tutored by Professor Maurice N. Miller, and also took a laboratory course under Professor John C. Draper. He was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine on March 6, 1885, and a few weeks later began practice at Bellwood, Pennsylvania, where he remained for two years. While there he was appointed Medical Examiner for the Union Mutual Life Insurance Company of Portland, Maine. He went to Philadelphia in March, 1887, to study antiseptic surgery, and a year later settled at Altoona, Pennsylvania, where he remained until 1892. In June, 1893, he removed to West Haven, Connecticut, and remained there until June, 1899, when he moved to New Haven where he still remains. For the last seven years he has been a Medical Examiner for the Ancient Order of United Workmen. He is a member of the New Haven County Medical Society, the New Haven Medical Association, the Young Men's Republican Club, the Ancient Order of United Workmen, and the Keeley League of West Haven, Connecticut. He is a Mason of the Thirty-second Degree, a Knight Templar, and a Noble of the Mystic Shrine. He was married on August 14, 1893, to Sarah M. Clarkson, and has two children. His address is No. 11 Sylvan Avenue, New Haven, Connecticut.

HOFHEIMER, Justinian Alman, 1861–

Class of 1885 Med.

Born in New York, 1861; studied in public schools and under preceptor; worked in various capacities for newspapers; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1885; in practice since 1885; served in dispensary and hospitals; contributor to medical literature.

JUSTINIAN ALMAN HOFHEIMER, M.D., is the son of Sigmund and Fleurette (Alman) Hofheimer, the former of Austrian and the latter of English ancestry. He was born in New York City on July 9, 1861, and studied in the public schools and also under Dr. C. E. Locke for the two years 1881–83. At the age of sixteen years he learned the trade of a type setter, and for six years worked in that and other capacities for "The New York Tribune" and other journals, at the same time pursuing his medical studies. He entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in March, 1885, and in the following month he began the practice of his profession, in which he has been constantly engaged ever since. He was Senior Assistant under Dr. Leczynsky at the Neurological Clinic of the De Milt Dispensary, New York, in 1886–88; Attending Physician in the Department

of General Medicine of the Harlem Hospital, Out-door Department, in 1888–90; and Attending Surgeon, Department of Surgery, and Secretary of the Medical Board, Out-door Department, of the Harlem

J. A. HOFHEIMER

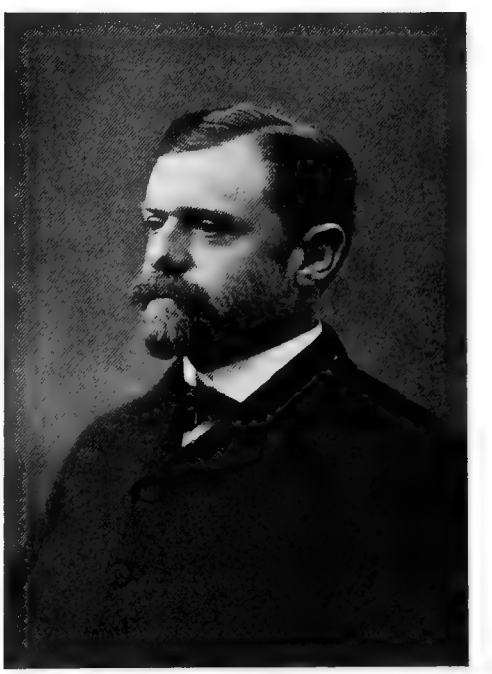
Hospital in 1890–96. He is now Attending Surgeon to St. Elizabeth's Hospital, New York. He is a member of the American, New York State, New York County, and Harlem Medical associations, the Physicians' Mutual Aid Association, and the General Alumni Association of New York University. In politics he is an independent Democrat. He has been an important contributor to current medical and surgical literature, among his writings being the following: "Cervical Abscess," "Philadelphia Medical World," May, 1886; "Expulsion of Ovum at Term with Membranes Intact," "American Journal of Obstetrics," vol. xx, 1887; "Contribution to the Study of Nigrites," "New York Medical Record," December 20, 1890; "Glandular Abscess in Young Children," "New York Medical Journal," May 16, 1891; "Phimosis," read before the American Medical Association in 1893 and published in the "Journal," December 9, 1893; "La Grippe," "Gallard's Medical Monthly," January, 1899, and "Alcoholic Gastritis," "St. Louis Medical Mirror," January, 1900. Dr. Hofheimer was married on June 22, 1887, to Rose Clare Leonard, and has had two children: Herbert (deceased) and Grace Hofheimer. His address is No. 123 West 126th Street, New York.

HORN, John, 1856–

Class of 1885 Med.

Born in New York, 1856; studied in public and private schools; in business, 1872–81; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1885; inspector of public schools; in practice in New York since 1886.

JOHN HORN, M.D., son of John and Louise (Kircher) Horn, was born in New York City in 1856, and was educated in local schools, both public and private. At the age of sixteen he entered business life, and was engaged therein until 1881, when he decided to seek a professional career. Accordingly he became a student in the New York University Medical College, and was graduated from it in 1885 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Since that time he has been engaged in the practice of his profession in New York City, and for a part of his career has served the city as an inspector of public schools. He is Laryngologist, Otologist, and Rhinologist of the German Dispensary. He is



JOHN HORN

a member of the Academy of Medicine, the New York County Medical Society, the New York State Medical Association, the Physicians' Mutual Aid Association, the German Medical and Surgical Soci-

ety, and the German Liederkranz. He was married on October 26, 1887, to Hattie Faist, and has three children: John A., Walter L. and Lucille M. Horn. His address is No. 221 East 17th Street, New York.

LAWRENCE, Andrew Wilson, 1859–

Class of 1885 Med.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1859; studied in public schools and Cooper Institute; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1885; in practice since 1885; Visiting Physician to Brooklyn E. D. Hospital and Dispensary since 1901.

ANDREW WILSON LAWRENCE, M.D., comes of the Lawrence family which has long been settled in Westchester County, New York. His paternal great-grandfather, Joseph Lawrence, was born at Greensburgh, in that county, in 1765, and as a lad did good service in the American Army in the Revolution. He married Dorothea Crawford, and spent his life as a prosperous farmer at Greensburgh. Of his ten children Enoch, the grandfather of Dr. Lawrence, was the fifth. He was at first a farmer at Greensburgh, and later moved to Brooklyn. He married Eliza Vanderwoort, granddaughter of Andrew Wilson, the Revolutionary soldier, who received the colors from Cornwallis when the latter surrendered at Yorktown. Enoch and Eliza Lawrence had ten children, the fifth of whom was Andrew Wilson, father of the subject of this sketch. He was born in New York, and for much of his life practiced the trade of japanning, veneering and bronzing. During the Civil War he served on a United States ship. He was also devoted to the study of conchology, and made a collection of more than 30,000 specimens of shells and corals, forming one of the finest private collections in the United States. He married Ellen Virginia McCloskey, daughter of James and Ellen (McGroaty) McCloskey, of Killybegs, Ireland. As in each of the two preceding generations, ten children were born to this couple, of whom Dr. Andrew Wilson Lawrence is the third. His eldest brother, Enoch P. Lawrence, is also a physician and a graduate of New York University, and his three younger brothers are pharmacists in New York. He was born in Brooklyn, New York, on July 12, 1859, and studied in the public schools, an evening high school, and the Cooper Institute. At the age of fourteen he began work, at the same time pursuing his studies in the evenings. He finally entered the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in March, 1885. In May following he began practice in the Eastern District of Brooklyn, and has continued therein ever since. He has been Visiting Physician to the Brooklyn E. D. Hospital and Dispensary since January, 1901, and is also Examining Physician for the Knights of the Maccabees and for the Foresters of America. He is a member of the Kings County Medical Society, the New York Physicians' Mutual Aid Association, the Associated Physicians of Long Island, the Knights of Columbus, the Knights of the Maccabees, the Foresters of America, the Catholic Benevolent Legion, and the Seymour Club. He was married on October

A. W. LAWRENCE

31, 1894, to Rosemary Gorman, and has two children: Rosemary and Ellen Virginia Lawrence. His address is No. 558 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn, New York.

MINASIAN, George Andrews, 1864–

Class of 1885 Arts.

Born at Nashua, N. H., 1864; in school in London, England, 1872-76; University of Neuchatel, Switzerland, 1876-78; at Irving Institute, Tarrytown, New York, 1878-81; graduated New York University, 1885; LL.B., Columbia Law School, 1887; A.M., New York University, 1890; in general law practice since 1887.

GEORGE ANDREWS MINASIAN, A.M., LL.B., was born at Nashua, New Hampshire, on October 18, 1864. His mother, whose

maiden name was Anna Mary Pratt, was an American. His father, Sarkis Mihran Minasian, was born in Constantinople, and was one of the first Armenians to come to the United States. He was

GEORGE A. MINASIAN

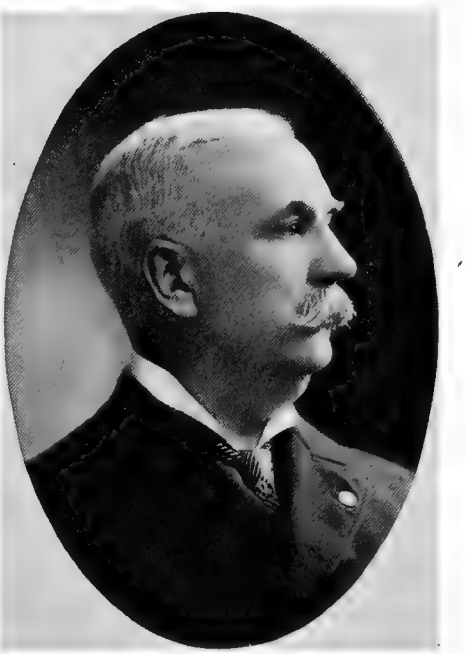
one of the founders of Robert College, at Constantinople, and for many years the proprietor of an American store in the Turkish capital. During the Crimean War he had the contract for furnishing the British Army with bread. The subject of this sketch was sent to school in London, England, from 1872 to 1876. The next two years were spent at the University of Neuchatel, Switzerland, and then he returned to the United States. For three years he studied in the Irving Institute, at Tarrytown, New York, where he was prepared for college. In 1881 he entered the University College of New York University, which was then still housed in the historic building on Washington Square. There he ranked high as a scholar. He was President of the Eucleian Society, Editor-in-Chief of "The University Quarterly," President of the University Young Men's Christian Association, Junior orator, and Commencement orator, and was elected, by the Faculty, to Phi Beta Kappa. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1885, and received the degree of Master of Arts from the University in 1890. Immediately after graduation he spent a year in tutoring. He also spent two years in a law office, while attending lectures at the Columbia College Law School. In 1887 he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws from the Columbia Law School, was admitted to the Bar of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, and began the practice of his profession, in which he has since continued. He is a Councilor of the American Institute of Civics, and a member of the Delta Upsilon Fraternity and the University Club of Brooklyn, New York. He was married on June 5, 1895, to Sophie Van Veghten Talmage, and has one child, George Talmage Minasian. His office is at No. 132 Nassau Street, New York, and his home at No. 1339 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn, New York.

NEYLAN, Daniel James, 1852–

Class of 1885 Med.

Born in New York, 1852; studied in common schools; acrobat and teacher of gymnastics; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1885; surgeon in Rhode Island National Guard, 1888-89; in practice since 1885.

DANIEL JAMES NEYLAN, M.D., son of James and Mary Neylan, was born in New York City on November 27, 1852, and was edu-



D. J. NEYLAN

cated in the public schools. He was distinguished in boyhood for athletic prowess, and became a

teacher of gymnastics, a professional gymnast and acrobat, and for four years an animal trainer with various shows. Finally he turned his attention to the medical profession and entered the Medical College of New York University. He was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in the Class of 1885, and has since that time been successfully engaged in practice at Bristol, Rhode Island. In 1888–89 he was a surgeon in the Rhode Island National Guard. He is a member of the University Club of Providence, Rhode Island, and a member of the American Electro-Therapeutical Society. He is a Thirty-second Degree Mason, a Past Regent in the Royal Arcanum, and a Past Master Workman of the Ancient Order of United Workmen. He was married on July 5, 1880, to Elizabeth Baxter, of Providence, Rhode Island.

RICH, Francis Marion, 1847–

Class of 1885 Med.

Born at Dayton, N. Y., 1847; attended common schools and Forestville Academy; taught school; studied medicine privately; graduated Eclectic Medical College, New York, 1872; practiced, 1872-83; studied at Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, 1883-84; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1885; in practice since 1885.

FRANCIS MARION RICH, M.D., was born at Dayton, Cattaraugus County, New York, on January 17, 1847. His father, James Mitchel Rich, was of German ancestry, and his mother, whose maiden name was Matilda Johnson, was of English descent. In his boyhood he attended the common schools, and from his seventeenth to his nineteenth year was a student at the Forestville Academy, in Chautauqua County, New York. In the next two winters he was himself the teacher of a district school, and then he began medical studies under Dr. C. C. Johnson, of Gowanda, New York. He was graduated at the Eclectic Medical College of New York on February 15, 1872, and from the following April to the fall of 1883 practiced his profession at Cherry Creek, Chautauqua County, New York. During the winter of 1883–84 he took a post-graduate course at the Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia. He practiced in Cherry Creek, the next summer, and in the ensuing winter attended lectures at the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University. There, on March 9, 1885, he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. He then began the practice of his profession in Buffalo, New York, and has remained there ever since. He is a member of the Erie County Medical Society, the Erie County Medical Association, the American Medical Association, and the New York State Medical Association. He was married on April 3, 1872, to Ellen B. Johnson. His address is No. 460 Richmond Avenue, Buffalo, New York.

F. M. RICH

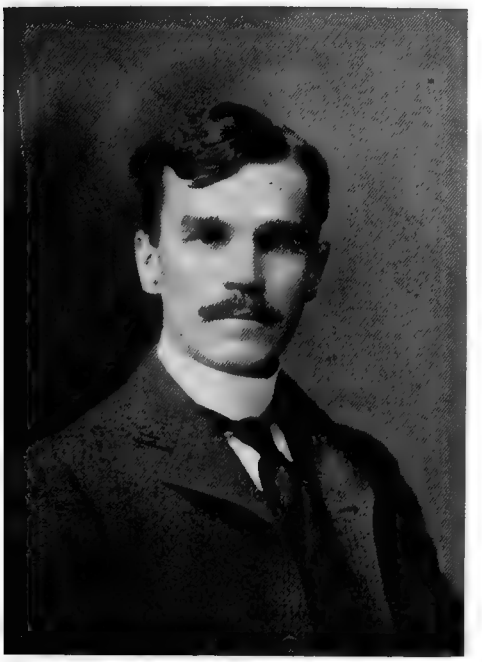
RUSSELL, William Logie, 1863–

Class of 1885 Med.

Born at Chatham, N. B., 1863; studied in public schools and University of New Brunswick; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1885; in hospital service, 1885-87; private practice, 1888-95; First Assistant Physician, Willard State Hospital, since 1897.

WILLIAM LOGIE RUSSELL, M.D., was born at Chatham, in the Province of New Brunswick, Canada, on July 24, 1863. His father, William Russell, was born in New Brunswick, the two generations before him having been settled in the North of Ireland, whence the family had thitherto removed from England. His mother, whose maiden name was Jane Logie, was, as was her father, born in New Brunswick, but her grandfather came from Morayshire, Scotland, where the Logie family is well known. Dr. Russell was educated in the public schools of New Brunswick and at the University of New Brunswick, having been

specially prepared for the latter under a private tutor. He left the University before completing his course, and therefore did not receive its degree. Next he studied medicine with a preceptor and in



WM. LOGIE RUSSELL

the New York University Medical College, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in March, 1885. Thereafter he was, in 1885–86, House Physician and Surgeon to the Charity Hospital of Jersey City, New Jersey; Assistant Physician to the State Hospital for the Insane at Morris Plains, New Jersey, in 1886–87; engaged in special post-graduate study in New York in 1887–88; Clinical Assistant at the New York Skin and Cancer Hospital, 1889–91; Attending Physician to the Heart and Lungs Department of the De Milt Dispensary, New York, 1892–94, and instructor in diseases of the heart and lungs at the New York Polyclinic, 1892–94. He was also for several years the New York correspondent of the "Atlanta Medical and Surgical Journal," Atlanta, Georgia. In December, 1888, Dr. Russell began the private practice of his profession in New York, and continued therein until October, 1895, in addition to performing the other duties already mentioned. At the latter date impaired health compelled him to retire for a time from professional work. By March, 1897, however, he was sufficiently improved in health to enable him to become First Assistant Physician to the State Hospital for the Insane at Willard, New York, in which place he still remains. He is a member of the Seneca County Medical Society, of the American Medico-Psychological Association and of the Medical Society of Central New York. He was married on February 15, 1888, to Addie Lena Lewis, daughter of the Rev. Abram H. Lewis, of Plainfield, New Jersey, and has had four children: William Herbert, who died in infancy, Paul Lewis, Ernest Frederick, and Robert Blake Russell. It may be added that, having come to the United States at the age of eighteen years, in 1881, Dr. Russell became a naturalized citizen in 1890.

SHANNON, William, 1861–

Class of 1885 Arts, 1889 Med.

Born at Ballina, Ireland, 1861; graduated A.B., New York University, 1885, and M.D., New York University Medical College, 1889; in practice since 1889; Clinical Instructor and Attending Physician in Pediatrics, Cornell University Medical College, New York City.

WILLIAM SHANNON, A.B., M.D., is a son of John and Annie (Laing) Shannon, and was born at Ballina, Ireland, on December 22,

WILLIAM SHANNON

1861. He came to the United States in early life and entered New York University in the Class of 1885, College of Arts. He was a member of Delta

Phi and President of Eucleian. In 1885 he was graduated with the Baccalaureate degree in Arts, and in the following fall entered the New York University Medical College, from which he was graduated in 1889 with the Doctor's degree. Since that time he has been practicing his profession in New York with much success. In 1898 he was appointed Clinical Instructor and Attending Physician in Pediatrics (Department of Children's Diseases) in Cornell University Medical College, New York City. He was married on May 5, 1892, to Nellie McIntyre, daughter of Ewen McIntyre, a prominent druggist of New York, and has one child, Emily Laing Shannon. His home is at No. 130 West 81st Street, New York.

SHERIDAN, Charles Augustus, 1857–

Class of 1885 Med.

Born at Madrid, N. Y., 1857; studied in public schools, high school, St. Lawrence University, and Grinnell College, Iowa; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1885; in practice since 1885.

CHARLES AUGUSTUS SHERIDAN, M.D., son of Patrick and Margaret (Heagerty) Sheridan, of Irish descent, was born at Madrid, St. Lawrence County, New York, on March 31, 1857. He was graduated from the Madrid High School in 1875, and afterward studied for one year in a special course at St. Lawrence University, at Canton, New York, and one year at Grinnell College, Grinnell, Iowa. Thereafter he taught in the public schools of Faribault, Minnesota, for four years, from 1878 to 1882. Then he entered, in 1882, the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which is now consolidated with New York University, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine on March 7, 1885. On May 1st following he began the practice of his profession at Madrid, New York, and remained there until December 10, 1889, when he moved to Oswego, New York, and began practice there on January 1, 1890. He is still engaged in a successful and increasing practice at Oswego. He was President of the Oswego County Medical Society from 1899 to 1901, and is still a member of it. He has been the City Physician of Oswego since 1892, and is now President of the Physicians' Protective Association, Attending Physician to the Oswego City Hospital and to St. Francis's Home for Orphans and a Trustee of the latter, and a member of the Civil Service Commission of Oswego, the New York State Medical Society, the Syracuse Academy of Medicine, the Oswego City Club, the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, the Knights of Columbus, the Lake City Bowling Club, and the Riverside Gun Club. In politics he is a Democrat. He was married on February 18, 1886, to Eliza A. Fitzgerald, of Grinnell, Iowa, and

CHARLES A. SHERIDAN

has two children: Charles Fitzgerald and Francis Thomas Sheridan. His address is No. 123 East 4th Street, Oswego, New York.

STEADMAN, Evan Thomas, 1862–

Class of 1885 Med.

Born in Birmingham, England, 1862; studied in public schools of New York and Newark, N. J.; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1885; in practice since 1885; has been member of New Jersey State Board of Education, and Hoboken Board of Health.

EVAN THOMAS STEADMAN, M.D., son of John Phillips and Mary A. (Thomas) Steadman, was born in the City of Birmingham, England, on January 16, 1862, and was brought to this country in early childhood. His academic education was acquired in the public schools of New York City, and of Newark, New Jersey, and at Claverack College, Claverack, New York, and his professional education in the New York University

Medical College, from which latter he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine on March 10, 1885. Immediately after graduation Dr. Steadman began the practice of his profession, in Hoboken, New Jersey, and has thus been engaged ever since. He is a Visiting Surgeon to St. Mary's Hospital in that city, and is a member of the Columbia Club, the Jersey City Practitioners' Club, and the Hudson County Medical Society. For a term of four years he was a member of the New Jersey State Board of Education. For nine years he has been a member of the Hoboken Board of Health, and for three

E. T. STEADMAN

years was its President. In politics he is a Republican. He was married on September 1, 1887, to Louise Y. Stout, and has one child, E. Ten Broeck Steadman. His address is No. 635 Washington Street, Hoboken, New Jersey.

STRAUSZ, Philip Hunt, 1861–

Class of 1885 Med.

Born at Winchester, Va., 1861; studied in private school, University of West Virginia, Bellevue Hospital Medical College, and University of Tulane, New Orleans, La.; graduated A.B., University of West Virginia, 1882; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1885; Tulane University, 1890; in practice since 1886; served in yellow fever epidemic, 1888-91; Health Officer, Alderman, etc.

PHILIP HUNT STRAUSZ, M.D., who was born at Winchester, Virginia, on May 1, 1861, comes of Hungarian and Irish ancestry. His father, Alexander Strausz, was a Colonel in the Hungarian Army under Kossuth, and was forced to flee to the United States, as a political exile, and here served in the Federal Army during the Civil War. His mother, whose maiden name was Anna Young, was of Irish ancestry, and was the daughter of Noble Young, M.D., President of the Columbia Medical College, Georgetown, District of Columbia. Dr. Strausz began his education in a private school at Wilmington, North Carolina. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts at the University of West Virginia in 1882, and then entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1885. For the remainder of that year he was engaged in the Out-door Department of Bellevue Hospital, and in 1886 settled at Palatka, Florida, in the practice of his profession. When the yellow fever epidemic of 1888 broke out at Jacksonville, he volunteered to serve in it, and was elected Secretary of the American Volunteer Medical Corps of Yellow Fever Experts. He received a diamond-set medal from the citizens of Jacksonville, Florida, in reward for his services. In 1890 he took a post-graduate course from the Tulane University, New Orleans, Louisiana. He was Health Officer of Palatka for three years, an Alderman, a State Medical Examiner, and Chief Surgeon of the Florida Southern Railway. In 1891 he removed to Toledo, Ohio, and has since been in practice there, at No. 1327 Washington Street. He is a member of the American, Ohio State and Lucas County Medical associations, and the Masonic Order. In politics he is a Democrat. He was married to Lida Virginia Davis on February 11, 1887, and has two children: Carroll Young, and Virginia Strausz.

TRIBUS, Louis Lincoln, 1865–

Class of 1885 Sci.

Born at Northampton, Mass., 1865; graduated B.S. and C.E., New York University, 1885, and M.S., 1888; Consulting Civil and Hydraulic Engineer; Instructor in New York University, 1887-90.

LOUIS LINCOLN TRIBUS, M.S., C.E., is a native of Northampton, Massachusetts, where he was born on May 26, 1865, the son of Louis and

Harriet Jeannette (Kingsley) Tribus. In New York University he was a member of Psi Upsilon, President of Eucleian, and a Junior orator. At Commencement he was Scientific orator. He was graduated with the degrees of Bachelor of Science and Civil Engineer in 1885, and received the Master's degree in Science in 1888. Immediately after graduation he became Assistant Engineer of the water-works at Pensacola, Florida, for a year, and then for a year Resident Construction Engineer of the Bienville Water Supply Company at Mobile, Alabama. From 1887 to 1890 he was an Instructor in Civil Engineering in New York University. From 1890 to 1893 he was engaged in the construction of various water-works. From 1894 to 1901 he was in consulting and designing practice (water-works and hydro-electric developments). Since 1902 he has been Commissioner of Public Works of the Borough of Richmond, City of New York, and Consulting Member of the firm of Tribus & Massa, Civil and Hydraulic Engineers. His office is at No. 84 Warren Street, New York. Mr. Tribus was married on October 3, 1899, to Letitia Hall McCampbell, and has one son, Lucien Hall Tribus. His home is at Clifton, Staten Island, New York.

TUTTLE, Arthur Smith, 1865–

Class of 1885 Sci.

Born at Burlington, Conn., 1865; graduated B.S. and C.E., New York University, 1885; engaged in civil engineering since 1885.

ARTHUR SMITH TUTTLE, B.S., C.E., is a son of Therm Tuttle and Jennie E. (Beach) Tuttle, and was born at Burlington, Connecticut, on March 26, 1865. He entered New York University in 1881, and was an officer of his class and of Eucleian, and a member of Delta Phi and Phi Beta Kappa. In 1885 he was graduated with the degrees of Bachelor of Science and Civil Engineer, and since that time he has been steadily engaged in engineering practice, largely in connection with municipal water-works. Thus he has been an Assistant Engineer in the water-works of Brooklyn and Albany, New York, and in the service of the Newport News Light and Water Company. He is a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers and other organizations. He was married on June 1, 1892, to Helen Aldridge Smith. His office is at No. 17 Park Row, New York, and his home is in Brooklyn, New York.

VON DÜRING, Adolph, 1852–

Class of 1885 Med.

Born in Hamburg, Germany, 1852; studied in college at Hamburg; served in German Army; came to United States in 1878; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1885; in practice since 1885.

ADOLPH VON DÜRING, M.D., son of Dr. Adolph von Düring and Johanna (Baumbach) von Düring, comes of one of the most ancient families of the German nobility, mentioned in history as far back as the year 870. Down to the last generation his paternal ancestors were military

A. VON DÜRING

officers, or were attached to the court in some high function. His father was the first of the line to enter the medical profession, in which he attained distinction, and in which two of his sons have followed him, the elder being the subject of this sketch, and a younger one being Director of and Professor in the Imperial School of Medicine in Constantinople. The subject of this sketch was born in Hamburg, Germany, on March 28, 1852, and was prepared for a university in a collegiate school in that city. He then served for a year in the German Army, leaving it in 1873 with the qualification of Lieutenant of Reserve. In 1878 he came to New York, and on the advice of Dr. Frederick Lange began the study of medicine. He was a

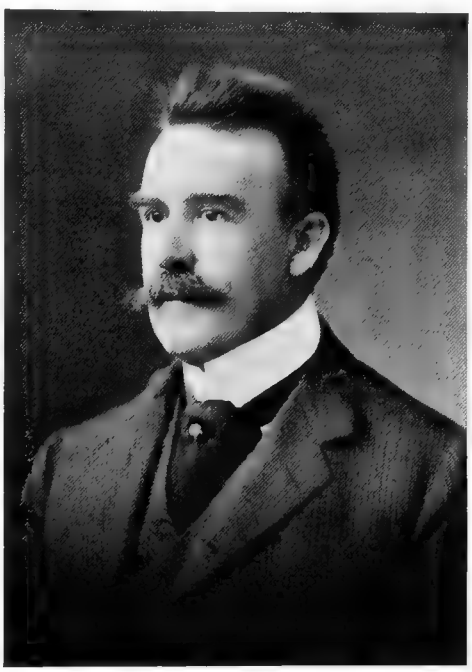
pupil of Dr. Lange until 1885, and his assistant thereafter for two years. In 1885 he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the Medical College of New York University, and in January, 1887, began the practice of his profession on his own account in what is now the Borough of The Bronx, New York City. For five years he was an Examiner for the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, but gave that work up on account of lack of time. He is a member of the New York State Medical Society and of the German Medical Society of New York. He has always been a Republican in politics, and is a member and officer of various political organizations. He has been twice married. His first wife, whom he married on November 12, 1885, was Louise Francke, of Stapleton, Staten Island. She died on April 5, 1890, having borne him one child, who died in infancy. He was again married, on April 24, 1892, to Mrs. Minnie Lang, born Von Roesen. His address is No. 552 East 155th Street, New York.

WELLS, Judson Grenaud, 1857–

Class of 1885 Law.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1857; studied in public schools, 1863-68, evening high school, 1868-75; in real estate business since 1868; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1885; admitted to Bar, 1885; in active practice.

JUDSON GRENAUD WELLS, LL.B., lawyer and real estate operator, who was born in Brooklyn, New York, on June 12, 1857, is a son of George Haskell and Anna (Grenaud) Wells, and comes of Norman stock, transplanted to England and thence brought to America in early colonial times. His first American ancestor was Thomas Wells, who was born in England in 1598, married to a Miss Hunt in 1618, came to America, left Boston for Saybrook, went thence to Hartford, and became Governor of Connecticut. Later generations of the family lived in Cherry Valley, New York. Mr. Wells's paternal grandfather was a merchant at Albany, Troy, and Cherry Valley, and his father was one of the California "Forty-niners." Mr. Wells attended a public school in Powers Street, Brooklyn, in 1863–67, one in Twenty-eighth Street, New York, in 1867–68, and the evening high school in Thirteenth Street, New York, in 1868–75. Meantime, in 1868, he began business life in a real estate office, and in 1874 opened an office of his own, near Union Square, New York, where he has ever since remained. In addition to the real estate business, however, he ultimately decided to practice law, and accordingly entered the New York University Law School, and was graduated in 1885 with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. In the fall of that year he was admitted to practice at the Bar of New York, and he has since been thus engaged. His real estate business is confined chiefly to the development and sale of large properties, particularly in the retail dry goods district. His law practice is an extensive one, including a large number of miscellaneous cases in the higher state and United



JUDSON G. WELLS

States courts. He has had many custom house cases, and a great amount of real estate litigation of various kinds. In both the real estate business and legal practice he has been highly successful in a pecuniary sense, and his credit rating in the business world is high. Though a firm believer in protection, he is a Democrat in politics, and in 1879 was Chairman of the Democratic Organization in the Ninth Assembly District of New York. He is a member of the Manhattan Club, Harlem Club, New York Driving Club, and Alumni Association of New York University. He was married in 1874 to Susan Saums, who bore him two children: Grace and Anna Wells. The latter died, but the former is now Mrs. David Ford and is the mother of two children:

Aline and Lillian Ford. Mrs. Wells died in 1887, and Mr. Wells has since been married to Frances Estelle Smith. His office is at No. 10 East 14th Street, and his home at No. 13 West 123rd Street, New York.

WRIGHT, Henry John, 1866–

Class of 1885 Sci.

Born in Glasgow, Scotland, 1866; studied in private schools in Scotland and on Staten Island, N. Y.; entered New York University, College of Arts and Science, 1881; Psi Upsilon and Phi Beta Kappa; Junior orator, and English Salutatorian; graduated B.S., 1885; on staff of "New York Commercial Advertiser," 1885-91; staff of "Evening Post," 1891-97; Editor of "Commercial Advertiser" since 1897.

HENRY JOHN WRIGHT, B.S., Editor of "The New York Commercial Advertiser," is of Scotch nativity, having been born in the City of Glasgow on April 7, 1866. His parents were John and Mary (Hall) Wright, and on both sides of the family his ancestors for a dozen generations were merchants, clergymen, and lawyers. His education was begun and continued for two years in private schools in Glasgow, after which he came to the United States and studied in private schools on Staten Island, New York. In the fall of 1881 he was matriculated in the College of Arts and Science of New York University, electing the course in science. He was a member of the Psi Upsilon Fraternity and of Phi Beta Kappa, Junior orator, and at Commencement English Salutatorian. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science and the second honors of his class in 1885, and soon afterward became a member of the staff of "The New York Commercial Advertiser," where he served until 1891. In the latter year he transferred his activities to "The New York Evening Post," and was a member of its staff until 1897, when he returned to "The Commercial Advertiser" as its editor, a place which he continues to fill with marked ability and success. He is a member of the University Club, and in politics is a Republican. He was married on December 17, 1893, to Claire Lefrance, and has one child, Kenneth Lefrance Wright. His home is at No. 230 West 97th Street, New York.

BACON, William Post Hawes, 1864–

Class of 1886 Arts.

Born in New York, 1864; graduated A.B., New York University, 1886; member of Psi Upsilon and Phi Beta Kappa, and President of Eucleian; engaged in manufacture of pianofortes.

WILLIAM POST HAWES BACON, A.B., was born in New York City on March 14, 1864, the son of Francis Bacon, the well known manufacturer of pianofortes, and Anna (Hawes) Bacon. He entered New York University in 1882, and was a prominent member of the Class of 1886, being its Treasurer, and a member of Psi Upsilon and Phi Beta Kappa, and President of Eucleian. He was graduated in 1886 with the Baccalaureate Degree in Arts, and thereupon engaged with his father in the piano manufacturing business, in which he still remains. He is a member of the Society of Sons of the Revolution, the "Mayflower" Descendants, and other organizations. He was married on January 17, 1901, to Caroline Harriet Messinger, daughter of Henry M. and Caroline Messinger, of Wrentham, Massachusetts. His office is at No. 302 Mott Avenue, New York, and his home is at Bronxville, New York.

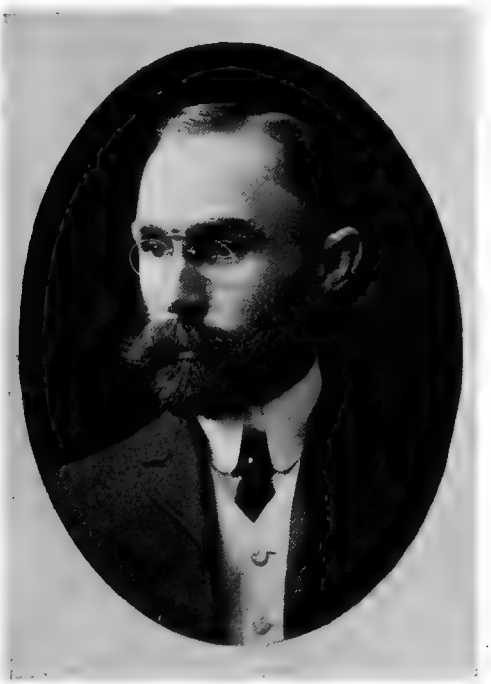
BRYAN, Joseph Harker, 1865–

Class of 1886 Arts.

Born in Newark, N. J., 1865; studied at Haverstraw Mountain Institute, Haverstraw, N. Y.; graduated A.B., New York University, 1886; elected to Phi Beta Kappa; Secretary Metropolitan Conservatory of Music, New York, 1886-87; graduated M.D., New York Homeopathic Medical College and Hospital, 1890; practiced medicine in New York, 1890-92; since 1892 at Asbury Park, N. J.

JOSEPH HARKER BRYAN, M.D., is a son of the Rev. James R. and Lydia (Harker) Bryan. Through his father he is directly descended in the fourth generation from Shedlock Bryan, who came from England and founded the family in this country, and through his paternal grandmother he is descended from Robert Morris of Philadelphia, the Revolutionary financier and patriot. He was born at Newark, New Jersey, on December 15, 1865, and received his early education at the Haverstraw Mountain Institute at Haverstraw, New York, of which Lavalette Wilson, A.M., of Williams College, was Principal. Thence he repaired to New York University and pursued the regular course in its School of Arts. He was active in the social and other interests of student life, being a member of the University Lacrosse Team, Director of the University Glee Club from 1884 to 1892, Vice-President of the Philomathean Society, which in those days was a rival of Eucleian in literary and oratori-

cal activities, class day presentation orator, and a Commencement orator. He was a member of the Delta Upsilon Fraternity, and in 1885 received the distinction of election to Phi Beta Kappa. He was



JOSEPH H. BRYAN

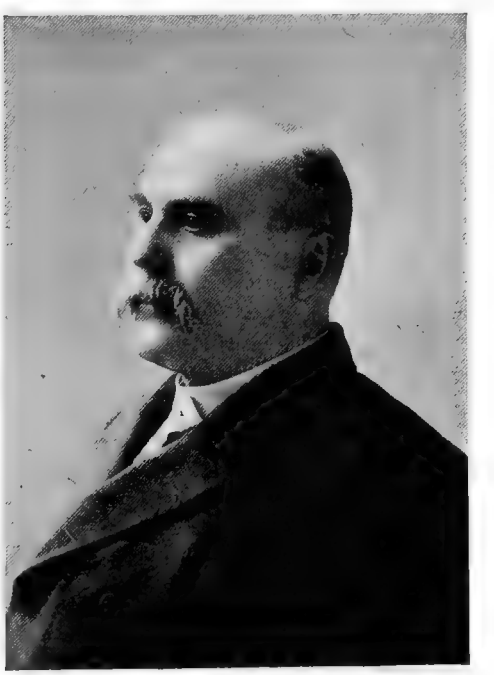
graduated a Bachelor of Arts in 1886. For the next year, 1886–1887, he was Secretary of the Metropolitan Conservatory of Music in New York, and then resumed his student life in preparation for a professional career. He entered the New York Homeopathic Medical College and Hospital in the fall of 1887, and pursued its three years' course, being graduated in 1890 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Since the latter date he has been continually engaged in the practice of his profession, from 1890 to 1892 in New York, and since then at Asbury Park, New Jersey. Dr. Bryan is a member of the New York County Homeopathic Society, of the American Institute of Homeopathy, of the New York Pedagogical Society, of the New York Homeopathic Materia Medica Society, of the Academy of Pathological Science, and of the New Jersey State Homeopathic Society. He retains his practical interest in musical matters, and is Musical Director of the Schubert Glee Club of Asbury Park. In national politics he is a Republican, and in religious affairs he is identified with the Methodist Episcopal Church, of which he is a member and officer.

BYRNE, Patrick James, 1854–

Class of 1886 Med.

Born in New York, 1854; studied in public schools of Iowa and University of Iowa; graduated M.D., Medical Department of Iowa University, 1884, and Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1886; in practice in Iowa, 1884-85, and in New York City, 1886-90; Medical Examiner, Pension Office, Washington, since 1890.

PATRICK JAMES BYRNE, M.D., son of John and Bridget (Smith) Byrne, of Irish ancestry, was born in New York City on March 17, 1854. His early life was spent in Iowa, where he attended the common schools and also the State University of Iowa, Iowa City. From the Medical Department of the latter he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine on March 5, 1884, and ten days later he began the practice of his profession in Davenport, Iowa, continuing therein until September 5, 1885. He then entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and was graduated from it with the Doctor's degree on March 13, 1886. Two days after graduation he began practice in New York, and continued in it until November 1, 1890, being



P. J. BYRNE

meantime, in 1887–88–89, Medical Sanitary Inspector for the New York Health Board. Since November 1, 1890, he has been a Medical Examiner in the Bureau of Pensions in Washington, Dis-

trict of Columbia. From 1891 to 1898 he was a Military Inspector of Rifle Practice in the National Guard of the District of Columbia. He is a member of the Scott County, Iowa, Medical Society, the Iowa State Medical Association, and the Metropolitan Medical Society of New York. He was married on November 6, 1889, to Sarah Farmer, and has nine children: Patrick, Joseph Vincent, Mary, Elizabeth, Sarah, William John, Robert, Bernard, and Paul Thomas Byrne. His address is No. 234 N Street, Washington, District of Columbia.

CASPE, Maurice, 1859–

Class of 1886 Med.

Born in Russia, 1859; studied in gymnasium at Wilna; studied in Berlin and Dresden; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1886; in practice since 1886.

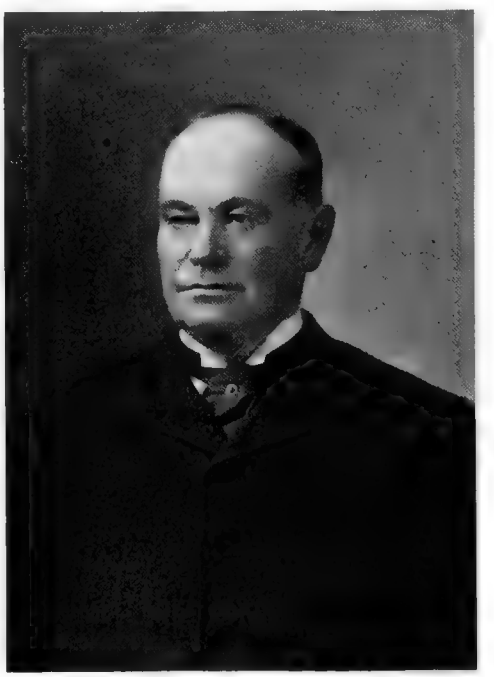
MAURICE CASPE, M.D., son of Joseph and Matilda Caspe, was born in Russia in May, 1859, and was educated at the gymnasium or high school at Wilna, Russia. He also studied for a year and a half in Berlin and for six months in Dresden. In 1886 he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the Medical College of New York University, and since that time has been engaged in private practice in New York City. He was a member of the International Medical Congress at Berlin, and is President of the East Side Physicians' Club and a member of the Civic Club of New York. He was married on June 10, 1887, and has four children. His address is No. 210 East Broadway, New York.

COFFIN, Lewis Augustus.

Class of 1886 Med.

Born at Lisbon, N. Y.; graduated from Potsdam Normal School; graduated A.B., Union College, 1882; teacher in Ogdensburg Academy, 1882-84; graduated M.D., New York University Medical Department, 1886; Surgeon to Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital; in practice in New York since 1886.

LEWIS AUGUSTUS COFFIN, M.D., comes on the side of his father, Julius A. Coffin, from the famous family of that name which has been identified with the Island of Nantucket since its earliest settlement. On the side of his mother, whose maiden name was Jane A. Partridge, he comes from a family notable in New England since colonial and revolutionary times. He was born at Lisbon, St. Lawrence County, New York, and received his primary and secondary education at the State Normal School at Potsdam, in the same county, entering that school in the primary department and being graduated after completing its entire course. Thence he went in the fall of 1880 to Union College, of which he entered the Sophomore class. By virtue of diligent work he was able to complete the remaining three years of the course in two years, and thus was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in the summer of 1882. For the next two years he taught mathematics and the sciences in the Ogdensburg, New York, Academy; then for six months he taught in Trinity School, at



LEWIS A. COFFIN

Tivoli, New York; and for one year he taught in a private day school, and for two years in night schools in New York City. Meantime he became a student in the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1886. Thereafter he continued to teach for three years more in night schools while practicing his profession. He began practice immediately after graduation in 1886, and has been constantly engaged in it ever since. He is a Surgeon to the Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital, and a member of the New York State Medical Society, the New York County Medical Society, the American Laryngological, Rhinological and Otological Society, the University Club, and the Salmagundi

Club. In politics he is a Republican, but he has held no public office. He was married to Grace Geer on October 16, 1889, and has three children: Grace, Lewis A., and George Jarvis Coffin. His address is No. 49 West 50th Street, New York.

CRAWFORD, Darwin McLean, 1864–

Class of 1886 Med.

Born at Millerstown, Pa., 1864; studied in private schools; studied medicine under his father, 1882-84, and in Medical College of New York University, 1884-86; graduated M.D., 1886; in practice since 1886; U. S. Pension Examiner and Surgeon to Pennsylvania Railroad Co.

DARWIN McLEAN CRAWFORD, M.D., of Mifflintown, Pennsylvania, comes of a family of physicians and surgeons, his paternal grandfather,

DARWIN M. CRAWFORD

his father, and his three paternal uncles having all belonged to that profession. He is a son of Dr. David McLean Crawford, son of Dr. David and Margaret (Brown) Crawford, and of Ellen Eliza (Jackman) Crawford, daughter of James and Eliza L. (Mitchell) Jackman, and he was born at Millerstown, Perry County, Pennsylvania, on March 15, 1864. His early education was acquired in select schools at his native place, and he pursued an advanced course at the Port Royal Academy, Port Royal, Juniata County, Pennsylvania. He began his professional studies in his father's office, and pursued them there for three years. Then he entered the Medical College of New York University, of which his father and three uncles were alumni, and after completing its full course, was graduated in the spring of 1886 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Thereupon he began the practice of his profession, in partnership with his father, at Mifflintown, Pennsylvania, and has there remained ever since, with the exception of the time from October, 1888, to November, 1889, when he practiced at Flanders, Morris County, New Jersey. Since 1889 he has been a Surgeon to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. From 1892 to 1896 he was a member and Secretary of the United States Board of Pension Examiners for Juniata County, Pennsylvania. He is a Mason, and a member of the Tuscarora Club of Mifflintown. He was married on November 8, 1888, to Grace M. Graybill, and has three children: David McLean, Jr., John Graybill, and Anna G. Crawford.

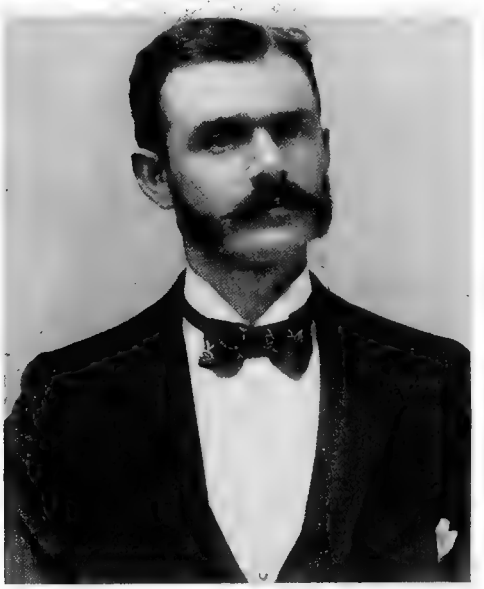
FOSTER, Walter Calhoun, 1864–

Class of 1886 Law.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1864; studied in private schools; studied law in office of Foster & Stephens, and in Law School of Columbia College and New York University; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1886; in practice since 1886; officer of various business corporations.

WALTER CALHOUN FOSTER, LL.B., is a son of Walter James Foster, who was a son of Colonel James T. and Laura L. (Crane) Foster, and of Cecil Augusta (Patterson) Foster, who was a daughter of Judge Calvin Patterson and Mary A. (De Graff) Patterson. He was born in Brooklyn, New York, on August 18, 1864, and received his academic education in private schools and under tutors. His professional studies were pursued for three years in the law office of Foster & Stephens, for one year in the Law School of Columbia College, and for one year in the Law School of New York University. From the last named he was graduated in 1886 with the degree of Bachelor of Laws, and since that time he has been actively engaged in the practice of his profession. He is a member of the law firm of Foster & Foster, of No. 132 Nassau Street, New York, and is attorney for a number of large corporations. He is also President

of the Bowery Bay Building and Improvement Company, the Bowery Bay Electric Light and Power Company, and the Sanitary Excavating Company, and Vice-President of the New York and College



WALTER C. FOSTER

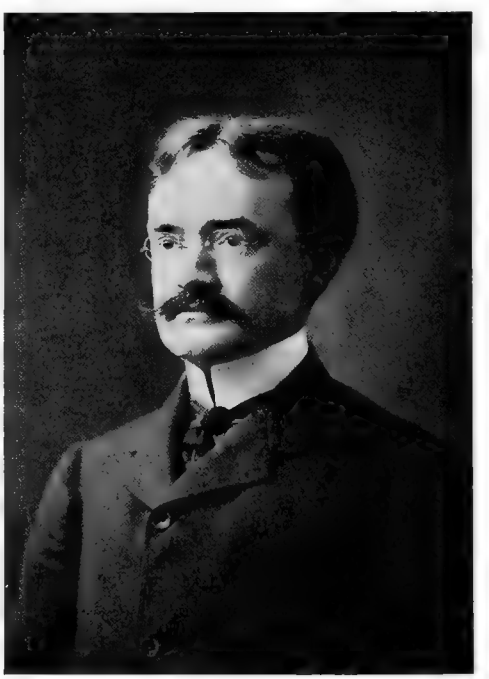
Point Ferry Company. He is a member of the National Board of Steam Navigation, is a Commissioner for the opening of streets in the Borough of Queens, New York City, and belongs to the Albany Club of Albany, New York, the Democratic Club of New York City, and the Masonic Order. He was married on June 11, 1895, to Louise Knapp, and lives at No. 135 Franklin Street, Astoria, Borough of Queens, New York City.

GIBB, William Travis, 1862–

Class of 1886 Med.

Born at Bellefonte, Pa., 1862; studied in public and private schools in New York and at Pelham's Institute, Poughkeepsie; graduated College of the City of New York, 1883; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1886; Instructor in New York University, 1882-98; Instructor in Cornell University since 1898; served in Bellevue Hospital, 1886-87; Hospital for Ruptured and Crippled, 1887-88; Examining Physician to New York Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Children since 1891; Visiting Physician to Blackwell's Island hospitals, 1895-98; Visiting Surgeon to same since 1898; Consulting Gynecologist to Astoria Hospital and St. Luke's Hospital of Bayonne, N. J.; in practice in New York.

WILLIAM TRAVIS GIBB, M.D., was born at Bellefonte, Centre County, Pennsylvania, on December 29, 1862. His father, Alexander Gibb, was a native of Scotland, and his mother, whose maiden name was Melissa Jane Gahagan, was of Pennsylvania birth. He was educated in various public and private schools in New York City, and at Pelham's Institute, Poughkeepsie, New York. He then entered the College of the City of New York, and was graduated from it in 1883. Three years later he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the New York University Medical College. Meantime he had already begun work as an instructor. From 1882 to 1887 he was an Instructor in Chemistry in the University Medical College. From 1889 to 1898 he was an Instructor in Gynecology in the same institution, and since the latter date he has been a similar instructor in Cornell University. He was an Interne in Bellevue Hospital in 1886–1887, and House Surgeon to the Hospital for the Ruptured and Crippled in 1887–



W. TRAVIS GIBB

1888. Since 1891 he has been an Examining Physician to the New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children. He was Visiting Physician to the Almshouse, Workhouse, and Peni-

tentiary hospitals on Blackwell's Island from 1895 to 1898, and since the latter date has been Visiting Surgeon to the same institutions. He is at the present time Consulting Gynecologist to the Astoria Hospital, Astoria, Long Island, and to the St. Luke's Hospital, Bayonne, New Jersey. He is a member of the New York Academy of Medicine, the New York Obstetrical Society, the New York County Medical Society, the New York State Medical Association, the New York County Medical Association, and the Quill Club of New York. He was married on May 14, 1896, to Alice E. Stearns, daughter of John Noble Stearns, of New York, and has three children: Alice Stearns, John Alexander, and William Travis Gibb, Jr. His address is New York City.

HOLMAN, Charles Henderson, 1862–

Class of 1886 Med.

Born in Kansas City, Mo., 1862; studied in Denver High School, University of Denver, Col., Colorado State University, and New York University; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1886; served in hospitals; in practice since 1888.

CHARLES HENDERSON HOLMAN, M.D., son of Henry Ralph Holman and Carrie Almina (Churchill) Holman, was born in Kansas City, Missouri, on December 2, 1862. He studied in the high school of Denver, Colorado, and in Denver University, spending a year in the Medical Department of the latter. Another year was spent in the Medical Department of the Colorado State University at Boulder, and finally he came for a third year to the Medical College of New York University, from which he was graduated with the Doctor's degree in 1886. The next ten months were spent in service in the Ninety-ninth Street Reception Hospital, and fourteen months thereafter in the Gouverneur Reception Hospital, both of which institutions are adjuncts to Bellevue Hospital. Since 1888 he has been engaged in private practice. He is a member of the Heights Club of New York. He was married on February 10, 1897, to Ida Louise Bessell, and lives at No. 351 West 145th Street, New York.

CHARLES H. HOLMAN

HOUGHTON, H. Seymour, 1862–

Class of 1886 Med.

Born at Piermont, N. Y., 1862; graduated A.B., Amherst College, 1883; M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1886; served in Bellevue Hospital, 1886-88; at Bonn and Vienna, 1888; in practice in New York since 1889.

H. SEYMOUR HOUGHTON, M.D., son of Matthew Henry and Sarah (Seymour) Houghton, was born at Piermont, New York, on April 7, 1862, and was instructed and prepared for college at the local school of the Rev. H. E. Decker.

H. SEYMOUR HOUGHTON

Thence he proceeded to Amherst College, where he pursued the regular academic course and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1883. In the fall of that year he entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1886. Two years of hospital service at Bellevue followed, as Interne in the Third Surgical Division, after which he went abroad and spent a year at Bonn and Vienna in study and research. Returning to New York he began active practice in 1889, and has continued therein ever since. He is a member of the Academy of Medicine, the American Medical Association, the New York County Medical Society, the New York County Medical Association, the Society of Alumni of Bellevue Hospital, the Hospital Graduates' Society, the West End Medical Society, the University Club, and the New York Yacht Club. He is a Republican in politics, but has held no office. He was married on January 5, 1888, to Sarah Preston, and has three children: Florence Preston, Helene Seymour, and Henry Seymour Houghton. His address is No. 301 West 88th Street, New York.

JENNINGS, David Dunlop, 1864–

Class of 1886 Med.

Born in New York, 1864; studied in New York public schools, and Lowell, Mass., High School; graduated with honors from latter institution, 1883; entered Harvard College; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1886; in hospital and dispensary service, instructor in medicine, etc., since 1886; author.

DAVID DUNLOP JENNINGS, M.D., a son of John and Margaret J. (Dunlop) Jennings, comes of Scotch-Irish stock, and was born in New York City on September 8, 1864. He studied in the public schools of New York, and in the high school of Lowell, Massachusetts, receiving from the latter the Carney Medal at the end of his course in 1883. He then entered Harvard College without conditions, but instead of pursuing a course there he came to New York University, entered its Medical College, studied under the preceptorship of Dr. Alfred L. Loomis, and was graduated with honors, with the Doctor's degree, in 1886. For a year and a half thereafter he was a member of the House Staff of Bellevue Hospital; then for ten years Attending Surgeon to Bellevue Dispensary; for two years Attending Surgeon to the University Medical College Dispensary; for ten years Assistant to the Chair of Surgery, and for two years Instructor in Operative Surgery in the New York University Medical College; for one year, 1896, Assistant Visiting Surgeon to Bellevue Hospital, and from 1897 to 1900 Associate Professor of Operative Surgery in the New York School of Clinical Medicine. He is now engaged in the general practice of medicine and surgery. Among his other public services may be named those of Surgeon to the Police Department of New York and Physician to the St. Andrew's Society, to the Children's Aid Society, and to the Wayside Day Nursery. He is also an Examiner for

DAVID D. JENNINGS

the Prudential Life Insurance Company of America. He is an honorary member of the Obstetrical Society of Edinburgh, Scotland, an honor which was bestowed upon him in recognition of the merits of a published article by him on "Treatment of Depressions in the Skull of the New-Born." He is also a member of the New York State and New York County Medical societies, the Physicians' Mutual Aid Society, and is Past Master of Doric Lodge No. 280, F. and A.M. He was married January 9, 1889, to Sarah R. Simpson of Winchester, Virginia, and has three children: David D., Frances, and Helen Jennings, aged thirteen, ten and nine years respectively. His address is No. 226 East 17th Street, corner of Rutherford Place, New York City.

MURGATROYD, Henry Ellsworth, 1859–

Class of 1886 Sci.

Born in 1859; graduated B.S. and C.E., New York University, 1886; Secretary of Philomathean and President of Young Men's Christian Association; engaged in practice as Civil Engineer since 1886.

HENRY ELLSWORTH MURGATROYD, B.S., C.E., is a son of William James Murgatroyd and Esther (Middleton) Murgatroyd, and was born on September 19, 1859. In New York University he was Vice-President of his class, Secretary of Philomathean, and President of the Young Men's Christian Association. He was graduated in 1886

HENRY E. MURGATROYD

with the degrees of Bachelor of Science and Civil Engineer, and thereupon began professional work in the office of C. B. Brush. Soon after he was employed by the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railroad Company. In 1888–89 he was with the South Side Elevated Railroad Company of Chicago, and then returned to New York, where he has since been engaged in engineering works at New Rochelle and elsewhere in the northern suburbs of the city. He was married on June 2, 1892, to Samueletta Richards, and has two children: Ruth Richards and Ellsworth W. Murgatroyd. His office is at No. 721 Tremont Avenue, and his home at No. 838 Gerard Avenue, New York City.

NEFF, Lewis Knode, 1862–

Class of 1886 Med.

Born at Alexandria, Pa., 1862; studied in public schools and Juniata Collegiate Institute, Pa.; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1886; in private practice since 1887; Major Surgeon, U. S. Volunteers, 1898.

LEWIS KNODE NEFF, M.D., is a son of David and Mary J. (Knode) Neff, his father's family having come from Switzerland in 1749. He was born at Alexandria, Pennsylvania, on March 27, 1862, and studied in the public schools and in the Juniata (Pennsylvania) Collegiate Institute. Thence he proceeded to the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now incorporated with New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1886. For eighteen months he served as an Interne in the Randall's Island Hospital, and then entered private practice, in which he has since remained. He was appointed a Visiting Physician to the Randall's Island Hospital in 1895, and to the Harlem Hospital in 1901. He was appointed Assistant Surgeon, Eighth Regiment, New York National Guard, on September 28, 1891; Major Surgeon, March 30, 1896; Major Surgeon, Eighth New York Volunteers, United States Army, May 6, 1898, for service in the Spanish War; and was mustered out on November 2, 1898. He is a member of the New York State and New York County Medical societies. He was married on May 18, 1892, to Irene Kathryn Gilman, and has three children: Lambert Gilman, Lewis Knode, and Calvin Grove Neff. His address is No. 1213 Park Avenue, New York.

O'HANLON, Philip F., 1862–

Class of 1886 Med.

Born in New York, 1862; studied in public school, College of St. Francis Xavier, and St. Mary's Jesuit College, Montreal; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1886; in practice since 1886; Coroner's Physician, etc.

PHILIP F. O'HANLON, M.D., the well known Coroner's Physician of New York, is of Irish ancestry, and on the paternal side comes from that family whose members had the distinction of being the hereditary bearers of the Royal Standard in Ulster. Their right to the title was proved down to the time of Queen Elizabeth, when their estates were divided by the English authorities then placed over Ireland. Dr. O'Hanlon's father was the organizer of the New York Sixty-third Regiment,

United States Volunteers, in 1861, and served with distinction in Meagher's Brigade during the Civil War, on one occasion saving the Hazard Battery from capture and thus winning mention for bravery. Dr. O'Hanlon is the son of Philip O'Hanlon, M.D., and Mary Adams Dougherty, and the descendant of six generations of physicians. He was born in the City of New York in 1862, and studied in the public school and in the College of St. Francis Xavier. He also pursued a course in St. Mary's Jesuit College, Montreal, Canada, and then entered the Medical College of New York University, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine on March 6, 1886. Since that date he has been successfully engaged in the practice of his profession. He was a House Surgeon at Gouverneur Hospital in 1886–87, and served in the Out-door Department of Bellevue Hospital, for diseases of the nervous system, in 1889–95. He became a Medical Examiner in the Insurance Department of the State of New York in 1891, and is also an Examiner in Lunacy. Since 1895 he has been a Coroner's Physician in New York City, and in that place has done much important work. In the sensational Guldensuppe Murder Case he detected the obscure clue which led to the unravelling of the mystery and the conviction of the murderer. In politics he is a Democrat, and he is a member of the Democratic Club of New York. He was married in 1888 to Laura Lincoln Plumb, and has one daughter, Laura Virginia O'Hanlon. His address is No. 121 West 95th Street, New York.

RICHTER, William, 1864–

Class of 1886 Med.

Born in New York, 1864; studied in public schools and College of City of New York; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1886; served four years at De Milt Dispensary; in general practice.

WILLIAM RICHTER, M.D., son of Julius and Mathilde (Weber) Richter, of German ancestry, was born in the City of New York on February 25, 1864. He studied in the public schools and for three years in the College of the City of New York, and then entered the Medical College of New York University. From the latter he was graduated with the Doctor's degree on March 6, 1886, since which date he has been engaged in the general practice of his profession. For four years he was an assistant at the De Milt Dispensary in the class for general medicine. He is

WILLIAM RICHTER

a member of the Masonic Order. On February 22, 1898, he was married to Marie Burgmeier. His address is No. 235 East 19th Street, New York.

ADAMS, Walter Booth, 1864–

Class of 1887 Arts, 1890 Med.

Born at Constantia, N. Y., 1864; graduated A.B., New York University, 1887, and A.M., 1890; M.D., New York University Medical College, 1890; Union Theological Seminary, 1887-90; Professor in Protestant College, Beirut, Syria.

WALTER BOOTH ADAMS, A.M., M.D., Professor in the Protestant Medical College at Beirut, Syria, is a son of the Rev. Dr. Frederick Henry Adams (New York University, 1858) and Electa Jeannette (Booth) Adams, and was born at Constantia, New York, on February 1, 1864. He was a leading member of the Class of 1887 in New York University, being Class Historian, winner of the Second Butler Eucleian Essay Prize in 1885, and the first in 1886 and 1887, an officer of Eucleian, Editor of "The University Quarterly," and a member of Psi Upsilon and Phi Beta Kappa. He was graduated in 1887 with the Baccalaureate Degree in Arts, to which the University added the Master's Degree in 1890. From 1887 to 1890 he was a student in the Union Theological Seminary, and also in the New York University Medical College, from

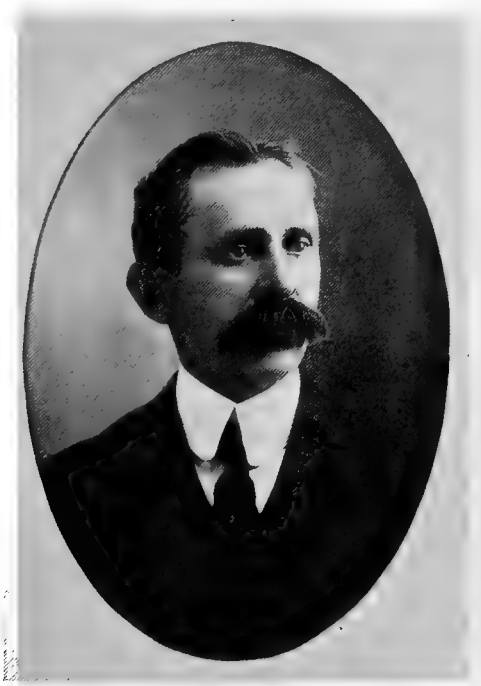
which latter he was graduated a Doctor of Medicine in 1890. After teaching for a time in New York, he went abroad to fill the Professorship of Chemistry, Materia Medica and Therapeutics in the Protestant Medical College at Beirut, Syria.

ALBRIGHT, John Calvin, 1858–

Class of 1887 Med.

Born in Pennsylvania, 1858; studied in public schools and Belvidere Academy; taught in public schools, Pennsylvania and New Jersey, eight years; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1887; in practice at Springtown, N. J., 1887-93, and at South Amboy since 1893.

JOHN CALVIN ALBRIGHT, M.D., son of Samuel L. and Mary A. (Able) Albright, of German, Scotch-Irish and Dutch ancestry, was born in Northampton County, Pennsylvania, on March 3, 1858, and was educated in the public schools and at Belvidere (New Jersey) Academy. He then became a teacher in the public schools of Pennsylvania and New Jersey, and remained in that occupation for about eight years. He was matriculated at the New York University Medical College in the fall of 1884, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in the spring of 1887. Immediately thereafter he began the practice of his profession at Springtown, Warren County, New Jersey. There he remained until March, 1893, when he removed to his present home and scene of labor, at South Amboy, Middlesex County, New Jersey. He has a large practice, and in connection therewith conducts a drug store. He has been a member of the Board of Health, and also Borough Physician of South Amboy, and at present is Coroner of Middlesex County, to which place he was elected on the Republican ticket. He is a member of the Middlesex County Medical Society, the Masonic Order, the Junior Order of American Mechanics, and the Foresters of America. He was married on June 2, 1888, to Lizzie W. Stamets, of Springtown, New Jersey, who died on July 16, 1900. His address is South Amboy, New Jersey.



JOHN C. ALBRIGHT

BEATTY, Enos E. B., 1862–

Class of 1887 Med.

Born at Anthony, N. J., 1862; graduated M.D., 1887, New York University Medical College; in practice as physician and surgeon at Newton, N. J., since 1887.

ENOS E. B. BEATTY, M.D., son of George W. and Rachel (Thatcher) Beatty, was born at Anthony, Hunterdon County, New Jersey, on January 27, 1862, and received a thorough academic education in private schools and under a tutor. His inclinations being towards the practice of medicine, he entered the New York University Medical College

ENOS E. B. BEATTY

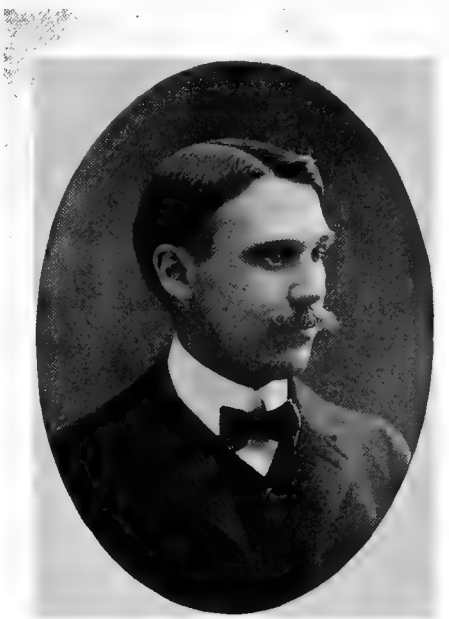
and was graduated therefrom with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in March, 1887. Immediately after graduation he established himself at Stewartsville, Warren County, New Jersey, where he remained until the fall of 1895, when he removed to Newton, Sussex County, New Jersey, where he is still in active practice. Dr. Beatty has taken a continuous one day in the week post-graduate course in medicine and surgery in all the leading post-graduate schools and hospitals in New York City, having given the diseases of women and children and those of the nose, throat and stomach especial attention. He has kept thoroughly abreast with medical progress and science, and has a widespread and successful practice. He was married on December 18, 1890, to Mary Carter Thatcher, who has borne him two children: Mildred Emma, who died in infancy, and Kenneth Agnew Beatty, now nearly eight years old. Dr. Beatty's address is Newton, Sussex County, New Jersey.

CADY, George Marvin, 1865–

Class of 1887 Med.

Born at Nichols, N. Y., 1865; studied at Binghamton High School and Owego Academy; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1887; druggist until 1899; postmaster, health officer, etc.; general practitioner from 1887 to 1898; eye, ear, nose and throat specialist since 1898.

GEORGE MARVIN CADY, M.D., is a son of the late George Parsons Cady, M.D., and Susan (Platt) Cady, his father being a son of William and Junia (Parsons) Cady, and his mother being a daughter of Nehemiah and Dianthy Platt, the former a New York State Senator and uncle of Thomas Collier Platt, United States Senator from New York. Dr. Cady was born at Nichols, New York, on September 23, 1865, and studied at the Binghamton High School until 1880 and at the Owego Academy until 1884. Then he entered the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine on March 7, 1887. Thereafter he was engaged in general practice until 1898, since which time he has been a specialist in diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat. Until 1899 he was also engaged in the drug business at Nichols, New York, and he was Health Officer of that place in 1889–99, and Postmaster under the McKinley Administration. He has been a member of the United States Pension Board since President McKinley was first elected. He is a Trustee of the Robert Packer Hospital, of the First Presbyterian Church, and of the Union Free School. He is a member of the New York State Medical Association, the National Medical Association, and the Tioga County Medical Society, of which last he was President from 1888 to 1900. In politics he is a Republican. He was married on April 20, 1887, to



GEORGE M. CADY

Fronia Harris, and has had one child who died at the age of twelve months. His home is at Nichols, and his office is in Owego, New York.

CAMPBELL, William Francis, 1865–

Class of 1887 Arts.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1865; graduated A.B., with high honors from New York University, 1887; student at School of Pedagogy, 1889-90; graduated M.D., Long Island College Hospital, 1892; Resident Surgeon, Seney Hospital, 1892-94; Demonstrator Anatomy, Long Island College Hospital, 1894-1900, and Professor of same in that institution in 1900; Hospital Surgeon in Brooklyn, N. Y.

WILLIAM FRANCIS CAMPBELL, A.B., M.D., surgeon, was born in the City of Brooklyn, New York, on November 7, 1865. On the paternal side he is of Scotch-Irish descent and on the maternal side of Holland-Dutch ancestry. His father was Alexander Campbell and his mother's maiden name was Kate Amelia Bennett. Dr. Campbell first attended public school and graduated therefrom

in 1880. He then went to New York University, where he had a distinguished career. He was President of the Freshman class, Junior orator, Editor of the "College News," class prophet, President of Philomathean, and a member of the college Glee Club, of Delta Upsilon and Phi Beta Kappa. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1887, being the Valedictorian of his class and winning the Philosophical Fellowship Prize of Three Hundred Dollars. In 1887–90 he was Secretary of the New York Dairy Company, and in 1889–90 was a student in the School of Pedagogy of New

WILLIAM FRANCIS CAMPBELL

York University. In 1890 he began a course of study in the Long Island College Hospital and two years later was graduated from that institution a Doctor of Medicine. He then became Resident Surgeon in Seney Hospital, Brooklyn, and remained there until 1894. In that year he was appointed Demonstrator of Anatomy at Long Island College Hospital and served in that capacity until 1900, when he became Professor of Anatomy there. From 1896–1901 he was Surgeon to the Second Signal Corps of the New York National Guard. He is at present Surgeon to the Williamsburg and Bushwick hospitals, and Assistant Surgeon to the St. Johns, Kings County and Long Island College hospitals. He is a member of the following societies and clubs: The New York Academy of Medicine, the American Academy of Medicine, the Association of American Anatomists, the American Medical Association, the Greater New York Medical Association, the Kings County and Long Island Medical societies, the Brooklyn Surgical and Pathological societies, the Reform, University, Crescent and Delta Upsilon clubs of Brooklyn, and Montauk Lodge 286, Clinton Commandery K. T., and Kismet Temple of the Mystic Shrine. Dr. Campbell is the author of a "Syllabus of Dissection," published in 1902. In politics he is a Republican. His address is 86 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn, New York.

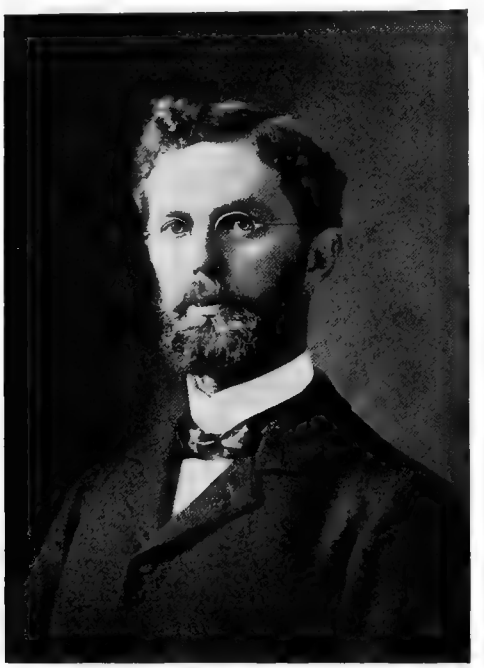
CHURCH, Charles Herbert, 1866–

Class of 1887 Sci.

Born at Norwich, N. Y., 1866; studied in public schools and University Grammar School; graduated B.S., New York University, 1887; M.D., New York Homeopathic Medical College and Hospital, 1891; served in Ward's Island Hospital, 1891-92; practiced at Passaic, N. J., 1892-94; at Nutley, N. J., since 1894.

CHARLES HERBERT CHURCH, M.D., is a great-grandson of Captain John Church, of Norwich, New York, who served in the Revolutionary War, and on whose tombstone in the Norwich cemetery is this inscription: "Capt. John Church by his valor contributed to the independence of America. Well has he merited this monument." Captain John Church's son, William Henry Church, was a business man of Norwich, and his son, Charles A. Church, father of the subject of this sketch, is a prominent homeopathic physician and surgeon at Passaic, New Jersey, who has been President of the New Jersey State Homeopathic Medical Society, of the American Association of Orificial Surgeons, and of the Alumni Association of the New York Homeopathic Medical College and Hospital, who was the first surgeon outside of Paris to cure tetanus by the injection of antitoxin into the brain, and who is now Chief of Staff and Surgeon to St. Mary's Hospital, Passaic, New Jersey. Dr. Church's mother, whose maiden name was Hattie Electa Heady, was born in Chenango County, New York, the daughter of John and Electa Carpenter Heady. Of such parentage the subject of this sketch was born at Norwich, New York, on September 10, 1866. He was educated at the public schools of Norwich until the family removed to Passaic, New Jersey, after which he continued his studies in the public schools, including the high school of the latter place. His college preparatory work was done in the University

Grammar School, in New York City, from which he went to New York University and there pursued the Scientific Course. In college he was a member of the Delta Upsilon Fraternity and a member, and for a time Secretary, of the Philomathean Literary Society. He was Vice-President of his Class and Secretary of the College Young Men's Christian Association. In 1887 he was graduated from the University with the degree of Bachelor of Science, and then went for a year into business. His father's profession attracted him, however, more strongly than mercantile pursuits, and he accordingly entered the New



C. HERBERT CHURCH

York Homeopathic Medical College and Hospital, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1891. He served as an Interne in the Ward's Island Hospital in 1891–92, and then pursued a course in diseases of the throat and nose, at the New York Ophthalmic Hospital, and received a certificate therefor, in 1893. From May, 1892, to December, 1894, he practiced with his father at Passaic, New Jersey, and since the latter date he has been practicing alone with much success at Nutley, New Jersey. Dr. Church is a member of the New Jersey State Homeopathic Medical Society, was its Vice-President in 1895 and its Secretary from 1896 to 1900, and is now one of its Board of Censors. He is a member of the Alumni Association of New York University, of the New York Homeopathic Medical College, and of the Ward's Island and Metropolitan hospitals. He is now Surgeon to St. Mary's Hospital at Passaic, New Jersey. Since the age of twelve years he has been a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church and is most active in its work. He was Vice-President of the Paterson District Epworth League in 1894, has been a steward of the Methodist Episcopal Church at Nutley since 1895, and a Trustee since 1896, and he was President of the Epworth League of that church in 1898–1900. He is a member of the Royal Arcanum. He is an independent in politics.

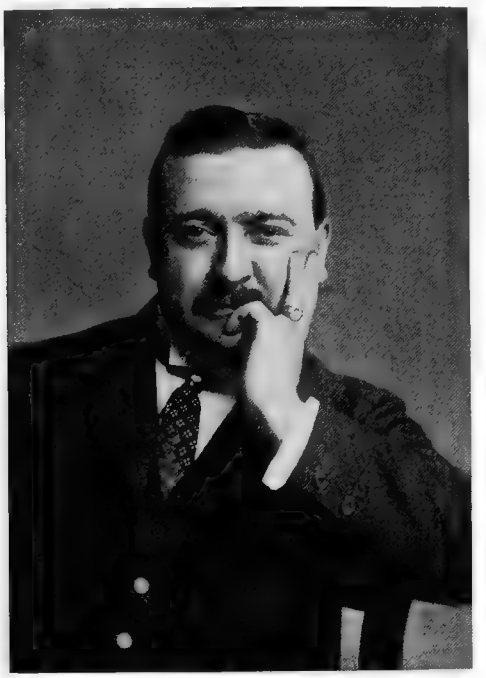
DISBROW, William Stephen, 1861–

Class of 1887 Med.

Born in Newark, N. J., 1861; studied in public schools; in business at an early age; entered drug business in 1876; graduated Ph.G., New York College of Pharmacy, 1880; studied in New York College of Dentistry, 1884-85; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1887; in practice since 1887, with extensive hospital work; Professor in New Jersey College of Pharmacy, 1897; Health Commissioner of Newark, N. J., since 1899.

WILLIAM STEPHEN DISBROW, M.D., PH.G., is a native of the City of Newark, New Jersey, with which he has been identified all his life, having been born there on March 18, 1861. His father, Henry G. Disbrow, was of English parentage, and his mother, whose maiden name was Catherine Kline Clickener, was of Dutch and French stock, her mother having been a La Tourette. Dr. Disbrow attended the public schools of Newark in his childhood, and at an early age went to work as a clerk in a butcher's shop. Afterward he was similarly employed in a grocery store, such efforts being necessary to provide for his own wants. He was successively employed in a machine shop for making electrical appliances, and in the works of a celluloid manufacturing company. In 1876 he entered the drug business and continued therein for about ten years. In 1878 he passed the examination of the New Jersey Board of Pharmacy, and in 1880 was graduated with the degree of Pharmacy Graduate from the New York College of Pharmacy. In 1884–85 he studied in the New York College of Dentistry, but did not complete its course, going instead to the Medical College of New York University. There he pursued the full three years' course in vogue at that time, and in 1887 was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine.

Since that date he has been steadily and successfully engaged in the practice of his profession in the City of Newark. He became Hospital Steward of the Fifth Regiment, New Jersey National Guard, in 1885–86, was Lieutenant and Assistant Surgeon in 1889–92, and Captain and Assistant Surgeon in 1893. He was Clinic Physician to the Women's and Children's Hospital, Newark, in 1887–88; Assistant House Physician to St. Barnabas's Hospital, Newark, in 1888; Clinic Physician to St. Barnabas's in 1889–1900, and Visiting Physician and Pathologist to the same hospital since 1900. In 1897 he



WILLIAM S. DISBROW

was appointed Professor of Pharmacognosy and Structural Botany at the New Jersey College of Pharmacy. Since 1899 he has been Health Commissioner of the City of Newark. Dr. Disbrow is a member of the New Jersey Sanitary Association, the American Public Health Association, the New Jersey Pharmaceutical Association, the American Numismatic Association, the New Jersey Historical Society, the American Medical Association, the New Jersey Medical Society, the Essex County Medical Society, the Practitioners' Club, the Order of Military Surgeons of New Jersey, the American Microscopical Association, the American Association for the Advancement of Science, the University Club, the Wednesday Social Club, the Masonic Order (including Royal Arch), the Order of Odd Fellows, and the Royal Arcanum. He is the author of various professional works including "Purpura," "Ulcerative Endocarditis," "Pharmacognosy," and "Pages from a Sanitarian's Note-book." He is curator of the mineralogical collections in the Newark public schools, and has a personal collection of about 5,000 specimens. He is also much interested in numismatics, particularly in medical medals, and has one of the largest collections in this country. He was married on April 5, 1888, to Clara E. Valentine, and has two children: George Ward and Eric Disbrow. His address is No. 151 Orchard Street, Newark, New Jersey.

DOWLING, Victor James, 1866–

Class of 1887 Law.

Born in New York, 1866; studied at La Salle College, Philadelphia, and St. Peter's School and De La Salle Academy, New York; graduated A.B., Manhattan College, 1883, and A.M., 1888; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1887; admitted to Bar of New York, 1887; member of New York State Assembly, 1894; New York State Senator, 1901-02.

VICTOR JAMES DOWLING was born in New York City on July 20, 1866. His father, Denis Dowling, was of Irish ancestry. His mother, whose maiden name was Elisa L. C. Faider, was of Belgian and French ancestry and belonged to the Faider and Fierlants families of Belgium, who are prominent in social and public life in that country. Mr. Dowling was first sent to school at La Salle College, Philadelphia, at the age of seven years, and later attended St. Peter's School and the De La Salle Academy in New York. At the last named institution he was prepared for college, and thereupon entered Manhattan College, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1883, being only sixteen years old and the youngest member of his class. He took the Devlin Prize for proficiency in the classics, an unusual honor for so young a student. Five years later, in 1888, he delivered the Master's oration at Manhattan College Commencement and received the degree of Master of Arts. Soon after his graduation in 1883 Mr. Dowling began the study of law in the office of Judge Fitzgerald and also in the Law School of New York University. In the latter institution he was noted as a brilliant student, and he took the first prize for the best written examination, and at the same time the first prize for the best oral examination, being the first student in the history of the

institution to win both these prizes at the same time. He was graduated from the University with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1887, and in the same year was admitted to practice at the Bar of the State of New York. Since that time he has been steadily engaged in the practice of his profession and has attained therein great success. Mr. Dowling has long been active and prominent in the affairs of the Catholic Church. In 1888 he was elected State Secretary of the Catholic Benevolent Legion and held that office by unanimous re-election until 1896, when he was chosen a member of the Supreme

VICTOR J. DOWLING

Council of the Legion. The latter place he filled until 1899 when he was elected State President of the Legion. He is a member of the Knights of Columbus, and since 1900 has been one of the National Board of Directors of that organization. He is also a member of the Catholic Club of New York, of the American Catholic Historical Society, of the United States Historical Society, of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick and of the Friends of Ireland, as well as of the New York State Bar Association, the Democratic Club of New York, the Home Club and the Wyandotte Club. At the Washington Centennial Celebration in 1889 he was chairman of the united Catholic societies of New York and Brooklyn, which took part in the parade. He was appointed by Archbishop Corrigan one of a committee of three to arrange the parade of the united Catholic societies, 15,000 strong, in the Columbian Celebration of 1892. Mr. Dowling is a Democrat in politics and has been active for some years in party management and in the public service. On attaining his majority he became a member of Tammany Hall under the leadership of John F. Carroll in the old Sixteenth Assembly District. Without his seeking it he received, in 1893, the Democratic nomination for Assemblyman for his district and was elected by the handsome majority of 2,250 votes in what was not generally a good year for his party. In the Assembly he was a member of the Committees on Codes and on the Soldiers' Home. After the legislative re-apportionment in 1895 Mr. Dowling became leader of the Twenty-fourth Assembly District of New York, and held that place until the beginning of 1898, serving at the same time as one of the secretaries of the Executive Committee of Tammany Hall. On January 1, 1898, he retired from the leadership of his district and became a member of the Law Committee of Tammany Hall. In 1900 he was nominated for State Senator for the Eighteenth District of New York and was elected by a plurality of 6,190, leading his ticket in the district. In the Senate he was appointed a member of the Judiciary Committee and did some conspicuous and important work. He again became the leader of the Twenty-fourth Assembly District in 1902. Mr. Dowling was married to Mary A. Ford on June 16, 1891, and has two children: Dorothy and Marie Nathalie Dowling. His business address is New York City.

EYNON, William Gwain, 1864–

Class of 1887 Med.

Born at Utica, N. Y., 1864; studied in public schools, Utica Free Academy, in a doctor's office, and at University of Michigan; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1887; in practice since with much hospital work.

WILLIAM GWAIN EYNON, M.D., son of John and Esther (Williams) Eynon, of Welsh origin, was born at Utica, New York, on October 2, 1864. He studied in the public schools and pursued the literary course in the Utica Free Academy. For a year he was a pupil of Dr. W. Clarke of Utica; for two years he studied in the Medical Department of the University of Michigan; and for one year at Bellevue Hospital Medical College. From the last named institution, which is now a part of New York University, he was graduated with the

degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1887. From April, 1887, to October, 1888, he was an Interne in the Randall's Island Hospital, and for the next year he was a member of the resident staff of the Ward's Island Hospital for the Insane. Since then he has been in private practice, serving also as Attending Physician to St. Joseph's Hospital in 1892–95, and to the House of Refuge on Randall's Island since 1896. He is Attending Physician to the St. David's Society of New York, and an examiner for the United States Life Insurance Company. He is a member of the New York State and County Medical

WILLIAM G. EYNON

Associations, the American Medical Association, the Medical Society of the Borough of The Bronx, the Alumni Society of the Randall's Island Hospital, the Tallapoosa Club, the Royal Arcanum, the Independent Order of Heptasophs, and the Knights of St. John and Malta. For the last three he is an examining physician. He was married on November 18, 1890, to Katherine Curry, and has two children: William and Elinor Eynon. His home is at No. 184 Willis Avenue, New York City.

FRANKLIN, Benjamin, 1862–

Class of 1887 Law.

Born in New York, 1862; educated in public schools; worked in a machine shop in New York, in mercantile pursuits in San Francisco; edited a paper in New York; studied law and was graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1887; admitted to practice, 1888; in practice since 1888; prominent and active in politics.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, lawyer and politician, was born in New York City on September 8, 1862. His father, Philip Franklin, was a native of Posen, Prussia, and his mother, whose maiden name was Jane Rosenberg, was a native of Charleston, South Carolina. He was educated in the public schools of New York, and then began work in a machine shop. Thence he went West and engaged in mercantile pursuits in San Francisco, California. Returning to New York, he began the study of law, and at the same time edited a newspaper. His courses of study led him through an evening high school and the Law School of New York University, from which latter he was graduated in 1887 with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. On February 15, 1888, he was admitted to practice at the Bar, and since that date has been actively engaged in the work of his profession. Mr. Franklin's legal practice is varied in character. He is frequently employed as counsel by attorneys, and has become connected with various enterprises. He is a joint patentee and owner of the Franklin-Cochran Storage Battery, and organized and operated the Pelham Electric Company at City Island, New York. He is counsel for the Annexed District Gas Company, the United Publishers' Corporation, the Interstate Law-Collection Agency and other corporations. He is also active and influential in political affairs as a Democrat, and in 1891 was a County Democracy Candidate for member of Assembly, and although not elected he ran far ahead of his ticket. He has been nominated for Justice of the Municipal Court and for other offices but has declined them. For years he has been prominent as a campaign orator in both state and national campaigns, and is a logical, forceful, and graceful speaker. He has also written much on political topics for the periodical press. He has taken an active interest in educational matters, and it was largely through his efforts that the junior evening high school in East 125th Street was opened. He is a great book lover and has a fine library comprising standard works of all classes. Mr. Franklin is a life member of the New York Free Circulating Library, and a member of the Masonic Order, the State Bar Association, Brueder Verein No. 1, the Thirteen Club, the National Benevolent

Legion, in which latter he is counsel to the Supreme Lodge and Supreme Secretary, and numerous other fraternal, social and political organizations. He was married in 1894 to Isabelle Phelps and has two

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN

children: Ernestine and Philip Franklin. He has resided in Harlem continuously since 1872 and his office is at No. 38 Park Row, New York.

FROMME, Herman, 1863–

Class of 1887 Law.

Born in New York, 1863; studied in public schools and in business college; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1887; in practice since 1887.

HERMAN FROMME, LL.B., attorney and counselor at law, is of German ancestry, his father, Louis Fromme, having been a native of Northern Germany, and his mother, whose maiden name was Ernestine Freidenberger, a native of Baden. He was born in New York City on November 4, 1863, and attended the public schools, and also Claghorn's Business College in Brooklyn. His professional studies were pursued in the Law School of New York University, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1887. Before graduation he passed the Bar examination and was admitted to the Bar of the State of New York. His first partnership was formed with ex-Judge Samuel Ashton, and he was afterwards associated with Louis F. Post. Finally he entered the firm of Fromme Brothers, his partners being Isaac and Abraham L. Fromme. Of these the former became Register of the County of New York and retired from the firm, and the latter died in 1898, thus leaving Herman Fromme the sole survivor of the firm. During the Lexow investigation Mr. Fromme was the counsel for a number of officers of the Police Department, and was notably successful in defending them and securing their acquittal. He was counsel for the United Garment Workers of America in the labor troubles of 1893, and secured the establishment of the principle that boycotting was permissible provided threats of violence were not used. He has also been concerned in some important real estate transactions. He is a Democrat in politics, and is a member of the Democratic Club of New York, the Eichenkranz Society, the Occidental Club, the Road Drivers' Association, and the Masonic Order, being a member of Hope Lodge 244 F. & A.M., the Lodge of Perfection, the Council of Princes of Jerusalem, the

HERMAN FROMME

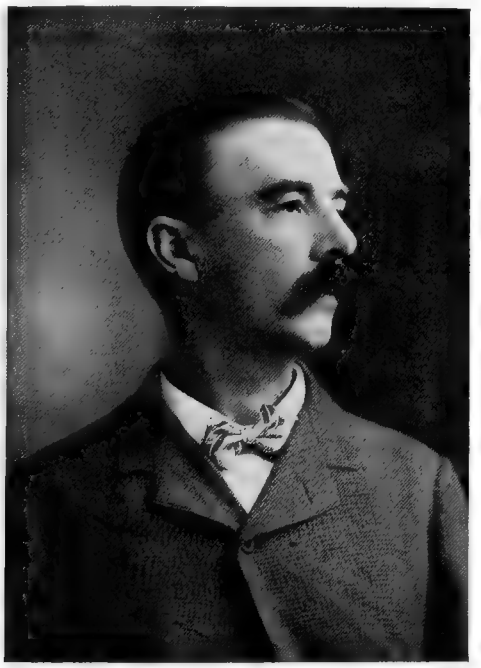
Chapter of Rose Croix, the Consistory of New York City, and Mecca Temple, A. A. O. N. M. S. His home is at No. 327 Central Park West, and his office at No. 287 Broadway, New York.

HARRISON, Wilfred Follansbee, 1862–

Class of 1887 Vet.

Born at New Brunswick, N. J., 1862; studied in public schools and New Jersey State Normal School, 1880-83; taught school, 1883-85; graduated D.V.S., American Veterinary College, 1887; in practice since 1887; member of Bloomfield, N. J., Town Council, and Sanitary Inspector, New Jersey State Board of Health, since 1901.

WILFRED FOLLANSBEE HARRISON, D.V.S., was born at New Brunswick, New Jersey, on April 8, 1862, the son of Caleb M. and Elizabeth (Follansbee) Harrison. His parents were both graduates of the New Jersey State Normal



W. F. HARRISON

School and teachers in the public schools of that state. His father was State Superintendent of Public Schools of New Jersey in 1862–64, Principal of the Newark Academy from 1864 to 1870, from 1870 to 1880 in the wholesale linen business and engaged with his farm at Caldwell, New Jersey, and since 1880 has been Superintendent of the Newark City Home at Verona, New Jersey. His mother was matron of that home until 1900, when she resigned. His grandfather, Caleb Harrison, was a son of Jabez Harrison, and he a son of David Harrison, who was a soldier in the Revolution. Caleb Harrison's wife was Phœbe Steele, daughter of Josiah Steele, a cousin of Noah Webster, the lexicographer. Wilfred Follansbee Harrison attended the public schools at Caldwell, New Jersey, until 1876, and then spent four years on his father's farm. From October, 1880, to June, 1883, he was at the New Jersey State Normal School at Trenton. He then followed in his father's footsteps by becoming a teacher of the school at the Newark City Home at Verona, from June, 1883, to October, 1885. Finally he entered the American Veterinary College in New York, now a part of New York University, and on March 4, 1887, was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Veterinary Surgery. He then, on May 30, 1887, established himself in practice at Norfolk, Virginia, and soon built up a fine patronage. The climate proved unhealthful for him, however, and he was obliged to leave Norfolk to escape malaria. Accordingly he went to Richmond, Virginia, and entered into partnership with W. H. Harbaugh, V.S., now deceased. On May 1, 1890, however, he was again compelled to flee from malaria, and on this occasion returned to New Jersey and settled at Bloomfield, where he has ever since remained. Much of his professional work is done among the extensive dairy farms of Essex and adjoining counties. He is also interested as a partner in a large livery and boarding stable in Bloomfield. Since January 22, 1901, he has been a Sanitary Inspector of the New Jersey State Board of Health. Since May 1, 1901, he has been a member of the Bloomfield Town Council, elected from the Second Ward. He has been President of the Brookfield Fish and Game Association since its incorporation in 1898, and was a Trustee of the Essex Truck Company of the Bloomfield Fire Department from 1899 to 1902. He is a member of the Essex Truck Company, of the Knights of the Maccabees, of the North End Whist Club of Bloomfield, of the American Veterinary Association, and of the Veterinary Medical Association of New Jersey. In politics he is a Democrat, and he is a member of the Essex County Democratic Committee and leader of his party in his home ward of Bloomfield. He has written various articles for the press on current professional topics. He was married on March 6, 1888, to Augusta W. Grosch, and has four children: Irma M., Elizabeth F., Virginia A., and Caleb M. Harrison. His address is No. 329 Broad Street, Bloomfield, New Jersey.

HERZOG, Alfred Waldemar, 1866–

Class of 1887 Med.

Born in Vienna, Austria, 1866; studied in Austrian gymnasia; graduated M.D., New York University

Medical College, 1887; pursued post-graduate courses and served in hospitals; in practice since 1887; admitted to the Bar of New Jersey; Professor in Eclectic Medical College of New York since 1892; Ph.B. and M.A., Taylor University; M.E. and D.E., Eastern College of Electro-Therapeutics and Psychologic Medicine.

ALFRED WALDEMAR HERZOG, M.D., was born in Vienna, Austria, on March 30, 1866. He came to the United States at an early age, later on returning to Europe, where he pursued his studies in the gymnasia, or Latin high schools, of Graz and Vienna. Again returning to the United States in 1885, he became a student in the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated from it in 1887 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. He at once began active practice, devoting much time to post-graduate studies and to hospital service, in the Post-Graduate Medical School and various hospitals and infirmaries of New York. He was Assistant Surgeon to St. Mary's Hospital, Hoboken, New Jersey, in 1888, and to the Brooklyn, New York, Throat Hospital in 1889–90. He early made a specialty of the study and treatment of diseases of the eye, ear, nose, and throat, and also of the therapeutic uses of electricity and of psychological suggestion. He became Assistant Surgeon to the New York Eye and Ear Infirmary in 1891, and Director of the Hoboken Dispensary in 1892. In the latter year he was chosen Professor of Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, and Throat in the Eclectic Medical College of New York, which position he still occupies. His knowledge of medical and medico-legal matters led to his frequently being called upon to testify as an expert in court, and he was in 1896, upon examination in open court, admitted to practice at the Bar of the State of New Jersey as an attorney at law and a solicitor in chancery. He has received the degrees of Bachelor of Philosophy and Master of Arts from Taylor University, and Master and Doctor of Electro-Therapeutics from the Eastern College of Electro-Therapeutics and Psychologic Medicine of Philadelphia. He is now Consulting Surgeon to the Woodstock Hospital, to the Dispensary of the Eclectic Medical College, and to the Margaret Strachan Home; Surgeon to the Beachonian Dispensary, Examining Surgeon for the Preferred Accident Insurance Company, examiner for the John Hancock Life Insurance Company, member and President of the Eclectic Medical Society of the City and County of New York, permanent member of the Eclectic Medical Association of the State of New York, and a member of the National Eclectic Medical Association and of the Specific Medication Club. He is also President of the United States Sanitarium Company. He has been a frequent contributor to professional literature. Dr. Herzog is a man of great versatility. He is an accomplished musician, a composer, and a good linguist. His address is No. 154 East 30th Street, New York.

ALFRED W. HERZOG

HOARE, Joseph David, 1865–

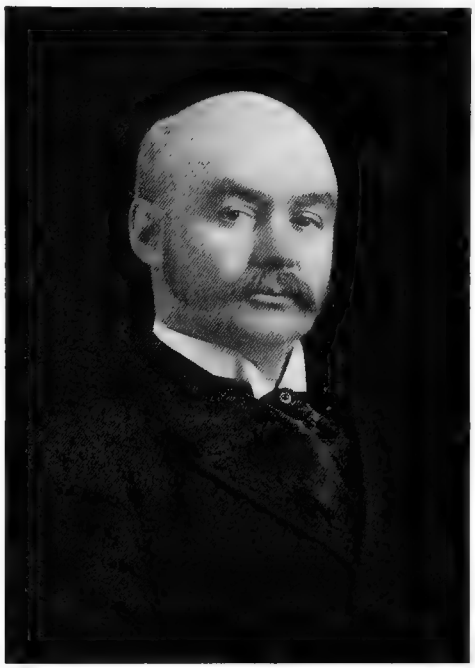
Class of 1887 Med.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1865; studied in common and high schools; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1887; in practice since 1887; Coroner of Steuben County, N. Y., one term.

JOSEPH DAVID HOARE, M.D., son of John and Catherine (Dailey) Hoare, of Irish ancestry, was born in Brooklyn, New York, on June 4, 1865. His early education was acquired in the common schools of Corning, Steuben County, New York, and he also completed a course in the high school. Thence he came to New York University Medical College, and was graduated from it with the Doctor's degree in 1887. From that time until 1898 he practiced his profession at Corning, New York, and was for one term Coroner of Steuben

County. He removed to Brooklyn, New York, in 1898, and is now settled in that borough of the metropolis at No. 95 South Portland Avenue. He is a member of the medical societies of Steuben and Kings counties, and of the Corning Academy of Medicine. In politics he is an Independent Democrat.

JOSEPH D. HOARE



JOHN F. KERINS

KERINS, John F., 1860–

Class of 1887 Med.

Born at North Adams, Mass., 1860; studied in public schools, high school, Drury Academy; College of St. Thérèse, Canada, 1879-80; graduated A.B., Holy Cross College, Worcester, Mass., 1883; Vermont University Medical College, 1885; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1887; in practice since 1887; Vice-President of Providence Life Insurance Company.

JOHN F. KERINS, A.B., M.D., a prominent physician of Providence, Rhode Island, was born at North Adams, Massachusetts, on January 4, 1860, the son of John and Mary (Bradley) Kerins. He studied in the North Adams public schools and was graduated from the high school and Drury Academy. Leaving the latter in 1879 he spent a year in the College of St. Thérèse, in Canada, and the following three years in Holy Cross College, Worcester, Massachusetts, being graduated from the latter in 1883 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. His medical education was begun in the Medical School of the University of Vermont, whence he proceeded to the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, from which he was graduated with the Doctor's degree in March, 1887. After six months' service in the Bellevue Dispensary he entered upon the general practice of his profession, in which he has ever since been engaged. He is Vice-President of the Providence, Rhode Island, Life Insurance Company, Medical Examiner to the United Order of Pilgrim Fathers of New England and to Court Canonicus of the Foresters of America, and Visiting Physician to the Rhode Island Catholic Orphan Asylum. He is a member of the Foresters of America, the United Order of Pilgrim Fathers, the Irving Literary Society, and the Order of Elks. He was married on November 23, 1892, to Eleanor Loretto Lynch of New York City. His address is No. 414 Benefit Street, Providence, Rhode Island.

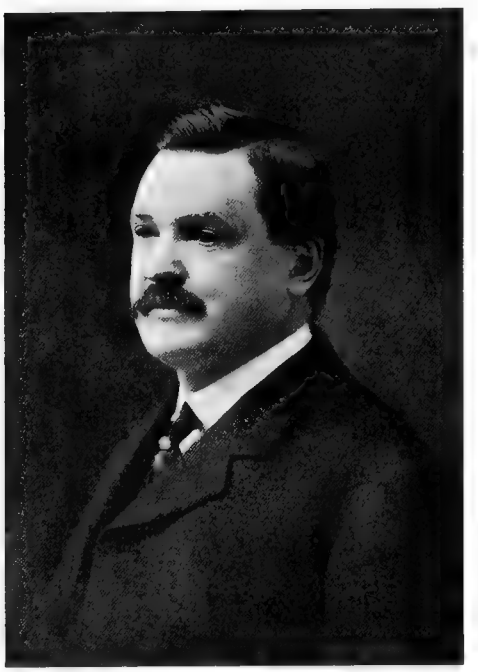
KNEER, Ferdinand Godfried, 1858–

Class of 1887 Med.

Born in New York, 1858; studied in New York public schools, and University of Frankfort-on-Main, Germany; graduated M.D., New York University Medical

College, 1887; in practice since 1887; connected with various hospitals.

FERDINAND GODFRIED KNEER, M.D., the only son of Clemens and Sophia (Ort) Kneer, Germans, who came to this country in 1852,



F. G. KNEER

was born in New York City on March 14, 1858, and received his early education in the public schools of his native city. He also studied in the University of Frankfort-on-Main, Germany. From his fifteenth to his twenty-first year he was interested in commercial business, but devoted his leisure time to the study of medicine. Finally he entered the New York University Medical College and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1887, since which date he has been occupied with the practice of his profession. Early in his professional career he was connected with the Outdoor Department of Bellevue Hospital, the German Dispensary, the Northwestern Dispensary, and the New York University Dispensary. At present he is Visiting Surgeon to St. Catherine's Hospital, Brooklyn, New York. He is a member of the New York County Medical Society, the Pathological Society, the New York County Medical Association, the German Medical Society, the Society of Medical Jurisprudence, and the Camera Club. He was married to Annie Louise Thole on January 9, 1884, and has had one child, Ferdinand Henry Kneer, now deceased. Dr. Kneer's address is No. 236 West 51st Street, New York.

LANGER, Oscar Edward, 1865–

Class of 1887 Law.

Born in New York, 1865; studied in public schools; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1887; in active practice at Bar since 1887.

OSCAR EDWARD LANGER, LL.B., was born in the City of New York on May 27, 1865. His parents were Emanuel and Margaretha (Leyh) Langer, natives respectively of Prussia and Bavaria. He studied in public schools and a private German school in New York, and passed the Regents' Examination on May 7, 1886. He then studied in the Law School of New York University and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in May, 1887. A few weeks later he was admitted to practice at the Bar in the City of New York, First Department, and since that time has been actively and successfully engaged in the prac-

OSCAR E. LANGER

tice of his profession in New York City, in the boroughs of both Manhattan and Brooklyn. In politics he is an earnest Republican, and has been prominently identified in the councils of the party.

He was married to Laura Forster of Brooklyn, and has one child, Laura Marie Langer. His address is No. 1224 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, New York. His residence at that place is known as the "Lefferts Mansion," one of the few remaining historic landmarks of old Brooklyn, situated in the heart of the Bedford section. It was built upwards of one hundred and fifty years ago, and was the home of the old and well known Dutch family of Lefferts. Surrounding the place are beautiful and well kept grounds, forming a part of the Old North Farm, which was purchased of the Canarsie Indians in 1749. During the Revolutionary War it was often the temporary abode of such eminent men as Generals Washington, Lafayette, Greene, Clinton, and others.

LINDSAY, John Douglas, 1865–

Class of 1887 Law.

Born in New York, 1865; studied in public schools; New York University Law School, 1887; attached to District Attorney's office as clerk, Deputy, and Assistant District Attorney from 1882 to 1898; since then in practice in firm of Nicoll, Anable & Lindsay, New York.

JOHN DOUGLAS LINDSAY, long a member of the District Attorney's staff in New York City and now a member of the law firm of Nicoll, Anable & Lindsay, is descended through his father, William Francis Lindsay, M.D., from early New England stock. His uncle, the Rev. John W. Lindsay of Boston, was a prominent Methodist Episcopal clergyman, and Dean of the Theological Department of Boston University. His grandfather was the Rev. John Lindsay of Lynn, Massachusetts. A great-grandfather was James Nourse of Salem, Massachusetts, who enlisted as a private in Captain Nathaniel Cushing's Company, in the First Regiment of the Massachusetts Line, under Colonel Joseph Vose, in March, 1777, at the age of sixteen years, and served through the Revolution. James Nourse was a grandson of Rebecca Nourse who was the most famous victim of the "witchcraft craze" at Salem, Massachusetts, and who was hanged as a witch in 1692. The maiden name of Mr. Lindsay's mother was Sarah Ann Vradenburg, and she belonged to a family long settled in Westchester County, New York. Mr. Lindsay is also related to the Valentine and Lawrence families. He was born in New York City on December 31, 1865, and received his education in the public schools of the city, finishing with Grammar School No. 35. Immediately upon leaving the grammar school he entered the well known law office of Scott Lord, in New York, as a clerk and student. That was in 1880–81. The next year, 1881–82, he was in the office of Lord, Van Dyke & Lord. In June, 1882, he entered the office of the District Attorney for the County of New York, as a clerk, and remained therein, in one capacity or another, for fifteen and a half years, or until January 1, 1898. While engaged as clerk in that office, and for the purpose of preparing for his examination for the Bar, he entered the Law School of New York University, in the Class of 1887. He

JNO. D. LINDSAY

was admitted to the Bar in February, 1887, and in June of the same year he was appointed an Assistant District Attorney, and held that place until January 1, 1898, when he resigned to engage in private practice. Since that date he has been a member of the law firm of Nicoll, Anable & Lindsay, and has held a conspicuous and honorable place at the Bar of both the State and United States courts. Among the important cases with which Mr. Lindsay has been identified before the Court of Appeals, the highest tribunal of the State of New York, may be recalled the Welch Case, involving the jurisdiction of the state over offences (manslaughter by pilot running down and capsizing a yacht) committed on navigable rivers; the Nechamcus Case,

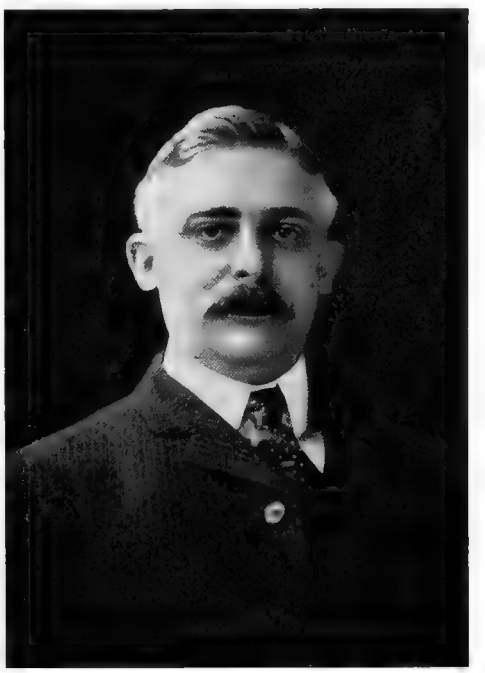
involving the constitutionality of the statute requiring the registration of plumbers; and the Lawrence and Sturgis cases, involving the constitutionality of the New York racing laws. Among his cases before the Supreme Court of the United States have been the Eno Case, dealing with the question of the jurisdiction of state courts over offences by officers of national banks; the Hawker Case, concerning the constitutionality of the statute making it a misdemeanor to practice medicine after conviction of crime; the case of Dr. Buchanan, involving the question of the jurisdiction of Federal courts in determining questions arising under state laws; the Havnor Case, concerning the constitutionality of the statute prohibiting the practice of the barber's trade on Sundays; and the Neely Case, involving the constitutionality of the act of Congress permitting extradition to Cuba, and also raising questions concerning the rights of military occupation and the war powers of the Executive. Mr. Lindsay is a Democrat, but has not been active in politics and has held no office other than that of Assistant District Attorney. He is a member, and from 1888 to January, 1902, was Treasurer, of the University Law School Alumni Association. He is also a member of the Bar Association of New York, the Calumet Club, Sons of the Revolution, the Knollwood Country Club, the Harbor Hill Golf Club, and the Fort Orange Club of Albany, New York. He has found time amid his professional activities to write a number of articles on legal and historical topics, such as "The Boston Massacre," and "Extradition in the American Colonies," in "The National Magazine," and "The Court of Star Chamber" in "The Green Bag." He was married on June 3, 1895, to Frances Stella Gregory, daughter of Dr. Elisha Hall Gregory of St. Louis, Missouri, and makes his home at No. 42 West Ninth Street, New York. His office is at No. 31 Nassau Street.

McCROSKERY, John, 1865–

Class of 1887 Med.

Born at Newburgh, N. Y., 1865; studied at public schools and at Williston Seminary, East Hampton, Mass.; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1887; Interne, Kings County Hospital, 1887-88; in practice in New York since January, 1889.

JOHN McCROSKERY, M.D., son of John J. S. and Henrietta McCroskery, is of Scotch-Irish descent on the paternal, and French Huguenot descent on the maternal, side. He was born at Newburgh, Orange County, New York, on April 4, 1865, and received his early education in the public schools of that city. Thence he went to the well known Williston Seminary at East Hampton, Massachusetts, and pursued an advanced academic course preparatory to entering upon professional studies. In the fall of 1884 he became a student in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College in New York, now incorporated with New York University, and was duly graduated therefrom with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1887. In August, 1887, he became an Interne in the Kings County Hospital at Flatbush, New York, now a part of the Borough



JOHN McCROSKERY

of Brooklyn, City of New York, where he served until October, 1888, when he retired and prepared to enter upon an independent practice of his own. The latter was begun in New York in January, 1889, in the lower portion of the city. A year later he moved further up-town, to the so-called Harlem region of the city, and has there remained in practice ever since. He is a member of the New York County Medical Society, the New York County Medical Association, the New York State Medical Society, the American Medical Association, the Physicians' Mutual Aid Association and the Kings County Alumni Association. In politics he is a Democrat. His present address is No. 371 Manhattan Avenue, New York.

MITCHELL, Winthrop Dodd, 1862–

Class of 1887 Med.

Born at East Orange, N. J., 1862; studied in public schools; prepared for college at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass.; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1887; Interne at St. Vincent's Hospital, New York, two years; studied in Vienna, Munich and Dublin; on staff of St. Michael's Hospital, Newark, N. J., 1893-1900; Visiting Surgeon, St. Michael's, since 1900; Health Officer, East Orange, N. J., 1894-1900.

WINTHROP DODD MITCHELL, M.D., of East Orange, New Jersey, was born in that city on May 7, 1862. He is descended from some of the earliest settlers of that region, his father,

WINTHROP D. MITCHELL

Aaron P. Mitchell, having been descended from the Peck family, which settled in Orange in 1641, and his mother, whose maiden name was Anna Elizabeth Dodd, tracing her ancestry to the Dodds, who made their home there in 1639. His early education was received in the public schools of the town, after which he went to Phillips Academy, at Andover, Massachusetts, and pursued its college preparatory course. Instead of going on with a regular college course, however, he went directly to Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, for a three years' professional course, and was there graduated in 1887, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. For the ensuing two years he served as an Interne at St. Vincent's Hospital in New York, and then went abroad to continue his studies. After spending a year and a half in Vienna, Munich and Dublin he returned to New York and spent two years in association with his preceptor, Professor Frederic S. Dennis. In 1893 his father died, and he thereupon removed from New York to his old home in East Orange, of which place he was Health Officer from 1894 to 1900. He entered the service of St. Michael's Hospital, Newark, New Jersey, in 1893, as a member of its Surgical Staff, and remained in that capacity until 1900. In the spring of the latter year Dr. William Pierson resigned his place as Visiting Surgeon to St. Michael's, on account of failing health — he died in June, 1900 — and designated Dr. Mitchell as his successor. Dr. Mitchell has accordingly served in that capacity since that time, in addition to conducting his own private practice. He is a member of the Essex County Medical Society and the Orange Mountain Medical Society. He was married on April 9, 1889, to Harriet Morgan, of Worcester, Massachusetts, and has one child: Beatrice Mitchell.

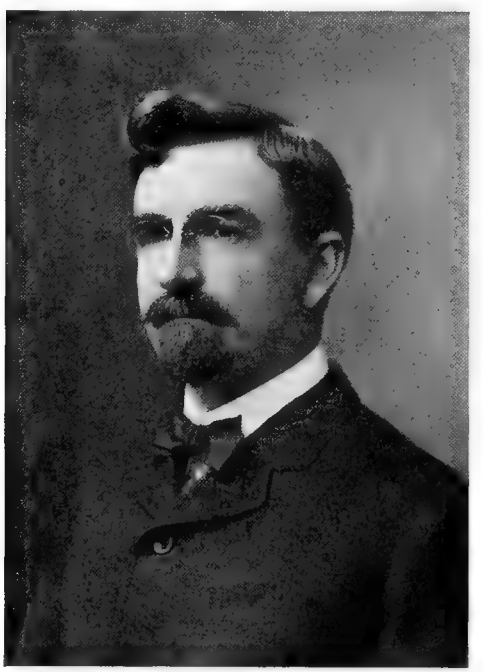
SNOW, Sargent F., 1861–

Class of 1887 Med.

Born at Reading, N. Y., 1861; studied at University of Vermont; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1887; engaged in practice since 1887; specialist in diseases of ear, nose and throat.

SARGENT F. SNOW, M.D., son of Lyman P. C. and Elizabeth (Robbins) Snow, of French and English ancestry, was born at Reading, New York, in 1861, and studied in the common schools, the Dundee Preparatory School, and the University of Vermont. He was for some years engaged in teaching in the common schools and Dundee Preparatory School. Finally he entered the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1887. For the next four years he was engaged in general practice at Skaneateles, New York, and then, after taking a post-graduate course of study in the New York Medical School, he settled in Syracuse, New York, where he has ever since been engaged in a highly successful practice, limited to ailments of the nose, ear and throat. He is a member of the international Otological Congress, the American Laryngological, Rhinological and Otological Society, the American Medical Association, the New York State Medical Society, the Central

New York Medical Association, the Onondaga County Medical Society, the Onondaga Medical Association, the Syracuse Academy of Medicine, and the Century Club and Citizens' Club of Syracuse. In a paper on "Hemicrania," in 1894, Dr. Snow called particular attention to the middle turbinate region of the head, emphasizing the fact that pressures in that locality were often the cause of sick headaches, besides severe cranial neuralgias. In one on "Intranasal Growths" he again emphasized the importance of a close scrutiny of the olfactory regions, and pointed out the fact that many



SARGENT F. SNOW

cases of chronic catarrhal deafness and laryngeal catarrh proved amenable to treatment after free drainage of this locality was attained. In a paper on "Aural and Laryngeal Tuberculosis," published in 1895, a report of cases showing the benefits of a winter residence in the Adirondacks was made, and the opinion advanced that in the Adirondacks these tubercular patients could find the climatic and physical environment required, and that they improved more in the fall and winter than in the summer months. In a paper read in 1897, entitled "The Adirondacks in Winter for Tubercular Patients," these points were again emphasized, and cases cited to show that not only the incipient but those in the second stage received much benefit from an all the year around residence. In this article the opinion was ventured that "the State authorities will learn that those magnificent virgin forests constitute an all the year around sanitarium." He further said that "we can perhaps look again into the future and see the hospitals of adjacent cities relieved of their depressing and germ-producing tubercular cases because of hospitals or sanatoria located at some convenient spot in the woods." This prophecy seems now likely to prove true, and, together with the recommendations for an all the year around residence, appears to have been original. In the article on "Headaches from Nasal Causes," published in 1897, and later in an article on "Cephalagra and Tic-Douloureux," attention was again called to the great frequency of these reflex disturbances from such causes. In 1898 a paper with report of cases showing the possibilities of relieving long standing deafness of catarrhal origin was read before the American Laryngological, Rhinological and Otological Society. Again one entitled "20th Century Prognosis in Chronic Catarrhal Deafness," read at the 6th International Otological Congress in 1898 in London, pointed out the fact that with our improved facilities and appliances a prognosis based on results obtained under less favorable auspices was liable to be wrong, and that the author's experience indicated that many so-called incurable cases were capable of much improvement under modern advantages. Continued investigation in catarrhal deafness led to a paper on the "systemic factors" in this disease, which was read by invitation before the Section on Laryngology and Otology of the American Medical Association, held in Atlantic City in 1900. Emphasis was again laid on the systemic factors in a paper presented at the Laryngological, Rhinological and Otological Society in New York City in 1901, and again before the New York State Medical Society, entitled "The Constitutional State Versus Catarrhal Deafness," and in one recently presented at the American Laryngological, Rhinological and Otological Society, held in Washington in 1902, under the title "Points of Necessary Prominence in the Treatment of Chronic Catarrhal Deafness." Dr. Snow also accepted an invitation to read a paper before the Otological Section of Kings County Medical Society on "Personal Methods of Treating Chronic Catarrhal Otitis Media," March 20, 1902. In a paper on "Nasal and Aural Complications in Epidemic Influenza," presented at the Section of Laryngology and Otology, at the fiftieth annual meeting of the American Medical Association in

1889, and in a paper before the same section in 1902 at Saratoga, New York, on "Conservatism in the Treatment of Acute Mastoiditis," particular stress was laid on the benefit of continuous and prolonged application of cold in uncomplicated mastoiditis where free drainage through the drum and superior posterior wall is obtained and maintained. Careful nursing in these cases was pointed out as being absolutely imperative but productive of most brilliant results. Dr. Snow's bibliography includes: "Reflex Cough from Nasal Pressure," read before the Syracuse Medical Association; "Hemicrania and other Neuralgic Affections of the Head Relieved by Internasal Surgery," read before the Onondaga County Medical Society, June 13, 1893, and published in "The New York Medical Journal" for March 31, 1894; "Internasal Growths as Factors in Aural and Laryngeal Catarrh," read before the Syracuse Medical Association, March 21, 1893, and published in "The Medical Record" on August 18, 1894; "Aural, Nasal and Laryngeal Tuberculosis, with Special Reference to the Adirondacks as a Winter Health Resort," read at the twenty-eighth annual meeting of the Central New York Medical Association in Syracuse, October 15, 1895, and published in "The Buffalo Medical Journal" for December, 1895; "Headaches from Nasal Causes," read before the American Laryngological, Rhinological, and Otological Society in Washington, May 1, 1897, and published in "The Medical News," July 10, 1897; "The Adirondacks in Winter for Tubercular Patients," read before the Central New York Medical Association in 1897, and published in "The Buffalo Medical Journal," April, 1898; "Modern Possibilities in Chronic Catarrhal Deafness," read before the American Laryngological, Rhinological, and Otological Society, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, May 11, 1898, and published in "The Laryngoscope," St. Louis, December, 1898; "Catarrhal Deafness — a More Favorable Prognosis," read before the Medical Association of Central New York, October 18, 1898, and published in the "Buffalo Medical Journal," August, 1899; "Cephalagra and Tic-Douloureux from Accessory Sinus Affections," read before the American Laryngological, Rhinological and Otological Society, Cincinnati, June 2 and 3, 1899; "Aural and Nasal Complications in Epidemic Influenza," presented at the Section on Laryngology and Otology, at the fiftieth annual meeting of the American Medical Association in Columbus, Ohio, June 6, 1899, and published in "The Journal of the American Medical Association," November, 1898; "Twentieth Century Prognosis in Chronic Catarrhal Deafness," read at the 6th International Otological Congress in London, August, 1899, and published in "The Journal of Laryngology, London, November, 1899; "Systemic Factors in Catarrhal Deafness," read before the Section on Laryngology and Otology of the American Medical Association in Atlantic City, New Jersey, June 5–8, 1900, and published in "The Journal of the American Medical Association," March 23, 1901; "Observations on the Treatment of Catarrhal Deafness," presented at a meeting of the American Laryngological, Rhinological and Otological Society in New York City in 1901; "Deafness from Scarlet Fever," read before the Medical Association of Central New York at Buffalo, August 27, 1901, and published in "The Buffalo Medical Journal," November, 1901; "Constitutional State Versus Catarrhal Deafness," read before the New York State Medical Society, January, 1902; "Local and General Treatment of Chronic Catarrhal Otitis Media," read by invitation before the Section on Laryngology, Rhinology and Otology of the Medical Society of the County of Kings, March 20, 1902; and "Salient Points in the Treatment of Catarrhal Deafness," read before the Medical Association of Central New York, October 21, 1902. He was married on December 5, 1888, to Mrs. Mary A. Van Orden, daughter of Joseph Allen of Skaneateles, New York. His address is No. 707–713 University Block, Syracuse, New York.

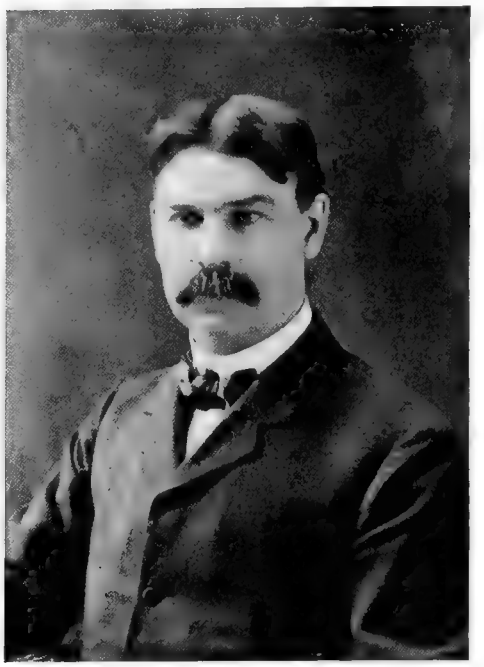
THOMPSON, Amos Walter, 1862–

Class of 1887 Med.

Born at Roxbury, N. Y., 1862; studied in public schools at Roxbury and Stamford, N. Y.; in business life; studied medicine privately; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1887; post-graduate courses at Johns Hopkins and Bellevue Hospital; in practice since 1887.

AMOS WALTER THOMPSON, M.D., son of James H. and Jane (Amos) Thompson, of Scotch ancestry, was born at Roxbury, New York, on December 16, 1862, and studied in the public schools of Roxbury and Stamford, New York. After some time spent in business employment he studied medicine under Drs. Cartwright and Scott, at Roxbury, and then came to the New York University Medical College, from which he was graduated a Doctor of Medicine in 1887. He afterward pursued special courses at Johns Hopkins University

and Bellevue Hospital. Since graduation he has been engaged in the practice of his profession. He is a member of the American Medical Association and the American Medical Society, and in politics is a Republican. His address is No. 530 Broadway, Saratoga Springs, New York.



AMOS W. THOMPSON

CHAS. J. TOMER

TOMER, Charles Judson, 1864–

Class of 1887 Med.

Born at Bath, N. Y., 1864; studied at Watkins Academy, 1881-82, and Haverling Union School, 1883-84; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1887; in practice since 1887.

CHARLES JUDSON TOMER, M.D., son of Phineas Alexander Tomer and Jennett (Townsend) Tomer, of English and German ancestry, was born at Bath, New York, on January 2, 1864, and until the age of twenty years lived and worked on a farm, meantime studying at the Watkins Academy in 1881–82 and the Haverling Union School, 1883–84. In 1884 he began the study of medicine with Dr. J. D. Mitchell of Savona, New York. Later he came to the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1887, since which time he has been engaged in the practice of his profession. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church, the Steuben County Medical Society, and the Masonic Order. In politics he is a Republican, and he has been Health Officer of Savona for twelve years. He was married on November 16, 1887, to Mary Ellen Feagles, who has borne him three children, one of whom died in infancy. His address is Savona, Steuben County, New York.

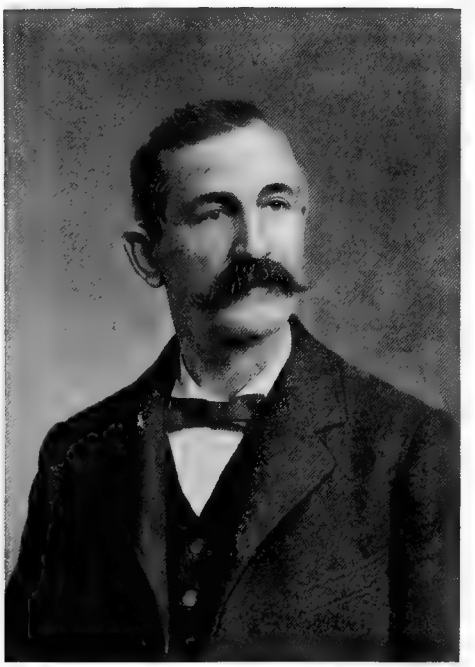
TOMLINSON, William James, 1847–

Class of 1887 Vet.

Born at Loyalsock, Pa., 1847; studied in public school and under tutor; enlisted in Union Army, 1864; in lumber business, 1866-84; in Veterinary Department of University of Pennsylvania; graduated D.V.S., American Veterinary College, 1887; in practice and business since 1887.

WILLIAM JAMES TOMLINSON, D.V.S., a son of Stephen and Margaret (Hoffman) Tomlinson, was born at Loyalsock, Pennsylvania, on March 22, 1847. He studied in a public school until 1864, when he enlisted in the Union Army and served until the end of the Civil War. Upon the return of peace he entered the business of a lumberman, in which he was engaged from 1866 to 1884, and studied Veterinary Medicine with Dr. James A.

Marshall, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. In 1885 he spent one term in the Veterinary Department of the University of Pennsylvania and then entered the American Veterinary College of New York, which



W. J. TOMLINSON

is now a part of New York University. From the latter he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Veterinary Surgery in 1887, since which date he has been engaged in the practice of his profession at Williamsport, Pennsylvania. He is a Free Mason, Past Master of Eureka Lodge No. 335, a member of Lycoming Royal Arch Chapter, No. 222, Adoniram Council, Royal and Select Masons, Baldwin II. Commandery No. 22, Knights Templar, Williamsport Consistory, Thirty-Second Degree, a Noble of the Mystic Shrine, a member of the William Howard Club of Knights Templar, of the Grand Army of the Republic, and of the American Veterinary Medical Association. He was married on January 6, 1870, to Malina Herman, and has five children: John F., Flora M., Charles E., Sarah S., and Lula M. Tomlinson. His office is at No. 230 State Street, and his home at No. 320 Mulberry Street, Williamsport, Pennsylvania.

TOWNSEND, Gerard Bostwick, 1868–

Class of 1887 Sci., 1889 Law.

Born in New York, 1868; studied in Adelphi Academy, Brooklyn; graduated B.S., New York University 1887, and LL.B., New York University Law School, 1889; in practice since 1889; in firm of Einstein & Townsend since 1894; Lieutenant, U. S. Navy, 1898.

GERARD BOSTWICK TOWNSEND, LL.B., son of William Halsey and Frances Cornelia (Bostwick) Townsend, was born in New York City on April 13, 1868. His preparatory education was acquired at the Adelphi Academy, Brooklyn, New York, and in 1883 he entered the scientific course of the College of Arts and Science of New York University. He was graduated in 1887 with the degree of Bachelor of Science, and in the following fall entered the New York University Law School, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1889. Before graduation he served for some time as a law student and clerk in the office of Townsend, Dyett & Einstein. Since 1894 he has been a member of the firm of Einstein & Townsend, at No. 32 Nassau Street, New York.

G. B. TOWNSEND

From April to September, 1898, he was Lieutenant in the United States Navy. He was married on June 5, 1901, to Helen B. Houghton.

WHITMORE, Walter Savage, 1849–

Class of 1887 Med.

Born in New York City, 1849; studied in public school and Perrineville, N. Y., Academy; engaged in

commercial pursuits; Inspector of Permits, New York City; studied medicine and graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1887; in practice since 1887; President of Board of Health, Monmouth County, N. J., 1890-99.

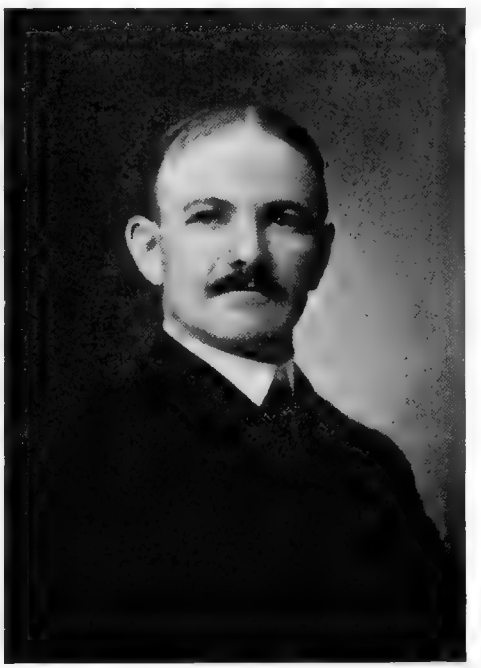
WALTER SAVAGE WHITMORE, M.D., is a son of John N. Whitmore of New York, and Margaret A. (Savage) Whitmore of Raleigh, North Carolina, and was born in New York City on October 18, 1849. He studied in Ward School No. 44, in New York, and at the Perrineville Academy, Perrineville, New York, and then entered mercantile life. Under the Mayoralty of A. Oakey Hall he was an Inspector of Permits in New York. Finally he turned his attention to medicine, and in March, 1887, was graduated from the New York Medical College with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Since that time he has been engaged in practice in Monmouth County, New Jersey. From 1890 to 1899 he was President of the Board of Health of that county, and he is now Surgeon of the Second Troop, New Jersey National Guard, and a member of the Medical Staff of the Monmouth Memorial Hospital at Long Branch. He is also a member of the Monmouth Boat Club, the Masonic Order, the Improved Order of Red Men, the Heptasophs, and the Ancient Order of United Workmen. He was married to Harriet A. Hume on January 18, 1894, and lives at Oceanic, Monmouth County, New Jersey.

ADAMS, Charles Murray, 1859–

Class of 1888 Med.

Born at Scottsburg, N. Y., 1859; studied in common, graded and normal schools; taught school, 1879-81; in business as accountant, 1881-86; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1888; in practice since 1888.

CHARLES MURRAY ADAMS, M.D., a physician and surgeon of Williamsport, Pennsylvania, was born at Scottsburg, New York, on October 11, 1859, the son of John S. Adams and Nancy (Peck) Adams, and a descendant of the Adams, Monroe, Peck, Otis, Harrison and Hubbard families. His early life was spent on a farm, and in his boyhood he attended the Harford Graded School in Susquehanna County, Pennsylvania, until 1876. He then taught school for a short time, after which he pursued a course in the State Normal School at Mansfield, Pennsylvania. From 1879 to 1881 he was again engaged in school teaching, and then, until 1886, was in business life as an accountant for several concerns in Pennsylvania and New York. Finally he entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and was graduated a Doctor of Medicine in 1888. Since that date he has been steadily and successfully engaged in the practice of his profession in Williamsport, Pennsylvania, his present address being No. 1025 West Fourth Street, in that city. He is President of the Lycoming County Medical Society, a member of the surgical staff of the Williamsport Hospital, and a member of the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the American Medical Association, and the Ross Club of Williamsport.



C. M. ADAMS

In politics he has always been a Republican, and in religion he is a member of the First Baptist Church, of Williamsport. He was married at Mansfield, Pennsylvania, on May 30, 1883, to Emma Ferguson, who died on April 29, 1901, leaving no children.

BARRY, Albert Frank, 1867–

Class of 1888 Med.

Born at Nashua, N. H., 1867; studied in public schools and under tutor; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1888; in practice since 1889; City Physician for Providence, R. I.

ALBERT FRANK BARRY, M.D., son of Timothy and Helen (Malloy) Barry, was born at Nashua, New Hampshire, on November 25,

1867, and studied in the public schools of that place and of Bridgeport, Connecticut. He was prepared for college under a private tutor, and in the fall of 1885 entered the Medical College of New York University, from which he was graduated in 1888 with the Doctor's degree. After some practice in a private hospital in New York he established himself in the fall of 1889 in Providence, Rhode Island, where he has since remained. He is a City Physician for Providence, and medical examiner for several life insurance companies and fraternal orders. He is a member of the Providence Medical Association and the Rhode Island Medical Society. On October 11, 1894, he was married to Elizabeth Celestine McAuliffe, and has two children: Hope W. and Albert Frank Barry, Jr. His address is No. 424 Broadway, Providence, Rhode Island.

CRITCHERSON, William Dana, 1858–

Class of 1888 Med.

Born at Niantic, R. I., 1858; attended public school, Westerly, R. I.; graduated D.V.S., American Veterinary College, 1883; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1888; private practice, Norwich, Connecticut, 1884-85; Surgeon to New York & Harlem Railroad Company, 1885-96; Surgeon to American Express Company since 1896.

WILLIAM DANA CRITCHERSON, D.V.S., M.D., was born at Niantic, Rhode Island, on September 11, 1858, the son of Samuel Weeden and Lydia Ann Critcherson, the latter born Hiscox, his ancestry being English and Welsh. He studied at the public school at Westerly, Rhode Island, and then entered the American Veterinary College in New York, which is now a part of New York University. There he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Veterinary Surgery in 1883, and was House Surgeon from 1883–84. From March, 1884, to October, 1885, he was engaged in private veterinary practice at Norwich, Connecticut. Then he became Veterinary Surgeon to the City Line of the New York & Harlem Railroad Company, the street railroad on Fourth and Madison avenues, in New York. He served in that capacity until July, 1896, since which time he has been Surgeon to the American Express Company in New York. He has also a large private practice in Veterinary Surgery, his clients including private individuals and business corporations. While engaged in veterinary work he devoted a part of his attention to medical studies, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the New York University Medical College in 1888. He is a member of the American Veterinary Medical Association and the General Alumni Society of New York University. In the Masonic Order he takes high rank, having been Master of Excelsior Lodge, No. 195, in 1892 and 1893; High Priest of Jerusalem Chapter, No. 8, in 1894; and Grand Representative of Grand Lodge of Illinois since February 19, 1894. He is a Republican in politics. He was married on June 8, 1886, to Emma Starkey Davis of Troy, New York, and has five children:

W. D. CRITCHERSON

Marion Zuleika, Phyllis Marie, William Dana, Harold Davis and Samuel Critcherson. His address is New York City.

CURRIE, Thomas Jefferson, 1862–

Class of 1888 Med.

Born at Searsville, N. Y., 1862; studied at Walkill Academy, Middletown, N. Y.; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1888; Interne, Harlem Hospital, New York, 1888-1890; in private practice, New York, 1890-91; Assistant Physician in Willard State Hospital, Willard, N. Y., since 1891.

THOMAS JEFFERSON CURRIE, M.D., is the son of John Currie, and grandson of Thomas Currie of Scotland, who married Mary Twineham and came to this country in 1827, set-

tling in Orange County, New York. Through his mother, whose maiden name was Jane Ann Millspaugh, daughter of Virgil Millspaugh and Hannah McVay Millspaugh, Dr. Currie is of English ances-

THOMAS J. CURRIE

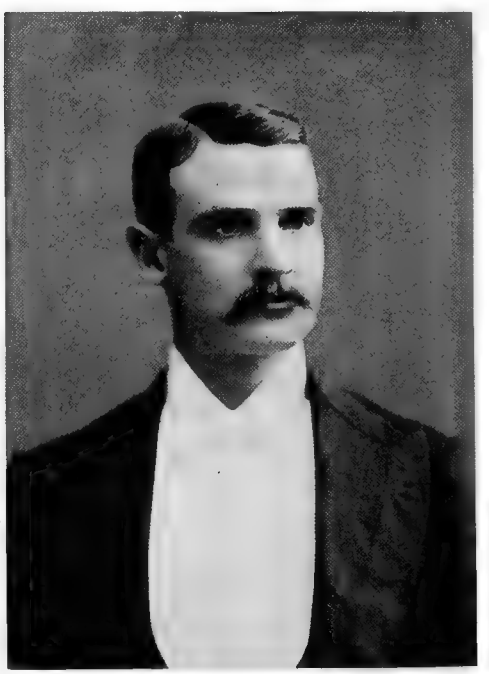
try. He was born at Searsville, Orange County, New York, on November 9, 1862, and received his early education in the local public schools. Thence he went to Walkill Academy at Middletown, New York. Having completed his academic course, he chose the medical profession as his vocation, and entered the Medical College of New York University, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1888. For two years thereafter he served as an Interne in the Harlem Hospital in New York, and then for a year was engaged in private practice in the same city. In 1891 he entered the service of the state as Junior Assistant Physician in the Willard State Hospital at Willard, New York, and he is still in that institution, as Second Assistant Physician. That hospital is one of the principal institutions for the insane maintained by the State of New York, and is for the care and treatment of acute as well as chronic patients. Dr. Currie has been a member of the American Medical Association, and is at present a member of the county and local medical societies. He also belongs to a lodge of Masons and a chapter of Royal Arch Masons at Ovid; a commandery of Knights Templar at Ithaca; and Damascus Temple of the Mystic Shrine at Rochester, New York, and is a member of the Seneca Club in Ovid, New York. He was married on September 23, 1902, to S. Louise Laird.

DEDRICK, Albert Clinton, 1864–

Class of 1888 Med.

Born at Cranston, R. I., 1864; studied in public school and business college; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1888; in practice since 1888; City Physician and Chairman of Health Board, Fall River, Mass., since 1900.

ALBERT CLINTON DEDRICK, M.D., was born at Cranston, Rhode Island, on December 10, 1864, the son of Albert Clinton Dedrick, M.D., and Sarah (Abbott) Dedrick. His father was a graduate of the Albany Medical College, an Army Surgeon during the Civil War, and a successful practitioner down to his death in 1889. His mother, who is still living, is of English birth. He was educated in the public school of Centreville,



A. C. DEDRICK

Rhode Island, the Mowry & Goff School, Providence, and the Bryant & Stratton Business College, Providence, Rhode Island. He began his medical studies with his father, and completed them in the Bellevue

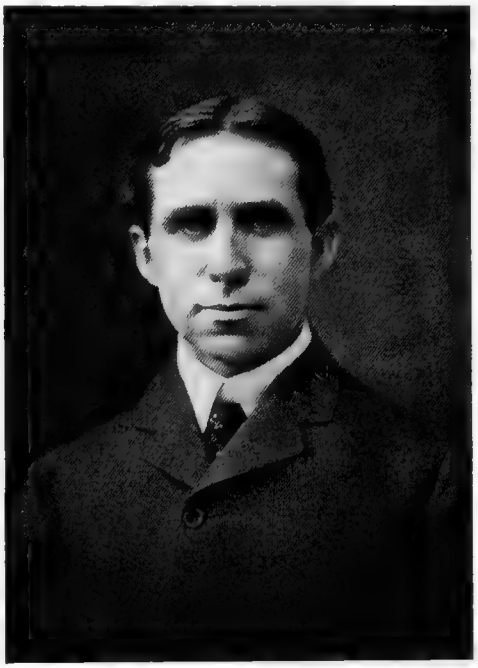
Hospital Medical College of New York, now a part of New York University. He was graduated with the Doctor's degree in 1888, and since August 27th of that year has been in practice in Fall River, Massachusetts, of which city he has been City Physician and Chairman of the Health Board since March 5, 1900. He is a medical examiner for various prominent life insurance companies and fraternal organizations, and is a member of the Free Masons, Odd Fellows, Knights of Pythias, Ancient Order of United Workmen, Sons of St. George, and other orders, and the American Health Association. He was married on January 24, 1894, to May Leslie Law of Fall River, Massachusetts, and has one child, Albert Clinton Dedrick, Jr. His address is No. 247 North Main Street, Fall River, Massachusetts.

DRAYTON, Albert Irving, 1869–

Class of 1888 Sci.

Born in Jersey City, N. J., 1869; studied in public and private schools and high schools, Jersey City and Montclair, N. J.; graduated B. S., New York University, 1888; studied law for three years in private law office, and at same time in Columbia University Law School; attorney at law in New Jersey, 1891; counselor at law, 1895; Treasurer of New Jersey Title and Abstract Company, 1891-95, and President and General Manager since 1895; member of law firm of Condict, Black & Drayton since 1901; director and trustee of various corporations.

ALBERT IRVING DRAYTON, who was born in Jersey City, New Jersey, on August 14, 1869, is the son of Henry S. and Almira Elizabeth Drayton, the latter born Guernsey. His paternal grandparents were William R. and Mary M. Drayton, and his maternal grandparents were Dr. Henry and Martha J. Guernsey. His education was acquired in private and public schools of various grades, including grammar and high schools, in Jersey City and at Montclair, New Jersey. In 1884 he was matriculated at New York University, in the School of Science, and was graduated in 1888 with the degree of Bachelor of Science. He then entered the law office of Randolph, Condict & Black, attorneys and counselors in Jersey City, and studied there for three years, during which time he was also a student in the Law School of Columbia University. He was admitted to the Bar of New Jersey as an attorney at law in November, 1891, and as a counselor at law in February, 1895. On January 1, 1901, he became a member of the firm under which he had studied, reorganized under the name of Condict, Black & Drayton, and still maintains that connection. He became Treasurer of the New Jersey Title & Abstract Company of Jersey City in 1891 and filled the place until 1895, since which latter date he has been President and General Manager of the same corporation. He is associated with some other companies as a director or trustee. In the University Mr. Drayton was a member of the Delta Phi Fraternity, and he is now Vice-President of its Alumni Association, and a member of the Alumni Association of Gamma Chapter. He is President of the Jersey City Golf Club, and a member of the Hudson County Bar Association, the New Jersey State Bar Association, the University Club of Hudson County, the Cosmos Club, the Jersey City Chess Club, and the Deal Golf Club. He was married on October 14, 1896, to Sarah Conselyea Traphagen, and has two children: William Rood and Grace Traphagen Drayton. Both his home and his office are in Jersey City, New Jersey.



ALBERT I. DRAYTON

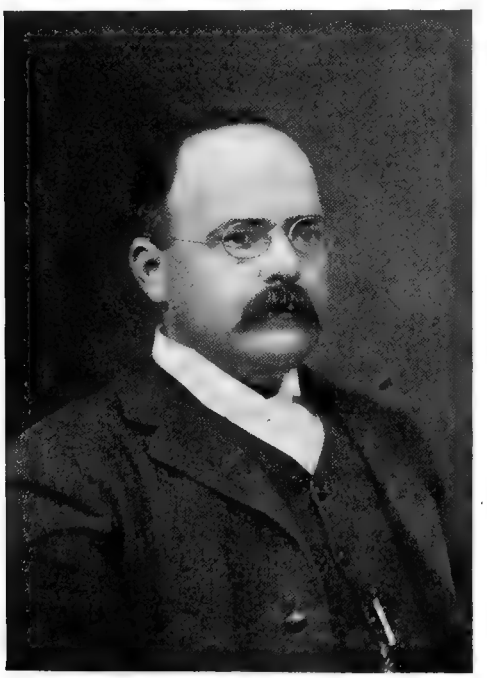
FARWELL, George Davis, 1858–

Class of 1888 Med.

Born at Allegheny, N. Y., 1858; studied at high school, Titusville, Pa.; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, with honors, 1888; worked at telegraphy during school and college career; served

in Charity Hospital and De Milt Dispensary, New York; in practice in Elmhurst, B. Q., New York, since 1896.

GEORGE DAVIS FARWELL, M.D., is a son of John Davis Farwell, a descendant of Alvah Farwell, who came from England early in the Seventeenth Century, and also from General Israel Putnam, the Revolutionary hero. On the side of his mother, whose maiden name was Caroline Ruth Richardson, Dr. Farwell is descended from the illustrious Robert Bruce, the hero king of Scotland. He was born at Allegheny, New York, on



G. D. FARWELL

February 22, 1858, and three years later was taken by his parents to the oil regions of Pennsylvania, where his father amassed a considerable fortune and became one of the leading citizens of Titusville. The boy was educated in the public schools and high school of Titusville. At the age of fourteen years he began work in the office of the Western Union Telegraph Company at Titusville, as a messenger. Two years later he became an operator. In 1880 he removed to New York and continued his work as a telegraph operator in the main office of the Western Union Company. Later he worked for the same company in the New York Stock Exchange, and in the telegraph departments of the "World," "Sun," and "Herald" newspapers. In 1884 he went back to Pennsylvania and engaged in the oil brokerage business at Warren, and while there joined the Knights of Labor and was elected Master Workman of the lodge. The next year, however, he returned to New York and entered the Medical College of New York University. During his vacations he worked for the Western Union Telegraph Company again, chiefly in the telegraph room of "The New York World." He also did telegraph work at night during a part of his college course attending lectures and studying during the day. Despite this double work he greatly excelled in his studies and in 1888 was graduated with honors. Since that time he has been steadily engaged in the practice of his profession. For a year and a half after graduation he was an Interne at the Charity Hospital, serving as House Physician and Surgeon, and receiving the diploma of the hospital in 1890. For two years he was assistant to Dr. Giles, Eye and Ear Surgeon at the De Milt Dispensary, and was also associated with Dr. Winters, in the Children's Department of the same institution. For a year he practiced at Turner's Falls, Massachusetts, the present home of his father. Then he returned to the metropolis and established himself in 1896 at Elmhurst, now a part of the Borough of Queens, New York City. There he has had down to the present time a steadily increasing and profitable practice. He is now an Associate Surgeon of St. John's Hospital, Long Island City, and local Surgeon to the Long Island Railroad Company. He is a member of the Queens-Nassau Medical Society, the Association of Long Island Railroad Surgeons and the New York State Association of Railroad Surgeons. He joined the Masonic Order at Turner's Falls in 1892, and in 1898 was elevated to the Royal Arch degree.

FORD, Charles Milton, 1863–

Class of 1888 Med.

Born at Belfast, N. Y., 1863; studied at Belfast Academy; graduated at Hamilton College, A.B., 1885, A.M., 1888; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1888; graduated City Hospital, New York, 1889; in practice in New York since 1889; member Faculty, New York University Medical College, 1889-97; Professor of Anatomy, New York Dental School, since 1895, and Dean of Faculty since 1899; Visiting Surgeon, Randall's Island Hospital, since 1896.

CHARLES MILTON FORD, M.D., son of Sidney A. and Rosie (Allen) Ford, was born at Belfast, Allegheny County, New York, on Febru-

ary 25, 1863. His early education was acquired at the Belfast schools and Academy, whence he proceeded in 1881 to Hamilton College. In that institution he pursued the regular classical course,

CHAS. MILTON FORD

and was duly graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1885. Three years later Hamilton College gave him the degree of Master of Arts. Meantime he had entered the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1888. A year and a half of work and study in the New York City Hospital followed, and late in 1889 he was graduated from that institution, and began the practice of his profession in New York, where he is still located. In addition to his practice he has also spent much time in teaching. Dr. Ford became an Assistant Demonstrator of Anatomy in the New York University Medical College in January, 1889, and filled that place until May, 1897. He was an Instructor in Operative Surgery from October, 1892, to May, 1898, and an Instructor in Clinical Surgery from October, 1890, to October, 1897. He entered the Faculty of the New York Dental School as Professor of Anatomy in March, 1895, and still fills that place, and since June, 1899, has also been Dean of the Faculty of that school. Since 1896 Dr. Ford has been a Visiting Surgeon to Randall's Island Hospital. He is a member of the New York County Medical Society, of the Physicians' Mutual Aid Society, of the City Hospital Alumni Association, and of the Alpha Delta Phi Fraternity. In 1895–1898 he was a member of the New York Naval Reserve. Dr. Ford was married on January 8, 1895, to Georgie Hickok, daughter of George Starr Hickok. They have two children: Evangeline C. and Marguerite Starr Ford. His address is 523 West 141st Street, New York City.

GLAUBIT, Robert William, 1864–

Class of 1888 Med.

Born in New York, 1864; studied in public school; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1888; engaged in drug business, 1877-88; in medical practice from 1888-92 and since 1894 in Brooklyn, New York.

ROBERT WILLIAM GLAUBIT, M.D., who comes of German ancestry, is a son of Robert William and Dora (Schripfer) Glaubit, and was born in New York City on November 28, 1864. His early education was acquired in Public School

R. W. GLAUBIT

No. 24 of Brooklyn. At the age of thirteen he was employed in a drug store, and he continued in that business until 1888. Meantime he studied in the Medical College of New York University, and was

graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1888. Thereupon he began the practice of his profession in Brooklyn, and has continued therein steadily to the present time, with the exception of a brief retirement in 1892–1894. In 1890 he was the first President of the Physicians' Bowling Club of Brooklyn. He is a member of the Bushwick Social Club, the Arion, Concordia, and Richard Wagner Singing societies, the Harmony Glee Club, and the Masonic Order. He was married on November 28, 1891, to Augusta C. Kroder, and has two children: Marguerite and Chester Glaubit. His address is Brooklyn, New York.

HOUGHTON, Elihu Russell, 1864–

Class of 1888 Med.

Born in Jersey City, N. J., 1864; studied in private schools in America and Europe, and Ithaca, N. Y., High School; served at sea, and in U. S. Navy; graduated A.B., Amherst College, 1885, A.M., 1888; graduated M.D., 1888, Bellevue Hospital Medical College; served in various hospitals, and U. S. Immigration and Marine Hospital service; in practice in New York City.

ELIHU RUSSELL HOUGHTON, M.D., was born in Jersey City, New Jersey, on March 26, 1864, of English, French and Irish ancestry, the son of Elihu Reed Houghton and Louise (Seymour) Houghton. He was educated in various private schools in France, Germany, and America, and pursued a college preparatory course in the Ithaca, New York, High School. Thence he went to Amherst College, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1885. He entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1888, and in the same year also took the degree of Master of Arts at Amherst. Another school to which he attributes much of his education was that of poverty and hard work. He describes himself as having entered it at the age of seventeen. In following its courses he served before the mast on a five months' fishing cruise to Labrador, as a deck hand on a tug boat in New York Harbor, and as an able seaman in the United States Navy on the schooner "Eagre." Immediately after his graduation as a physician, he was appointed to the Bellevue Hospital staff, but resigned and went to the Brooklyn, New York, Hospital. He left that institution in March, 1889, to go to the United States Marine Hospital at Stapleton, Staten Island. In 1890 he was appointed Resident Physician in the United States Immigration Service, but resigned in July of the same year to return to the Marine Hospital Service as an Assistant Surgeon. He filled that place for four years, and for two years more was Passed Assistant Surgeon in the service. Finally, in 1896, he retired from the government service to engage in private practice in New York. From 1896 to 1900 he was a Visiting Physician to the Good Samaritan Dispensary, and in 1898 was a vaccinator in the Health Department of New York. For several months he had a class in medicine at the Out-door Department of Roosevelt Hospital, and for six months

E. R. HOUGHTON

he was one of the Home Office Medical Examiners of the New York Life Insurance Company. He is a member of the New York County Medical Society, and is now a Democrat in politics, though prior to 1899 he was a Republican. He was married on October 6, 1891, to Mary Louise Phillips of Brooklyn, New York, and has three children: Seymour Phillips, Augustus Sherrill, and Russell Le Roux Houghton. His address is No. 103 West 91st Street, New York.

JARMAN, George Wallace, 1861–

Class of 1888 Med.

Born at Murfreesboro, Tenn., 1861; studied in Preparatory Department, Union University, Murfreesboro;

graduated A.B., Southwestern University, Jackson, Tenn., 1881; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1888; in practice since 1888; co-author of "Practical Obstetrics."

GEORGE WALLACE JARMAN, A.B., M.D., son of George W. and Penelope (Carothers) Jarman, was born at Murfreesboro, Tennessee, on

GEORGE W. JARMAN

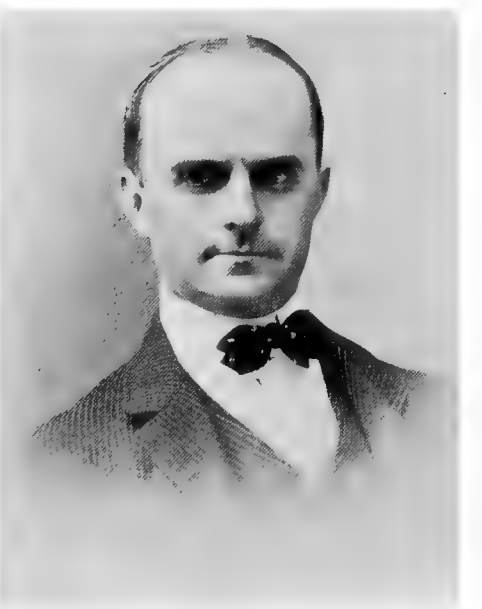
December 28, 1861. He was prepared for college in the Preparatory Department of Union University at Murfreesboro, and in 1881 was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts from the Southwestern University at Jackson, Tennessee. Later he became a student at the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1888. He next served in, and was graduated from, the New York Cancer Hospital, and Roosevelt Hospital, and for five years was Obstetrical Surgeon to the Metropolitan Hospital on Blackwell's Island. He is a member of the New York Academy of Medicine, the New York County Medical Society, the West End Medical Society, the New York Obstetrical Society, and the American Gynecological Society. He is an Attending Gynecologist to the General Memorial Hospital, and Chief of Clinic in the Gynecological Department of the Vanderbilt Clinic. He is one of the authors of "Practical Obstetrics," by Grandin and Jarman. He was married on October 12, 1893, to Patty Shelby Hammond of Memphis, Tennessee, and lives at No. 54 West 76th Street, New York.

KERLEY, Charles Gilmore, 1863–

Class of 1888 Med.

Born at Red Hook, N. Y., 1863; studied in public schools and Seymour Smith Institute, Pine Plains, N. Y.; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1888; four years Resident Physician in New York Infant Asylum, Mount Vernon, N. Y.; one year of study and hospital work in Munich, Bavaria, and Vienna, Austria; in practice in New York since 1893; Lecturer at Polyclinic and Physician to Babies' Hospital; Attending Physician to New York Infant Asylum, New York.

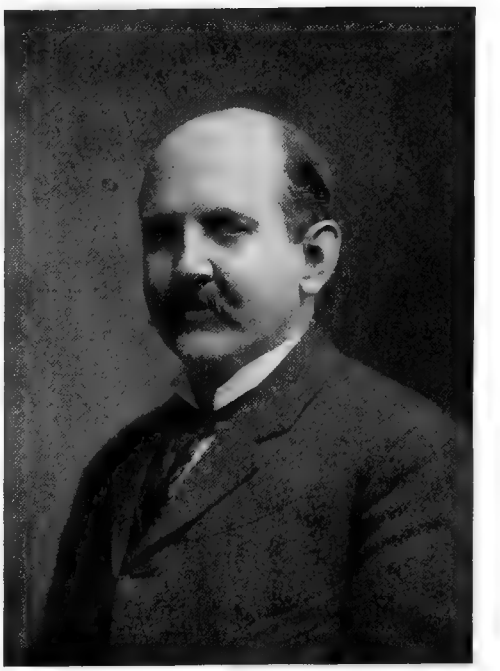
CHARLES GILMORE KERLEY, M.D., who was born at Red Hook, Duchess County, New York, on June 23, 1863, is the son of James R. and Eliza Kittle (Pitcher) Kerley, and is descended from Holland Dutch settlers of Manhattan Island in 1635. He was educated in public schools and in the Seymour Smith Institute at Pine Plains, New



CHARLES GILMORE KERLEY

York, and then entered the New York University Medical College, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine on March 8, 1888. There followed four years of service as Resi-

dent Physician in the New York Infant Asylum at Mount Vernon, New York, after which he went abroad for a year of study and hospital work in Munich and Vienna. For six months he was Assistant Resident Physician at the Bavarian Frauenklinik, under Geheimrath Franz von Winkel. Then he returned to New York and since January 1, 1893, has been actively engaged in the practice of his profession in that city. He is also a Lecturer on the Diseases of Children at the New York Polyclinic Medical School and Hospital, Attending Physician to the New York Infant Asylum, New York, Assistant Attending Physician to the Babies' Hospital, New York, and Physician to the Out-patient Department of that institution. He is a member of the American Pediatric Society, the New York Academy of Medicine, the Hospital Graduates' Club of New York, the West End Medical Society, the New York County Medical Society, the New York County Medical Association, and the New York Physicians' Mutual Aid Association. He was married on April 15, 1896, to Beth McClannin, and has one child, Barbara Kerley. His address is No. 113 West 83rd Street, New York.



JOHN A. KNAPP

KNAPP, John Amos, 1855–

Class of 1888 Med.

Born in Mount Vernon, N. Y., 1855; acquired preliminary education in public schools of his native city; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1888; in practice since 1888; served in New York Dispensary, and in Mount Vernon Hospital.

JOHN AMOS KNAPP, M.D., is the son of John and Anne (Morton) Knapp. He is of English and German descent, and was born in Mount Vernon, New York, on February 18, 1855. His preliminary education was acquired in the public schools of that city, after which he entered the Medical College of New York University. He was graduated from the latter in 1888 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Since the latter date he has been engaged in the practice of his profession, in addition to private practice serving for a year and a half in the Out-door Department of a New York Dispensary, and in the Mount Vernon Hospital ever since the foundation of that institution. He is a member of the Westchester County Medical Society, the Jenkins Medical Association, the Mount Vernon Medical Association, the Sirwanoy Club, the Free and Accepted Masons, the Royal Arch Masons, and the Knights Templar. In politics he is a Republican. He was married to Emily C. Schenck on September 15, 1892, and lives in the City of Mount Vernon, New York.

KNOPF, Siegmund Adolphus, 1857–

Class of 1888 Med.

Born at Halle, Germany, 1857; studied in Higher Municipal School, Halle, evening high school, New York, University of Southern California, Bellevue Hospital Medical College (graduated M.D., 1888), and University of Paris (graduated B.S. and B.L., Sorbonne, 1891, and M.D., Faculty of Medicine, 1895); travelled extensively; in general practice, 1888-90; sanatorium and hospital work, and consultation practice in tuberculous diseases, since 1890; author of numerous works.

SIEGMUND ADOLPHUS KNOPF, M.D., the distinguished authority on tuberculous diseases, is a son of Adolphus and Nannina (Bock) Knopf, and was born at Halle on the Saale, Germany, on November 27, 1857. He studied for a time in the Higher Municipal School of Halle, and then, coming to the United States, continued his studies in an evening high school in New York. After a course in the University of Southern California he entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which is now a part of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1888.

He had already been an Interne at the Los Angeles County Hospital, California, in 1886, and upon graduation at Bellevue he returned to Los Angeles and engaged in general practice in 1888–90, after which he went abroad for further study and experience. He was graduated from two departments of the University of Paris, France, receiving the degrees of Bachelor of Science and Bachelor of Law from the Sorbonne in 1891 and the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the Faculty of Medicine in 1895. Meantime he was, in 1892–95, an Assistant to the Medical and Surgical clinics in Paris. In 1895–96

S. A. KNOPF

he was Assistant Physician to Professor Dettweiler at the Falkenstein Sanatorium in Germany. Since his return to New York in 1896 he has been Attending Physician to the Lung Department of the New York Throat and Nose Hospital, Consulting Physician to the Gabriels Sanatorium at Gabriels, New York, and Vice-president of the Pennsylvania Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis. His practice is now limited to consultations in cases of tuberculous diseases. He was honorary Vice-President of the British Congress on Tuberculosis in 1901, and Chairman of the Committee on the Relief of the Sick Poor of the New York State Conference of Charities and Corrections in 1902. He is now a member of the Executive Board of the Committee for the Prevention of Tuberculosis of the New York Charity Organization Society. He is a Fellow of the American and New York academies of Medicine, an Honorary Fellow of the Maine Academy of Medicine and Science, and of the Sociedad Cientifica "Antonio Alzate" of Mexico, a corresponding member of the International Bureau for the Prevention of Tuberculosis, Berlin, and a member of the New York State and County Medical societies, the American and New York State and County Medical associations, the New York Society of Medical Jurisprudence, the German Medical Society of New York, the American Public Health Association, the Société d'Hygiène et Médecine Publique of Paris, the City Club of New York, and the Masonic Order. He is a Laureate of the Academy of Medicine, Paris, 1896, of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Philadelphia, 1898, of the Institute of France, Paris, 1900, and of the Berlin Congress for the Combatting of Tuberculosis as a Disease of the Masses, 1900. His published works include "Les Sanatoria, Traitement et Prophylaxie de la Phtisie Pulmonaire," Paris, 1895, 2nd ed., 1900; "Pulmonary Tuberculosis: Its Modern Prophylaxis and Treatment in Special Institutions and at home," Philadelphia, 1899; "Die Tuberkulose als Volkskrankheit und deren Bekämpfung," Berlin, 1900; "Tuberculosis as a Disease of the Masses and How to Combat It," New York, 1901; article on "Diagnosis, Prognosis, Prophylaxis and Treatment of Tuberculosis" in "Twentieth Century Practice of Medicine," Vol. xx; the New York Medical Journal's Prize Essay, "How to Treat Habitual Constipation," October 26, 1901; and numerous papers on the medical and social aspects of consumption, general hygiene, medical sociology and medical education. He was married on October 19, 1889, to Perle Nora Dyar, and lives at No. 16 West 95th Street, New York.

LOWE, William Herbert, 1862–

Class of 1888 Vet.

Born at Little Falls, N. J., 1862; studied at public and private schools and at Alexander Military Academy, White Plains, N. Y.; graduated Columbia Veterinary College, 1883; graduated D.V.S. (ad eundem degree), American Veterinary College, 1888; in practice since 1883; officer of various organizations; author and editor.

WILLIAM HERBERT LOWE, D.V.S., one of the most prominent veterinary surgeons, is a native of Little Falls, New Jersey, where he was born on June 6, 1862. His father, J. Payne Lowe,

was a descendant of Sir Hudson Lowe, the Governor of St. Helena when Napoleon Bonaparte was imprisoned there, and was a native of Ireland. He came to this country when a young man, and as a writer, lecturer and publisher was one of the first pioneers of veterinary science here, and was a Trustee of the Columbia Veterinary College. Dr. Lowe's mother, whose maiden name was Susan M. English, was a native of the State of Michigan. Dr. Lowe was sent in his boyhood to various public schools, on Long Hill and in the Passaic Valley, New Jersey, and in New York City. He also attended a private school in Paterson, New Jersey, for a time, and completed a course at the Alexander Military Institute at White Plains, New York. Then he entered the Columbia Veterinary College in New York, of which his father was a trustee, and was graduated from it in 1883. For the next two years he was assistant to the late Dr. J. F. Mustoe, who at that time had an extensive veterinary practice in Brooklyn, New York. In 1885 he began the practice of his profession in the City of Paterson, New Jersey, and has there remained ever since. The Columbia Veterinary College was merged into the American Veterinary College in 1884 and in 1888 Dr. Lowe received from the latter the ad eundem degree of Doctor of Veterinary Surgery. His diploma was duly certified by the New York Board of Regents of the State University, and he was registered as a legal practitioner in New York City, but he elected to devote most of his attention to his practice in New Jersey. He was a Trustee of the American Veterinary College, and he continued in that place until the merging of the college into New York University. He was one of the first of the trustees to favor and advocate this consolidation, and he was chairman of the committee which conducted the negotiations and completed the transaction. In his practice at Paterson Dr. Lowe has had a distinguished career. He established at Nos. 188–190 Ellison Street, Paterson, the Paterson Veterinary Hospital, said to have been the largest and best equipped institution of the kind in the State of New Jersey. There he conducted not only a hospital, but also a veterinary dispensary and an ambulance service, with a large ambulance for horses and a small one for dogs and other animals. He was from 1887 to 1893 United States Veterinary Officer of the Port of New York, and Superintendent of the Federal Animal Quarantine Station, at Garfield, New Jersey. He is City Veterinary Surgeon of Paterson and connected with the Paterson Board of Health, and Veterinary Expert for the State of New Jersey. He is President of the Veterinary Medical Association of New Jersey, Treasurer of the American Veterinary Medical Association, ex-President of the Alumni Association of the American Veterinary College, Honorary Fellow of the Medical Association of the American Veterinary College, honorary member of the Veterinary Medical Association of New York County, a Good Roads Commissioner of the State of New Jersey, appointed by the Governor, a member of the New Jersey State Sanitary Association, and Chairman of the Committee on Animal

WM. HERBERT LOWE

Diseases and Animal Foods of that body, President of the Veterinary Alumni of New York University, a member of the Board of Managers of the Paterson General Hospital, Chairman of the Committee of the American Veterinary Medical Association on Army Veterinary Legislation, a member of the Hamilton Club of Paterson, and the North Jersey Country Club near Paterson. He is a vestryman of St. Paul's Episcopal Church of Paterson, and President of St. Paul's Men's Association. Dr. Lowe is a member of Ivanhoe Lodge, No. 88, F. & A. M., of Adelphic Chapter, No. 33, R. A. M., Terry Council, No. 6, Royal and Select Masters, and of Melita Commandery, No. 13, Knights Templar, all of Paterson, New Jersey. He is a collaborator on

"The American Veterinary Review," and compiler of "The Veterinary Medical Register" of the State of New Jersey. He was the author of the chapters on "Non-Contagious Diseases of the Organs of Respiration," "Surgical Operations," and "Tumors," in the work on "The Diseases of Cattle," published by the United States Department of Agriculture in 1892. He was largely instrumental in securing legislation in New Jersey requiring registration of all practitioners of veterinary medicine and surgery, and is now seeking the establishment of a State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners. The New Jersey Legislature of 1902 enacted Dr. Lowe's bill entitled "An Act to Regulate the Practice of Veterinary Medicine, Surgery and Dentistry in the State of New Jersey, to License Veterinarians and to Punish Persons Violating the Provisions Thereof," which was duly approved by Governor Murphy and is now Chapter 18, Laws of 1902. This law provided for the appointment of a State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners by the Governor. Governor Murphy promptly appointed Dr. Lowe a member of the State Board and when the Board held its first meeting at the State Capitol at Trenton, the Doctor was elected President by a unanimous vote. Practitioners entering the veterinary profession in New Jersey now have to be graduates of recognized colleges requiring at least a three years' course, and must pass a satisfactory examination before the State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners. The office of the board has been established at the President's office in Paterson, and the examinations are held semi-annually at the State House in Trenton. In the year 1900 he was the organizer of the consolidation of the three state veterinary societies hitherto existing in New Jersey into one strong and harmonious association — the Veterinary Medical Association of New Jersey. When Dr. Lowe merged the three state societies into one organization he was the recipient of an ivory and gold gavel, and when the new law was placed upon the statute books the profession presented to him a silver table service as a token of their appreciation of his labors in behalf of the profession. He was married on October 4, 1893, to Carrie Amiraux, daughter of the late Dr. J. C. Amiraux, formerly City Physician of Paterson. His residence is at No. 441 Ellison Street, Paterson, and until 1902 his offices were in the Paterson Veterinary Hospital Building at Nos. 188–190 of the same street. A conflagration on February 9, 1902, destroyed the Paterson Veterinary Hospital buildings and most of their equipment, The Veterinary Archives of New Jersey, Dr. Lowe's personal library, pathological and other specimens, and much that money cannot replace. Dr. Lowe's offices are now in the temporary quarters of the Paterson Veterinary Hospital at the corner of Paterson and Van Houten streets. Dr. Lowe has many expressions of sympathy for his great loss of property by fire from prominent members of the veterinary profession of the old world as well as from the profession in America.

LYLE, Alexander, 1866–

Class of 1888 Med.

Born in New York, 1866; studied in public schools and at Freehold, N. J., Institute; graduated 1888, M.D., New York University Medical College; Interne of Charity Hospital, 1888-89; in active practice since 1889; Adjunct Professor of Surgery, New York Polyclinic.

ALEXANDER LYLE, M.D., son of Alexander and Eliza Sydney (Moore) Lyle, was born in New York City on February 9, 1866. His early

ALEXANDER LYLE

education was acquired in the public schools, after which he was sent to the Freehold Institute at Freehold, New Jersey, to be fitted for entrance to Princeton University. He completed the course and was well prepared for Princeton, but did not

enter that University. Instead he turned his attention at once to professional studies. He became a student in the New York University Medical College, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1888. For the next year and a half he served as an Interne of the Charity Hospital, in New York, gaining there much valuable practical experience. In 1889 he completed his hospital service and began the independent practice of his profession, in which he has ever since been engaged. Meantime he has paid some attention to hospital practice and to teaching. From 1892 to 1897 he was the "head of the class" in surgery in the Out-door Poor Department of the Presbyterian Hospital, and he is now Adjunct Professor of Surgery in the New York Polyclinic Medical School and Hospital. He is a member of the Charity Hospital Alumni, the American Medical Association, and the Lenox Medical and Surgical Society. He was married on April 16, 1890, to Sarah M. Schanck, and has three children: Alexander, Lisbeth, and K. Stuart Lyle. His address is No. 1043 Madison Avenue, New York.

MILLER, Cyrus Chace, 1866–

Class of 1888 Arts.

Born at Claverack, N. Y., 1866; graduated A.B., New York University, 1888; LL.B. (cum laude), Columbia College Law School, 1891; member of University Council since 1896; lawyer.

CYRUS CHACE MILLER, A.B., LL.B., is a son of Jacob F. and Laura Augusta (Chace) Miller, and was born at Claverack, New York, on November 2, 1866. While a student in New York University he was Treasurer of the Athletic Association, Captain of the Lacrosse Team, President of his class in the Senior year, Editor of "The University Quarterly" and a member of Zeta Psi. He was graduated with the Baccalaureate degree in Arts in 1888, and three years later received the Baccalaureate degree in Law from Columbia College Law School. Since 1891 he has been engaged in the practice of his profession in New York. He has been a member of the Council of New York University since 1896, and is prominently identified with the athletic and other interests of his Alma Mater. He is also a member of the Grolier Club, the Bibliophile Society, the Crescent Athletic Club, and the Bar Association of the Borough of The Bronx in the City of New York. His office is at No. 120 Broadway, New York City.

MILLER, James Alexander, 1864–

Class of 1888 Arts.

Born at Greenwood, N. Y., 1864; graduated A.B., New York University, 1888; Ph.D., Graduate Seminary of New York University, 1891; Union Theological Seminary, 1888-91; minister of Presbyterian Church, Angelica, N. Y., 1891-98; Franklin St. Presbyterian Church, Elmira, N. Y., since 1898.

JAMES ALEXANDER MILLER, PH.D., is a son of John and Eliza Jane (Knox) Miller, and was born at Greenwood, New York, on April 28, 1864. In New York University he was Historian of his class, Editor-in-Chief of "The University Quarterly," and a member of Psi Upsilon and Phi Beta Kappa. He was graduated with the Bachelor's degree in Arts in 1888, and spent the next three years in studying in the Graduate Seminary of the University and in the Union Theological Seminary. In 1891 he received from the University the degree of Doctor of Philosophy. In the Seminary he was President of his class. In 1891 he was ordained into the ministry of the Presbyterian Church, and was settled as pastor of the church at Angelica, New York, from which he was called in 1898 to the Franklin Street Presbyterian Church, Elmira, New York. He is the author of "Presbyterianism in Steuben and Allegheny." He was married on May 21, 1891, to F. Eva Miller of Bath, New York.

MOSER, William, 1868–

Class of 1888 Med.

Born in New York, 1868; studied in public school, Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute, and Packard's Business College; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1888; University of Berlin, 1892; New York Post-Graduate Medical School; served in various hospitals; in practice since 1892.

WILLIAM MOSER, M.D., son of John M. and Teresa (Foertsch) Moser, was born in New York on August 2, 1868, and attended Public School No. 16 in Brooklyn, the Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute, and Packard's Business College in New York. He was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the New York University Medical College in 1888, and from the University of Berlin in 1892, after which he also studied in the New York Post-Graduate Medical School. He began practice in Brooklyn in 1892, and has continued therein ever since. His hospital practice has been extensive, including service as Pathologist to St. Catharine's, St. Mary's, and the Williamsburg hospitals, and as Physician to the German Hospital, all of Brooklyn. He was also expert pathologist for

the state in the murder trial of Mrs. Martha M. Place. He is the author of "The Motility of the Red Blood Cells," published in several articles in "The Medical Record," and of "Anomalous Lobula-

WILLIAM MOSER

tions of the Liver," published in the same journal. He has also made numerous short contributions in pathology and neurology to "The New York Medical Journal," "The Medical Record," "The Brooklyn Medical Journal," and "The Philadelphia Medical Journal." Most, if not all, of these articles have been entirely original and their theories accepted by the medical profession. Dr. Moser is a member of the Kings County Medical Society and the Brooklyn Pathological Society. He was married on September 19, 1900, to Josephine Bossert, and lives at No. 573 Decatur Street, Brooklyn, New York.

O'GRADY, John Joseph, 1867–

Class of 1888 Law.

Born in London, England, 1867; brought to America in 1870; studied in public schools, under private tutors, and in New York University Law School; graduated LL.B., 1888; in practice in New York since 1888.

JOHN JOSEPH O'GRADY, LL.B., was born of Irish parents in the City of London, England, on September 16, 1867. His paternal grandparents were James O'Grady of Limerick, Ireland, and Ellen (Norris) O'Grady of Cork. His maternal grandparents were Jeremiah and Alice (Fox) Dowling, of Charleville, Cork, Ireland. His father, James O'Grady, born in Turene, Cork, Ireland, and his mother, Catherine Dowling, born in Charleville, lived in their native towns until they were about twenty years of age. They were married on November 9, 1862, in London, England, and had ten children, four of whom died in infancy and a fifth at the age of sixteen years. The subject of this sketch was their third, and when he was in his third year he was brought, with the rest of the family, to the United States. The home was made at Newburgh, New York, and in the public schools and academy of that city Mr. O'Grady received his early education. He was graduated from the Newburgh Academy in June, 1885, and in the following year pursued a course under private tutors. In the fall of 1886 he entered the New York University Law School, and became the treasurer of his class. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in June, 1888, and then entered the office of Richard J. Morrison, who was then Public Administrator of

JOHN J. O'GRADY

the City of New York. On December 3, 1888, Mr. O'Grady was admitted to practice at the Bar of New York, and since that date has been actively and successfully engaged in the pursuit of his profession. In

politics he is a Democrat, and he is a member of the Tammany Hall organization in the Thirty-third Assembly District of New York. He is active and earnest in party work, but has held no public office. He has long been much interested in athletics, and is a member of the Crescent Rowing Club, and has been its President since 1895. He is also a member of the Foresters of America, the Knights of Columbus, the Catholic Benevolent Legion, and the Pocasset Club. He was married on April 27, 1898, to Alice E. Kinnelly, daughter of Michael J. and Ellen Kinnelly of Yulan, Sullivan County, New York, and has one child, Dorothy O'Grady, born on June 13, 1902. Mr. O'Grady's home is at No. 131 East 109th Street, New York.

PFAFF, Otto, 1864–

Class of 1888 Med.

Born at Croghan, N. Y., 1864; studied at Carthage Union Free School; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1888; village trustee, Health Officer, and Mayor; in practice since 1888.

OTTO PFAFF, M.D., is the son of Jacob and Anna Katharine Pfaff, who came to this country from Germany in 1851. He was born at

OTTO PFAFF

Croghan, Lewis County, New York, on January 9, 1864, and acquired his general education at the Union Free School of Carthage, Jefferson County, New York. Later he decided to enter the medical profession, and accordingly became a student in the New York University Medical College. Here he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1888, and shortly afterward he began practice at Turin, in his native county. After three years of successful practice there he removed in 1891 to Oneida, Madison County, New York, where he has since remained. He has been a village trustee, and Health Officer, and finally Mayor of the City of Oneida. He is a member of the American Medical Association and the Lewis County Medical Society, and has been President of the latter. He belongs also to the Masonic Order, the Knights of Pythias, the Order of Odd Fellows, the Oneida Golf Club, and the Business Men's Club of Oneida. In his professional work he is eminently successful and prosperous. He was married on October 22, 1891, to Adella T. Williams, only daughter of William R. Williams of Oneida.

PROCTOR, James William, 1863–

Class of 1888 Med.

Born at Windsor, Nova Scotia, 1863; studied in common schools; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1888; served in New York hospitals; in private practice since 1890; City Physician, Englewood, N. J., since 1898.

JAMES WILLIAM PROCTOR, M.D., son of William and Mary (Irons) Proctor, was born at Windsor, Nova Scotia, on June 13, 1863, and was educated in the common schools, after which he was engaged with his father for several years in the wholesale manufacture of boots and shoes. Finally he turned his attention to medical studies. He began the study of medicine at Dalhousie College, Halifax, Nova Scotia, in 1885, and completed it at New York University, from which institution he was graduated a Doctor of Medicine in 1888. For the next two years he served in the Chambers Street Hospital, New York, and for two years more was in private practice in that city. Then, in 1892, he settled in Englewood, New Jersey, where he has since remained in successful practice, and where he has been City Physician since 1898. He is also Attending Surgeon to the Englewood Hospital and to the Daisy Fields Home and Hospital for Crippled Children at Englewood. He has taken no active part in politics. He is a member of the Bergen County Medical Society, the Alumni Association of

J. W. PROCTOR

D. PALMER SMAGG

the New York Hospital, the Englewood Club, the Englewood Field Club, and the Englewood Golf Club. His address is Englewood, New Jersey.

SMAGG, Dudley Palmer, 1854–

Class of 1888 Med.

Born at Akron, Ohio, 1854; studied in public schools and under private tutors; graduated Ph.B., Mount Union College, Ohio, 1880; in newspaper work and printing, 1880-85; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1888; in practice since 1888.

DUDLEY PALMER SMAGG, PH.B., M.D., was born at Akron, Ohio, on June 1, 1854. His father, William Smagg, was of English birth and came to this country in 1838. His mother, whose maiden name was Almira Ostrander, was descended from the Van Ostranders who settled Ulster County, New York, in 1708. He studied in the public schools of Akron, and under Professor J. K. Wilder. He also studied medicine under Dr. Thomas MacEbright, a surgeon in the Civil War. He pursued a course in Mount Union College, Ohio, and was graduated from it in 1880 with the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy. For the next five years he was engaged in newspaper and printing work at Akron and at Chautauqua, New York. Finally he entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which has since been united with New York University, and was graduated a Doctor of Medicine in 1888. Since that time he has been practicing his profession in New York City, his address being No. 42 Edgecomb Avenue, where he has established the St. Nicholas Institute, a home for the sick. He is a Mason, an Odd Fellow, a member of the Presbyterian Church, and a member of the New York County Medical Association. He was married to Abbie A. Halloran of Rochester, New York, on September 22, 1886.

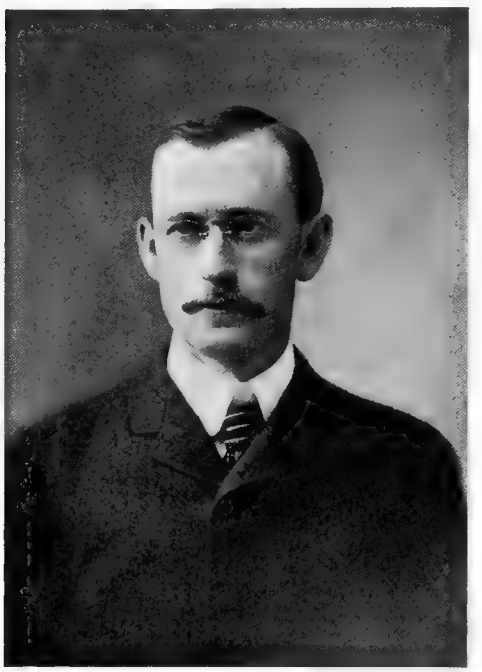
VROOM, William Loveridge, 1866–

Class of 1888 Med.

Born in Hoboken, N. J., 1866; studied in public schools and Kingston Academy; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1888; in practice since 1888; special course in New York Post-Graduate School, 1898; member Board of Education, Ridgewood, N. J., 1898-1900; Coroner of Bergen County, 1898-1901; Municipal Trustee and Treasurer of Ridgewood since 1900; Attending Physician to Home for Incurables, Ridgewood, since 1891.

WILLIAM LOVERIDGE VROOM, M.D., a prominent physician of Ridgewood, New Jersey, was born in Hoboken, New Jersey, on April 1, 1866, the son of William H. and Marietta (Gow) Vroom. His father, the Rev. William Henry Vroom,

D.D., is Pastor of the old Paramus church at Ridgewood, New Jersey and a son of William and grandson of Henry Vroom, William Vroom having been a first cousin to Peter D. Vroom, who was twice



W. L. VROOM

elected Governor of New Jersey. Dr. Vroom was educated in the public school at High Falls, New York, and the Kingston, New York, Academy. He then entered the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1888, since which date he has been engaged in the practice of his profession at Ridgewood, New Jersey. In 1898 he took a special course of study in the New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital. He has been Attending Physician to the Home for Incurables at Ridgewood since its foundation in 1891. From 1898 to 1900 he was a member of the Ridgewood Board of Education ; from 1898 to 1901 he was Coroner of Bergen County, New Jersey, and since 1900 he has been a Trustee of the Municipality of Ridgewood and also Treasurer of the same. He is a member of the Bergen County Medical Society, the New Jersey Medical Society, the American Medical Association, and the North Jersey Automobile Club. In politics he is a Republican. He was married on June 4, 1895, to Blanche Girard Miller of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, daughter of the late John H. and Cecilia (Fitzgerald) Miller. They have one child, Cecilia Miller Vroom.

WALLHAUSER, Henry J. F., 1865–

Class of 1888 Med.

Born in New York, 1865; studied in public and private schools; graduated State Board of Pharmacy, 1886; studied medicine privately; entered New York University Medical College, 1884, and graduated M.D., 1888; in practice since 1888; Dermatologist to Newark City Dispensary since 1897.

HENRY J. F. WALLHAUSER, M.D., a son of Henry and Marie (Kirchbaum) Wallhauser, was born in New York City in 1865, and was educated in public and private schools. At an early age he was compelled to enter business life, and he studied pharmacy in the drug store of Dr. D. W. Smith of Newark, New Jersey, in which he was employed in boyhood. In 1886 he was graduated by the State Board of Pharmacy. He began the study of medicine under Dr. Smith, and afterward entered the New York University Medical College, from which he was graduated with the

HENRY J. F. WALLHAUSER

degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1888. Since that time he has been engaged in the practice of his profession, largely in hospitals, in Newark, New Jersey. He became House Surgeon at St. Barna-

bas's Hospital in 1888, and served until 1892, when he was appointed Chief of the Out-door Surgical Department. In 1895 he was elected to the Medical Board as Visiting Physician, and is still in that place. From 1892 to 1897 he was an assistant in the Dermatological Clinic of St. Michael's Hospital, and since 1897 has been Dermatologist to the Newark City Dispensary. He is President of the Physicians' Club of Newark, and a member of the Essex County Medical Society. He was married in 1891 to Rachel A. Vogt, and has two children: Henry Andrew and George Marvin Wallhauser. His address is No. 47 New Street, Newark, New Jersey.

WEBSTER, D'Arcy Macon, 1866–

Class of 1888 Law.

Born at Richmond, Va., 1866; studied in public schools; graduated at Storer College, 1882; studied under tutors, taught school, and served in law office; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1888; in practice since 1888.

D'ARCY MACON WEBSTER, LL.B., who was born at Richmond, Virginia, on September 10, 1866, is a son of Peter and Susanna (Copeland) Webster, and a grandson of Colon Macon Webster of the British Army, a native of Dundee, Scotland, who settled in Virginia in 1820. Mr. Webster attended the public schools of Norfolk, Virginia, and then entered Storer College, from which he was graduated in 1882. Thereafter he continued the studies of Latin, Greek and Logic privately, under Professor L. B. Horton, in New York, and also taught in the public schools of Virginia for about four years. He next took up the study of law, and as a student entered the employ of the law firm of Lowery, Stone & Auerbach, of New York, in 1885, and in 1886 entered the Law Department of New York University, from which he was graduated in 1888 with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. Since 1888 he has been engaged in practice in the New York and Federal courts, making a specialty of corporation, customs and revenue law. He is an eloquent orator and a student of political and sociological questions and has written a number of essays, among them "The Adjustment of Labor Differences," "The Question of Organization," "Evolution of American Citizenship," "Strikes and Strikers," "The Consumer and the Trusts," "The Duty of Good Citizenship," and "Pushkin and the Russian School of Poetry." He is a member of the Society of Medical Jurisprudence, the New York Single Tax Club, the Students' Club of Brooklyn and the Alumni of New York University. He was married in 1888 to Elizabeth Hope, and

D. MACON WEBSTER

has two children: Mabel Genevive and Madge Hope Webster. He resides in Brooklyn, New York.

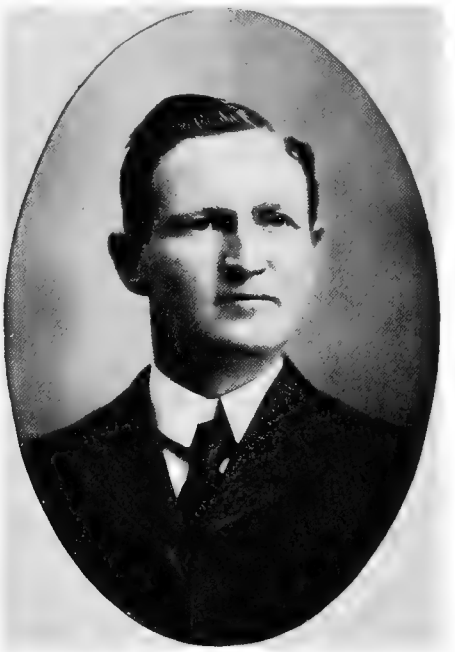
WILSON, William Harrison, 1863–

Class of 1888 Med.

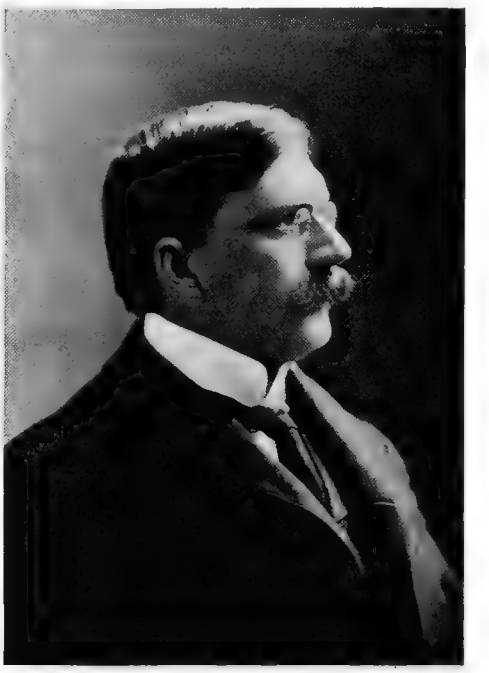
Born in Broome County, N. Y., 1863; studied in Binghamton Central High School; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1888; in practice since 1888; President of Village of Lestershire, N. Y., 1890, and Health Officer since 1890.

WILLIAM HARRISON WILSON, M.D., son of Alexander and Nancy Jane (Cartright) Wilson, was born at Choconut Centre, Broome County, New York, on October 30, 1863. After passing through the Binghamton Central High School he entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1888, since which date he has been actively engaged in the practice of his profession at Lestershire, Broome County, New York. He was President of that village in 1890, and has been its Health

Officer since 1890. He is a member of the Broome County Medical Society and the Binghamton Academy of Medicine, and has been a member of the Board of Education of Lestershire for the past six years, now being President of the Board. He also belongs to the Business Men's Club, the Masonic Order, and the Odd Fellows, and is a member and Medical Examiner of the Red Men, Knights of the Maccabees, and Ancient Order of United Workmen. He was married on October 24, 1892, to Ida J. Stalker.



WILLIAM H. WILSON



J. H. WITBECK

WITBECK, John Henry, 1863–

Class of 1888 Med.

Born at Fleming, N. Y., 1863; studied at Oakwood Seminary, 1880-83, Cazenovia Seminary, 1883-85, Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1885-88; graduated M.D., 1888; in practice since 1888.

JOHN HENRY WITBECK, M.D., son of Wilbur Tuttle and Mary J. (Hall) Witbeck, was born at Fleming, Cayuga County, New York, on October 31, 1863. He was a student at the Oakwood Seminary in 1880–83, at Cazenovia Seminary in 1883–85, and in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, in 1885–88. In the last named year he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, and on May 21st settled at Cayuga, New York, in the practice of medicine, in which he has continued there ever since. Since 1889 he has been Health Officer of the Town of Aurelius and Village of Cayuga. He is a member of the Cayuga County Medical Society, Salem Town Lodge No. 326, F. & A. M., the Masonic Order, and the Masonic Club of Auburn, New York, and in politics is a Republican.

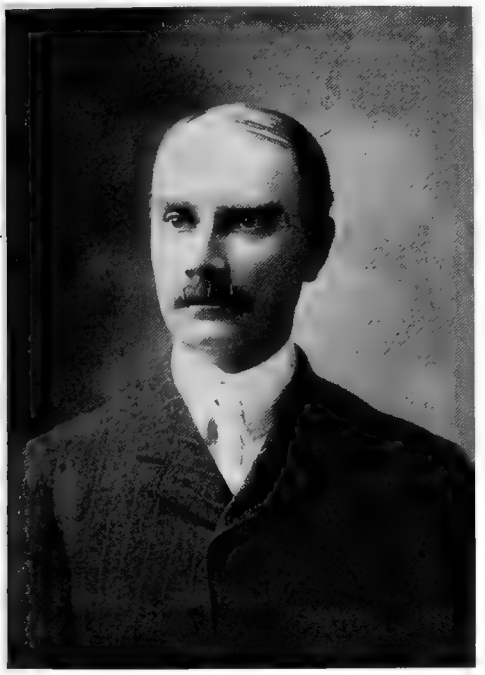
ANNABEL, F. C., 1860–

Class of 1889 Med.

Born at Howard, N. Y., 1860; studied in public school; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1889; practiced at Cameron, N. Y., 1889-90; at Elmira, N. Y., since 1890; physician and surgeon to Arnot Ogden Memorial Hospital; Coroner for City of Elmira.

F. C. ANNABEL, M.D., was born at Howard, Steuben County, New York, on January 31, 1860, the son of Frederick Latham Annabel, a farmer, who moved to Steuben County from Massachusetts with his father, Latham Annabel, a sea-captain. The early years of his life were spent on his father's farm and at the local public school, where the foundations of his education were laid, and well laid. In the year 1885 he entered the

Medical College of New York University and pursued its full course with admirable thoroughness, and was graduated with honors in the Class of 1889, with the Doctor's degree. He then went to the Town of Cameron, in Steuben County, New York, and practiced his profession for a year and a half. That place seemed to him, however, too small to afford sufficient opportunity for his practice, and he accordingly removed to the City of Elmira and established himself there. In that place he has since remained, enjoying a wide and successful practice, and commanding the confidence and esteem of all



F. C. ANNABEL

who know him. In addition to his private practice Dr. Annabel has for some years been a physician and surgeon on the staff of the Arnot Ogden Memorial Hospital. In that place he has shown himself painstaking and conscientious, and the hospital is regarded as fortunate in having so skilful and proficient a medical attendant. On April 2, 1900, Dr. Annabel was commissioned by Theodore Roosevelt, then Governor of the State of New York, as Coronor for the City of Elmira, and at the fall elections of that year he was elected to the same office, to succeed himself, for a term of three years. In addition to his educational and professional attainments, Dr. Annabel enjoys the advantages of a fine and commanding presence, rare personal magnetism, and a courteous and gracious address, and these qualities, added to his high integrity, naturally make him one of the most popular members of his profession in that part of New York State. He was married on November 25, 1893, to Bertha C. Dixon, the only daughter of William Dixon, a leading citizen of Elmira.

CARPENTER, Alfred Clark, 1866–

Class of 1889 Med.

Born at Greenville, N. Y., 1866; studied in public school and academy, Port Jervis, N. Y.; studied medicine privately; entered New York University Medical College, 1887, and graduated M.D., 1889; served in Randall's Island Hospital, 1889-90; Instructor in Gynecology, Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital, New York, 1891-96; Visiting Surgeon, Out-door Department, Bellevue Hospital, 1891-97; engaged in surgical and gynecological practice since 1890; conducts private sanatorium, New York.

ALFRED CLARK CARPENTER, M.D., is of Holland Dutch ancestry, the family having come hither in the Sixteenth Century. He is the youngest son of Ora G. and Phœbe Carpenter, and was born at Greenville, Orange County, New York, on September 16, 1866. In childhood he was sent to a small local public school, and at the age of ten began to attend a public school at Port Jervis, New York, to which place his parents had then removed. After a course in the academy at Port Jervis, he began the study of medicine in the office of Dr. William L. Cuddeback, in that place, and then, in the fall of 1887, entered the Medical College of New York University. There he was an apt and diligent student, and when he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1889, he won the high honors in his class. After graduation he entered a competitive examination for appointment upon the staff of the Randall's Island Hospital, and was successful. He served as House Surgeon in that hospital for a year and a half, and on retiring from the place received from the nurses and other employes a handsome testimonial showing the esteem in which he was held by them, a souvenir which he highly prizes. Dr. Carpenter was then asked by the Commissioner of Charities and Corrections to return to the island as medical superintendent, with a handsome salary. It was a flattering offer to so young a man, but he declined it and engaged in the practice of his profession upon his own account. While conducting a general practice, he has devoted his attention

chiefly to operative surgery and to gynecology, and in those important branches of the healing art he has won an enviable success. In the first five years of his practice he performed more than five hun-

ALFRED C. CARPENTER

dred laparotomies, with a mortality of less than two per cent. He has successfully performed the operation known as Cæsarean section. He performed with success abdominal section upon a patient only two months old, which is said to have been the youngest case on record. He is also said to be the only operator who has successfully introduced two Murphy buttons at one sitting in the same case. For the furtherance of his practice and the convenience and general advantage of his patients, Dr. Carpenter has for some years maintained a fine private sanatorium in East 19th Street, New York, where, in addition to the treatment of patients, he gives private instruction in gynecology to those who wish to make a specialty of that practice. He was an Instructor in Gynecology at the Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital in New York, from 1891–1896, and a Visiting Surgeon in the Out-door Poor Department of Bellevue Hospital for the five years from 1891–97 inclusive. He is the author of a number of published papers including, "Mechanical and Surgical Methods of Treating Retro-displacements of the Uterus," "On Endometritis," "Abdominal Section on Infants," "Vaginal Hysterectomy for Puerperal Sepsis," etc. He is a member of the New York County Medical Society.

CARROLL, Bradish Johnson, 1866–

Class of 1889 Sci.

Born in New York, 1866; studied at St. Austin's School, Staten Island; graduated B.S., New York University, 1889; studied at Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1890-93; member of Power Specialty Company since 1895.

BRADISH JOHNSON CARROLL, B.S., President of the Duval Metallic Packing Company and a member of various other corporations, was born in New York City on October 6, 1866, the son of Alfred Ludlow Carroll, M.D., and Lucy A. (Johnson) Carroll. His father was the son of Anthony and Frances A. (Ludlow) Carroll, and his mother was the daughter of Bradish and Louisa A. (Lawrence) Johnson. His primary and secondary education was acquired in St. Austin's School, on Staten Island, New York, under the Principalship of the Rev. Alfred G. Mortimer, and he there

BRADISH J. CARROLL

won the mathematical prize. From St. Austin's he came to New York University, entering the College of Arts and Science, and electing the scientific course. He was graduated with the degree of

Bachelor of Science in 1889, and for the next three years continued his scientific studies in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College. Ill health, however, in 1893 constrained him to abandon his course there without graduation. On regaining his health he entered business life, and in 1895 became a member of the engineering firm known as the Power Specialty Company, with which he is still identified as its Secretary. He is also President of the Duval Metallic Packing Company, and a Director of the "Manufacturers' Record" Publishing Company, of Baltimore, Maryland. In the University he was a member of the Psi Upsilon Fraternity, in which he retains an earnest interest. He is a member of the Union Club of New York, and of the Baltusrol Golf Club of Short Hills, New Jersey. He was married on January 29, 1895, to Marion Bowers, and has had three children: Bradish Johnson, Jr., Alfred Ludlow (deceased), and Marion Carroll. His office is at No. 126 Liberty Street, and his home at No. 221 West 79th Street, New York.

CASSELL, James Wilson, 1863–

Class of 1889 Med.

Born at Lexington, Ky., 1863; studied under tutors, in public and high schools of Chicago, and Medical Department of University of Southern California; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1889; served in Bellevue Hospital, 1889-90; in practice since 1890; on staff of Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital since 1892.

JAMES WILSON CASSELL, M.D., is a son of John William Cassell and Mary Agnes (Leeds) Cassell, and a descendant on both sides of ancestors who came from England, settled in Virginia, took part in the War for Independence, and then migrated to Kentucky. Among them were Zachary Taylor, President of the United States. Dr. Cassell was born at Lexington, Kentucky, on November 8, 1863, and began his education under private tutors there. When he was nine years old the family removed to Chicago, Illinois, and he studied in the public schools and high school of that city. Then, going to Los Angeles, California, for the sake of his health, he studied for two years in the Medical Department of the University of Southern California. His professional studies were completed in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, from which he was graduated a Doctor of Medicine in 1889. He was then appointed to the staff of Bellevue Hospital and served there for a year. Since 1890 he has been engaged in the general practice of his profession in New York City, and since 1892 he has been a member of the staff of the Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital. He is a member of the New York State Medical Association, the New York County Medical Society, the Medical Association of the Greater City of New York, the Harlem Medical Association, and the New York Physicians' Mutual Aid Association. He is the author of numerous papers read before medical societies. He was married on September

JAMES W. CASSELL

10, 1893, to Florence A. Ellison, and has one child, Wilson Romaine Cassell. His address is No. 152 West 132nd Street, New York.

CONSTABLE, Herbert Lee, 1865–

Class of 1889 Med.

Born at Blanchester, Ohio, 1865; studied in common and high schools; in newspaper work for seven years; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1889; Interne at Bellevue Hospital, 1889-91; in general practice since 1891.

HERBERT LEE CONSTABLE, M.D., is a son of Jasper and Adelia Ann (Cusick) Constable, and was born at Blanchester, Ohio, on December 17, 1865. His ancestors were English on both sides of the family. He studied in the common and high schools, and then engaged in

newspaper work for seven years. Finally he came to New York University, and was graduated from its Medical College with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1889. For two years thereafter he was an Interne in Bellevue Hospital, and since that service has been engaged in the general practice of his

HERBERT L. CONSTABLE

profession. He was married on June 17, 1895, to Helen Marjorie Saulpaugh, and lives at No. 72 West 48th Street, New York.

CRAMER, Jesse Grant, 1869–

Class of 1889 Arts.

Born at Covington, Ky., 1869; Boston University, 1885-86; graduated A.B., New York University, 1889; Columbia College Law School, 1889-91; teacher, Flushing, N. Y., 1891-92; Professor at Lehigh University, 1893-98; teacher, New York City, since 1900; A.M., New York University, 1894.

JESSE GRANT CRAMER, A.B., is a son of Michael John Cramer and Mary Frances (Grant) Cramer, the latter being a sister of General Ulysses S. Grant. He was born at Covington, Kentucky, on August 26, 1869. His college career was begun at Boston University in 1885–86, whence he came to New York University. Here he was Vice-President of his class, a member of Beta Theta Phi and Phi Beta Kappa, and Latin Salutatorian at Commencement. He was graduated in 1889 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. He then entered the Law School of Columbia College, in which he remained for two years. For the next year he was a teacher of modern languages in the Flushing Institute, at Flushing, Long Island, New York, and in 1893 became Assistant Professor of modern languages in Lehigh University, which position he resigned in 1898 to spend two years at the University of Leipsig in the study of Germanic philology and literature, philosophy, pedagogy, and Romance philology. Since 1900 he has been teaching French and German in the De Witt Clinton High School, New York City, and since 1901 he has been in charge of the French Department in the Thirteenth Street building of that school. In 1894 he received the degree of Master of Arts from New York University. His address from November 1st to April 1st is 325 West Twentieth Street, New York City, and from April 1st to November 1st it is 70 Lenox Avenue, East Orange, New Jersey.

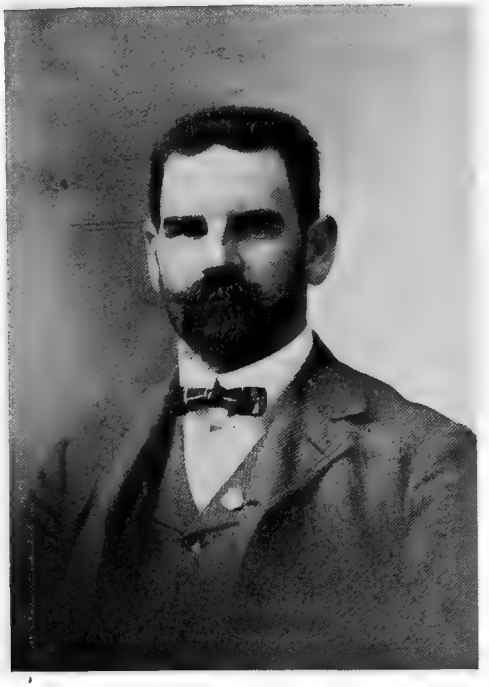
ELLIS, Robert Walter, 1865–

Class of 1889 Vet.

Born at Paterson, N. J., 1865; studied in public schools; graduated D.V.S., American Veterinary College, 1889; Lecturer on Obstetrics, American Veterinary College, 1897-99; Lecturer on Zoötechnics and Veterinary Jurisprudence, New York University Veterinary Department, since 1899; in practice in New York since 1889.

ROBERT WALTER ELLIS, D.V.S., son of Ezra and Victoria Denham (Lowe) Ellis, and of English ancestry, was born at Paterson, New Jersey, on November 9, 1865. His early education was acquired in the excellent public schools of Paterson and the vicinity. On reaching manhood he decided to become a Veterinary Surgeon, and accordingly entered the American Veterinary College in New York, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Veterinary Surgery in 1889. He then began the practice of his profession in New York, and has continued therein ever since, with gratifying success. He was called in 1897 to be Lecturer on Obstetrics in his Alma Mater, on invitation of the Faculty, and the next year was confirmed in the place by the Board of Trustees. In August, 1899, however, he resigned in order to aid in the amalgamation of that college and the New York College of Veterinary Surgeons with New York University, under the name of the New York-American Veterinary College. This was successfully

effected, and in September, 1899, he was appointed by the University Council Lecturer on Zoötechnics and Veterinary Jurisprudence in the newly organized institution. This latter position he still fills. Dr.



ROBT. W. ELLIS

Ellis was in 1896 elected Secretary of the Veterinary Medical Association of New York County, was re-elected yearly and kept in the office until the beginning of 1901, and in December, 1901, was elected President, which office he still holds. For two years he was Vice-President, and for the two years since he has been President, of the Alumni Association of the American Veterinary College. He is a member of the New York State Veterinary Medical Society, and is Secretary of it for New York County. He is a member of the American Veterinary Medical Association, which was organized in 1865 under the name of the United States Veterinary Medical Association. He assisted in organizing the Alumni Association of the New York American Veterinary College (Veterinary Department of New York University), and was present at the first meeting in the Academy of Medicine (New York), when the foundation for the General Alumni Association of New York University was laid, and has continued to be active in assisting to make that an accomplished fact. He is an Editor of "The American Veterinary Review," in association with Dr. A. Liautard and Dr. Roscoe R. Bell. He was married on June 17, 1893, to Genevieve M. Kirchner, only daughter of Captain William F. and Margaretta C. (Lehmkuhl) Kirchner, of New York.

FOSTER, Edgar Patterson, 1866–

Class of 1889 Law.

Born at Amsterdam, N. Y., 1866; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1889; in active practice in firm of Foster & Foster, New York, since 1889.

EDGAR PATTERSON FOSTER was born at Amsterdam, New York, on August 17, 1866. His father, Walter J. Foster, came from the Foster and Crane families of Vermont, and his mother, whose maiden name was Cecil Augusta Patterson, from the Patterson and Haglebone families of the Mohawk Valley, New York. He attended the public schools of Astoria, New York, and also received private instruction. At the age of eighteen years his inclinations turned toward the legal profession, and he entered, as a clerk and student, the law office of Atkins & Minor, of New York, and re-

EDGAR P. FOSTER

mained with them for two years. Next he entered the office of Foster & Stephens, of New York, and remained with them for one year. At the same time he was a student in the Law School of New

York University, and was graduated from it with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in May, 1889. At about the same time he was admitted to practice at the Bar of New York. He at once formed a partnership with his brother, Walter C. Foster, under the name of Foster & Foster, and that firm is still in prosperous practice in New York City. Mr. Foster is a Republican in politics, and at times has taken an active part in political affairs, though he has never been a candidate for office. He is a member of the Royal Arcanum, and in 1897 was Regent of Sunswick Council; of the American Legion of Honor, and in 1896 was Commander of Franklin Council; of the Masonic Order, and has been Junior and Senior Warden; of the Amityville Social Club, and of the Lincoln Republican Club of Long Island City. He is an ardent yachtsman and is one of the founders of the Unqua Corinthian Yacht Club of Amityville. He was married on September 12, 1894, to Mary Lovey Smith, and has one child, Cecil Lovey Foster. His home is at Amityville, Suffolk County, New York.

FREEBORN, James Livingston, 1871–

Class of 1889 Sci.

Born at Tivoli, N. Y., 1871; studied in public and private schools; graduated B.S. and C.E., New York University, 1889; in business and professional work since 1889.

JAMES LIVINGSTON FREEBORN, B.S., C.E., is a son of William and Eliza Crawford (Livingston) Freeborn, the former of whom was born in St. John's, New Brunswick, of Scotch-Irish descent, and the latter of whom was born at Callendar House, Clermont, New York, and was a direct descendant in the eldest line from Robert Livingston, of the Manor of Livingston, who came to this country in 1642. Mr. Freeborn was born at Tivoli, Dutchess County, New York, on February 8, 1871. He studied in public and private schools in San Francisco, California, until 1882, and then, until 1885, under the tutorship of Anton A. Reuter. In December, 1885, he entered the College of Arts and Science of New York University, being then less than fifteen years old. He elected the scientific course and pursued it with credit. He was a member of the Delta Phi Fraternity and Treasurer of his class in 1888. He was graduated in 1889 with the degrees of Bachelor of Science and Civil Engineer, and since that time has been steadily and successfully engaged in professional and business undertakings. He was Assistant Superintendent and Assistant Chemist of the Virginia Diffusion Sugar Company, at Morrisville, Virginia, in 1889–90; clerk and travelling salesman of securities for N. W. Harris & Co., bankers and brokers, of New York, in 1891–93; clerk for the Standard Oil Company in Brooklyn, New York, in 1893–94; Cashier for the Standard Oil Company in New York in 1894; Assistant Manager in Portland, Maine, in 1895, and Manager for the same company at Hartford, Connecticut, since 1895. In 1893–97 he was Postmaster at Tivoli, New York, where he maintains his permanent home, and from 1897 to 1900 he was

JAMES L. FREEBORN

dramatic critic of "The Hartford Courant," of Hartford, Connecticut, where he at present resides at No. 427 Main Street. He is a member of the Hartford Club, the New York Society of Sons of the Revolution, the Hartford Press Club, and the Connecticut Scientific Society, and has belonged to the New York Naval Militia since 1892. In politics he is a Republican. He was married on October 5, 1895, to Alice Eloise Adams of Boston, Massachusetts, and has one child, William Livingston Freeborn.

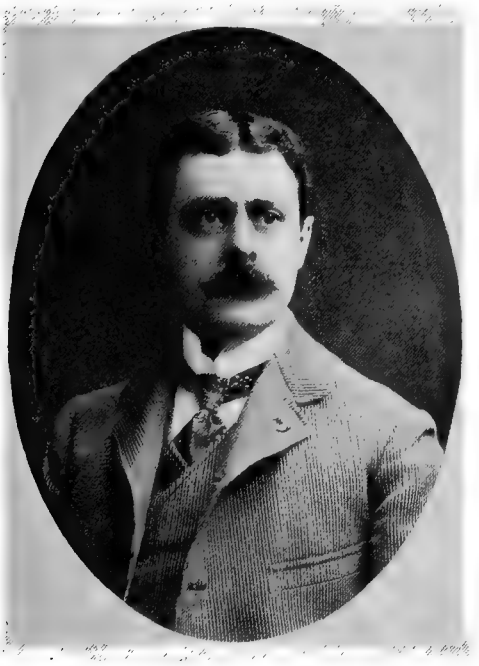
GROSSMAN, William, 1867–

Class of 1889 Law.

Born in New York, 1867; studied in public school and College of City of New York; graduated LL.B.,

New York University Law School, 1889; studied law in private offices; admitted to practice, 1889; in practice in New York City.

WILLIAM GROSSMAN, son of Henry Grossman and Catherine (Yasnigi) Grossman, was born in New York City on October 4, 1867, and received his early education under the public school system of the city. He was graduated from Public School No. 22 in June, 1882, as the Valedictorian of his class, and was thereupon admitted into the College of the City of New York, standing sixth in merit at examination in a class of about



WM. GROSSMAN

eight hundred. Ill health caused him to withdraw from the college and he never returned to it. Instead, he entered the Law School of New York University in October, 1887, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in May, 1889, as the Valedictorian of his class. Meantime he had begun the study of law in 1886 in the office of James P. Niemann, since District Attorney of Nassau County, New York. Later he entered the office of ex-Judge M. S. Isaacs, and remained there until he was admitted to the Bar. He was admitted to practice at the Bar of New York in June, 1889, but instead of beginning work at once he went to Oregon for his health. While there he was admitted to the Bar of that state in September, 1889. He remained there until May, 1890, when he returned to New York and formed a partnership with Louis J. Vorhaus, under the name of Grossman & Vorhaus. Some years later a consolidation was effected between that firm and another, composed of Frederick B. House, the eminent criminal lawyer, and Moses H. Grossman, brother of the subject of this sketch. The new firm, which is still in prosperous practice, bears the name of House, Grossman & Vorhaus. In the conduct of its business, William Grossman has charge of all surrogates', corporation, real estate and theatrical matters, in which last the firm has become particularly prominent. Mr. Grossman is a Republican in politics and was a candidate for Assemblyman in 1892 in one of the strongest Democratic districts in the city. Although he was not elected he had the satisfaction of polling the largest Republican vote ever cast in that district. He is a member of the Freundschaft Club, Mecca Temple of the Mystic Shrine, New York Consistory, A. A. S. R., Centennial Lodge F. & A. M., Knights of Pythias, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and the New York Press Club. He was married in New York on January 22, 1891, to Carrie Basch and has three children: Lillian, Beatrice and Ruth Grossman. His home is in New York City.

HANSON, Harry Dennett, 1868–

Class of 1889 Vet.

Born in New York, 1868; studied in public schools, College of City of New York, New York University Medical College, and American Veterinary College; graduated American Veterinary College, 1889, D.V.S.; in practice in New York since 1889; member of Faculty of American Veterinary College, 1891-99, and of New York American Veterinary College of New York University since 1899; editor and author.

HARRY DENNETT HANSON, D.V.S., was born in New York City on May 8, 1868. The family of his father, John Dennett Hanson, originally came from England in the Seventeenth Century and settled in Dover, New Hampshire, whence some members of it removed to Lyman, Maine. The ancestors of his mother, whose maiden name was Hannah Reed, came from Cornwall, England in the Seventeenth Century and settled at Providence, Rhode Island. In 1684 they removed to Rye, New York, and a few years later to Norwalk, Connecticut. Several members of the family served in the Revolutionary War. Dr. Hanson was educated in the public schools of New York, the College of the City of New York, the American Veterinary

College, and the Medical College of New York University. He was graduated from the American Veterinary College on March 4, 1889, receiving the degree of Doctor of Veterinary Surgery and also the Gold Medal Prize for passing the best general examination. Since that date he has been steadily engaged as a practitioner of veterinary medicine and surgery at Nos. 160 and 162 Eldridge Street, New York. In 1889 he became a student in the Medical Department of New York University and pursued his course there until February 1, 1891, when ill health prevented his taking the examinations and

H. D. HANSON

deprived him of the privilege of being graduated as a Doctor of Medicine. He was called in 1891 as an Assistant to the Chair of Theory and Practice of Veterinary Medicine and Clinical Medicine in the American Veterinary College. He filled that place and also the Professorship of Canine Pathology, Helminthology and Dermatology until 1899, when that college and the New York Veterinary College were consolidated into a department of New York University. He was then appointed Associate Professor of the Principles and Practice of Veterinary Medicine and Clinical Medicine in the New York American Veterinary College of New York University, which place he still holds. He is the author of "Practice of Equine Medicine," 1899, and of "Prescription Writing and Posology," 1900, both of which are used and highly recommended as textbooks in the veterinary colleges of the United States, Canada and England. He is a collaborator on "The American Veterinary Review" and is Veterinary Editor of "The Speedway and Amateur Reinsman." He is President of the Veterinary Medical Association of New York University, and was formerly President of the Alumni Association of the American Veterinary College. He is a member of the Committee on Pharmacopœia of the American Veterinary Medical Association, a member of the New York State Veterinary Medical Society, the New York County Veterinary Medical Association, the Alumni Association of the New York American Veterinary College, the New York Zoölogical Society and the Masonic Order. He was married on November 24, 1892, to Emma Watts and lives at No. 310 East 21st Street, New York, his office and hospital being at Nos. 160 and 162 Eldridge Street, New York.

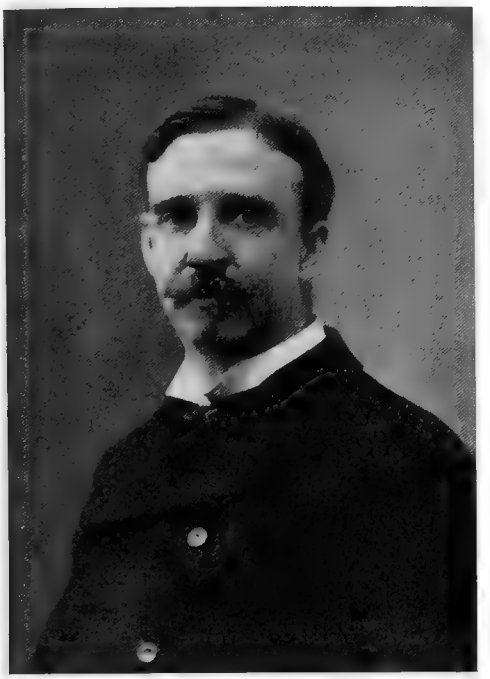
HAUBOLD, Herman Arthur, 1867–

Class of 1889 Med.

Born in New York City, 1867; studied in public schools; in insurance business four years; graduated Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1889; Interne St. Vincent's Hospital, 1889-90; Assistant in Physiology Bellevue College, 1890-98; Clinical Lecturer in Surgery and Demonstrator Operative Surgery, New York University, since 1900; Visiting Surgeon to Harlem Hospital since 1895.

HERMAN ARTHUR HAUBOLD, M.D., was born in New York City on December 21, 1867, son of Arthur and Anna (Keppler) Haubold, both of German ancestry. His early education was in the public schools, and from them he passed into commercial life, engaging in the insurance business. After four years his desire for a professional career led him to enter Bellevue Hospital Medical College, and he received a degree there in 1889. He served the customary eighteen months as Interne, connected with St. Vincent's Hospital in New York City, and was then, in 1890, appointed an Assistant in Physiology at Bellevue Hospital Medical College, a position which he continued to occupy during the next eight years. Since 1900 Dr. Haubold has been Clinical Lecturer in Surgery and Demonstrator of Operative Surgery in the Medical Department of New York University. He has been Visiting Surgeon to the Harlem Hospital since 1895. During the Spanish War Dr. Haubold en-

listed for military service as Captain and Assistant Surgeon of the Eighth Regiment, New York Volunteer Infantry. He is a member of the Academy of Medicine, the Lenox Medical Association, the Hospital Graduates' Club, the New York Athletic Club, and the Democratic Club. He was married on August 7, 1895, to Anna Elizabeth Nolan.



H. A. HAUBOLD

HERST, Samuel, 1861–

Class of 1889 Med.

Born in Hungary, 1861; graduated at gymnasium of Eperjes, Hungary, 1880; studied at Royal Medical University, Buda Pesth, 1880-85; on Medical Staff of Austro-Hungarian Army, 1883-84; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1889; in practice since 1889.

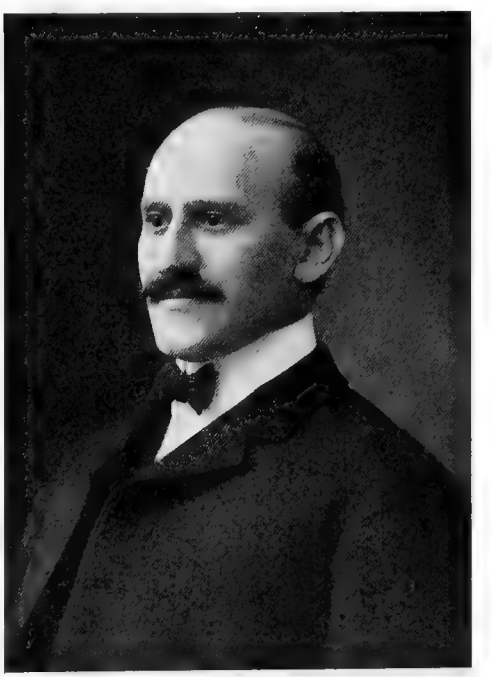
SAMUEL HERST, M.D., is a son of Aaron and Fannie (Freedman) Herst, and was born in Hungary on April 26, 1861. He studied in the public schools of Eperjes, Hungary, and was graduated from the gymnasium or high school in 1880. From 1880 to 1885 he was a student in the Royal Medical University at Buda Pesth, meantime in 1883–84 serving as a student on the Medical Staff of the Austro-Hungarian Army. In 1886 he came to New York and entered the Medical College of New York University, from which he was graduated in 1889 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Since that time he has been engaged in the practice of his profession in New York City. He is a member of the New York County and State Medical associations, and in politics is a Republican. He was married to Rose Rosett on March 15, 1893, and has two children: Arthur Louis and Ruth Herst. His address is No. 238 East 72nd Street, New York.

KAUFMANN, Joseph, 1869–

Class of 1889 Sci.

Born in New York, 1869; studied in public schools and College of City of New York, 1884-85; graduated B.S., New York University, 1889; clerk in law office, 1889-91; admitted to Bar, 1891; in practice since 1891; Commissioner of Estimate and Assessment, New York, 1896-1901.

JOSEPH KAUFMANN was born in New York City on July 7, 1869. His father, Veit Kaufmann, was a native of Baden, Germany, and his mother, whose maiden name was Elenora Bermann, was a native of German Bohemia, Austria. He studied in the public schools of New York, and in the College of the City of New York from 1884–85, in which latter institution he was prepared to enter New York University. He pursued in the Univer-



JOSEPH KAUFMANN

sity the scientific course, and was graduated in 1889 with the degree of Bachelor of Science. The next two years were spent in the law offices of J. J. & A. Lyons, and of Davis & Kaufmann, as a clerk and student, with the result that in June, 1891, he was admitted to the Bar and began the practice of his profession. He became active in politics, also, as a member of the Tammany Society in the Sixteenth Assembly District, and later in the Thirty-first Assembly District, and from 1896 to 1901 was a Commissioner of Estimate and Assessment for New York City. In 1886–89 he was President of the English Classics Society; in 1889–1892 he was President of the Fortnight Club; in 1898 he was President of the Ceres Union; and since 1901 he has been a Director of the Lebanon Hospital. He is a member of the Hudson Guild of New York, and Trustee of the Ceres Union of New York, of the Tammany Society, of the Lebanon Hospital Association, and of the Young Men's and Ladies' Culture Society. He is a member of the law firm of Davis & Kaufmann, and his offices are at Nos. 49 and 51 Chambers Street, and his residence at No. 120 West 114th Street, New York.

LOUNSBERRY, Robert Lanning, 1869–

Class of 1889 Med.

Born at Smithboro, N. Y., 1869; studied at Wyoming Seminary, Kingston, Pa.; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1889; in practice since 1889 at Owego, Buffalo, and Binghamton, N. Y.

ROBERT LANNING LOUNSBERRY, M.D., comes on the paternal side of a Scotch family which has for some generations been settled in Westchester County, New York, and in the adjacent part of Connecticut. He was born to Benjamin and Mary Frances (Silvernail) Lounsberry at Smithboro, New York, on February 14, 1869, and was educated at the Wyoming Seminary at Kingston, Pennsylvania. Thence he proceeded to the New York University Medical College, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1889. Since then he has practiced at Owego, New York, in 1890–92; in Buffalo, New York, in 1892–96; and in Binghamton, New York, since January, 1897. He is Medical Director of the Security Mutual Life Insurance Company, and a member of the New York State Medical Association, the American Medical Association, the Binghamton Academy of Medicine, the Association of Life Insurance Medical Directors, and the various Masonic bodies.

R. L. LOUNSBERRY

He was married to Emma Harris on November 27, 1890. His present address is Phelps Bank Building, Binghamton, New York.

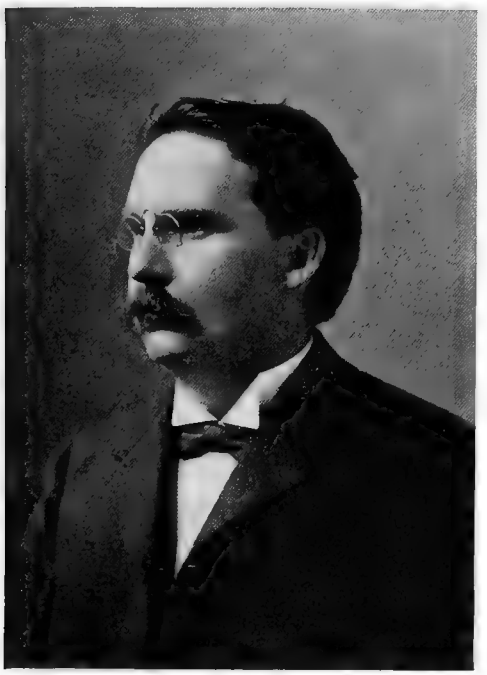
MOORE, Bernard Stanislaus, 1862–

Class of 1889 Med.

Born at Geneva, N. Y., 1862; studied at Geneva Classical School; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1889; in practice since 1889; Health Officer of Syracuse, N. Y., since 1900.

BERNARD STANISLAUS MOORE, M.D., son of Michael M. and Isabel (Boyle) Moore, both Irish, was born at Geneva, New York, on October 31, 1862, and was educated in the Geneva Classical School. Thence he came to New York University and was graduated from its Medical College in 1889, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Since that date he has been engaged in the practice of his profession in Syracuse, New York, and since January 1, 1900, he has been Health Officer of that city. He is Secretary of the Third District Branch of the New York State Medical Association, Vice-President of the Onondaga County Medical Association, and a member of the Knights of Columbus. In politics he is a Democrat. In 1901 he read a paper before the American

Medical Association on "The Experience of Syracuse with the Compulsory Tuberculin Test of All Cattle Supplying Milk to the City," which, invested with his authority as Health Officer of Syracuse,



B. S. MOORE

attracted much attention. He was married on December 31, 1890, to Julia B. Flaherty, and has three children: Bernard S., Thomas J., and Edward Moore. His address is No. 906 North Alvord Street, Syracuse, New York.

MORRIS, Clement, 1866–

Class of 1889 Med.

Born at Canadensis, Pa., 1866; studied in New Jersey Normal School, Trenton; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1889; served in Bellevue Hospital and Essex County, New Jersey, Asylum for Insane; on surgical staff of St. James's Hospital, Newark, N. J.; in practice since 1889.

CLEMENT MORRIS, M.D., the son of Lexington W. and Emelia E. (Long) Morris, was born at Canadensis, Monroe County, Pennsylvania, on January 31, 1866, and studied in public schools and in the New Jersey State Normal School at Trenton. He pursued the regular course in the New York University Medical College, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine on March 12, 1889. For a time thereafter he was engaged in hospital work in Bellevue Hospital, New York, and in the Essex County Asylum for the Insane in Newark, New Jersey. He is now Visiting Gynecologist on the staff of St. James's Hospital in Newark, and Surgeon of the Erie Railroad. He is

CLEMENT MORRIS

a member of the Essex County Medical Society, the American Medical Association, the Society for Widows and Orphans of Medical Men, and the North End Club of Newark. He was married in 1893 to Josephine C. Collins. His address is No. 75 Washington Avenue, Newark, New Jersey.

RICH, Charles, 1865–

Class of 1889 Med.

Born in Westchester County, N. Y., 1865; studied in public schools, in Westchester County Institute at Peekskill, N. Y., and in Claverack College and Hudson River Institute; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1889; in practice since 1889.

CHARLES RICH, M.D., is a son of Benjamin and Sarah Elizabeth (Beale) Rich, the former of French and the latter of English ancestry, and was born in the Town of Cortland, Westchester County, New York, on March 27, 1865. He attended the local public schools. In the fall of 1877 he entered the Westchester County Institute at Peekskill, New York, and was in attendance there three years. In the year 1881–82 he was at the Claverack College

and Hudson River Institute, Claverack, New York. Thus prepared he came to the Medical College of New York University, and after a three years' course was graduated with the Doctor's degree in 1889. He also studied privately under Dr. Alfred Loomis. Since graduation he has been in practice at Yorktown Heights, Westchester County, New York, where he was a member of the Health Board in 1894–95. He is a member of the Westchester County Medical Society, and in politics is a Democrat. He was married on October 1, 1890, to Julia Annie Deuel, and has one daughter. His address is Yorktown Heights, New York.

CHARLES RICH

SMITH, Edward Franklin, 1867–

Class of 1889 Med.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1867; studied in public school, Atchison, Kas., St. Paul's College, Palmyra, Mo., and St. James's Military Academy, Macon City, Mo.; graduated Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1889; in hospital practice, 1889-90; in private and hospital practice since 1891, also Lecturer on Anatomy, Physiology and Hygiene, Instructor in Surgery, Health Board Inspector, etc., and author of text book and various papers.

EDWARD FRANKLIN SMITH, M.D., was born in Brooklyn, New York, on June 28, 1867, the son of Edward Louis and Mary Antoinette (Thayer) Smith. His maternal great-grandfather was Colonel E. Thayer, a soldier of the War of 1812 and a kinsman of General Montgomery. He is also connected, on the maternal side, with Captain Lawrence of "Don't give up the ship!" fame. His mother's uncle, Major Benjamin S. Henning, was a man of large railroad experience. Before the Civil War he was President of the Winnebago Railroad Company of Wisconsin. He served in the army as Provost Marshall General on the staff of General J. B. Blunt, and subsequently as Chief of Cavalry on the staff of Major General S. B. Curtis. At one time he was in command of the district of the upper Arkansas, relieving General Blunt, with the rank of Major. After the war he was Assistant Superintendent of the Union Pacific Railroad, Eastern Division, and had charge of the construction of the line between Lawrence and Leavenworth. He was afterwards Vice-President of the Leavenworth, Lawrence & Galveston Railroad Company, and Superintendent of the construction of that line; General Superintendent of the Missouri River, Fort Scott & Gulf Railroad; Receiver of the L. L. & G. R. R. Co.; Vice-President of the Indianapolis, Bloomington & Western Railroad Company; President of the Northern Minnesota Railroad Company; General Manager of the Long Island Railroad Company, and President of the Florida Railway Navigation Company. Dr. Smith's academic education was received in the West at a public school in Atchison, Kansas, at St. Paul's College, Palmyra, Missouri, and at St. James's Military Academy at Macon City, Missouri, from which last named he was graduated in June, 1884, with a gold medal in Latin. During the following two years he entered upon his medical studies under the supervision of his preceptor, Dr. Ed. B. Clements, at Macon City, Missouri, at the same time taking post-graduate work in chemistry at St. James's Military Academy. He then entered Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which is now a part of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in March, 1889. Thereafter for a year and a half he was engaged in the Infants' and General hospitals on Randall's Island, and then, in 1891, began the general practice of his profession. He has continued, however, to pay some attention to hospital and dispensary work. For a few years he was settled at Goshen, Orange County, New York, and there was Jail Physician and Health Officer of the town in 1893–94. Returning to New York he was an Inspector on the Health Board staff in 1895;

Attending Physician in diseases of the eye, ear, nose, and throat at the Northwestern Dispensary, 1894–96; Clinical Assistant at the Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital, 1894–95; Instructor in Surgery, New

E. FRANKLIN SMITH

York Polyclinic, 1895–97; Prosector to the Chair of Anatomy, Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1895–97; Examining Physician to the Out-door Department of Bellevue Hospital, 1895–97; Lecturer on Anatomy, Physiology, and Hygiene, New York Preparatory School, 1896–1900; and Lecturer at the Central Preparatory School since 1900. He is the author of a text book on "Anatomy, Physiology, and Hygiene," and of many medical and surgical papers, addresses, etc. He is a member of the American Medical Association, the New York Academy of Medicine, was Chairman of Section of Practice of Medicine, 1901–1902, is a member of the New York County Medical Society, the New York County Medical Association, the New York State Medical Association, the Medical Association of Greater New York, the Physicians' Mutual Aid Association, the Orange County Medical Society, the Sons of Veterans, the Cataract Fire Company of Goshen, the Goshen Athletic and Social Club (charter member, 1892), the Orange County Vocal Society, and the Knickerbocker Athletic Club and St. Andrew's Brotherhood of New York. For the past nine years the Doctor has been a Quiz Master, preparing men for examinations for entrance to Government medical services, hospitals, etc. He was a vestryman of St. James's Protestant Episcopal Church at Goshen, New York, in 1892–93; member of the Young Men's Christian Association in New York in 1893–1894; and Medical Director of the Dwight School and of the Young Men's Club of the Ascension Memorial Church, New York, 1898–1900. He was married on September 3, 1891, to Mildred Knorr (Vassar, 1889), and has five children: Ethelbert Talbot, Edward Knorr, Louise Antoinette, Mildred Helen, and George Van Siclen Smith. His address is No. 324 West 46th Street, New York.

SMITH, John William, 1864–

Class of 1889 Med.

Born in Otsego County, N. Y., 1864; studied at Richfield Springs Seminary, Richfield Springs; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1889; in practice since graduation with hospital service.

JOHN WILLIAM SMITH, M.D., son of Michael and Jane (Dorsey) Smith, of Irish origin, was born in the Town of Plainfield, Otsego County,

JNO. W. SMITH

New York, on February 29, 1864. He was educated in the public schools and in Richfield Springs Seminary, at Richfield Springs, New York, and then came to the Medical College of New York Uni-

versity, from which he was graduated a Doctor of Medicine in 1889. After serving as Physician in the New York Infant Asylum one year he located in Tuckahoe, Westchester County, New York. He is now Physician to the St. Eleanora Home for Convalescents in Yonkers, New York. He has been a member of the Eastchester Board of Health for ten years. He is a member of the Westchester County Medical Society, the Practitioner's Club of Yonkers, the Gramatan Country Club, and the Royal Arcanum. He was married to Mrs. Constance Martha Isherwood, daughter of Commodore B. F. Isherwood, United States Navy, on April 24, 1890, and has two children: Lillian Anna, and John Julien Smith. His address is Tuckahoe, New York.

STARR, Frank Hastings, 1865–

Class of 1889 Med.

Born at Whitby, Canada, 1865; studied at public schools and Whitby Collegiate Institute; graduated from latter institution with teacher's certificate; studied for one year in University of Toronto, Canada; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1889; in practice since 1889; examiner for various life insurance companies.

FRANK HASTINGS STARR, M.D., is a son of Dr. Milton Hutton Starr, a graduate of Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1865, and a descendant of Dr. Comfort Starr, who came from Ashford, Kent, England, and settled in Boston in 1635. His mother's maiden name was Sabra Wilcox. He was born at Whitby, Ontario, Canada, on March 16, 1865, and studied in the local schools and Whitby Collegiate Institute, from which latter he was graduated with a teacher's certificate. He then entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1889. In the spring of the same year he passed the Council Examination of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario, Canada. He spent a year, also, in study at the University of Toronto, Canada. Since 1889 he has been steadily engaged in the practice of his profession, serving, in addition to his private practice, as examiner for the Mutual Life Insurance Company, the New York Life Insurance Company and several others. He also served for a number of months as Acting Surgeon of the New York State Soldiers' and Sailors' Home Hospital of Bath, New York. He is a member of the British Medical Association, and of the Medical Society of Steuben County, New York. He was married on December 20, 1899, to Fannie Louise Reynolds, daughter of Charles Reynolds,

FRANK H. STARR

County Clerk of Steuben County, and has one child, Milton Preston Starr. His address is Bath, Steuben County, New York.

STRASSMAN, Moses, 1866–

Class of 1889 Law.

Born in New York, 1866; educated in public schools of New York City; graduated New York University Law School, 1889; Assistant Counsel German Legal Aid Society, 1889-91; practicing lawyer in New York City.

MOSES STRASSMAN, son of Peter and Sarah Strassman, was born in New York City on April 15, 1866. He attended the schools of his native city, graduating from Public School No. 34, after which he studied for the legal profession, pursuing the course in the Law School of New York University, and graduating therefrom a Bachelor of Laws in 1889. For the succeeding two years, 1889–1891, he was Assistant Counsel with the German Legal Aid Society of the City of New York. Since then he has been a general practitioner, with offices in Broadway, and has established a very extensive

M. STRASSMAN

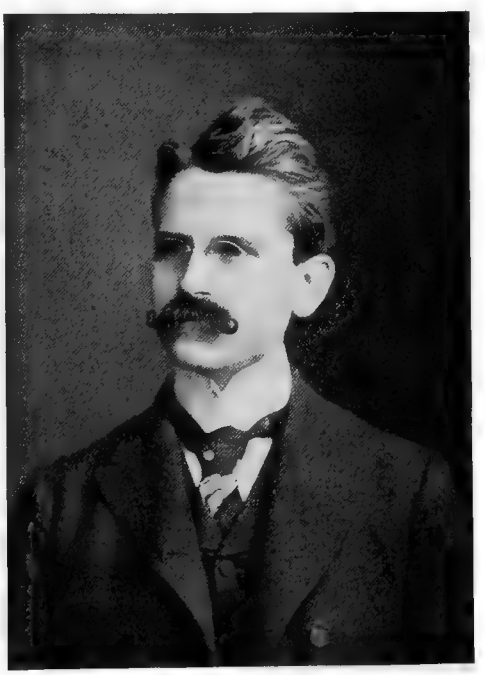
practice among the German element of the metropolis. He is a member of the Medico-Legal Society of New York.

THOMPSON, George Howard, 1866–

Class of 1889 Med.

Born at Memphis, Tenn., 1866; studied in public and private schools in Memphis and St. Louis, Mo.; Upper Iowa University, Fayette, Iowa; Missouri University; graduated Missouri Medical College, 1888; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1889; studied at Leipzig, Germany, two years, and in Berlin; served in hospitals in Berlin and Dresden; in practice since 1891; Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics in St. Louis, Mo., College of Physicians and Surgeons since 1891.

GEORGE HOWARD THOMPSON, M.D., a prominent physician of St. Louis, Missouri, was born at Memphis, Tennessee, on February 5, 1866. His father, Seymour Dwight Thompson, and his mother, whose maiden name was Lucy Augusta Jennison, both came of old colonial stock. He studied in various public and private schools in Memphis and in St. Louis, Missouri, at the Upper Iowa University, Fayette, Iowa, at the Missouri University at Columbia, Missouri, and at the Missouri Medical College, from which he was graduated in 1888. Then he came to the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1889. Two years of study in Leipzig, Berlin and Dresden, Germany, followed, including a year of hospital practice in Berlin and Dresden, and then, in November, 1891, he established himself in private practice in St. Louis, Missouri, where he has ever since remained. He is also Professor of Materia Medica, Therapeutics and Experimental Medicine in the St. Louis College of Physicians and Surgeons, and Physician-in-Chief to the Woman's Hospital of the State of Missouri. He is Treasurer of the St. Louis Academy of Medical and Surgical Sciences, a member of the St. Louis District Medical Society, the Missouri State Medical Society, the Mississippi Valley Medical Association, and the Tri-State Medical Society of Iowa, Illinois and Missouri. On January 15, 1900, he founded "The Regular Medical Visitor," which soon became the official organ of the St. Louis College of Physicians and Surgeons. He was married in 1892 to Pauline Adelaide Gerhard, and has two children: Lillian Adelaide and Marian Hildegarde.



G. HOWARD THOMPSON

WOLFE, Arthur Lester, 1866–

Class of 1889 Arts.

Born at Montclair, N. J., 1866; graduated A.B., New York University, 1889, and Ph.D., 1893; Professor

of Latin, Park College, Parkville, Mo., since 1889; author.

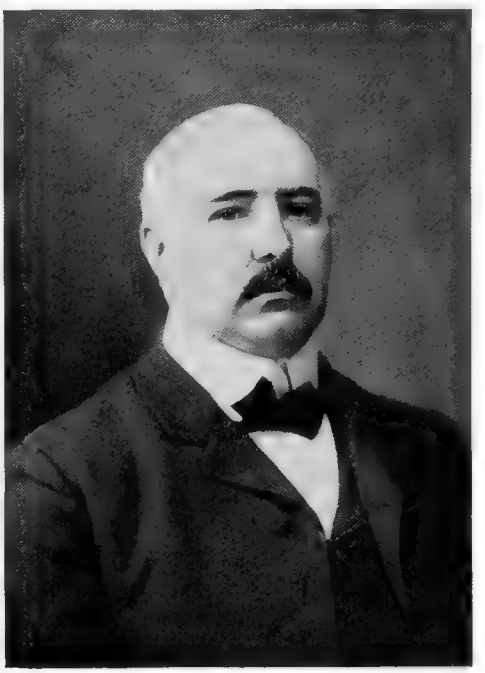
ARTHUR LESTER WOLFE, A.B., PH.D., Professor of Latin at Park College, is a son of Aaron Roberts Wolfe and Laura Frances (Jackson) Wolfe, and was born at Montclair, New Jersey, on September 16, 1866. He was distinguished as a scholar in New York University, being Valedictorian of his class and winning the Philosophical Fellowship. He was also Founders' Day Poet and President of Philomathean, and a member of Delta Upsilon and Phi Beta Kappa. He was graduated a Bachelor of Arts in 1889, and then entered upon a post-graduate course, which led to the degree of Doctor of Philosophy in 1893. In 1891 he was ordained into the Eldership of the Presbyterian Church of which he is a member. He became Professor of the Latin Language and Literature in Park College, Missouri, in 1889, and still holds that place. Meantime he has written and published several educational works, and has pursued classical studies in Leipzig and Rome. He was married on August 7, 1890, to Gertrude R. Snow, and has four sons: Arthur Whiting, Austin Roberts, Herbert, and Edward Winslow Wolfe. His address is Park College, Parkville, Missouri.

BURKE, Francis Martin, 1862–

Class of 1890 Med.

Born at Brooklyn, N. Y., 1862; studied in public schools and St. Francis Xavier's College, New York; graduated M.D., Medical College, New York University, 1890; served in City Hospital, Chambers Street Hospital, New York Eye and Ear Hospital, and St. Bartholomew's Home; medico-legal expert in numerous cases; engaged in general practice, Brooklyn, New York.

FRANCIS MARTIN BURKE, son of Francis and Susan Kerigan Burke, was born in Brooklyn, New York, in 1862. His father served in the United States Navy in the Civil War, and for many years was a leading druggist and a School Commissioner in Brooklyn. Dr. Burke was educated in the public schools of Brooklyn and the College of St. Francis Xavier in New York. Thence he went to the Medical College of New York University, where he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1890. Since graduation he has served in the City Hospital on Blackwell's Island, the Chambers Street Hospital, the New York Eye and Ear Hospital, and St. Bartholomew's Home. He is now engaged in general practice in Brooklyn. He was attached to the Health Department of the city as a vaccinator. For some years he paid special attention to medico-legal work, and has appeared as an expert in a hundred or more cases, in all of which save five those for whom he testified have been successful. He is a member of the Knights of Columbus, and of the Jefferson Club of Brooklyn. For the last ten years



FRANCIS M. BURKE

he has been a prominent and influential member of the Democratic party in Brooklyn. He was married to Hannah Sheely in 1895.

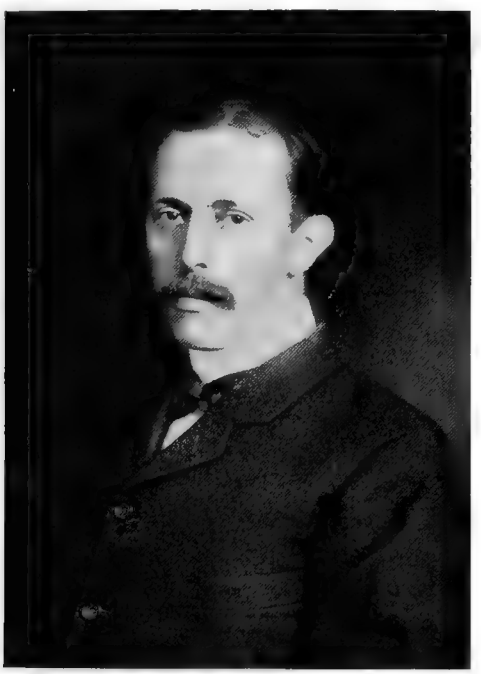
CAMP, Charles Martin, 1867–

Class of 1890 Law.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1867; studied in public schools and Adelphi Academy; engaged in mercantile pursuits, 1885-88; graduated LL.B., New York University Law Department, 1890; practicing lawyer, New York, since 1890.

CHARLES MARTIN CAMP, son of Samuel Kellogg Camp and Sarah Welles Kellogg Camp, was born in Brooklyn, New York, on October 8, 1867. His ancestors on both sides of the family were settled in New England more than two hundred years ago, the first of them, Governor Thomas Welles, having come to Saybrook as early as 1632. At six years of age he was sent to Public

School No. 11, in Brooklyn, and was graduated from it in 1881. Then he entered the Collegiate Department of Adelphi Academy, pursued its four years' course, and was graduated from it in 1885. In the summer of the latter year he entered the employment of Thomas J. Davis & Company of New York, dry goods commission merchants, and remained with them for more than a year. In November, 1886, he took charge of the New York office of his brother, T. Henry Camp, a manufacturer of cotton wadding. Although displaying sufficient aptitude for mercantile pursuits, Mr. Camp



C. M. CAMP

presently decided upon a professional career, and accordingly in January, 1888, entered the law office of Messrs. Boardman & Boardman of New York, as a clerk and student. In October following he was enrolled as a student in the Law School of New York University. He won the Elliott F. Shepard Scholarship in his Junior year, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in May, 1890. In the same month he was admitted to the Bar of New York, at the General Term of the Supreme Court, and at once engaged in the general practice of his profession. In November, 1896, he formed a partnership with Francis L. Noble, under the firm name of Noble & Camp, which firm is still in prosperous existence, with offices in New York City. Mr. Camp is a member of the Oxford Club of Brooklyn and has been its Secretary since March, 1898. He is also a member of the Sigma Psi Club of Brooklyn, of the Phi Delta Phi Club of New York, of the Marine and Field Club, and of the Tenth Assembly District Republican Club of Brooklyn. He is not married, and lives where he was born, in Brooklyn.

CARPENTER, Herbert Lawrence, 1867–

Class of 1890 Arts.

Born in Rochester, N. Y., 1867; studied in University Grammar School and Columbia Grammar School; graduated A.B., New York University, 1890; engaged in banking, 1890-92; coal trade, 1892-1900; stock and bond broker since 1900.

HERBERT LAWRENCE CARPENTER, A.B., son of Elisha Manning Carpenter and Helen (Babcock) Carpenter, was born in Rochester, New York, on December 29, 1867. His preparatory education was acquired in the University Grammar School and Columbia Grammar School in New York, he being in the former in 1880–83, and in the latter in 1884–86. Thence he came to the College of Arts of New York University and pursued its regular course. He was a member of the Delta Chapter of Psi Upsilon. Upon graduation with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1890, he entered the office of Brown Bros. & Co., Bankers, of New York, and remained there until 1892, when he engaged in the coal business at Rochester, New York, with H. H. Babcock & Co., for eight years. Since 1900 he has been at the head of his own firm, H. L. Carpenter & Co., brokers and dealers in stocks and bonds, at Nos. 35–37 Broad Street, New York. Mr. Carpenter is a Republican in politics, and is a member of the New York Athletic Club.

DOUTHETT, Joseph Malvern, 1863–

Class of 1890 Med.

Born at Brownsdale, Pa., 1863; studied in public schools and Sharpsburg Academy; taught in public schools, 1882-85; graduated B.S., Geneva College, Pa., 1887; studied medicine privately, in Bellevue Hospital Medical College and in New York Post-Graduate Medical College; graduated M.D., 1890; in practice at Pittsburg since 1891; School Director, member of Council, and Surgeon in National Guard.

JOSEPH MALVERN DOUTHETT, M.D., B.S., son of John H. and Mary (Sproull) Douthett, was born at Brownsdale, Pennsylvania, on December 25, 1863. The Douthett family was originally

French, but went to Scotland in the Sixteenth Century to escape religious persecution, thence to the North of Ireland, and finally to America in the Eighteenth Century, settling in Butler County, Pennsylvania. The Sproull family also came from the North of Ireland. Both the Sproull and Douthett families were Covenanters. Dr. Douthett studied in the public schools and in the Sharpsburg, Pennsylvania, Academy, and also under the private tutorship of the Rev. Alexander H. Calvert. From 1882 to 1885 inclusive, he taught in a public school in Pennsylvania. In 1887 he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science from Geneva College at Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania. His medical studies were begun under Dr. Theodore P. Simpson of Beaver Falls, and he was associated with him until 1891. Meantime he entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1890. He also took a course at the New York Post-Graduate Medical College. Since 1891 he has been established in practice in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and is now on the staff of the Passarant Hospital. From 1896 to 1898 he was a Surgeon of the Pennsylvania National Guard, and from 1898 to 1901 a School Director of Pittsburg. He is a member of the Allegheny County and Pennsylvania State Medical societies, the American Laryngological, Rhinological and Otological Society, the Pittsburg Academy of Medicine, and the University Club of Pittsburg. His only political office has been that of member of the Council of Pittsburg in 1900–02. He is the author of "Climate in Consumption," a monograph published in 1897. He was married on April 30, 1891, to Margaret Mellon, and has one child, George Mellon Douthett. His address is No. 5438 Centre Avenue, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania.

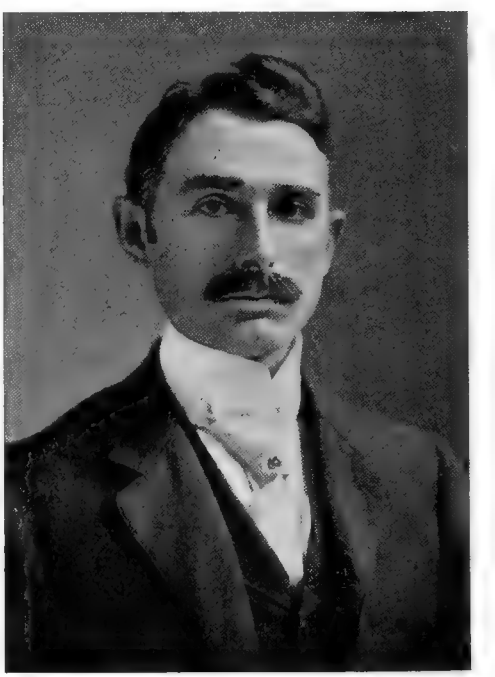
J. M. DOUTHETT

DRAKE, Mayhar Wigton, 1865–

Class of 1890 Vet.

Born at Newton, N. J., 1865; studied in public schools; graduated D.V.S., American Veterinary College, 1890; in professional practice and business since 1890.

MAYHAR WIGTON DRAKE, D.V.S., a Veterinary Surgeon of Philadelphia, is a son of Martin Marrow Drake, who was of English and Irish ancestry, and Martha (Mushbach) Drake, who came of German and Irish stock. He was born at Newton, Sussex County, New Jersey, on July 28, 1865, and studied in the local public schools. For some years he was engaged in farming and in a seed store in New York City. Then he entered the



M. W. DRAKE

American Veterinary College, which has now been merged into New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Veterinary Surgery in 1890 Since that time he has been practicing his profession and conducting other business in Philadelphia. He was Secretary of the Keystone Veterinary Medical Association, and a member of the American Veterinary Medical Association, the Alumni Association of the American Veterinary College, the Edgewater Country Club of Philadelphia, and the Masonic Order. He is also associated in building and loan associations. His address is No. 1315 Wharton Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

FROST, Conway Alonzo, 1867–

Class of 1890 Med.

Born in Detroit, Mich., 1867; graduated from Lawrenceville School, N. J., 1886; entered Princeton; studied medicine at University of Michigan; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1890; post-graduate courses at Vienna and Freiburg; began practice at Clinton, N. Y., 1891; Instructor at Hamilton College for three years; settled in practice at Rome, N. Y., 1899.

CONWAY ALONZO FROST, M.D., is a native of the State of Michigan, where he was born at Detroit on May 9, 1867. His father, George Smith Frost, was much identified with the early history of Michigan, having been, when a young man, the Private Secretary of Governor Lewis Cass, and intimately associated with the development and growth of the City of Detroit at that period. The wife of George Smith Frost, and mother of the subject of this sketch, was Ellen Electra Noble, daughter of Charles Noble of Williamstown, Massachusetts, who was graduated at Williams College in 1815, and went to Michigan in 1818, where he held successively the offices of Register of Deeds, District Attorney, Postmaster, Indian Agent, member of Legislative Council, Presiding Judge of County Court, and Surveyor-General of the district including Michigan, Indiana and Ohio. Charles Noble was the son of Deodatus Noble, upon whose farm the plan for organizing foreign missions was made by Gordon Hall and his associates. Deodatus Noble married Betsey Bulkley of Colchester, Connecticut, a descendant of the Rev. Peter Bulkley The father of Deodatus Noble was the Hon. David Noble, a Yale graduate of 1764, an early friend of Williams College and a Trustee of it until his death in 1793. He gave to Williams College the college bell and the ground on which the old President's House was built. Coming of such ancestry, it was fitting that Conway Alonzo Frost should be thoroughly educated. After passing through primary courses of education he was sent to the Lawrenceville School at Lawrenceville, New Jersey, then under the direction of its great organizer, Dr. James Cameron MacKenzie, and from it he was graduated in 1886. That fall he entered Princeton University, in the Class of 1890, but presently withdrew and began the study of medicine at the University of Michigan at Ann Arbor. From that institution he removed to the Bellevue Hospital

CONWAY A. FROST

Medical College, now a part of New York University, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1890. The next year was spent in post-graduate study abroad, at Vienna, Austria, and Freiburg, Germany. Then, in June, 1891, he began the practice of his profession at Clinton, New York. While there he was for three years Instructor in Hygiene and Director of the Gymnasium at Hamilton College, and in 1895 he was Health Officer of Clinton. In February, 1899, he removed to his present home and field of practice at Rome, New York, where he is a member of the staff of the Rome Hospital. He is the local examiner for the Royal Arcanum, and a member of the Oneida County Medical Society, the New York

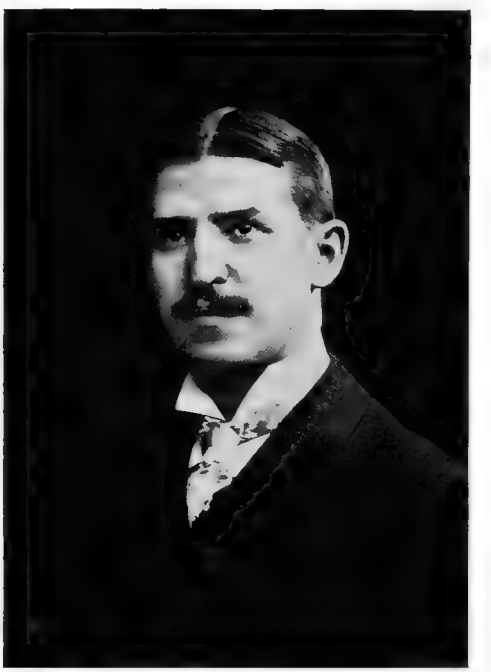
State Medical Society, the Rome Medical Society, the Rome Club, and the Chi Psi Fraternity (at the University of Michigan). In politics he is a "Gold Democrat," but he has not sought public office. He was married on August 18, 1892, to Ann Williams Mott of Clinton, New York, and has two children: Caroline Mott and Edward Earl Frost. His address is Fort Stanwix Park, Rome, New York.

HECKEL, Edward Balthasar, 1865–

Class of 1890 Med.

Born at Allegheny, Pa., 1865; studied in public schools; graduated A.B., Allegheny College, 1887, and A.M., pro merito, 1889; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1890; post-graduate course at New York Polyclinic; Assistant and Associate Professor, Western Pennsylvania Medical College, since 1891; in practice since 1891; Ophthalmologist to several hospitals.

EDWARD BALTHASAR HECKEL, A.M., M.D., is the son of John George Heckel and his wife, whose maiden name was Mary Elizabeth Koch. He was born at Allegheny, Pennsylvania, on January 30, 1865, and received his early education in the local public schools. Thence he went to Allegheny College at Meadville, Pennsylvania, and was there graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in the Class of 1887. Two years later the same college gave him the degree of Master of Arts, pro merito. On leaving Meadville he entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which has since been consolidated with New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, standing third on the honor list, in the Class of 1890. Soon after receiving his diploma, Dr. Heckel began practice with Dr. H. W. Hechelman, and became his assistant in the Department of Ophthalmology and Otology in the Western Pennsylvania Medical College. He continued in practice with him until 1893, since which time he has limited his work to diseases of the eye and ear. He still remained Dr. Hechelman's assistant in the college, however, and in the spring of 1901 was made Associate Professor of Ophthalmology and Otology. He is also Ophthalmologist to St. John's General Hospital, to the Home for the Friendless, and for the Gusky Orphanage of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. He is a member of the Pittsburg Academy of Medicine, and was its President in 1899–1900, and a member, and at present censor, of the Allegheny County Medical Society. He is also a member of the Pi Chapter of Phi Gamma Delta, of the Alpha Chapter of Phi Beta Pi, of Phi Beta Kappa, of the Masonic Order, of the Pittsburg Pathological Society, of the Art Society, of the Academy of Science and Art, and of the University and Duquesne clubs of Pittsburg. He has contributed to current ophthalmological literature. He was married to Matilda E. Lautner on November



EDWARD B. HECKEL

21, 1894, and has two children: Josephine Lautner and Mary Fredrica Heckel. His address is No. 524 Penn Avenue, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania.

HOLLISTER, Frank Canfield, 1866–

Class of 1890 Med.

Born at Greenwich, Conn., 1866; studied at Williston Seminary, East Hampton, Mass.; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1890; on House Staff of Bellevue Hospital, 1890-92; Instructor in Post-Graduate Medical School, and New York Polyclinic; in practice in New York since 1892.

FRANK CANFIELD HOLLISTER, M.D., is a descendant of Lieutenant John Hollister who came to America in 1640, settled at Wethersfield, Connecticut, and held various offices in that colony. Lieutenant Hollister married Joanna Treat, a sister of Governor Treat of Connecticut, and had a son, Stephen, who became a captain in the colonial forces. Stephen Hollister married Abigail Treat

and, after her death, Elizabeth Reynolds. His son by the second marriage was Samuel Hollister, whose son, Elisha, married Rebecca Abel. A son of the latter couple, Elisha Hollister, 2nd, married Sarah Hall, and had a son, Lemuel, who married Anna Hatch. Lemuel and Anna Hatch Hollister had a son whom they named Philander Hatch Hollister, and who became a Congregational minister, served as a Chaplain in the Civil War, and was present at the occupation of Richmond by the Federal Army. The Rev. Philander Hatch Hollister married Anna Canfield, who on June 14, 1866, at their home at

FRANK C. HOLLISTER

Greenwich, Connecticut, bore him a son, the subject of this sketch. The boy was carefully educated at the well known Williston Seminary at East Hampton, Massachusetts, and then entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1890. After graduation Dr. Hollister served for two and a half years on the House Staff of Bellevue Hospital, and then entered private practice in association with Dr. George B. Fowler. He became an Instructor in the Post-Graduate Medical School, and for three years was Instructor at the New York Polyclinic. He has also been Attendant Physician for the Out-door Poor at Bellevue Hospital, and Assistant Visiting Physician to that institution. He is now Attendant Physician at the Gouverneur and St. Elizabeth hospitals. He makes a specialty of treating diseases of women and children. He is a member of the Academy of Medicine, the New York County Medical Society, the Alumni Society of Bellevue Hospital, and the Colonial Club of New York. He was married in New York City on October 15, 1896, to Elaine Shirley, daughter of William F. Shirley, a retired banker of New York, and has two children: Frank and Gloria Hollister. His address is No. 264 West 77th Street, New York.

KING, Arthur Marcus, 1867–

Class of 1890 Arts, 1893 Law.

Born at Fort Edward, N. Y., 1867; studied in New York public schools and Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute; graduated A.B., New York University, 1890; engaged in manufacturing, 1890-91; Instructor in Polytechnic Institute, Brooklyn, 1891-93; graduated LL.B., New York University Law Department, 1893; in practice of law since 1893; Assistant U. S. District Attorney in New York since 1898.

ARTHUR MARCUS KING, one of the Assistant United States District Attorneys in New York, comes of historic New England stock, with an admixture of the sturdy Scotch-Irish element. He is lineally descended from Captain John King of Berkshire County, Massachusetts, from Captain David Olmstead of New Milford, Connecticut, and from Captain Alexander Thomas of Portsmouth, Rhode Island, all of whom gave active service to their country during the Revolution. Captain John King and Captain Thomas were great-great-grandfathers, and Captain Olmstead was a great-grandfather of Mr. King. James Hill of Washington County, who was seven times elected to the State Assembly, was also a great-grandfather. Judge David Woods of the same county, twice Speaker of the Assembly, was a great-granduncle, and so was Judge William Woods of Steuben County, New York, who was Surrogate and a Representative in Congress. The Rev. Elijah King, the Rev. Dr. Joseph E. King, and the Rev. Dr. James M. King are names representing important ministerial, literary, and educational work, and the bearers of them were or are respectively the grandfather, uncle, and father of the subject of this sketch. Arthur Marcus King is the son of the Rev. James Marcus King, D.D., LL.D., one of the most eminent clergymen of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and his wife, whose maiden name was Nancy Maria MacFarland. He was born

at Fort Edward, in Washington County, New York, in 1867, but spent much of his early life in New York City, where he attended the public schools. He was prepared for college at the Polytechnic

ARTHUR M. KING

Institute in Brooklyn, and entered New York University in the fall of 1886. He was a member of the Delta Chapter of the Psi Upsilon Fraternity, and a conspicuous figure in the social life of the University. In 1890 he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. He then engaged in the paper manufacturing business for a year. From 1891 to 1893 he was an Instructor in Civil Government in the Polytechnic Institute, Brooklyn, and at the same time was a student in the New York University Law School. In 1893 he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws, and thereupon entered upon the practice of his profession, in which he has since been constantly engaged. On February 10, 1898, he was appointed Assistant United States District Attorney for the Southern District of New York, in New York City, and still occupies that office. He is a member of the Phi Beta Kappa Alumni of New York, Kane Lodge F. & A. M., Jerusalem Chapter R. A. M., the Bar Association, the University Club of New York, and the Manor Club of Pelham Manor. In politics he is a Republican. He was married on August 14, 1899, to Fanny Evans Payn, and makes his home at Pelham Manor, Westchester County, New York. His office is in the United States Post-office Building, New York.

MacBRIDE, Robert Irwin, 1865–

Class of 1890 Arts.

Born in Liverpool, England, 1865; studied in New York public schools and University Grammar School; graduated A.B., New York University, 1890, and A.M., 1900; Princeton University and Theological Seminary, 1890-91; Union Theological Seminary, 1891-93; Presbyterian Minister since 1893.

ROBERT IRWIN MacBRIDE, A.M., a clergyman of the Presbyterian Church, is a son of David Colvin MacBride and Mary (Irwin) MacBride, both of Scottish origin, and was born in Liverpool, England, on July 29, 1865. He was brought to New York at an early age and studied in the public schools and the University Grammar School, after which he engaged in mercantile pursuits, holding a confidential position with an old New York importing house. In 1886 he entered New York University, was a member of the Delta

ROBERT I. MacBRIDE

Chapter of Psi Upsilon, won the First Butler Eucleian Essay Prize in 1890, and was Class Day Presentation Orator and President of his class. He was graduated a Bachelor of Arts in 1890. He pursued

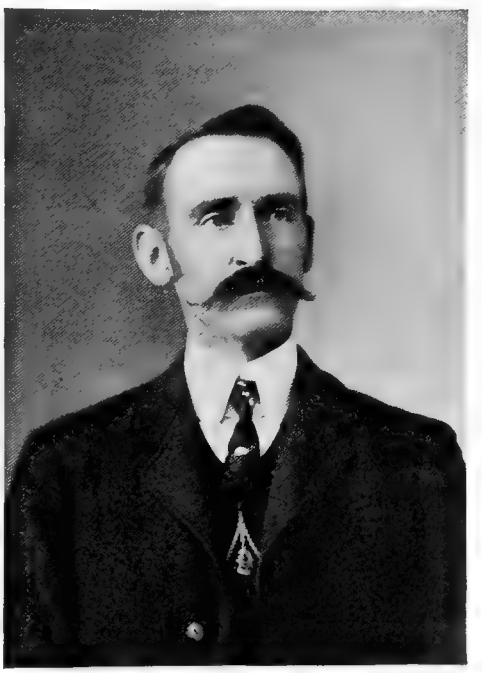
a post-graduate course at Princeton University and studied in the Princeton Theological Seminary in 1890–91, and in 1891–93 studied in the Union Theological Seminary, New York. In the latter year he was ordained into the ministry of the Presbyterian Church, and became Pastor of the churches at Monterey and Sugar Hill, New York. From 1894 to 1898 he was Pastor of the church at Cooperstown, New York, and from 1898 to 1900 he was Pastor of the Third Reformed Church in Albany, New York, of which Chancellor Ferris, of New York University, was the founder. During the years 1897–1900, in addition to his pastoral duties, Mr. MacBride engaged in post-graduate studies at New York University, giving special attention to English Literature and Sociology, for which in June, 1900, he received the degree of Master of Arts. Since 1900 he has been settled over the Bethany Presbyterian Church in Trenton, New Jersey. He was married on May 30, 1893, to Louise Anna Waechter of Mount Vernon, New York. His address is No. 355 Hamilton Avenue, Trenton, New Jersey.

MACE, Homer Monroe, 1864–

Class of 1890 Med.

Born at Livingstonville, N. Y., 1864; studied in public and private schools; studied medicine privately, and at University of Vermont, and New York University; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1890; pursued course in New York Post-Graduate Med. School and Hospital; in practice at Hobart, N. Y., until 1897; at Catskill, N. Y., since 1897.

HOMER MONROE MACE, M.D., was born at Livingstonville, Schoharie County, New York, on August 15, 1864. Through his father, Henry S. Mace, he is descended from Charles Stewart, who fought in the American Revolution and also was present at Quebec, when that city was taken and both Wolfe and Montcalm were slain. He was a patriot soldier in the Revolution, and together with Colonel Ethan Allen was taken prisoner and conveyed to England. Through his mother, whose maiden name was Ann Gates, Dr. Mace is descended from Oldham Gates, who fought in the Revolution and was present at the capture of Burgoyne and his army at Saratoga. Dr. Mace received his general education in public schools at Durham Centre and at Windham, New York, and in the Durham Select School. Then, owing to the limited means at his disposal, he was thrown upon his own resources for support, and accordingly was unable to pursue a collegiate course. When he was twenty-three years old, however, in the fall of 1887, he began the study of medicine under Dr. D. M. Leonard, of Broome Centre, New York. The next spring he entered the Medical Department of the University of Vermont, and in the fall of 1888 was matriculated in the New York University Medical College. From the latter he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1890. Thereupon he established himself in practice at Hobart, New York, and there remained until the spring of 1897. Then, finding the long journeys about the mountainous



H. MONROE MACE

regions of Delaware County, especially in the severe winters, too much of a tax upon his strength, he removed to Catskill, New York, where he has ever since remained. While at Hobart he was made a Free and Accepted Mason and a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He was also for five years an active member, and for part of that time Chief, of the Hobart Fire Department. Before settling at Catskill he pursued a course at the New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital, and received its diploma. Since his removal to Catskill he has become a member of the Sons of the American Revolution, and has affiliated with Catskill Lodge of Free and Accepted Masons. He is a member of the Greene County Medical Society. He

was married on July 2, 1888, to Anna C. Nickerson of Broome Centre, Schoharie County, New York. His present address is Catskill, New York.

McKAY, Hugh Miller, 1869–

Class of 1890 Med.

Born at Charlottetown, P. E. I., Canada, 1869; studied in public schools, Prince of Wales College, Portland School for Medical Instruction, Maine Medical School, and New York University Medical College; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1890; in hospital work, 1890-95; in practice at Rensselaer Falls, N. Y., 1895-1900; at Canton, N. Y., since 1900.

HUGH MILLER McKAY, M.D., was born on April 22, 1869, at Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, Canada, of Scottish ancestry. His

H. M. McKAY

father, John Graham McKay, M.D., was the son of parents born on the Isle of Skye, was a graduate of the Harvard Medical School, and was long a practitioner in Prince Edward Island. His mother, whose maiden name was Christy Anderson Bagnall, was descended from some of the earliest Scottish settlers of Canada. Dr. McKay received his earliest schooling in the public schools of his native city, and later attended the Prince of Wales College there. Then he came to the United States, and in the summer and fall of 1887 attended the School for Medical Instruction at Portland, Maine. The ensuing winter and spring were spent in the Maine Medical School. In the fall of 1888 he entered the New York University Medical College, and after completing a two years' course was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, with honors, on March 25, 1890. During the summer of 1890 Dr. McKay served as Interne at the Paterson (New Jersey) General Hospital, and thereafter was Assistant Physician in the Manhattan State Hospital until the spring of 1895. During the summer of 1895 he was an Interne at the Mothers' and Babies' (Maternity) Hospital, and since then has been engaged in private practice. Until August, 1900, he was at Rensselaer Falls, New York, and since that date has been settled at Canton, New York. He is a member of the St. Lawrence County (New York) Medical Society. On June 27, 1900, he was married to Martha F. Dickinson, daughter of Thomas Dickinson of Rensselaer Falls, New York. His present address is Canton, New York.

MOSELEY, Charles H. L., 1865–

Class of 1890 Med.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1865; studied in public schools; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1890; served in Polyclinic Hospital, 1890-92; in practice since 1892.

CHARLES H. L. MOSELEY, M.D., son of C. H. and Mary (Johnson) Moseley, was born in Brooklyn, New York, on November 1, 1865, and studied in the public schools of that city. In 1887 he entered the Medical College of New York University, and in 1890 was graduated with the Doctor's degree. For two years he served in the New York Polyclinic Hospital, and since then has been engaged in the private practice of his profession. He is a member of the Brooklyn Medical Society, the Medical Society of Greater New York, the Masonic Order, the Odd Fellows and the Order of Red Men. He was married some years ago to Mary Robinson, and lives at No. 929 Jefferson Avenue, Brooklyn, New York.

MÜLLER, Alfons, 1864–

Class of 1890 Med.

Born in Dresden, Germany, 1864; graduated from the Royal Gymnasium, Dresden, 1880; M.D., University of Halle, 1886; D.D.S., New York College of Dentistry, 1888; M.D., New York University Medical College, 1890; in practice, hospital service, and Pro-

fessor in Dental School, since 1890; Medical Inspector for Health Board.

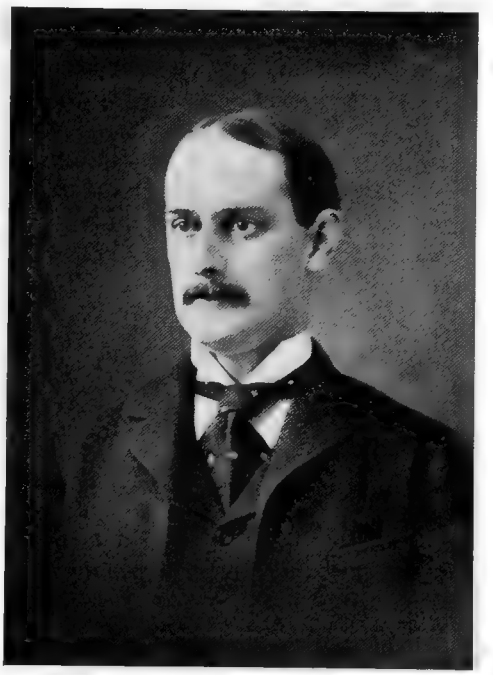
ALFONS MÜLLER, M.D., D.D.S., was born in Dresden, Saxony, Germany, on April 5, 1864, the son of Colonel Theodor Müller and Thecla (von Laue) Müller. His father came of a family noted in military affairs, and was a Lieutenant-Colonel of Saxon Grenadiers who was killed in the Battle of St. Privat in the Franco-German War. His mother came of an old and noble Saxon family. He studied in a military academy, served in the Imperial Russian Cadet Corps at Orel, Russia, and in 1880 was graduated from the Royal Gymnasium at Dresden. He then went to the University of Halle, and in 1886 was graduated from its Medical Department with the Doctor's degree. He then came to America, and in 1888 was graduated from the New York College of Dentistry with honors, with the degree of Doctor of Dental Surgery. Finally he entered the Medical College of New York University and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1890. His subsequent career has been devoted to practice and to teaching. Thus in 1890–91 he was an Interne in the German Hospital of New York; in 1892–95 he was Attending Physician to the Mount Sinai Dispensary; in 1894–98 he was Professor of Physiology and Histology in the New York Dental School; in 1898–99 he was an Assistant Surgeon of the United States Army, Sixth Cavalry; and since 1898 he has been Attending and Visiting Physician to St. Joseph's Hospital in New York. He is also a Medical Inspector for the New York Health Department. He is a member of the German Medical Society of New York, and of the New York County Medical Society. He was married on July 14, 1895, to Louise Degruheritt, and has one son, Alfons Müller, Jr. His address is No. 334 East 84th Street, New York.

OPDYKE, Alfred, 1869–

Class of 1890 Arts, 1895 Law.

Born at Tenafly, N. J., 1869; studied in New York schools; graduated A.B., New York University, 1890; post-graduate courses at New York University, 1890-91, and Johns Hopkins University, 1891-92; A.M., New York University, 1892; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1895; in practice since 1894; Instructor in New York University Law School, 1895-99; Lecturer on International Law in same, 1899-1900; Professor of Law since 1900.

ALFRED OPDYKE, A.M., LL.B., a fine example of the scholarly man in professional life, bears a name long and honorably associated with New York University. He is the son of William Stryker Opdyke, a distinguished member of the Class of 1856, and a member and officer of the University Council. William S. Opdyke is one of three sons of George Opdyke, Mayor of New York, who were all graduated with honors from New York University, and is descended from Louis Jansen Op Dyck, who came to New Netherlands, now New York, from Holland before 1653. The wife of George Opdyke, and mother of William Stryker Opdyke, was Elizabeth Hall Stryker, a member of another distinguished family of Dutch origin.



ALFRED OPDYKE

William Stryker Opdyke married Margaret Elizabeth Post, daughter of the eminent physician, Alfred C. Post, and she bore him two sons, the elder of whom died in childhood and the younger of whom is the subject of this sketch. Alfred Charles Post Opdyke — to give him his full name, which he no longer uses — was born at Tenafly, New Jersey, on June 13, 1869. His early education was acquired in New York City schools, from which he proceeded, in the fall of 1888, to the College of Arts and Science of New York University. There he pursued the classical course and displayed fine scholarship. He shared the first honor of his graduating class with G. L. Anderson, was appointed Philosophical orator, and won the Philosophical Fellowship.

He was a prominent member of the Psi Upsilon Fraternity, and was elected to Phi Beta Kappa. He was graduated in 1890 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. The next year he spent in the Graduate Seminary of New York University, and the following one in the School of Electrical Engineering at Johns Hopkins University. New York University gave him the degree of Master of Arts in 1892. In the latter year he entered the New York University Law School, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1895. Since 1894 he has been a practicing lawyer in New York City, with offices at No. 20 Nassau Street. His high abilities were recognized by the University in his appointment in 1895 to be an Instructor in the University Law School, a place which he held until 1899. In 1899–1900 he was a Lecturer in the Law School on International Law, and since 1900 he has filled a Professorship in the Law Faculty. Mr. Opdyke is a member of the University and Reform clubs of New York, and is a Republican in politics. He was married on March 28, 1900, to Hilde C. Beck, and lives at Alpine, New Jersey.

PURDY, Harry Roberts, 1859–

Class of 1890 Med.

Born in Someston, Philadelphia County, 1859; studied in public school and Doylestown Seminary; graduated New York College of Pharmacy, 1882; apothecary to Bloomingdale Asylum, 1882-87; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1890; Assistant to Chair of Diseases of Children, Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1892-99; in hospital practice; practicing physician since 1890.

HARRY ROBERTS PURDY, M.D., is a great-great-grandson of John Purdy, who came to America from the North of Ireland in 1742, and settled in Moreland Township, Montgomery County, Pennsylvania. John Purdy had four children, and in 1797 all the family except one of the children, William Purdy, removed to the western part of New York State. William Purdy remained in Pennsylvania, and spent most of his life at Southampton, Bucks County. He married Mary Roney, whose father came from Ireland in 1735 and served in the Revolutionary Army. William Purdy became a prominent man; he commanded a company of Bucks County riflemen in the War of 1812, was several times elected to the State Assembly, and was Prothonotary of Bucks County. His son Thomas was also a prominent citizen. He commanded the First Regiment of Bucks County Volunteers, and was Sheriff of the County in 1842. His son, John Mann Purdy, likewise became a leading man in Bucks County, was elected Sheriff in 1871, and during the second Cleveland Administration was Postmaster of Doylestown, the county seat. John Mann Purdy married Sarah Roberts, a woman of Welsh and Dutch ancestry, and to them was born the subject of this sketch, Harry Roberts Purdy, in Someston, Philadelphia County, on February 13, 1859. The boy was sent to the public school of New Hope, Pennsylvania, and to the Doylestown English and Classical Seminary. After leaving school he worked for three

HARRY R. PURDY

years in the drug store of Dr. George T. Harvey at Doylestown, and then studied and was graduated at the New York College of Pharmacy in 1882. From 1882 to 1887 he was apothecary to the great Bloomingdale Asylum for the Insane, and then gave up pharmacy for medicine. He entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which is now a part of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1890, since which time he has been engaged in medical practice. From 1892 to 1899 he was Assistant to the Chair of Diseases of Children in his Alma Mater, and at the same time was Visiting Physician to the Out-door Department of Bellevue Hospital. From 1892 to 1896 he was also Assistant Visiting Physician to the Out-door

Department of St. Mary's Free Hospital for Children. He is a member of the New York County, New York State and American Medical associations, of the New York Academy of Medicine and the New York County Medical Society. His address is No. 149 Lexington Avenue, New York.

RUE, Charles Sterner, 1871–

Class of 1890 Sci.

Born in Hoboken, N. J., 1871; graduated B.S., New York University, 1890; engaged in book publishing; lawyer.

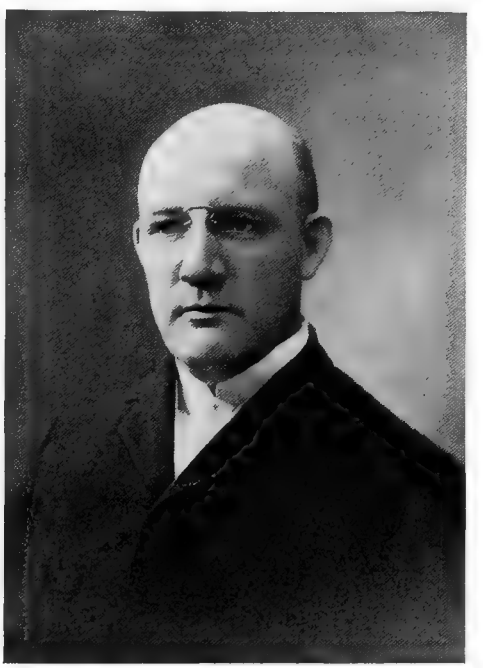
CHARLES STERNER RUE, B.S., is a son of David E. and Margaret (Yoder) Rue, and was born in the City of Hoboken, New Jersey, on July 21, 1871. In New York University he was Vice-President of Eucleian, Founders' Day orator, a member of Phi Beta Kappa, and English Salutatorian at Commencement. He was graduated with the Baccalaureate degree in Science in 1890, and the next year engaged in book publishing. He also studied law and engaged in the practice of that profession. His address is No. 1006 Park Avenue, Hoboken, New Jersey.

RUSH, Thomas Edward, 1867–

Class of 1890 Law.

Born in New York, 1867; studied in public schools and at West Point; graduated A.B., College of City of New York, 1886; LL.B., New York University Law School, 1890; A.M., College of St. Francis Xavier, 1901; in legal service of New York City and State, 1887-97, as expert accountant and examiner in State Ins. Dept., Asst. to Corporation Counsel of New York City, etc.; in private legal practice since 1897.

THOMAS EDWARD RUSH, A.M., LL.B., son of Thomas J and Delia (Connelly) Rush, was born in New York City on January 16, 1867, and received his academic education in the public schools and the College of the City of New York. While he was a student in the latter, in June, 1885, he received from the Hon. S. S. Cox an appointment as cadet in the United States Military Academy at West Point, after the first competitive examination ever held for such appointment. He went to West Point and began his course there, but was soon compelled to retire on account of ill health. Thereupon he returned to the College of the City of New York, and was graduated from it with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1886. Thereafter he was employed as an expert accountant and examiner in the State Insurance Department of New York, as a law clerk in the Law Department of the City of New York, from October 1, 1887, to June 1, 1890, and as managing clerk in the law office of Sturges & Roby, New York. Meantime he became also a student in the New York University Law School, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in June, 1890. A year later the College of St. Francis Xavier gave him the degree of Master of Arts. Immediately upon his graduation from the University Law School Mr. Rush was appointed, on June 1, 1890, an Assistant to the Corporation Counsel of



THOMAS E. RUSH

the City of New York, and filled that place until January 1, 1897, since which date he has been prosperously engaged in the private practice of law in New York, with offices at No. 100 Broadway. Since the same date he has been a commissioner in the new Fort George Park proceedings. He is a Trustee of the Bedford Hospital of Brooklyn, and a Trustee, also, of the Metropolitan Hospital and Dispensary of the City of New York. He is a member of the United States Historical Society and of the Democratic Club of the City of New York. In politics he is a Democrat. He was married on July 4, 1895, to Jessica Innis Brent of Alexandria, Virginia, who died on May 3, 1896. His residence is No. 122 East 82nd Street, New York.

SAVIDGE, Eugene Coleman, 1863–

Class of 1890 Med.

Born in Maryland, 1863; studied in public schools of Baltimore; graduated B.S., B.L., University of France, 1888; M.D., New York University Medical College, 1890; in service of Baltimore & Ohio Railroad; in hospital service and professional practice; author of various books and contributor to periodicals.

EUGENE COLEMAN SAVIDGE, M.D., was born in the State of Maryland on October 21, 1863, the son of the Rev. Coleman H. and Alcinda Harwood (Creager) Savidge. On the maternal side he is descended from the Harwood and

E. C. SAVIDGE

Warfield families of Maryland. His early education was acquired in the public schools of Baltimore, and then he entered the service of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company. In that service he rose from the rank of stenographer to that of Assistant General Manager of the Express Department. He was also Editor of "The Expressman," the author of a novel entitled "Wallingford," and a frequent contributor to magazines and newspapers. His literary and scientific inclinations finally led him to resign his place in the railroad service and to devote himself to literary work and studies. He is the author of "The Gallery of Eminent Men," the contributor of many biographies to "Appleton's Encyclopædia of American Biography," and the author of "The Life and Times of Brewster." The last named work was received with great favor by the press and public, and by the bench and bar to which it especially appealed. Still later appeared his book entitled "The American in Paris," which was prepared principally during his student days in that city, and which was received with a favor amounting to real enthusiasm. Dr. Savidge went to France not long after leaving the service of the railroad company, and pursued literary and professional studies in the University of France. From that institution he received in 1888 the degrees of Bachelor of Science and Bachelor of Letters, and also his first Doctorate. Returning to the United States, he entered the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1890, since which time he has made for himself an important place in the medical profession. He is Gynecologist on the staff of Roosevelt Hospital, and Attending Gynecologist to St. Mark's Hospital in New York; a Fellow of the New York Academy of Medicine, and a member of the New York Obstetrical Society, the New York County Medical Society, the Roosevelt Hospital Alumni, the Sloane Maternity Hospital Alumni, the New York Athletic Club, and the Masonic Order. His chief bibliography is as follows: "Wallingford," 1882; "The Gallery of Eminent Men," 1887; Pennsylvania biographies in "Appleton's Encyclopædia of American Biography," 1887; "The Life and Times of Brewster," 1891; "The American in Paris," 1895; and numerous medical and scientific articles. He was married in 1894 to Caroline Foster, and has one child, John Foster Savidge.

SEIMEL, William Anthony, 1860–

Class of 1890 Med.

Born in New York, 1860; attended public schools, Kaslitz Academy, Bryant & Stratton's Business College, and New York College of Pharmacy; practiced pharmacy, 1877-87; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1890; in practice since 1890.

WILLIAM ANTHONY SEIMEL, M.D., son of Conrad and Eliza (Rubsamen) Seimel, of German ancestry, was born in New York City on April 9, 1860. He studied in the public schools of Brooklyn, and was graduated in 1874; entered Kaslitz Academy, from which he was graduated in 1876; and then was a student for a year in the Bryant & Stratton Business College. On leaving the latter in 1877 he engaged in the drug business, in which he continued until 1887. Mean-

time he continued his studies for two years in the New York College of Pharmacy, from which he was graduated in 1880. In 1887 he entered the New York University Medical College, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1890, since which time he has been practicing his profession in Brooklyn. He is a member of the

WM. A. SEIMEL

Kings County Medical Society, and lives at No. 275 Lorimer Street, Brooklyn, New York. He was married on November 11, 1891, to Nettie Reeves.

STEDMAN, Joseph Cyrus, 1867–

Class of 1890 Med.

Born in Boston, Mass., 1867; educated in Boston Grammar and High schools and Institute of Technology; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1890; House Staff of New York Post-Graduate Hospital, 1890–92; in Massachusetts Military Hospital service since 1897; Surgeon to Boston Dispensary; Lecturer in Tufts College Medical Department.

JOSEPH CYRUS STEDMAN, M.D., son of Joseph and Margaret (Stevens) Stedman, is descended from Isaac Stedman, who came from London in 1635 and settled at Scituate, near Boston, Massachusetts. Isaac Stedman in 1650 sold his Scituate farm and removed to Muddy River, now Brookline, Boston, where he died in 1678. He had four children, one of whom, Thomas, had eleven children. Of these latter, one, John Stedman, was the progenitor of Cyrus Stedman, who was the father of Joseph Stedman, who was the father of the subject of this sketch. Dr. Stedman was born at Jamaica Plain, Boston, Massachusetts, on February 28, 1867, and received a thorough academic and scientific education in the grammar and high schools of Boston and in the Boston Institute of Technology. He was graduated from the latter in 1887, and thereupon entered the Medical College of New York University, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in the Class of 1890. He was further fitted for his professional career by service in the Boston Dispensary and the Boston City Hospital, and in the office of his father, Dr. Joseph Stedman. After graduation he was, in 1890–92, a member of the House Staff of the New York Post-Graduate Hospital. He has ever since been in active practice in the City of Boston, his address being No. 80 Elm Street, Jamaica Plain. He became a Second Lieutenant in the Ambulance Corps of the Massachusetts National Guard in 1897 and served thus until 1899, and on August 12, 1900, he was appointed First Lieutenant and Assistant Surgeon, First Regiment, Heavy Artillery, Massachusetts National Guard. He is also a Surgeon to the Boston Dispensary, and a Lecturer in the Medical Department of Tufts College. In New York University he was a member of the Delta Upsilon Fraternity, and he is now a member of the Massachusetts Medical Society, the Clinical Club of Boston, the Boston Society for Medical Improvement, the New York County Medical Society, the New York County Medical Association, the Lotos Club of New York, the Brookline Country Club, and the Massachusetts Automobile Club. In politics he is a Republican. He was married on October 4, 1892, to Mary Condit, and has three children: Laura Margaret, Ruth and Joseph Stedman.

STRASBOURGER, Samuel, 1867–

Class of 1890 Law.

Born in New York, 1867; studied in public schools and College of City of New York; in mercantile pursuits; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1890; in practice since 1890; prominent in politics; appointed Commissioner of Taxes and Assessments, New York City, 1902.

SAMUEL STRASBOURGER, LL.B., son of Henri and Rachel (Mayer) Strasbourger, was born in New York City on May 23, 1867, and

received his general education in the public schools and College of the City of New York. After leaving school he was employed for a time in mercantile pursuits, and then entered the Law School of New York University, from which he was graduated in 1890 with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. Since that time he has been actively engaged in the practice of his profession. He has been counsel in numerous important suits in State and Federal courts, and is now the head of the well known and successful law firm of Strasbourger, Weil, Eschwege & Schaleck, at No. 132 Nassau Street, New York.

SAMUEL STRASBOURGER

In addition to his legal practice Mr. Strasbourger has been prominent in public affairs, in political and philanthropic work. He was a Republican candidate for Assemblyman in 1889, and in 1899 was candidate for a District Court Justiceship on the Republican, Labor, and Citizens' Union tickets. In 1902 Mayor Low appointed him a Commissioner of Taxes and Assessments for New York City. He is a member of the Republican Club of the City of New York, and of the Harlem Republican Club, and is President of the Central Republican Club of the Thirty-first Assembly District. He is also a member of the Masonic Order, the Columbia Club, the Independent Order of Free Sons of Israel, and the corporations of the Mount Sinai and Lebanon hospitals, the Montefiore Home, the Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Society, and other organizations. His home is at No. 2152 Seventh Avenue, New York.

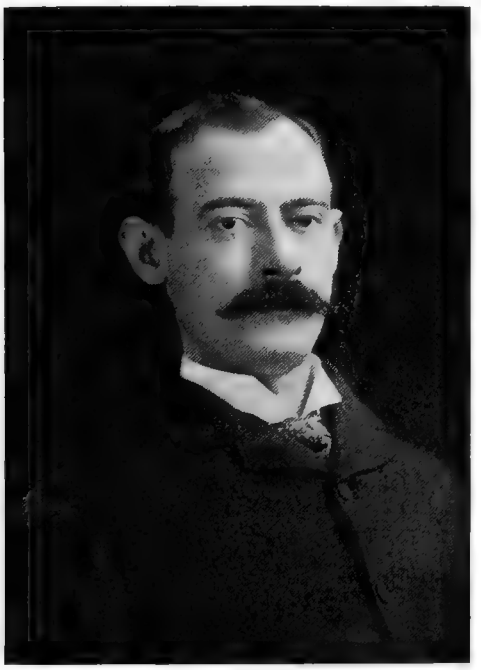
STRAUSS, Simon, 1868–

Class of 1890 Med.

Born at Richmondville, N. Y., 1868; studied in private and public schools of New York; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1890; graduated *summa cum laude* Berlin University, 1893; in practice and hospital service since 1893; Instructor in New York Polyclinic.

SIMON STRAUSS, M.D., is a son of Moses Strauss, a native of Hardheim, Baden, Germany, who came to New York in 1854, and was engaged in the dry goods trade for thirty-five years prior to his retirement in 1885. His mother, whose maiden name was Rosa Kalberman, was a native of Eicholzheim, Baden, and came to this country in 1855. He was born at Richmondville, New York, on March 18, 1868, and was educated in public and private schools in New York City. In 1887 he entered the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1890. Upon the advice of Dr. A. L. Loomis he went abroad to study Pathology under Dr. Virchow in Berlin, in whose laboratory he made a special study of surgical Pathology, also the Pathological changes in Puerperal Sepsis, reading a paper entitled "The Pathological Changes in Puerperal Infections." He afterward entered the Universitäts Frauenklinik of Professor R. Olshausen, attending obstetrical and gynecological cases for three years. He then pursued the study of surgery under Professors Albert and Billroth in Vienna, and made a trip to Padua, Italy, and performed Bassini's operation for hernia under the guidance of Professor Bassini, the author thereof. In Rome, through the kindness of Professors Manhifava and Celli, he was enabled to study malarial fever in all its stages, and make microscopical diagnoses in the Hospital St. Giovanni. In Paris Professor Pean instructed him to do vaginal hysterectomy by the clamp method, also showing him the advantage of the vaginal route in selected cases. In London Sir Joseph Lister and Sir Frederick Treves were his teachers in general surgery. After finishing his studies he took the degree of Doctor of Medicine in Berlin, receiving the highest mark, *summa cum laude*, and his essay, "Ueber Uternsmyome und Ihre Histogenese," was awarded especial mention. In the spring of 1893 he returned to New

York to practice his profession. From 1893 to 1897 he was Gynecologist to the East Side Dispensary, and Visiting Surgeon to the Out-door Department of the Mount Sinai Hospital. He is now Surgeon to the Hebrew Infant Asylum and Instructor in Gynecology in the New York Polyclinic Medical School and Hospital. He is a member of the New York State Medical Association, the Manhattan Clinical Society, the Harlem Medical Association and the Eastern Medical Society. His address is No. 111 West 119th Street, New York.



SIMON STRAUSS

TOWNE, Paul Ransom, 1869–

Class of 1890 Law.

Born in Buffalo, N. Y., 1869; studied in public schools; entered law office as student, 1882; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1890; admitted to Bar of New York, 1890; in active practice since 1890; 1st Lieutenant, National Guard.

PAUL RANSOM TOWNE, LL.B., son of Paul Allen and Mary S. (Campbell) Towne, respectively of English and Scotch ancestry, was born in Buffalo, New York, on January 9, 1869, and until he was eleven years old studied in the public schools. At the age of thirteen he entered a law office as a student, and later was matriculated in the New York University Law School. From the latter he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1890, and later in the same year he was admitted to practice at the Bar of New York. Since then he has been steadily engaged in general practice, being a member of the firm of Harris & Towne, at No. 258 Broadway, New York. On July 6, 1898, he was commissioned Second Lieutenant in the Two Hundred and First Regiment, United States Volunteer Infantry; and in January, 1901, First Lieutenant, Seventh Regiment, New York National Guard. He is a member of the Bar Association of New York City, the New York Athletic Club, the Marine and Field Club, and the Phi Delta Phi Club of New York. In politics he is a Republican. His residence is at No. 60 Madison Avenue, New York.

TRACY, Samuel Gateley, 1867–

Class of 1890 Med.

Born in New York, 1867; studied in public schools and under tutors; graduated B.S., Hamilton College; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1890; in practice, with hospital and dispensary service, since 1890; inventor of the electro-phone; author of various papers.

SAMUEL GATELEY TRACY, B.S., M.D., son of William and Catherine Tracy, was born in New York City on September 6, 1867, and received his early education in the public schools and under tutors. He entered Hamilton College in 1885, and was graduated from there with the degree of Bachelor of Science. In 1890 he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and immediately thereafter began the practice of his profession. He was elected, in 1890, President and Visiting Physician of the Bloomingdale Clinic, and also Assistant to the Chair of Diseases of Children in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College. In 1891 he was appointed Aural Surgeon to the Vanderbilt Clinic, and Assistant Visiting Physician to the Bellevue Dispensary, and in 1895 he became Assistant Instructor in Electro-Therapeutics at the New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital. He is, or has been, a member of the Knickerbocker Athletic Club, the New York County Medical Society, the New York County Medical Association, the Lenox Medical and Surgical Society, the New York Historical Society, and the Society of Medical Jurisprudence. Dr. Tracy is the inventor of the device known as the electro-phone, intended to enable deaf persons

to hear. It is well thought of by the medical and surgical profession, and is of considerable service as an aid to the deaf. He is also the author of various published papers on professional topics, including "Electricity in Medicine," "Nature's Remedies," and "Suggestive Therapeutics." In politics he is a Republican. His residence is at No. 240 West 102nd Street, and his office at No. 537 Fifth Avenue, New York.

SAM'L G. TRACY

NATHAN B. VAN ETTEN

VAN ETTEN, Nathan Bristol, 1866–

Class of 1890 Med.

Born at Waverly, N. Y., 1866; studied in public schools of Port Jervis, N. Y., and Cornell University, 1885-87; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1890; studied in Berlin; in practice since 1891.

NATHAN BRISTOL VAN ETTEN, M.D., is directly descended from Jacob Jansen Van Etten, who came from Holland and settled at Kingston, New York, in 1660, and is the son of Solomon Van Etten, M.D., and Maria (Bristol) Van Etten. He studied in the public schools of Port Jervis, New York, and thence went to Cornell University, where he was a student in 1885–87. Finally he entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which is now a part of New York University, and was graduated a Doctor of Medicine in 1890. During the next year he practiced with his father and attended clinics in Berlin, Germany, and in 1891 established himself in private practice in New York City, where he still remains. At Cornell he was a member of Kappa Alpha, and at Bellevue of Phi Alpha Sigma. He is a member of the American and New York State Medical associations, the Medical Association of Greater New York, the Bronx Borough Medical Society, and the Holland Society of New York. In politics he is a Republican. He was married to Josephine Swinton on May 17, 1893, and has two children: Eleanor and Katherine Van Etten. His home is at the corner of Tremont and Anthony avenues, Borough of The Bronx, New York.

WEISBROD, Frederick, 1863–

Class of 1890 Med.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1863; studied in private and public schools and Cooper Institute; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1890; served in Bellevue Hospital; in practice since 1890.

FREDERICK WEISBROD, M.D., son of Frederick and Elizabeth (Krieg) Weisbrod, both Bavarians, was born in Brooklyn, New York, on November 19, 1863. He began his education under private instruction and was educated in both the English and German tongues. He was after-

ward a student in Public School No. 18, Brooklyn, and was graduated in the academic class at the age of sixteen. Subsequently he continued his studies at the Polytechnic Institute in Brooklyn, at the Cooper Institute in New York, and in 1887 matriculated in the Medical Department of New York University, graduating in the Class of 1890. He began practice in Brooklyn, where he is still engaged, at No. 882 Bushwick Avenue. In 1890–1899 he was engaged in dispensary work and since 1899 he has been Gynecologist to the German Hospital of Brooklyn. He is a member of the Kings

F. WEISBROD

County, Brooklyn, and German Medical societies, and the Brooklyn Pathological Society. He was married in 1892 to Rose Hedwig Lyding, and has one son, Frederick Weisbrod.

BAIRD, Henry Martyn, Jr., 1871–

Class of 1891 Arts, 1894 Law.

Born in Yonkers, N. Y., 1871; graduated A.B., New York University, 1891, and A.M., 1893; teacher in University Grammar School, and post-graduate student in University, 1891-93; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1894; lawyer.

HENRY MARTYN BAIRD, Jr., A.M., LL.B., is a son of Professor Henry Martyn Baird, A.M., Ph.D., D.D., LL.D., of the Class of 1850 of New York University, for more than forty years the head of the Greek Department of the University, and the chief historian of the Huguenots and French Reformation. His mother's maiden name was Susan Elizabeth Baldwin. He was born at Yonkers, New York, on December 7, 1871, and at the age of sixteen years entered the College of Arts of New York University, of which his father was Dean. There he ranked high as a student. He was President of his class in the Sophomore Year, President of Eucleian, Class Historian, Valedictorian, and winner of the Classical Fellowship. He was also a member of Psi Upsilon and of Phi Beta Kappa. He was graduated with the Baccalaureate degree in Arts in 1891, and for the next two years pursued post-graduate courses of study in the University, at the same time teaching in the University Grammar School. In 1893 he received the Master's degree in Arts. He also studied in the University Law School in 1892–94, and was graduated a Bachelor of Laws in the latter year. Since 1894 he has been engaged in the practice of his profession in New York City and in Yonkers, New York.

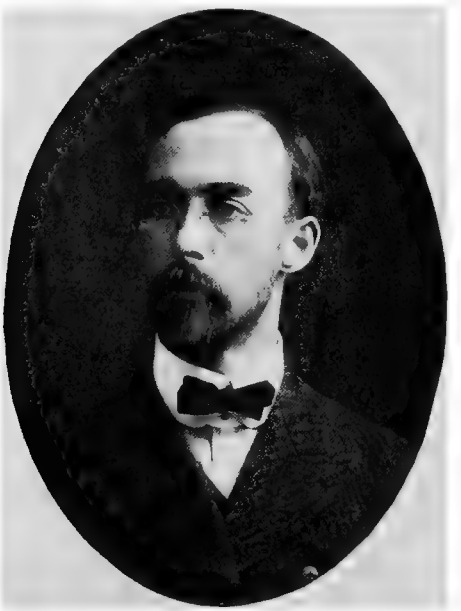
BESEMER, Howard Burhans, 1869–

Class of 1891 Med.

Born in Dryden, N. Y., 1869; studied at Ithaca, N. Y., High School; graduated Ph.B., Cornell University, 1889; M.D., New York University Medical Department, 1891; M.D., Cleveland Medical College, 1892; assistant in general practice and pathology for several years; in surgical practice exclusively since 1898.

HOWARD BURHANS BESEMER, M.D., son of Martin and Emma Wolcott Besemer, is of one-half English, one-fourth Dutch, and one-fourth Scotch-Irish-German ancestry. The son of an accomplished physician, he is directly descended from five other physicians in the last eight generations, bearing the names of Hutchinson, Hastings and Kierstede. Six Revolutionary soldiers, from the rank of drummer boy to that of Major, were also among his ancestors, with the names of Besemer, Van Steenberg, Hutchinson, Buel and Wortman. Before 1660 no fewer than thirty-six of his ancestors were settled in this country, among them being Anneke Jans, Anna Stuyvesant, Henry Wolcott, Peter Bayard, and the bearers of many other distinguished names. He was born at Dryden, New York, on October 19, 1869, and was prepared for college at the Ithaca, New York, High School. He then entered Cornell University at Ithaca, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Phil-

osophy in 1889. Two years in the Medical Department of New York University followed, and he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1891. Another year of study at the Cleveland,



H. B. BESEMER

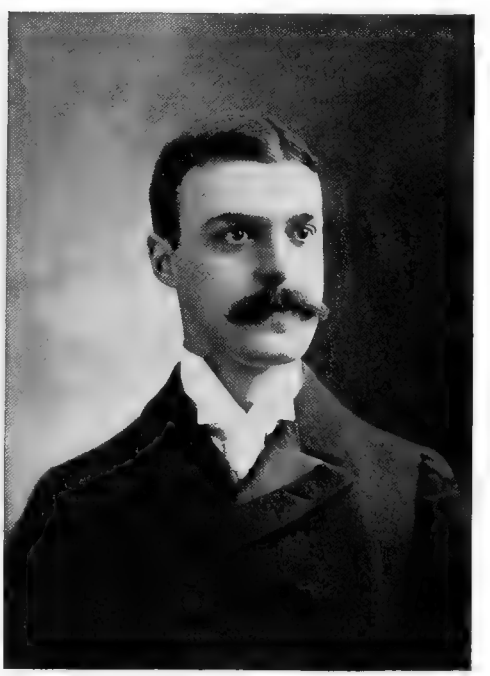
Ohio, Medical College brought him another graduation with the same degree in 1892. With such preparation for a professional career he returned to Ithaca, and became an assistant to his father, Martin Besemer, M.D., and several years did general practice. He also fitted up a pathological laboratory and did much work therein. In 1893 he began assisting Dr. Robert T. Morris of New York, who was Visiting Surgeon at Ithaca, and he performed his first major operation, a laparotomy, in 1895. In 1898 he was compelled to give up medical practice and devote himself entirely to surgery. He is thus engaged at the present time at Ithaca, New York, in connection with his father, who practices general medicine, and with Dr. H. H. Crun, Anæsthetist and Pathologist. He is a member of the Town and Gown Club of Ithaca. He was married on February 20, 1895, to Helen Burling.

BULKLEY, Erastus Walbridge, 1873–

Class of 1891 Sci.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1873; prepared for college in common and high schools; graduated B.S., New York University, 1891; graduated College of Pharmacy, City of New York, 1896; Psi Upsilon, Phi Beta Kappa; engaged in railroad, manufacturing and banking business since 1891.

ERASTUS WALBRIDGE BULKLEY, son of Reginald Walbridge Bulkley and Caroline Amelia Bulkley (born Wilkinson), was born in Brooklyn, New York, on February 6, 1873. He comes of an old and prominent New England family, which was planted in this country by the Rev. Peter Bulkley, who came from England and founded the town of Concord, Massachusetts, in 1636. A branch of the family later removed to Connecticut. Two generations ago Erastus Bulkley left his native town of Rocky Hill, near Hartford, Connecticut, for New York City, and thence went to Charleston, South Carolina. There his son, Reginald Walbridge Bulkley, was born. The family finally returned to the north and settled in Brooklyn. The subject of this sketch was educated first in Public School No. 16, and then in the high school of Brooklyn. In 1887 he entered New York University, electing the Scientific Course in University College. He excelled as a



E. W. BULKLEY

student, and when he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1891, he stood fourth on the list of honor men in his class. It had been his intention to enter the medical profession. Circum-

stances decided otherwise, however, and he engaged in business pursuits instead. From August, 1891, until February, 1892, he was a clerk and stenographer in the Freight Department of the Pennsylvania Railroad office in Brooklyn. Then to December, 1892, he was stenographer in the office of the Vice-President of the Pullman Company in New York. From the beginning of 1893 to the end of 1897 he was Assistant to the President of the Safety Car Heating & Lighting Company of New York, and since January 1, 1898, he has been Assistant Manager of the Albany office of Spencer Trask & Company, bankers of New York and Albany. While following diligently this business career, Mr. Bulkley has remained an earnest scientific student, particularly along the lines of chemistry, and has found time to complete the regular course of the School of Pharmacy of the City of New York, where he was graduated with honors in 1896. He has also been interested in the cultivation, on a commercial scale, of various rare medicinal plants. In college Mr. Bulkley was a member of the Psi Upsilon Fraternity, and was elected to Phi Beta Kappa. In Albany he is a member of the University and Press clubs. In politics he has always been a Republican. He was married on April 10, 1901, to Sarah Elizabeth Cleveland of Hartford, Connecticut, and now lives in Albany, New York.

COCKE, William Irby, 1862–

Class of 1891 Med.

Born at Travis, Texas, 1862; studied in village school and business college; worked at farming and surveying, as shipping clerk, etc.; in wood and coal business; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1891; in practice since 1891.

WILLIAM IRBY COCKE, M.D., is in the seventh generation of direct descent from Richard Cocke, who came from England about 1626 and settled in Virginia, the family seats there being at Malvern Hill and Bremo on the James River. From Richard Cocke (1) the line runs through Richard, the younger (2), Thomas (3), Lemuel (4), Lemuel (5), Richard (6), and William Irby (7), to William Irby Cocke (8), the subject of this sketch. On the side of his mother, whose maiden name was Mary Rebecca Cleveland, he is descended from Moses Cleveland, who came from England in 1635 and settled either at Plymouth or at Boston, Massachusetts, the line running from Moses Cleveland through Samuel (2), Joseph (3), Ezra (4), Ezra (5), Ezra (6), Ezra (7), and Mary Rebecca (8) Cleveland Cocke. Dr. Cocke was born at Travis, Austin County, Texas, on April 28, 1862, and attended the village school at Belleville in that county. His father died when he was eleven years old. For two years more he attended school, and then for two years worked on a farm. In the winter of 1877–78 he attended Jones's Commercial College at Austin, Texas, and while there he entered the employment of a Quaker, Robert Smith, as utility boy in a general store. The engagement lasted three weeks, when for an infraction of rules he was peremptorily dismissed — an experience which he has

WM. I. COCKE

ever regarded with gratitude, since it taught him a valuable lesson. In 1878 he returned to Belleville, and thereafter worked in the Civil Engineering Department of the Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fé Railroad, then under construction. In 1881 he was a transit man on the Texas Western Narrow Gauge Railroad, and made a survey of two hundred miles for a road that was never built. Early in 1882 he began working in the grocery store of his uncle, William D. Cleveland, at Houston, Texas, and remained there four years, filling the place of shipping clerk. At the beginning of 1886 he engaged in business for himself at weighing cotton, forwarding freight, and dealing in coal and wood. A little later he was joined in this business by his brother Richard, and

they remained together until August 1, 1888, when the business was turned over to Richard and William came to New York to study medicine at the Bellevue Hospital Medical College. From that institution, which is now a part of New York University, he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine on March 31, 1891. For a few months he was a Sanitary Inspector for the New York City Health Board, and then in October, 1891, settled in practice at Port Washington, New York, where he still remains. He is a member of the Protestant Episcopal Church, the Queens-Nassau and Brooklyn Medical societies, the Associated Physicians of Long Island, the New York Polyclinic Society, the New York Physicians' Mutual Aid Association, the Virginia Historical Society, the Society for the Preservation of Virginian Antiquities, the Manhasset Bay Yacht Club, the Sands Point Golf Club, and the Free and Accepted and Royal Arch Masons. He is a Clinical Assistant in the New York Polyclinic Medical School and Hospital. He was married on September 19, 1888, to Isabel Burton, and has one daughter, Rosabel Cocke. His address is Port Washington, Long Island, New York.

CONOVER, Jonathan Higgins, 1863–

Class of 1891 Vet.

Born at Copper Hill, N. J., 1863; studied in public schools and at Academy of Science and Art at Ringoes, N. J.; graduated D.V.S., American Veterinary College, 1891; Inspector New Jersey Tuberculosis Commission since 1897; in practice at Washington, N. J., 1891-93; at Flemington, N. J., since 1893.

JONATHAN HIGGINS CONOVER, D.V.S., as his name indicates, is of Dutch ancestry. His first American progenitors came from Holland in the early colonial days, and settled in Monmouth County, New Jersey. The name at that time was in the old Dutch form, Kouenhoven, which in later generations has been modified into Conover. His father was David Conover. His mother's maiden name was Henrietta Van Doren Williamson, whose family was of English descent and among the earliest settlers of Neshanic, New Jersey. He was himself born at Copper Hill, New Jersey, on June 28, 1863, and was educated in the local public school and at the Academy of Science and Art at Ringoes, New Jersey. His inclination leading him toward the practice of veterinary medicine and surgery, he went to New York and entered the American Veterinary College, which has since been consolidated into a department of New York University. There he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Veterinary Surgery in 1891. He then settled at Washington, New Jersey, in May, 1891, and remained there until April, 1893, at which latter date he removed to his present home and office at Flemington, New Jersey. Dr. Conover has been an Inspector for the New Jersey Tuberculosis Commission since 1897. He is President and Chief of the Flemington Fire Department, a Regent of the Royal Arcanum, and Commander of the Grand Fraternity. He is one

JONATHAN H. CONOVER

of the trustees of the Flemington Public Library. In politics he is a Republican. He was married on August 21, 1889, to Lillian Arnwine.

DUDLEY, Clifton Rogers, 1867–

Class of 1891 Med.

Born at Palmyra, Mo., 1867; studied in public schools and University of Virginia; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1891; post-graduate course and hospital service; in practice since 1893; Medical Director of Missouri State Life Insurance Company; formerly Editor of "Courier of Medicine."

CLIFTON ROGERS DUDLEY, M.D., was born at Palmyra, Missouri, on December 24, 1867, the son of James Rogers Dudley and Sarah Waller (Rodes) Dudley. The Dudley family

came from England and was settled in Virginia on a grant of land from the king in earliest colonial times. Dr. Dudley studied in the Palmyra common and high schools, and pursued a three years' elective course in the University of Virginia. Then he came to the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1891. For a year he pursued a post-graduate course, and for a year and a half served as an Interne in the Charity, now City, Hospital. Since 1893 he has been engaged in private practice in the City of St. Louis, Missouri. He is Medical Director of the Missouri State Life Insurance Company, Visiting Gynecologist to the Missouri Baptist Sanitarium, and a member of the St. Louis Medical Society, the Medical Association of Missouri, the American and the St. Louis Obstetrical and Gynecological societies, and the Jefferson Club of St. Louis. He was formerly Editor of "The St. Louis Courier of Medicine." In politics he is a Democrat.

EARLEY, Cornelius Joseph, 1870–

Class of 1891 Law.

Born at Elizabethport, N. J., 1870; graduated De La Salle Institute, New York, 1888; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1891; admitted to Bar, 1892; Assistant Corporation Counsel, New York City, 1893-95; in private practice since 1895; in charge of legal business of Roman Catholic Archdiocese of New York.

CORNELIUS JOSEPH EARLEY, LL.B., son of John and Katharine (Dougherty) Earley, of Celtic descent, was born at Elizabethport, New Jersey, on April 17, 1870, and was graduated from the De La Salle Institute, New York, in 1888. He studied law in the Law School of New York University, where he was a member of Field Chapter of Phi Delta Phi, and was graduated in May, 1891, with the degree of Bachelor of Laws and first honor man of his class. At the age of eighteen he had entered the office of William J. Lardner, Deputy Attorney-General of the State of New York, but was compelled to wait until he was twenty-one years old, in April, 1892, before he could be admitted to the Bar. From October, 1893, to May, 1895, he was Assistant Corporation Counsel of the City of New York under William H. Clark. Since the latter date he has been engaged in the practice of his profession on his own account. He is counsel to the Roman Catholic Chancery Office, and has charge of the legal business of the Roman Catholic Archdiocese of New York. He is a member of the Catholic Club, the Royal Arcanum, the Knights of Columbus, the Bronson Club and Tallapoosa Club of the Borough of the Bronx, and the Bronx Democratic Club. In politics he is an active Democrat, and was Chairman of the Democratic General Committee of the Thirty-fourth Assembly District of New York City in 1897–98. He was married on June 21, 1898, to Rose Marie McDevitt, and has three children: Gladys, Jack, and Eunice Earley. His city home is at No. 680 East 136th Street, New York, his summer home is at Blue Point, on Great South Bay, Long Island, and his office is at No. 271 Broadway, New York.

CORNELIUS J. EARLEY

EVANS, Andrew Haswell Green, 1871–

Class of 1891 Sci., 1892 Law.

Born in New York, 1871; graduated B.S., New York University, 1891, and LL.B., New York University Law School, 1892; admitted to Bar, 1893; Clerk of New York Police Department Civil Service Board, 1895-98.

ANDREW HASWELL GREEN EVANS, B.S., LL.B., son of Isaac and Justine (Deslandes) Evans, was born in New York City on December 20, 1871, and received his early education in the public schools and Trinity Chapel School. He was matriculated at New York University in 1887, and pur-

sued the Scientific Course of the University College. He was a member of the Zeta Psi Fraternity. At the Commencement of 1891 he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science. In the following fall he entered the New York University Law School, the Junior year studies of which he had already pursued during his Senior year in the University College, and he was graduated in 1892 with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. In the Law School he was a member of the Delta Chi Fraternity. He was admitted to the Bar in 1893, and practiced his profession for one year. Then for a year he was engaged in the United States Customs Service in New York. In 1895 he became Clerk of the Civil Service Board of the New York Police Department, and filled that place for three years, after which he resumed the practice of his profession. His residence is at No. 418 West 160th Street, New York.

FLEMMING, Robert Latou, 1868–

Class of 1891 Sci., 1893 Law.

Born in Jersey City, N. J., 1868; graduated B.S., New York University, 1891; LL.B., New York University Law School, 1893; lawyer.

ROBERT LATOU FLEMMING, B.S., LL.B., is a son of James and Sarah (Latou) Flemming, and was born in Jersey City, New Jersey, on September 5, 1868. In New York University he was Vice-President and Treasurer of his class, Class Assistant in Chemistry, a member of Delta Phi, and a Commencement orator. He was graduated with the Baccalaureate degree in Science in 1891, and then entered the New York University Law School, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1893. Since the latter date he has been successfully engaged in professional pursuits. His address is No. 82 Grand Street, Jersey City, New Jersey.

ROBERT L. FLEMMING

FRIEDMAN, David, 1868–

Class of 1891 Med.

Born in 1868; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1891; House Surgeon at St. Joseph's Hospital, Paterson, N. J., 1891-92; Assistant Instructor at New York Polyclinic, 1894; in practice since 1892; specialist in diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat.

DAVID FRIEDMAN, M.D., son of Samuel and Rebecca Friedman, was born on August 25, 1868. After studying at the public and high schools of New York City he entered the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated a Doctor of Medicine in 1891. Upon graduation he was appointed, after a competitive examination, House Surgeon in St. Joseph's Hospital, Paterson, New Jersey, and remained there until 1892, when he became associated in private practice with Professor Joseph Simrock, Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat

DAVID FRIEDMAN

Specialist, with whom he remained for six years and whom he now succeeds. He is now alone in his practice, which is devoted to diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat. In 1894 he was Assistant Instructor in the New York Polyclinic. He has also been Consulting Physician to the Hebrew Infant Asylum. He is a member of the American, New York State and New York County Medical associations, and the Eastern Medical Society. He was married on October 18, 1892, to Emma Beutler, and has four children: Grace, Sydney, Beatrice and Violet Lucille Friedman. His address is No. 197 Lenox Avenue, New York.

GILLERAN, Thomas, 1868–

Class of 1891 Law.

Born in New York, 1868; educated in public schools; graduated A.B., St. Francis Xavier's College, 1891, and A.M., 1892; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1891; admitted to Bar, 1890; in practice in New York; member New York State Constitutional Convention, 1894; Commissioner of Municipal Statistics, New York, since 1900.

THOMAS GILLERAN, who comes of Irish ancestry, was born on December 1, 1868, and received his early education in the public

THOMAS GILLERAN

schools. His collegiate training was received in the College of St. Francis Xavier in New York, from which he received the degrees of Bachelor of Arts in 1891 and Master of Arts in 1892. While in college he studied law in a law office, and also in the Law School of New York University, and was graduated from the latter with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1891. He had already been admitted to practice at the Bar in 1890. In the last named year he won the Elliott F. Shepard Prize for scholarship in the University Law School, and was President of his class. He was elected a member of the New York State Constitutional Convention of 1894, and since 1900 he has been Commissioner of Municipal Statistics of New York City. He is a member of the Bar Association, the Democratic Club, the Catholic Club, and the Knickerbocker Athletic Club. He is President of the Chickasaw Club, and was a founder of the New York University Chapter of the Delta Chi Fraternity. He lives in New York City.

HENSON, Henry Branson, 1869–

Class of 1891 Med.

Born at Scranton, Pa., 1869; studied in public schools, College of City of New York, and Rockland College; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1891; hospital service, 1891-3; in practice since 1893.

HENRY BRANSON HENSON, M.D., son of Henry Branson and Sarah (Drake) Henson, was born at Scranton, Pennsylvania, on August 13, 1869. He attended public schools in Syracuse, New York, and New York City, the College of the City of New York one year, and Rockland College. Then he entered the New York University Medical College and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1891. The next two years were spent as an Interne at the Manhattan Hospital Dispensary, now the J. Hood Wright Memorial Hospital, and then, in 1893, he began the medical practice in which he is still successfully engaged. He is still connected with the J. Hood Wright Memorial Hospital, as an Assistant Visiting Physician and as Physician to its Dispensary, and is also Physician to the New York Magdalen Home. He is a member of the Harlem Medical Association, the New York County Medical Society, the New York County Medical Association, the New York State Medical Association, the Physicians' Mutual Aid Association, the Alumni Society of the J. Hood Wright Memorial Hospital, the Masonic Order, the Knights and Ladies of Honor, the Zeta Psi Fraternity, the Knights of Pythias, the Royal Arcanum, and the

H. B. HENSON

M. E. HARBY

Sterling Republican Club. Dr. Henson was married on July 8, 1896, to Edna V. Pitman, and has two children: Virginia May, born on August 29, 1897, and Harry Drake Henson, born on April 19, 1899. His address is No. 320 West 125th Street, New York.

HARBY, Marx Edwin, 1871–

Class of 1891 Arts, 1893 Law.

Born at Galveston, Texas, 1871; studied at University of Texas; graduated A.B., New York University, 1891; LL.B., New York Law School, 1893; in legal practice in New York since 1893.

MARX EDWIN HARBY, A.B., LL.B., was born in the City of Galveston, Texas, on March 13, 1871. He was for two years a student in the University of Texas, and then came to New York University, and within two years was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, in 1891. Finally he entered the New York Law School, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1893. Since the latter date he has been established in practice as a lawyer at No. 20 Broad Street, New York. He is attorney and counsel for various large corporations having interests in the Republic of Mexico, and is actively engaged in litigation having to do with mining. On October 7, 1897, he was married to Rose Phillips, daughter of Morris Phillips, proprietor of "The Home Journal," and resides at No. 25 West 11th Street, New York.

JUDGE, John C., 1871–

Class of 1891 Law.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1871; studied at Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute; graduated A.B., Princeton, 1890; LL.B., New York University Law School, 1891; admitted to Bar, New York, 1891, and U. S. Supreme Court, 1896; Public School Principal, Brooklyn, 1894; in practice since 1891.

JOHN C. JUDGE, LL.B., son of Dennis and Anne (Regan) Judge, was born in the City of Brooklyn, New York, in 1871, and has all his life been identified therewith. His early education was acquired at the well known Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute, and thence he proceeded to Princeton University, where he was graduated with the Baccalaureate degree in 1890, being President of his class. He then entered the Law School of New York University, and was graduated from it with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1891, being the Treasurer of the class organization and receiving at Commencement first honorable mention. At about the same time he was admitted to practice at the Bar of the State of New York, and entered upon the

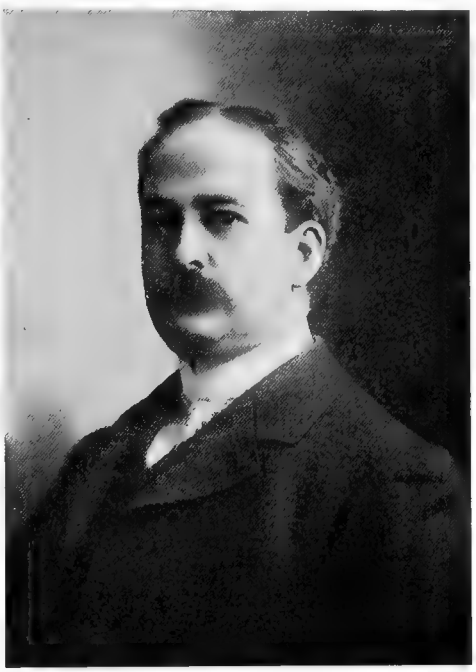
pursuit of his profession, in which he has continued ever since, with constantly increasing success. In 1896 he was admitted to practice at the Bar of the Supreme Court of the United States. He was also in 1894 Principal of Public School No. 40, in Brooklyn. He has devoted his attention chiefly to corporation law, and has become a recognized authority upon it. One of his important suits involved the levy of a tax of $63,000 against a corporation outside of the state. He was retained to defend the corporation in its denial of the legality of the tax, and he won the suit after a battle of six years in the courts, and thus established an important legal principle. He is now attorney or counsel for a large number of prominent corporations in Brooklyn, and ranks among the leaders of the Bar in that borough of New York City. He is a member of the Brooklyn Bar Association, and of the Crescent Athletic Club of Brooklyn. He was married on April 16, 1902, to Helen C. Kennedy, and lives at No. 379 Clinton Street, Brooklyn, with offices at No. 375 Fulton Street.

KENNEDY, Francis Sudlow, 1855–

Class of 1891 Med.

Born in New York City, 1855; studied in public schools; Civil Engineer and surveyor, and railroad constructor, 1873-76; in mercantile life in New York City, 1876-87; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1891; Physician and Surgeon, Colored Home and Hospital, 1892; in practice in Brooklyn, New York, since 1893.

FRANCIS SUDLOW KENNEDY, M.D., is a descendant of the earlier settlers in this country, both on the paternal and maternal side. His great-grandfather, Hugh Kennedy, was born in Kent Township, Connecticut, in 1745, and served as a soldier in the American Revolution under Colonel John Durkee in the fourth Connecticut Regiment. Hugh and Nancy (Briggs) Kennedy had a son, Ebenezer Briggs Kennedy, born near Dover Plains, New York, in 1785, who married Margaret McKee, and served under Captain Van Voorhis in Colonel Corver's (Sixty-first) Regiment in the War of 1812. To this latter couple was born at Fishkill Village, New York, in 1819, De Lancy Kennedy, who married Eliza Abigail Sudlow and was the father of the subject of this sketch. Dr. Kennedy's mother was born in New Milford, Connecticut, in 1820, being the daughter of George J. and Thirza (Fuller) Sudlow. Her father was born in New Milford, Connecticut, in 1783, the son of Richard and Abigail (Wanzer) Sudlow. Richard Sudlow was born in England (near London) in 1748, and came to America in 1766 with Major Skene as a surveyor. His wife, Abigail Wanzer, born in New York in 1758, was descended from the early Dutch settlers of New Amsterdam. Dr. Kennedy was born in New York City on October 21, 1855, being the youngest but one of seven children, and obtained his early education in the public schools. From 1873 to 1876 he was engaged in the study of civil engineering, surveying and railroad construction in the states of New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania. In 1876



FRANCIS S. KENNEDY

he became interested in mercantile pursuits in New York City, in which he continued until 1887, at which time he began the study of medicine, having long been interested in this subject. He was graduated from the New York University Medical College in 1891, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, and was the Valedictorian of his class. In 1892 he was Resident Physician and Surgeon of the Colored Home and Hospital, and in the next year, 1893, engaged in the independent practice of his profession in Brooklyn, New York, where he has since resided. He is a member of the Medical Society of the County of Kings, was Chairman of its Membership Committee in 1899, and Chairman of its Section on Materia Medica, Therapeutics and Pharm-

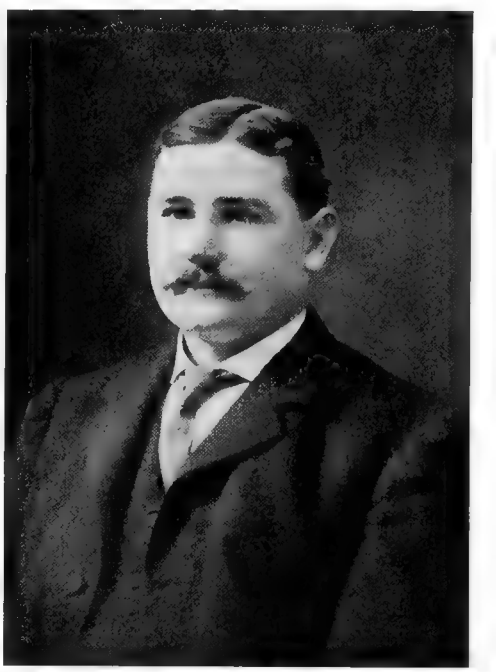
acology in 1900. Dr. Kennedy has written several scientific papers which have been read before the Medical Society or its sections, among them being one on "The Sphygmograph: Its Practical Utility," and another on "The Primary Cause of Diabetes." He is also a member of the Brooklyn Medical Society, the Associated Physicians of Long Island and the American Medical Association. Aside from his work as a practicing physician, Dr. Kennedy has delivered series of lectures to the public in Brooklyn under the auspices of the Board of Education, some of the subjects being: "Care of Infants and Children," "Home Nursing," "Tuberculosis" and "The Proper Care of the Health." He was a member of the Seventh Regiment, New York National Guard, from 1883 to 1892, was in the Department of Health from 1894 to 1898, an ad interim Examining Surgeon of the Bureau of Pensions in 1899, is Examining Physician for several life insurance societies, and a member of the Society of the War of 1812. Dr. Kennedy was married on October 24, 1894, to Annie Lent Humbert, and has one child, Frances Humbert Kennedy, born on September 24, 1897. He lives at No. 462 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn, New York.

LOWE, John Payne, 1870–

Class of 1891 Vet.

Born at Little Falls, N. J., 1870; studied in public schools and Paterson Business College; graduated D.V.S., American Veterinary College, 1891, and National Veterinary College, Washington, D. C., post-graduate course, 1893; in practice at Passaic, N. J., since 1893; Veterinarian to Passaic Board of Health since 1894.

JOHN PAYNE LOWE, D.V.S., was born at Little Falls, Passaic County, New Jersey, on December 28, 1870, the son of John Payne and Susan M. (English) Lowe. His education was acquired in the public schools of Little Falls and of the neighboring City of Paterson, and in the Paterson Business College. He became in 1888 a student in the American Veterinary College of New York, now a part of New York University, and after pursuing its three years' course was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Veterinary Surgery on March 18, 1891. In the fall of 1892 he went to Washington, District of Columbia, for a post-graduate course at the National Veterinary College, from which he was graduated on March 25, 1893. Immediately thereafter, in April, 1893, he established himself in veterinary practice in the City of Passaic, New Jersey, and has remained therein ever since, with constantly increasing success. He now conducts a Veterinary Hospital in connection with his practice at 171 Jefferson Street in that city. In June, 1894, he was appointed Veterinarian to the Passaic Board of Health, and still holds the place, having been successively re-appointed by each new administration. In that capacity he has supervision of the meat and milk supplies of the city, and of all cattle kept within the city limits. Dr. Lowe is a Republican, but has held no political office. He is a member of the American Veterinary Medical Association, and has been Resident State Secretary



J. PAYNE LOWE

thereof for New Jersey since 1896. He is also a member of the Veterinary Medical Association of New Jersey, of the Passaic County Veterinary Medical Association, and of the Passaic and Acquackanonck clubs of Passaic. He was married on February 25, 1897, to Agnes Minerva Goodspeed, and has three children: Mabel Marie, Dorothy Agnes and John Payne Lowe.

McPARLAN, Thomas F.

Class of 1891 Med.

Educated in private and public schools, and Manhattan College (A.B., 1888, and A.M, 1891); graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1891; St.

Francis's Hospital, 1891-93; Presbyterian Hospital Dispensary, 1891-98; De Milt Dispensary since 1898.

THOMAS F. McPARLAN, M.D., is the son of James and Frances Trainque (Clark) McParlan, and a direct descendant of Abraham Clark, one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence. He was educated in public and private schools, and at Manhattan College, New York, from which latter he received the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1888, and Master of Arts in 1891. He was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine from Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now incorporated with New York University, in 1891, and has been since that time engaged in the practice of his profession. He was a House Physician and Surgeon at St. Francis's Hospital in 1891–93, served in gynecology at the Presbyterian Hospital Dispensary in 1891–98, and has been a Visiting Physician to children at the De Milt Dispensary since 1898. He is a member of the New York State and County Medical associations and the Alumni Association of Manhattan College. His address is No. 1039 Madison Avenue, New York.

MAIER, Otto, 1865–

Class of 1891 Med.

Born at Bettingen, Wurtemberg, 1865; studied in public school and under tutor; came to America and engaged in drug business; graduated Pharmacy Graduate, New York College of Pharmacy, 1885; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1891; served in Bellevue Hospital (Out-door Department), 1891-94; Medical Sanitary Inspector of Health Board, 1894-98; Instructor in Diseases of Children at New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital, and Attending Gynecologist to St. Mark's Hospital, since 1898.

OTTO MAIER, M.D., is a son of Carl and Henriette (Wiedersheim) Maier, his father being an eminent clergyman and the family being German on both sides. He was born on November 3, 1865, at Bettingen, in the Kingdom of Wurtemberg, Germany, and was educated in a public school there, and also under a private tutor in Latin. He then came to New York and for ten years was engaged in the drug business, being graduated from the New York College of Pharmacy in 1885, with the degree of Graduated Pharmacist. Three years later he entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and was graduated a Doctor of Medicine in 1891. Thereafter for three years he was an Assistant Attending Physician and Surgeon in the Out-door Department of Bellevue Hospital, and then for four years a Medical Sanitary Inspector for the New York Health Department. He has since 1898 been Instructor in Diseases of Children at the New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital, and Attending Gynecologist to St. Mark's Hospital. He is a member of the American, New York State, and New York County Medical associations, the German and New York County Medical societies, the Society of Medical Jurisprudence, and the Physicians' Mutual Aid Association of New York. He

OTTO MAIER

was married on October 26, 1898, to Dina Caillé, and has a son, Otto Caillé Maier. His address is No. 316 East 18th Street, New York.

MAISCH, Charles O., 1868–

Class of 1891 Med.

Born in New York, 1868; attended local schools; studied at University of Vermont; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1891; studied abroad; served in German Hospital, New York; Lecturer and Adjunct Professor, New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital; in practice since 1893.

CHARLES O. MAISCH, M.D., is a son of Leopold and Elizabeth (Kienzle) Maisch of Baden, Germany. He was born in New York

City on September 4, 1868, and received his general education in local schools and academies. For a time he was a student in the University of Vermont, and then entered Bellevue Hospital Medical

CHARLES O. MAISCH

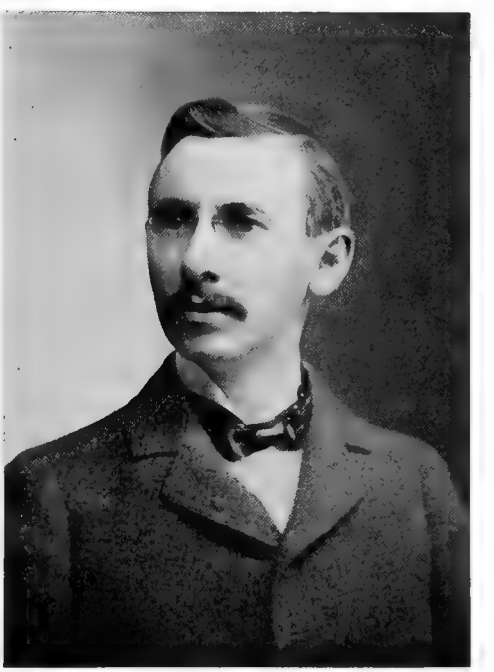
College, now a part of New York University, for a three years' course, being graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1891. He subsequently pursued a course of study abroad. Immediately after his graduation from New York University he became a member of the House Staff of the German Hospital of New York, and after graduation there was appointed to be a Lecturer and Demonstrator of Clinical Microscopy and Bacteriology in the New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital. He is one of the Visiting Physicians to the New York Post-Graduate Hospital, in the Babies' Ward; Visiting Physician to the German Dispensary, Department for Diseases of Children, and Adjunct Professor of Diseases of Children, and Lecturer and Demonstrator of Intubation and Tracheotomy in the New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital. He is a member of the New York County Medical Society, the German Medical Society, the Society of Alumni of the German Hospital, and the Physicians' Mutual Aid Association, and is a Fellow of the New York Academy of Medicine. He resides in The Beechwood, Nos. 125 and 127 E. 24th Street, New York City (Manhattan).

MICHAEL, Francis Morley, 1869–

Class of 1891 Med.

Born at Oshawa, Ont., Canada, 1869; studied in public schools of Canada and United States, Upper Canada College, Toronto, and for two years in Medical Department of University of Michigan; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1891; post-graduate course; served in Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital; in private practice since 1893; Oculist to State Hospital, Binghamton, N. Y., 1894-96; writer on Ophthalmology.

FRANCIS MORLEY MICHAEL, M.D., son of William Dow Michael and Dinah (Cowle) Michael, of English and Scotch ancestry, was born at Oshawa, Ontario, Canada, on February 19, 1869. He studied in the public schools of Canada and the United States, in Upper Canada College at Toronto, Ontario, and for two years in the Medical Department of the University of Michigan. His final year of professional study was pursued in the New York



FRANCIS M. MICHAEL

University Medical College, and he was graduated in 1891 with the Doctor's degree. For three months he studied in the New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital, and from December 1, 1891,

to June 1, 1893, served as Junior and Senior Assistant and House Surgeon at the Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital in New York. Since that time he has been engaged in private practice. In 1894–96 he was Consulting Oculist and Oculist to the State Hospital at Binghamton, New York, and afterward was appointed an oculist to all the state hospitals of New York. He is Oculist to St. Mary's and St. Joseph's homes, Binghamton, and a member of the Doctors' Club of that city. He contributed to "The New York Medical Journal" the first paper published on "Optic Nerve Atrophy Due to Wood Alcohol Poisoning." He was married on June, 1893, to Margaret Bradley, and has three children: Katherine, Francis, and Irene Michael. His address is Binghamton, New York.

NEUHAUS, George Emile, 1866–

Class of 1891 Med.

Born in Berlin, Germany, 1866; studied at gymnasia in Goerlitz and Berlin; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1891; in practice since 1892.

GEORGE EMILE NEUHAUS, M.D., son of Karl and Marie (Hartwitch) Neuhaus, was born in Berlin, Germany, on February 27, 1866. His ancestors belonged to an eminent Westphalian family. His father was a physician of Berlin and had charge of a field hospital in the Danish War, and of another near Berlin in the Franco-German War of 1870–71. His paternal grandfather was a famous railroad engineer, who built the railroad from Berlin to Hamburg, and to whom a memorial has been erected in Berlin. His maternal grandfather was an eminent civil engineer, and was the builder of the bridge across the Rhine at Coblenz, and of railroads in Turkey. Dr. Neuhaus was educated at the Kloster Gymnasium, Goerlitz, Prussia, and the Friedrich Werdersches Gymnasium, Berlin, and in 1886 passed the Abiturienten Examen. Shortly afterward he came to the United States, and in 1891 was graduated a Doctor of Medicine from the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which is now a part of New York University. He has also studied for two semesters at the University of Berlin. In 1891–92 he was an Interne in Bellevue Hospital, and he has also been Attending Physician to the Out-door Department of Bellevue Hospital, an Assistant at the De Milt Dispensary, and an Attending Physician to the West Side German Dispensary, Eye and Ear Department. He is a member of the West Side Medical Society, the New York County Medical Society, the New York Physicians' Mutual Aid Society, the New York Medical Association, and the American Medical Association. He was married in 1890 and has one child, Ralph Neuhaus. His address is No. 162 West 93rd Street, New York.

OWEN, William Wellington, 1856–

Class of 1891 Med.

Born at Middletown, N. Y., 1856; studied in public schools and Wallkill College; Licentiate, New York College of Pharmacy; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1891; in practice since 1891.

WILLIAM WELLINGTON OWEN, M.D., is a son of Gabriel and Ann (Coleman) Owen, and was born at Middletown, New York, on

WM. W. OWEN

November 28, 1856. He studied in the public schools and Wallkill College at Middletown, and then entered the drug business as a Licentiate of the New York College of Pharmacy. In 1886 he entered the New York University Medical College, and was graduated a Doctor of Medicine in 1891. Since that date he has been in active private practice, and has also been physician and surgeon to a number of organizations. His present address is No. 150 East 127th Street, New York.

POINSETT, Harry Percival, 1867–

Class of 1891 Med.

Born at Imlaystown, N. J., 1867; studied in public schools and New York High School; studied dentistry and medicine privately; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1891; in practice of dentistry since 1891.

HENRY PERCIVAL POINSETT, M.D., is of French Huguenot descent on the side of his father, Mahlon B. Poinsett, and of Irish and

H. P. POINSETT

English ancestry on that of his mother, whose maiden name was Rebecca W. Long. He was born at Imlaystown, New Jersey, on January 24, 1867, and studied in the local public school and also in a high school in New York. From 1885 to 1889 he studied dentistry under the preceptorship of Dr. Charles Sill, and then took up the study of general medicine under Dr. John Messinger. In 1889 he entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which is now a part of New York University, and was graduated a Doctor of Medicine on March 30, 1891. On June 3rd, following, he received from the New York State Board of Censors a license to practice dentistry and forthwith entered upon that work. Until 1899 he was associated with his former preceptor, Dr. Sill, and since then has been alone at No. 144 West 104th Street, New York. He is a Freemason (Master in 1899–1900) and an Odd Fellow (Noble Grand in 1897). In politics he is a Republican. He was married to May Woodruff on November 1, 1900.

POTTER, Evan Styles, 1869–

Class of 1891 Med.

Born at Himrod, N. Y., 1869; studied at various academies; Columbia College Medical Department, 1887-89; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1891; in practice since 1891; Assistant Visiting Surgeon, Columbus Hospital, New York City.

EVAN STYLES POTTER, M.D., was born at Himrod, New York, on July 30, 1869, the son of Evan Johnson Potter and Miranda Jane (Swarts) Potter. On the paternal side he is descended from Vincent Potter, one of the twenty-eight commissioners appointed by the Commons in Parliament for the trial of King Charles I. He was afterward convicted of regicide, but escaped. From him the line of descent passes through Ichabod Potter of Portsmouth, Rhode Island, Thomas Potter, Robert Potter, Judge William Potter, Edward Potter, and Samuel J. Potter, to Evan Johnson Pot-

EVAN STYLES POTTER

ter. The subject of this sketch studied at the Penn Yan Academy, 1878–82; Starkey Seminary, 1883–86; and Dundee Preparatory School, 1886–87. From 1887 to 1889 he studied in the Medical Depart-

ment of Columbia College, and then came to the New York University Medical College, from which he was graduated in 1891 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Since that time he has been engaged in private and hospital practice in New York City, being Assistant Visiting Surgeon at Columbus Hospital, New York City. His address is St. James's Court, Broadway and West 92nd Street. He is a member of all the Masonic orders, of the Sons of the American Revolution, and of the Tammany Society. In politics he is a Democrat. He was married to Isabella Hall on December 7, 1891.

PULLEY, William Joseph, 1867–

Class of 1891 Med.

Born at Huntsville, Ala., 1867; graduated Ph.B., Vanderbilt University, 1888; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1891; served in Bellevue Hospital; Assistant to Chair of Therapeutics, Bellevue Hospital Medical College; Instructor in Medicine in New York University and Bellevue Hospital Medical College; in active practice and in hospital service.

WILLIAM JOSEPH PULLEY, PH.B., M.D., was born at Huntsville, Alabama, on August 31, 1867. On the side of his father, Robert Lackey Pulley, he comes of an English family settled in this country since the Seventeenth Century, while on the side of his mother, whose maiden name was Georgiana Douglas Strong, he is of Scotch and Irish ancestry. His academic education was acquired in Vanderbilt University, where he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy in 1888. He then entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now consolidated with New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1891. A hospital course followed in the Third Medical Division of Bellevue Hospital, since which he has been engaged in the independent practice of his profession. He continues hospital work, however, as Attending Physician in general medicine to the Out-door Department of Bellevue Hospital, Attending Physician to the Children's Department of the De Milt Dispensary, Attending Surgeon to the Genito-urinary class of the Out-door Department of Bellevue Hospital, and Assistant Visiting Physician to the Lebanon Hospital. He has also paid much attention to professional instruction. He was Assistant to the Chair of Therapeutics in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, and when that institution was merged into the University he was made an Instructor in Medicine in the New York University and Bellevue Hospital Medical College. He is a member of the New York University Medical Society, the New York County Medical Society, the Academy of Medicine, the Bellevue Hospital Alumni Association,

W. J. PULLEY

the Lenox Medical and Surgical Society, the Southern Society and the New York Athletic Club. His address is No. 945 Madison Avenue, New York.

QUINLAN, Charles Henry, 1868–

Class of 1891 Arts

Born in 1868; University of Vermont, 1886-87; graduated A.B., New York University, 1891; Drew Theological Seminary, 1891-93; minister of Methodist Episcopal Church since 1893.

CHARLES HENRY QUINLAN, A.B., son of the Rev. John Wesley Quinlan and Mary A. (Willey) Quinlan, was born on August 19, 1868. His college life was begun in 1886–87 at the University of Vermont, whence he came to New York University, where he was President of Eucleian and a member of Psi Upsilon. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1891, and then went to the Drew Theological Seminary at Madison, New Jersey, where he pursued a two years' course. In 1893 he was ordained into the ministry of the Methodist Episcopal Church, in which he has ever since been engaged. He was married on Decem-

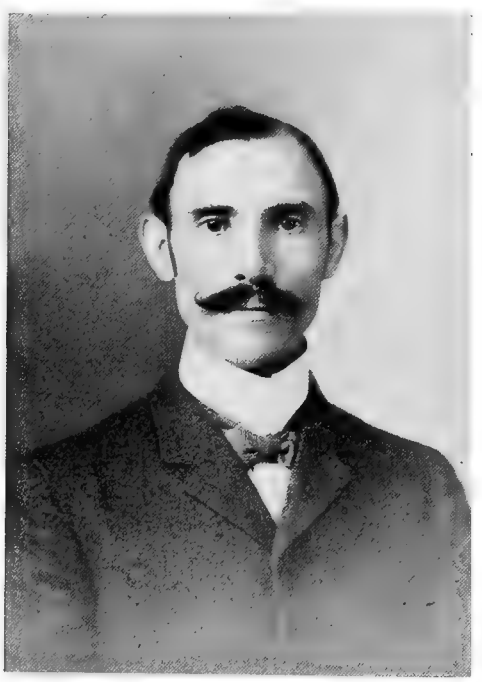
ber 14, 1892, to Abbie M. Bennett, daughter of the Rev. J. W. Bennett. She died on February 11, 1894.

REICH, Adolph, 1864–

Class of 1891 Med.

Born at Szeplak, Hungary, 1864; studied in gymnasium at Kaschau, Hungary; graduated New York College of Pharmacy, 1884; in drug business; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1891; in hospital practice one year; in general practice since 1892; Lecturer at Polyclinic.

ADOLPH REICH, M.D., is the son of Max and Betty (Wald) Reich, the former a farmer and son of a farmer, and was born at Szeplak, Hungary, on November 17, 1864. His general education was acquired at the gymnasium or high school at Kaschau, Hungary, and then he came to the United States. Soon after reaching New York he entered the New York College of Pharmacy, and was graduated from it in 1884, the seventh on the roll of honor. From 1881 to 1889 he was engaged in the drug business in New York. In the latter year he was matriculated at the New York University Medical College, and in 1891 was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Shortly before graduation he entered the Infants' and General Hospital on Randall's Island, and remained in service there until October, 1892, when he began the general practice of his profession, in which he has ever since remained. From 1892 to 1894 he was an Assistant in the Children's Department of the De Milt Dispensary. From 1894 to 1897 he was Visiting Physician to the Northwestern Dispensary of New York, and since the latter date he has conducted the class in gynecology at that dispensary and has also been Lecturer on Gynecology at the New York Polyclinic Hospital and Medical School. He is a member of the German Medical Society, the New York County Medical Association, and the New York State Medical Association. He was married on November 28, 1895, to Angelika Herzfeld, and has two children: Ilona and Carl Reich. His address is No. 228 West 34th Street, New York.



ADOLPH REICH

SILVERMAN, Maurice James, 1862–

Class of 1891 Med.

Born in Russia, 1862; studied in Kieff Gymnasium; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1891; druggist and Assistant Physician in Bellevue Hospital, 1891-93; in private practice since 1893.

MAURICE JAMES SILVERMAN, M.D., son of Jacob and Lizzie Silverman, was born in Russia on September 18, 1862, and received his general education in the gymnasium or high school of Kieff. Then he came to the United

M. J. SILVERMAN

States and entered the Medical College of New York University, from which he was graduated a Doctor of Medicine in 1891. For about two years thereafter he was engaged in the drug business, at the same time serving as an assistant to Dr. Brothers in the Out-door Department of Bellevue Hospital. Since 1893 he has been successfully engaged in private practice in New York City. He is a member of the New York Medical Association, the Harlem Medical Association, the Royal Arcanum, and the Free Sons of Israel. In politics he is a Republican. He was married to Sarah Samuels on January 8, 1896, and has a daughter, Blanche Silverman. His address is No. 213 Alexander Avenue, New York.

SMITH, Francis Eugene, 1870–

Class of 1891 Med.

Born at Wadesboro, N. C., 1870; studied in private schools and Anson Institute, Wadesboro, and University of Virginia; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1891; in hospital service, 1891-92; studied in Europe, 1893; served in Long Island State Hospital, 1894-97; in practice since 1897.

FRANCIS EUGENE SMITH, M.D., was born at Wadesboro, North Carolina, on November 13, 1870, the son of John C. and Flora (Barentine) Smith. His father was a physician. His paternal grandfather, John M. Smith, came to this country with his parents from Scotland shortly before the Revolution. His paternal grandmother, whose maiden name was Mary C. McAlpin, was born at sea on a voyage from Scotland to America. His maternal grandfather, Duncan Barentine, was a native of South Carolina, of Scottish descent, and his maternal grandmother, whose maiden name was Estelle Parrot, was also of Scottish ancestry. Dr. Smith was educated in private schools, in Anson Institute High School at Wadesboro, and in the University of Virginia. He came to New York University for his professional education, and was graduated from its Medical College with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1891. For the next year he was an Interne at the New York Infants' Asylum, and for a time in 1892 he was Assistant Surgeon to the Arizona & Southeastern Railroad. The year 1893 was spent in study abroad. On returning to the United States he became, in 1894–97, an Assistant Physician in the Long Island State Hospital for the Insane. Since 1897 he has been engaged in private practice in New York City, making a specialty of mental and nervous diseases. In 1896 he was appointed an Examiner in Lunacy. He is a member of the Physicians' Mutual Aid

FRANCIS E. SMITH

Association, the New York County Medical Society, and the Masonic Order. His address is No. 306 West 55th Street, New York.

STEWART, Robert, 1858–

Class of 1891 Law.

Born in Detroit, Mich., 1858; studied in public and high schools; graduated Cadet Engineer, U. S. Naval Academy, 1881; Assistant Engineer, U. S. Navy, 1883-90; on retired list U. S. Navy since 1890; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1891; in practice, 1891-98; served in Spanish War, 1898; in practice since 1898.

ROBERT STEWART, LL.B., is a son of Robert Stewart, who came to this country in his youth from Ireland and settled in Michigan, and Martha Frances (Taylor) Stewart, daughter of Thomas Taylor, a well known merchant of Philadelphia and New Orleans. He was born in Detroit, Michigan, on March 30, 1858, and was educated in the public schools, including the high school, of that city. His inclinations turning strongly toward the navy, he secured an appointment to the United States Naval Academy at Annapolis, Maryland, and entered that institution on September 17, 1877, as

a Cadet Engineer, and was graduated in that rank on June 10, 1881. He served as Cadet Engineer until June, 1883, when he was promoted to be Assistant Engineer, and was in active service in that capacity until 1890, when he was placed on the retired list on account of physical disability incurred in the line of duty. During his naval service he did much court-martial work as Judge-Advocate. On retiring from active duty he entered the Law School of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in June, 1891. He was admitted to the Bar of New York State in February, 1891, and to that of the State of Washington on September 9th of the same year. At the latter date he began the practice of his profession at Seattle, Washington, but the next year, 1892, removed to Brooklyn, New York, and practiced law there successfully until the outbreak of the Spanish War in the spring of 1898. He then returned to active service in the navy, at the Brooklyn Navy Yard, and continued therein throughout the war. At the conclusion of the war he resumed his legal practice, in which he is still engaged. He has been active in politics as an Independent Democrat, and was Treasurer of the Democratic General Committee of Kings County (Brooklyn) in 1894–95. In the University he was a member of the Phi Delta Phi legal fraternity, and in 1896 he was President of the Phi Delta Phi Club of New York. He was married on August 27, 1889, to Belle Johnson, the daughter of Joseph B. Johnson of Chicago, Illinois. His office is at No. 375 Fulton Street, and his home at No. 138 Herkimer Street, Brooklyn, New York.

STUDDIFORD, William Emery, 1867–

Class of 1891 Med.

Born in Trenton, N. J., 1867; graduated State Normal School, Trenton, 1884; graduated A.B., Princeton, 1888, and A.M., 1891; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1891; Interne, Bellevue Hospital, 1891-93; Attending Physician, Almshouse Hospital, 1894, and Maternity Hospital, 1896; Assistant Attending Gynecologist, Bellevue Hospital, since 1896.

WILLIAM EMERY STUDDIFORD, A.M., M.D., son of Samuel M. Studdiford, D.D., and Mary C. (Emery) Studdiford, was born in Trenton, New Jersey, on July 4, 1867. He was graduated from the New Jersey State Normal School, Trenton, in 1884, and thence went to Princeton College, from which he received the degrees of Bachelor of Arts in 1888 and Master of Arts in 1891. In the latter year, also, he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University. From October, 1891, to April, 1893, he was an Interne in Bellevue Hospital; in 1894 he was an Attending Physician to the Almshouse Hospital and in 1896 to the Maternity Hospital on Blackwell's Island. Since 1896 he has been Assistant Attending Gynecologist to Bellevue Hospital. He is a member of the New York Obstetrical Society, the New York County Medical Association, the Physicians' Mutual Aid Association, the American Medical Association, and the Princeton Club of New York. He was married on September 17, 1896, to Maria Emlen Hale, and has two children: William Emery, Jr., and Andrew Douglas Studdiford. His address is No. 122 East 34th Street, New York.

THOMPSON, Langdon Shook, 1838–

Class of 1891 Ped.

Born at Senecaville, Ohio, 1838; studied in public schools and academies; began to teach at the age of seventeen, and constantly engaged in educational work since 1861, as teacher, professor, superintendent, supervisor and lecturer; author of educational works; received Certificate A from the Massachusetts Normal Art School in 1877; A.M., honorary, Marietta College, Ohio, 1884; graduated Pd.D., New York University School of Pedagogy, 1891.

LANGDON SHOOK THOMPSON, A.M., PD.D., a veteran and distinguished educator, was born at Senecaville, Guernsey County, Ohio, on May 20, 1838. His father, Robert Thompson, came of a family which removed from Scotland to the neighborhood of Londonderry, Ireland, and thence came to America about 1730. They first settled in Bucks County, Pennsylvania, and thence went to Washington County in the same state, where Robert Thompson was born in 1808. In 1809 or 1810 the family removed to southeastern Ohio, Guernsey County. Dr. Thompson's mother, whose maiden name was Margaret Hutchinson Mershon, came of French Huguenot stock, which settled in Virginia and thence removed to Ohio about 1825. The subject of this sketch worked in early life on a farm and in a workshop, and studied in the public schools. He also studied in advanced academies, and pursued his work so far that in another year he would have been fitted for graduation, when he was reluctantly compelled to discontinue his studies. He began to teach at the age of seventeen and since his twenty-third year, in 1861, he has been steadily engaged in educational work, with distin-

guished success. Thus he was Principal of the public school in North Fairfield, Huron County, Ohio, in 1861–63; Superintendent of Penmanship and Drawing in the public schools of the City of Sandusky, Ohio, from 1863 to 1877; Professor of Industrial Art in Purdue University, Lafayette, Indiana, from 1877 to 1888; and has been Supervisor of Art Education in the public schools of Jersey City, New Jersey, since 1889. He was also a Lecturer on Aesthetics in Relation to Education in New York University, School of Pedagogy, for several years ending with 1896, Principal of the Metropolitan Normal Art School in New York City for several years ending with 1896, and has been lecturer at teachers' institutes and summer schools for the last thirty years in Ohio, Indiana, Iowa, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Virginia, and Tennessee. He was Secretary and Treasurer of the Ohio State Teachers' Association for several years, President of the Art Department of the National Educational Association in 1883, 1884 and 1889; President of the Jersey City Teachers' Association in 1901–02; President of the New Jersey State Teachers' Association in 1901, and President of the Society of Doctors of Pedagogy of New York University in 1898. In addition to the organizations already named, of which he has been an officer, he is a member of the Cosmos Club of Jersey City, the New York Schoolmasters' Club, the Western Drawing Teachers' Association, The Eastern Drawing Teachers' Association, the Ohio Society of New York, the University Club of Hudson County, New Jersey, the Applied Arts Guild, and the Society for the Study of Practical Class Room Problem, New York City. In 1877 he received Certificate A from the Massachusetts Normal Art School. Dr. Thompson's scholarly attainments were appropriately recognized by Marietta College, Ohio, in 1884, in the bestowal of the honorary degree of Master of Arts. He himself, however, also recognized the desirability of still more perfect training and more complete study in the science of pedagogy, and, accordingly, after many years of successful teaching himself became again a student in the School of Pedagogy of New York University. From that institution he was graduated in 1891 with the degree of Doctor of Pedagogy, and since that time he has been a conspicuous representative of university culture in the teaching profession. Dr. Thompson is the author of a number of standard treatises on educational topics. These include "An Eclectic System of Penmanship and Manual," "Manual Training, 1 and 2," "Primary and Advanced Free Hand Drawing and Manual," "Model and Object Series and Manual," "Mechanical Series and Manual," "Aesthetic Series and Manual," and a "New Short Course in Drawing and Two Manuals." He was married on July 23, 1861, to Caroline Amelia Keil, and has had two daughters: Jessie F. (now deceased), wife of W. E. White, and Lura L., wife of the Rev. Gorrell Quick. His address is No. 645 Bergen Avenue, Jersey City, New Jersey.

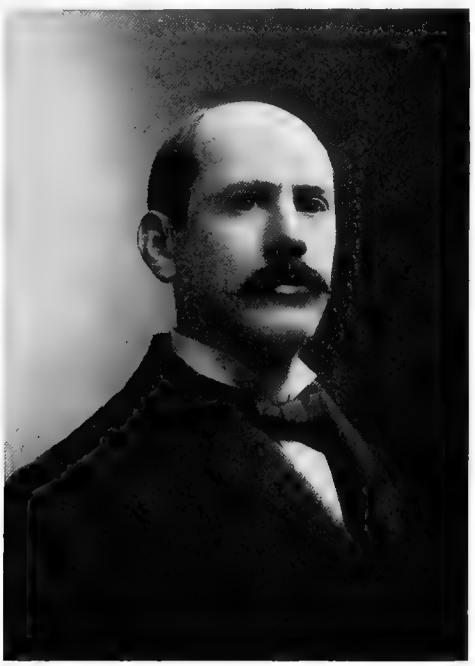
WAKEFIELD, Homer, 1865–

Class of 1891 Med.

Born at Bloomington, Ill., 1865; educated in public schools, Shattuck Military School, and Illinois Wesleyan University; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1891; studied further in Paris, France, and at Bad Nauheim, Germany; in practice, Bloomington, Ill., 1891-99, and director of sanatorium there, 1895-99; in practice in New York since 1900; Physician to Out-patient Department, Bellevue Hospital; author of various papers.

HOMER WAKEFIELD, M.D., is a son of Cyrenius Wakefield and Harriet (Richardson) Wakefield, both natives of Watertown, New York, and is directly descended from John Wakefield, who came from England in 1635 and settled in Boston, and from Thomas Richardson, who came from England in 1635 and lived at Woburn, Massachusetts. Among his forefathers were eight Revolutionary patriots, namely: Thomas Wakefield, Joseph Wakefield, Tilly Richardson, Samuel Thurston, Ebenezer Tolman, Thomas Sawyer, Jotham Wilder, and John Kendall. He was born at Bloomington, Illinois, on June 24, 1865, and began his education in the public schools of that city, from 1870 to 1880. Next he attended the Shattuck Military School at Faribault, Minnesota. Then he returned to Bloomington, and pursued elective courses in the Colleges of Letters and of Commerce in the Illinois Wesleyan University for four years, being graduated in 1885. Finally he entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, in 1888, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1891. He also pursued clinical courses in mental and nervous diseases in Paris, France, and in diseases of the heart under Professor Theodor Schott at Bad Nauheim, Germany. From 1885 until his graduation from New York University in 1891 Dr. Wakefield spent his time outside the medical school as a practical electrician. During his medical collegiate

training he took a special course in medical chemistry, being greatly interested in the applications of chemistry and electricity to medicine. Since 1894 he has devoted much time to studies and investigations in physiological and pathological chemistry and their practical applications to the practice of medicine. From 1888 to 1899 he maintained a very complete chemical laboratory in which he performed many interesting experiments. His present line of investigation is along the line of chemical pathology and physiological medicine. From 1891 to 1899 Dr. Wakefield practiced his profession in



HOMER WAKEFIELD

Bloomington, Illinois, and from 1895 to 1899 was Medical Director of a sanatorium there. In January, 1900, he began practice in New York City, and is still engaged therein. In June, 1901, he was appointed Physician to the Out-patient Department, Department of General Medicine, in Bellevue Hospital, in the New York University and Bellevue College Division. Dr. Wakefield was appointed Aide-de-camp to the Adjutant-General of the Illinois National Guard in 1885, and for a number of years has been a prominent member and officer of the Society of Sons of the American Revolution. He is a Fellow of the Medical Association of the Greater City of New York, and a member of the New York County Medical Society, the New York County and State Medical associations, the Physicians' Mutual Aid Association, the American Medical Association, the New York Pathological Society, and the Paris Société de Psychologie. He is an earnest Republican, but has taken no active part in politics. Among his published papers may be mentioned "La Suggestion aux Etats Unis d'Amérique," in the "Review de Psychologie," Paris, April, 1898; "The Wakefield Genealogy," 1897; "Pure Water," in "The Water and Light Review," November, 1899; "Modern Cardio-Therapy," in "The Medical Record," New York, September 14, 1901; "The Importance of Understanding the Chemico-Physiologic Actions of Specific Remedies," in the "Transactions of the Medical Association of the Greater City of New York," 1902; and "The Pathology of Katabolism in Relation to the Etiology and Pathology of Cancer and Allied States," in "American Medicine," December 22 and 29, 1902. He was married on October 5, 1893, to Julia Pearson Sherman of Buffalo, New York, and has three children: Sherman Day, Elizabeth Ann, and Harriet Jane Wakefield. His address is No. 151 West 76th Street, New York.

WEEKS, Charles Louis, 1870–

Class of 1891 Med.

Born in New York, 1870; studied in public schools and College of the City of New York; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1891; in hospital work.

CHARLES LOUIS WEEKS, M.D., is a son of John and Annie (McLaughlin) Weeks, the former a native of Salisbury, England, and the latter of Limerick, Ireland. He was born in New York City on April 19, 1870, and studied in the public schools and the College of the City of New York. Thence he entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now incorporated with New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in March, 1891. From 1891–1893 he served in the several capacities leading to the position of House Surgeon at St. Vincent's Hospital; from 1893–94 he was Chief of the Surgical Clinic in the Out-door Department of Bellevue Hospital, and held the same position the next year in the Dispensary of St. Vincent's Hospital. Since 1893 he has been Physician-in-Charge of St. Joseph's Home for the Aged in New York. He is a member and ex-Vice-President of the Alumni Association of St. Vincent's Hospital, and of the New York County

and State Medical societies. In politics he is a Democrat. He was married to Lavinia Ahern on April 17, 1899, and lives at No. 136 West 16th Street, New York.

WEINSTEIN, Harris, 1869–

Class of 1891 Med.

Born in Kovno, Russia, 1869; studied in public schools and high school, Kovno; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1891; in hospital service, 1891-92; in private practice since 1892.

HARRIS WEINSTEIN, M.D., son of Morris and Ida (Schajes) Weinstein, was born at Kovno, Russia, in July, 1869, and was educated in the public schools and high school of that place. Then he came to America, and in 1888 entered the Medical College of New York University. In 1891 he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. For a year he served as House Physician to St. Mark's Hospital, and since 1892 has been engaged in private practice in New York. He was married in 1895 to Minnie Leary, and has two children: Beatrice and Mary Weinstein. His address is No. 254 East Broadway, New York City.

BELLAMY, Russell, 1871–

Class of 1892 Med.

Born at Wilmington, N. C., 1871; studied at Cape Fear Academy, University of North Carolina, and Davidson College; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1892; travelled extensively and studied abroad; engaged in hospital work and private teaching; in practice since 1892.

RUSSELL BELLAMY, M.D., who enjoys a reputation as a successful practitioner among the wealthy and fashionable people of New York and Newport, is the fourth in a hereditary line of doctors. His father, Dr. William James Harriss Bellamy, is one of the foremost physicians of North Carolina, and his grandfather, Dr. John Dillard Bellamy, was also prominent in his profession. The Bellamy family settled in the Carolinas in the latter part of the Seventeenth Century, and many of its members served in the Colonial and Revolutionary wars. Dr. Bellamy's mother was, before her marriage, Mary Russell, and her father, Daniel Lindsay Russell, was before the Civil War one of the prominent planters of the "Old North State." His maternal grandfather was General William Russell who married a sister of Patrick Henry. Dr. Bellamy, born in Wilmington, North Carolina, on February 12, 1871, was prepared for college at the Cape Fear Academy. He entered the Freshman class of the University of North Carolina in 1887, and spent two years there, devoting his attention chiefly to literature, chemistry, natural history and athletics. Thence he went to Davidson College, North Carolina, and there took the preparatory course in medicine. He afterwards entered the New York University Medical College, and became eminent as a student in medicine. At the age of twenty he had been first prize man for the highest average before the State Board of Medical Examiners of North Carolina, and received the Appleton Prize over some seventy-five competitors. At the New York University Medical College he won high rank and was graduated as one of the honor men of his class in 1892. In that year he won the first prize appointment for service in Bellevue Hospital, and spent two years in that institution on the House Staff in Obstetrics, Abdominal Surgery and Medicine. During the following year he travelled with a patient from Manitoba to Mexico, and made a special study of Rocky Mountain climates. He then went abroad and studied in some of the great medical schools and hospitals of Europe, principally in the University of Vienna. Dr. Bellamy was assistant to Professor Theodor Kocher in the surgical clinic at Berne, Switzerland, in 1896. Since his return to the United States he has been steadily and successfully engaged in medical and surgical practice in his private offices in New York as well as at Newport, and also in various New York hospitals. During the winters of 1894, 1895 and 1896, he conducted a large private quiz class in medicine and surgery. He was also for some years an Instructor in the New York University Medical College, in Physical Diagnosis, Materia Medica and Operative Surgery. He is now one of the Instructors of the Cornell University Medical College in Obstetrics and Gynecology. On June 3, 1899, Dr. Bellamy was commissioned as First Lieutenant and Assistant Surgeon in Squadron A Cavalry, New York National Guard, and was Chairman of the Squadron's Athletic Committee in 1900–01. He is not only an energetic, studious and scientifically inclined practitioner in his profession, but is also an enthusiastic athlete and sportsman, and the possessor of many "big game" trophies. He is a member of the City Club, St. Nicholas Club, Squadron A Polo Club, Campfire Club, the Pilgrims Southern Society, the New York County Medical Society, the American Medical Association, the Bellevue Hospital Alumni

Society, the Newport Golf Club of Newport, the Sigma Alpha Epsilon, and other organizations. He is the author of a number of papers and treatises, the most important of which relate to typhoid fever and surgery, and is also Examining Surgeon for the Travellers Accident Insurance Company. He was married on April 20, 1898, to Constance Trenholm, a daughter of the late Hon. William L. Trenholm, Comptroller of the Currency of the United States, an author and prominent financier. Dr. Bellamy's address is No. 35 West 31st Street, New York City, and his summer home is at Newport, Rhode Island.

BILL, Charles Alfred, 1871–

Class of 1892 Sci.

Born in New York, 1871; graduated, B.S., New York University, 1892; in mercantile pursuits since 1892; in U. S. Naval Service in Spanish-American War, 1898.

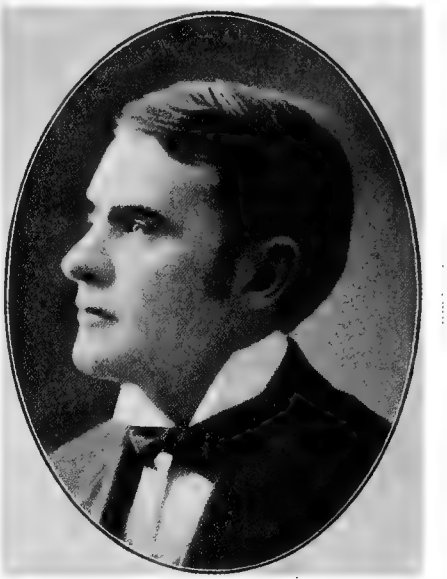
CHARLES ALFRED BILL, B.S., is a son of Charles King Bill and Virginia Amilie (Bensel) Bill, and was born in New York City on December 6, 1871. He entered New York University in 1888, and was English Salutatorian at Commencement, being graduated in 1892 with the degree of Bachelor of Science. He was a member of Psi Upsilon, and was elected to Phi Beta Kappa. He has been engaged in business pursuits since graduation with the exception of the summer of 1898, when he was in the naval service of the United States in the Spanish War, on the U. S. S. "Yankee."

BOND, Edwin E., 1871–

Class of 1892 Med.

Born at Caldwell, N. J., 1871; studied in Caldwell High School to 1886, and New Jersey Business College, 1888; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1892; in practice since 1892.

EDWIN E. BOND, M.D., of Caldwell, Essex County, New Jersey, is a son of William H. and Eliza (Francisco) Bond, and was born to them at Caldwell on May 12, 1871. After being graduated at the high school of his native town in 1886 he attended until 1888 the New Jersey Business College. Then he entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1892, since which time he has been engaged in the practice of his profession at Caldwell, New Jersey. Since 1900 he has been a member of the Essex County Board of Chosen



EDWIN E. BOND

Freeholders. He is a member of the Masonic Order and of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. On September 16, 1896, he was married to Marion B. Chitterling of Glen Ridge, New Jersey.

CAMP, Isobel.

Class of 1892 Ped.

Born in New York City; studied at Twelfth Street Public School and Normal College; graduated Pd.M., New York University School of Pedagogy, 1892, and Pd.D., 1893; teacher in Adelphi Academy and public schools; Tutor in Pedagogics, New York Normal College, since 1896.

ISOBEL CAMP, PD.D., a well known alumna of the School of Pedagogy of New York University, is a native of New York City, and a daughter of Henry and Anna (Armstrong) Camp. On the paternal side she is ninth in descent from Nicholas Camp, a freeholder of Nazeing, Essex, England, who came to this country and settled at Milford, Connecticut, in 1639. The Armstrong family came from Edinburgh, Scotland, and settled in New York during the War of 1812. Dr. Camp comes of teaching stock on both sides of the house. Her grandfather, Nathan Camp, kept a private school in New York for many years, and her mother was a teacher under the old Public School Society of New

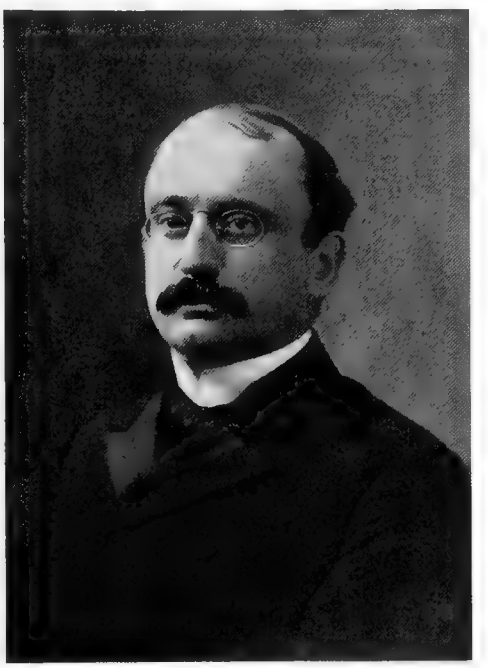
York, beginning as a "monitor" at fifty dollars a year and working her way up to a principalship. She visited Boston schools and introduced some of Horace Mann's methods into her little school in Factory Street. Beginners were sent to visit her to learn her methods of teaching and keeping records. She was in the first group of teachers to receive a city certificate and license to teach. Dr. Camp received her early education at home, then studied at the famous Twelfth Street Public School in New York, and finally pursued a course in the New York Normal College. She became interested at an early date in the School of Pedagogy of New York University, and entered it as a student. She was graduated with the Master's degree in 1892, and received the Doctor's degree in 1893. For a number of years she has been engaged in teaching, with marked success. She has been a teacher in the Preparatory Department of the Adelphi Academy, and in the grammar grades of public schools No. 5 and No. 109 (as Head of Department) in Brooklyn, and since December 1, 1896, has been Tutor in Pedagogics in the New York Normal College. Dr. Camp has always kept some study in hand not required by her school work. She has been a student in the classes of the Brooklyn Art Association and in out-door sketch classes. She has studied music, and generally taken charge of the singing while teaching in elementary schools. When she was at No. 5, the school attained some celebrity for its repertoire and rendering of music. Now that her work is the preparation of teachers she seeks to avoid the dangers incident to a theorist by keeping in touch with elementary school work. With this object in view she generally devotes her spring vacations to visiting schools, and has seen some of the best from Brookline to Chicago. She is a member of many teachers' organizations in both Brooklyn and Manhattan, of the Lydia F. Wadleigh Association, of the Brooklyn Woman's Club, and of the Society of Doctors of Pedagogy of New York University, of which last she is now Vice-President. Her home is at No. 171 East 83rd Street, New York.

CLOYD, Paul Campbell, 1871–

Class of 1892 Arts, 1893 Law.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1871; studied at Pennington Seminary, N. J.; Freshman year at New York University, Sophomore and part of Junior years at Wesleyan University; returned to New York University and was graduated A.B. in 1892; graduated LL.B., 1893; A.M., 1894; admitted to Bar 1893; with firm of Birdseye, Cloyd & Bayliss, 1893-95; law partnership with Arthur Marcus King, 1895 to 1899; engaged in general practice of law.

PAUL CAMPBELL CLOYD, son of James C. and Thalia A. R. Cloyd (the latter born Rickey), comes of Scottish ancestry on both sides of the family. The name Cloyd was originally spelt Clyde, and the family bearing it came to this country from Clydesdale, on the River Clyde. He was born in Brooklyn, New York, on August 26, 1871, and was prepared for College at Pennington Seminary, Pennington, New Jersey. In 1888 he



PAUL C. CLOYD

was matriculated at New York University as a member of the Class of 1892, School of Arts, and he spent his Freshman year there. The next year, however, he went to Wesleyan University at Middletown, Connecticut, and spent his Sophomore year and part of his Junior year in that institution. Then he returned to New York University and was duly graduated with his class in 1892, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. During his Senior year in the School of Arts he pursued also the studies of the first year in the School of Law, so that he was able to complete his course in the latter in another year and to be graduated with the degree of Doctor of Laws in 1893. In 1894 he received the degree of Master of Arts from the University. During his

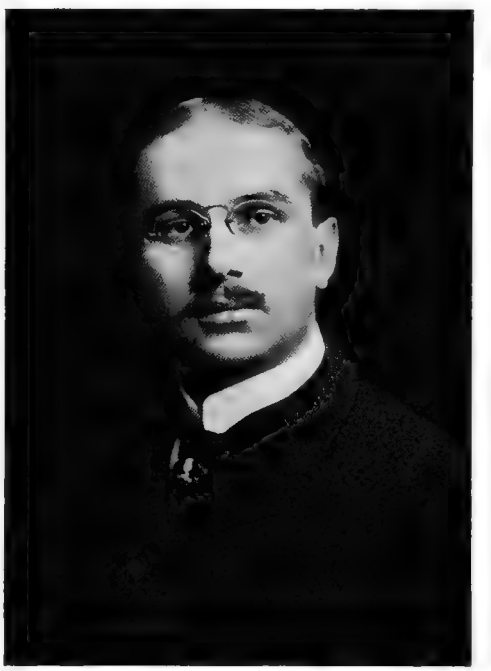
college career he was a leading member of the Psi Upsilon Fraternity, and also of the Law School Fraternity of Phi Delta Phi. He was President of the Eucleian Literary Society, and one of the Editors of "The University Quarterly." Mr. Cloyd was admitted to the Bar in February, 1893, and from that time until 1895 he was associated with the law firm of Birdseye, Cloyd & Bayliss, of which his father was a member. From 1895 to 1899 he was in partnership, in legal practice, with Arthur Marcus King, under the firm name of Cloyd & King. That firm was dissolved upon the appointment of Mr. King to be an Assistant United States District Attorney, and since that time Mr. Cloyd has successfully practiced his profession alone, his offices being in New York City. He is a member of Acanthus Lodge of Masons. In politics he is a Democrat, and belongs to the Harlem Democratic Club of New York. He was married on September 28, 1898, to Florence Skillin.

COOKE, Almon Havens, 1870–

Class of 1892 Med.

Born in Otego, Otsego County, N. Y., 1870; educated in public schools and College of City of New York; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1892; served in Bellevue Hospital two years; spent one year in European institutions; in practice at Buffalo, N. Y., since 1895; Lecturer on Medicine, Niagara University, 1896-97; Civil Service Commissioner, Buffalo, 1896-97; Captain and Assistant Surgeon, Seventy-fourth Regiment of the New York State National Guard, 1897-1901.

ALMON HAVENS COOKE, M.D., was born at Otego, Otsego County, New York, on November 22, 1870. Through his father, the Rev. Scott Melville Cooke, he is descended from Pearly Cook, an Englishman, who settled in Connecticut early in the Eighteenth Century. Through his mother, whose maiden name was Ursula Zeruah Fisk, he is descended from early New England stock. His first schooling was had in the common and high schools of St. Johnsville, New York, whence he proceeded to Grammar School No. 40 in New York City. A two years' course at the College of the City of New York followed, after which he turned his attention to professional studies. For three years he was a student in the New York University Medical College, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1892. The next two years were spent in the fourth division of Bellevue Hospital, New York, and then he went abroad for a year's study and experience. This year was spent at the Royal Infirmary, Edinburgh, Scotland, at the Northwestern Dispensary, London, England, and in Heidelberg and Paris. On returning to this country he began the practice of medicine in Buffalo, New York, in 1895, and has since been engaged therein with marked success. In 1896–1897 he was a Lecturer on Medicine in Niagara University, Buffalo, and also in the same years a Civil Service Commissioner in that city. From 1897 to 1901 he was Captain and Assistant Surgeon of the Seventy-fourth Regiment of the New York State National Guard. Since 1897 he has been a vestryman of St. John's



ALMON H. COOKE

Protestant Episcopal church of Buffalo, and since October, 1901, Physician to the (Protestant Episcopal) Church Charity Foundation, Orphanage and Old Folks' Home. Dr. Cooke is a member of the New York State Medical Association, of the Buffalo Academy of Medicine, of the Buffalo Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis, of the Executive Committee of the Buffalo Civil Service Reform Association, of the Alumni Society of Bellevue Hospital, and of Washington Lodge of Masons. In politics he is an earnest Republican, and active in local politics, but he has held no office or position with any political organization. He was married on April 2, 1894, to Florence N. Lewis, and lives in Buffalo, New York, at 410 Ashland Avenue.

COUGHLIN, Robert Emmet, 1868–

Class of 1892 Med.

Born at Bridgeport, Conn., 1868; educated in public schools, Penfield's Commercial and Military Institute, and Bridgeport Business College; studied medicine privately; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1892; Surgeon and House Physician to Norwegian Hospital, Brooklyn, N. Y., 1892-93; Assistant Physician to Norwegian Hospital since 1893; in general practice in Brooklyn since 1893; School Inspector, Medical Examiner, etc.

ROBERT EMMET COUGHLIN, M.D., was born at Bridgeport, Connecticut, on March 10, 1868. His father, Patrick Coughlin, a native of Ireland, has long been one of the most prominent men in that part of the state, having held successfully all offices within the gift of the people of Bridgeport. He was elected Mayor of that city by the largest majority ever given. In 1896 he declined a nomination for Governor of the state. Dr. Coughlin's mother, whose maiden name was Sarah Francis Gordon, was a native of Connecticut. Dr. Coughlin received his early education in the public schools of Bridgeport, and afterward attended Penfield's Commercial and Military Institute, and the Bridgeport Business College. He also enjoyed the services of private tutors. In July, 1887, he began the study of medicine in the office of Doctor H. J. Dever of Bridgeport, and afterward became a pupil of Dr. J. C. Lynch. In the fall of 1889 he matriculated in the Medical College of New York University and there pursued the full course. He was a member of his class committee at Commencement, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine on March 29, 1892. Upon receiving his diploma he entered a competitive examination for appointment as Ambulance Surgeon and House Physician and Surgeon in the Norwegian Hospital, Brooklyn, New York, and was successful. He began his service there as Ambulance Surgeon on May 1, 1892. Six months later he became House Physician and Surgeon and filled those places for a year. Since December, 1893, he has been Assistant Physician to the same hospital. He began private practice on October 1, 1893, and is still engaged therein, his address being Brooklyn, New York. In 1898 he was appointed by Mayor Van Wyck to be a School Inspector for the South Brooklyn District. He was Medical Examiner for the Knights of St. John and Malta in 1894; for the Catholic Benevolent Legion in 1895; for the Mutual Reserve Fund Insurance Company in 1898; and for the Prudential Insurance Company in 1900–1901–1902. He was Attending Physician for the Brooklyn Union Society in 1894, for the Companions of the Forest in 1899, and for the H. W. Johns Mutual Benefit Society in 1900. He is a member of the American Medical Association, the Kings County Medical Association, the Kings County Medical Society, the Norwegian Hospital Alumni Society, the Royal Arcanum, the Knights of St. John and Malta, the Catholic Benevolent Legion, the Foresters of America, and the Companions of the Forest. In politics he is a Democrat, but has held no political office. He has written the following papers: "Some Unlooked-for

ROBT. E. COUGHLIN

Occurrences in the Practice of Medicine," "Brooklyn Medical Journal," April, 1899; "Vicarious Menstruation," with report of cases, "Medical Record," June 4, 1898; "Membranous Dysmenorrhœa," "New York Medical Journal," Volume lxx., No. 24; "The Present Day Treatment of Diphtheria," "New England Medical Monthly," February, 1900; "Report of Two Cases of Appendicitis in the Same Family within One Week of Each Other," "St. Louis Medical Gazette," January, 1900. "Method of Preventing Laceration of the Perinæum in Labor," "New York Medical Journal," January 11, 1902; "The Use and Abuse of Tobacco," August, 1902, "New England Medical Monthly." Dr. Coughlin was married on October

16, 1895, to Marietta Ayres of Rockville Centre, Long Island, and has two children: Sarah and Robert Emmet Coughlin.

EAGLE, Walter John, 1859–

Law School, 1891-1892.

Born in London, England, 1859; studied in public schools; came to America in 1887; student and private secretary to Austin Abbott, 1887 to 1891; studied in New York University Law School, 1891-92; engaged in newspaper work, 1892-95; engaged in editing law reports since 1895.

WALTER JOHN EAGLE was born in London, England, on October 4, 1859, the son of Walter Newbon and Sarah (Burnham) Eagle. He received his education in English public schools and in 1887 came to America and settled in New York. Soon after his arrival in this country he entered the office of Austin Abbott, the eminent jurist and legal writer and Dean of the Law School of New York University, acting in the capacity of his private secretary from 1887 to 1891. In the fall of the latter year he entered the University Law School with the intention of pursuing and completing its course. A severe attack of illness that winter, however, confined him to his home for eleven weeks and incapacitated him for study for the time being. In consequence he withdrew from the University at the end of the class term and in the summer of 1892 he entered the field of newspaper work. He was at first a political and special writer on "The Harlem Local Reporter" of New York, a Democratic newspaper under the editorship of John A. Mason, who was Internal Revenue Collector under President Cleveland, and State Tax Assessor under Governor Flower. Mr. Eagle was connected with this paper for more than three years and at the same time contributed special articles and poems to other papers and magazines. In 1894 he became Editor of "The Harlem Gazette," but that paper did not prove a financial success. Later he edited "The Brooklyn Leader," a local paper in South Brooklyn. In 1895 he was engaged by Remick & Schilling, law publishers of New York, as Assistant Editor of the Series of "American Negligence Cases," edited by T. F. Hamilton, of the New York Bar, a series of legal reports, covering all negligence cases from the earliest period to 1896. The value of his services has been cordially recognized by the editor and by various legal authorities and periodicals. In 1896 a new series was begun by the same firm, entitled "American Negligence Reports," covering all negligence cases since 1896. The editor of this series is John M. Gardner of the New York Bar, who practically entrusts the whole preparation of the volumes to Mr. Eagle and cordially recognizes in the prefaces to the several volumes the value of the latter's services. In 1901 Mr. Eagle became Editor of "American Negligence Cases," and volumes xi and xii of that series appeared under his editorship. A number of special notes on legal topics from Mr. Eagle's pen appear in each of the series of cases and reports. Whatever success has been achieved by him as editor of law reports, Mr. Eagle attributes to his association with the late Austin Abbott, and to the thorough instruction and training which that great man gave to all who had the coveted privilege of being his students. Mr. Eagle's course in the University Law School, short as it was, still further added to his equipment for this work. While engaged in legal editing, Mr. Eagle has occasionally contributed articles in prose and verse to various newspapers. He was formerly an active member of various literary clubs, but has been compelled to withdraw from them on account of the pressure of professional duties. He was formerly a member, also, of the Harlem Democratic Club and of the Unitarian Club of New York, but has withdrawn from these since removing to Brooklyn. He is a member of Yew Tree Lodge, No. 461 Free and Accepted Masons. His home is at No. 363 Ninth Street, Brooklyn, New York.

FROATZ, Charles Edward, Jr., 1869–

Class of 1892 Med.

Born in New York, 1869; studied in public schools and under tutors, and in College of City of New York; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1892; studied at Heidelberg and Berlin; served in Bellevue Hospital; Health Board Inspector, New York, 1893; in practice in New York.

CHARLES EDWARD FROATZ, JR., M.D., is the son of Charles Edward Froatz and grandson of Dr. Frederick Froatz, V.S., University of Hanover, 1825. His mother, whose maiden name was Frances Vollmering, was a daughter of John George Vollmering, who was born in 1796 at Isselburg, and died in New York in 1857. He was an eminent portrait painter, and also a cavalry officer under Blücher. His brother, Joseph Vollmering, was a landscape artist of renown, many of whose works are to be found in the Metropolitan Museum in New York. The subject of this sketch was born in New York City on February 21, 1869, and

studied in public schools and also under private tutors in French and German. His collegiate course was pursued in the College of the City of New York. He engaged in professional studies in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1892, after which he studied further at the Universities of Heidelberg and Berlin. Following his graduation he served for a year in Bellevue Hospital, in medical and surgical work in the Out-door Department, in diseases of children under Professor J. Lewis Smith, and in diseases of the throat and nose

CHARLES E. FROATZ

under Professor Francke Bosworth. In 1893 he was a Sanitary Inspector of the Health Department of New York City. He is a member and Secretary of the Borromeo Club, and his address is New York City. His two brothers, John George and Frederick F. Froatz, are graduates of the New York College of Pharmacy.

GERECKE, Frank William, 1869–

Class of 1892 Med.

Born at Newburg, N. Y., 1869; studied in Newburg Academy; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1892; in practice since 1892.

FRANK WILLIAM GERECKE, M.D., is a son of Frank W. and Elise (Crist) Gerecke, the one of German, the other of Swiss, origin and was born at Newburg, New York, on April 11, 1869. After studying at the Newburg Academy he entered the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated in 1892 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Thereafter he practiced at Freeland, Pennsylvania, for two years, and in the Lackawanna Hospital at Scranton, Pennsylvania, for two years more. He then went to Germany and pursued professional studies at Dresden. Since 1897 he has been established in practice in Newburg, New York. He was a Medical Examiner of recruits for the army during the Spanish-American War in 1898. In politics he is a Republican. He was married on August 15, 1898, to Wilhelmina Lex, and has one child, William Francis Gerecke. His address is Newburg, New York.

GOOD, William Howard, 1870–

Class of 1892 Law.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1870; graduated A.B., St. Francis Xavier's College, 1889, and A.M., 1892; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1892; Instructor in New York University Law School, 1892-97; in practice since 1892; Director of People's Trust Company; member of State Board of Visitation for Hospitals for the Insane.

WILLIAM HOWARD GOOD, A.M., LL.B., a prominent lawyer of Brooklyn, New York, is a son of M. H. Good and Mary Sophia (Leypold) Good, and was born in Brooklyn on March 28, 1870. His college courses were pursued in the College of St. Francis Xavier, New York, from which he was graduated in June, 1889, with the Baccalaureate Degree in Arts, being also prize man in Mathematics and Natural Philosophy. In 1892 he completed a post-graduate course and received the Doctor's degree in Arts. In the latter year he was also graduated from the New York University Law School, with the degree of Bachelor of Laws, having in 1891 won the Elliott F. Shepard Prize in the Law School. While studying law he taught in a day school, and was a tutor of classes. After graduation he was, from 1892 to 1897, an Instructor in Law in the University Law School. He was admitted to the Bar of the State of New York in May, 1892, and later to the Bar of the United States Courts, and since 1892 has been engaged in practice in Brooklyn, New York. In 1901 he was appointed by Governor Odell a member of the State Board of Visitation for Hospitals for the Insane, and in January, 1903, he was elected a Director of the People's Trust Company of Brook-

lyn. He is a member of the Zeta Psi and Delta Chi fraternities, of the Marine and Field Club of Brooklyn, and the Brooklyn Club. He was married some years ago to Alice Josephine Campbell. His office is at No. 44 Court Street, Brooklyn, New York.

HABEN, John Francis, 1864–

Class of 1892 Med.

Born at McKeesport, Pa., 1864; studied in parochial schools, St. Vincent's College, Pa., and St. John's College, Fordham; graduated at St. John's, A.B., 1887, A.M., 1891; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1892; post-graduate course and hospital work, 1892-96; in practice since 1896.

JOHN FRANCIS HABEN, A.M., M.D., is the second of the three sons of John and Margaret (Mitchell) Haben. His father was a native of

JOHN F. HABEN

Pennsylvania and a descendant of colonists from the German Rhine Provinces who settled in that state at an early date. His mother was born in Roscommon County, Ireland, and came to this country with her brother and sister in 1843, at the age of fourteen years. Dr. Haben was born at McKeesport, Pennsylvania, on October 7, 1864, and received his early education in the local parochial schools of the Roman Catholic Church. In 1880–82 he attended St. Vincent's College in Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania, and from 1884 to 1887 was a student at St. John's College, Fordham, New York. From the latter institution he received the degrees of Bachelor of Arts in 1887 and Master of Arts in 1891. He studied medicine under Dr. Alfred Oldshue at the Mercy Hospital, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, in 1888–89, and then entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which is now a part of New York University, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1892. After a post-graduate course and a year's hospital experience in New York he began the practice of medicine in McKeesport, Pennsylvania, in 1896. For several years he has been a Visiting Physician to the McKeesport Hospital. He is a member of various professional and social organizations. On January 27, 1898, he was married to Anne Keough Baum, who has borne him two sons: John Martin and James Baum Haben. His address is No. 315½ Fifth Avenue, McKeesport, Pennsylvania.

HOAG, Ward Bryant, 1859–

Class of 1892 Med.

Born at Bethel, N. Y., 1859; studied in public and private schools and College of City of New York; engaged in school teaching, 1878-93; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1892; served in Bellevue Hospital, 1892-93; in practice in New York since 1893.

WARD BRYANT HOAG, M.D., traces his ancestry back through eight generations to John Hoag, a Welshman, born in 1643. His father was Charles William Hoag, and his mother's maiden name was Laura Bryant. The family has lived a number of generations in Dutchess County, New York, and there, at Bethel, on July 3, 1859, Dr. Hoag was born. Until his fourteenth year he attended the local district school, for another year was in a New York City public school, for another was a student in the College of the City of New York, and finally, for parts of the next two years, studied in private schools in New York. Thus his life was spent down to his nineteenth year, the intervals between school terms being devoted to the duties of his father's farm. Then, down to his twenty-fifth year, he taught school in his native county, partly at the district school of Clinton Corners and partly in a private school at his own home. In 1884 he successfully took the examinations for school teachers in New York City, obtained

a license, and for nine years taught in evening schools, for five of the same years teaching also in the public day school. Meantime, in 1889, he began the study of medicine in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which has since been incorporated with the Medical College of New York University. He was graduated from that institution with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1892. For the next year he served as an Externe of Bellevue Hospital, and then entered upon his regular practice in New York City, in which he has since been engaged. Dr. Hoag has had much experience

WARD B. HOAG

in hospital work and in special work for the Health Board of New York. He was Attending Physician to heart and lung patients in the Out-door Department of Bellevue Hospital in 1893–95; Assistant Attending Physician to nose and throat patients at the De Milt Dispensary from 1895 to 1900; Assistant Attending Physician to the Out-patient Department of the Babies' Hospital since 1896; Assistant Attending Physician to ear, nose, and throat patients in the Out-patient Department of Roosevelt Hospital, and also in the Department of Pediatrics (1900–1902). From 1893 to 1896 he was engaged in special New York Polyclinic work for the New York Board of Health. He is a member of the New York County Medical Society, of the West End Medical Society, of the New York Physicians' Mutual Aid Association, and of the Dutchess County Society of the City of New York. He was married on May 9, 1895, to L. Lilian Sills of New York City, and has three children: Helen B., M. L. Carolyn, and Lilian Gertrude Hoag. His address is No. 146 West 87th Street, New York.

HOPE, Theodore Sherwood, 1872–

Class of 1892 Sci.

Born in Paterson, N. J., 1872; studied at Oberlin Preparatory School and College; graduated B.S., New York University, 1892; in wholesale jewelry trade since 1892.

THEODORE SHERWOOD HOPE, B.S., son of Charles E. and Ida (Dusenbury) Hope, of English ancestry, was born in the City of Paterson, New Jersey, on October 9, 1872. After pursuing a preparatory course at the Oberlin Preparatory School and Oberlin College, Oberlin, Ohio, he entered the Scientific Department of the College of Arts and Science of New York University. He was a member of the Delta Upsilon Fraternity, Vice-President of his class in the Senior year, and Business Manager and Editor of "The University Quarterly." In 1892 he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science, and immediately entered business in the employment of John W. Sherwood, a wholesale jeweler. Since 1897 he has been a member of the firm of John W. Sherwood & Co., at No. 3 Maiden Lane, New York. He is a member of the New York Press Club, and is a Democrat in politics. He was married on June 8, 1897, to Winifred Ayres, daughter of Marshall Ayres, of New York, and lives at No. 1 West 127th Street, New York.

HOPPER, John Bogert, 1871–

Class of 1892 Vet.

Born at Englewood, N. J., 1871; studied in public schools, private seminary and business college; graduated D.V.S., American Veterinary College, 1892; entered active practice; Government Veterinary and Sanitary Inspector since 1893.

JOHN BOGERT HOPPER, D.V.S., son of Abraham G. and Elizabeth (Bogert) Hopper, was born at Englewood, New Jersey, on July 31, 1871, and received his early education in the Ridgewood, New Jersey, public schools. He also studied in the Wiggins Seminary at Paterson, New Jersey, in 1885–86, and in MacChesney's Business College in 1887–88, being graduated in the latter year. He

entered the American Veterinary College, now a part of New York University, in 1889, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Veterinary Surgery on March 24, 1892. He at once

JOHN B. HOPPER

engaged in the active practice of his profession with his father, who had also been his preceptor. On November 15, 1893, he was appointed United States Veterinary Inspector and Superintendent of Cattle Quarantine for the Port of New York, and has ever since remained in the Government service in the Meat Inspection Division of the Bureau of Animal Industry at New York. His home is at Ridgewood, New Jersey.

JENKINS, John Sloane, 1871–

Class of 1892 Law.

Born in Brooklyn, 1871; studied in public schools; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1892; in practice since 1892.

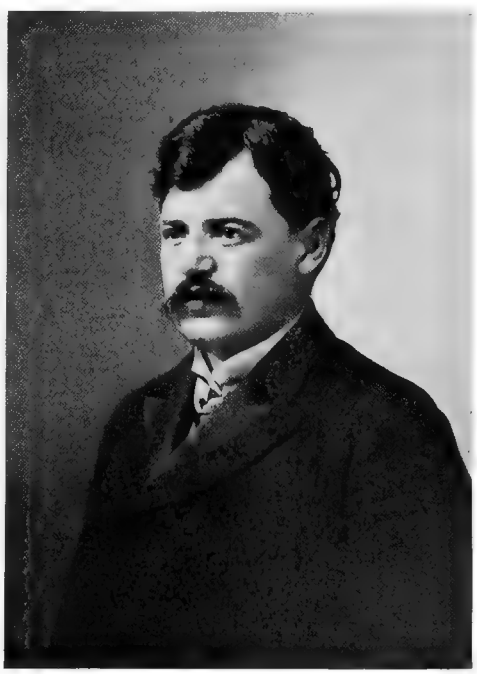
JOHN SLOANE JENKINS, LL.B., son of Henry H. and Sarah Elmer (Lott) Jenkins, of English ancestry, was born in Brooklyn, New York, on February 25, 1871. His early education was acquired in the public schools, whence he came to the Law School of New York University. From the latter he was graduated with the Baccalaureate degree in Law in 1892, and on September 12th of the same year he was admitted to the Bar of the State of New York. Ever since that time he has been engaged in practice, being a member of the firm of Darlington, Crame & Jenkins, with offices at No. 206 Broadway, New York. In politics he is a Republican. He is a member of the Royal Arcanum. He was married on April 22, 1896, to Caroline Lovejoy, and has two children: Constance Leah and Dorothy Louise Jenkins.

KAUFMAN, Israel, 1866–

Class of 1892 Med.

Born at Chernobeel, Kieff, Russia, 1866; studied in Russian public schools and college at Kieff; came to United States, 1888; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1892; in practice since 1892.

ISRAEL KAUFMAN, M.D., was born at Chernobeel, Kieff, Russia, on October 1, 1866, the son of Marcus and Idah Kaufman, both of the Hebrew race. He studied in Russian public schools and in college at Kieff until 1888, when he came to



ISRAEL KAUFMAN

the United States. He was matriculated in the Medical College of New York University in October, 1889, and in 1892 was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Since that time he has

been engaged in practice in Brooklyn, New York, at No. 430 Stone Avenue. He is a member of the Kings County Medical Society. He was married on September 20, 1886, to Sophia Rachlevsky, and has five children: Morris, Julius, Adolph, Mary, and Ray Kaufman.

KELBY, Charles Hendre, 1870–

Class of 1892 Sci., 1894 Law.

Born in New York, 1870; studied in public schools and U. S. Military Academy; graduated B.S., New York University, 1892, and LL.B., New York University Law School, 1894; in legal practice since 1894.

CHARLES HENDRE KELBY, B.S., LL.B., son of Robert Hendre Kelby and Jennie (Corrigan) Kelby, was born in New York City on August 7, 1870, and received his early education in the public schools of Brooklyn. In 1887–89 he was a student at the United States Military Academy at West Point. Thence he proceeded to New York University and pursued the scientific course in the University College, from which he was graduated in 1892 with the degree of Bachelor of Science. Finally he entered the University Law School, and was graduated from it in 1894 with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. While in college he was a member of the 'Varsity Football Team in 1889–92; President of his class in the Junior year; manager of "The Violet;" a member of his class and the 'Varsity baseball teams, and grand marshal at Commencement. He was also President of his class in the Junior year in the Law School. He was admitted to the Bar and began practice in June, 1894, and has since been steadily engaged at his profession in New York (Manhattan) until 1897 and in Brooklyn since that date. He is a member of the New York Historical Society, the Crescent Athletic Club of Brooklyn, the Zeta Psi and Delta Chi (legal) fraternities, the Brooklyn Golf Club, and the Brooklyn Yacht Club. In politics he is a Republican. He was married on October 15, 1897, to Lulu Buffington Richardson, a member of the Class of 1894 in the New York University Law School, and has two children: Katherine and Robert Hendre Kelby. His office is at No. 38 Court Street, and his home at No. 953 President Street, Brooklyn, New York.

KOKE, William Arminius, 1871–

Class of 1892 Vet.

Born in New York, 1871; studied in public schools and College of City of New York; graduated D.V.S., American Veterinary College, 1892; in practice in Brooklyn since 1894.

WILLIAM ARMINIUS KOKE, D.V.S., is the son of Frederick C. and Frederica Elizabeth (Steimle) Koke, who came to this country from Germany about 1856. He was born in New York City on September 18, 1871, and received his general education in the public schools and the College of the City of New York, from which latter he was prevented from graduating by a change of residence. In 1890 he was matriculated at the American Veterinary College in New York, an institution now incorporated with New York University, and he was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Veterinary Surgery in March, 1892, at the head of his class, winning the Faculty Prize for the best general examination. He was thereafter assistant to Dr. George H. Berns of Brooklyn for one year, after which, in March, 1894, he established himself in independent practice at Nos. 350–362 Butler Street, Brooklyn, where he has ever since remained. His residence is No. 377 Third Street, Brooklyn, New York.

WM. A. KOKE

LANDES, Leonard, 1870–

Class of 1892 Med.

Born in Yassy, Roumania, 1870; studied in public schools of Yassy, Gymnasium of Stephen the Great,

and Hellers High School; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1892; studied also in Bellevue Hospital Medical College, and in London, Berlin and Vienna; in practice since 1893, largely in hospitals; author of various works.

LEONARD LANDES, M.D., was born in Yassy, Roumania, on July 4, 1870, the son of Marcus and Rosseth (Ballaban) Landes. His father came of the family of Landau, whose members were engaged in banking in Warsaw, St. Petersburg, Moscow, Odessa, Berlin and Breslau. His mother came from the family of Ballaban, publishers, of Lemberg, Austria. One of his grandfathers was Grand Rabbi

LEONARD LANDES

of the provinces of Stanislaus, Bukovina and Galitzin, Austria. Dr. Landes was educated in the public schools of Yassy, and was graduated from the Gymnasium, or College, of Stephen the Great, and from the Hellers High School in 1886. He then came to the United States and began the study of medicine, at first in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which is now a part of New York University, and afterward in the New York University Medical College, from which latter he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1892. After graduation he returned to Europe, studied in the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons in London, took a special course in general medicine in Berlin, and studied also under Kobash and Krause in Vienna. In the latter part of 1893 he returned to New York and opened an office for practice, in which he has ever since been engaged. For a few years he practiced general medicine, but he now confines his work to Genito-Urinary and Electrical Therapeutics. Since 1893 he has been an assistant in the Post-Graduate Hospital, the Out-door Department of Bellevue Hospital, and the German Polyclinic. In 1894 he took charge, in chief, of the Dispensary of the Lebanon Hospital. From 1896 to 1898 he was an assistant in the Ophthalmic and Aural Institute, the Mt. Sinai Hospital Dispensary, the Polyclinic School and Hospital, the New York Eye and Ear Hospital, and the Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital. He was a Sanitary Inspector of the Health Board of New York from 1894 to 1898, and from 1898 to 1900 he was Medical Inspector of Schools. He has been a member of the New York County Medical Society, the New York County Medical Association, and the German Medical Society, and since 1897 has been identified with the Ethical Culture Society, the Montefiore Home, and the Seneca Club. In politics he is a Democrat, and in 1895 he was President of the Young Men's Independent Democratic Association. He has written many articles for medical journals, and in 1900 published a medical treatise which was translated into German and is now in its fourth edition. He was married some years ago to Augusta Warshauer of Vienna, Austria, and has three children: Albert, Bernard, and Milton Landes. His address is No. 134 East 24th Street, New York.

LEEMON, John Edgar, 1871–

Class of 1892 Med.

Born at Middletown, N. Y., 1871; studied at Wallkill Academy, Middletown, and Cook's Academy, Montour Falls, N. Y.; employed in grocery business; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1892; served in army in Spanish War; in practice since 1892.

JOHN EDGAR LEEMON, M.D., son of John B. and Jane A. (Fraune) Leemon, was born at Middletown, New York, on November 27, 1871, and was educated at the Wallkill Academy, Middletown, and Cook's Academy, Montour Falls, New York. From 1885 to 1888 he was employed in the grocery business at Middletown. Then he entered the New York University Medical College and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1892. Since that date he has been successfully engaged in the practice of his profes-

sion at Middletown, New York. During the Spanish War in 1898 he served as a private in Company I, First New York Volunteers, and was on duty for nine months in the Hawaiian Islands. He is a member of the Improved Order of Red Men, and in politics is a Democrat. He was married on June 28, 1899, to Grace Frances Townsend, and has one child, Helen Irene Leemon.

MAINS, William Curtiss, 1871–

Class of 1892 Arts.

Born at Mexico, N. Y., 1871; graduated A.B., New York University, 1892, and A.M., 1894; Professor in Denver University, Col., 1893-94; studied at University of Berlin, 1894-96; Professor in Ursinus College, Pa., 1896-97; studied law; member of New York State Assembly, 1901; lawyer.

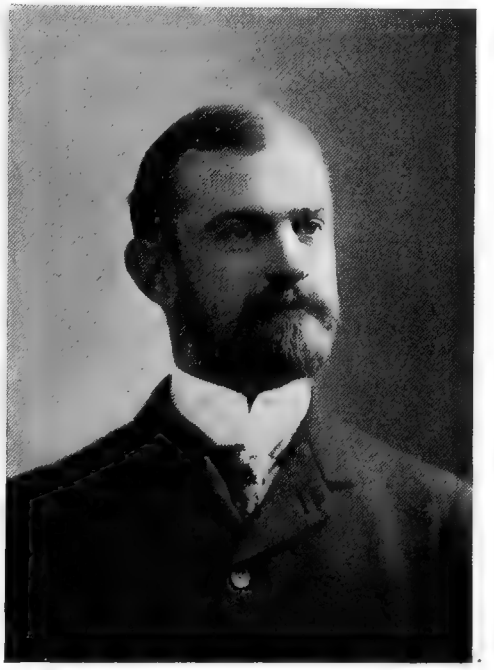
WILLIAM CURTISS MAINS, A.M., LL.B., is a son of the Rev. Dr. George P. and Mary Amelia (Curtiss) Mains, his father being a prominent minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church and now head of the Methodist Book Concern in New York, the chief publishing house of that denomination. Mr. Mains was born at Mexico, New York, on September 3, 1871, and in the fall of 1888 entered the College of Arts of New York University. There he was President of Eucleian, Editor of "The Violet," Editor of "The University Quarterly," Vice-President of his class, Class Day Orator, and winner of the Butler Eucleian Essay prizes in 1891 and 1892 and of the Butler Classical Fellowship. He was also a member of Psi Upsilon and of Phi Beta Kappa. He was graduated in 1892 with the Baccalaureate degree in Arts, and received the Master's degree in 1894. In 1893–94 he was Professor of History and Political Science in Denver University, Denver, Colorado. Then he went abroad for two years' study at the University of Berlin. Immediately upon returning to the United States he was chosen Professor of History and Political Science in Ursinus College, Collegeville, Pennsylvania, and filled that place for one year. Meantime he studied law and was admitted to the Bar. In the fall of 1900 he was elected to represent the First Assembly District of Westchester County in the New York State Assembly, and thus served during the session of 1901. Since then he has been engaged in the practice of law in New York City, making his home in the City of Mount Vernon, New York. He was married in 1894 to Sara Bristol of Cheyenne, Wyoming.

McKENZIE, George W., 1871–

Class of 1892 Law.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1871; studied in public schools; employed in law office; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1892; admitted to the Bar, 1892; Chief Clerk in office of Corporation Counsel, Brooklyn, 1894-97; lawyer.

GEORGE W. McKENZIE, LL.B., is a son of Thomas Hart Benton McKenzie of New York, and Emma Gertrude (Moreland) McKenzie of Bristol, England. He was born in Brooklyn, New York, on August 24, 1871, and until he was thirteen years old studied in the public schools of



GEO. W. McKENZIE

that city. He then went to work in a law office in New York, at first as an office boy and afterward as a typewriter and stenographer. Meantime he studied law in that office, and also entered the Law School of New York University. He was graduated from the latter in May, 1892, with the Baccalaureate degree, and a month later was admitted to practice at the Bar of the Supreme Court of the State of New York. In 1894–97 Mr. McKenzie was Chief Clerk of the Corporation Counsel's office in the City of Brooklyn. In January, 1898, he formed a partnership for the practice of law with George Palmer Beebe, under the name of McKenzie & Beebe, and is still thus engaged at No. 189 Montague Street, Brooklyn, New York. He was married on February

11, 1896, to Anna Moser Crane, and has three children: George Washington, Jr., Alfred Crane, and Frank Russell McKenzie. His home is at No. 210 Lincoln Road, Brooklyn, New York.

McMANUS, Terence Joseph, 1871–

Class of 1892 Law.

Born in New York, 1871; studied in public schools and College of St. Francis Xavier; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1892; in practice since 1892; formerly Deputy District Attorney of New York.

TERENCE JOSEPH McMANUS, LL.B., formerly a member of the District Attorney's staff in New York, is a son of Patrick and Mary E. (Cruise) McManus, and was born in New York City on March 17, 1871. After being graduated from the public schools he studied for several years in the College of St. Francis Xavier. In 1886 he entered the law office of Scott Lord, the eminent New York lawyer, as a student, and remained there for a year. His professional education was continued in the Law School of New York University, from which he was graduated in 1892 with the degree of Bachelor of Laws, and in June of that year he was admitted to practice at the Bar of the Supreme Court of the State of New York. His services in the District Attorney's office began with his appointment as Indictment Clerk in 1887 by District Attorney Randolph B. Martine, and he remained in the office under Mr. Martine, under John R. Fellows, under Delancey Nicoll, and under Mr. Fellows's second term, being promoted to the place of Deputy Assistant District Attorney by Mr. Fellows on January 1, 1895. At Mr. Fellows's death he resigned his place and entered private practice, and is now a member of the firm of Black, Olcott, Gruber & Bonynge, the senior member of which is ex-Governor Black of New York, 170 Broadway, New York. He is a Democrat in politics and a member of the General Committee of Tammany Hall. He belongs to the Democratic Club, the Arkwright Club, the Catholic Club, the Knights of Columbus, the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, and the Delta Chi Fraternity. He was married to Agnes Wall on November 23, 1896. She died on September 28, 1897, and on June 27, 1900, he was again married, to Mary Eleanor Lynn. He has two children: Helen Wall and John Lynn McManus. His address is No. 19 East 95th Street, New York City.

MacNICHOLL, Thomas Alexander, 1867–

Class of 1892 Med.

Born in Ireland, 1867; studied in New York public schools, College of City of New York, and Cooper Institute; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1892; a founder of Red Cross Hospital, New York; in practice in New York.

THOMAS ALEXANDER MacNICHOLL, M.D., is a son of Rev. Robert Turner MacNicholl, a clergyman of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and Eleanor (Brown) MacNicholl, and was born in Ireland on February 21, 1867. Both his parents were of Scotch descent. In early life he

THOMAS ALEXANDER MacNICHOLL

came to the United States, and studied in the public schools and College of the City of New York, and in the Cooper Institute. For three years he was bookkeeper for a New York publishing house, and thereafter was for a time Superintendent and General Manager of the Enterprise Refrigerator Company of New York. His professional education was acquired in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now consolidated with New York University, and he was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1892. Since that time he has been actively engaged in the practice of his profession. He was a founder of the Red Cross Hospital in New York, head of its General Surgical Division for six years, and for one year its Surgeon-in-Chief and

also Secretary of its Board of Trustees. For five years he was engaged in dispensary work in New York. He has been Secretary of the New York State Medical Alliance, Secretary of the Board of Education of Sea Cliff, New York, and President of the Harlem Athenæum. He is a member of the New York State Medical Alliance, the New York State Medical Association, the American Medical Association, the New York County Medical Association, the Medical Association of Greater New York, the American Association for the Study and Cure of Inebriety, and the Harlem Athenæum. He has published writings on "Heredity a Factor in Mental Deficiency," "Septic and Suppurative Peritonitis," "Alcohol a Cause of Degeneracy," etc. He was married on June 14, 1893, to Elsie Eugenia Robinson, and has a son, Ernest Robert MacNicholl. His address is No. 221 West 132nd Street, New York.

MARKS, Maurice, 1871–

Class of 1892 Law.

Born in Jersey City, N. J., 1871; studied in public schools; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School; in practice since 1892; member of New Jersey State Assembly, 1899, 1900, 1901.

MAURICE MARKS, LL.B., son of Charles and Sarah (Heyman) Marks, of German descent, was born in Jersey City, New Jersey, on October 23, 1871, and received his early education in the public and high schools of that city. In the fall of 1890 he entered the Law School of New York University, and in June, 1892, was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. He also studied law in the office of Eugene Otterbourg, Counsel to the Department of Buildings, of New York City. In December, 1892, Mr. Marks was admitted to practice at the New York Bar, and in June, 1893, he was admitted to the New Jersey Bar. He began practice in 1892 and continued it alone for two years. Then, in 1894, he became a member of the firm of Otterbourg, Jenks & Springs, of New York, and remained in that connection until 1898, when that firm was dissolved. Thereafter he was associated with Eugene Otterbourg, in New York, until the latter's death on January 8, 1901, since which time he has been practicing alone at No. 146 Broadway, New York. While thus engaged in the practice of his profession in New York, Mr. Marks has also been active in political affairs in New Jersey. He was elected to the New Jersey Assembly as a Democrat from Hudson County, for the years 1899, 1900 and 1901, and in the last named year was the leader of the Democratic minority. He has for years been in much demand

MAURICE MARKS

as a campaign speaker, and is a member of various political clubs. He is also a member of the Masonic Order, and Past Master of his lodge.

MATHOT, William Louis, 1870–

Class of 1892 Law.

Born in New York, 1870; educated in private schools and St. Francis Xavier's College; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1892; in practice in New York.

WILLIAM LOUIS MATHOT, LL.B., who was born in New York City on September 28, 1870, is the son of Louis and Josephine Louise Mathot, natives of France. His father came hither in 1861 to enlist in the Federal Army in the Civil War, and in that service rose from the ranks to be a Captain and Assistant Adjutant-General. Mr. Mathot was educated in private schools and in the College of St. Francis Xavier, New York, and then entered the Law School of New York University, at the same time serving a clerkship in the law office of Charles W. Brooke, the celebrated criminal lawyer, and also in that of Louis P. Whiton, an alumnus of New York University. He was gradu-

ated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1892, and has since been engaged in the practice of his profession in New York City. His office is at No. 229 Broadway, and his home is at Richmond Hill, in the Borough of Queens. He was married on April 29, 1896, to Alice Cary Croly, daughter of David G. and "Jennie June" Croly.

MERRILL, Jenny Biggs, 1854–

Class of 1892 Ped.

Born in New York, 1854; studied in public schools, 1861-69; graduated Normal College of the City of New York, 1871; Kraus Seminary for Kindergarten Training, 1875-76; graduated Pd.D., New York University School of Pedagogy, 1892; organized and taught in the Training Department of the Normal College the first public kindergarten in New York, 1877; Tutor in Pedagogy, Normal College, 1878-96; Supervisor and Director of Kindergartens, New York City, since 1896; prominent in Sunday school work; public speaker and writer.

JENNY BIGGS MERRILL, Pd.D., who may properly be regarded as the foremost leader of practical kindergarten work in New York City, and who has for a score of years had a distinguished career in educational and religious work, is a native of New York City, where she was born on September 4, 1854. Her parents were Benjamin B. Merrill and Jane Ann (MacBride) Merrill. Her father studied law in Cleveland, Ohio, was a teacher for some years, and finally became a merchant in New York City, where he was elected a School Commissioner in 1866, and he was Chairman of the Committee under which corporal punishment was abolished in New York College. His parents were pioneers in the State of Maine, where they raised to manhood and womanhood thirteen children, had one hundred grandchildren, and lived to see their great-great-grandchildren. His mother, whose maiden name was Dorr, was the first white woman in the Town of Harmony, Maine. She gave that place its name, and lived there for more than fifty years, dying at the age of ninety-four. The Merrill family is of Norman-French origin, and has been settled in Maine and New Hampshire for six or seven generations. On the maternal side Dr. Merrill is of Scotch and English descent, though the family has been settled in this country for several generations. Her maternal grandfather, who built some of the old, substantial New York houses, was of Scotch descent, as the name MacBride indicates, while her grandmother, whose maiden name was Biggs, was English. After being taught to read and write by her mother, Jenny Biggs Merrill was sent to a public school in New York at the age of seven years, and continued to attend it until she was fifteen. Then she entered the Normal College of the City of New York, and was graduated from it as Valedictorian in 1871, and received at once an appointment as critic teacher. Four years later, in 1875–76, she pursued a course in the Kraus Seminary for Kindergarten Training, in New York, and then entered upon her notable career as a founder and promoter of public kindergartens. She organized, under Dr. Thomas Hunter in 1877, the first public kindergarten in New York City, in the Training Department of the Normal College, and the next year was appointed Tutor in Pedagogy in the Normal College, a place which she filled with eminent success for eighteen years, leaving it in 1896 to enter the service of the City Government as Supervisor of Kindergartens. Meantime she sought and acquired for herself higher education in pedagogics. She was one of the first students of the School of Pedagogy of New York University, and used her influence widely in its favor, believing that it filled a great need in the city and country. In 1892 she was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Pedagogy upon examination. As already stated, she was appointed Supervisor of Kindergartens for the City of New York in 1896. She held that place until 1901, when the name of it was changed, under the new charter, to that of Director of Kindergartens, under which latter title she is still rendering the city invaluable service. She stands for progressive thought in the kindergarten and has labored especially for the higher academic training of kindergartners. Dr. Merrill has long been known as an active Sunday school worker. From 1876 to 1882 she was engaged in Normal Sunday school work, teaching in summer classes at Chautauqua and elsewhere. In 1880 she was a delegate to the Robert Raikes Centennial Commemoration in London, and delivered an address there, in Memorial Hall, on "The Training of Teachers." During the past ten years she has been a student of sociology, and assisted in the establishment of the "Settlement" of the Associate Alumnæ of the Normal College in East 72nd Street. She has also made public addresses before the Child Study and Kindergarten sections of the National Education Association. She is the editor and author of several publications, including "Songs for Little Folks," "Bible Pictures and Stories," "Little Folks' Bible Gallery," "Children's Sunday School Quarterly,"

"Kindergarten Manual," "Outline Course for Vacation Kindergartens," "Child Study," and articles in "The Kindergarten Review," and "The Kindergarten Magazine." She is a member of the Judson Memorial Baptist Church, the Associated Alumnæ of the Normal College, of which she has been President, the Kraus Alumnæ Association, the New York Kindergarten Association, the Advisory Committee of the Public Education Society, the International Kindergarten Union, the National Education Association, and the Society of Doctors of Pedagogy. Her home is at No. 112 East 81st Street, New York.

MORRIS, Aaron, 1869–

Class of 1892 Law.

Born in New York City, 1869; studied in public schools; graduated A.B., College of City of New York, 1890; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1892; practicing lawyer since 1892.

AARON MORRIS, A.B., LL.B., son of Philip and Pauline Morris, was born on December 1, 1869, in the Sixth Ward of New York City. He

AARON MORRIS

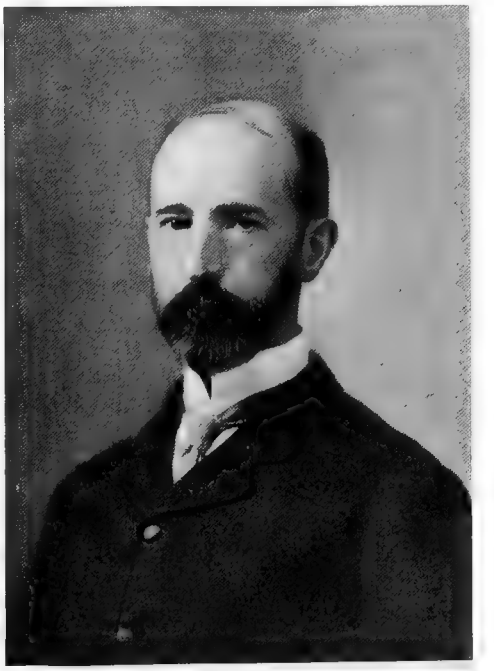
studied in a public school in that ward, and still makes his home in that same part of the city. After graduation from Public School No. 24, on Elm Street, he entered the College of the City of New York, and was graduated from it with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in June, 1890. He then studied law in the office of Drachman & Nelson and in the Law School of New York University, and was graduated from the latter with the Baccalaureate degree in 1892. He was admitted to the Bar in June, 1892, and has ever since been practicing his profession. He is a member of the Masonic Order, the Tammany Hall General Committee, and the Democratic Club. He was married on November 5, 1896, to Nettie Silverstone, and has two children: Milton and Wolff Morris. His address is No. 196 Worth Street, New York.

MORRISON, John, 1851–

Class of 1892 Med.

Born in Ireland, 1851; studied at Cooper Institute; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1892; in practice in New York.

JOHN MORRISON, M.D., son of John and Jane Burroughs Morrison, was born in Ireland on March 2, 1851. He is descended from the Morrisons of Lancashire, England, and is closely



J. MORRISON

related to the Lougheed family of Sligo, Ireland, which has produced a number of eminent physicians. His mother's maiden name was Morrison, but she belonged to a different family. In his boyhood, at

the age of fourteen, he turned his attention to medicine, and began studying for that profession while he was attending the common schools. The death of his father in 1867 changed all his plans, however. He gave up his medical studies, came to the United States in 1867, and for several years studied electricity with the late Dr. Jerome Kidder, an inventor and manufacturer of electrical appliances. He also studied in the night classes of Cooper Institute. Later he was engaged for several years in the linen and lace trade. On November 15, 1882, he was married, and two children were born to him. But in 1889 death deprived him of his wife and both children, whereupon he again turned his attention to the studies of his first choice. He entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which has now been incorporated with New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1892, since which time he has been steadily engaged in practice. He is a Free and Accepted and also a Royal Arch Mason. On February 15, 1899, he was again married. His address is No. 358 West 30th Street, New York.

REED, Louis Francis, 1871–

Class of 1892 Law.

Born at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., 1871; attended public, grammar and high schools; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1892; LL.M., New York University, 1898; admitted to Bar in 1892, and in practice ever since.

LOUIS FRANCIS REED, LL.M., is a descendant of John Reed, who distinguished himself in Cromwell's Army in England, and at the restoration of the Stuarts came to America and settled at Providence, Rhode Island. Another paternal ancestor was John Crane, who settled in Massachusetts in 1635 and whose descendants were distinguished in the Revolutionary War. One in the direct line was John Crane, who was a Captain in the Revolution and afterward an Associate Judge of the Court of Common Pleas in Dutchess County, New York. Still other paternal ancestors were the colonial Governors, Dudley and Bradstreet, Colonel Caleb Hazen of the Revolutionary Army, and the Hamlins, who came over in the "Mayflower" in 1620. Mr. Reed's father, Henry A. Reed, is one of the highest living authorities on electric cables. On the side of his mother, whose maiden name was Alice Amelia Boardman, he is the grandson of an English cloth manufacturer who came to the United States in 1830. He was educated in public schools at Scotch Plains and Bergen Point, New Jersey, and in grammar and high schools in Newark. In 1890 he entered the Law School of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1892. During that time he was also a student in the law office of Boardman & Boardman in New York. He was admitted to the Bar in 1892, and then took office with Boardman & Boardman, and has remained with them ever since. He is a nephew of Andrew and Samuel Boardman, and cousin of Edward C. Boardman, who composed the firm, and is now executor of the last named, who was the last

LOUIS F. REED

of the name in the firm. His practice is chiefly that of attorney for various large corporations, and he has a general litigated practice. He is a Republican in politics. His office is at No. 155 Broadway, New York, and his home is at No. 88 North Ninth Street, Newark, New Jersey, where he is a prominent member of the Roseville Golf Club and the Roseville Athletic Association. He is a member also of the Phi Delta Phi Club and the Dutchess County Society of New York.

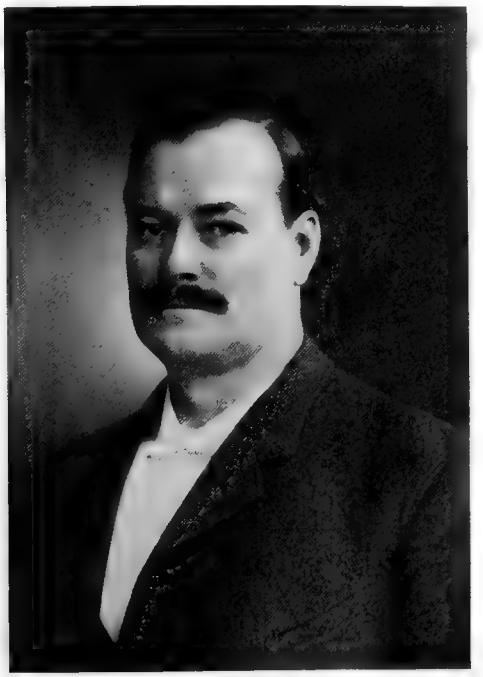
ROBINSON, Benjamin Anthony, 1862–

Class of 1892 Med.

Born in Newark, N. J., 1862; studied in public schools and business college; book-keeper; in cattle business

in the West for eleven years; studied in Medical College of New York University and graduated M.D., 1892; in practice since 1892.

BENJAMIN ANTHONY ROBINSON, M.D., son of Morton and Anna Elizabeth (Collins) Robinson, comes of distinguished colonial ancestry,



B. A. ROBINSON

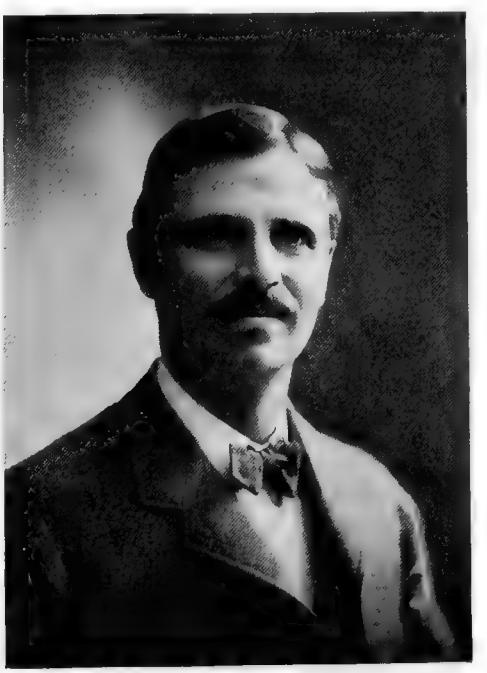
his roll of kinsmen including the names of Governor John Carver, of the "Mayflower" Company, Governor Henry Bull, Governor John Coggeshall, Governor Nicholas Easton, Assistant Governor William Baulstone, Deputy Governor William Robinson, Deputy Governor John Coggeshall, 2nd, Deputy Governor John Easton, and Deputy Jeffrey Champlin. He was born in Newark, New Jersey, on June 3, 1862, and was educated in the public schools of that city, and in the Bryant & Stratton Business College. After serving the firm of William R. Foster & Co., of New York, as book-keeper for a time, he went West on account of impaired health, and for eleven years was engaged in the cattle business on the great plains. He was recalled to the East by the illness of his father, and thereupon took up the study of medicine in the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated with the Doctor's degree in 1892. Since that time he has been successfully engaged in the practice of his profession in Newark, New Jersey, where he is a member of the Essex County Medical Association, the Newark Camera Club, and the Masonic Order. He was married on November 29, 1892, to Alice O'Donnell, who has borne him five children: Benjamin Perry, Dorothy May, John Thurston, Rachel R. (deceased), and George Pearse Robinson.

SKINNER, Charles Nathan, 1866–

Class of 1892 Med.

Born at Deerpark, N. Y., 1866; studied at Port Jervis Academy, Wyoming Seminary, and Eastman's Business College; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1892; in practice at Port Jervis, N. Y., since 1892; Health Officer of Port Jervis, village trustee, etc.

CHARLES NATHAN SKINNER, M.D., is a son of John Nelson and Anna (Malveu) Skinner, of Scotch, English and Dutch ancestry, and was born at Deerpark, Orange County, New York, on March 9, 1866. He pursued courses of study at the Port Jervis Academy, at the Wyoming Seminary, and at Eastman's Business College at Poughkeepsie, New York. Then he entered the Bellevue



C. N. SKINNER

Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1892. Immediately thereafter he began the practice of his profession at Port

Jervis, New York, and has continued in it there with marked success. He has been Health Officer of Port Jervis and of Deerpark, each three terms, village trustee of Port Jervis two terms, and is a Director of the Port Jervis Water Company. He is a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, the Order of the Maccabees, the Minisink Valley Historical Society and the Orange County Medical Society. He was married on June 9, 1892, to Mary B. Hiller, and lives at No. 137 East Main Street, Port Jervis, New York.

TAYLOR, Joseph Schimmel, 1856–

Class of 1892 Ped.

Born in 1856; studied in public schools; graduated B.E., Millersville (Pa.) State Normal School, 1878; school teacher, 1876-79; Professor, Juniata College, 1880; in business life, New York, 1881-85; teacher in New York public schools, 1885-98; graduated Pd.D., New York University School of Pedagogy, 1892; public school principal, New York, 1898-1902; District Superintendent since 1902; editor, author, and lecturer.

JOSEPH SCHIMMEL TAYLOR, PD.D., educator, was born in 1856, the son of Thomas B. and Mary (Schimmel) Taylor, who were respectively of Dutch and Swiss ancestry. His early life was spent in Pennsylvania, where until he reached the age of fourteen years he attended public schools in Bucks County. Later he entered the State Normal School at Millersville, Pennsylvania, and was graduated from it with the degree of Bachelor of Elements in 1878. Meantime he had become in 1876 teacher of a school in Luzerne County, Pennsylvania; in 1878 he taught a school in Lancaster County, and in 1879 he was principal of a graded public school in Luzerne County. In 1880 he became for a year Professor of English in Juniata College, Huntingdon, Pennsylvania, and then removed to New York. In the latter city he spent four years in business life, as book-keeper and assistant manager of a manufacturing establishment, and then resumed the work of teaching. From 1885 to 1898 he was a teacher in New York public schools. Meantime he entered the School of Pedagogy of New York University among its earliest students, and in 1892 was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Pedagogy. From 1898–1902 he was Principal of Public School No. 19, New York, and in the latter year was elected District Superintendent of Public Schools, which place he continues to fill. Dr. Taylor was the Editor of "The New York Teacher's Magazine," 1899–1900, two volumes, to which was awarded a medal at the Paris Exposition. He was also the Editor of "Practical School Problems," New York, 1902, and has written many articles on educational topics in "The New York School Journal" and "Pedagogical Seminary." He delivered in 1897–98 three courses of lectures on Pedagogy to New York teachers at the Normal College of New York and the Educational Alliance, and although a member of the Reformed Dutch Church he was a Lecturer on Pedagogy at the Catholic Summer School of America in 1902. He is a member of the Pennsylvania Society of New York, the New York Schoolmasters' Club, the National Society for the Scientific Study of Education, the National Educational Association, the New York State Science Teachers' Association, and other organizations. He was married on October 15, 1884, to Katharine Moore Johnson, and has two children: Joseph Deems and Katharine Ralston Taylor. His address is No. 2275 Aqueduct Avenue, Borough of The Bronx, New York.

ACKEN, Thomas Moore, 1867–

Class of 1893 Med.

Born at Ten Mile Run, N. J., 1867; studied in public schools of New Jersey, and grammar and high schools at Exeter, N. H.; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1893; Associate Professor, New York School of Clinical Medicine; Attending Physician to West Side German Dispensary, New York; practicing medicine in New York since 1893.

THOMAS MOORE ACKEN, M.D., of Scotch descent, was born at Ten Mile Run, in Somerset County, New Jersey, on October 27, 1867. The maiden name of his mother was Mary Brown. His father was Albert Howell Acken, the son of John and Rebecca Clarkson Acken, and great-grandson of Randolph Clarkson, an officer in the Revolutionary War. The subject of the present sketch left home at the age of nine years to make his own way in the world. For some years he worked on a New Jersey farm in the summers and attended school in the winters, working at odd jobs on holidays and during recreation hours. In this way he supported himself and made his way through the ordinary public schools. Leaving New Jersey he went to Exeter, New Hampshire, and there worked his way through the grammar and high schools. Having thus acquired a good academic education, he decided to enter the medical profession. Before beginning his medical career, however, he engaged in business for a time and while

thus engaged invented a vermin exterminator and put the same on the market. He then became a student in the Medical College of New York University, where he pursued the full regular course and

THOMAS M. ACKEN

was graduated in 1893 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. He thereupon engaged in the practice of this profession in New York, and has ever since remained therein. Since he has been practicing he has become Director and Treasurer of the Coughlin Sanford Switch Company. Dr. Acken is in addition to his ordinary professional work an Associate Professor in the Medical College of the New York School of Clinical Medicine, and Attending Physician to the West Side German Dispensary, New York. He is a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, of the Ancient Essenic Order, of the Manhattan Clinical Society, of the Eastern Medical Society, and of the New York County Medical Society. He was married on November 14, 1894, to Jessie May Howeth.

ALBEE, George Macdonald, 1871–

Class of 1893 Med.

Born at Hopkinton, Mass., 1871; graduated Hopkinton High School, 1890; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1893; in practice since 1893.

GEORGE MACDONALD ALBEE, M.D., is descended from Benjamin Albee, who settled in Mendon, Massachusetts, in 1649, through James Albee, John Albee, John Albee, 2nd, Ichabod Albee, John Albee, 3rd, and George Sumner Albee, M.D. The last named married Sarah Elizabeth Macdonald, and to them the subject of this sketch was born, at Hopkinton, Massachusetts, on January 22, 1871. He was graduated from the Hopkinton High School in 1890, and from the Medical College of New York University with the Doctor's degree in 1893. From May, 1893, to June, 1894, he practiced at Stowe, Vermont, and since the latter date has been established in practice in the City of Worcester, Massachusetts, his address being No. 1086 Main Street. He is a member of

G. M. ALBEE

the Massachusetts State Medical Society, the American Medical Association, the Commonwealth Club, the Leicester Golf Club, and the Kurtis Kanoe Klub.

BEROW, Alexander David, 1868–

Class of 1893 Med.

Born in Russia, 1868; studied theology and the classics; graduated M.D., New York University Medi-

cal College, 1893; in hospital service, 1893-95; in private practice since 1895.

ALEXANDER DAVID BEROW, M.D., was born in Russia on April 15, 1868, the son of Nehemiah and Paulina (Bernstein) Berowsky,

ALEX. D. BEROW

which name in 1893 he abbreviated to its present form, Berow. His early education was largely confined to theological and classical studies. On coming to the United States he entered the Jewish Theological Seminary with the intention of becoming a Doctor of Divinity, but after two and a half years of diligent study in that institution he changed his mind and forsook the science of doctoring the spirit for that which treats of the material body. He thereupon entered the Medical College of New York University in 1890 and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1893. Thereafter, until the latter part of 1894, he was House Physician at the Beth Israel Hospital, New York. He then removed to Denver, Colorado, and for eight months was House Physician to St. Anthony's Hospital. Next he formed a professional partnership with Dr. John Elsner, Professor of the Practice of Medicine in the Gross Medical School, Denver, and remained therein until the fall of 1897, when he returned to New York, where he has since remained in practice, his office and home being at No. 240 Henry Street. He is a member of the Eastern Medical Society, the East Side Physicians' Club, the Cosmopolitan Chess Club, and other organizations. He was married on December 26, 1897, to Anna Rebecca Cohen, and has two children: Sarina and Aaron Abraham Berow.

BOWERS, Thomas Francis, 1870–

Class of 1893 Law.

Born in Harrison, N. J., 1870; studied in private and public schools of Newark, N. J.; graduated at Coleman's National Business College, Newark, 1887; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1893; admitted to Bar of New Jersey, 1893; engaged in legal practice since 1893.

THOMAS FRANCIS BOWERS, LL.B., comes of mixed German and Irish ancestry. His father, Philip Bowers, was the son of German parents, and his mother, whose maiden name was Agnes Elizabeth Donahue, was of Irish parentage. He was born in Harrison, New Jersey, on November 28, 1870, and attended public and private schools in the City of Newark. He pursued a course at Coleman's National Business College in Newark, and was grad-

THOMAS F. BOWERS

uated therefrom in June, 1887. A few years later he chose the law as his profession and entered the Law School of New York University from which, after completing the regular course, he was gradu-

ated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in May, 1893. Prior to his graduation, on February 24, 1893, he was admitted to practice as an attorney at the Bar of the State of New Jersey, and since that date he has been steadily engaged in the pursuit of his profession, making a specialty of matters pertaining to real estate. In politics Mr. Bowers is a Democrat, and in 1899 he was a candidate for the New Jersey State Assembly from Essex County. In the polling he led his ticket but was defeated, as was the entire Democratic ticket in that year. He is a member of the Jeffersonian Club of Newark and of the Knights of Columbus. He was married on January 29, 1895, to Mary Agnes Walsh, and has three children: Arthur Roosevelt, Mary Frances and Agnes Margaret Bowers. His home address is Newark, New Jersey.

CHASE, Cornelius Thurston, 1871–

Class of 1893 Arts.

Born at Albany, N. Y., 1871; studied in public schools; graduated A.B, New York University, 1893; A.M., 1895; B.D., Chicago Theological Seminary, 1897; studied at Berlin and Leipzig, 1897-99; minister of Congregational Church.

CORNELIUS THURSTON CHASE, A.M., B.D., pastor of a Congregational Church in Brooklyn, New York, is a son of the Hon. Cornelius Thurston Chase and Caroline Frances (Aitken) Chase, and was born at Albany, New York, on February 12, 1871. His early education was acquired in the public schools of Brooklyn, New York, and also in private schools. Thence he proceeded to New York University, where he was Class Poet for three consecutive years, Founders' Day Poet, Treasurer of Eucleian Literary Society, Secretary of the Young Men's Christian Association, President of "The University Quarterly" Association, Editor of "The Violet," Assistant Librarian, winner of the T. S. Baley Scholarship for two successive years, the Second Hebrew Prize, and the First and Second Butler Eucleian Essay prizes, and Philosophical Orator, with fourth honor, at Commencement. He was also a member of Psi Upsilon and Phi Beta Kappa. He was graduated in 1893 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. In 1895 he received the degree of Master of Arts from New York University, and in 1897 that of Bachelor of Divinity from the Chicago Theological Seminary. In 1897–98 he studied in Berlin, and in 1898–99 at Leipzig. In 1895–97 he was pastor of a Congregational Church at Trevor, Wisconsin, and since 1899 has been settled over a church in Flatbush, Brooklyn, New York. He is Secretary of the Congregational Church Extension Society, Secretary of the Metropolitan Congregational Home Missionary Society, Vice-President of the Congregational Club of Brooklyn, and a member of the New York Literary Society, the American Historical Society, the Knickerbocker Field Club, Phi Beta Kappa Alumni of New York, the Manhattan Association of Congregational Ministers, the Adelphi Club, and the Internationale Gesellschaft für Vergleichende Volkswirtschaft und Rechtswissenschaftslehre. His home is at No. 273 East 16th Street, Brooklyn, New York.

COOK, Edmund Howell, 1863-1902.

Class of 1893 Med.

Born at Sag Harbor, N. Y., 1863; studied in Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1893; practiced medicine, 1894-1902; died in 1902.

EDMUND HOWELL COOK, M.D., was born at Sag Harbor, Long Island, New York, on October 26, 1863. His father was Henry

EDMUND H. COOK

Cook, M.D., and his mother's maiden name was Eloise Augusta Huntting. He was in the ninth generation of descent from Edward Howell, 1585–1656, of Lynn, Massachusetts, Founder of

Southampton, Long Island, and assistant to the Governor of the Colony of Connecticut. He was also descended in the eighth generation from Major John Howell, 1625–95, of Southampton, assistant to the Governor of Connecticut, and a distinguished commander of colonial troops. He was also descended from Captain Stephen Howell, 1744–1828, of the Suffolk County Militia. Dr. Cook was educated in the Polytechnic Institute, Brooklyn, New York, and in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College. From the latter, now a part of New York University, he was graduated a Doctor of Medicine on March 27, 1893. He practiced his profession in New York City in 1894–96, and in Flushing, Long Island, in 1896–1902, and he was Secretary and Treasurer of the Medical Board of the Flushing Hospital. He was a member of the New York County Medical Society, the Reform Club of New York, the Society of Colonial Wars, and the Society of Sons of the Revolution. In politics he was a Republican. He was never married. He died at Flushing, New York, on September 14, 1902.

DANTES, Max, 1872–

Class of 1893 Med.

Born in New York, 1872; studied in public schools and College of City of New York; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1893; in practice since 1894.

MAX DANTES, M.D., son of David and Lisette (Hecht) Dantes, of German ancestry, was born in New York City on April 22, 1872, and studied in the public schools, the New York Turn Verein, and the College of the City of New York. He was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1893, from the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now incorporated with New York University, and for the next year served on the staff of Bellevue Hospital. Since 1894 he has been engaged in the general practice of his profession. He was married to Bella Blum on February 22, 1898, and lives at No. 229 East 49th Street, New York.

ELLIOTT, William Alexander, 1872–

Class of 1893 Law.

Born in New York, 1872; studied in public schools and under private tutors; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1893; in practice since 1893.

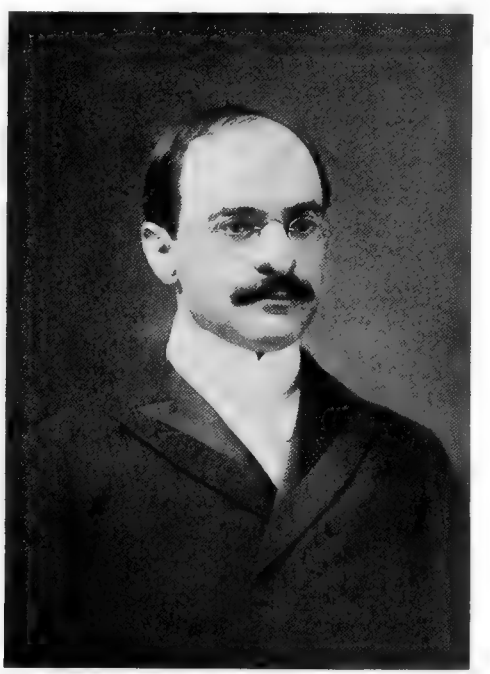
WILLIAM ALEXANDER ELLIOTT, LL.B., a son of John and Mary (Andrews) Elliott, was born in New York City on April 7, 1872. His father was of English and his mother of Scotch ancestry. He studied in the public schools and under private tutors, and in the Law School of New York University, from which last he was graduated in 1893 with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. He was promptly admitted to the Bar and has been engaged in the practice of his profession ever since. He is now connected with the Law Department of the United States Life Insurance Company of New York. In politics he is a Republican. He was married on June 24, 1901, to Helen F. Croley, and has a son, John Marshall Elliott. His home is at No. 375 Manhattan Avenue, New York.

FEINBERG, Israel Louis, 1870–

Class of 1893 Med.

Born in New York, 1870; studied in public schools; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1893; served in Randall's Island Hospital, 1893–94; in practice in New York since 1894.

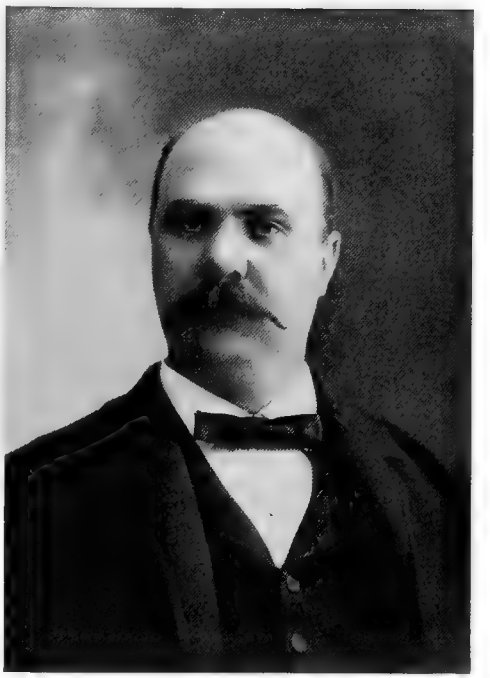
ISRAEL LOUIS FEINBERG, M.D., son of Isaac and Minnie Esther (Rosenthal) Feinberg, was born in New York City on July 3, 1870.



ISRAEL L. FEINBERG

He attended the public schools, and was graduated from Grammar School No. 24. Then, owing to financial reverses of his family, he was compelled to engage in business, instead of further giving up his

time to study. He accordingly engaged in the wall-paper business, though at the same time he pursued his studies in private at night. Thus he studied pharmacy and entered the drug business. The latter occupation led ultimately to his entry into the medical profession. He became a student in the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1893. A year of work in the Randall's Island Hospital followed, after which, in 1894, he engaged in the private practice of his profession, in which he has since remained with gratifying success. He is a member of the Harlem Medical Association, and Treasurer of that body, the New York County Medical Society, the Eastern Medical Society, the Royal Arcanum, the Knights of Pythias, the Harlem Republican Club, the Central Republican Club, and the Mount Morris Republican Club. He was married on November 25, 1897, to Pauline Cohen, and has one son, Harry Feinberg. His address is New York City.



EDWARD D. FERRIS

FERRIS, Edward Day, 1864–

Class of 1893 Med.

Born at St. John, New Brunswick, Canada, 1864; studied in local schools and for two years in B.A. course at Acadia College; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1893; served in Norwegian Hospital, Brooklyn; in practice in Brooklyn, N. Y., since 1895.

EDWARD DAY FERRIS, M.D., is the son of Albert W. Ferris of New Brunswick, Canada, and great-grandson of John Ferris of New York City. His mother was Melissa Parker Woodworth, born in New Brunswick in 1840. His maternal grandmother was Sarah Cunnabell Woodworth, a lineal descendant of John Cunnabell, who was born in London, England, in 1650 and settled in Boston, Massachusetts, in 1674. He distinguished himself at the "Falls Fight," the last great battle of King Philip's War, fought early in the morning of May 16, 1676. Dr. Ferris was educated in the schools of his native city and after leaving the high school he took a two years' Bachelor of Arts course at Acadia College, after which he entered the Medical Department of New York University, graduating with the Class of 1893. In the year 1893–1894 he served as Interne at the Norwegian Hospital, Brooklyn, New York, and in 1895 was appointed Assistant Surgeon to the same institution, which latter position he still holds. On January 22, 1897, Dr. Ferris married Minnie William Long, second daughter of William H. Long, lumber manufacturer of St. John. His home and office are in Brooklyn, New York.

FRANCIS, Charles Edgar, 1872–

Class of 1893 Law.

Born at Dubuque, Iowa, 1872; studied at Rugby School, Louisville, Ky.; worked at printer's trade; engaged in law offices of Austin Abbott and Cephas Brainerd; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1893; in practice as lawyer in New York City.

CHARLES EDGAR FRANCIS, son of Charles and Mary Francis, was born at Dubuque, Dubuque County, Iowa, on March 31, 1872. Tradition places the origin of his family in the direct line of William Shakespeare, and for many generations they belonged to that class known as British yeomanry, cultivating the same land at Rushall on the borders of Wales, from which portion of the United Kingdom they originally came. In 1690 William Francis came into possession of the family estate at Rushall, and in that generation his great-grandfather removed to London and became a prominent member of the London Corn Exchange. Among the issue of William of London was James Goodall Francis, who was a leader in the political evolution of the Colony of Victoria, Australia, and

at one time Prime Minister of the colony, and who three times refused knighthood at the hands of the British Crown. His father is one of the prominent printers of New York City and many members of his

C. E. FRANCIS

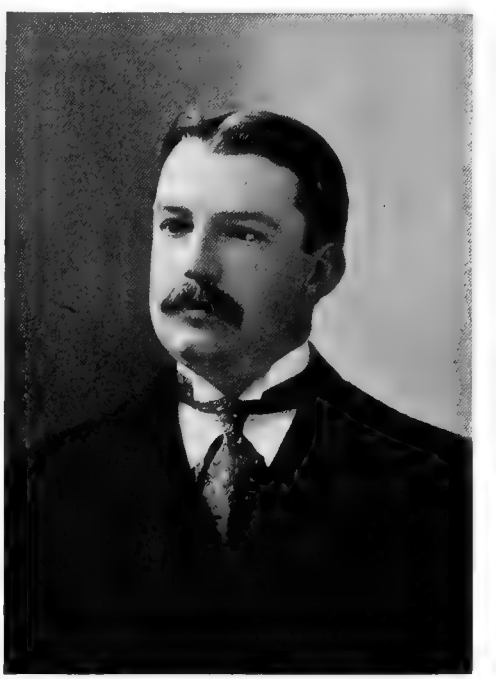
family have risen to prominence during the last few decades. Mr. Francis received his early education in the public schools and his secondary education at the Rugby School at Louisville, Kentucky, under the instruction of Professor Allan McDonald. He then entered business life as assistant to his father in a large printing house. His eyes suffered, however, from the strain put upon them, and upon the advice of his physician he gave up this business. He then repaired to New York and became a clerk in the law office of Austin Abbott, the eminent jurist, teacher and author, in 1889. Subsequently he became Mr. Abbott's managing clerk. For several years, later, he was connected with the office of Cephas Brainerd. While in Mr. Abbott's office he became a student in the Law School of New York University, and was graduated therefrom with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1893, and was admitted to practice at the Bar. He is now in practice in New York City. He was married on January 20, 1897, to Florence May Fitch, and has one child, Florence Mildred Francis. His home address is Brooklyn, New York.

GILLESPIE, George Joseph, 1870–

Class of 1893 Law.

Born in New York, 1870; studied in public schools and College of St. Francis Xavier; received diploma of Metropolis Law School, 1893; LL.B., University of State of New York, 1893; admitted to New York Bar, 1894; graduated LL.B., New York University, 1895; A.M., College of St. Francis Xavier, 1897; Commissioner of Taxes and Assessments, New York City, 1902; in legal practice in New York since 1894.

GEORGE JOSEPH GILLESPIE, A.M., LL.B., one of the prominent lawyers of the younger generation in New York City, comes of Irish stock, and was born in New York on February 24, 1870. His early education was acquired in the public schools of New York City, from which he was graduated into the College of St. Francis Xavier, entering as a member of the Class of 1892. Upon leaving St. Francis Xavier he took up the study of law in the Metropolis Law School, an institution now merged into New York University. He received the diploma of this school in 1893, and also the degree of Bachelor of Laws from the Board of Regents of the University of the State of New York.



GEORGE J. GILLESPIE

The University of the City of New York also conferred the degree of Bachelor of Laws upon him in 1895, and the College of St. Francis Xavier, the degree of Master of Arts in 1897. Meantime in

June, 1894, he was admitted to practice at the New York Bar, and has since then been thus successfully engaged. His very large practice is principally devoted to real estate, corporation, surrogate's, and taxation matters, of which he has made a special study and upon which he ranks as an authority. His familiarity with the tax law and procedure, both state and municipal, was recognized in his appointment by Hon. Seth Low, Mayor of New York, on January 1, 1902, as Commissioner of Taxes and Assessments for the City of New York. Mr. Gillespie is a Democrat in politics, and a Roman Catholic in religion. He is Vice-President of the Particular Council of the St. Vincent de Paul Society, the foremost benevolent lay organization of the Catholic Church in New York; one of the Board of Managers of the Catholic Club; one of the Board of Managers of the Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum in the City of New York; an honorary life member of the Catholic Summer School of America; and a member of the Xavier Alumni Society, the Xavier Alumni Sodality, the Lawyers' Club of New York, and the Society of Medical Jurisprudence. He was married some years ago to Mary Frances Farley, and has two children: Helen Constance and George Joseph Gillespie, Jr. His home is at No. 146 East 62nd Street, New York.

HEAPHY, Lawrence Francis, 1868–

Class of 1893 Med.

Born at Guilford, Vt., 1868; graduated Brattleboro High School, 1888; studied medicine privately and in New York University; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1893; served in New York hospitals; in practice of medicine in New York since 1894.

LAWRENCE FRANCIS HEAPHY, M.D., son of Lawrence and Catherine (Fleming) Heaphy, was born at Guilford, Vermont, on October 16, 1868. His education was begun in local schools, and was continued to good purpose in the high school at Brattleboro, Vermont, from which he was graduated in 1888. He then began the study of medicine privately under Dr. B. F. Ketchum, and thus continued for a year. In 1890 he entered the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated therefrom with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1893. The next year and a half were spent in service in various New York hospitals, in which Dr. Heaphy acquired valuable experience and added fitness for the practice of his profession. In the latter part of 1894 he began practice in New York City, and has

LAWRENCE F. HEAPHY

conducted it successfully ever since. His home and office are at No. 108 West 84th Street, New York.

HERROLD, Henry, 1869–

Class of 1893 Law.

Born in New York, 1869; studied in public schools; graduated LL.B, New York University Law Department, 1893; engaged in legal practice in New York.

HENRY HERROLD, LL.B., son of John and Barbara (Diefenbacher) Herrold, was born in New York City on September 18, 1869, and was educated in the public schools. He entered the Metropolis Law School, an institution holding evening sessions, and was a member of its first graduating class in 1893. That school was absorbed into the Law School of New York University, and he accordingly received the degree of Bachelor of Laws from the University, together with the Metropolis Law School Diploma, in 1893. Prior thereto he served as clerk in the law office of Eugene L. Busch, and during his attendance at the law school served as Managing Clerk in the office of Hatch & Wickes in New York. He was duly admitted to practice in

the New York State and United States courts, and is now engaged in the general practice of his profession. His office is at No. 150 Nassau Street, and his home at No. 408 East 83rd Street, New York.

HENRY HERROLD

HOGEBOOM, William Lawrence, 1857–

Class of 1893 Med.

Born at Ghent, N. Y., 1857; studied at Troy, N. Y., Academy and Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute; teacher and principal of public schools, 1877-90; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1893; post-graduate and hospital work, 1893-94; in practice at Troy, N. Y., since 1895.

WILLIAM LAWRENCE HOGEBOOM, M.D., is, as his name indicates, of Dutch origin. The family was transplanted from Holland to this country in the person of Johannes Hogeboom, who came over when William Kieft was the second Governor of New York, or New Netherlands as it was then called. This pioneer of the Hogeboom family purchased from the Indians a large tract of land about twelve miles northeast of Hudson, New York, which now forms part of the Town of Ghent, in Columbia County. From that day to this that homestead has always been in the possession of Johannes Hogeboom and, after his death, of his direct descendants. The Hogebooms intermarried with other families of English and French Huguenot origin. Captain Joseph Power, a great-grandfather of Dr. Hogeboom on the paternal side, was with Ethan Allen at the capture of Ticonderoga, and others on that side of the family traced their descent from John Howland of the "Mayflower" Pilgrims. Dr. Hogeboom's father, Judge John T. Hogeboom, was a prominent lawyer and jurist, and was General Appraiser of the Port of New York during the administrations of Presidents Lincoln, Johnson and Grant. The maiden name of Dr. Hogeboom's mother was Sarah Thankful McClellan, and she came, as the name indicates, of Scottish stock. Her grandfather, Hugh McClellan, was Captain of the Minute Men of Colerain, Massachusetts, and fought against the British around Boston after the Battle of Lexington. Her father, Samuel McClellan, was widely known as a physician in Rensselaer and Columbia counties, New York. Both the families of Hogeboom and McClellan produced many physicians and lawyers. Dr. Hogeboom, the subject of this sketch, was born at Ghent, Columbia County, New York, on March 21, 1857. His early education was acquired at the public school, after which he attended the Troy, New York, Academy and the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute of the same city. Leaving the latter institution at the age of twenty,

WM. L. HOGEBOOM

he became a public school principal, and for the thirteen years 1877–1890 was thus engaged. In the month of September, 1890, he entered the Medical College of New York University and pursued its regular three years' course. He was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in April, 1893, being the President of his class. After spending a year and a half in post-graduate and hospital work in New York, he began regular practice in the City of Troy, New York, and has ever since been thus engaged. He is Attending Physician and an Assistant Surgeon to the Samaritan Hospital in Troy, and Secretary and Treasurer of the Second District branch of the New York State Medical Association. For four years he was Secretary and Treasurer of the Medical Association of Troy and vicinity. In politics he is a Republican, but he has never held political office. He is a Free and Accepted Mason, a Royal Arch Mason, a Royal and Select Master, a Knight Templar, and also a member of the East Side Club of Troy. He was married on March 24, 1880, to Linda Crowe of Hillsdale, New York, but has no children. His address is No. 2179 Fifth Avenue, Troy, New York.

HORAN, Michael Joseph, 1872–

Class of 1893 Law.

Born in New York, 1872; studied in De La Salle Institute and College of St. Francis Xavier; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1893; in practice since 1893.

MICHAEL JOSEPH HORAN, LL.B., son of Timothy and Margaret Horan, was born in New York City on September 15, 1872, and studied in the De La Salle Institute and the College of St. Francis Xavier. From the latter he came to the Law School of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1893. Before graduation he was a law clerk with Amasa A. Redfield, and with Lockwood & Hill. In November, 1893, he was admitted to practice at the Bar, and has thus been engaged since that time. He is a member of the Delta Chi Fraternity, the Law Institute, and the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick. In politics he is a Democrat. His office is at No. 271 Broadway, and his home is at No. 106 Washington Place, New York.

ISAACS, Julien Myer, 1874–

Class of 1893 Sci., 1896 Law.

Born in New York, 1874; graduated B.S., New York University, 1893, M.S., 1894; Instructor in Chemical Laboratory, New York University, 1893-94; LL.B., New York University, 1896; lawyer.

JULIEN MYER ISAACS, M.S., LL.B., is a son of Myer S. Isaacs and Maria (Solomon) Isaacs, and was born in New York City on June 1, 1874. His father and his two uncles, Isaac S. and Abram S. Isaacs, are eminent alumni of New York University, of the classes of 1859, 1865, and 1871 respectively. Mr. Isaacs entered New York University with the Class of 1893. He was Class Treasurer, Vice-President of the Scientific Society, winner of the Chemical Prize and the Inman Fellowship, English Salutatorian at Commencement, and a member of Delta Upsilon and Phi Beta Kappa. He was graduated in 1893 with the degree of Bachelor of Science, and spent the next year in post-graduate study and in instruction in the Chemical Laboratory of the University, taking in 1894 the degree of Master of Science. Later he studied law at New York University Law School, being for some time associated in special research with the late Dr. Austin Abbott, and was graduated a prize man with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1896. He was admitted to the Bar in the same year and is now a practitioner in New York, a member of the firm of M. S. and I. S. Isaacs, with offices at No. 27 Pine Street. He is a member of the New York Bar Association and the American Historical Association. His home is at No. 110 East 73rd Street, New York.

JACOBSOHN, William, 1870–

Class of 1893 Med.

Born in New York, 1870; studied in public schools; graduated B.S., College of City of New York, 1890; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1893; served in hospitals, 1893-94; in practice since 1894; physician to various hospitals, Health Board Inspector, Examiner in Lunacy, etc.; author of numerous works.

WILLIAM JACOBSOHN, M.D., one of the most active of the younger generation of physicians in New York, is of German ancestry, but was born in New York City on September 1, 1870, the son of Moritz and Fredericke (Appel) Jacobsohn. His general education was acquired in the public school system of New York, in its various grades. In 1885 he was graduated from Grammar School No. 74, and then entered the College of the City of New York, which is a part of the public school system. There he pursued a five years' scientific course, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1890. His inclination then being

toward the medical profession, he entered the New York University Medical College, and after pursuing its three years' course was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1893. A year of service followed as Interne, House Physician and House Surgeon, in the Randall's Island hospitals and Infants' Hospital, New York. Dr. Jacobsohn began the regular practice of his profession in New York in 1894, and has continued it with much success since that time. He has also been much engaged in hospital and official work. Thus he was Attending Physician in the Children's Department

WILLIAM JACOBSOHN

of the De Milt Dispensary in 1894–95; Medical and Sanitary Inspector for the Health Department of New York in 1895–96–97; Physician and Surgeon at the New York Polyclinic School and Hospital, and at the Mount Sinai Hospital, Out-door Department, from 1896 to 1900; and he has been an Examiner in Lunacy for New York State since 1898, and is a Consulting Physician to the German Odd Fellows' Home and Orphan Asylum in New York. His bibliography includes the following works: "Significance and Management of Fever in Children," "Contribution to Cellular Therapy," "Diagnosis of Small-Pox in Early Stages," "Nuclein in Fever and Toxaemia," "Antitoxin and Communicable Diseases," and "Tuberculosis and Childhood." He has contributed to "The New York Medical Journal," "The New York Medical Record," "The Philadelphia Medical Journal," "The American Therapist," "The Journal of Tuberculosis," and other American and foreign journals. He is a member of the New York County Medical Society, the New York Medical League, the Society of Alumni of Randall's Island hospitals, the Masonic Order, and the Order of Odd Fellows. In national politics he is a Republican, and he has been a delegate to various party conventions. His office is at No. 120 West 98th Street, New York.

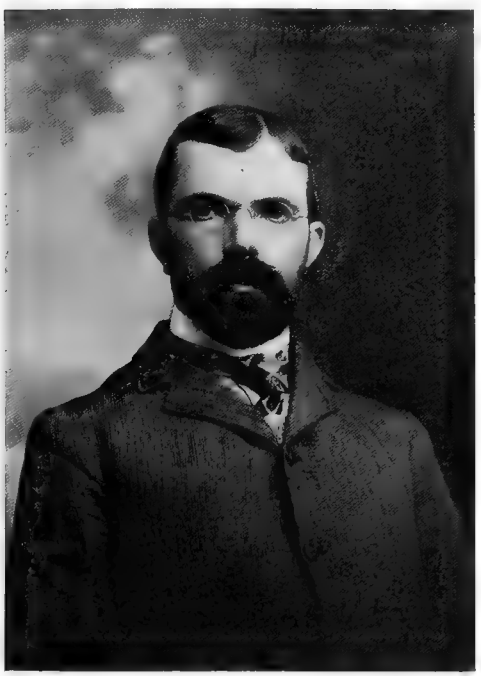
JAGGER, Archer Ward, 1867–

Class of 1893 Med.

Born at West Hampton, N. Y., 1867; studied in public schools, private academies, and Cornell University; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1893; Interne at Lebanon Hospital, New York, 1893-94; in practice since 1894; connected with Flushing Hospital and New York Health Department.

ARCHER WARD JAGGER, M.D., who was born at West Hampton, New York, on March 18, 1867, is the son of Seth R. and Mercy (Gager) Jagger, and comes of a family conspicuous in early New England life, his ancestor John Jagger having taken part in the Pequot War, and having settled at Southampton, New York, between 1640 and 1650. Dr. Jagger attended successively the district school at West Hampton, a public school in Brooklyn, New York, the Bridge Hampton Academy, and Friend's Academy. Then he went to Cornell University for two years, but did not remain to be graduated. Instead, he entered the New York University Medical College, and after pursuing its three years' course was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1893. Nearly two years of service followed as an Interne at Lebanon Hospital, New York, and then, on January 1, 1895, he began the independent practice of his profession at No. 244 West 52nd Street, New York. On May 1, 1895, he was appointed Resident Physician at the Brunswick Home, Amityville, Long Island, which place he filled until May 15, 1897, when he resigned it. On July 15, 1897, he began the practice of his profession at Flushing, Long Island, now a part of New York City, and has there remained ever since. He has been Visiting Surgeon to the Flushing Hospital since November, 1901. He has also been a Medical Inspector of the Health Department of New York City since October, 1898. He is a member of the New York County Medical Society, the

New York State Medical Association, the Medical Association of the Greater City of New York, the Brooklyn Society of Neurology, the Masonic Order, the Knights of Pythias, the Cornell University Club of New York, and the Niantic Club of Flushing. He was married on June 2, 1897, to Mary E.



A. W. JAGGER

Townsend, and has one child, Seth Ransom Jagger. His address is No. 410 Amity Street, Flushing, New York.

JAMES, Robert Coleman, 1865–

Class of 1893 Med.

Born in Fayette County, Ky., 1865; studied in Pisgah Seminary and Kentucky University; Treasurer of Coal Company, West Virginia, 1888-90; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1893; in hospital service; Instructor in New York University Medical College; in practice since 1895.

ROBERT COLEMAN JAMES, M.D., is a native of Fayette County, Kentucky, where he was born on November 11, 1865. His father, John Graves James, was of English descent, and his mother, whose maiden name was Nancy Montgomery Coleman, was of Scotch ancestry. He studied at the Pisgah Seminary, Woodford County, Kentucky, and in the Scientific and Commercial departments of Kentucky University, and then engaged in business from 1888 to 1890 as Treasurer of the Crown Hill Coal Company of West Virginia. In the latter year he entered the Medical College of New York University, and in 1893 was graduated with the Doctor's degree. From 1893 to 1895 he was a member of the staff of Bellevue Hospital. Since then he has been engaged in the practice of his profession, also serving as Assistant Attending Surgeon to the New York Lying-in Hospital and as an Instructor in Obstetrics in the New York University Medical College. He is a member of the New York County Medical Society, the Bellevue Hospital Alumni Society, Pathological Society, New York Southern Society, Phi Gamma Delta and Nu Sigma Nu fraternities. His address is No. 58 West 55th Street, New York.

LORD, Theodore Holbrook, 1871–

Class of 1893 Law.

Born at Schuyler, Neb., 1871; studied in common schools; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1893; in practice since 1895.

THEODORE HOLBROOK LORD, LL.B., is a son of John Brooks Lord and Rachel Emily (Holbrook) Lord, both of English ancestry, and was born at Schuyler, Nebraska, on March 13, 1871. After acquiring a common school education he entered the Metropolis Law School, a department of the State University, and was graduated in 1893. Upon the amalgamation of the Metropolis Law School with the Law Department of the University of the City of New York he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws from the latter institution. Since 1895 he has been engaged in the practice of his profession in New York City. He was married to Alice Warner of Minneapolis, Minnesota, on November 5, 1901.

McLAUGHLIN, Cornelius Patrick, 1870–

Class of 1893 Law.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1870; graduated public school, 1885, Commercial High School, 1886; studied at College of St. Francis Xavier, 1889-91; became law student and clerk, 1892; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1893; in practice since 1894.

CORNELIUS PATRICK McLAUGHLIN, LL.B., is a son of John and Ellen (Castles) McLaughlin, who were both born in Ireland and came to America in their youth. He was born in Brooklyn, New York, on March 17, 1870, and began his education in the public schools of that city. He was graduated from Public School No. 9

in 1885 and from the Commercial High School in 1886. From 1889 to 1891 he studied in the College of St. Francis Xavier in New York, but did not complete his course. He entered the New

CORNELIUS P. McLAUGHLIN

York University Law School in October, 1891, and in March, 1892, became also a student and clerk in the law office of Foley & Powell at No. 206 Broadway, New York, with which firm he has ever since been connected. He was graduated from the University with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in June, 1893, and was admitted to practice as an attorney and counselor at law in the Supreme Court of New York in February, 1894, since which time he has been in constant practice. In politics he is a Democrat. His home is at No. 343 First Street, Brooklyn, New York.

MALCOLM, Percy Edwin Dunlop, 1870–

Class of 1893 Med.

Born at Nassau, N. P., Bahamas, 1870; studied under tutors and in Nassau College; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1893; in practice in New York since 1893.

PERCY EDWIN DUNLOP MALCOLM, M.D., born at Nassau, New Providence, Bahama Islands, on October 9, 1870, is a son of Sir Ormond D. Malcolm, Chief Justice of the Bahama Islands, and a grandson of John Malcolm, Paymaster of the British Navy and a native of Perthshire, Scotland. Through his mother, whose maiden name was Anna Frances Sands, he is a grandson of Charles S. Sands, a native of the Bahamas, who was chosen by the slave owners of those islands in 1838 to represent them in London at the time of the abolition of slavery, and to receive their compensation money. Dr. Malcolm was instructed by private tutors, and in the Nassau Collegiate Institute, from which he was graduated in 1888. Then he came to New York and entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which is now a part of New York University. There he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1893, and since that date he has been steadily engaged in the practice of his profession in New York City. His practice is largely devoted to diseases of the nose, throat and ears, of which he makes a specialty, being associated with Dr. H. Holbrook Curtis. He is a member of the New York County Medical Society, the American Laryngological, Rhinological and Otological Society, the

PERCY E. D. MALCOLM

Physicians' Mutual Aid Association, and the Reform Club. He was married on November 23, 1898, to Minnie Lee Gay of Montgomery, Alabama, and lives at No. 118 Madison Avenue, New York.

MOONEY, Patrick Joseph, 1871–

Class of 1893 Med.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1871; attended public schools, and St. Charles College; graduated A.B., Niagara University, 1890; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1893; Interne at St. Mary's Hospital, Brooklyn; in practice since 1894.

PATRICK JOSEPH MOONEY, M.D., son of Dennis and Catherine (Smith) Mooney, both parents being of Irish nativity, was born in the City

P. J. MOONEY

of Brooklyn, New York, in 1871, and attended the public schools there until he was thirteen years of age, when he was sent for a year to St. Charles College in Maryland. Thence he went to Niagara University at Niagara Falls, New York, and pursued its classical course, upon the completion of which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1890. Thus prepared for professional studies with the fine foundation of a liberal education, he entered the New York University Medical College, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1893. Thereafter for a year and a half he served as Interne at St. Mary's Hospital in Brooklyn, and then began private practice, in which he has since continued with steadily increasing success. He is a member of the Alumni Society of St. Mary's Hospital, and of the Jefferson and Cleveland clubs of Brooklyn. As the latter affiliations indicate, he is a Democrat, but pays little attention to politics apart from exercising the duties of a citizen. He was married in 1894 to Mary Loretta McGrath, and has three sons: Joseph, Archibald, and Edward Mooney. His address is No. 118 Kent Street, Brooklyn, New York.

PHILLIPS, Frederick Milton, 1869–

Class of 1893 Med.

Born at Milton, N. Y., 1869; studied at Pennington Seminary, N. J.; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1893; in practice at Newburgh, N. Y., since 1894.

FREDERICK MILTON PHILLIPS, M.D., is a son of the Rev. David Phillips, a Methodist Episcopal clergyman, and Augusta (Hogle) Phillips, his ancestors on both sides having been among the colonial settlers of this country. He was born at Milton, New York, on May 23, 1869, and was prepared for college at Pennington Seminary, Pennington, New Jersey. Thence he came to the Medical College of New York University, and was

F. M. PHILLIPS

graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1893. During his seminary and college career he was proficient as a student and also as an athlete. In 1894 he settled at Newburgh, New

York, in the practice of his profession, and has remained there ever since, his home being at the corner of First and Liberty streets. He is a Republican in politics and a member of the Masonic Order. He was married on June 12, 1895, to Nellie Sophia Saunders.

PRICE, Samuel Dobbins, 1869–

Class of 1893 Arts.

Born in Newark, N. J., 1869; graduated A.B., New York University, 1893, and A.M., 1896; Princeton Theological Seminary, 1893-94; Pastor of Presbyterian Church, Newark, since 1894.

SAMUEL DOBBINS PRICE, A.M., a son of William and Mary Louise (Dobbins) Price, was born in the City of Newark, New Jersey, on July 27, 1869. In New York University he was a Class orator, Founders' Day orator, Prize Debater, Vice-President of Eucleian, Editor of "The University Quarterly," Editor of "The Violet," and a member of Delta Phi and Phi Beta Kappa. He was graduated in 1893 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and received the Master's degree three years later. In 1893–94 he studied in Princeton Theological Seminary, and in the latter year was ordained a minister of the Presbyterian Church and settled as Pastor of the Bruce Street Church in Newark.

ROTH, Henry, 1872–

Class of 1893 Med.

Born at Rozsnyó, Hungary, 1872; studied in public schools and gymnasium, Rozsnyó; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1893; in hospital practice, 1893-94; in private practice since 1894; hospital surgeon.

HENRY ROTH, M.D., son of Edward and Johanna (Neulander) Roth, both Hungarians, was born at Rozsnyó, Hungary, on February 12, 1872, and was educated in the public schools and gymnasium, or high school, of that city. He then came to the United States and in 1890 entered the Medical College of New York University, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1893. For a year thereafter he was an Interne at the Lebanon Hospital in New York, and since 1898 he has again been connected with that institution as Assistant Attending Surgeon. Since 1894 he has been engaged in private practice in New York. Meantime he has served as Medical School Inspector for the Health Board for two years. He is a member of the New York County Medical Society, the New York State Medical Association, the Harlem Medical Association, the New York Medico-Surgical Society, the Medical Society of the Borough of The Bronx, and the Alumni Society of Lebanon Hospital. In politics he is a Republican. He has written a number of articles for publication

HENRY ROTH

in various medical journals. He was married on October 28, 1902, to Rebecca Low, and lives at No. 663 East 140th Street, New York.

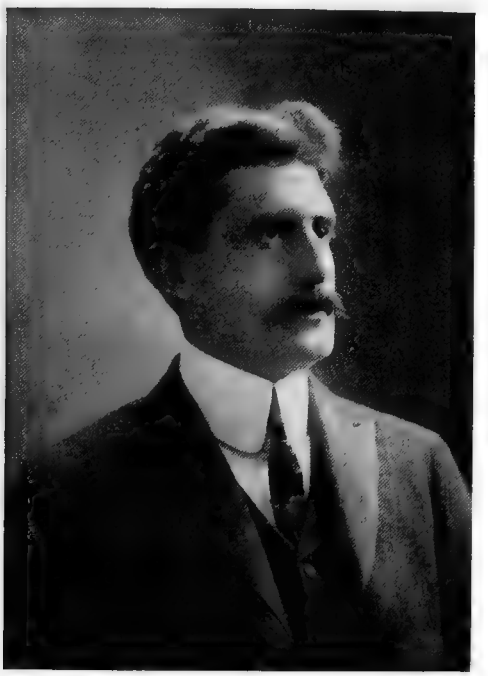
STICKLE, Charles Waldo, 1870–

Class of 1893 Med.

Born at Elba, N. Y., 1870; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1893; in practice at Caledonia, N. Y., 1893-97, and in Brooklyn, N. Y., since 1897.

CHARLES WALDO STICKLE, M.D., son of Charles W. and Emily Anna (Waldo) Stickle, was born at Elba, New York, on November 2, 1870. After pursuing a college preparatory course he entered the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine on April 4, 1893. He at once entered upon the practice of his profession at Caledonia, New York, and remained there until 1897. In the latter year he removed to Brooklyn, New York, and is still settled there in successful practice. He is a

member of the Kings County Medical Society and the Marine and Field Club of Brooklyn, and in politics is a Republican. He was married on April 3, 1895, to Anna Densmore MacVean, who died on January 3, 1900, leaving him one child, Helen Elizabeth Stickle. His address is No. 1315 52nd Street, Brooklyn, New York.



C. WALDO STICKLE

VOIGT, Frank, 1869–

Class of 1893 Law.

Born in Newark, N. J., 1869; studied in public school; entered law office in 1884; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1893; admitted to New Jersey Bar as attorney, 1893, and as counselor, 1896; in active practice of law since 1893.

FRANK VOIGT, LL.B., attorney and counselor at law, is a son of Frederick Casimir Voigt and Eva (Haberer) Voigt. His mother was a native of Hesse-Darmstadt, Germany. His father was a son of Carl Moritz Voigt, a piano manufacturer of Bayern, Germany, who was a son of William Voigt, a hotel-keeper of Amsterdam, Holland, who was a son of Captain Van Voigt of the Dutch Navy, who met his death at the Cape of Good Hope while on an exploring expedition. Frank Voigt was born in Newark, New Jersey, on February 1, 1869, and was educated in the Norton Street Public School of that city. In 1884 he entered as a student the law office of Paul W. Roder, and later became a student in the Law School of New York University, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1893. In the same year (November term of the Supreme Court) he was admitted to the New Jersey Bar as an attorney, and in November, 1896, he was admitted also as a counselor at law. He is a member of the New York University Alumni Association, the Norton Street Public School Alumni Association, the Essex County, New Jersey, Bar Association, the Lawyers' Club of Essex County, Lucerne Lodge, No. 181, Independent Order of Odd Fellows of New Jersey, the National Turn-Verein, the Passaic River Yacht Club, and the Young German American Benefit Association. He is also a member of "The Ridgely Home for Orphans of Odd Fellows of New Jersey," of which association he is a director. His office is at No. 741 Broad Street, and his home at No. 875 South 14th Street, Newark, New Jersey.

FRANK VOIGT

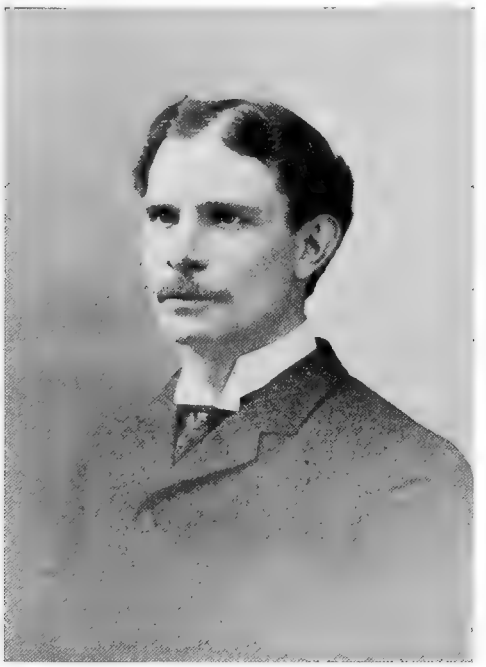
BARR, William John, 1869–

Class of 1894 Law.

Born in New York City, 1869; studied in New York public schools and College of the City of New York; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School,

1894; admitted to Bar, 1895; practicing since 1895 in New York.

WILLIAM JOHN BARR, LL.B., was born in New York City on September 23, 1869, son of William and Elizabeth (Willahan) Barr, natives



WM. JNO. BARR

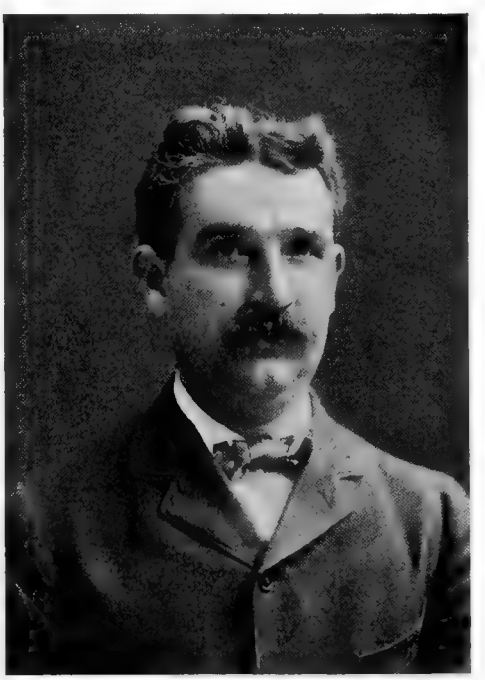
of the North of Ireland and of Scotch ancestry. His early education was acquired in the public schools of his native city, whence he proceeded to the College of the City of New York as a member of the Class of 1888. He did not complete his college course, however, but left that institution in his Junior year. Later he turned his attention to preparation for the legal profession, and entered the Law School of New York University, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1894. He was admitted to practice at the New York Bar on July 19, 1895, and immediately thereafter entered upon the work of his profession. Since February 1, 1900, he has been associated with Samuel E. A. Stern and Henry B. Singer in legal practice in New York City under the firm name of Stern, Singer & Barr. In college Mr. Barr was a member of the Delta Chi and Zeta Psi fraternities. In politics he is a Democrat, but has sought and held no public office. He was married on June 1, 1890, to Abbie V. Shannon, and has two children: William Hall and Eleanor Barr.

BULL, Titus, 1871–

Class of 1894 Med.

Born at Montgomery, Orange County, N. Y., 1871; graduated at Montgomery High School, 1888; Mills Training School, 1892; M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1894; practicing physician in New York since 1894.

TITUS BULL, M.D., is the son of Townsend and Margaret (Giles) Bull, and a descendant of William Bull and Sarah Wells, who were among the first settlers of Orange County, New York. He was born at Montgomery, Orange County, New York, on October 23, 1871. After pursuing a course in the common schools, and being graduated at the Montgomery High School in 1888, he entered the Mills Training School for Male Nurses in New York, and was there graduated in 1892. Thence he proceeded to the Bellevue Hospital Medical College and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1894. Since the latter date he has been engaged in the practice of his profession in New York City. He is a member of the Medical Association of the Greater City of New York, of the Sterling Republican Club, and of Franklin Lodge No. 216 of Masons. In politics he



TITUS BULL

is a Republican but has held no public office. He was married on October 5, 1892, to Eva McComb, and has two children: Louis Meyer and Muriel Dede Bull.

CALKINS, Frederic Russell, 1871–

Class of 1894 Med.

Born at Rodman, N. Y., 1871; studied in public schools and Ives Seminary, Antwerp, N. Y.; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1894; County Physician, Jefferson Co., N. Y., 1895 to 1898; Coroner since 1900; in practice at Watertown, N. Y., since 1894.

FREDERIC RUSSELL CALKINS, M.D., is a descendant of Welsh people who came to this country in the early part of the Seventeenth Century. His father was Edmund E. Calkins, and the maiden name of his mother was Roseand Bibbins. He was born on April 16, 1871, at Rodman, Jefferson County, New York, and until he was sixteen years of age attended the public schools of that region. Then for two years he studied at Ives Seminary at Antwerp, New York. For nearly five years thereafter he was engaged in engineering pursuits, such as the construction of water-works and of electric lighting plants in various cities of the United States and Canada. From such work, however, he eventually turned to the profession of medicine. He entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College in New York, now consolidated with the New York University Medical School, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in March, 1894. He then returned to his native county of Jefferson, New York, and engaged in the practice of his profession. For the three years 1895–96–97 he was County Physician of Jefferson County, and since the beginning of 1901 has been Coroner, having been elected on the Republican ticket. He is a member and Secretary of the Jefferson County Medical Society, and a member of the Lincoln League of Watertown, of the Watertown Medical Society, of the Watertown Lodge of Free and Accepted Masons, of the Corona Lodge of Odd Fellows, and of the Crotona Lodge of Knights of Pythias, all of Watertown, New York. On April 22, 1896, Dr. Calkins was married to Evangeline P. Cadwell, who has borne him three children: Frederic Russell, Jr., Paul Cadwell and Pauline Cadwell Calkins. Dr. Calkins's address is No. 17 Mullin Street, Watertown, New York.

FREDERIC R. CALKINS

CAPWELL, Remington Pendleton, 1872–

Class of 1894 Med.

Born at Phenix, R. I., 1872; studied in schools of Phenix and Woonsocket; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1894; in practice since 1894.

REMINGTON PENDLETON CAPWELL, M.D., was born at Phenix, Rhode Island, on January 5, 1872, the son of Edwin C. and Susan (Remington) Capwell, and the nephew of Dr. William G. Monroe of Woonsocket, Rhode Island. His early education was acquired in the primary and grammar schools of Phenix, whence he proceeded to the high school at Woonsocket and was graduated from it in 1891. While at the Woonsocket school he studied medicine under his uncle, Dr. Monroe, and in the fall of 1891 entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, for a three years' course. He was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1894, and on April 1st of that year, established himself at Slatersville, Rhode Island, where he still remains in successful practice.

CONNOR, Henry Rock, 1856–

Class of 1894 Med.

Born at Buffalo, N. Y., 1856; educated under tutors, in public schools of Buffalo, at St. Laurent College, Canada, and at St. Joseph's College, Canada; graduated at St. Joseph's, 1881; Assistant Professor Mathematics, St. Joseph's, 1881-82, engaged for a year in literary work in New York; Professor of Latin, Greek and French, St. Louis College, 1883-89; graduated

M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1894; member of staff of French Hospital, New York, since 1895.

HENRY ROCK CONNOR, M.D., who was born at Buffalo, New York, on May 9, 1856, is the son of John and Mary Rock O'Connor. Both of his parents were born in Ireland. His father held a commission under the East India Company, and commanded one of its ships. Later he was in the British Navy. Resigning from the latter, he came to the United States and settled in the western part of the State of New York. Dr. Connor's mother, whose maiden name was Mary Rock, was a member

HENRY ROCK CONNOR

of the famous Rock family, of the North of Ireland, and came to this country at an early age. The family of John and Mary O'Connor consisted of six sons and one daughter. Henry Rock O'Connor, or Connor, as he now writes his name, received his early education in the public schools of Buffalo and under private tutors. At the age of sixteen years he was sent to St. Laurent College, near Montreal, Canada. After a period of study there he was sent to St. Joseph's College at Memramcook, New Brunswick, Canada, from which he was graduated in 1881. Immediately after graduation he was made Assistant Professor of Mathematics in his Alma Mater, and thus served for one year. Then he resigned his place, and went to New York City, where another year was spent in literary work on newspapers and magazines. In 1883 he became Professor of Latin, Greek and French in St. Louis College, where he remained until he turned his attention to medical studies. He entered Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now consolidated with New York University, in 1889, and after a particularly thorough course of study was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1894. In the following year he became House Surgeon of the French Hospital in New York, and has remained with that institution, in one capacity or another, ever since. He is now one of its Visiting Physicians. Dr. Connor is a member of the New York County Medical Society, the New York Academy of Medicine, the New York Celtic Medical Society, a member and Trustee of the Medico Pharmaceutical League of New York, a member and Secretary of the Alumni Society of the French Hospital of New York, and an honorary member of La Société des Veterans des Armées de Terre et de Mer de France. He was married some years ago to Wilhelmina Schreiber, daughter of Edward Schreiber, Assistant Treasurer of the City of Hoboken, New Jersey, and has one daughter, who bears her mother's name. His address is New York City.

DANZIGER, Ernest, 1871–

Class of 1894 Med.

Born in Berlin, Prussia, 1871; graduated Koelnisches Gymnasium, Berlin, 1891; studied medicine at Royal University, Berlin, and at New York University; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1894; in practice since 1894.

ERNEST DANZIGER, M.D., is of pure German descent, the son of Julius and Seraphine (Meysel) Danziger, and was born in Berlin, Prussia, on April 18, 1871. His education was acquired at the Koelnisches Gymnasium in Berlin, where he was graduated in 1891. After six months' medical study in the Royal University at Berlin he came to the United States and became a student in the Medical College of New York University. From the latter he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1894, and since that date he has been engaged in the practice of his profession. He is an Attending Surgeon at the German Dispensary, New York, in ear, nose and throat cases, and an Adjunct Visiting Surgeon in the same cases at the Montefiore Home for Consumptives at Bedford Station, New York. He is a member of the New

ERNEST DANZIGER

M. M. DAVIDOFF

York State Medical Association and the German Medical Association. His address is No. 2024 Madison Avenue, New York.

DAVIDOFF, Maximillian Marcus, 1869–

Class of 1894 Med.

Born in Russia, 1869; studied in gymnasium at Odessa and in Charkoff University; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1894; in practice in New York since graduation.

MAXIMILLIAN MARCUS DAVIDOFF, M.D., is of Russian nativity, and was born on December 12, 1869. His parents were Morris and Eugenia (Thrilling) Davidoff. He studied in the gymnasium, or high school, at Odessa, Russia, and also pursued courses in chemistry and pharmacy in the University of Charkoff. In 1890 he came to America and entered the Medical College of New York University, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1894. Since that date he has been engaged in the practice of his profession in New York. For a year and a half he was connected with the Good Samaritan Dispensary. Dr. Davidoff is a member of the New York County Medical Association, the American, German, and Eastern Medical societies, the East Side Physicians' Club, the Medico-Legal Society, and the Knights of Pythias. In politics he is a Republican. He was married to Dora Wolff on June 14, 1895, and has a son Eugene Davidoff. His address is No. 249 East Broadway, New York.

DAWSON, John James, 1855–

Class of 1894 Ped.

Born in Chicago, Ill., 1855; in school and under tutors in England and Scotland; graduated at Tonic Sol-Fa College, London, 1885; graduated Pd.M., New York University School of Pedagogy, 1894, and Pd.D., 1895; Instructor in Music since 1885.

JOHN JAMES DAWSON, PD.D., Instructor in Music, is the son of John Thomas Dawson and Jane (Armstrong) Dawson, and is of mixed English and Scotch ancestry. His father's family was long settled near Windermere, Westmoreland, England, and some members of it still reside there. The subject of this sketch was born in Chicago, Illinois, on November 27, 1855, but was taken to England by his parents in early youth and remained there for many years. He attended various schools in Cumberland, England, until he was eleven years old, and then left school and went to work. He continued to study at home, and in his sixteenth year had six months more at school. From his eighteenth to his twenty-fourth year he was in Scot-

land, and had private tutoring in English, Latin, mathematics, music, etc., after work hours. Finally he secured the Barbour Scholarship in the Tonic Sol-Fa College of Music, in London, and was a student there in 1883–85 in singing, harmony, musical form, counterpoint, composition, vocal physiology and the art and science of teaching, being graduated a licentiate in vocal music in the latter year. He then returned to America and became Instructor in Vocal Music in the McGill University Normal School, Montreal, Canada, and Director of Music in the Protestant public schools of that city. There he remained for two years. In 1888 he was chosen to organize the Department of Vocal Music in the Pratt Institute, Brooklyn, New York, and served that institution until 1893. Since 1894 he has been Instructor in Vocal Music in the public schools of Montclair, New Jersey. He has also done other teaching, and has lectured on musical subjects before the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences, and in the free public school courses in New York. In 1889 he entered the School of Pedagogy of New York University, and studied there until 1895, being graduated a Master of Pedagogy in 1894 and a Doctor of Pedagogy in 1895. His thesis for the Doctorate was on "The Education Value of Vocal Music." He is the author of "The Voice of the Boy: A New Conception of the Boy's Voice," and is now preparing a text book on the training of boys' voices. He is a Royal Arch Mason and a member of the Association of Doctors of Pedagogy, of New York. He was married on February 11, 1889, to Annie, eldest daughter of Alexander Fraser Cockburn and Margaret (Kenneth) Cockburn of Montreal, and has one child, John Alexander Kenneth Dawson. His home is at Elvynhyrst, Undercliff Road, Montclair, New Jersey.

GINSBURG, Leon Bernard, 1870–

Class of 1894 Sci., 1895 Law.

Born in New York, 1870; studied in public schools and College of City of New York; graduated B.S., New York University, 1894, LL.B., 1895; engaged in newspaper work; admitted to Bar, 1896; to Bar of United States District Court, 1899, and to Bar of United States Circuit Court, 1902; in practice since 1896.

LEON BERNARD GINSBURG was born in New York on August 24, 1870, the son of Bernhard and Mathilde (Liebenthal) Ginsburg, and grand-nephew of Christian D. Ginsburg, author and divine, and compiler and translator of "The Massorah" and other works. He was graduated from Public School No. 70 in 1887, and thereafter until 1892 studied in the College of the City of New York. From 1892 to 1894 he was a student in New York University, and in the latter year was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science. During his Senior year he also studied law, and thus was enabled in 1895 to be graduated from the New York University Law School with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. While at the city college he was much interested in athletics, being Treasurer and Manager of the Lacrosse Association and Team in 1890–1892. He played on the Lacrosse Team from

LEON B. GINSBURG

1888 to 1892. He was also Class Historian and Vice-President of the Lawn Tennis Association. In New York University he was a member of the Press Club, the Athletic Association, the Dramatic Association, the Lacrosse Team, of which he was Manager in 1893–1894, and the Democratic Club. While in college he was much interested in newspaper work. He was one of the editors of "The Public School Journal," and of the '93 "Microcosm," the City College annual; Editor-in-chief of "The University Forum" in 1892–1893; New York University reporter for several New York daily papers, and a reporter of sporting and social news for "The Mail and Express," "Sun" and other papers. He was admitted to practice at the New York Bar in

June, 1896, in the United States District Court in June, 1899, and in the United States Circuit Court in March, 1902. He has been in legal practice ever since 1896, devoting his attention chiefly to real estate and other civil matters. In his legal practice he is an advocate of the settlement of disputes out of court whenever possible. At the same time he has had marked success in those cases which he has brought into court. He is a member of the Beta Theta Pi Fraternity, the Masonic Order, Mecca Temple, A. A. O. N. M. S., New York City Consistory of A. A. S. R., the New York Law Institute, the New York University Alumni Association, the New York University Law Alumni Association, the New York University Junior Law Alumni Association, and the New York University General Alumni Society. He was married on April 11, 1899, to Esther Greenbaum of New York, and has one child, Josephine Miriam Ginsburg. He lives at No. 204 East 61st Street and has his office at No. 132 Nassau Street, New York.

GROSSMAN, Moses Henry, 1873–

Class of 1894 Law.

Born in New York, 1873; Valedictorian of class, Grammar School No. 22, 1887; teacher in same school; engaged in newspaper and literary work; graduated Valedictorian of class, LL.B., New York University Law School, 1894; practicing in New York.

MOSES HENRY GROSSMAN was born in New York City on February 18, 1873, and at an early age evinced great intellectual activity. As early as 1885 he began writing in prose and verse for publication. In July, 1887, he was graduated from Grammar School No. 22 as Valedictorian of his class. Subsequently he taught in that school, and was also for some time a newspaper reporter. He finally decided to enter the legal profession and accordingly became a student in the Law School of New York University, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws and as Valedictorian of his class on May 28, 1894. Immediately after his graduation from the University the Hon. Frederick B. House took him into partnership. The present firm is composed of Frederick B. House, Moses H. Grossman, William Grossman and Louis J. Vorhaus, all graduates of New York University. He is a Democrat in politics, and was offered but declined the place of Assistant District Attorney in 1894. He is a life member of the New York Press Club, and a member of the German Press Club, the Democratic Club, the Tammany Society, the West End Club, the Progress Club, the Friendship Club, the Columbia Club, the Seminole Club, the Masonic Order, the Knights of Pythias, the Order of Odd Fellows, the Order of the Mystic Shrine, and

MOSES H. GROSSMAN

other organizations. He was married on June 28, 1900, to Lillian Viola Berliner, and lives in New York City.

GUEDALIA, Jacob Moses, 1871–

Class of 1894 Law.

Born in New York City, 1871; studied in public schools; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1894; in practice since 1894.

JACOB MOSES GUEDALIA, LL.B., son of Moses and Fanny (Morris) Guedalia, was born in New York City on August 28, 1871, and received his general education in the public schools. He was graduated from the New York University Law School with the degree of Bachelor of Laws on May 24, 1894, and since that date has been engaged in the practice of his profession, representing the legal interests of some well known commercial houses and business corporations. He is a Democrat and a member of Tammany Hall's General Committee, and has done some effective campaign speaking, but has held no public office. He is a member of the

Masonic Order, the National Union, the New York University Law School Alumni, and various literary, fraternal and benevolent organizations. Of some of these organizations he is president and director. He was married on June 16, 1897, to Ida Kayser of New York, and lives at No. 20 West 112th Street, New York, with offices at No. 99 Nassau Street.

HELMER, Jacob, 1859–

Class of 1894 Vet.

Born at Brandt, Pa., 1859; studied in common and graded schools; attended Oswego, N. Y., State Normal School two years, taught in public schools four years; in commercial life three years; completed course in Veterinary College, 1885-87; began practice, 1887; re-entered University Veterinary College in 1893, and was graduated with degree of D.V.S., in 1894; Veterinarian to the D. L. & W. Railroad since 1891; member of Pennsylvania State Board of Veterinary Examiners since 1900.

JACOB HELMER, D.V.S., is of Hanoverian German parentage, the son of Henry and Christiana Theodora (Koch) Helmer. He was born August 26, 1859, at Brandt, Susquehanna County, Pennyslvania, and in boyhood attended the common schools at that place and also at Lanesboro and Jackson. Later he went to graded schools at Susquehanna and Lanesboro, and finally to the State Normal School at Oswego, New York, where he pursued for two years a classical and scientific course. Four years of his life were spent teaching in public schools, and then for three years he was employed as a commercial traveller, his duties in that capacity taking him into twenty-five states of this Union. His attention was first systematically given to veterinary science in 1885, when he entered the Veterinary College in New York, which was later absorbed into the New York University as a part of its Veterinary Department. There he spent two years completing the course, and in 1887 began the practice of his profession. At first he opened an office at Susquehanna, Pennsylvania, but six months later, on April 6, 1887, he removed to Scranton, Pennsylvania, where he has been in continuous practice save for the time when he returned to the University for a further course of study. The latter step was taken in 1893, and in March, 1894, he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Veterinary Surgery. In 1891 Dr. Helmer became Veterinarian to the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad Company, and still fills that position, besides conducting a large practice of his own in Scranton. Dr. Helmer has contributed many original articles to current veterinary medical literature. Since 1900 he has been a member of the Pennsylvania State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners. He is a member of the Wyoming Veterinary Medical Association and was its President in 1892–94. He is a member of the Pennsylvania State Veterinary Medical Association, and was its Secretary for two years. He is a member of the American Veterinary Medical Association, the Improved Order of Heptasophs, the Society of Modern American Woodmen, Union Lodge, No. 291, F. & A. M., the Masonic Order

JACOB HELMER

Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite, Thirty-second Degree, the Keystone Lodge of Perfection, and Knight of the Mystic Shrine. Dr. Helmer was married on November 19, 1889, to Frances May Ross, at Scranton, who bore him two children: Romaine Christiana and Carl Sterling Helmer, the latter now deceased. Some years after Mrs. Helmer's death he was again married on August 31, 1897, at Syracuse, New York, to Martha E. Shoemaker. Dr. Helmer's address is No. 311 Spruce Street, Scranton, Pennsylvania.

HILL, Theodore Montgomery, 1874–

Class of 1894 Law.

Born on Staten Island, New York, 1874; studied in Trinity School, New York; graduated LL.B., New

York University Law School, 1894; in practice since 1895; Justice of Peace; in U. S. Naval Service in Spanish War.

THEODORE MONTGOMERY HILL, LL.B., who was born on Staten Island, New York, on July 31, 1874, is a son of Jacob Clarkson Hill and Amanda M. (Harwood) Hill. He is descended from William Hill, a merchant of New York, who married Alethea Carmer in 1786, and had a son, Robert Carmer Hill. The latter married Susan Clarkson, and had a son, Jacob Clarkson Hill, the father of the subject of this sketch. Mr. Hill was

THEODORE M. HILL

educated at the Trinity School, New York, and in the Law School of New York University, from which latter he was graduated a Bachelor of Laws in 1894. He also spent three years in mercantile employment and three in a law office. He was admitted to the Bar in 1895 and since that date has been practicing his profession in New York, with offices at No. 44 Broadway. He lives at Pelham Manor, New York, where he has been Justice of the Peace for six years, and is Secretary of the Republican Town Committee. In the Spanish War of 1898 he served as Gunner's Mate on the U.S.S. "Jason." He is a member of Phi Delta Phi, Phi Gamma Delta, the Bar Association, the Republican Club, the Manor Club, the Huguenot Yacht Club, the New York University Alumni Association, the Trinity School Alumni Society, the Pelham Marine and Field Club, and other organizations.

HIRSCH, Abram Gabriel, 1872–

Class of 1894 Law.

Born in New York, 1872; studied in public schools and admitted to College of the City of New York; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1894, and LL.M., 1895; law clerk, 1891-94; in practice since 1894.

ABRAM GABRIEL HIRSCH, LL.M., comes of French ancestry distinguished for scholarly attainments. His father, the Rev. Dr. Gabriel Hirsch, has for many years been Rabbi of the Congregation of French Jews in New York, and is eminent as a preacher, teacher and linguist. His uncle, Solomon Hirsch, was decorated by the German Emperor with the Order of the Crown in 1902, for his public services in the cause of education. His grandfather, Noe Hirsch, his great-grandfather, Abram Hirsch, and his great-great-grandfather, Gabriel Hirsch, were all rabbis, scholars and teachers. On the side of his mother, whose maiden name was Florette Weill, he is a grandson of Jacques Mannheimer, a rabbi, scholar and writer, and nephew of Colonel Liebermann Weill, a noted French army officer in Algeria. Mr. Hirsch was born in New York City on September 19, 1872, and was educated in the public schools and admitted to the College of the City of New York. From the latter he came to the Law School of New York University, where he studied under Austin Abbott, LL.D., Isaac Franklin Russell, LL.D., and Christopher G. Tiedemann, LL.D., and was graduated with the Bachelor's degree in 1894 and with the Master's degree in 1895. Meantime, from 1891 to 1894, he was employed in the law office of Morris H. Hayman and Joel M. Marx in New York. In March, 1894, he was admitted to the Bar of New York, and since that time has been engaged in practice. In 1894–95 he had charge of the law practice of Louis Lincoln Rolland, Assistant United States District Attorney. He was admitted to practice in the Federal Court, District of Columbia, a few years ago. In early life he showed aptitude as a writer; in 1895 he wrote papers on "Study of Austin," and "View of Roman Law." He has for years paid much attention to religious work, and is at present instructing Sabbath School classes in Scripture History and Jewish Literature. He was President of the French Temple

Auxiliary Association in 1900–01. His office is at No. 206 Broadway, and his residence at No. 337 East 52nd Street, New York.

IRWIN, John Vosburgh, 1874–

Class of 1894 Phil., 1899 Law.

Born in New York, 1874; graduated Ph.B., New York University, 1894, and LL.B., New York University Law School, 1899; in banking and mercantile business, 1894-97; lawyer since 1899.

JOHN VOSBURGH IRWIN, PH.B., LL.B., one of the most prominent of the younger alumni of New York University, was born at No. 21 Fifth

JOHN V. IRWIN

Avenue, New York, on October 17, 1874. His parents were William and Elizabeth (Vosburgh) Irwin, the former of New York, the latter of Albany, New York. His more remote ancestry was Scotch, Irish, and Dutch, with records dating back to 1600 and traditions six centuries older. Mr. Irwin entered New York University in 1890 and was a prominent member of his class. He was President of Eucleian, Vice-President of the Athletic Association, Founder's Day orator, and a member of Psi Upsilon and Phi Beta Kappa. He is also Permanent Secretary of the Class of 1894. He was graduated with the Baccalaureate degree in Philosophy in 1894, delivering one of the Commencement orations, and then engaged in banking and mercantile pursuits for three years. In 1896–97 he was a student in the Graduate Seminary of New York University and in the latter year entered the University Law School, where he was President of his class and from which he was graduated a Bachelor of Laws in 1899. He was at once admitted to the Bar and has ever since been engaged in practice, in association with his father, at No. 203 Broadway, New York. Mr. Irwin was the organizer of the New York University Historical Society in 1900, and is its Secretary, and was in 1901–02 Secretary of the Junior Law Alumni Association. He is a member of the Society of Colonial Wars, Association of the Bar, and of other organizations. He has filled many places in athletic, literary, journalistic and social organizations connected with New York University and with the Psi Upsilon Fraternity, especially since his graduation. His home is at No. 1070 Lexington Avenue, New York.

KAHRS, William Henry, 1872–

Class of 1894 Med.

Born in New York, 1872; educated in public school; graduated Ph.G., New York College of Pharmacy, 1891; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1894; in drug business, 1887-93; hospital service, 1894-95; in practice since 1895.

WILLIAM HENRY KAHRS, M.D., PH.G., son of Gustav and Lizetta (Zuber) Kahrs, of German ancestry, was born in New York City on February 5, 1872, and was educated in the public school, from which he was graduated in 1887. He then became engaged in the drug business in New York and at Asbury Park, New Jersey, and continued therein until 1893, meantime pursuing a course at the New York College of Pharmacy and being graduated in 1891 with the degree of Graduate of Pharmacy. He then passed the Regents Examination and entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which has since been incorporated with New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1894. For a year following he was House Surgeon at the Fordham Hospital Branch of Bellevue Hospital, New York, and since 1895 has been engaged in medical practice in New York City at No. 1585 Washington Avenue, Borough of The Bronx. He is a member of the American and New York State Medical associations, the Medical Society of the Borough of The Bronx, the Medico-Pharmaceutical League, and the Alumni

W. H. KAHRS

Society of the New York College of Pharmacy. He was married on October 14, 1897, to Amelia Campbell, and has one child, William G. Kahrs.

LIGHT, Charles M., 1853–

Class of 1894 Ped.

Born at Austin, Ind., 1853; studied in public schools; graduated Kansas State Normal School, 1875; graduated Pd.M., New York University School of Pedagogy, 1894, and Pd.D., 1896; teacher, principal, superintendent, commissioner, etc., since 1875; author.

CHARLES M. LIGHT, PD.D., educator, was born at Austin, Scott County, Indiana, on November 13, 1853, the son of Abel S. and Syrena (Turner) Light. His father was a teacher and a native of Ohio. His paternal grandfather was a member of a family settled in Pennsylvania in Revolutionary times. His paternal grandmother was named Stewart, and was a member of a Kentucky pioneer family. Dr. Light attended public schools in Indiana and in Kansas, and was graduated in 1875 from the Kansas State Normal School. He at once engaged in teaching, and has practiced that profession ever since, excepting for the time spent in New York University and as Kansas Commissioner of Education at the Columbian World's Fair in Chicago, to wit, 1893–94. He was graduated from the New York University School of Pedagogy in 1894 with the degree of Master of Pedagogy, and received the Doctor's degree in 1896. He began teaching in district schools in Kansas, and was principal of a village school. He was Superintendent of Schools in Chanute, Kansas, for six years, and in Pittsburg, Kansas, for two years, Superintendent of Public Instruction for Neosho County for four years, and in 1895 filled the Chair of Pedagogy in the Kansas Normal College. Since 1895 he has been President of the New Mexico Normal School. He is also a member of the New Mexico Territorial Board of Education, and President of the Educational Council of New Mexico, and he has been President of the New Mexico Educational Association. He has conducted and taught in more than twenty-five summer schools and normal institutes. He is the author of "Outlines of Psychology for Teachers," and of many articles in the educational press. He is a member of the Presbyterian church, the Knights of Pythias and other organizations. Dr. Light was married on October 4, 1883, to Kate E. Cambern, and has three children: Frank C., Nina, and Charles C. Light. His address is Silver City, New Mexico.

LONG, Herbert Wilson, 1872–

Class of 1894 Med.

Born at Ingersoll, Canada, 1872; studied in public schools of Canada; studied medicine privately for two years; entered Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1891; graduated M.D., 1894; in practice since 1894.

HERBERT WILSON LONG, M.D., son of Henry George and Clara Caroline (Nicholls) Long, was born at Ingersoll, Ontario, Canada, on February 2, 1872. His paternal grandfather was John Long, a master carpenter and builder at Bradford-on-Avon, Wiltshire, England, and his maternal grandfather, Captain John Nicholls, was a shipowner and sailing-master in the British merchant marine service. He received his general education in the public grammar and high schools of Harriston, Ontario, Canada, and then came to the United States to pursue his professional studies. In 1889–91 he studied medicine under the preceptorship of Dr. George U. Waite of Newark, New Jersey, and in the fall of the latter year he entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College. In that institution, which is now a part of New York University, he completed the full three years' course, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine

on March 26, 1894. Since that date he has been steadily engaged in the practice of his profession in the City of Newark, New Jersey. He was a District Physician of Newark from March 14, 1895, to December 2, 1900, when he resigned the place, and he was Clinic Physician to St. James's Hospital, Newark, from July 1, 1900, to January 1, 1902, when he resigned that place. He has been Clinic Physician to St. Michael's Hospital, Newark, since June 15, 1894. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Royal Templars of Temperance, the Foresters of America, and the

HERBERT W. LONG

Improved Order of Heptasophs, and is an examining physician for them all. He is also a member of the American Medical Association, and the Essex District Medical Society. In politics he is a Republican. He was married on April 23, 1896, to Edna Florence Doremus of Newark, and has had two children: Herbert Doremus, deceased, and Mildred Frances Long. His address is No. 119 Madison Street, Newark, New Jersey.

MOORHEAD, John Joseph, 1874–

Class of 1894 Sci., 1897 Med.

Born in New York, 1874; graduated Valedictorian, Trinity Chapel School, 1890; graduated B.S., New York University, 1894; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1897; in practice since 1897; served in hospitals and clinics; Assistant in Operative Surgery, New York University and Bellevue Hospital Medical College.

JOHN JOSEPH MOORHEAD, M.D., one of the younger physicians of New York University, comes of Scotch-Irish stock, and is the fourth in what might be described as a hereditary line of physicians. His father, Joseph Moorhead, M.D., is still in active practice in New York City, and his grandfather and great-grandfather were also practitioners of the same profession. Dr. Moorhead was born to Joseph and Mary Moorhead in New York City on July 15, 1874, and received an exceptionally thorough education, in the acquisition of which he distinguished himself at all stages by marked ability. His preparatory course was pursued at the Trinity Chapel School in New York City, from which he was graduated as Valedictorian of his class in June, 1890. Thence he proceeded to the Undergraduate College of New York University, where he entered the scientific course, as offering the best preparation for the professional career which he had in view. He was Editor-in-Chief of the 1894 "Violet," the Junior Class publication, one of the editors of "The University Quarterly," President of the Eucleian Literary Society, a prominent member of the Delta Chapter of Psi Upsilon, and also belonged to the Theta Nu Epsilon Sophomore Society. He won the First Butler Eucleian Prize in June, 1894, when he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science. During his Senior year in the University College he had pursued a special course in dissection in the University Medical College, and in October, 1894, he was matriculated in the latter school. In his first year there he won the Valentine Mott Gold Medal, and when he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in May, 1897, he stood fifth in the "honorary twenty" of his class. Immediately after graduation Dr. Moorhead became an Interne at the J. Hood Wright Memorial Hospital, New York, and served there from May, 1897, to July, 1898. From October, 1898, to October, 1899, he was connected with the New York University Dispensary as Assistant Visiting Physician to the Nose and Throat Department, and as Assistant Visiting Surgeon to the General Surgery Department. From October, 1899, to June, 1901, he was Attending Surgeon to the New York University and Bellevue Hospital Medical College clinic, and since

the former date has been Assistant in Operative Surgery in that college. He was in September, 1901, appointed Assistant Visiting Surgeon to the Harlem Hospital. Dr. Moorhead is a member of

JOHN J. MOORHEAD

the New York County Medical Society, the New York State Medical Society, the New York University and Bellevue Hospital Medical Society, and the Alumni Society of the J. Hood Wright Memorial Hospital, of which last he is Vice-President. His address is No. 101 Manhattan Avenue, New York.

PISEK, Godfrey Roger, 1873–

Class of 1894 Sci., 1897 Med.

Born in New York, 1873; studied in public schools and Chapin Collegiate School; graduated B.S., New York University, 1894, and M.D., New York University Medical College, 1897; on Resident Staff of Post-Graduate Hospital, 1897-99; in independent practice since 1899; Instructor in Post-Graduate Medical School since 1900; Visiting Physician to Babies' Ward since 1901, and Professor of Diseases of Children, University of Vermont, since 1902.

GODFREY ROGER PISEK, B.S., M.D., is one of three Bohemian brothers who are all alumni of New York University, the other being the Rev. Vincent Pisek, 1882, and Frank Pisek, 1893, Law. His parents, Anton and Barbara (Musil) Pisek, came to this country from Bohemia, and soon became Americanized. He was born to them in New York on August 20, 1873, and attended the public schools. He was prepared for college at the Chapin Collegiate School, and from it entered New York University, in the scientific course, in 1890. He ranked high as a scholar and was prominent in college life, being a member of Psi Upsilon as well as of the Beta Delta Beta Freshman and Theta Nu Epsilon Sophomore societies. In 1894 he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science, and then proceeded to the University Medical College. There he won the Mott Medal in 1896, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1897. Since that time he has been largely identified with the New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital. In 1897–99 he was a member of its Resident Staff; in 1900 he was appointed an Instructor in the Diseases of Children; in 1901 he was appointed an Assistant Visiting Physician to the Babies' Ward. Since 1899 he has been engaged in the independent practice of his profession, his specialty being

GODFREY R. PISEK

the diseases of children, in New York City. He is a member of the Academy of Medicine, the New York County Medical Society, the New York County Medical Association, the New York State Medical

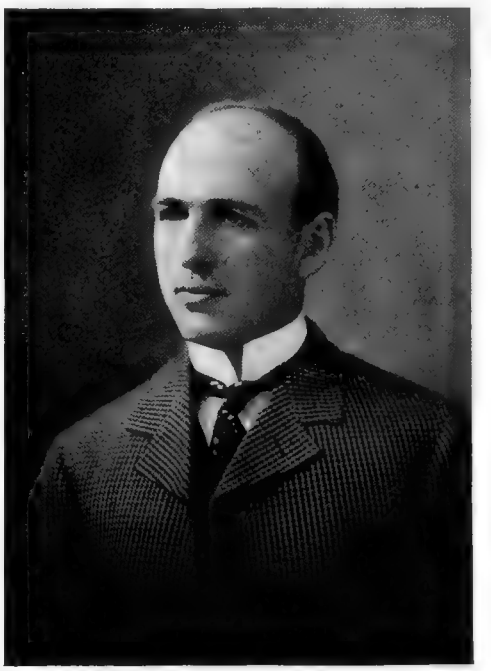
Society and the Medical Society of the Alumni of the Post-Graduate Hospital. He was married on September 5, 1900, to Rosalie Scranton Paul, and lives at No. 250 East 72nd Street, New York City.

RUSTON, John Edward, 1872–

Class of 1894 Sci., 1895 Law.

Born in New York, 1872; studied in public schools, high school, and under tutor; graduated B.S., New York University, 1894; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1895; admitted to Bar in 1896; in active practice in New York.

JOHN EDWARD RUSTON, B.S., LL.B., son of Charles and Elizabeth Minor (Purdy) Ruston, was born in New York City on June 14, 1872. He is of English ancestry on the paternal side, his grandfather, the Rev. John Ruston, having come to New York from England in 1840. On the maternal side he is descended from French Huguenots and Holland Dutch, some of his ancestors having come to this country about 1640 and having been among the early settlers of Westchester County, New York, and the adjacent parts of Connecticut. About fifty of his relatives fought in the Revolutionary War. He attended the public schools and the high school of Brooklyn, New York, and was prepared for college by a private tutor. In the fall of 1890 he entered the scientific course of New York University, and quickly became a conspicuous member of his class. He was prominent in scholarship and in athletics, and was Secretary, Orator and Historian of his class at various times, a member of the 'Varsity Football, Baseball, and other teams, and Treasurer of the University Athletic Association. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1894, and thereupon proceeded to the University Law School, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1895, having taken his Junior year law work during his Senior year in college. He had already entered the law office of Bristow, Peet & Opdyke in the fall of 1894 as a student. In 1895 and 1896 he was Managing Clerk for Henry C. De Witt, and in the latter year was admitted to the Bar of the State of New York. He became in February, 1896, Managing Clerk for Russell & Winslow, one of the foremost firms of corporation and building and loan association lawyers in the United States, and since that time has been more or less intimately associated with them. He has devoted his attention largely to corporation law in general and to building and loan association law in particular. He has been one of the attorneys in many important cases in which such associations have been concerned. He has also a considerable general practice in the State courts and also in the Federal courts in New York and other states. In college Mr. Ruston was a member of Psi Upsilon, Phi Delta Phi, Theta Nu Epsilon, and Beta Delta Beta. He is now a member of the Royal Arcanum and other organizations. In national politics he is a Republican, but has held no public office. In



JNO. E. RUSTON

June, 1902, he was married to May Frances Henderson of Brooklyn, New York. His business address is No. 253 Broadway, New York.

SHEIL, Gerald Michael Victor, 1873–

Class of 1894 Med.

Born in New York, 1873; studied in public and parochial schools, and College of St. Francis Xavier; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1894; House Surgeon, Fordham Hospital, 1894-96; in private practice since 1896.

GERALD MICHAEL VICTOR SHEIL, M.D., is of Irish ancestry, the son of John R. M. and Mary E. (Feeley) Sheil, and was born in New York City on April 6, 1873. He studied in Public School No. 83, St. Jerome's Parochial School, and the College of St. Francis Xavier. In

1891–94 he was a student in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1894. The next two years were

GERALD SHEIL

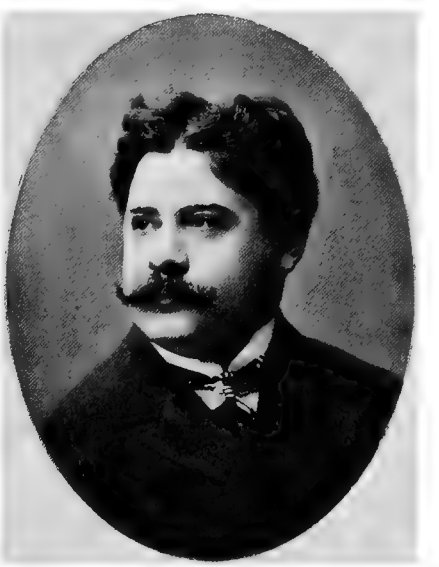
spent as House Surgeon in the Fordham Hospital, and in 1896 he began private practice in New York, in which he has since continued. He was a Visiting Surgeon in the Out-door Department of the Harlem Hospital in 1897–98, and in St. Joseph's Hospital in 1898–1900. He is a Medical Examiner for the Catholic Women's Benevolent Legion, the Catholic Knights of America, and the Foresters of America, and is a member of the New York County and State Medical associations, the Medical Society of the Borough of The Bronx, the Knights of Columbus, Brond Council 288, the Brownson Catholic Club, the Foresters of America, and other organizations. In politics he is an independent Democrat. He is unmarried. His address is No. 348 Willis Avenue, New York City.

SIEGELSTEIN, Louis Elmer, 1873–

Class of 1894 Med.

Born in Jassy, Roumania, 1873; studied in public schools of Jassy, and under private tutor; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1894; in hospital service, 1893-95; in private practice since 1894 medical examiner for many organizations.

LOUIS ELMER SIEGELSTEIN, M.D., is a son of Paul and Clara (Rabinowitz) Siegelstein, the former of Austrian, the latter of Roumanian ancestry, and was born in Jassy, Roumania, on February 22, 1873. He studied in the public schools of Jassy, and pursued courses in German, French and history under his father's tuition. Then he came to America and entered the Medical College of New York University, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1894. From 1893 to 1895 he served in the Out-door Department of the Mount Sinai Hospital. In August, 1894, he began private practice in New York and continued in it there until September, 1895, when he removed to Cleveland, Ohio, where he still remains. He was Superintendent of the Mount Sinai Dispensary in Cleveland in 1897–98, and Visiting Physician to the Infants' Home in 1901–02. He was the organizer of the movement for Advanced Medical Legislation in Ohio, and succeeded in getting enacted the laws of 1897 and 1900, materially raising the standard of required proficiency in medical practitioners in that state. He is a medical examiner for a number of organizations, including the American Guild, the Knights of Pythias, the



L. E. SIEGELSTEIN

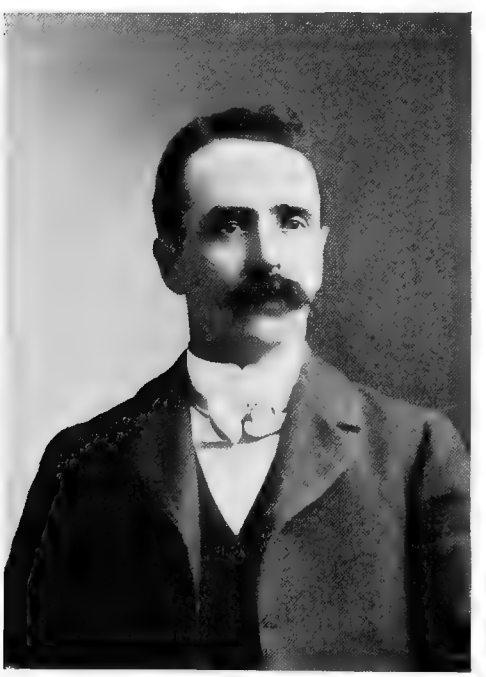
Knights and Ladies of Honor, and the Canada Life Assurance Company. He is a member of the Cleveland Academy of Medicine, the Cleveland German Medical Society, the Cleveland Palmar Arch Medical Society, the American Medical Association, the American Association of Life Insurance Examining Surgeons, the Knights of Pythias, the Royal Arch Masons, the Utopian Club of Cleveland, the German Theatre Society, and various other bodies. In politics he is a Republican. He was married on April 3, 1900, to Gazella Mandel, and has a son, Algernon T. Siegelstein. His address is No. 550 Woodland Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio.

SMITH, William George, 1866–

Class of 1894 Med.

Born at Walton, N. Y., 1866; studied in public schools and Albany Business College; conducted dairy farm; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1894; in practice since 1894; Health Officer of Walton, N. Y., since 1895.

WILLIAM GEORGE SMITH, M.D., son of John W. and Jane (Wight) Smith, was born at Walton, New York, on October 11, 1866.



W. G. SMITH

His ancestors on both sides of the family were Scotch, who came to this country several generations ago and followed agricultural pursuits. He was educated in the common and high schools at Walton, and at the Albany, New York, Business College, and at the age of fifteen undertook in partnership with his brother the management of the large dairy farm which his father, then just deceased, had left. In that enterprise he was interested for the next seven years. Finally he turned his attention to the study of medicine, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1894 at the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which has since become a part of New York University. On July 18, 1894, he began the practice of his profession at Walton, and has ever since been thus engaged there, with gratifying success. Since 1895 he has been Health Officer of Walton. In that year he became First Lieutenant and Surgeon in the Thirty-third Separate Company of the National Guard, and held the place until 1898, when he filled a similar place in the One hundred and thirty-third Separate Company for a year, and finally filled the same place in 1899–1901 in Company F, First Regiment, New York Volunteers. He is a member of the Delaware County Medical Society. He was married on July 1, 1896, to Kate Wight, and has had two children: William George (deceased) and Jean Smith.

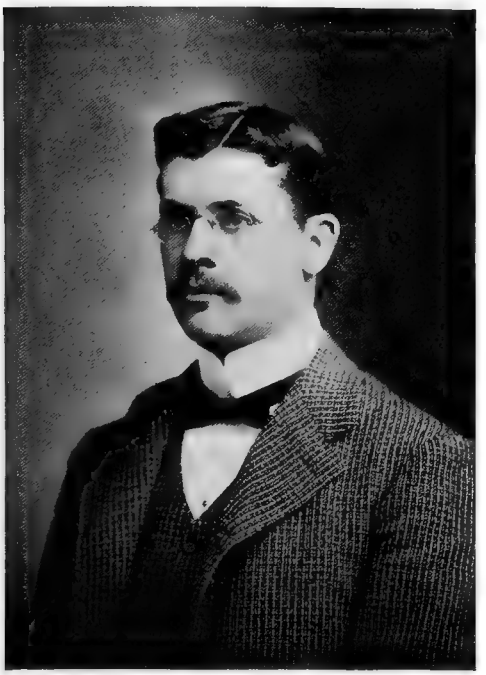
STEADMAN, Walter, 1873–

Class of 1894 Med.

Born in Newark, N. J., 1873; studied in public schools; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1894; in practice since 1894; in hospital service since 1895.

WALTER STEADMAN, M.D., son of John Phillips and Mary A. (Thomas) Steadman, of English ancestry, was born in the City of Newark, New Jersey, on April 7, 1873, and was educated in the public schools of his native city. Thence, after three years' service as book-keeper for a hardware firm in Newark, and one year's self-preparation for college, he proceeded to New York University and was graduated from its Medical College with the degree of Doctor of Medicine on May 1, 1894. Since that time he has been constantly engaged in the practice of his profession in Hoboken, New Jersey, and since January 1, 1895, has been an Assistant Visiting Surgeon to St. Mary's Hospital in that city, and Surgeon to the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad. He is a member and Secretary of the Practitioners' Club of Jersey City, and a member of the Hudson County Medical Society, the Columbia Club of Hoboken, the

Knights of the Maccabees, the Order of Chosen Friends, and the Independent Order of Foresters. In politics he is a Republican. He was married on February 24, 1897, to Helen E. Richardson, and has one child, Carolyn Edith Steadman. His address is 706 Bloomfield Street, Hoboken, New Jersey.



WALTER STEADMAN

WILLIAM W. TAYLOR

TAYLOR, William Wallace, 1871–

Class of 1894 Med.

Born in Prince Edward Island, 1871; educated in model and normal schools and Prince of Wales College; employed in Bank of Nova Scotia; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1894; in practice and hospital service since 1894.

WILLIAM WALLACE TAYLOR, M.D., son of Thomas and Ellen Jane (Macdonald) Taylor, was born at Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, Canada, on September 13, 1871, and was educated in the model and normal schools, and the Prince of Wales College, in his native country. For a time he was employed in the Bank of Nova Scotia. Finally he came to New York and entered the New York University Medical College, from which he was graduated in 1894 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Since that time he has been constantly engaged in the practice of his profession. In 1894 he was a House Physician in Bellevue Hospital, and from that year until 1902 he was an Assistant Visiting Physician (gynecologist) in the Out-door Department of that institution. In the latter year he received the appointment of Visiting Physician, and is still serving in that capacity. In 1894 he was also appointed Surgeon to the Insular Transatlantic Steam Navigation Company, Limited. From 1895 to 1898 he was Clinical Assistant in the Department of Obstetrics of the New York Polyclinic Medical School and Hospital. He was married on October 26, 1897, to Elizabeth Henrietta Laig, and has one child, Ruth Ardsley Taylor. He is a member of the New York Academy of Medicine, the New York County Medical Society, the Harlem Republican Club, the Canadian Society of New York, the Aurania Bowling Club, and the Lincoln Bowling Club. His address is No. 75 East 116th Street, New York.

WOYTISEK, Vincent William, 1854–

Class of 1894 Law.

Born in Bahno, Bohemia, 1854; brought to America in infancy; studied in New York public schools and evening high school; in newspaper work, 1880-92; New York University Law School, 1892-94; graduated

LL.B., 1894; in practice since 1894; Assistant Corporation Counsel, New York, 1898-1901.

VINCENT WILLIAM WOYTISEK, LL.B., son of Thomas and Anna (Snizek) Woytisek, was born at Bahno, Bohemia, on December 18, 1854, and was brought to the United States in infancy. He was educated in the public schools of New York, including an evening high school, and then entered the newspaper business in which he was engaged for more than twelve years prior to 1892. In the latter year he became a student in the Law School of New York University, and in

VINCENT W. WOYTISEK

1894 was graduated from it with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. Soon afterward he was admitted to practice at the Bar as an attorney and counselor at law and has ever since thus been engaged. In June, 1898, he was appointed an Assistant Corporation Counsel by the Hon. John Whalen, Corporation Counsel of the City of New York, and served in that capacity until October 18, 1901, when he resigned the office in order to be free to support the Hon. Seth Low for Mayor of New York. In politics Mr. Woytisek is identified with the Greater New York Democracy, and is a member of the Executive Committee of its organization in the Twenty-sixth Assembly District. He is a member of the Masonic Order, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and various other organizations. He was married on July 9, 1887, to Mary Dvorak of New York, and has five children living: Charles V., Vincent W., Frederick, Anna, and Rose Woytisek. His home is at No. 350 East 72nd Street, New York.

BURR, Theodore, 1861–

Class of 1895 Med.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1861; studied in common schools; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1895; in general practice since 1895.

THEODORE BURR, M.D., is of English ancestry, and is the son of William Henry Burr and Elvira (Fowler) Burr. He was born in Brooklyn, New York, on December 9, 1861, and received his general education in the common schools. He entered the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated with the Doctor's degree in 1895. After a term of service in the Lying-in Hospital he began the general practice of his profession, and has been engaged therein ever since, his address being No. 689 Bushwick Avenue, Brooklyn, New York. He is a member of the Brooklyn Medical Society, and the Bushwick Club.

BYARD, Dever Smith, 1873–

Class of 1895 Med.

Born at Oaksville, N. Y., 1873; studied at Windsor, N. Y., Academy, and Hartwick Seminary, N. Y.; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1895; served in New York Hospital and in Nursery and Child's Hospital; in general practice since 1897; Instructor in Medicine and Physical Diagnosis, Cornell University Medical School, since 1898; Visiting Physician to City Hospital, Blackwell's Island, since 1899; Assistant Visiting Physician, Nursery and Child's Hospital, New York.

DEVER SMITH BYARD, M.D., comes of blended French, English and Scotch stock. His father was John Spencer Byard. His paternal grandparents were Joshua Byard and Mary Spencer Byard, both natives of Derbyshire, England. The parents of Joshua Byard were Thomas Byard, born in France, and Lydia Taylor Byard, born in England. The parents of Mary Spencer Byard were Anthony Spencer, an Englishman, and Mary E. Harrison Spencer, a native of Scotland. The Byard family for generations has been one of culture and refinement, and Thomas Byard, the great-grandfather of the subject of this sketch, held an important office under the French Government. The maiden name of Dr. Byard's mother was Della

Alida Fitch. She was the daughter of Orville Hamilton Fitch and Esther Burdick Eccleston Fitch, the former being the son of Samuel Fitch and Roxana Attwell Fitch, and the latter the daughter of Doria Eccleston and Elizabeth Burdick Eccleston. The Fitch family was of mingled English and Scotch stock, and was prominent in New England in early days as composed of intelligent and patriotic folk. Of such ancestry Dever Smith Byard was born at Oaksville, Otsego County, New York, on July 19, 1873. He attended the Windsor Academy and high school at Windsor, Broome County, New

DEVER S. BYARD

York, for a year and then pursued a four years' course at the Hartwick Seminary in Otsego County, New York, including the work of the Freshman year in college. He was graduated with the academic and classical diploma of the school in 1891. Then he entered the Medical College of New York University, pursued its three years' course, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in May, 1895. At the same time he received the University's prize of Two Hundred Dollars for highest scholarship in preparation for the Doctor's degree. In the summer of 1895 he entered the competitive examinations for Internes to the New York Hospital and received an appointment to its Medical Staff. He accordingly entered that hospital and remained there for a year and a half. After this he was on the Resident Staff of the Nursery and Child's Hospital for a year, concluding his work there at the end of 1897. Since January 1, 1898, he has been engaged in general practice, though with special attention to diseases of the heart and lungs. In June, 1898, he was appointed Instructor of Medicine and Physical Diagnosis in Cornell University Medical College, and still fills that place. Since June, 1899, he has been a Visiting Physician to the City Almshouse on Blackwell's Island, and is also Assistant Visiting Physician to the Nursery and Child's Hospital of New York. Dr. Byard is a member of the Medical Society of Greater New York, and of the Society of the Alumni of the New York Hospital. He was married on June 18, 1902, to Ella (Litia) Nabursberg of St. Paul, Minnesota. His office is in New York City.

CARTER, William Wesley, 1869–

Class of 1895 Med.

Born at Wilmington, N. C., 1869; studied in common and high schools, Macon, Ga.; graduated A.B., Mercer University, Macon, 1891; A.M., Mercer University, 1896; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1895; served in Bellevue Hospital, 1895-97; in medical practice in New York since 1898.

WILLIAM WESLEY CARTER, M.D., comes from old and aristocratic Virginia and South Carolina families. The Carters were first settled in Virginia, and thence removed to Richland County, South Carolina, where they were wealthy planters and slave owners "before the war." The Greggs (his mother's family) have been settled in South Carolina since the earliest colonial days and are inseparably identified with the political, social and industrial history of that state. Dr. Carter's father was William F. Carter, whose paternal grandfather came from London, England, and was an officer in Washington's Army in the Revolution, and whose maternal ancestors came from Scotland. Dr. Carter's mother, whose maiden name was Nannette Wayne Gregg, was related to two generals in the Confederate Army, 1861–1865, General Maxey Gregg and General Evans. The subject of this sketch was born at Wilmington, North Carolina, on November 23, 1869. The family soon removed to Macon, Georgia, and there he studied in the common and high schools, being graduated from the latter in 1887. He then entered Mercer University at Macon, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1891. Five years later his Alma

Mater gave him also the degree of Master of Arts. Choosing for himself a medical career, he removed to New York and entered the Medical College of New York University, from which he was duly graduated in 1895, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. He was appointed to a place on the Medical Staff of Bellevue Hospital in that year and served there for two years, since which time he has been engaged in the general practice of his profession in New York. He is Assistant Surgeon at the Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital (Throat Department). Dr. Carter is a member of the Bellevue Hospital Alumni Society, of the New York County Medical Society, of the Medico-Surgical Society, and of the Phi Delta Theta Fraternity. He was married on April 8, 1902, to Elena Hartshorne, daughter of R. B. Hartshorne of New York.

WILLIAM W. CARTER

HENRY O. CLAUSS

CLAUSS, Henry O., 1870–

Class of 1895 Med.

Born in New York, 1870; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1895; in practice since 1895.

HENRY O. CLAUSS, M.D., a son of Henry O. and Mary (Spitz) Clauss, is of German ancestry and was born in New York City on March 23, 1870. He was graduated from Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, in 1895, and since that date has been steadily and successfully engaged in the practice of his profession in his native city. He is a member of the New York County Medical Society and the New York State Medical Society. He was married on April 28, 1892, to Helen Lee, and has two children: Henry O., Jr., and Roy Lincoln Clauss. His office is at No. 263 West 38th Street, New York City.

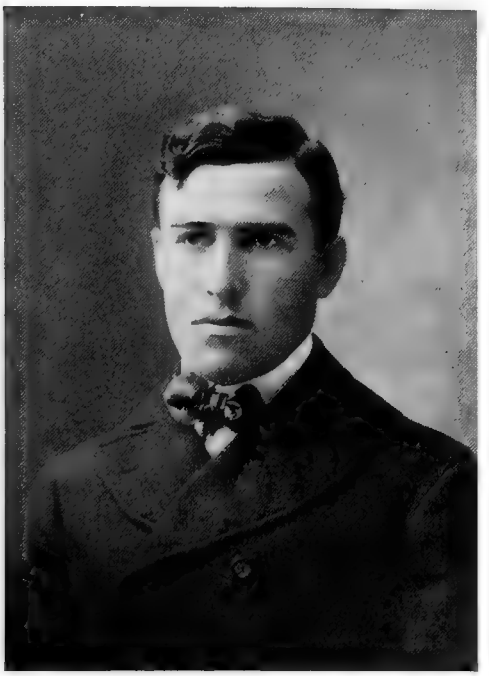
CONNORS, John Fox, 1873–

Class of 1895 Med.

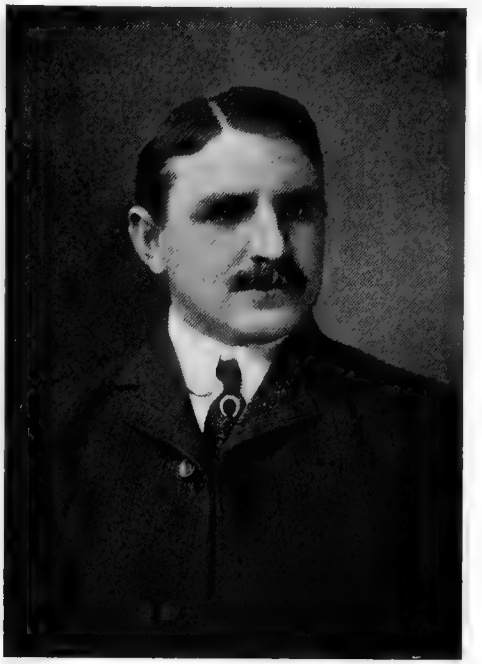
Born in Ireland, 1873; graduated A.B., St. John's College, New York, 1891, A.M., 1901; M.D., New York University Medical College, 1895; Attending Surgeon, Almshouse Hospital; Assistant Surgeon, Babies' Hospital Dispensary, New York; Assistant Demonstrator of Anatomy, Cornell University Medical College; House Surgeon Charity Hospital, 1896.

JOHN FOX CONNORS, M.D., was born in Ireland on October 26, 1873, and came to the United States in early life. He was educated at St. John's College, Fordham, New York, and was graduated therefrom with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in June, 1891, receiving that of Master of Arts from the same institution in 1901. He then decided upon a medical career, and entered the Medical College of New York University, from which he was

graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in May, 1895. In 1896 he became House Surgeon in the New York Charity Hospital on Blackwell's Island. He is now Assistant Surgeon to the Babies' Hospital Dispensary, Attending Surgeon to the Almshouse Hospital, Lecturer at the New York Polyclinic Medical School, and Assistant Demonstrator of Anatomy in the Medical Department of Cornell University. Dr. Connors is a member of the Alumni Society of the Charity Hospital, of the Alpha Kappa Kappa Fraternity, the West End Medical Society, the American Medical Association, the Democratic Club of New York, and the Knickerbocker Athletic Club. His address is New York City.



JOHN F. CONNORS



H. B. COX

COX, Harry Baker, 1871–

Class of 1895 Vet.

Born at Pennsville, N. J., 1871; studied in public schools, business college, and University of Pennsylvania; graduated D.V.S., American Veterinary College, 1895; in practice and business since 1895.

HARRY BAKER COX, D.V.S., is a son of John Wright Cox and Mary Stanger (Schock) Cox, and was born at Pennsville, New Jersey, on November 9, 1871. On the paternal side he is of Scotch and Irish ancestry, and on the maternal side he is of Dutch ancestry, and is a grandson of the Rev. Edward Schock, one of the founders of the Methodist Protestant Church. His early education was acquired in the public schools of his native place. Thence he went to Peirce's Business College in Philadelphia, and to the University of Pennsylvania. In the intervals of school life he worked on a farm and was a general contractor. Finally he entered the American Veterinary College in New York, now a part of New York University, and was graduated a Doctor of Veterinary Surgery in 1895. Since that time he has practiced his profession and been engaged in business. He is a member of the American Veterinary College Alumni Association, the Pennsylvania State and the Keystone Veterinary Medical associations, the Road Drivers' Association of Pennsylvania, the Quaker City Driving Association, the Gentlemen's Driving Club of Philadelphia, and the Philadelphia Driving Park Association. In politics he is a Republican. He was married to Laura Norcross Walton on April 12, 1900, and lives at No. 616 Federal Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

DE VRIES, Joseph Carlisle, 1869–

Class of 1895 Med.

Born in New York, 1869; studied in public school; graduated A.B., College of City of New York, 1888;

employed as a stenographer; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1895; in practice since 1895; served in hospitals, and in U. S. Army hospitals in Spanish War; author of various papers; official reporter of American Medical Association; Professor of Pathology, Medical Department of National University, Washington, D. C., since 1899.

JOSEPH CARLISLE DE VRIES, A.B., M.D., Professor of Pathology in the National University, Washington, District of Columbia, is a son of James J. and Julia (Katz) De Vries, and grandson of Leonard H. De Vries, late Admiral of the Dutch Navy. He was born in New York City on May 26,

J. CARLISLE DE VRIES

1869, and attended Grammar School No. 15, whence he proceeded to the College of the City of New York, and was graduated from the latter in 1888 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. Thereafter for some time he was employed as an expert stenographer. In 1892 he became official stenographer to the New York Academy of Medicine, and at the same time began his medical studies in the Medical College of New York University. In the latter institution he was Secretary of his class, that of 1895, and he was duly graduated in 1895 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. During his college course he was a stenographic reporter for the Associated Press in New York, and he remained reporter for the New York Academy of Medicine until 1896. Immediately after his graduation, in May, 1895, he was appointed Resident House Physician at the Loomis Consumptive Hospital in New York City, and served in that capacity for one year, after which he became for six months House Surgeon to the Methodist Episcopal Hospital in Philadelphia. On August 8, 1896, he was appointed Surgeon to the Holland-America Steamship Line, and served it until April 7, 1897, when he resigned in order to accept a like position with the American Line. This he held until January, 1898, when he resigned the place on account of his marriage. Not thus, however, was he to avoid being called away from his newly-found home. On May 9, 1898, he was called into the service of the nation as Acting Assistant Surgeon, with the rank of First Lieutenant, in the United States Army. He served at the Leiter United States General Hospital at Chickamauga, Georgia, until September 22, 1898, when he was transferred to the hospital at Ponce, Porto Rico. There he was engaged until November 1, 1898, when he was recalled to Washington, District of Columbia, and was presently mustered out of the service. On June 5, 1899, he opened an office at No. 62 M Street, North West, Washington, District of Columbia, and has remained there since in prosperous practice, which is limited to Plastic and Cosmetic Surgery and Gynecology. He was elected Professor of Pathology in the Medical Department of the National University, Washington, on September 1, 1899, and still fills that place. He is also Attending Gynecologist to the Emergency Hospital and Central Dispensary. He is official reporter of the American Medical Association, the American Therapeutic Society, the American Pratologic Society, and others, and a member of those organizations; and also a member and Secretary of the Clinical Society of the District of Columbia, honorary member of the Indian Medical Association of Calcutta, India, and a member of the Medical Association and the Medical Society of the District of Columbia. He has contributed various articles to the current literature of the medical profession, including "Seasickness" in "The New York Medical Journal" of September 16, 1899, and "The Pneumatic Cabinet in Phthisis" in the same periodical for June 23, 1900. He has lately been engaged on a textbook of Pathology, to be published in 1903. Dr. De Vries is a Republican in politics. He was married on January 18, 1898, to Mabel C. Wright of Washington, District of Columbia, and has one child, Sybilla De Vries.

EDWARDS, Philip Henry, 1872–

Class of 1895 Med.

Born at Rockaway, N. J., 1872; studied in schools of Port Oram, N. J.; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1895; studied medicine for two years under Dr. H. W. Rice at Port Oram; Health Officer at Andover, Conn., for four years; in practice at Caldwell, N. J., since 1899.

PHILIP HENRY EDWARDS, M.D., was born at Rockaway, New Jersey, on December 23, 1872. His father, John Edwards, was a native of Cornwall, England, and was of Welsh de-

P. H. EDWARDS

scent. He was a carpenter by trade and died at the age of thirty-eight years, when the subject of this sketch was only four years old. Dr. Edwards's mother, whose maiden name was Grace Curry Andrew, was also a native of Cornwall, but was of French ancestry. Dr. Edwards has two sisters, Dr. Sarah M. Edwards of Newark, New Jersey, and Mrs. V. E. Bullen of Paterson, New Jersey. He was educated in the common and high schools of Port Oram, New Jersey, and from them went to the Medical College of New York University, from which he was graduated in the Class of 1895. He also studied medicine for two years under Dr. H. W. Rice of Port Oram, New Jersey. Before leaving the University he pursued a course in the Maternity Hospital on Broome Street, New York. After graduation in June, 1895, he registered himself in the City of Detroit, Michigan, with the intention of practicing his profession there. Considerations of health, however, impelled him to return to the east, and he settled at Andover, Connecticut, in the fall of 1895, and for four years was Health Officer of that place. He was at the same time Medical Examiner for various benevolent organizations and insurance companies. From Andover he moved to Caldwell, New Jersey, in the fall of 1899, and since then he has been in continuous practice at that place. He has meantime pursued a post-graduate course of study in New York. He is a member of the Connecticut State Medical Society and of the Medical Society of Tolland County, Connecticut, and also of the Masonic Order. He was married at Washingtonville, New York, on June 3, 1896, to Rena B. Fichter of Morris County, New Jersey.

FELDMANN, Julius, 1874–

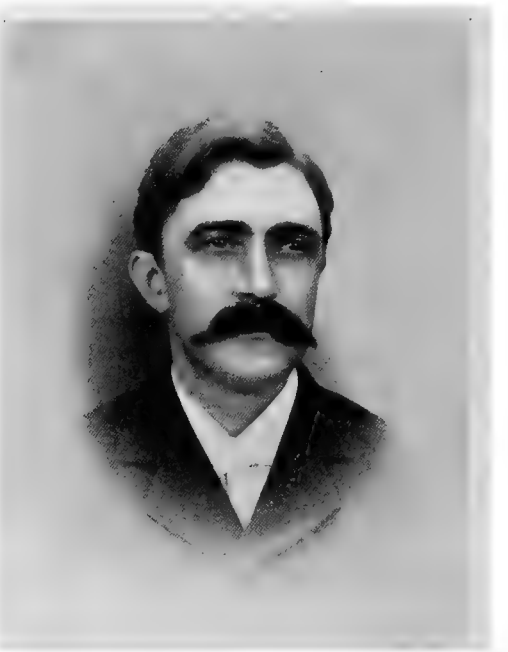
Class of 1895 Law.

Born in Newark, N. J., 1874; studied in, and graduated from, public schools of his native city; graduated from New York University Law School, LL.B., 1895; admitted to New Jersey Bar as attorney, 1896, and as counselor, 1899; in practice in Newark, N. J., since 1896.

JULIUS FELDMANN, as his name indicates, is of German ancestry. His parents, Joseph and Dorothea Feldmann, were both born in Germany, and his father was educated at the University of Berlin. He was himself born in the City of Newark, New Jersey, in 1874, and studied in the public schools there. From them he proceeded to the Law School of New York University, and was graduated from it with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1895. Further legal studies were pursued in the office of J. Franklin Fort, a Justice of the Supreme Court of New Jersey, and then, in February, 1896, Mr. Feldmann was admitted to practice at the Bar of the State of New Jersey as an attorney at law. He at once formed the firm of Adams & Feldmann, his partner being Edwin G. Adams, and began practice in Newark. Three years later the partnership was dissolved, and since that time he has practiced alone with marked success. He has had many criminal cases, and has been successful in most of them. In June, 1899, he was admitted to practice as a counselor at law. He is a member of the Lawyers' Club of Essex County, New Jersey, the Grant Republican Club, the Third Ward Republican Club of Newark,

the Republican Indian League, the City Club, the Harmonie Singing Society, and other organizations. He is, as indicated by his club affiliations, a Republican in politics, and has taken an active part in political affairs, though he has as yet held no public office. His home and office are in Newark, New Jersey.

JULIUS FELDMANN



A. C. FORMAN

FORMAN, Archibald C., 1864–

Class of 1895 Med.

Born at Englishtown, N. J., 1864; studied in public schools and graded school at Freehold, N. J.; studied pharmacy; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1895; Health Officer of Bayonne, N. J., since 1895; in practice in Bayonne, N. J.

ARCHIBALD C. FORMAN, M.D., is the son of Garret Forman, a member of the historical Forman family of Monmouth County, New Jersey. His mother, whose maiden name was Abbie Voorhees, was of German ancestry. He was born at Englishtown, Monmouth County, New Jersey, on December 25, 1864, and was educated in the public schools of his native county, including the excellent graded school at Freehold. He then studied pharmacy and was engaged in that profession until he entered the Medical College of New York University. From the latter institution he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1895, and forthwith began the practice of his profession in the City of Bayonne, New Jersey. He has been Health Officer of Bayonne since 1895, and ranks among the foremost practicing physicians of that city. Dr. Forman is a member of the American Medical Association, the New Jersey Medical Society, the Hudson County District Medical Society, and the Bayonne Medical Society. He was married on June 2, 1898, to Anna R. Love, and lives at Bayonne, New Jersey.

HANSON, Frank Reed, 1873–

Class of 1895 Vet.

Born in New York, 1873; studied in public schools and College of City of New York; graduated D.V.S., American Veterinary College, 1895; in practice since 1895.

FRANK REED HANSON, D.V.S., was born in New York City on July 19, 1873. His father, John D. Hanson, came of a family which came from England in the Seventeenth Century and settled at Dover, New Hampshire, whence some members of it removed to Lyman, Maine. His mother, whose maiden name was Hannah Reed, was also of English ancestry, her progenitors having come from Cornwall to Providence, Rhode Island, in the Seventeenth Century. In 1684 they

removed to Rye, New York, and later some of them settled at Norwalk, Connecticut. Several members of the family served in the Revolutionary War. Dr. Hanson acquired his early education in the public

FRANK R. HANSON

schools of New York, and then pursued a course in the College of the City of New York. From the latter institution he proceeded to the American Veterinary College, which has since become a department of New York University. There he was distinguished for his scholarship, receiving as tokens thereof two prize sets of books for passing the second best general examination, a gold medal for passing the best practical examination, and a set of instruments for presenting the best anatomical specimen. He was graduated in April, 1895, with the degree of Doctor of Veterinary Surgery, and at once began practice in partnership with his brother, Harry D. Hanson, D.V.S., with office and hospital at Nos. 160–162 Eldridge Street, New York. He is a member of the General Alumni Association of New York University, a member, Secretary and Treasurer of the Alumni Association of the American Veterinary College, and a member and Secretary of the Alumni Association of the Veterinary Department of New York University. He was married on April 15, 1902, to Ida Ganzenmuller, and lives at No. 31 Seventh Street, New York.

MARKS, Isaac, 1875–

Class of 1895 Law.

Born in New York, 1875; studied in public schools and College of City of New York; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1895; in practice since 1895; active in Democratic politics; Alderman of New York City since 1899.

ISAAC MARKS, LL.B., lawyer and an Alderman of New York City, is a son of Abraham and Minnie (Winkelman) Marks, and was born in New York on February 3, 1875. He was graduated from Public Grammar School No. 1 on July 3, 1889, and for the next three years studied in the College of the City of New York. He was a law student under Edward F. O'Dwyer, now Judge of the City Court, and he also entered the Law School of New York University, from which latter he was graduated in 1895 with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. On July 22, 1895, he was admitted to practice at the Bar of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, and has ever since been engaged in general practice, being now associated with his brother, H. M. Marks (New York University Law School,

ISAAC MARKS

1899), in the firm of Marks & Marks. He was elected a member of the Board of Aldermen of New York in 1899 for a term of two years, and in 1901 was re-elected for a second term, serving on

the Committees on Law and Legislation and Public Printing. Mr. Marks is a member of the Board of Governors of the New Era Club, and a member of the General Committee of Tammany Hall, the Free Sons of Judah, the Educational Alliance, the Sons of Adam, the Waldorf Club, the Marquise Club, the John F. Ahearn Association, the C. K. Marks Uniform Company, the Knights of Pythias, the Talmud Torah Association, the Beth Israel Hospital, and the East Side League. He has been President of the Philo Dramatic Society, the Chesterfield Club, the Rutgers Club, and the Moe Levy Association, and Chancellor of his lodge of Knights of Pythias. He takes an active interest in educational and charitable matters. His residence is at No. 235 Madison Street, New York.

MUNDORFF, George Theodore, 1871–

Class of 1895 Med.

Born in New York, 1871; studied in public and private schools; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1895; served in hospital; travelled extensively in Europe; in practice since 1899.

GEORGE THEODORE MUNDORFF, M.D., is of German parentage, the son of George and Mary (Wolters) Mundorff, both of whom were born in Germany, and a descendant of Heinrich Schulteis von Mundorf, who was knighted in 1354. He was born in New York on October 4, 1871, and began his studies in private German schools. Later he attended the public schools and was graduated at the head of his class. He then entered the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1895. He also spent a year in the establishment of his uncle, Theodore Mundorff, a well known New York optician, preparatory to making Ophthalmology a special study. After graduation he spent a year and a half as House Surgeon and Physician in St. Francis's Hospital in New York, and then went abroad and travelled through England, Holland, Germany, Austria, Bohemia, Italy, and Switzerland, and studied at the Universities of Berlin, Leipzig, Prague and Vienna. He returned home and established himself in general practice in New York in February, 1899. He has done some service in local dispensaries, in their surgical departments, and intends hereafter to make general surgery his specialty. He is a member of the New York County Medical Society, the German Medical Society, the Medico-Legal Society, the Brooklyn Medical Society, the New York Physicians' Mutual Aid Association, the Knights of Pythias (in which he was a Vice-Chancellor in 1896) and various political organizations of the Democratic party. He was married on October 30, 1901, to Minnie Grau,

GEO. THEO. MUNDORFF

daughter of George and Minnie Grau of New York, and has one daughter, born on November 4, 1902. His address is No. 304 Second Avenue, New York.

NETTLETON, De Witt Baldwin, 1870–

Class of 1895 Med.

Born at Milford, Conn., 1870; studied in public and high schools and under tutors; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1895; in practice since 1895, with some hospital experience.

DE WITT BALDWIN NETTLETON, M.D., was born at Milford, Connecticut, on December 11, 1870. His father, Lewis Johnson Nettleton, was an architect, and came of an English family which settled in Connecticut in 1689. He was a descendant of Governor Robert Treat, Governor of Connecticut for twenty years. His mother, whose maiden name was Charlotte Augusta Baldwin, was descended from Sir Charles Hobby, once a candidate for appointment as Royal Governor of Massachusetts, and from the Dutch De Witts. Dr. Nettleton studied in the Milford High School and

under private tutors at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and then entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which is now a part of New York University. He was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medi-

DE WITT B. NETTLETON

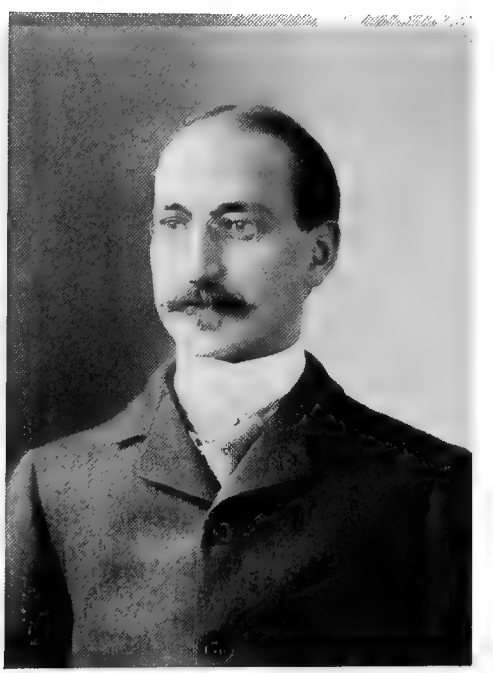
cine in 1895, and served for a few months as an Interne in Bellevue Hospital and the New York Cancer Hospital, now the General Memorial Hospital. Late in 1895 he settled in practice at Sewickley, Pennsylvania, and remains there at the present time. He is now planning the establishment of a hospital in the Sewickley Valley. He is a member of the Edgeworth Club of Sewickley, the Allegheny County Medical Society, and the Phi Alpha Sigma Fraternity. On January 1, 1901, he was married to Ellen D. Hutchinson, daughter of the late Francis Hutchinson, and granddaughter of General George W. Cass. His address is No. 245 Broad Street, Sewickley, Pennsylvania.

OPDYKE, Ralph, 1869–

Class of 1895 Med.

Born at Asbury, N. J., 1869; studied in Leal's School, Plainfield, N. J., Worcester Academy, Mass., under tutor at Montclair, N. J., and in Harvard University; travelled and studied in Europe; in wholesale mercantile houses in New York and Chicago; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1895; in practice since 1895; specialty, diseases of the eye.

RALPH OPDYKE, M.D., was born at Asbury, Warren County, New Jersey, on May 10, 1869, the son of Charles Wilson Opdyke and Jennie (Creveling) Opdyke. Both the Opdyke and Creveling families were of Dutch origin, and both were among the earliest settlers of New York and New Jersey, and had representatives in the Revolution, War of 1812, and Civil War. He studied in Leal's School, Plainfield, New Jersey, for five years, Worcester Academy, Massachusetts, for one year, and under the tutorship of Warren W. Adams at Montclair, New Jersey, for six months. He completed his preparation for college by private study, and then entered Harvard University in the Class of 1894. Before the completion of his course, however, he left Harvard and went to Central Europe for six months' travel and study of art and languages. On his return to America he was engaged for a time in the wholesale mercantile houses of E. H. Van Ingen & Company of New York, and J. V. Farwell Company of Chicago, and for eight months was a teacher in a



RALPH OPDYKE

large school of shorthand and typewriting. Finally, he entered the Medical College of New York University in 1892, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1895. After some gen-

eral hospital practice he entered upon the general private practice of his profession in New York City, where he has since remained. He has devoted his attention especially to diseases of the eye, ear, nose, and throat. He regards the treatment of the eye as his supreme life work. From 1895 to 1897 Dr. Opdyke was an Interne in the general medical and surgical service of the Harlem Hospital, a branch of Bellevue, serving as Junior Ambulance Surgeon, Senior and House Surgeon. Since 1897 he has served as Medical and Medical School Inspector for the New York Board of Health. Since 1898 he has been an Assistant Surgeon at the Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital, and Instructor in Diseases of the Eye at the New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital. His social affiliations have included the Psi Upsilon Fraternity and Club, the New York County Medical Association, the Westchester County Medical Society, the Harlem Medical Association, the New York County Medical Society, the New York State Medical Association, the Collegiate Club of New York, the Harlem Democratic Club, and the Harlem Wheelmen. His writings include: "A New Test for Albumen," "Look to Your Children's Eyes," "The Close Analogy of Trachoma to Adenoids," "Affections of the Eye Complicating and Resulting from Rheumatism," "The Duties of Parents and Teachers in Regard to the Catarrhal Diseases of Children," and "Wheeling through the Netherlands." He was married on October 26, 1897, to Mildred Ludeman of New York, and has had two children: Margaret, who died in infancy, and George, now two years of age. His address is No. 137 West 69th Street, New York City.

PFLUG, Charles Jacob, 1873–

Class of 1895 Med.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1873; studied in public schools and various academies; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1895; studied in Berlin and Heidelberg; in practice since 1897.

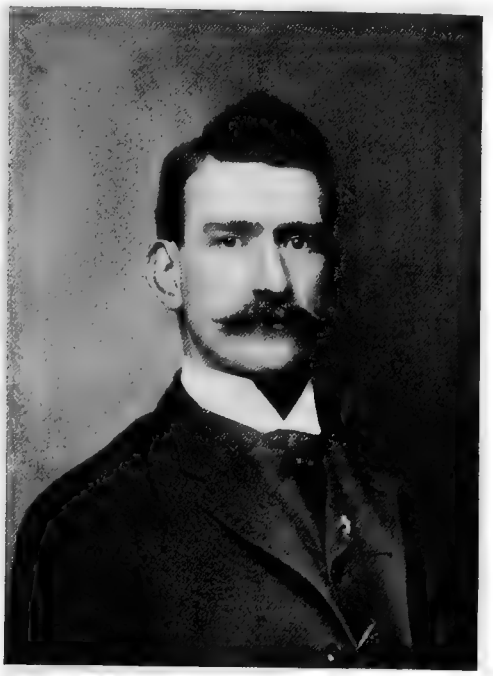
CHARLES JACOB PFLUG, M.D., is a native of Brooklyn, New York, where he was born on July 5, 1873. His parents, George and Madeline (Bussert) Pflug, were German and Alsatian. He studied in the public schools of Brooklyn, in St. Leonard's Academy, in the Academy of the Sacred Heart, and in the Long Island Business College. Thence he came to New York University, and was graduated from its Medical College with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1895. It may be added that during his school and college life he excelled as an athlete, being especially proficient in baseball. After graduation he went to Germany and studied at the Universities of Berlin and Heidelberg. He was connected with St. Catherine's Hospital, Brooklyn, for six months, and since 1897 has been engaged in private practice in that city. He was a member of the Medical Board of the German Hospital in 1901. For the last three years he has been President of the National Athletic Association, and for four years Fleet Surgeon of the Jamaica Bay Yacht Club. He is a member of the Bushwick Club and the Eckford Club, and in politics is a Democrat. He was married to Emma Reuger, daughter of Colonel John Reuger, on November 26, 1901, and lives at No. 53 Stuyvesant Avenue, Brooklyn, New York.

ROBERTSON, Oswald Dundas Farquharson, 1873–

Class of 1895 Med.

Born in Jamaica, W. I., 1873; studied in Jamaica middle grade and high schools, and matriculated at Cambridge University, Eng.; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1895; Interne, Bellevue Hospital, 1895-97; Prosector to Chair of Anatomy; Instructor in Clinical Surgery, New York University and Bellevue Hospital Medical College, since 1901.

OSWALD DUNDAS FARQUHARSON ROBERTSON, M.D., is a son of Robert Henry Robertson and Eliza Frances (Farquharson) Robertson, and is of Scotch ancestry. He was born on the Island of Jamaica, West Indies, on March 25, 1873, and was educated in the middle grade and high schools of that island. After matriculation at the University of Cambridge, England, he came to New York and entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which is now a part of New York University. He was graduated with the Doctor's degree in 1895, and for the next two years was an Interne in Bellevue Hospital. He then became Prosector to the Chair of Anatomy in his Alma Mater, and since 1901 has been an Instructor in Clinical Surgery in the New York University and Bellevue Hospital Medical College. He is a Medical Examiner for the Frankfort, Pacific Mutual, and Colonial Life Insurance companies, and a member of the Nu Sigma Nu Fraternity, the Bellevue Hospital Alumni Society, and the University, New York County, and Greater New York Medical societies. He was married on June 5, 1895, to Christiana M. McCatty, and has three children: Mary Ethel De



OSWALD D. F. ROBERTSON

SAMUEL W. SCHAPIRA

Cressy, Christiana Alexandra, and Ruth Stewart Robertson. His address is No. 71 East 82nd Street, New York.

SCHAPIRA, Samuel William, 1871–

Class of 1895 Med.

Born at Vilna, Russia, 1871; studied privately, and in gymnasium at Vilna and academies in Moscow and Paris; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1895; chemist in New York, 1887-88; pharmacist, 1888-91; physician since 1895.

SAMUEL WILLIAM SCHAPIRA, M.D., son of Solomon and Anna (Hurewitz) Schapira, was born at Vilna, Russia, on October 3, 1871. On the paternal side he is descended from a very old orthodox Hebrew Rabbinical family named Rabinowitz, which name was changed by a part of the family three generations ago to Schapira, while the rest of the family retains the old name. His forefathers, down to his father, who was a merchant, were for many generations Grand Priest of the Orthodox Hebrew faith. On the maternal side the wealthy German family of Hurewitz has for many generations been engaged in commerce in Russia. Dr. Schapira studied under a tutor, then for six years in the Vilna Gymnasium, or High School; then, in 1885–86, in the Moscow Military Academy, and in 1886–87 in a military academy in Paris. The next year was spent in private study of English and chemistry, and in chemical service in manufacturing establishments, in New York. In 1888–91 he studied pharmacy, and in the latter year became a Registered Pharmacist in New York. Finally he entered the New York University Medical College and was graduated a Doctor of Medicine in 1895, since which time he has been practicing in New York, paying especial attention to genito-urinary and skin diseases. He is a member of the local School Board of the Fourth District of New York, and has been an officer of various social and educational organizations, of which he is a member, including the Aethna Social Club, the Zeta Literary Society, the Daniel Webster Society, and the East Side Physicians' Club. His address is No. 225 Henry Street, New York.

SCOTT, Henry, 1872–

Class of 1895 Med.

Born in Hackensack, N. J., 1872; studied in public schools; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1895; Interne in Bellevue Hospital, 1895-96; in practice since 1896, with hospital service; assistant in Cornell University Medical School.

HENRY SCOTT, M.D., son of Jamieson and Ellen Jane (Bodine) Scott, of English ancestry, was born in Hackensack, New Jersey, on

January 26, 1872, and studied in public schools in New York City. He was graduated with the Doctor's degree from the New York University Medical College in 1895, and in 1895–96 was an Interne in Bellevue Hospital. Since 1896 he has been engaged in general practice. He is an Assistant Surgeon to the New York State Hospital for the Crippled and Deformed, and an Assistant in Orthopædic Surgery in the Cornell University Medical School. He is a member of the New York County Medical Society, the Harlem Medical Society, and the Masonic Order, and is a Democrat in politics. His address is No. 214 West 121st Street, New York.

SIMPSON, John Frederick, 1866–

Class of 1895 Med.

Born in Gothenburg, Sweden, 1866; studied in high school and business college; book-keeper, clerk, and school teacher; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1895; in practice since 1896.

JOHN FREDERICK SIMPSON, M.D., a son of Andrew and Josephine (Frisberg) Simpson, was born at Gothenburg, Sweden, on October 28, 1866. He completed the commercial course at the Norwich, New York, High School in 1886, and a course at the Eastman Business College, Poughkeepsie, New York, in 1887. For a year he was a book-keeper for Lord & Taylor in New York, and for four years a clerk in the United States postal service. From 1887 to 1892 he was a teacher in the New York public schools. He entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College and was graduated a Doctor of Medicine in 1895. The next year was spent as an Interne and House Surgeon in the Williamsburg Hospital, Brooklyn, and since 1896 he has been practicing medicine at No. 2 Broome Street, Brooklyn, New York. He is a member of the Kings County Medical Society, the Frohsinn Singing Society of Brooklyn, and the Lyran Singing Society of New York. He was married on September 30, 1896, to Mertie R. Smith, and has two children: Ruth Maria and Harriet Estelle Simpson.

J. F. SIMPSON

SINGER, Henry Bergman, 1873–

Class of 1895 Phil., and 1896 Law.

Born at Carbondale, Pa., 1873; graduated Ph.B., New York University, 1895, and LL.B., New York University Law School, 1896; admitted to Bar of New York, 1897; in practice since 1897.

HENRY BERGMAN SINGER, PH.B., LL.B., son of Samuel and Dorothea (Bergman) Singer, and of German-Jewish ancestry, was born at Carbondale, Pennsylvania, on October 21, 1873. After completing a course at the Carbondale High

HENRY B. SINGER

School he entered New York University and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy in 1895. During his Senior year in the University College he took the Junior year law course, and thus was enabled to complete the course of the University Law School in another year, and be graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1896. In the summer of the latter year he was engaged on the staff of editors of "Pepper and Lewis's Digest" of the laws of Pennsylvania, which was then being prepared under the direction of Professor George Wharton Pepper and Dean William Draper Lewis, of the Law School of the University of Pennsylvania. In June, 1897, he was admitted to the Bar of the State of New York, and began practice in New York City, in which he has ever since been engaged. Since February, 1900, he has been a member of the firm of Stern, Singer & Barr at No. 309 Broadway, New York, his partners being Samuel E. A. Stern and William J. Barr. The firm's specialty is commercial law, and it has appeared in many important bankruptcy and other cases.

SNYDER, William John Kline, 1864–

Class of 1895 Med.

Born in Westmoreland County, Pa., 1864; studied in district school, Greensburg Academy, and Heidelberg University, Tiffin, Ohio; A.B., Heidelberg, 1892, and A.M., 1896; one year at Wooster Medical College, Cleveland, Ohio; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1895; in practice since 1895; Director of Odd Fellows' Home, Ben Avon, Pa.

WILLIAM JOHN KLINE SNYDER, A.M., M.D., was born near Harrison City, Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania, on December 24, 1864, the son of Cyrus J. and Lydia Elizabeth (Kline) Snyder. He began his studies in the district school, and continued them in the Greensburg Academy. Thence he went to Heidelberg Academy at Tiffin, Ohio, and was graduated from it with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1892, receiving the degree of Master of Arts from it in 1896. On leaving Heidelberg he entered for one year the Wooster Medical College at Cleveland, Ohio, and then for two years was a student in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University. From the latter institution he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1895, and he immediately began the practice of his profession at Avalon, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania. In 1896 he became a Visiting Physician to the Odd Fellows' Home at Ben Avon, Pennsylvania, and is now Director of that institution. He is a member of the Bellevue Club, Bellevue, Pennsylvania, and the Allegheny County Medical Society. He was

WILLIAM J. K. SNYDER

married on June 23, 1896, at Tiffin, Ohio, to Mabel Claire Lutz, and lives at the corner of School and Florence avenues, Avalon, Pennsylvania.

TALBOT, Lafayette, 1870–

Class of 1895 Ped.

Born at Brookfield, N. Y., 1870; studied in public school, high school and Cooper Institute; graduated Normal College, Albany, N. Y., 1891; graduated Pd.M., New York University School of Pedagogy, 1895, and Pd.D., 1897; teacher and principal since 1891.

LAFAYETTE TALBOT, PD.D., educator, is of English ancestry through forefathers who settled for several generations in the State of Connecticut. He is the son of Henry Clay Talbot and Emma (Welch) Talbot, and was born at Brookfield, Madison County, New York, on July 1, 1870. From 1874 to 1884 he studied in the public school at North Edmeston, New York, and for the next three years in the high school at Edmeston. Then he went to the Normal College at Albany, and was there graduated in February, 1891. Immediately after graduation he engaged in school teaching, and has

been occupied in that work ever since. Desiring, however, to add to his scholastic preparation for the work, he became a student in the New York University School of Pedagogy, and was graduated a Master of Pedagogy in 1895 and a Doctor of Pedagogy in 1897. He also studied in Cooper Institute, New York. His teaching record includes a public school at Florida, New York, 1891–92, Drake's Business College, and Hasbrouck Institute, Jersey City, New Jersey, 1892–94; Vice-Principalship of Hoboken, New Jersey, High School, 1894–96; Principalship of Hoboken Grammar School No. 2, 1896–99; and Principalship of Hoboken High School since 1899. He was President of the Teachers' Mutual Aid Association of Hoboken in 1897–98 and 1900–01, and is a Trustee and Deacon of the Baptist Church. He was married on December 25, 1893, to Estelle Perry Rapp, and has two children: Helen Elizabeth and Douglas L. Talbot. His home is at No. 704 Garden Street, Hoboken, New Jersey.

WHITE, Elmer Spencer, 1872–

Class of 1895 Law.

Born at Wurtsboro, N. Y., 1872; studied in public school; telegraph operator, railroad clerk, etc.; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1895; in practice since 1895; active in Republican politics.

ELMER SPENCER WHITE, LL.B., son of Andrew and Martha (Spencer) White, is of Irish ancestry on the paternal, and Holland Dutch and English on the maternal side. He was born at Wurtsboro, Sullivan County, New York, on April 8, 1872, and received his general education in the local village school. He worked on a farm, was a newsboy on Park Row, New York City, and then entered the service of the West Shore Railroad Company, successively as messenger boy, telegraph operator, stenographer, secretary to heads of departments, and at the age of nineteen as Chief Clerk of the Hudson River Division. Then he came to New York University, entered the Law School, and was graduated with the Baccalaureate degree on June 9, 1895, standing at the head of his class. He was promptly admitted to the Bar, standing at the head of the class admitted, and surpassing in the examination men from several other leading universities. Since then he has been steadily and successfully engaged in practice in Brooklyn, New York. He has also been prominent in various movements for the public good, such as securing street improvements, dock improvements, public libraries, and a rapid transit tunnel. He has been Chairman of the Board of Directors of the West End Republican Club, and chairman of important committees of the West End Board of Trade, and is a member of the Brooklyn Club, the Bay Ridge Athletic Club, the Masonic Order, and Adirondack Council, No. 1742, Royal Arcanum. He has always been an earnest Republican. After the Republican National Convention of 1900, he drew up the resolutions adopted by the Kings County Republican Committee, endorsing the national platform and

ELMER S. WHITE

candidates. In 1902 he vigorously opposed the then existing Republican leadership in the Seventh Assembly District of Brooklyn, charging the leader with unfaithfulness to Republican principles, and he ran for Representative in Congress as an Independent Republican against that leader, the result being that the Democratic candidate was elected. This was regarded as a moral victory for Mr. White, and a rebuke for the party leader whom he had opposed. Mr. White was married to Rose Baxter of Newburgh, New York, on October 7, 1891, and has two children: Hazel and Rose White. His office is in Temple Bar Building, No. 40 Court Street, and his home at No. 251 50th Street, Brooklyn, New York.

WIGHTMAN, Orrin Sage, 1873–
Class of 1895 Arts, and 1898 Med.

Born in New York, 1873; studied in public school and University Grammar School; graduated A.B., New York University, 1895; travelled in Europe; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1898; hospital service, 1898-1900; in practice since 1900.

ORRIN SAGE WIGHTMAN, A.B., M.D., is descended directly from the martyr, Edward Wightman, who was born in England, married to Frances Durbye at Burton-on-Trent on September 2, 1593, and burned at the stake as a heretic because of his adherence to the Baptist faith, at Ditchfield, England, on April 12, 1612. From Edward the direct line of descent runs through John Wightman, born on January 7, 1599; George Wightman, who was born in England in 1632, and was the first of the family to come to America; George Wightman, 2nd; John Wightman, 2nd; Elisha Wightman; John Wightman, 3rd; the Rev. Frederick Wightman; the Hon. Stillman K. Wightman; and the Hon. Frederick Butler Wightman, the last named being an alumnus of New York University, Class of 1851 Arts. Frederick Butler Wightman married Abbie A. Hartley, daughter of Robert Milham Hartley and Catherine (Munson) Hartley. Catherine Munson was the eldest daughter of the Hon. Reuben Munson and Abagail (Wilsey) Munson of New York. Reuben Munson was descended from Captain Thomas Munson and Joanna (Carpenter) Munson, who were among the earliest settlers of Quinnipiac, now New Haven, Connecticut. Robert Milham Hartley was a native of Cockermouth, England, and was a son of Isaac and Isabella (Johnson) Hartley. The Hartley family is one of antiquity and renown in Yorkshire, England, its members including the Rev. Mr. Hartley, Vicar of Armsley, Dr. David Hartley, the metaphysician, and his son David Hartley, one of the British Plenipotentiaries for negotiating the treaty of peace with America at Paris in 1783. Robert Hartley, grandfather of Robert Milham Hartley, married Martha Smithson, a relative of the founder of the Smithsonian Institution at Washington, District of Columbia. Orrin Sage Wightman is a nephew of Isaac Hartley, New York University 1852, and of Marcellus Hartley, formerly a member of the University Council, and a brother of Percy Butler Wightman, New York University 1893, and of Robert Stillman Wightman, New York University 1897. Orrin Sage Wightman, son of Frederick Butler Wightman and Abagail Ann (Hartley) Wightman, was born in New York City on May 6, 1873. He was graduated from Grammar School No. 68 in 1887, and from the University Grammar School in 1891. He entered New York University, College of Arts, in 1891, and was a member of Psi Upsilon, Vice-President of Eucleian in the third year, Vice-President of his class in the Freshman year and President during the Junior year, President of the Camera Club in the third year, and President of the Glee Club in the third year. He was graduated in 1895 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and then went abroad for extended travel in Great Britain and on the Continent. In

ORRIN S. WIGHTMAN

the fall he entered the New York University Medical College, and in 1898 was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. For the next two years he served in the Gouverneur Hospital, and since November, 1900, he has been successfully engaged in the private practice of his profession at No. 113 West 78th Street, New York. He is a member of the Gouverneur Hospital Alumni Society, the New York County Medical Society, and the New York State Medical Society.

ADAIR, Leonard, 1871–
Class of 1896 Med.

Born at Kortright, N. Y., 1871; studied in public and high schools; graduated M.D., New York University

Medical College, 1896; hospital service, 1896-97; in private practice since 1897.

LEONARD ADAIR, M.D., son of William and Eliza (Black) Adair, of Scotch ancestry, was born at Kortright, Delaware County, New York, on May 28, 1871. After completing his studies at the Walton Union High School he entered the Medical College of New York University, from which he was graduated a Doctor of Medicine in 1896. The next year he spent in service in the Workhouse and Almshouse hospitals, and in 1897 began the private practice of medicine, in which he has since continued, at No. 336 West 145th Street, New York. He is a Mason, a Knight Templar, a Noble of the Mystic Shrine, and a member of the Royal Arcanum. Politically he is a Republican. He is unmarried.

AITCHISON, James William, 1862–

Class of 1896 Med.

Born at Madrid, N. Y., 1862; graduated at Potsdam, N. Y., Normal School, 1886; teacher at Potsdam, in California, and at Madrid, N. Y.; graduated New York University Medical College, M.D., 1896; in practice at Madrid, N. Y., since 1896.

JAMES WILLIAM AITCHISON, M.D., is a native of the northern part of New York State, with which region his life has largely been identified. He was born at Madrid, St. Lawrence County, New York, on October 1, 1862, the son of William R. and Jane T. (Blythe) Aitchison, and until he reached the age of seventeen years attended the local public school. Then he went to the State Normal School at Potsdam, New York, and pursued its regular course in preparation for the work of a teacher. He was graduated at the Normal School in 1886, and thereafter for a year was a teacher in that institution. Thence he went to California, and for three years was a teacher in the public schools of that state. Returning to the east, he became principal of the high school in his native town, Madrid, New York, and filled the place with much success for three years. At this time, however, he determined to change his profession from that of pedagogy to that of medicine. Accordingly, he entered the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1896, since which date he has been engaged in active practice at Madrid. He was married at Madrid on June 8, 1898, to Mary Elmina Powell of that place. Dr. Aitchison is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows,

JAMES W. AITCHISON

and of the Masonic Order, being not only a Free and Accepted Mason but also a Knight Templar and a Noble of the Mystic Shrine.

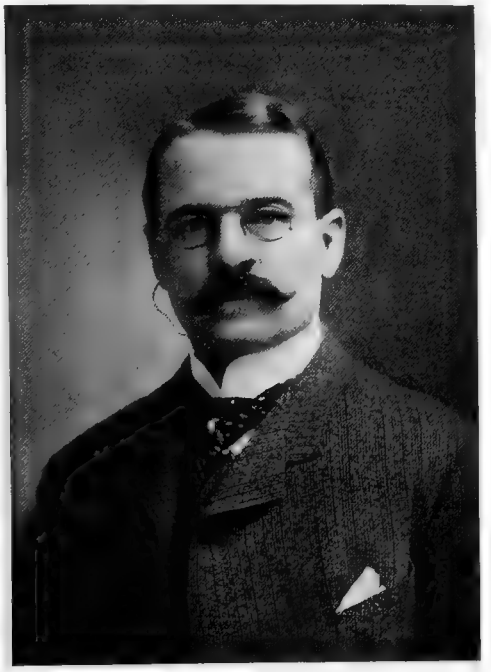
ALTER, Francis William, 1867–

Class of 1896 Med.

Born at Toledo, Ohio, 1867; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1896; served as House Surgeon of the New Amsterdam Eye and Ear Hospital, New York; author of various essays; in practice at Toledo, Ohio.

FRANCIS WILLIAM ALTER, M.D., is a son of John Peter and Barbara (Wörtche) Alter, and was born at Toledo, Ohio, in 1867. His parents had settled there in 1840, having come from Vernheim, Hesse Darmstadt, Germany. After acquiring a good general education at various schools he entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1896. After a term of service as House Surgeon in the New Amsterdam Eye and Ear Hospital, New York, he returned to Toledo, and has there been successfully engaged in medical practice ever since. He is a member and Secretary of the Lucas County, Ohio, Medical Society, and a member of the American, Ohio State, Lucas County, Toledo and North-

western Ohio Medical associations, and the western Ophthalmological and Oto-Laryngological Association. He is the deviser of a dilating nasal splint used in the correction of deflection of the nasal



FRANCIS W. ALTER

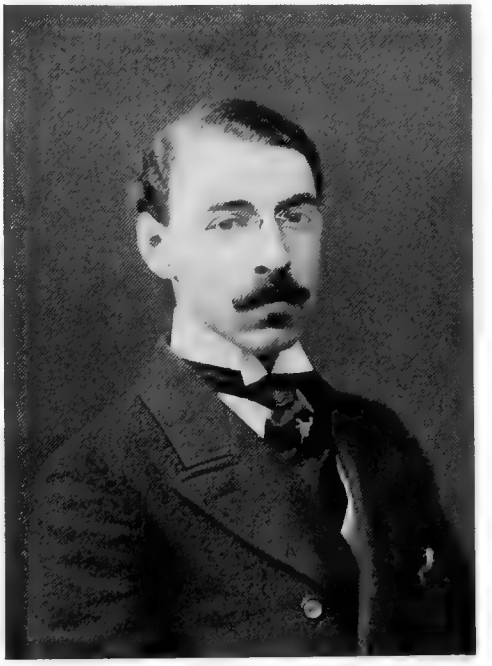
septum, and the author of a number of professional essays, including those on "Retinitis Albuminuria," "Juvenile Cataract" and a modification of "Gersuney's Method of Injecting Paraffin in So-called Cases of Saddle Nose to Prevent Disturbance of Muscular Action of the Nose." He is Oculist and Aurist to the Toledo Hospital. In politics he is a Republican. He was married in 1887 to Mary E. Pooley, daughter of Dr. J. H. Pooley, and has his office at No. 338 Summit Street, Toledo, Ohio.

BOEHM, George Nathan, 1875–

Class of 1896 Phil.

Born in New York, 1875; studied in public schools and College of City of New York; graduated Ph.B., New York University, 1896; Columbia University Law School from 1896 to 1898; in legal practice in New York since 1899.

GEORGE NATHAN BOEHM, LL.B., is a native of the City of New York, where he was born, in the present Borough of Manhattan, on July 9, 1875, the son of Nathan and Rebecca (Frank) Boehm. His education was begun in the public schools of the city and was pursued in them until his seventeenth year, the last two years being spent in the College of the City of New York. In the latter institution he was prepared to enter New York University, which he did in the fall of 1892. After a four years' course in the School of Arts he was graduated in June, 1896, with the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy. While in the University he was conspicuous in athletics, and retained his connection therewith after graduation. He was the shortstop of his Freshman Baseball Team, second in the mile run in 1894, single tennis champion in 1894, Assistant Manager of the Football Team in 1894–1895, clerk of the course at the athletic meetings of 1895–96–97–98 and 1899, and judge of the course at the meeting of 1900. On being graduated from New York University, Mr. Boehm began the study of law in the law school of Columbia University, and after a two years' course left there in 1898 and completed his studies in a law office. After eight months of service as clerk in a law office, he began practice on his own account in February, 1899, and



GEORGE N. BOEHM

has since continued therein with constantly increasing success. He has also taken an active interest in politics as a Republican, and since 1896 has been a delegate to various legislative, congressional and

other conventions of that party. He is a member of the Republican Club of the Twenty-ninth Assembly District of New York City, and also a member of the Aschenbroedel Verein. His office is at No. 116 Nassau Street, and his residence at No. 130 East 78th Street, New York.

CHILDS, Albert Ewing, 1873–

Class of 1896 Med.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1873; studied in public schools and high school; in business life; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1896; in hospital and post-graduate work, 1896-99; in private practice since 1899; Health Board Inspector and Hospital Pathologist.

ALBERT EWING CHILDS, M.D., is a son of Samuel B. Childs, M.D., and Josephine Lois (Brown) Childs, both of English and New

A. E. CHILDS

England stock. He was born in Brooklyn, New York, where his father has practiced medicine for many years, on January 13, 1873, and studied in the public schools and high school. After a few years in business life he entered the New York University Medical College in 1893, and was graduated a Doctor of Medicine in 1896. For a year he served as Interne in the Colored Hospital, and then engaged in post-graduate study and work until January, 1899, when he began private practice in the Borough of The Bronx, New York City, in which he has ever since been occupied. He was Attending Physician to the Northern Dispensary of New York for two years, and a Medical Inspector for the Health Board for one year. At present he is an Assistant Attending Physician to the Department of Pediatrics of the Cornell University Medical College Dispensary and Assistant Pathologist to the Lincoln Hospital. He is a member of the Bronx Medical Society and a veteran of the Twenty-third Regiment of the New York National Guard. He was married on November 28, 1899, to Amelia McGraw.

CLARK, Robert Martin, 1875–

Class of 1896 Law.

Born in Newark, N. J., 1875; educated in private and public schools in Newark and Plainfield, N. J.; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1896; attorney at law and solicitor in Chancery, New Jersey, 1896; in practice, Plainfield, N. J., since January, 1897; Master in Chancery 1897; counselor at law, 1900.

ROBERT MARTIN CLARK, LL.B., son of Robert and Amanda Post Clark, the latter born Martin, was born in Newark, New Jersey, on November 2, 1875. His father's parents were Robert Clark, who came from Scotland, and Catharine Williams, who came from Ireland. His mother's family had lived in or near Plainfield, New Jersey, for a century and a half. He was sent first to a private school and then to a public school in Newark. Then, the family removing to Plainfield, New Jersey, he attended the North Plainfield public school and the Plainfield High School. From the last named he proceeded to the Law School of New York University, where he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1896. He had meanwhile studied and worked in the law offices of C. W. Graves in Newark, and J. B. Coward in Plainfield. On November 9, 1896, he was admitted to the Bar in New Jersey as an attorney at law and solicitor in Chancery, and on January 1, 1897, he began practice in Plainfield, New Jersey. Twelve days later he received appointment as Master in Chancery. On June 1st of that year he formed a partnership with Charles J. McNabb, under the firm name of McNabb & Clark, for the general practice of law. This partnership lasted until March 12, 1898, when it was dissolved and Mr. Clark resumed practice alone. In November, 1900, he was made a counselor at law. His practice deals largely with real estate matters. He has been at-

torney for, and General Manager of, the Somerset Real Estate Company of Plainfield. He has also been Attorney for Warren Township, Somerset County, New Jersey, and for the Board of Health of North Plainfield. In June, 1900, he formed a partnership with his brother, Edward O. Clark, under the firm name of Clark & Clark, for business in Newark, New Jersey, only, the firm's offices being in that city. Mr. Clark was elected Assessor of North Plainfield in 1897 and served two years. He is a Republican in politics, and has served as a delegate in various county conventions and in one state convention. He is a member of the Junior Order of United American Mechanics, the Improved Order of Red Men, the Senior Order of United American Mechanics, the North Plainfield Saengerbund, the Knights of Pythias, Knights of the Golden Eagle, the Elks, the North Plainfield Volunteer Fire Department, and the National Guard. He was married on June 14, 1899, to Lilian Margaret Dunden of Brooklyn, New York. He lives in Plainfield, New Jersey, and his offices are in the same city.

ROBT. M. CLARK

J. M. DE BERMINGHAM

DE BERMINGHAM, José Maria, 1876–

Class of 1896 Med.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1876; studied in public schools and St. John's Academy, Manlius, N. Y.; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1895; in practice and hospital service since 1896.

JOSÉ MARIA DE BERMINGHAM, M.D., who was born in Brooklyn, New York, in February, 1876, is a son of Count Henri Ferdinand Raoul de Bermingham and Countess Maria Thérèse de Bermingham, née Thieriot, and traces his descent from William the Conqueror. His early education was acquired at Public School No. 35 in Brooklyn, and at St. John's Military Academy, Manlius, New York. From the latter institution he came to New York University, and was graduated from its Medical College in 1896 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. In 1896–97 he was Assistant Bacteriologist at the Pasteur Institute, New York, and since 1898 he has been Bacteriologist to the New York Nose and Throat Hospital. He is a member of the New York Microscopical Society, the New York Medico-Surgical Society, and the French Red Cross Society. He was married on November 14, 1901, to Emily McElroy, and lives at No. 106 West 45th Street, New York.

EMLEY, Jay Noble, 1870–

Class of 1896 Law.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1870; educated in public schools and College of City of New York; graduated A.B., College of City of New York, 1891; graduated

LL.B., New York University Law School, 1896; in practice since 1896.

JAY NOBLE EMLEY, A.B., LL.B., son of F. J. and Annie (Storer) Emley, was born in Brooklyn, New York, on September 26, 1870, and received his early education in the New York public schools. In 1885 he entered the College of the City of New York, but took a leave of absence to accept a position in a wholesale drug house. Later, during college vacations, he worked for a grain and stock broker, a cracker house, and a typewriter company. During his college course he was at the

J. N. EMLEY

head of the "College Journal," managed the Dramatic Club, and for two years was the representative of his college and city on the Executive Committee of the Intercollegiate Athletic Association. In his Senior year and for several years after graduation he was interested in a machinery manufacturing business. He was graduated from the College of the City of New York in 1891, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. Two years later he began the study of law in the evening sessions of the Metropolis Law School, and in June, 1896, was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws from the Law School of New York University, with which the Metropolis Law School had been consolidated. In January, 1896, prior to his graduation he was admitted to the New York Bar, and shortly thereafter he began practice. He practiced alone until October, 1897, when he formed a partnership under the firm name of Emley & Rubino, with Henry A. Rubino, one of his classmates in the Law School. In May, 1898, Clarence D. Ashley, Dean of the New York University Law School, joined the firm, the name then becoming Ashley, Emley & Rubino. In May, 1900, this firm was united with that of Kenneson, Crain & Alling, under the name of Kenneson, Crain, Emley & Rubino, Mr. Ashley remaining at the head of the firm. Mr. Emley's practice has been confined almost exclusively to business and corporation matters, and to estates and patent law. He is a Republican in politics, and a member of the Republican Club, the West Side Republican Club, the Association of the Bar of the City of New York, and the Delta Kappa Epsilon Club. His office is at Nos. 11–13 William Street, and his home at No. 69 West 88th Street, New York.

ENGEL, Jacob B., 1871–

Class of 1896 Law.

Born in New York, 1871; studied in public school; graduated A.B., College of the City of New York, 1890; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1896; practicing lawyer since 1896.

JACOB B. ENGEL, A.B., LL.B., comes of German ancestry, and is the son of Leopold and Hannah Engel. He was born in New York City on February 25, 1871, and was educated in its public school system. He was graduated from Grammar School No. 4 in 1885, and from the College of the City of New York in 1890, with the Baccalaureate degree. For his professional training he came to New York University, and in 1896 was graduated from its Law School with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. Since that time he has been a member of the Bar, in active and successful practice. On December 31, 1895, he was married to Esther Schlesinger. His office is at No. 132 Nassau Street, and his home at No. 107 West 114th Street, New York City.

FURTHMAN, Charles August, 1872–

Class of 1896 Law.

Born in New York, 1872; attended public schools; graduated Harlem and New York evening high schools; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1896; admitted to Bar, 1897; in active practice.

CHARLES AUGUST FURTHMAN, LL.B., son of Charles August and Meta (Cooper) Furthman, of English and German descent, was

born in New York on January 16, 1872. His father died in August, 1883, and thereafter he was thrown upon his own resources. He attended the public schools until January, 1888, when he entered the law office of Harry Overington of New York, as an office boy. He remained in that office until January, 1900, working his way up to the place of Managing Clerk. Meantime he attended the Harlem evening high school in 1888–91, and in the latter year was graduated from it, having taken during his course prizes in mathematics and the first prize in Latin. He then entered the New York evening

CHAS. A. FURTHMAN

high school, took prizes in Latin and first honorable mention in political economy and in debating, and was graduated with honors in 1894. In the fall of 1894 he entered the Law School of New York University. In his Junior year he won honorable mention for the Elliott F. Shepard Scholarship. He received honorable mention in his Senior examination, and was graduated with honors, with the degree of Bachelor of Laws, in June, 1896. In February, 1897, he was admitted to the Bar by the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court. Since January 2, 1900, he has been engaged in practice on his own account, with offices at Third Avenue and 148th Street, Borough of The Bronx, New York. His practice is chiefly in the civil courts, and deals largely with real estate and surrogate's cases. He is a member of the Delta Chi Fraternity and Club, the Bar Association of the Borough of The Bronx, the Schnorer Club, the Alumni Association of the New York University Law School, the Free and Accepted Masons, the Royal Arch Masons, the Knights Templar, and the Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. His home is at No. 285 Alexander Avenue, The Bronx, New York.

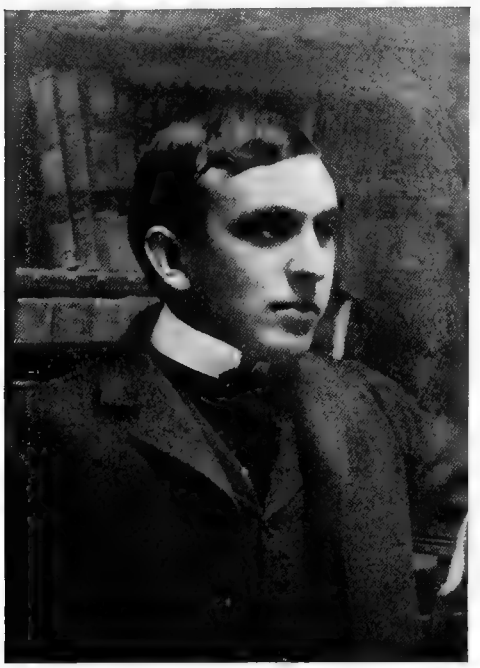
GIBSON, Frederick Seward, 1876-1900.

Class of 1896 Arts, 1898 Law.

Born in New York, 1876; studied in private schools; Columbia College, 1892-94; prize winner in New York University; graduated A.B., New York University, 1896; LL.B., New York University Law School, 1898; lawyer; Secretary of Sagaponack Realty Company; founder of prize at New York University; died 1900.

FREDERICK SEWARD GIBSON, A.B., LL.B., was a son of Hanson Cox Gibson (New York University, 1854) and Mary Boyd (Wharton) Gibson, and was born in New York City on June 16, 1876. At eight years of age he entered school under a German teacher. At eleven years of age he entered the Barnard School in Harlem, New York City, and the next year won the first prize in declamation, in competition with a class then preparing for admission to college. A year was spent at the Horace Mann School, in manual training, physics, chemistry, English, etc. Finally he was prepared for college at M. W. Lyons's School in New York, taking first rank and winning many prizes in English, Greek and Latin. Before he was sixteen years old he passed the Columbia College entrance examinations without conditions, and in October, 1892, entered that institution, where he spent his Freshman and Sophomore years and won the Sophomore Greek prize. Then he came to New York University, entering the Junior class (on certificate) in October, 1894. In that year he won the A. Ogden Butler Prize, and on June 4, 1896, two weeks before his twentieth birthday, he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. He was a member of Psi Upsilon and of Phi Beta Kappa. In the fall of 1896 he entered the New York University Law School, and at the end of the first year won the Elliott F. Shepard Prize, ranking first in a class of two hundred and ten members. In June, 1898, he was graduated with the Baccalaureate degree in Law, ranking third in his class. He entered the law office of Opdyke, Willcox & Bristow of New York in January,

1897. In June, 1898, he was admitted to the Bar, and in July, 1898, became connected with Opdyke, Willcox & Bristow, and retained that connection until his death. He was a Trustee of the Pringle Memorial Home at Poughkeepsie, New York, and



FREDERICK S. GIBSON

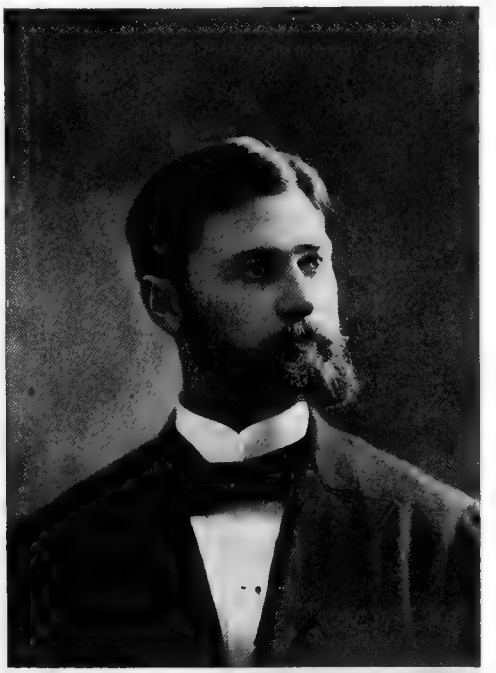
an incorporator, Trustee and Secretary of the Sagaponack Realty Company at Sagaponack, New York. He was the Founder of the Frederick Seward Gibson Prize at New York University, which is the income of a fund of $1,500, to be paid annually to the member of the Senior class producing the best essay. Mr. Gibson died on October 8, 1900, greatly lamented by all who knew him. The members of Delta Chapter of Psi Upsilon have erected a fine window to his memory in their Chapter House at University Heights. This window, the work of Maitland Armstrong, was formally unveiled in December, 1901, the address of presentation being made by Dr. Charles S. Benedict, and that of acceptance by Gerard B. Townsend.

GILLETTE, James Frederic, 1868

Class of 1896 Med.

Born at Owego, N. Y., 1868; studied at Owego Free Academy; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1896; prominent as a singer; in medical practice in New York.

JAMES FREDERIC GILLETTE, M.D., is a son of Luther William and Frances Osgood (Gould) Gillette, and was born at Owego, Tioga



J. FREDERIC GILLETTE

County, New York, on December 19, 1868. He studied at the Owego Free Academy, and then, in 1888, went to New York City, where for several years he devoted himself to musical pursuits with conspicuous success. He was prominent as a concert and oratorio singer, and for seven years was baritone soloist in the choir of Plymouth Church, Brooklyn. He was a member of the Musurgia, Apollo, Musical, Art, and Arion societies, and was a soloist with the Arion Society during its memorable tour in Germany in 1892. In 1893 he entered the New York University Medical College, and was elected President of his class. He was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1896, and since that date has been in practice in New York. He was married on September 27, 1897, to Anna Gertrude Sanford of Buffalo, New York.

GLENNON, James Thomas, 1870–

Class of 1896 Vet.

Born in Newark, N. J., 1870; studied in parochial and public schools; graduated D.V.S., New York Veteri-

nary College, 1896; in practice since 1897; Veterinary Surgeon to Newark Fire Department.

JAMES THOMAS GLENNON, D.V.S., is of Irish ancestry, and the son of James and Ellen (Burns) Glennon. He was born in the City of

JAMES T. GLENNON

Newark, New Jersey, on May 21, 1870, and was educated in the local public and parochial schools. For some years he was employed in the stationery business, and then turned his attention to veterinary medicine and surgery. For three years he studied under W. F. Harrison, D.V.S., of Bloomfield, New Jersey. In the session of 1893–94 he was matriculated at the New York Veterinary College, now a part of New York University, and in the following year became a student in that institution. He was graduated in 1896 as the Valedictorian of his class. In 1897 he succeeded to the practice of Andrew G. Vogt, D.V.S., in Newark, Dr. Vogt having retired from practice in order to accept the office of Receiver of Taxes for the City of Newark. Since that time Dr. Glennon has been in profitable practice in Newark. He has been Veterinarian to the Board of Public Works of Newark, and to the Essex County Park Commissioners, and is now Veterinarian to the Newark Salvage Corps, and since December 20, 1899, to the Newark Fire Department, in which position he has made a most enviable reputation. He is a member of the Alumni Association of the New York Veterinary College, and of the Veterinary Department of New York University, and of the American and New Jersey Veterinary associations. He was married on January 2, 1901, to Mary E. Quinn, and lives at No. 109 Plane Street, Newark, with offices at No. 119 of the same street.

HUBBY, Lester Mead, 1871–

Class of 1896 Med.

Born in Cleveland, Ohio, 1871; studied in public schools and private military academies; at Lehigh University one year; graduated Ph.B., Cornell University, 1893; Western Reserve University Medical School two years; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1896; served in Harlem Hospital, 1896-98; Bellevue Dispensary, 1900; Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital, 1902; in active practice in New York.

LESTER MEAD HUBBY, PH.B., M.D., is descended from English ancestors who came to this country about the middle of the Seventeenth Century, and played an active part in colonial and

LESTER M. HUBBY

revolutionary times. His grandfather, Leander Mead Hubby, was one of the first settlers of Cleveland, Ohio, and became President of the C. C. C. & I. Railroad, now popularly known as the "Big

Four;" and his father, Frank Winfield Hubby, was President of the Powell Tool Company of Cleveland for many years, until his retirement from business. Dr. Hubby was born in Cleveland on November 22, 1871, the son of Frank Winfield and Katherine Maria (Germain) Hubby, and in his childhood attended the public schools of that city. Next he went to the Brooks Military Academy in Cleveland, and then to the Trinity Military Institute at Tivoli, New York. At the last named institution he was prepared for college, and accordingly he entered Lehigh University, where he spent the year 1889–90. The next three years were spent at Cornell University, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy in June, 1893. The two academic years 1893–95 were spent in the Western Reserve University Medical School, and then he came to the New York University Medical College for a year, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in June, 1896. Two years of service on the staff of the Harlem Hospital followed. In 1900 he became Attending Physician in Children's Diseases in the Bellevue Hospital Dispensary, and in 1902 he also became Assistant Surgeon at the Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital, in the Nose and Throat Department. Dr. Hubby is a Fellow of the New York Academy of Medicine, and a member of the New York County Medical Society, the Medical Society of Greater New York, and the New York Sigma Chi Alumni Association. In politics he is a Republican, but he has held no political office. His city address is No. 40 West 84th Street, New York, and his summer home is in Twilight Park in the Catskills.

HYNES, John Joseph, 1873–

Class of 1896 Law.

Born in New York, 1873; studied in public schools and College of City of New York; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1896, and LL.M., 1897; in practice since 1896.

JOHN JOSEPH HYNES, son of Michael and Mary (Souren) Hynes, was born in New York City on May 10, 1873, and was educated in the public schools and the College of the City of New York. From the latter he proceeded to the Law School of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1896, with first honorable mention in his class. In 1897 he received the post-graduate degree of Master of Laws from the University. He has been engaged in the practice of his profession since 1896, at No. 181 Broadway, New York. In college he was a member of the Delta Chi Fraternity, and he is now a member of the Delta Chi Club, the Knights of

JOHN J. HYNES

Columbus, the Schnorer Club of The Bronx, the Twenty-third Ward Property Owners' Association, and the Marcy Democratic Club. In politics he is a Democrat and a member of Tammany Hall.

KLEIN, William, 1876–

Class of 1896 Law.

Born in New York, 1876; studied in public schools; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1896; in practice since 1897; counsel and commissioner in various important suits.

WILLIAM KLEIN, LL.B., one of the most active and progressive of the younger generation of lawyers in New York City, is a son of Adolph and Rosa (Propper) Klein and grandson of William Klein, a veteran of the Austrian Army. He was born in New York City on October 13, 1876, and received his early education in the public schools, being graduated from Grammar School No. 4. He then entered the Law School of New York University and was graduated from it with the degree of Bachelor of Laws on June 12, 1896. Long before entering the Law School, how-

ever, at the age of thirteen years, he entered the office of Joseph E. Newburger, in New York, as a law student and remained there during his university course. At the age of sixteen he became Managing Clerk of that office, and held that place until he opened his own office as a practicing lawyer, at No. 220 Broadway, in January, 1897, where he is still in practice. Mr. Klein first came into prominence at the Bar as counsel for the plaintiff in the case of Appleton against Welch as Receiver, in which case he established the principle that a receiver as such is liable for goods and chattels entrusted to him. This action arose through the plaintiff's entering a hotel and leaving his overcoat in charge of one of the employees. On his leaving the hotel after having dined the coat was not to be found. Action was brought to recover the value of the coat and judgment was obtained, which judgment on appeal was affirmed by the full Bench of the Supreme Court. Thereafter Mr. Klein became counsel for the Leo Von Raven Publishing Company and after a two years' legal conflict succeeded in consolidating that company with the Frank V. Strauss Company, thereby uniting two of the largest theatre programme publishing concerns in the world. He is now counsel for several New York theatres and European theatrical interests, and is Secretary of the Lederer Amusement Company, a corporation exploiting various musical comedies and comic operas. He also is counsel for a number of theatrical writers and musical composers, for a number of large manufacturing and mercantile establishments, for several of the leading newspapers of Philadelphia, and for most of the large printing houses in that city, and for the steamship ticket agents of the Atlantic lines in London. From 1894 to 1898 he was the representative of the official Law Reporter in the City of New York. He prepared for publication and annotated the opinions of the General Term of the City Court of the City of New York, but was compelled to resign that work on account of his own law practice. On November 24, 1901, he was appointed a Commissioner by the United States Circuit Court of Montana in the great Amalgamated Copper fight. He served in the suit of John McGuinniss against the Boston and Montana Copper Company and William G. Rockefeller, H. H. Rogers, James Stillman, Anson R. Flower, Frederick B. Olcott, P. J. McIntosh and Leonard Lewisohn were ordered to appear before him for examination. In this hearing he declared Mr. Flower in contempt of court for refusing to be sworn before him, and Judge Lacombe in the United States Circuit Court affirmed the ruling. He was again appointed on January 9, 1902, Commissioner in the action of the Boston and Montana Consolidated Copper and Silver Mining Company against the Montana Ore Purchasing Company, and in the suit of the Butte and Boston Consolidated Mining Company against the Montana Ore Company, to examine and take the testimony of the same witnesses as before, all of whom were Directors of the Amalgamated Copper Company. During this hearing Mr. McIntosh refused to testify and Mr. Klein held him guilty of contempt of court and was again sustained by Judge Lacombe in that ruling. For the third time, on February 27, 1902, Mr. Klein was similarly appointed a Commissioner in the suit of E. Rollins Morse against the Montana Ore Purchasing Company, to take the testimony of Mr. Morse and the same witnesses as before, with some others. Mr. Klein is a Democrat in politics and is a member of the Democratic Club, the Knickerbocker Athletic Club, the Jefferson Club of the Sixteenth Assembly District, the Tammany Club of the Tenth Assembly District, the Medico-Legal Club, the Theatrical Business Men's Club, the Rodolph Sholom Sisterhood, and the Ohab Zedek Congregation. His office is at No. 220 Broadway and his home at No. 102 East 71st Street, New York.

KNOEPPEL, Harold Charles, 1875–

Class of 1896 Law.

Born in New York, 1875; studied in public schools and College of City of New York; studied in law offices and New York University Law School; graduated LL.B., 1896; in practice since 1896.

HAROLD CHARLES KNOEPPEL, LL.B., son of John H. and Louisa M. (Hornberger) Knoeppel, of German ancestry, was born on August 6, 1875, in what is now the Borough of The Bronx, New York City, where his family had been settled for four generations. He studied in the public schools, and was graduated from Grammar School No. 85 in 1890. A course in the College of the City of New York followed, and then he entered the Law School of New York University, also studying law in the offices of former State Senator Charles L. Guy and Former Civil Judge William G. McCrea. He was graduated in 1896 with the degree of Bachelor of Laws, and has ever since been engaged in the practice of the law. A large share of his clientage comes naturally from The

Bronx, and has to do with real estate and surrogate's cases. He has been successful in a number of important will suits, and looks after the interests of various large estates. He is a member of the Bar

HAROLD C. KNOEPPEL

Association of The Bronx, and a member and officer of the Masonic Order and the Royal Arcanum. In politics he is a Republican. He was married on September 24, 1900, to Elizabeth H. Brinckmann, and has two children: Louise and Harold J. H. Knoeppel. His home is at No. 543 East 139th Street, Borough of The Bronx, New York City.

LAMB, George Alfred, 1872–

Class of 1896 Law.

Born in London, 1872; studied in law office of Davies, Stone & Auerbach, and New York University Law School; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1896; in active practice since; prominent in corporation law.

GEORGE ALFRED LAMB, LL.B., one of the most prominent New York lawyers of his age, is of English nativity, having been born in London in 1872. Before attaining his majority, however, he decided to seek his fortune in some other and newer country. For a time he thought of going to South Africa, but finally decided in favor of the United States. On coming hither he elected to enter the legal profession, and with that end in view became a clerk and student in the office of the well known firm of Davies, Stone & Auerbach, where he received a valuable practical training, especially in that department of corporation law in which he has since won his chief distinction. At the same time he pursued a course in the evening division of the New York University Law School, and was graduated from that institution with the honors of his class in 1896. On being graduated and admitted to practice at the Bar of the State of New York, Mr. Lamb promptly began work on his own account. He formed a partnership with George A. Voss, under the title of Lamb & Voss. Mr. Voss had formerly been associated with the Hon. Elihu Root, one of the leaders of the New York Bar. This firm prospered until the end of 1900, when it was amicably dissolved. Then Mr. Lamb formed a partnership with ex-Judge Daniel W. Guernsey, under the title of Lamb & Guernsey, which firm is still in existence, at No. 135 Broadway and is pursuing a conspicuously successful and profitable career. While his practice is in a measure

GEORGE ALFRED LAMB

general, Mr. Lamb, as already noted, pays special attention to corporation law, and has particularly been concerned in protecting the legal rights of minority stockholders. In such work he has been

engaged in litigation against some of the most powerful corporations and financiers of the world, and has figured in some of the most sensational suits of recent years. Thus, in the summer of 1899 Mr. Lamb undertook the case of Marquand vs. The Federal Steel Company. He alleged that the Company had become very highly capitalized, and that its proposal to pay dividends at that time, only a few months after its organization, was not warranted by its financial condition, but was designed to induce the public to invest in its stock. He therefore prayed for an injunction, restraining the Company from paying dividends until the end of the year. The Directory of The Federal Steel Company included such financiers as J. Pierpont Morgan, D. O. Mills, Norman B. Ream, Marshall Field, and Anson R. Flower, and of course commanded the services and acted upon the advice of some of the ablest and most expert corporation lawyers in the country. The act of so young a lawyer as Mr. Lamb in boldly challenging the legality of their proceedings seemed startlingly presumptuous, but was vindicated by the action of Justice Thomas, of the United States Court, in granting the injunction prayed for. Another similar suit was brought in 1901 against the Consolidated Gas Company of New York. The Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company was also an object of Mr. Lamb's professional attention in behalf of a minority stockholder. Mr. Lamb was retained by Washington Seligman, in May, 1900, in a suit against John W. Gates, President of the American Steel and Wire Company, for alleged conspiracy. It was charged that Mr. Gates had inflated the price of his company's stock by issuing optimistic reports, thus inducing the public to invest therein, and had then sold the stock heavily, afterward depressing the price by means of a pessimistic interview. A panic ensued, and much excitement and indignation. Mr. Seligman ultimately withdrew his suit, but Mr. Lamb then personally persevered in it with some startling results. In 1902 occurred perhaps the most sensational of all Mr. Lamb's cases thus far, to wit, his suit against the Northern Securities Company, in which he subpœnaed and examined J. Pierpont Morgan as a witness. In all these cases Mr. Lamb has shown a masterful knowledge of the law, indomitable courage, and almost infinite tact and resource in contending, at times single-handed, with the great combinations opposed to him, and he has thus won a conspicuous place at the Bar and wide and favorable popularity with the public. In politics Mr. Lamb is a Democrat, and his relations with the management of that party are intimate and influential. He is a member of the Democratic, New York Athletic, Calumet, Lotos, and Phi Delta Phi clubs of New York, and is a Thirty-second Degree member of the Masonic Order.

LEVOR, Harry, 1873–

Class of 1896 Law.

Born in New York, 1873; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1896; in practice since 1896.

HARRY LEVOR, LL.B., attorney at law, son of Moses L. and Mina (Strauss) Levor, was born in New York City on October 20, 1873. He was graduated from the Law School of New York University with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1896. Since that date he has been successfully engaged in the practice of his profession. His address is No. 123 East 82nd Street, New York City.

LOMBARD, Guy Davenport, 1872–

Class of 1896 Med.

Born at Northampton, Mass., 1872; studied in private school, Fairfield Academy and Stamford High School; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1896; two years on House Staff of Bellevue Hospital; Assistant Instructor in Histology, Cornell University Medical College, since 1898; Attending Physician to Bellevue Dispensary since 1900.

GUY DAVENPORT LOMBARD, M.D., is descended through his father, James Kittredge Lombard, from John Lombard, who settled at Springfield, Massachusetts, in 1646, and from John Eliot, the renowned apostle to the Indians, from whom he is fifth in direct descent. Through his mother, whose maiden name was Elizabeth Ann Davenport, he is descended from Thomas Davenport, who first appears in colonial records as a member of the church at Dorchester, Massachusetts, on November 20, 1640. He was born at Northampton, Massachusetts, on January 11, 1872, and received his early education in a private school. He attended Fairfield Academy, and the Stamford High School in Connecticut, and then entered the New York University Medical College. From the last named institution he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in the Class of 1896, and immediately thereafter was enrolled on the House Staff of Bellevue Hospital, where he served for two years. In October, 1898, Dr. Lombard

was appointed an Assistant Instructor in Histology in the Cornell University Medical College, which place he still holds. Since January, 1900, he has also been an Attending Physician to the Bellevue

GUY D. LOMBARD

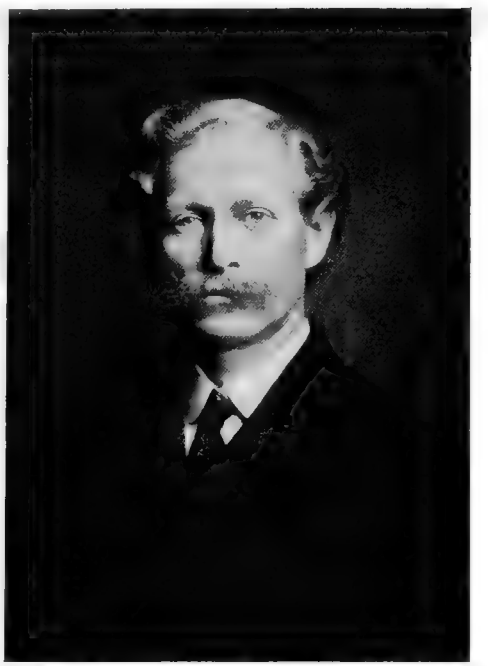
Dispensary. He is a member of Phi Alpha Sigma, of the Alumni Society of Bellevue Hospital, of the American Medical Association and of the New York State Medical Association, of which last he was elected Secretary in October, 1901. He was married on May 14, 1902, to Julie Groshon Phelps.

MALKIEL, Leon Andrew, 1866–

Class of 1896 Law.

Born in Russia, 1866; studied under tutors and in Russian gymnasia; came to America in 1881; in business until 1892; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1896; in practice since 1898.

LEON ANDREW MALKIEL, LL.B., son of Andrew and Elizabeth Leah (Balkin) Malkiel, belongs to one of the oldest and wealthiest Jewish families in Russia. The firm of Malkiel Brothers, of St. Petersburg and Moscow, was one of the foremost government contractors in the Turkish War of 1877–78, operating extensive tanneries and railroad shops. Two of Mr. Malkiel's uncles, Isaac and Samuel Malkiel, were made State Councilors by Alexander II., a distinction seldom conferred upon Hebrews in Russia. They were noted benefactors of various charities. Mr. Malkiel's mother was the Founder of the Hebrew Orphan Asylum at Tiflis in 1890.



LEON A. MALKIEL

The subject of this sketch was born in Moscow, Russia, on August 1, 1866, and studied under tutors until the age of eight years. Thereafter he studied in gymnasia at Moscow and at Tiflis until 1881, when he came to America. He was engaged in business at Morehead City and Beaufort, North Carolina, for some years, and then entered the Law School of New York University, from which he was graduated a Bachelor of Laws in 1896. In 1898 he was admitted to the Bar of the State of New York, and in 1900 to practice at the Bar of the Federal District courts. He is an Odd Fellow, and a Knight of the Maccabees. He was married to Theresa Serber on July 7, 1900, and has one child, Henrietta Leah Ruth Malkiel. His office is at No. 116 Nassau Street, and his home at No. 1719 Madison Avenue, New York City.

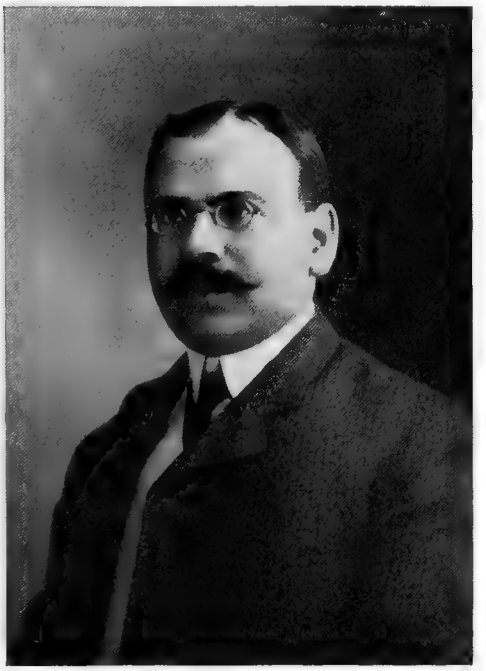
MORRISON, Isidore Dunowich, 1871–

Class of 1896 Law.

Born in Russia, 1871; studied at gymnasium at Suvalki, 1882-86; graduated LL.B., New York University

Law School, 1896; member of firm of Shapiro, Morrison & Shapiro; an organizer of Citizens' Union and Federation of American Zionists; magazine editor.

ISIDORE DUNOWICH MORRISON, LL.B., was born in Russia in 1871, and is a grandson of Benjamin Bishkowitz, who was a Circuit Judge



I. D. MORRISON

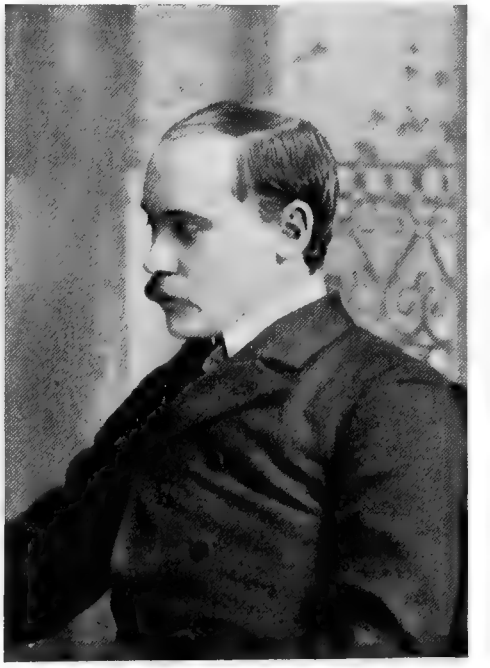
under the Polish Revolutionary Government of 1862. He studied at the gymnasium, or high school, at Suvalki, Russian Poland, from 1882 to 1886. Afterward he came to the United States, and was graduated from the Law School of New York University with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1896. He is now a member of the law firm of Shapiro, Morrison & Shapiro, which represents large building interests in New York. He was one of the organizers of the Citizens' Union, and of the Federation of American Zionists, and for four years was Honorary Secretary of the latter organization, being recognized as one of the leaders of the Zionist movement in America. He is a member of the Editorial Board of "The Maccabaean," a monthly Zionist magazine, and has written a number of articles on Zionism, and several short stories. He is Vice-President of the Leisure Hour Club, and a member of the Columbia Club and the Harlem Republican Club. His office is at No. 320 Broadway, and his home at No. 60 West 115th Street, New York.

O'NEIL, Paul Victor Cajetan, 1871–

Class of 1896 Law.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1871; studied in public schools; graduated A.B., St. John's College, Brooklyn, 1892, and A.M., 1895; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1896; in practice since 1896.

PAUL VICTOR CAJETAN O'NEIL, A.M., LL.B., was born in Brooklyn, New York, on August 7, 1871. Through his father, Augustine M. O'Neil, he is descended from Hugh O'Neil, Earl of Tyrone, Ireland, and through his mother, whose maiden name was Emeline (Patterson) O'Neil, from Charter De Bevoise, of Long Island, formerly of France. It is claimed that through his maternal grandfather he is descended from Robert Bruce, King of Scotland. He was educated in the public schools of Brooklyn, and in St. John's College in that city, from which he was graduated a Bachelor of Arts in 1892. During his college course he was President of its Literary Union, and was a prominent member of the College Catholic Club. After graduation he went to Washington, District of Columbia, for post-graduate studies in philosophy under



PAUL V. O'NEIL

Monsignor, now Cardinal, Satolli. He also studied philosophy and ethics at the College of St. Francis Xavier, New York. In 1895 he received the Master's degree in Arts from St. John's College, and in 1896

was graduated from the New York University Law School with the Baccalaureate degree in Law. He was admitted to the New York Bar in 1896, and to that of the Federal District courts in 1899, and since the former date has been in active practice. He is a prominent member of the Knights of Columbus. His office is at No. 1192 Broadway, Brooklyn, and his home is at No. 756 Willoughby Avenue, Brooklyn, New York.

PICK, Charles Jeffrey, 1874–

Class of 1896 Med.

Born in Elizabeth, N. J., 1874; studied in common schools and business college; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1896; in hospital service, 1896-98; in practice since 1898.

CHARLES JEFFREY PICK, M.D., son of Jacob and Jeannette (Krauskopf) Pick, of German ancestry, was born in Elizabeth, New Jersey, on August 12, 1874. He studied in the common schools of his native city, and in Coleman's Business College, Newark, New Jersey, and in 1893 entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which has since been incorporated with New York University. He was graduated with the Doctor's degree in 1896, and then did nearly two years' service as an Interne in St. Mark's Hospital, of the Alumni Association of which he is a member. Since 1898 he has been successfully engaged in private practice, his address being No. 117 East 86th Street, New York. He is a member of the New York State and New York County Medical associations.

PRINCE, Theodore, 1874–

Class of 1896 Law.

Born in Kempen, Germany, 1874; studied in public schools and College of City of New York; graduated LL.B., New York Law School, 1896; LL.M., New York University, 1897; in practice since 1896.

THEODORE PRINCE, LL.M., the son of German-Jewish parents, Samuel and Helen (Friedenthal) Prince, was born at Kempen, Germany, on February 22, 1874, and was brought to this country in early life. He studied in the public schools and the College of the City of New York, and then entered mercantile life, from 1890 to 1896. Meantime he studied law in evenings, and in 1893 became a student in the Metropolis Law School, which in 1894 was made a part of New York University. Accordingly, in 1896 Mr. Prince was graduated a Bachelor of Laws from New York University, and in 1897 he received the degree of Master of Laws from the same institution. He has been in successful practice since 1896, and is highly esteemed as an active, aggressive and conscientious lawyer. In politics he is an Independent Democrat, and he took an active part in the Citizens' Union movement in 1897, and in the Fusion Reform movement of 1901. He is a member of the Ethical Society, the Social Reform Club, the Columbia Club, the Knights of Pythias, and

THEODORE PRINCE

various Jewish charitable organizations. His office is at No. 320 Broadway, and his residence at No. 156 West 136th Street, New York.

REID, Robert William, 1870–

Class of 1896 Med.

Born in New York, 1870; studied in public schools; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1896; in hospital service for four years; in general practice since 1897.

ROBERT WILLIAM REID, M.D., son of William James and Eliza (Mawhinney) Reid, was born in New York City on August 3, 1870, and attended the public schools, from which he was graduated in 1884. He then entered mercantile life, meanwhile preparing for a professional career. In time he entered the New York Uni-

versity Medical College, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1896. During 1896–97 he was House Physician and Surgeon in the City or Charity Hospital and in the

R. W. REID

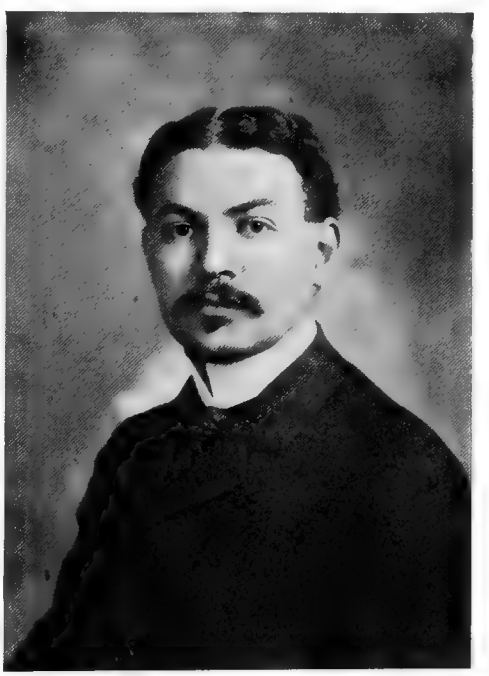
New York Maternity Hospital, and for the next three years he was connected with the Out-door Department of St. Mary's Hospital for Children. Since 1897 he has been regularly engaged in the practice of his profession. He is a member of the Harlem Medical Association, the Temple Club, Free and Accepted Masons, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and the United Order of the Golden Cross. In politics he is independent, with Democratic leanings. His address is No. 267 West 114th Street, New York.

RUBINO, Henry Adolph, 1873–

Class of 1896 Law.

Born in New York, 1873; studied in public school, Cooper Union, evening high school, and New York University Law School; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1896; practicing lawyer since 1897.

HENRY ADOLPH RUBINO, LL.B., is a son of Joseph C. and Antonia (Auer) Rubino, his father having formerly been a banker in London, and later connected with the Passenger Department of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company in New York City. He was born in New York City on February 25, 1873, and was educated in a public school, at the Cooper Union, and in an evening high school. In 1894 he devoted his attention to legal studies, in the Law School of New York University, and he was graduated in 1896 with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. Immediately upon graduation he was admitted to practice at the Bar, and began the active pursuit of his profession, in which he has since continued. He is a member of the firm of Kenneson, Crain, Emley & Rubino, the constituents of which, beside himself, are Clarence D. Ashley, Dean of the New York University Law School, Thaddeus D. Kenneson, Professor of Law in New York University, Thomas C. T. Crain, formerly Chamberlain of the City of New York, and Jay Noble Emley. The offices of the firm are at Nos. 11–13 William Street, New York. Mr. Rubino is a Democrat in politics, and is a member of the Democratic Club of New York. He also belongs to the New York State Bar Association, the Manhattan Chess Club (of which he was Secretary in



HENRY A. RUBINO

1898), the Hardware Club, and the Masonic Order. He was married on September 20, 1899, and has one child, a son. His home is at No. 7 East 87th Street, Manhattan, New York City.

SCHOENENBERGER, Frederick James, 1875–

Class of 1896 Med.

Born in New York, 1875; studied in parochial school, De La Salle Institute and Manhattan College; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1896; hospital service, 1896-98; in practice since 1898.

FREDERICK JAMES SCHOENENBERGER, M.D., who was born in New York City on July 30, 1875, is a son of Jacob J. and Barbara

FREDERICK J. SCHOENENBERGER

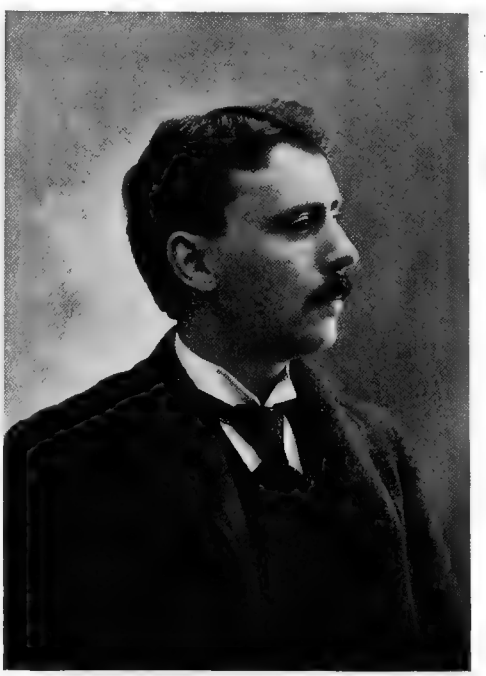
(Fiederlein) Schoenenberger, people of New York birth and of German ancestry. His maternal grandfather, Frederick Fiederlein, was the inventor of the brewers' mash machine and of various other brewery appliances. Dr. Schoenenberger was educated at the parochial school of St. John the Baptist, at the De La Salle Institute (commercial department), and at Manhattan College. Thence he proceeded to the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which has since become a part of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1896. The next two years were spent in service at St. Mark's Hospital, and six months more at the Lying-In Hospital. Since then he has served in the Out-door Departments of the New York, Presbyterian, and Hudson Street hospitals, of New York, and has been Assistant Surgeon at the New York Polyclinic. He is also at the present time, by appointment of the Department of Correction, Visiting Surgeon to the Workhouse and Penitentiary hospitals, Blackwell's Island. He has been regularly engaged in private practice since May 7, 1898. He is a member of the Clinical Society of the New York Polyclinic Medical School and Hospital, the New York County Medical Society, and the New York Physicians' Mutual Aid Association. He was married in October, 1902, to Mayme G. Donnelly, and resides at No. 344 West 29th Street, New York.

SHERMAN, John, 1875–

Class of 1896 Law.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1875; studied in private and public schools of Newark, N. J.; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1896; in practice since 1896; Chief Clerk, Law Department, City of Newark, since 1897.

JOHN SHERMAN, LL.B., son of Sylvester J. and Mary A. (Tilley) Sherman, of mingled English, Scotch and Dutch ancestry, was born in the City of Brooklyn, New York, on February 23, 1875, and received his education in public and pri-



JOHN SHERMAN

vate schools in Newark, New Jersey. For five years he studied law under Edward Livingstone Price, Corporation Counsel of the City of Newark, and he also pursued a course in the Law School of New

York University, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1896. In November, 1896, he was admitted to the New Jersey Bar, and has since then been steadily engaged in practice. Since February, 1897, he has been Chief Clerk of the Law Department of the City of Newark. He belongs to the Jefferson and North End clubs of Newark, and is a Democrat in politics. His address is No. 12 Taylor Street, Newark, New Jersey.

SHULTZ, P. David, 1861–

Class of 1896 Med.

Born in Missouri, 1861; studied in public schools; graduated Central College, Missouri, 1884; teacher, 1884-88; President of Clarence College, Missouri, 1888-93; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1896; in practice since 1897.

P. DAVID SHULTZ, M.D., is a son of Michael Shultz, a Pennsylvania Dutchman, and Sarah (Wright) Shultz, a West Virginian of English extrac-

P. DAVID SHULTZ

tion. He was born in Missouri on July 24, 1861, and spent his early life on a farm. He attended the public schools, and Central College, Missouri, from which latter, after a five years' course, he was graduated in 1884. He taught school in New Mexico in 1884–85, and in Arizona in 1886–88, and from 1888 to 1893 was President of Clarence College, Missouri. In the last named year he entered the Medical College of New York University, and in 1896 was graduated a Doctor of Medicine. After spending a year in Europe he began the practice of his profession in New York in 1897, and has since continued therein. For two years he had charge of the Loomis Hospital for Consumptives. He is an Instructor in Physical Diagnosis in the New York University and Bellevue Hospital Medical School, and a member of the Academy of Medicine, the American Medical Association, the New York County Medical Society and the Medical Society of New York University. He is also a Free Mason and an Odd Fellow. He was married on February 4, 1885, to Allie Erwin, and lives at No. 223 West 48th Street, New York.

SKENE, Frederick, 1874–

Class of 1896 Sci.

Born at Garrisons, N. Y., 1874; studied in public schools and Pratt Institute; graduated B.S. and C.E., New York University, 1896; in railroad service during college vacations; Office of County Engineer of Queens County, New York, 1896; Assistant Engineer, Department of Highways, New York City, 1898; Acting Engineer in charge, Borough of Queens, 1899; Engineer in charge of highways, Borough of Queens, since 1902.

FREDERICK SKENE, B.S., son of Thomas and Mary (Parry) Skene, comes on the paternal side, as his name indicates, from a family long eminent in Aberdeen, Scotland, several of whose members have attained distinction in the United States. On the maternal side his ancestry is Welsh. He was born at Garrisons-on-the-Hudson, New York, on July 25, 1874, but has spent most of his life in Queens County, New York. He attended the public schools of Long Island City, and was prepared for college at Pratt Institute in Brooklyn. He was graduated from University College, New York University, in the Class of 1896, receiving in 1897 the degrees of Bachelor of Science and of Civil Engineering. During the summer vacations of his college course he was employed at practical engineering work in 1892, 1893 and 1894 with the Illinois Central Railroad, and in 1895 with the Long Island Railroad. He was in the office of the Chief Engineer of each of these roads. On June 13, 1896, he was appointed in the office of the County Engineer of Queens County, New York, and thus served until the bulk of that county was incorporated into the City of New York, when, on

January 1, 1898, he was made an Assistant Engineer of the Department of Highways of New York. He was made Acting Engineer in charge of the Department of Highways of the Borough of Queens, in

FREDERICK SKENE

February, 1899, and since January 1, 1902, has been Engineer in charge of that Department. He is a Free and Accepted Mason, Royal Arch Mason, Knight Templar, and Noble of the Mystic Shrine, and a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He was married on February 25, 1902, to Hermina Christina Wienholz, and lives at No. 411 Lockwood Street, Astoria, Borough of Queens, New York.

STEWART, Robert Alexander, 1876–

Class of 1896 Law.

Born in New York, 1876; studied in public schools and College of City of New York; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1896, and LL.M., 1897; in practice since 1897.

ROBERT ALEXANDER STEWART, LL.M., son of John and Elizabeth J. (Mains) Stewart, is of Scotch ancestry and was born in the City of New York on August 4, 1876. He studied in the public schools and in the College of the City of New York, and then entered the Law School of New York University. He was graduated from the latter with the Bachelor's degree in 1896, and received the Master's degree in 1897. He was admitted to the Bar in 1897, and has been engaged in practice ever since. He is a member of the Seventh Regiment, New York National Guard, of the Masonic Order, and of the Phi Gamma Delta Fraternity and Phi Delta Phi Legal Fraternity. His home is at No. 147 West 94th Street, New York.

SUTORIUS, Francis Alexis, 1875–

Class of 1896 Med.

Born at Camp Sheridan, Neb., 1875; studied in public schools and College of the City of New York; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1896; in practice since 1896; in hospital service.

FRANCIS ALEXIS SUTORIUS, M.D., is a son of John Alexander Sutorius and Mercy (Tompkins) Sutorius, and was born at Camp Sheridan, Nebraska, on January 21, 1875. His father was of French and his mother was of American (English) ancestry. He was educated in the public schools and College of the City of New York, and in 1896, after a three years' course, was graduated

FRANCIS A. SUTORIUS

from the Medical College of New York University with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. During his college life he was prominent in athletics, especially in baseball and lacrosse, being Manager and Captain

of the Lacrosse Team in 1895. In 1894–95 also he was an Inspector in the Engineering Department for the United States Government. After graduation he served for a year in the Almshouse and Workhouse hospitals, and then for three years was a Visiting Physician to St. Joseph's Hospital. For four years he was a medical examiner for the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company. He is a member of the Medical Society of The Bronx, and of the Harlem Democratic Club. He was married on April 25, 1894, and has two children: Francis and Eugene Sutorius. His address is No. 829 East 165th Street, New York.

THOMPSON, Sidney Welles, 1873–

Class of 1896 Med.

Born at Owego, N. Y., 1873; studied at Owego High School, 1878-88, and Riverview Academy, Poughkeepsie, 1888-92; entered New York University Medical College, 1893; graduated M.D., 1896; in practice since 1896; County Surgeon, Tioga County, New York, since 1898.

SIDNEY WELLES THOMPSON, M.D., who was born at Owego, Tioga County, New York, on February 10, 1873, is a son of Clarence A. Thompson and grandson of Anthony D. Thompson. His mother, whose maiden name was Dorinda Experience Truman, was a daughter of Lyman and Emily M. (Goodrich) Truman, and grand-daughter of Aaron Truman, who went to Owego from Granville, Berkshire County, Massachusetts, in 1804, and was one of the pioneer settlers there. Dr. Thompson was a student in the Owego High School from 1878 to 1888, and from 1888 to 1892 in the Riverview Academy, Poughkeepsie, New York. In the latter he was Assistant Instructor in Tactics in 1892. In the fall of 1893 he entered the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine on May 5, 1896. He began the practice of his profession in Owego, with Dr. G. B. Lewis, in June, 1896, and in March, 1897, opened an office of his own at No. 118 Front Street, Owego, where he is still engaged in practice. Since 1898 he has been County Surgeon of Tioga County. He is a Republican in politics, a Mason, a Knight Templar, and a Noble of the Mystic Shrine. He also belongs to the Dobson Club of Binghamton, New York, to the Owego Golf Club, and to the Tioga Club of Owego. He was married on October 12, 1897, to Mary Augusta Davis, and has one child, Emily Dorinda Thompson.

S. W. THOMPSON

TURCK, Raymond Custer, 1874–

Class of 1896 Med.

Born at Alma, Mich., 1874; studied in public school, college preparatory school, Michigan Military Academy, and University of Michigan; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1896; in hospital practice, 1896-97; in practice since 1897; extensive hospital practice; Instructor and Professor in Chicago Post-Graduate Medical School, and University of Illinois; Surgeon to Illinois Naval Militia; writer on surgical topics.

RAYMOND CUSTER TURCK, M.D., a prominent physician and surgeon of Chicago, Illinois, was born at Alma, Michigan, on October 12, 1874. Through his father, William S. Turck, he is descended from early Dutch settlers of New York, and through his mother, whose maiden name was Louise Ely, he is a grandson of General Ralph Ely, and a descendant of the New England and English Ely family, the Halstead family, and the Emmet family. He studied in the Alma Union School, the Alma College Preparatory School, and the Michigan Military Academy, Class of 1892. Thence he went to the University of Michigan, and studied in both its literary and medical departments. Finally he came to the Medical College of

New York University, and was graduated with the Doctor's degree in 1896. Thereafter for a time he served as Assistant to Dr. I. N. Brainerd in the Brainerd Surgical Hospital at Alma, Michigan, and was Surgeon-in-charge of the Michigan Soldiers' Home Hospital at Grand Rapids in 1897. In the latter year he began the general practice of his profession at Lansing, Michigan, and was also Attending Surgeon to the Lansing City Hospital. In 1898 he was engaged in post-graduate work in New York hospitals, and in that year settled in Chicago, Illinois, where he has since remained. In September, 1898, he was first Surgical Assistant to Dr. Alexander Hugh Ferguson, and in November, 1898, Instructor in Surgery in the Chicago Post-Graduate Medical School. He was appointed a Demonstrator of Anatomy and Operative Surgery in the same institution in January, 1899, and since December, 1899, has been Professor of Anatomy and Operative Surgery there. Since 1900 he has also been Director of the Post-Graduate Laboratory. From April, 1900, to April, 1902, he was Secretary, Treasurer and Surgeon-in-charge of the Chicago Hospital. Since June, 1901, he has been Adjunct Professor of Surgery in the University of Illinois, and he is now also Surgeon to the Post-Graduate, Chicago, and Samaritan hospitals, and was Surgeon to the First Ship's Crew of the Illinois Naval Militia. He is Lieutenant commanding the Fourth Division of the Chicago Naval Reserve. He has written treatises on various surgical topics. He is a Fellow of the Chicago Academy of Medicine, and a member of the American Medical Association, the Chicago Medical Society, the Western Surgical and Gynecological Association, the Kenwood Club, the Chicago Athletic Club, the Chicago Gun Club, the Chicago Yacht Club, the Knights Templar, and Zeta Psi and Phi Rho Sigma fraternities. He was married on August 10, 1898, to Bertha Bouton, and has two children: Mary Persis Bouton and Eleanor Louise Turck. His address is the Columbus Memorial Building, No. 103 State Street, Chicago, Illinois.

WHITE, William Angus, 1873–

Class of 1896 Med.

Born at Millbrook, Canada, 1873; studied in high school and Trinity University; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1896; in practice since 1896.

WILLIAM ANGUS WHITE, M.D., of New York City, is a Canadian by nativity having been born at Millbrook, Ontario, Canada, on July 30, 1873. His parents were Thomas and Mary Ann (Wood) White. He studied in the Bowmanville High School in Canada, and also in the Medical Department of Trinity University. Then he came to the New York University Medical College, and was graduated in 1896 with the Doctor's degree. Since July, 1896, he has been practicing his profession in New York City, at No. 461 West 43rd Street. He is a member of the Canadian Society of New York, and of the British Schools

WILLIAM A. WHITE

and Universities Club. He was married on December 27, 1900, to Mary Mosetta James, and has one child, Mary Mildred White.

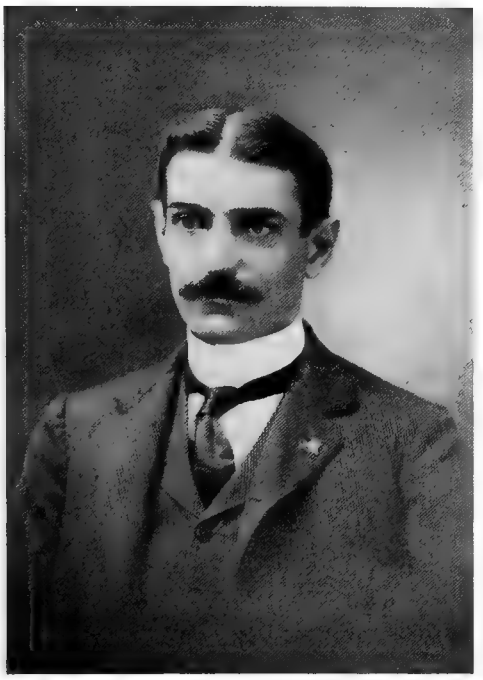
ZUCKER, Frederick Adolph, 1874–

Class of 1896 Vet.

Born in New York, 1874; studied in public and private schools; graduated D.V.S., American Veterinary College, 1896; in practice since 1896.

FREDERICK ADOLPH ZUCKER, D.V.S., son of George and Mary (Butz) Zucker, was born in New York City on April 30, 1874, his father being a native of Bayern, and his mother of Baden, Germany. In early childhood he attended a private school, and later was graduated from a New York public school. In 1893 he entered the

American Veterinary College, which is now incorporated with New York University, and after a three years' course was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Veterinary Surgery in 1896. Since that



F. A. ZUCKER

date he has been steadily engaged in the practice of his profession, and has also conducted a horseshoeing establishment where all malformations of the hoof are corrected by proper shoeing. Dr. Zucker is a Deputy Health Inspector, and Dairy Inspector for the City of Elizabeth, New Jersey, also Veterinary to all the city departments, and is a member of the Royal Arcanum, the Woodmen of the World, the United States Veterinary Medical Association, the New Jersey Veterinary Association, and the Medical Society of the American Veterinary College. He was married on September 28, 1899, to Minnie Isabel Keenan, and has one child, Frederick Henry George Zucker. His address is No. 112 Cherry Street, Elizabeth, New Jersey.

BLATZ, Francis Joseph, 1875–

Class of 1897 Law.

Born in Plainfield, N. J., 1875; educated at North Plainfield High School; studied law in private offices; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1897; attorney at law in New Jersey, 1897; counselor, 1900; attorney and counselor United States Circuit and District Courts, 1901; in practice at Plainfield, N. J., since 1897.

FRANCIS JOSEPH BLATZ, LL.B., was born in the City of Plainfield, New Jersey, on June 24, 1875, the son of Joseph A. and Elizabeth K. Blatz. He was educated in local schools, and was graduated from the excellent North Plainfield High School in June, 1893. Intent upon a legal career, he then immediately entered as a student the law office of Judge Ulrich in Plainfield, and remained there until December, 1894, at which time he entered the office of Mayor John H. Van Winkle in a similar capacity, and remained there until June 9, 1897. Meantime, on October 1, 1895, he entered the Law School of New York University and pursued its regular course. In June, 1897, he was graduated from the University with the degree of Bachelor of Laws, and at about the same time was admitted to practice in New Jersey as an attorney at law. Three years later, on June 11, 1900, he was admitted to the rank of counselor at law in the same state. On June 24, 1901, he was admitted to practice in the United States Circuit and

FRANCIS J. BLATZ

District courts, as an attorney and counselor at law. Mr. Blatz formed, in July, 1897, a partnership with Clarence L. Murphy, under the firm name of Murphy & Blatz, with offices in Plainfield. In

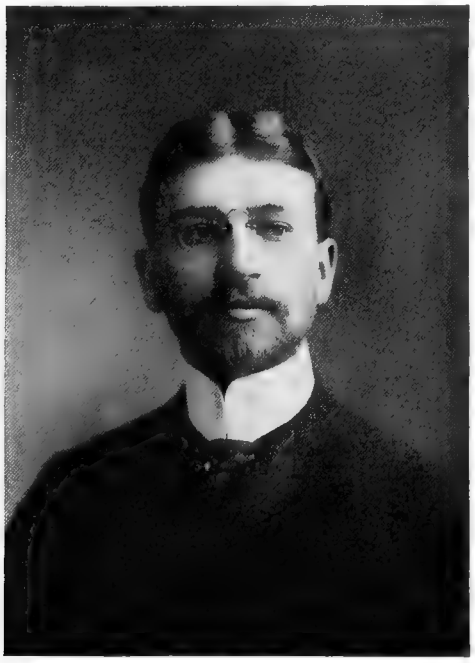
January, 1902, the partnership was dissolved, since which time Mr. Blatz has been practicing alone in Plainfield. He is a member of the Somerset County, New Jersey, Bar Association, and is an active member of the Republican party.

BREMER, John Henry, 1877–

Class of 1897 Med.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1877; studied in common and high schools; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1897; in practice, with hospital service, since 1897; eye specialist.

JOHN HENRY BREMER, M.D., son of John and Katherine (Hein) Bremer, is of German ancestry, and was born in the City of Brooklyn, New York, on January 13, 1877. He studied in the public schools of that city, including the high school, and thence went to the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which has since been incorporated with New York University. From it he was graduated with the Doctor's degree in 1897. Since then he has been engaged in the practice of his profession, making diseases of the eye his specialty, and has served in St. John's Hospital, St. Vincent's Hospital, the New York Eye and Ear Hospital, and as an eye specialist in the Out-door Department of Bellevue Hospital. He has also been a trainer in the gymnasium of the Young Men's Christian Association. He was married on June 18, 1902, to Florence E. Barling, and lives at No. 650 Leonard Street, Brooklyn, New York.



J. HENRY BREMER

CAIRE, Gilbert Frederick, 1876–

Class of 1897 Law.

Born at Huntington, N. Y., 1876; studied in public and private schools, and business college; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1897; in practice and business at Huntington since 1897.

GILBERT FREDERICK CAIRE, LL.B., son of John Scudder Caire and a descendant of the Caire, Smith and Ketcham families of Long Island, was born at Huntington, Suffolk County, New York, on November 4, 1876. He attended the public union school at that place and also a private school. In 1894 he was graduated from the Long Island Business College, and then studied law with the Hon. Thomas Young, who for several years was Judge of Suffolk County, New York, and entered the Law School of New York University. He was graduated from the latter with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1897, and since that date has been engaged in the practice of his profession and the conduct of an extensive real estate, insurance and

GILBERT F. CAIRE

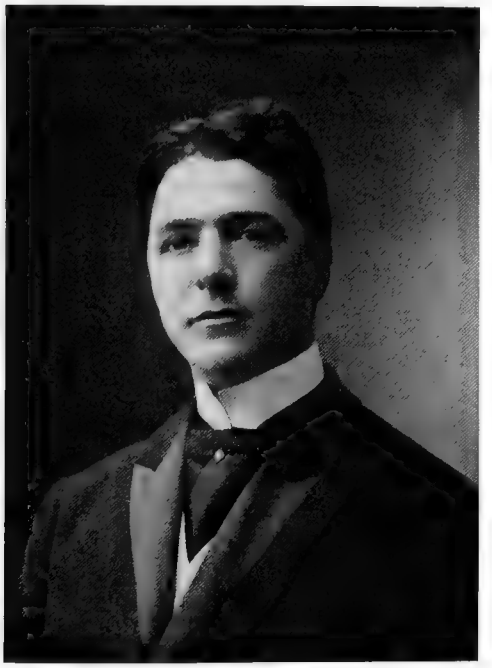
collecting business, at Huntington. He is a member and Secretary of the Nathan Hale Council 1121 Royal Arcanum, a member of the Protestant Episcopal church, and a Democrat in politics. He was married to Bessie Longbotham on January 29, 1896.

CURTIN, Thomas Hayes.

Class of 1897 Med.

Born at Bagnalstown, Ireland; studied in public schools and College of the City of New York; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1897; House Surgeon, St. Vincent's Hospital, 1897-99; Coroner's Physician, New York, since 1899.

THOMAS HAYES CURTIN, M.D., is of Irish ancestry and birth, the family having formerly been settled at Ennis, County Clare. He was



T. H. CURTIN

born at Bagnalstown, County Carlow, the son of David P. and Elizabeth (Hayes) Curtin, and was brought to the United States when six years old. He studied in the public schools and in the college of the City of New York, and then entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, and was graduated in 1897 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. For two years thereafter he was a House Surgeon at St. Vincent's Hospital. Since 1899 he has been Coroner's Physician in the Borough of The Bronx, New York. He is also a Visiting Physician to St. Joseph's Hospital. He belongs to the Celtic Medical Society, the Phi Alpha Sigma Medical Fraternity, and the Alumni Society of St. Vincent's Hospital. In politics he is a Democrat. He was married in 1902 to Lavinia A. Monahan, and lives at No. 1155 Boston Road, Borough of The Bronx, New York

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DE YOANNA, Aurelius, 1861–

Class of 1897 Med.

Born in Italy, 1861; studied in Royal Gymnasium, Avellino, Italy, in Royal Polyclinical School, Galileo Galilei, Italy, in the Zurich Polyclinical School, Switzerland, and in the University of Paris, France; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1897; Chemist to Bacteriological and Hygienic Bureau, Paris, 1891-93; Attending Physician Bellevue Hospital, New York, 1897-99; in practice, New York, since 1897.

AURELIUS DE YOANNA, M.D., who was born in Italy on December 21, 1861, is a son of Dr. Pasquale De Yoanna and his wife, Gaetana Botticelli. Dr. Pasquale De Yoanna was in the sixth generation of a line of physicians of that same name, and was honorary physician to King Ferdinand of Naples, the next to the last of that line of Bourbon monarchs. Gaetana Botticelli was the last lineal descendant to bear the name of Botticelli, the illustrious painter, and was the daughter of an officer of Napoleon's Army, who was killed in Italy while he was recruiting troops after the disastrous retreat from Moscow. In early boyhood Aurelius De Yoanna was educated under Professor Forte, a member of the Jesuit Society. Then he spent six years in the Royal Gymnasium, Avellino, Italy; six in the Royal Polyclinical School, Galileo Galilei, Naples, Italy; and two years in the French Department of the Zurich Polyclinical School, Switzerland. From the last named he went to Paris and spent some time in its great University, and from 1891 to 1893 was Chief Chemist of the Bacteriological and Hygienic Bureau of the Municipal Government of Paris. From Paris he came to the United States and became a student in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University. There he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1897, and since that time he has been steadily engaged in the practice of his profession in New York City. In 1897–1899 he was an Attending Physician to Bellevue Hospital in the Department of Nervous Diseases. He is a member of the Italian Medical Society of New York, of the New York Society for the Relief of

Widows and Orphans of Medical Men and Chairman of the Italian Democratic Club of the Sixth Ward

AURELIUS DE YOANNA

of Brooklyn. He was married in 1886 to Teresa Mottola, and has four children: Gaetano, Saverio, Alfred, and Consuelo De Yoanna. His address is Brooklyn, New York.

DOUGHERTY, James Francis, 1874–

Class of 1897 Med.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1874; studied in common and high schools; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1897; Interne at St. Catherine's Hospital, 1897, and Surgeon since that date; in practice since 1898.

JAMES FRANCIS DOUGHERTY, M.D., comes of Irish ancestry, and is the son of James Francis Dougherty and Catharine L. (Corcoran) Dougherty. He was born in Brooklyn, New York, on August 29, 1874, and studied in the public schools, being graduated from the Boys' High School in 1891. He pursued his professional studies in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which is now a part of New York University, and was graduated with the Doctor's degree in the fall of 1896, though reckoned as a member of the Class of 1897. For a time he served as an Interne in St. Catherine's Hospital, and since December 1, 1897, has been connected with its Dispensary as Surgeon. He has been engaged in general professional practice since May 1, 1898. He is a member of the Seneca Club of Brooklyn, and the Brooklyn Medical Society, and lives at No. 253 Marcy Avenue, Brooklyn, New York.

FOUNTAIN, Harry Valentine, 1872–

Class of 1897 Law.

Born at West New Brighton, N. Y., 1872; studied in public and high schools; student in law office of Theodore Fitch; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1897; in practice since 1898.

HARRY VALENTINE FOUNTAIN, LL.B., was born at West New Brighton, Staten Island, New York, on November 13, 1872. His father, the late Albert De Groot Fountain, was a son of Vincent and Eleanor (De Groot) Fountain, and a grandson of Captain Henry Fountain, all of whom were born and lived on the north shore of Staten Island. His mother, whose maiden name was Phœbe A. Rapelyea, was a native of Hampstead, Long Island, being descended from the Rapelyea and Van Nostrand families of that place. As may be inferred from the names, Mr. Fountain is of French (Huguenot) and Dutch ancestry. He was educated in the public schools and high school of his native place,

HARRY V. FOUNTAIN

being graduated from the latter in 1890. He was graduated from the Cooper Union class in mechanical drawing in 1893, receiving the gold medal for excellence. He then studied law in the office of Theodore Fitch of New York, and entered the Law School of New York University. He was graduated from the latter with the Bachelor's degree in 1897, and was admitted to the Bar of the Supreme Court of the State of New York in November, 1898, since which time he has been engaged in practice in New York and Richmond counties, New York. He is a Republican in politics and takes an active interest in local civic affairs. His office is at No. 155 Broadway, New York, and his residence at West New Brighton, Staten Island.

GARVIN, Edwin Louis, 1877–

Class of 1897 Arts, 1899 Law.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1877; studied at Erasmus Hall Academy, Flatbush, Long Island; graduated A.B., New York University, 1897, and LL.B., New York University Law School, 1899; Managing Clerk, 1899-1900; in independent practice since 1900.

EDWIN LOUIS GARVIN, A.B., LL.B., is a son of Oliver Chauncey Garvin, who is of Scotch-Irish ancestry, and of Carrie (Selover) Garvin, who comes of Holland Dutch stock. He was born in Brooklyn, New York, on October 25, 1877, and received his preparatory education at Erasmus Hall Academy, Flatbush, Long Island, where he was graduated in 1893. He then entered the University College of New York University, and during his undergraduate course was manager of his class Baseball Team in 1893–94, Treasurer of the Athletic Association in 1894–95, a member of the 'Varsity Football Team in 1895 and its manager in 1896, class historian in 1894–95, a member of the University Glee Club in 1896–97, Chairman of the Junior Promenade Committee in 1896, winner of the Freshman Prize Scholarship in 1893, and winner of the Second Butler Eucleian Essay Prize in 1897. He was chosen Permanent Secretary of the Class of 1897. Mr. Garvin was graduated a Bachelor of Arts in 1897, and in the fall of that year entered the Law School of New York University, where he won the First Faculty Prize Scholarship in 1898. While a student in the Law School he was employed as a clerk in a law office. In June, 1899, he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws, and a few days later was admitted to practice at the Bar. Until September, 1900, he served as Managing Clerk for the law firm of Flemming & Flemming of New York, and since that date has been in the independent practice of law at No. 220 Broadway, New York. He is a member of the Psi Upsilon Fraternity, the Phi Delta Phi Legal Fraternity, the Psi Upsilon Club of New York, the University Club of Brooklyn, and the University Glee Club of Brooklyn, of which last he was Secretary in 1900–02. His residence is at No. 878 Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn, New York.

GIBSON, Arthur Stanley, 1876–

Class of 1897 Med.

Born in New York, 1876; studied under tutor, in Friends' Seminary and in public school; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1897; practiced in New Jersey, 1897-99; in practice in New York City since 1899.

ARTHUR STANLEY GIBSON, M.D., son of Hubbard Hathaway Gibson and Happie Isabel (Mathers) Gibson, was born in New York

A. S. GIBSON

City on January 6, 1876. His father was one of the ten children of John M. Gibson, and his mother was a direct descendant of Cotton Mather and a collateral relative of Lyman Beecher. Dr. Gibson studied under a private tutor, in the Friends' Seminary in Stuyvesant Place, New York, and in a public school. While engaged in business he

studied in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College from 1892 to 1897, and in the latter year was graduated a Doctor of Medicine. For the next two years he practiced with a preceptor in New Jersey. In 1899 he passed the New York State Medical Board examination with honor, and since that date has been in practice in New York City, his practice being largely surgical and its field being in a number of manufacturing establishments. Dr. Gibson was married in 1897 to Emelie C. Greenhalgh, and has one child, Beatrice Mathers Gibson. His address is No. 422 West 20th Street, New York City.

GILBART, Frederick William, 1874–

Class of 1897 Med.

Born in Pennsylvania, 1874; studied in Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1897; served in Lackawanna Hospital, Scranton, Pa., and New York Polyclinic; in practice since 1898.

FREDERICK WILLIAM GILBART, M.D., is a son of Frederick and Amelia (Hicks) Gilbart, of English ancestry, and was born in Pennsylvania in February, 1874. He studied in the Polytechnic Institute in Brooklyn, New York, and in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University. He was graduated from the latter with the Doctor's degree in 1897, and thereafter spent one year in the Lackawanna Hospital, Scranton, Pennsylvania, and five months in the New York Polyclinic Medical School and Hospital. He has been in the general practice of his profession since 1898, at No. 552 Madison Street, Brooklyn, New York. He is a member of the Kings County and Brooklyn Medical societies.

GOLDSTEIN, Isador, 1875–

Class of 1897 Med.

Born in New York, 1875; studied in public schools and College of City of New York; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1897; in practice since 1897; in summers in charge of medicinal spring at Sharon Springs, N. Y.

ISADOR GOLDSTEIN, M.D., son of Isaac and Rose (Benda) Goldstein, was born in New York City on July 12, 1875. He was graduated from Public School No. 70 in 1890, and afterward attended the College of the City of New York for two years. His professional studies were pursued in the Medical College of New York University, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in May, 1897, since which date he has been engaged in practice. Since July 1, 1897, he has been an assistant in the Neurological Department of the German Polyclinic in New York, and from June 10th to October 1st of each year he is Physician in charge of the sulphur magnesia spring at Sharon Springs, New York. He is a member of the New York State and County Medical associations, the New York Physicians' Mutual Aid Association, the Harlem Medical Association, and the Eastern Medical Association. His address is No. 225 East 115th Street, New York.

ISADOR GOLDSTEIN

HERRMANN, Edward, 1876–

Class of 1897 Law.

Born in New York, 1876; attended public schools and College of City of New York; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1897; in practice since 1897.

EDWARD HERRMANN, LL.B., son of Henry and Anna (Koehler) Herrmann, was born in New York City on June 10, 1876. He attended the public schools of the city, and also the College of the City of New York for two years. Then he entered the Law School of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws

in June, 1897, having meantime begun practice in a law office. He was admitted to the Bar on June 28, 1897, eighteen days after he had attained his majority, and was thus one of the youngest members,

EDWARD HERRMANN

if not the youngest, ever admitted in the state. Since then he has been steadily and successfully engaged in practice. He is a Democrat in politics, and is a member of the Democratic Club of New York, and of several fraternal organizations. His office is at No. 38 Park Row, and his home at No. 207 East 71st Street, New York.

HOLLAND, Arthur Lawrence, 1873–

Class of 1897 Med.

Born at Linden, N. J., 1873; studied in private school and under preceptor; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1897; served in hospitals; in practice since 1897.

ARTHUR LAWRENCE HOLLAND, M.D., comes of English ancestry, and is a son of James M. and Martha A. (Robinson) Holland. He was born at Linden, New Jersey, on January 28, 1873, and studied in a private school and under a preceptor. His professional studies were pursued in the Medical College of New York University, from which he was graduated in 1897 with the Doctor's degree. He served for a time in the Heart and Lung Division of the Out-door Poor Department of Bellevue Hospital, and as Attending Physician to the corresponding department of St. Mary's Hospital. Since September 1, 1897, he has been engaged in the general practice of his profession, his present address being No. 174 West 82nd Street, New York. He is a member of the New York County Medical Association, and the Medical Society of Greater New York.

HOYT, Dixi George, 1873–

Class of 1897 Med.

Born at Natick, Mass., 1873; graduated at Natick High School, 1890; studied in Illinois College of Pharmacy and engaged in dispensary work; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College 1897; Interne at Bellevue Hospital, 1897-98; in practice since 1898.

DIXI GEORGE HOYT, M.D., is a descendant of John Hoyt of Salisbury, Massachusetts, who came from England in 1631, and who was a member of a family well represented in Queen Anne's War, the French and Indian War, the Rev-

DIXI GEORGE HOYT

olution, the Mexican War, and the Civil War. Dr. Hoyt's grandfather was Dr. Enos Hoyt of Framingham, Massachusetts, President of the Middlesex County Medical Society and Councilor of the Mas-

sachusetts Medical Society. Enos Hoyt married a daughter of Dr. Dixi Crosby, Professor of Surgery at Dartmouth College. A son of Enos Hoyt, and father of the subject of this sketch, was Dr. Enos Alpheus Hoyt of Framingham, Massachusetts, a graduate of Dartmouth College and a veteran of one hundred and eight battles in the Civil War, who was married to Emma F. Whiting and lived at Natick, Massachusetts. Dixi George Hoyt was born at Natick on February 17, 1873, and was educated in the local schools, being graduated from the Natick High School at the age of seventeen years. He next took a course in the Illinois College of Pharmacy, and for some time was engaged in dispensary work in Chicago, Illinois. Then he came to New York University and was graduated from its Medical College in 1897, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. For a year thereafter he served as an Interne at Bellevue Hospital, New York, and since then has been practicing medicine in the City of Providence, Rhode Island. He is a member of the American Medical Association, the Massachusetts Medical Society, and the Masonic Order. He was married in New York City on July 12, 1897, to Lillian W. McCarron, and has one child, Dixi Hoyt. His office is at No. 660 North Main Street, and his home at No. 59 Doyle Avenue, Providence, Rhode Island.

JAFFE, Moses, 1874–

Class of 1897 Law.

Born at Salant, Russia, 1874; studied in schools in Russia and under tutors in Germany and United States; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1897; practicing lawyer since 1898.

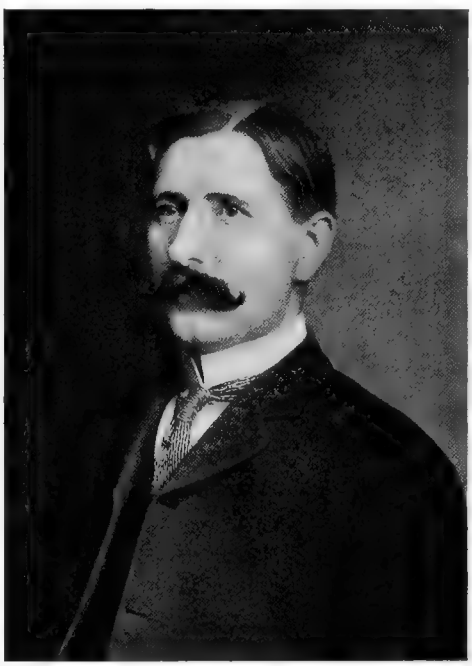
MOSES JAFFE, LL.B., son of Henry and Deborah (Perlin) Jaffe, was born on August 11, 1874, at Salant, Russia, of Hebrew ancestry. He studied in various Hebrew high schools and seminaries in Russia, and also under tutors in Germany and the United States. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws from the New York University Law School in June, 1897, and since November, 1898, has been engaged in the practice of his profession at No. 287 Broadway, New York City. His home is at No. 168 Madison Street, New York.

JACKSON, Alfred William Lyndon, 1862–

Class of 1897 Med.

Born in Ireland, 1862; educated in Dublin; came to America, 1881; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1897; in general practice in New York City since 1897.

ALFRED WILLIAM LYNDON JACKSON, M.D., son of Jacob and Mary Frances (Paine) Jackson, was born in Ireland in 1862, and was educated in Dublin. He came to the United States in 1881, and was graduated from the New York University Medical College in 1897, with the Doctor's degree. Since then he has been engaged in general practice. He belongs to the Foresters of America and is physician of his lodge; to the New



ALFRED W. L. JACKSON

York County Medical Society, and to the Physicians' Mutual Aid Society. In politics he is a Republican. His address is No. 149 East 39th Street, New York.

KESSLER, George Lawrence, 1869–

Class of 1897 Med.

Born in New York, 1869; studied in public schools and College of City of New York; in various business occupations, 1883-94; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1897; Interne in hospital, 1897-98; engaged in practice in Brooklyn since 1898.

GEORGE LAWRENCE KESSLER, M.D., who was born in New York City on January 31, 1869, is of German ancestry on the side of his father, George Lawrence Kessler, and numbers some

noted soldiers among his forefathers, while on the side of his mother, whose maiden name was Jane Watt, he comes of a Scotch family of inventors and soldiers. His early education was gained in the

G. L. KESSLER

public schools and in the College of the City of New York. Then, about 1883, he became bookkeeper for a wholesale drug firm. Two years later he became, for four years, superintendent of a wholesale willow ware establishment. After a couple of years of travel he became proprietor of a coal yard. Finally, in 1894, he entered the New York University Medical College. He was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1897, and for the next year and a half served as Interne at the City Hospital and New York Maternity Hospital. Since 1898 he has been regularly engaged in the practice of his profession. From March, 1899, to October, 1901, he was Attending Physician to the Sprague Hot Air Hospital, and he is now Pathologist to the Eastern District Hospital of Brooklyn and Visiting Physician to the Medical Department of the same institution. He is a member of the Kings County Medical Society, the Eastern District Medical Society, the Union Boat Club of New York, and the Masonic Order (third degree). He is unmarried. His address is No. 588 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn, New York.

MANGUM, Joseph Young, 1874–

Class of 1897 Med.

Born at Oxford, N. C., 1874; graduated Wake Forest College, N. C., 1895; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1897; in practice since 1898.

JOSEPH YOUNG MANGUM, M.D., is a son of H. D. and Amaryllis (Allen) Mangum, of English ancestry, and was born at Oxford, North Carolina, on November 19, 1874. After graduation from Wake Forest College, North Carolina, in 1895, he entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and was graduated a Doctor of Medicine in 1897. Dr. Mangum then spent one year as an Interne in the Polyclinic Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital where he has since been Lecturer in Gynecology. In 1898 he engaged in the practice of his profession in New York, where he has since resided. He is a Fellow of the New York Academy of Medicine and

J. YOUNG MANGUM

a member of the New York Southern Society. In politics he is a Republican. His address is No. 134 West 48th Street, New York.

MARTIN, Richard Henry Lee, 1877–

Class of 1897 Law.

Born at New Brighton, Pa., 1877; studied at Trinity School, New York, 1889-95; graduated LL.B., New

York University Law School, 1897; with Davies, Stone & Auerbach, New York, 1895-1900; in independent practice since 1900.

RICHARD HENRY LEE MARTIN, LL.B., born at New Brighton, Pennsylvania, on October 20, 1877, is a son of the Rev. Thomas White Martin of Philadelphia, a man of Dutch ancestry, and of Elinor (Kerr) Martin, a woman of Scotch ancestry and western Pennsylvania nativity. He was educated in the Trinity School in New York from 1889 to 1895, and in the latter year entered the Law School of New York University, and also the office of Davies, Stone & Auerbach, prominent New York lawyers. He was graduated from the University with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1897, and remained with Davies, Stone & Auerbach until the end of 1900. Since the latter date he has been an examiner for the Title Insurance Company of New York, and is now counsel for Wood, Harmon & Co., real estate operators. He has for some years made a specialty of real estate and corporation law. In the University he was a member of the Phi Delta Phi and Phi Tau Delta fraternities. His office is at No. 256 Broadway, New York, and his home is at Larchmont Manor, New York.

MEYERS, Sidney Stuyvesant, 1876–

Class of 1897 Law.

Born in New Orleans, 1876; studied in New York public school, College of City of New York, and Columbia University; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1897; law clerk, 1897-1900; in practice since 1900.

SIDNEY STUYVESANT MEYERS, PH.B., LL.B., was born in New Orleans, Louisiana, in 1876, the son of Henry and Rosalie (Lang) Meyers. His father was born of German ancestry at Speyer, Germany, came to this country at an early age, was identified with the foremost commercial and political interests of New Orleans, and served with distinction in the Civil War on the Confederate side. His mother was born of French ancestry at New Orleans. The family came to New York in 1882, and the subject of this sketch attended and was graduated from Public School No. 82 in that city. He attended the College of the City of New York for two years, and then entered the School of Arts and School of Philosophy of Columbia University. He then entered the Law School of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1897. For the next three years he was employed as a clerk by several of the chief law firms of the city, and in 1900 he began the independent practice of his profession. He is now in partnership with Robert Townsend, Assistant District Attorney, in the firm of Townsend & Meyers, engaged in civil practice. He is a Democrat, but has taken no active part in politics. He is a member of the American Bar Association. He has for some time been interested in amateur dramatics, and has contributed to the literature of the stage. He was

SIDNEY S. MEYERS

married on September 20, 1900, to Maude Cecil Seligman, and lives at No. 42 West 92nd Street, New York. His office is at No. 38 Park Row.

PICK, Louis, 1873–

Class of 1897 Med.

Born in Buda-Pesth, Hungary, 1873; studied in New York public schools; graduated A.B., College of City of New York, 1894; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1897; in practice since 1898.

LOUIS PICK, A.B., M.D., comes of Hungarian Hebrew stock, and is the son of Adolph and Bertha (Weiss) Pick. He was born in the Hungarian capital, Buda-Pesth, on September 14, 1873, but has spent most of his life in America. He was educated in the public schools of New York, and was

graduated from them in 1899 with highest honors. Then he pursued a five years' course in the College of the City of New York, receiving the Pulitzer Scholarship of Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars per year for five years, and was graduated in 1894 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. Thence he went to the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which soon afterward became a part of New York University, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1897. He passed the state examination *cum laude* (ninety-seven per cent average). For six months thereafter he was an Interne at the Beth

LOUIS PICK

Israel Hospital, and then, in 1898, began regular practice in which he still continues. Since the beginning of his practice he has been an assistant to Professor Lustgarten in his Dermatological and Venereal Clinic at the Mt. Sinai Hospital. In his general practice he has been unusually successful. Dr. Pick is a member of the Masonic Order and of the Knights of Pythias. His address is No. 178 East 72nd Street, New York.

SCHALLEK, Max Louis, 1877–

Class of 1897 Law.

Born in New York, 1877; studied in public schools and College of City of New York; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1897; in legal practice since 1899; interested in municipal and social reform.

MAX LOUIS SCHALLEK, LL.B., son of Herman and Katie (Hartman) Schallek, was born in New York City on May 27, 1877, and received his academic education in the public schools and, from 1892 to 1895, in the College of the City of New York. In 1895 he entered the Law School of New York University, and was graduated in 1897 with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. Since 1899 he has been in practice as a member of the firm of Strasburger, Weil, Eschwege & Schallek. In politics he is a Citizens' Union Democrat, and is much interested in current movements for municipal and social reform, especially in the direction of tenement house reform and settlement work. He is President of the Fellowcitizenship Association of the East Side House Settlement, Vice-President of the New York Branch of the Israelite Alliance of America, and a member of the East Side House Settlement and other similar organizations. He was a member of the Law Committee of the Citizens' Union in 1901. His address is No. 132 Nassau Street, New York.

SLAVIN, James Sylvester, 1872–

Class of 1897 Med.

Born in Brooklyn, New York, 1872; studied in public schools; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1897; Interne, St. Catherine's Hospital, 1897-99; Medical Inspector of Health Board since 1898; in practice since 1899.

JAMES SYLVESTER SLAVIN, M.D., son of James S. and Catherine C. (Gormley) Slavin, was born in Brooklyn, New York, on April 8, 1872, and studied in the public schools. He was graduated a Doctor of Medicine from the Medical College of New York University on May 4, 1897, and from September of that year to March, 1899, was an Interne of St. Catherine's Hospital, Brooklyn. He is now Secretary of the Alumni Association of that hospital. Since May, 1898, he has been a Medical Inspector for the Health Board of New York City. He is also a Medical Examiner for the Knights of Columbus, and a member of the Seymour Club of Brooklyn. He has been engaged in the practice of his profession since 1899, at No. 174 North Sixth Street, Brooklyn, New York. He was married on July 16, 1902, to Katherine G. Holland.

SMITH, Harmon, 1872–

Class of 1897 Med.

Born at McDonough, Ga., 1872; studied at Georgia Military Academy; graduated A.B., University of Georgia, 1892; M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1897; in hospital service, professional instruction, and editorial work; in practice since 1897.

HARMON SMITH, A.B., M.D., who was born at McDonough, Georgia, on March 20, 1872, comes of Revolutionary stock. His father,

HARMON SMITH

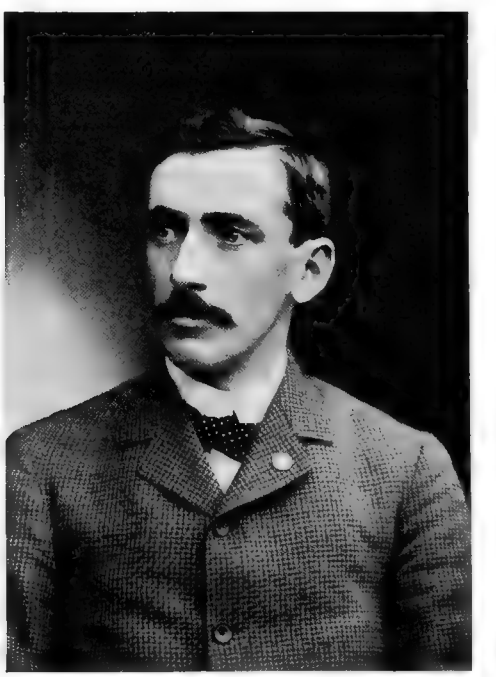
Samuel Owen Smith, was the grandson of a lieutenant in the Revolutionary Navy, and his mother, whose maiden name was Alice Cloud Stokes, was the daughter of an officer in the Mexican and Seminole wars, and granddaughter of an officer who served under General Marion in the Revolution. Dr. Smith studied at the Georgia Military Academy at Savannah, Georgia, and at the University of Georgia, from which latter he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1892. He then, after an interval, entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1897. Since that time he has been engaged in practice, and has served as Assistant Surgeon to the Manhattan Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Hospital, Instructor in Special Medicine at the Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital, and as Assistant in Histology in the University and Bellevue Hospital Medical College. He is now a member of the Southern Society of New York and the Kings County Hospital Alumni Society. He is the editor-in-charge of the Nose and Throat Department of "The Medical Review of Reviews." Dr. Smith was married on November 10, 1898, to Julia M. Thomas of New York, and lives at No. 122 East 34th Street, New York.

SMITH, Thomas Emmet, 1866–

Class of 1897 Vet.

Born in Jersey City, 1866; educated at St. Aloysius's Academy and St. Peter's College; graduated V.S., New York College of Veterinary Surgeons, 1897; engaged in livery stable business since 1883; practicing veterinarian since 1897.

THOMAS EMMET SMITH, V.S., son of Bryan and Mary (McCabe) Smith, of Irish ancestry, was born in Jersey City, New Jersey, on December 20, 1866, and was educated in St. Al-



T. E. SMITH

oysius's Academy and St. Peter's College in that city. In 1883 he engaged in the business of conducting a livery stable and has ever since been engaged therein. He is at present managing the

livery and boarding stable of the estate of Bryan Smith. In 1894 he became a student in the New York College of Veterinary Surgeons, and in 1897 was graduated from it with the degree of Veterinary Surgeon. That institution was later consolidated with New York University. From 1898 to 1900 Mr. Smith was Veterinarian to the Jersey City Police Department. On January 1, 1900, he was appointed Veterinarian to the Jersey City Fire Department, and in April, 1902, he was made a member of the State Veterinary Medical Examiners of New Jersey. He is Resident Secretary for the State of New Jersey, of the American Veterinary Medical Association, and a member of the Executive Committee of the New Jersey Veterinary Medical Association, the Hudson County Road Drivers' Association, the Catholic Club, the Knights of Columbus, and the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. Politically he is a Democrat. He is unmarried.

SQUIRE, Remington, 1870–

Class of 1897 Law.

Born in New York, 1870; studied at St. John's Military School, Manlius, N. Y.; Ilion Academy, Ilion, N. Y.; University of the State of Washington; Wesleyan University, Middletown, Conn.; and Law School of New York University; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1897; journalist, musical manager, and critic.

REMINGTON SQUIRE, LL.B., is a son of Watson C. Squire, ex-Governor and ex-United States Senator from the State of Washington. His mother, Ida (Remington) Squire, was the daughter of Philo Remington, of the celebrated firm of E. Remington & Sons, manufacturers of rifles, revolvers, type-writing machines, etc., at Ilion, New York. Mr. Squire studied successively at St. John's Military School, Manlius, New York; the Ilion Academy, Ilion, New York; the University of the State of Washington; Wesleyan University, Middletown, Connecticut; and the Law School of New York University, from which last he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1897. For two years Mr. Squire was a member of the editorial staff of "The New York Advertiser," and for one year on the staff of "The New York Journal." He is now occupied as a musical manager and critic. At Wesleyan University he was a member of Alpha Delta Phi, and in New York University Law School of Phi Delta Phi. He is a Republican in politics. He was married on January 16, 1892,

REMINGTON SQUIRE

to Mary Louise Clary, the well known concert contralto, and lives at No. 142 East 27th Street, New York.

STEPHENS, Edwin Lewis, 1872–

Class of 1897 Ped.

Born in Nachitoches Parish, La., 1872; studied in a private school, in Keachie College, in Louisiana State University and A. & M. College, and in New York University School of Pedagogy; graduated A.B, Louisiana State University, 1892; Pd.M., New York University School of Pedagogy, 1897, and Pd.D., 1899; railroad telegraph operator, 1888-90; school teacher, 1891; Latin Teacher, Louisiana State Normal School, 1892-96; teacher in various summer schools; teacher of Physics and Chemistry, Boys' High School, New Orleans, La., 1899-1900; President of Southwestern Louisiana Industrial Institute since January, 1900.

EDWIN LEWIS STEPHENS, A.B., PD.D., is a son of Joseph Henry Stephens and Isabella Carolina (Whitfield) Stephens, and a grandson of Joseph Greene Stephens of South Carolina and George Whitfield of North Carolina, his ancestors having come from England and settled in Virginia in early colonial times. He was born in Nachitoches Parish, Louisiana, on November 27, 1872, and began his education in the private school of William C. Jack in his native place, where he studied from 1879 to 1882. From 1883 to 1888 he was a

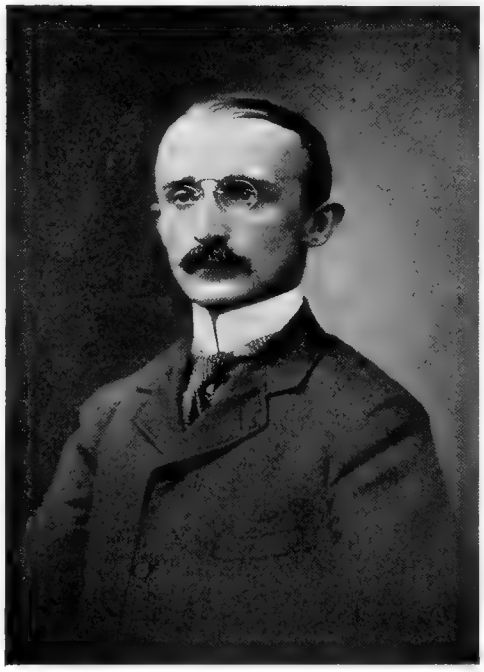
student in Keachie College, Keachie, Louisiana, a Baptist institution, and from it went in 1889 to the Louisiana State University and A. & M. College, at Baton Rouge, from which he was graduated in 1892 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, also winning the Faculty Medal. He also studied in summer schools, at the Glens Falls, New York, Summer School for Teachers in 1892, at the Cook County Normal School, Chicago, Illinois, in 1893, at the Sauveur Summer School of Languages, Rockford, Illinois, in 1893, and at the Harvard University Summer School in 1894. In 1896 he was awarded one of the southwestern scholarships of Miss Helen Miller Gould in New York University School of Pedagogy, and entered that institution in October of that year. In 1897 he was graduated with the Degree of Master of Pedagogy. He thereafter pursued a post-graduate course, and in 1899 received from the University the Doctor's degree. During many of these years of study Dr. Stephens was also engaged in business and in teaching. He learned book-keeping and telegraphy at Keachie College, and in August, 1888, became a night telegraph operator for the Texas & Pacific Railway at Provencal, Louisiana, at a salary of Fifty Dollars a month. In April, 1889, he became a telegraph operator and station agent on the Iowa Central Railway, and was thus engaged for six months at Killduff, Gilman, Albia, Hedrick and Marshalltown. In the summer of 1890 he was day telegraph operator at the railroad station at Alexandria, Louisiana, and in the summer of 1891 he taught the public school at Provencal. From 1892 to 1896 he was Teacher of Latin in the Louisiana State Normal School at Nachitoches, and during that period taught not only Latin but also physics, chemistry, botany, zoölogy, arithmetic, algebra, geometry, history of education, and methods of teaching. He taught in a summer normal school for country teachers at New Roads, Louisiana, in 1895, and in other such schools at St. Francisville, Louisiana, in 1896, at Ruston Chautauqua, Louisiana, in 1897, and conducted one at Fort Jesup in 1897, one at Colfax in 1898, and one at Alexandria in 1899. In 1899–1900 he was Teacher of Physics and Chemistry in the Boys' High School in New Orleans, and on January 3, 1900, he was elected Organizer and President of the Southwestern Louisiana Industrial Institute at Lafayette, Louisiana, which place he now fills. He was Major and Aide-de-camp on the Governor's Staff, Louisiana National Guard, in 1892–96, and in 1893 organized the Nachitoches Militia Company as National Guard troops, and was elected Captain and thus commissioned in the line, from which office he was mustered out in 1895. He is a member of the Masonic Order, and has been identified with various social and literary clubs in New York, at Nachitoches, and at Lafayette, Louisiana. Since 1902 he has been an ex-officio member of the Board of Directors of the Gulf Biological Station at Cameron, Louisiana. In politics he is a Democrat and a free trader. He was married on July 14, 1902, to Beverly Randolph of New Orleans.

STERN, Arthur Joseph, 1877–

Class of 1897 Law.

Born in New York, 1877; studied in public school; graduated A.B., College of the City of New York, 1897, and LL.B., New York University Law School, 1897; practicing lawyer since 1897.

ARTHUR JOSEPH STERN, A.B., LL.B., who was born in New York City on July 24, 1877, is a son of Simon S. Stern, whose ancestors lived in



ARTHUR JOSEPH STERN

the Rhine Provinces of Germany, and Rosalie I. (Stein) Stern, who came of Bavarian stock. He studied in Grammar School No. 18 in New York City, and thence proceeded to the College of the City of New York, where he pursued the classical

course and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in June, 1897. In the college he was a member and President of the Emerson Society, and the Clionian Society; he was the winner of the Essay Medal given by the Sons of the American Revolution, and won honorable mention in an intercollegiate debate held in Chickering Hall, New York, in December, 1896, of which the Hon. Joseph H. Choate was judge. His legal studies were pursued in the office of ex-Assemblyman Myer J. Stein, and in the Law School of New York University, from which latter he was graduated with the Bachelor's degree in 1897. Since that time he has been successfully engaged in practice in New York, as a member of the firm of Stern & Stern, at No. 87 Nassau Street. In politics Mr. Stern is an earnest Democrat and an active member of Tammany Hall. He belongs to the Tammany Hall County Committee and General Committee, the Delaware Club, the New York Historical Society, and the Alumni Associations of the College of the City of New York and of the New York University Law School. His home is at No. 230 East 72nd Street, New York.

STITT, Edward Walmsley, 1862–

Class of 1897 Ped.

Born in New York, 1862; studied in public schools; graduated B.S., College of the City of New York, 1881, and M.S., 1898; graduated Pd.M., School of Pedagogy of New York University, 1897, and Pd.D., 1900; studied also at Teachers' College, Columbia University; teacher and principal, private and public schools, since 1882; President of the Society for the Study of Practical School Problems; District Superintendent of Schools, New York City.

EDWARD WALMSLEY STITT, M.S., PD.D., educator, is of North of Ireland ancestry, and is the son of James Samuel Stitt and Sophia (Hardy) Stitt. He was born in New York City on April 25, 1862, and studied in the public schools, at first in No. 32 and later in "Old No. 35," of which Dr. Thomas Hunter, since President of the Normal College of New York, was for many years the Principal. From the public schools he went to the College of the City of New York, and was graduated with honors with the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1881, receiving in 1898 the Master's degree from the same college. In 1897 he was graduated from the New York University School of Pedagogy with the degree of Master of Pedagogy, and in 1900 he received from it the Doctor's degree in Pedagogy. He also studied for a time in the Teachers' College of Columbia University. Meantime, in 1882, he began his career as a teacher, as Instructor in Mathematics in the Diocesan Military Academy of Reading, Pennsylvania. In 1883–84 he was Instructor in Physics and Book-keeping in the Fifth Avenue School in New York. From 1884 to 1896 he was an assistant teacher in New York public schools, in 1889–95 an Instructor in Book-keeping in the Harlem Evening High School, and in 1895–96 Principal of Senior Evening School No. 43. From 1896 to 1903 Dr. Stitt has been Principal of Public School No. 89, at Lenox Avenue and 134th Street, New York. In February, 1903, he was unanimously elected by the Board of Education as District Superintendent of Schools. He is President of the Society for the Study of Practical School Problems, one of the most important pedagogical societies in New York, and is Chairman of the Committee on School Work of the New York City Teachers' Association. In 1900 he was Secretary of the Business Department of the National Educational Association, and in 1902 Chairman of the Business Questionaire of the New York State Teachers' Association. The Report upon Commercial Education which Dr. Stitt published as the result of correspondence with over four hundred representative business men of New York, including those most prominent in commercial, financial and professional circles, received warm endorsement from many of the leading educators of this country, besides calling forth favorable comment from many of the leading newspapers. He is a member of the Phi Beta Kappa Alumni Association, the Collegiate Club, the Schoolmasters' Club of New York, the New York Teachers' Association, the Principals' Association of Manhattan and The Bronx, and the Royal Arcanum. He is Associate Editor of "School Work," and the author of numerous articles upon professional and pedagogic subjects which have appeared in "The Teachers' Monograph," "The School Journal," "School Work," "The Business Educator," and other periodicals. Dr. Stitt was married on November 26, 1890, to Jennie Amanda Britton, and has two sons: Edward Walmsley, Jr., and William Britton Stitt. His home is at No. 613 West 179th Street, New York.

WEIL, David Louis, 1876–

Class of 1897 Law.

Born in New York, 1876; studied in public schools; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School,

1897; admitted to Bar, 1897; in active practice in New York City since 1897.

DAVID LOUIS WEIL, LL.B., was born in New York City on January 12, 1876. His father, Moses Weil, was born in Wurtemberg, Germany, and his mother, whose maiden name was Adeline Ostheim, was born in New York. He was educated in the local public schools, and studied law in the office of Samuel Strasbourger and in the New York University Law School. He entered the latter in 1895, and in 1897 was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. In the following November he was admitted to the Bar of New York, and has since been actively engaged in the practice of his profession. He is a Democrat in politics, and is a member of the Independent Order of the Free Sons of Israel, the Masonic Order (Centennial Lodge, No. 763, F. and A.M.), the Democratic Club, the Jefferson Club, the Hebrew Orphan Asylum, the Lebanon Hospital, the Temple Rodeph Sholem, and other organizations. He was appointed by the Mayor a member of the Dewey Reception Committee, and was its youngest member. He is at present a member of the law firm of Strasbourger, Weil, Eschwege & Schallek, with offices at No. 132 Nassau Street, and resides at No. 61 West 115th Street, New York City.

DAVID L. WEIL

BAUERBERG, Paul John, 1872–

Class of 1898 Med.

Born in Krasnoyarsk, Siberia, 1872; studied in Krasnoyarsk Imperial Gymnasium, and Tomsk Imperial University; expelled from Russia for political reasons, 1895; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1898; in practice since 1898.

PAUL JOHN BAUERBERG, M.D., son of John and Fanny (Binder) Bauerberg, was born at Krasnoyarsk, Siberia, on April 17, 1872. He studied for eight years in the Krasnoyarsk Imperial Gymnasium, and after graduating spent three and a half years in the Imperial University at Tomsk. Then, in 1895, he was expelled from the University because of his political associations, and, having left Russia the same year, came to America on the 28th of July, 1895. He entered the Medical College of New York University in 1896, and two years later was graduated with the Doctor's degree. Ever since graduation he has been engaged in private practice in the City of Yonkers, New York. He is a member of the Westchester County Medical Society, the Yonkers Yacht Club, the Hollywood Inn, the Order of Red Men, the William Morris Club, and other organizations. He is a member of the Social Democratic party, and takes active part in this movement for the emancipation of the working class. He was married on June 18, 1896, to

P. J. BAUERBERG

Anna B. Jacobson, and has one daughter, Leda Bauerberg. His present address is No. 41 Hudson Street, Yonkers, New York.

BROWN, Thomas David, 1873–

Class of 1898 Med.

Born at Ogdensburg, N. Y., 1873; graduated Ogdensburg Free Academy, 1893; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1898; hospital service, 1898-99; in practice since 1899.

THOMAS DAVID BROWN, M.D., son of John and Margaret (Dowd) Brown, of Irish ancestry, was born at Ogdensburg, New York, on June 20, 1873. He studied in the local schools and was graduated from the Ogdensburg Free Academy in 1893. Later he entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, which is now a part of New York University, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1898. For a year and a half thereafter he served in the Fordham, New York, Hospital, and since 1899 has been engaged in the private practice of his profession at No. 826 East 161st Street, New York. He is Medical Examiner of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company and several fraternal orders, and is a Deputy Grand Knight of the Madonna Council of the Order of Knights of Columbus.

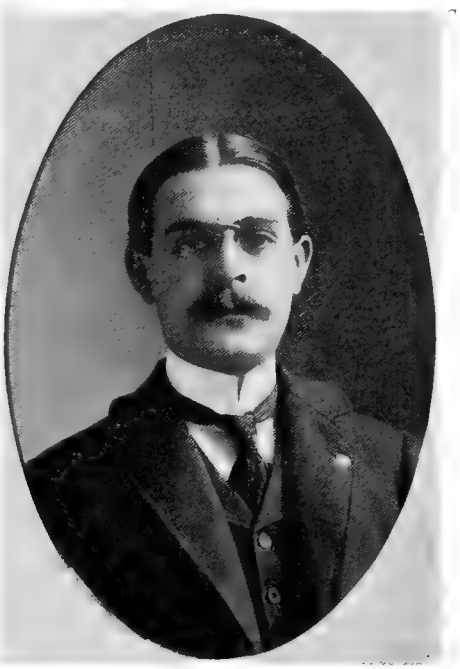
THOS. D. BROWN

CARD, John Alling, 1877–

Class of 1898 Med.

Born at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., 1877; studied in public schools and graduated therefrom in 1893; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1898; in practice since 1898; City Physician, Poughkeepsie, since 1899; Surgeon in National Guard since 1901.

JOHN ALLING CARD, M.D., son of Silas E. and Eva Belle Card (the latter born Alling), is descended from William Card, who landed at Providence from Ireland in 1680, and from Roger Alling, who landed at Boston from England in 1638. He was born at Poughkeepsie, New York, on May 20, 1877, and received his general education in the public schools of that city, from which he was graduated in June, 1893. He then entered the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine on May 18, 1898. He at once began practice at Poughkeepsie, and has thus been engaged ever since. He has been City Physician since January 1, 1899, and Surgeon of Company K, First Regiment, New York National Guard, since April 7, 1901. He is a member of several secret societies and of various social organizations. His address is No. 215 Mill Street, Poughkeepsie, New York. He is unmarried.



JOHN A. CARD

FEINER, Benjamin Franklin, 1876–

Class of 1898 Law.

Born in New York, 1876; studied in public schools and College of City of New York; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1898; admitted to Bar in 1897, and in practice since then in firm of Moss & Feiner, New York, now Blumenthal, Moss & Feiner.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN FEINER, LL.B., was born in New York City on August 24, 1876. His early education was gained in the public schools. Thence he proceeded to the College of the City of New York and pursued a course there, but did not remain to its end and accordingly was not graduated. His tastes and abilities led him in the direction of the legal profession, and with that end in view he entered a law office as clerk and student. In the fall of 1895 he became a student in the Law School of New York University. Before completing his course there, however, indeed, at the end of his second year in the Law School, in October, 1897, he was admitted to the Bar and immediately formed a co-partnership with Isaac Moss, under the firm name of Moss & Feiner, with offices in New York City. He continued his course at the University, despite this precedent entry upon practice, and was graduated with his class in June, 1898. In the Law School Mr. Feiner occupied a prominent position. In his first year there he was Vice-President of his class organization, and won at the end of the year the first prize of Seventy-five Dollars. In his second year he declined a unanimous nomination to the Class Presidency, but accepted the appointment of Editor of the Law School Department of "The Item," the University newspaper. He also organized the New York University Debating Society, and arranged debates between New York University and Georgetown University. At the end of this year he again took the first prize of Seventy-five Dollars. In his third year, after his admission to the Bar, he was elected President of his class, and was appointed New York University Editor of "The Calfskin," an intercollegiate publication. At the end of this year he for the third time took the first prize of Seventy-five Dollars. He had been examined in seventeen subjects in three years, and had passed with sixteen A's and one B, out of a possible seventeen A's, thus establishing the record which he now holds. Upon his graduation he was spoken of prominently in connection with a vacancy to be filled in the Law Faculty. He was elected a member, and then Secretary for two successive terms, and is now Treasurer of the Alumni Association of the Law School. Mr. Feiner's popularity at the Law School has served to make him one of the best known young lawyers in New York City to-day. During his first year of practice he was almost entirely engaged in counsel work for a large number of graduates from the Law School. In February, 1900, Maurice B. Blumenthal, then Assistant District Attorney under Asa Bird Gardiner, entered the firm of Moss & Feiner, which then became known as Blumenthal, Moss & Feiner. The firm is largely engaged in corporation and mercantile practice, and has a large and profitable patronage. It has its offices at No. 35 Nassau Street. Mr. Feiner was a contributor to the "University Law Review" and other legal periodicals, and has frequently been appointed Referee by Justices of the Supreme Court. He is a member of the Masonic and other benevolent and fraternal orders.

BENJAMIN F. FEINER

FLOERSHEIM, Samuel, 1876–

Class of 1898 Med.

Born in New York, 1876; studied in public schools; employed in dry goods trade; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1898; Attending Physician, Northeastern Dispensary, 1899-1901; in practice in New York City.

SAMUEL FLOERSHEIM, M.D., was born in New York City on November 26, 1876. His parents, Gottschalk and Hannah (Greenwald)

Floersheim, were born in Germany, and his grandparents on both sides were born and lived in Germany, in Frankfort-on-Main. He is closely related to the Greenwald, Lustig, Sichel, Hess, Ershtheiler, Davis, Hirshborn, and other families of New York. He was educated in the public schools of New York, and then entered the employment of the great dry goods house of Lord & Taylor, where he remained from 1891 to 1894. In 1894–1895 he was with R. H. Macy & Co. Then he turned from mercantile to professional pursuits, and became a student in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College.

SAMUEL FLOERSHEIM

That was in September, 1895. Three years later, in May, 1898, he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, and since that time he has been practicing his profession in New York. In 1899–1901 he was Attending Physician to the Northeastern Dispensary of New York. He became a member of the New York County Medical Society in 1901. His post-office address is New York City.

FLYNN, John Joseph, 1872–

Class of 1898 Med.

Born in Worcester, Mass., 1872; attended Worcester High School, and A.B., Holy Cross College, 1895; M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1898; in practice since 1898.

JOHN JOSEPH FLYNN, A.B., M.D., son of John and Ellen (Power) Flynn, of Irish ancestry, was born in the City of Worcester, Massachusetts, on December 19, 1872. He studied in the public schools, and was graduated from the Worcester High School. Thence he went to Holy Cross College, Worcester, and was graduated with the Baccalaureate degree in Arts in 1895. Finally he entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and was graduated a Doctor of Medicine in 1898. He is also a graduate of the Mothers' and Babies' Hospital, New York. In the fall of 1898 he began practice at North Easton, Massachusetts, but removed in November, 1900, to Worcester, where he still remains. He was at North Easton a Medical Examiner for the Knights of Columbus and the Catholic Order of Foresters. He is still a member of those orders, and also of the American Order of Foresters, and of the Ancient Order of Hibernians. Dr. Flynn was married on August 27, 1902, to Mary Agnes Sweeney of North Abington, Massachusetts. His address is No. 329 Cambridge Street, Worcester, Massachusetts.

FOY, Michael Henry, 1874–

Class of 1898 Med.

Born at Norwich, N. Y., 1874; studied in public and private schools; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1898; served in St. Joseph's Hospital, 1898-99; Civil Service Examiner; in practice since 1899.

MICHAEL HENRY FOY, M.D., is a son of Michael and Catharine (Bulger) Foy, and is of Irish descent. He was born at Norwich, New York, on January 22, 1874, and studied in public and private schools. For his professional instruction he came to New York University, entered its Medical College, and was graduated a Doctor of Medicine in 1898. For a year thereafter he was in service in St. Joseph's Hospital, and is still on the staff of its Out-door Department. Immediately after graduation he made his home in the City of Yonkers, New York, and is now in active practice there. He is a Civil Service Examiner for that city, and City Physician. He is a member of the Westchester County Medical Society, the Jenkins Medical Society, the City Club of Yonkers, the Knights of Columbus, and the Order of Elks. In politics he is a Democrat. His address is Yonkers, New York.

GALLAWAY, George Ellis, 1876–

Class of 1898 Med.

Born at Ancram, N. Y., 1876; studied under tutor and at Newburgh Academy, N. Y.; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1898; served in New York Hospital, Bloomingdale Asylum, City Hospital, and Maternity Hospital; now in practice at Rahway, N. J.

GEORGE ELLIS GALLAWAY, M.D., was born at Ancram Columbia County, New York, on May 26, 1876. His father, Samuel P. Gallaway, was of English ancestry, and his mother, whose maiden name was Onitia Williams, came of

G. E. GALLAWAY

old Massachusetts stock, originally from England. His early studies were pursued under a tutor, after which he pursued a course and was graduated at the Newburgh Academy, Newburgh, New York. Thence he proceeded to the Medical College of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in May, 1898. In college he was Treasurer of his class, and a member of the Nu Sigma Nu Fraternity. After graduation he served for five months in the New York Hospital, and then for six months as Senior Physician in the Bloomingdale Asylum at White Plains, New York. He was graduated as House Physician and Surgeon at the City Hospital on Blackwell's Island, and also at the Maternity Hospital. After this experience in New York he removed to Rahway, New Jersey, where he has since been in successful practice, and where he has, at No. 149 Main Street, a particularly well equipped office, containing a fine X-ray plant and other up-to-date appliances. He is a member of the Union County Medical Society, the Charity Hospital Alumni Association, and the State and National Medical societies. He was married on April 20, 1902, to Nellie M. Thomas of Greenport, Long Island.

GORDON, Frank Scott, 1877–

Class of 1898 Med.

Born at Branchville, N. J., 1877; graduated at Newburgh, N. Y., Academy, 1895; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1898; in hospital service, 1898-99; began private practice, 1899; House Physician at St. Michael's Hospital, Newark, N. J., since 1900.

FRANK SCOTT GORDON, M.D., is a son of Caleb Rasper Gordon, who comes of an English family settled in New Jersey before the Revolution, and of Martha Gordon, born Drake, whose grandfather came from England just after the Revolution and settled at New Brunswick, New Jersey. He was born at Branchville, Sussex County, New Jersey, on April 2, 1877, and was graduated at the Newburgh, New York, Academy in 1895. He then entered the Medical College of New York University, and was there an excellent student. He was a member of the Nu Sigma Nu Fraternity, an officer of his class, and one of the twenty honor men at the head of a class of one hundred and twenty. He was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in the spring of 1898, and immediately entered the Randall's Island Hospital as an Interne, serving there for a year. For a short time after leaving Randall's Island he was an Interne at the New York Lying-In Hospital, and then, on July 1, 1899, he began private practice at No. 203 Mount Prospect Avenue, Newark, New Jersey. Since June 1, 1900, he has been Assistant House Physician of St. Michael's Hospital, Newark. He is a member of the Newark Medical Society. He was married on September 20, 1899, to Nettie Louise Merritt of Newark.

HAHN, Joseph, 1875–

Class of 1898 Law.

Born in New York, 1875; studied in public schools and College of City of New York; graduated LL.B.,

New York University Law Department, 1898; admitted to Bar, 1899; in practice in New York since 1899.

JOSEPH HAHN, attorney at law, is of Bohemian ancestry and New York nativity. His father, Adolph Hahn, and his mother, whose

JOSEPH HAHN

maiden name was Caroline Klein, were both natives of Bohemia, as were their progenitors for many generations. He was born in New York City on April 14, 1875, and attended the public schools. He was graduated from Public School No. 4 in 1890, and thereupon entered the College of the City of New York, where he spent three years. Leaving the college at the end of his Sophomore year, he entered the law office of Benjamin Patterson as a clerk, and remained there two years. Finally he entered the Law Department of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1898. He was admitted to the Bar on February 28, 1899, and thereupon immediately began the practice of his profession on his own account. He has thus been engaged successfully ever since, with offices at No. 132 Nassau Street. He has an extensive general practice, but pays especial attention to real estate matters. He is a member and Archon of Satisfaction Conclave No. 805 of the Improved Order of Heptasophs, and is a member and ex-President of the Lowell Literary and Debating Society. He is a Democrat in politics. His home is at No. 20 West 112th Street, New York.

HICKS, Ernest L., 1869–

Class of 1898 Med.

Born at Omro, Wis., 1869; graduated B.S., University of Wisconsin, 1895; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1898; served in Bellevue Hospital, 1898; in practice since 1898; medical examiner for various life insurance companies.

ERNEST L. HICKS, M.D., is a son of Reuben Powell Hicks, and Sophia Betsey Hicks, and a grandson of Oliver Hicks and a great-grandson of Joseph Hicks, well known members of the Society of Friends in New York State. His parents settled at Omro, Wisconsin, and there he was born on September 12, 1869. He was educated in the common and high schools of his native place, and at the University of Wisconsin, from which latter he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1895. He then entered the New York University Medical College under the

ERNEST L. HICKS

preceptorship of Dr. John P. Munn, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1898. He spent some months thereafter in the surgical division of Bellevue Hospital, and then

entered upon the practice of his profession. He is a Medical Examiner for the United States Life Insurance Company, the Manhattan Insurance Company, the Security Mutual Insurance Company, and the Prudential Insurance Company. His address is No. 2014 Fifth Avenue, New York.

HYATT, Adoniram Judson, 1870–

Class of 1898 Law.

Born at Hightstown, N. J., 1870; studied in public schools, Chester Valley Academy, Downington, Pa., and Bucknell University; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1898; in practice at Bar since 1898; veteran of Seventh Regiment, New York National Guard.

ADONIRAM JUDSON HYATT, LL.B., is of Puritan descent on the paternal side, and also of Scottish and Dutch ancestry. He is the son of the Rev. James H. Hyatt, a Baptist clergyman, and Virginia (Anderson) Hyatt, and was born at Hightstown, New Jersey, on November 15, 1870. He studied in the public schools, and thence went to the Chester Valley Academy at Downington, Pennsylvania, and to Bucknell University, Lewisburg, Pennsylvania. In these institutions he ranked as a good student and also as an athlete, especially in football and baseball. In 1895 he entered the Law School of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1898. At about the same time he was admitted to the Bar, and has since been in active practice, as a member of the firm of Hyatt & Tierney, at No. 27 William Street, New York. He is a veteran member of the Seventh Regiment of the New York National Guard, and a member of the Delta Chi Fraternity and Club. In politics he is a Republican. His residence is at No. 211 West 101st Street, New York.

KELLY, Henry Augustus, 1867–

Class of 1898 Ped.

Born at Nashua, N. H., 1867; studied in public and high schools, Worcester, Mass.; Assistant Custodian and Custodian of Worcester Natural History Society's Museum; studied in Florida; teacher of Natural History and Superintendent of Instruction for Natural History Society; Instructor in Ethical Culture School, New York, since 1890; graduated Pd.D., New York University School of Pedagogy, 1898.

HENRY AUGUSTUS KELLY, PD.D., Instructor in Natural History, is a native of Nashua, New Hampshire, and was born on December 6, 1867, the son of James Henry Kelly and Mary Frances (Woodward) Kelly. He was educated in the public schools of Worcester, Massachusetts, including the high school, and then became Assistant Custodian of the Museum of the Worcester Natural History Society, under Professor Francis Gregory Sanborn. Upon the death of the latter Mr. Kelly was promoted to be Custodian, and filled the place for two years, when he resigned it in order to go to Florida for further study, especially of the Coleoptera. On his return North he was again engaged by the Natural History Society as teacher of classes and as Superintendent of Instruction at his camp for boys at Lake Quinsigamond. In 1890 he was called to take charge of the science work of the School for Ethical Culture in New York, and has remained there ever since. Meantime he pursued a course in the New York University School of Pedagogy, and was graduated a Doctor of Pedagogy in 1898. He is a member of the New York State Science Teachers' Association and one of the organizers of the New York Association of Biology Teachers, the main work of the latter being along the line of the organization of nature study in elementary school courses and biology work in the high school. For several years he has carried on teachers' classes in methods of nature study and school hygiene. He has revised and adapted Lutz's "Lessons in Natural History" to American schools, and is the author of various articles on nature study. During the summer of 1900 he was Instructor in Nature Study at the Biological Laboratory of the Brooklyn Institute at Cold Spring Harbor, Long Island. He was married on June 14, 1895, to Mildred J. Richardson, and lives at No. 10 West 64th Street, New York.

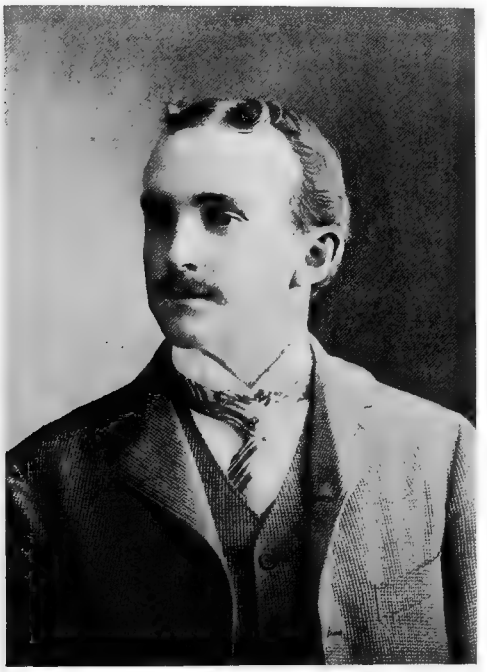
LEE, Stephen Girard, 1874–

Class of 1898 Med.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1874; studied in public schools; employed in silk business, 1890-95; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1898; hospital service, 1898-99; in practice since 1899.

STEPHEN GIRARD LEE, M.D., son of David W. Lee, Silk Appraiser of the Port of New York, and Hannah B. (Mackay) Lee, was born in Brooklyn, New York, on November 20, 1874, and was educated in the public schools of that city, including the high school. He went from the high school into the employment of Spielman & Co., silk merchants in New York, for four and a half years. Then, in 1895, he entered Bellevue Hospital Medical

College, now a part of New York University, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1898. Directly after graduation he became, for a year, Resident Physician at the Orange, New



STEPHEN G. LEE

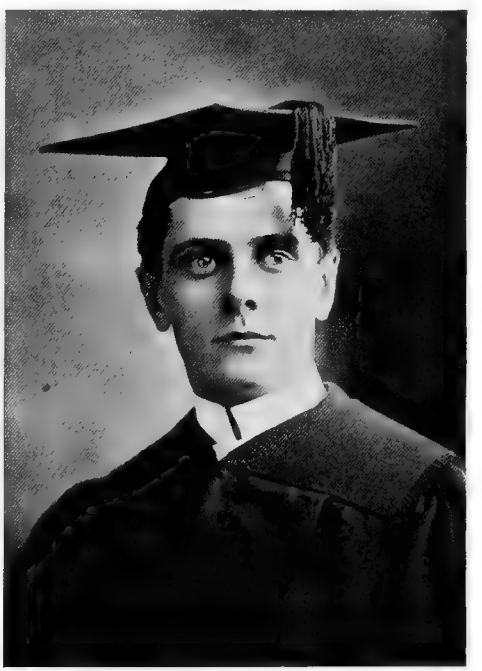
Jersey, Memorial Hospital, and since that service has been engaged in the practice of his profession at East Orange, New Jersey. He is a member of the staff of the Dispensary of the Orange Memorial Hospital, and of the American Medical Association, the Essex County Medical Society, and the Orange Practitioners' Society. He was married on June 18, 1901, to Laura Marble Pierson of Jersey City, New Jersey, and lives at No. 31 Halsted Street, East Orange, New Jersey.

LEWIS, Livingstone L., 1877–

Class of 1898 Med.

Born in Hoboken, N. J., 1877; studied in public and high schools; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1898; served in St. Mary's Hospital, Hoboken, 1897-99; received New York Regents' license to practice medicine, 1900; in practice in Hoboken since 1900.

LIVINGSTONE L. LEWIS, M.D., of Hoboken, New Jersey, is in the seventh generation of the Lewis family in this country, the progenitor of it having come hither from Wales. His father was John Warren Lewis. His mother's maiden name was Elizabeth Righter, and she was of German and French ancestry. He was born in Hoboken on May 17, 1877, and was educated in the public schools of that city, being graduated from the Hoboken High School on June 26, 1894. On October 3rd, following, he entered the Medical College of New York University, as a member of the Class of 1897. He completed his three years' course with that class, and passed the final examinations for his degree, but as he was under age his diploma was withheld from him until he should attain his majority, and he accordingly did not receive it until May 18, 1898, the day after he had completed his twenty-first year. He was the youngest member of the Class of 1897, and probably the youngest man that ever completed the medical course. He was examined by the Regents of the University of the State of New York, and licensed by them to practice medicine and surgery, in January, 1900. The license was transferred to New Jersey on March 26, 1900, and since that date he has been successfully engaged in the practice of



LIVINGSTONE L. LEWIS

his profession at No. 710 Washington Street, Hoboken, New Jersey. Before thus beginning private practice he was House Physician and Gynecologist at St. Mary's Hospital, Hoboken, from December

1, 1897, to June 1, 1899. On March 11, 1902, he was appointed Assistant Visiting Physician and Assistant Electro-Therapist to St. Mary's Hospital, Hoboken.

PATTERSON, Cyrus Silliman, 1875–

Class of 1898 Med.

Born at Roxbury, N. Y., 1875; studied in public schools, Roxbury High School, and Cazenovia Seminary; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1898; in hospital work, 1898-99; in private practice since 1899.

CYRUS SILLIMAN PATTERSON, M.D., is a son of James S. and Elizabeth (Stratton) Patterson, of mingled English, Scotch, German and Irish ancestry, and was born at Roxbury, New York, on August 1, 1875. He studied in the public schools, the Roxbury High School, and Cazenovia, New York, Seminary. Thence he came to New York University, and was graduated from its Medical College in 1898 with the Doctor's degree. The next year was spent in hospital and clinic work, and in 1899 he entered upon the private practice of his profession, in which he has since continued. He is also an Attending Physician and Surgeon to Calvary Dispensary, at No. 216 West 130th Street, New York. He is a member of the Medical Association of the Greater City of New York, and of the Young Men's Christian Association. In politics he is an Independent. He was married on April 21, 1902, to Ethel Preston Foster, and lives at No. 167 West 129th Street, New York.

C. S. PATTERSON

PAYNE, Albert Eugene, 1871–

Class of 1898 Med.

Born at Shelter Island, N. Y., 1871; studied in public and high schools; in railroad service, 1888-95; graduated M.D., New York University Medical College, 1898; in practice since 1898.

ALBERT EUGENE PAYNE, M.D., is on the side of his father, Emmett Osbourne Payne, descended from an English family that settled at Easthampton and Southampton, Long Island, New York, at an early date. On the side of his mother, whose maiden name was Sarah Louisa Beebe, he is descended from the Morrisons, a noble family of Scotland, and the Masons and Beebes, of early New England. He was born at Shelter Island, New York, on November 10, 1871, and studied at the Greenpoint Union School and High School, and also diligently pursued various studies in private. Being dependent upon his own resources, he began in 1888 working for the Long Island Railroad Company, as an Assistant Baggage-Master, and in course of time was promoted to be a Special Money Agent

ALBERT E. PAYNE

and Agent of one of its ferry lines. Thus he earned money for his professional course. He was qualified to enter the medical college in 1890, but for financial reasons was constrained to wait until 1895, when he entered the New York University Medical College, and there showed himself an admirable student. He was a member of the Executive Committee of his class, and was graduated with honors, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, in 1898. It may be added that he had studied music under Alberto Lawrence and Charles Kogge, and by singing at concerts, in which he was highly successful, helped to pay his way through college. Immediately after graduation Dr. Payne entered upon the practice of his profession. He has been a Surgeon to the Long Island Railroad, health officer to various societies, Physician to the Children's Summer Home at Riverhead, New York, and Medical Examiner to the Northwestern and Metropolitan Life Insurance companies. He is a member of the Society of Long Island Railroad Surgeons, the Society of New York State Railroad Surgeons, the Suffolk County Medical Society, the New York State Medical Association, the Associated Physicians of Long Island, the Order of American Mechanics, the Masonic Order, the Order of Red Men, the Pot and Kettle Club, and other organizations. In politics he is a Republican. He was married on November 15, 1899, to Florence Elizabeth Tuthill.

REIS, Herman Louis, 1876–

Class of 1898 Med.

Born in New York, 1876; studied in public school and College of the City of New York; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1898; in practice and hospital service since 1898.

HERMAN LOUIS REIS, M.D., is a son of Louis and Karoline Reis (the latter born Bach), of German ancestry, and was born in New York City on November 6, 1876. He studied in Public School No. 15, and in the College of the City of New York. His professional studies were pursued in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, from which he was graduated a Doctor of Medicine in 1898. His professional work has included four years in the Bellevue Dispensary, two years as Attending Physician to the University Dispensary, and five years as Chief of the Medical Clinic in the New York University and Bellevue Hospital Medical College. He is an Assistant Attending Physician to the Out-door Department of Bellevue Hospital. He is a member of the County Medical Society, of the Masonic

HERMAN L. REIS

Order, and the Knights of Pythias. His address is No. 215 East 11th Street, New York City. He is unmarried.

RINARD, Charles Cogan, 1874–

Class of 1898 Med.

Born at Johnstown, Pa., 1874; studied in public schools and Washington and Jefferson College; graduated M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1898; in hospital service, 1898-99; in practice since 1900.

CHARLES COGAN RINARD, M.D., son of John and Lucinda (Spigelmire) Rinard, the former for many years a Superintendent in the Carnegie Steel Company's employ, was born at Johnstown, Pennsylvania, on July 20, 1874. He studied in the public schools, and spent two years in Washington and Jefferson College at Washington, Pennsylvania, but was not graduated there. After studying medicine privately for some time he entered the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, now a part of New York University, and was graduated from it with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1898, standing eighth in a class of one hundred and forty. He spent a month on the staff of

Bellevue Hospital, eighteen months at the City Hospital, and a month at the Lying-In Hospital, New York. In January, 1900, he entered upon the private practice of his profession at Homestead,

C. C. RINARD

Pennsylvania, and has since remained there. He is a member of the American Medical Association, the Allegheny County Medical Society, the City Hospital Alumni Association, and the Physicians' Scientific and Protective Association, of which last named he is Vice-President. He was married on January 7, 1902, to Elizabeth Cropp, and lives at No. 303 Eighth Avenue, Homestead, Pennsylvania.

ROGERS, Gustavus Adolphus, 1876–

Class of 1898 Law.

Born in New York, 1876; graduated from public grammar school, 1889, and attended College of City of New York until 1895; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1898; in practice since 1898; Assistant Corporation Counsel, 1899-1902.

GUSTAVUS ADOLPHUS ROGERS, LL.B., is the son of Harris and Fanny (Shevelson) Rogers, of Polish Hebrew descent, and was born in New York City on November 18, 1876. His early education was acquired in the public schools, and he was graduated from Grammar School No. 75 in 1889 as Valedictorian of his class. He then entered the College of the City of New York, and remained there until 1895. Thence he proceeded to the New York University Law School, at the same time, in 1896, serving as Assistant Cashier of the American News Company. In June, 1897, he was chosen to represent the University Law School in an inter-collegiate debate with Georgetown University, District of Columbia, his New York University colleagues being W. C. Buechler and M. G. Rieser. The debate took place at Carnegie Hall, New York, on June 7, 1897, upon the subject, "Resolved, That the Injunction in the Debs Case Was Properly Granted." New York University had the negative side, and won the debate, Georgetown being thus defeated for the first time in ten years. For his part in the debate Mr. Rogers was publicly commended by the Dean of the Law Faculty. Mr. Rogers was graduated from the Law School with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in June, 1898. He was admitted to practice at the Bar in January, 1898, and has ever since been engaged in the pursuit of his profession. From October, 1899, to January 1, 1902, he was an Assistant Corporation

GUSTAVUS A. ROGERS

Counsel of New York, and in 1901 was prominently mentioned as a candidate for the place of Justice of the City Court. In politics he is a Democrat, and was an active campaign speaker in the Presidential

campaign of 1900, and acted as one of the personal escort of W. J. Bryan while in New York. He is a member of the Democratic Club, a Vice-President of the Democratic-Republican Organization of the City and County of New York (Tammany Hall), a member of the Advisory Board of the Educational Alliance of New York, President of the Lincoln Literary Club, and Director of the United Hebrew Community. He is a Lieutenant of the First Battery, New York National Guard. His office is in the Pulitzer Building, and his residence at No. 162 East 78th Street, New York.

SHOEMAKER, Waite Almon, 1860–

Class of 1898 Ped.

Born at Willoughby, Ohio, 1860; studied in public schools; graduated from Minnesota State Normal School; studied in Minnesota State University; graduated Pd.M., New York University School of Pedagogy, 1898, and Pd.D., 1899; teacher and principal in public and normal schools, 1875-99; Superintendent of Schools, 1900-02; President of Minnesota State Normal School, 1902.

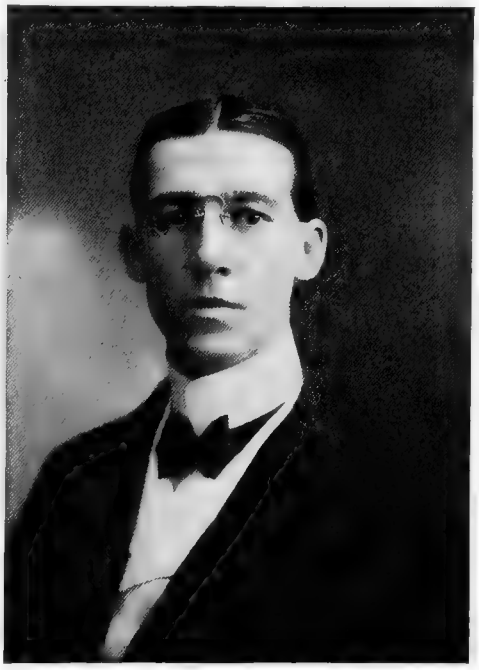
WAITE ALMON SHOEMAKER, Pd.D., educator, was born at Willoughby, Lake County, Ohio, on March 24, 1860, the son of Abraham and Achsah (Waite) Shoemaker, his parents being respectively of Pennsylvania Dutch and Scotch and English descent. He studied in a primary school at Plainview, Wabasha County, Minnesota, and remained in the common schools until he was twelve years old. One term was spent in the Model School of the State Normal School at St. Cloud, Minnesota, and then he entered the Normal School. He was graduated from its elementary course in 1880 and from its advanced course in 1881. In 1897 he was a student *in absentia* of the Minnesota State University; in 1898 he was graduated with the Master's degree in Pedagogy from the New York University School of Pedagogy, and in 1899 received the Doctor's degree from that institution. He was a teacher in a district school in 1875–77 and 1888, critic of the Grammar Grade in the Model School in 1882, Principal of the Preparatory Department of the Normal School in 1882–83; Teacher of Mathematics in the Normal School in 1882–94; Teacher of Mathematics and Methods in the Normal School in 1894–95 and 1898–99, and Superintendent of Schools in St. Cloud, Minnesota, in 1900–02. Since 1902 he has been President of the State Normal School at St. Cloud, Minnesota. In 1899 he was President of the Minnesota Educational Association. He was married in 1884 to Louise Polley, and has two children: Isabel Olive and John Abraham Shoemaker. His address is No. 713 First Avenue, St. Cloud, Minnesota.

SUMMERS, Charles Edwin, 1872–

Class of 1898 Law.

Born at Portsmouth, England, 1872; studied in private school at Portsmouth and Eton College, Westminster; midshipman in British Navy; came to America and engaged in journalism; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1898; in practice since 1899.

CHARLES EDWIN SUMMERS, LL.B., was born at Portsmouth, Hampshire, England, on April 30, 1872, the son of Charles William



CHARLES E. SUMMERS

Summers, a British naval officer who came of an old Rutlandshire family, and Ruth (Rance) Summers of Portsmouth. He studied in a private school at Portsmouth, and at Eton College, Westminster, and then, following his father's example, entered the British Navy as a midshipman. After a year and a half he resigned from the service and came to the United States. Here he did newspaper and other literary work and studied law in the New York University Law School, and was graduated from the latter in 1898 with the Bachelor's degree. He opened an office and began practice in St. Louis

in 1899, and has thus been engaged since. He is a member of the Ben Hur Fraternity, the Knights and Ladies of Honor, and the Sons of St. George. In politics he is a Democrat. He is the author of "The Nomads," a socio-economic novel. His address is No. 514 Pine Street, St. Louis, Missouri.

GOULD, Frank Jay, 1877–

Member of University Council, Class of 1899 Special.

Born in New York, 1877; studied in private schools; took special course in New York University; benefactor of University; member of University Council since 1898; engaged in railroad, telegraph and other business.

FRANK JAY GOULD, a member of the Council of New York University, is the youngest son of the late Jay Gould and Helen Day (Miller) Gould, and was born in New York City on December 4, 1877. He studied under tutors at home, in the E. D. Lyons Classical School, and in the Berkeley School in New York. Finally he came to New York University for a special course in engineering and the sciences. He was a member of the Class of 1899, but did not remain in the University until its graduation. While in the University he was a member of Psi Upsilon and took an active interest in the affairs of that fraternity. He was the Chairman of its Building Committee which secured for it its fine new chapter house on Hampden Street, and he personally turned the first sod for the construction of that house in the fall of 1898. On leaving the University he gave to its Engineering Department several thousand dollars' worth of instruments and a fine collection of mineral specimens. Since 1898 he has been a member of the Council of the University. Mr. Gould is a member of the New York Stock Exchange, and is a conspicuous figure in the business and financial world, his interest and influence in railroads, telegraphs and other great industrial enterprises being national in extent. He is fond of out-door sports, is an enthusiastic dog-fancier, has won prizes at the New York Horse Shows, and is the owner of a fine steam yacht. He was married to Helen Kelly of New York in 1901.

HAMMOND, Henry Bull, 1874–

Class of 1899 Law

Born at Melville, N. Y., 1874; studied in Huntington Union and New York Preparatory schools; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1899, and LL.M., 1900; in wholesale linen business, 1892-1901; in legal practice since 1901.

HENRY BULL HAMMOND, LL.M., who was born at Melville, Suffolk County, New York, on August 9, 1874, is a son of the late George Tillinghast Hammond and Mary Elizabeth (Shipman) Hammond. His father was proprietor of "The Daily News" of Newport, Rhode Island, from 1857 to 1866, and Deputy Collector of the Port of New York in 1867–71; and was a son of William Gardiner Hammond and Sarah Tillinghast (Bull) Hammond. William Gardiner Hammond was a graduate of Brown University, a lawyer, and for

HENRY B. HAMMOND

many years Surveyor of the Port of Newport, Rhode Island, and was descended from Joseph Hammond of North Kingstown, Rhode Island, who came from England in 1710. Sarah Tillinghast Bull was a daughter of the Hon. Henry Bull of Newport, who was descended from Governor Henry Bull, one of the nineteen original purchasers of Rhode Island, and from the Rev. Pardon Tillinghast, the Rev. Obadiah Holmes of Rhode Island, and the Rev. John Norton of Boston. Mary Elizabeth Shipman, mother of the subject of this sketch, was a daughter of James Ingraham Shipman, C.E., a descendant of Edward Shipman to whom King Uncas in his will in 1676 devised 3,000 acres of land near Hartford, Connecticut; a descendant, also, of John and Priscilla

Alden of Plymouth, and of the Rev. Thomas Buckingham, one of the founders of Yale College. Mr. Hammond is a nephew of the late Dr. William Gardiner Hammond, Dean of the St. Louis Law School, American Editor of Blackstone, and a distinguished legal writer. Mr. Hammond studied in the Union Free School at Huntington, Long Island, and in the New York Preparatory School, Brooklyn, and then engaged in the wholesale linen business in 1892, continuing in it until 1901. Meantime he entered the Law School of New York University, and was graduated with the Bachelor's degree in 1899, and with the Master's degree in 1900. He was admitted to the Bar in March, 1900, but did not begin actual practice until October, 1901. He is a member of the Underwriters' Club of New York, and of the Brooklyn Democratic Club, and is a Democrat in politics. His law office is at No. 25 Broad Street, New York, and his residence at No. 156 Berkeley Place, Brooklyn, New York.

IMPERATORI, Reginald Johnstone, 1879–

Class of 1899 Law.

Born in New York, 1879; studied in public schools; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1899, and LL.M., 1900; in practice since 1901.

REGINALD JOHNSTONE IMPERATORI, LL.M., is a native of New York City and was born on October 6, 1879. He studied in the public schools and in the Law School of New York University, from which latter he was graduated with the Bachelor's degree in 1899 and with the Master's degree in 1900. He also studied in the law office of Walter S. Logan. In April, 1901, he was admitted to the Bar of the State of New York, and since that time has been engaged in practice. He is a Second Lieutenant of the Eighth Regiment, National Guard, State of New York, and a member of the Alpha Delta Sigma and Delta Chi fraternities. In politics he is a Republican. His office is at Nos. 11–13 William Street, New York.

MARKS, Harry Meyer, 1879–

Class of 1899 Law.

Born in New York, 1879; studied in public school and College of the City of New York; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1899; in practice since 1901.

HARRY MEYER MARKS, LL.B., is a son of Abraham and Minnie (Winkleman) Marks, and was born in New York City on October 29, 1879. He was graduated from Public School No. 1, New York, in July, 1893, and for the next three years was a student in the College of the City of New York. Thence he came to New York University Law School, and was graduated with the third University prize, and with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1899. He also studied law in the office of Judge Edward F. O'Dwyer, and in that of his brother, Isaac Marks. He was admitted to practice at the Bar of the Supreme Court of the State of New York in February, 1901, and has ever since been in practice with his brother in the firm of Marks & Marks.

HARRY M. MARKS

He belongs to the Masonic Order, the Free Sons of Judah, the New Era Club, the Beth Israel Hospital, the Young Men's Hebrew Association, the Manhattan Bowling Club, the General Committee of Tammany Hall, and the Alumni Association of New York University. His address is No. 235 Madison Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City. He is unmarried.

RAYMOND, Walter Buchanan, 1878–

Class of 1899 Phil. and Law.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1878; studied in public school, high school, Columbia College Law School, and New York University; graduated Ph.B., New

York University, and LL.B., New York University Law School, 1899; in practice since 1899.

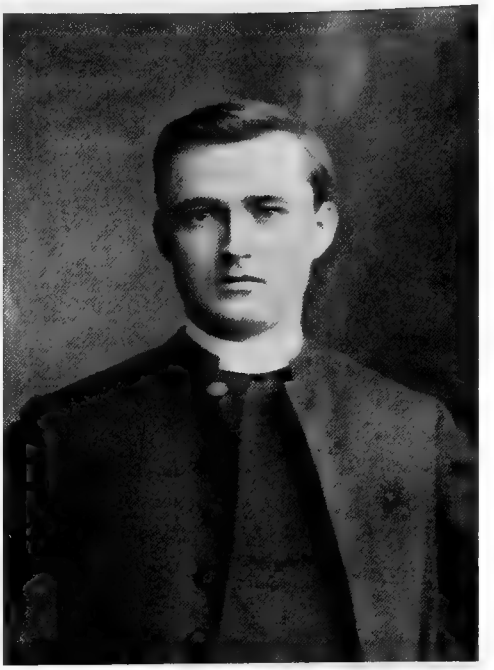
WALTER BUCHANAN RAYMOND, PH.B., LL.B., was born in Brooklyn, New York, on August 26, 1878, the son of Myron Hanford Raymond and Lizzie (Buchanan) Raymond, of Scotch and French Huguenot descent. He studied in the public schools and high school of Brooklyn, and in the Law School of Columbia College. From 1895 to 1899 he was a student in New York University and also in the University Law School, and was graduated in 1899 with the Baccalaureate degrees in Philosophy and in Law. Since that time he has been engaged in the practice of his profession. He is a member of the Zeta Psi and Gamma Delta Psi fraternities. His address is No. 106 Taylor Street, Brooklyn, New York.

SEAGLE, Nathan A., 1868–

Class of 1899 Arts.

Born at Rutherfordton, N. C., 1868; studied in private schools; graduated General Theological Seminary, New York, 1894; Assistant Minister, St. Thomas's Protestant Episcopal Church, New York, 1894-1900; Rector of St. Stephen's Church, New York, since 1900; entered New York University, 1896, and graduated A.B., 1899.

NATHAN A. SEAGLE, A.B., Rector of St. Stephen's Protestant Episcopal Church, New York, was born at Rutherfordton, North Carolina, on December 24, 1868, the son of Philip C. and Mary S. (Drake) Seagle, of Dutch and English ancestry. He studied in several private schools in North Carolina, and from 1885 to 1890 was a student at the Ravenscroft School, Asheville. In September, 1891, he entered the General Theological Seminary of the Protestant Episcopal Church, in New York, was graduated from it in 1894, and was ordained a deacon in June, 1894, and a priest in August, 1895. While he was a student in the Seminary he was a lay reader in St. Thomas's parish, New York, and upon graduation and ordination became Assistant Minister thereof, and thus served until February, 1900, when he entered upon the Rectorship of St. Stephen's parish, to which he had been elected in December, 1899. It was while he was Assistant Minister of St. Thomas's that he entered the University College of New York University in the fall of 1896, and was graduated a Bachelor of Arts in June, 1899. He is a member of the Society of Biblical Literature and Exegesis.



NATHAN A. SEAGLE

He was married on April 15, 1895, to Emma Louise Fraser, and lives at No. 120 West 69th Street, New York.

STEVES, George Arthur, 1878–

Class of 1899 Law.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1878; studied in public and high schools; studied law in office of Hon. Delancey Nicoll; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1899; in practice since 1899.

GEORGE ARTHUR STEVES, LL.B., is a son of Richard Smith Steves, of remote Holland Dutch origin, and Mary Eliza (Laird) Steves, a descendant of the old Scottish family of Laird. He was born in Brooklyn, New York, on February 24, 1878, and was educated in the public schools and Boys' High School of that city, being graduated from both. He then began the study of law, in the office of Delancey Nicoll, formerly District-Attorney of New York, and in the Law School of New York University. From the latter he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in June, 1899. He had already been admitted to the Bar of New York in May, 1899, and he thereupon began practice in connection with the office of Mr. Nicoll, his former preceptor, and has thus been engaged ever since.

GEORGE A. STEVES

In the University he was a member of the Phi Delta Phi Legal Fraternity. His home is at No. 704 A, Greene Avenue, Brooklyn, New York.

CLARK, Edward Osborne, 1877–

Class of 1900 Law.

Born in Newark, N. J., 1877; studied in public and high school, Plainfield, N. J.; studied law in various offices; graduated LL.B., New York University Law School, 1900; admitted to New Jersey Bar, 1900; in practice since 1900.

EDWARD OSBORNE CLARK, LL.B., son of Robert Clark, Jr., Councilman of North Plainfield, New Jersey, and Amanda Post (Martin) Clark, was born in the City of Newark, New Jersey, on November 21, 1877. His paternal grandfather was born in England, and his paternal grandmother in Dublin, Ireland. On the maternal side he is of Scottish ancestry, though both his grandparents were born in the United States. At the time of his birth, and until 1888, his parents lived in Newark, where his father was Treasurer of the corporation of Wharton & Co., hat manufacturers. His education was acquired in the public schools and High School of Plainfield, New Jersey, whither the family removed in 1888 and where it still remains. On graduation from the Plainfield High School in 1895 he began the study of law in the offices of E. A. & W. T. Day, in Newark, New Jersey. In 1897 he left them and entered the office of his brother, Robert M. Clark, in Plainfield. Finally in February, 1900, he entered the office of Henry H. Fryling, in Newark, and there remained until he was admitted to the Bar. Meantime he became a student in the Law School of New York University, afternoon division, and was duly graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in June, 1900. A week later he was admitted to practice at the New Jersey Bar. On July 1st of that year he formed a partnership with his brother, Robert M. Clark, for the practice of the law, with offices at No. 201 Park Avenue, Plainfield, New Jersey, and Room 610, Metropolitan Building, Newark, New Jersey. While in the Plainfield High School Mr. Clark was First Lieutenant of the Cadet Corps of that institution, and in the University Law School he was first tenor of the Glee Club. He has since been tenor soloist in a number of church choirs. He is a Republican in politics, is Secretary and Director of the North Plainfield Republican Club, and a member of the Junior Order of United American Mechanics, the Improved Order of Red Men, the Ancient Essenic Order, the Seneca Athletic Club of Plainfield, the Midmer Glee Club of Plainfield, and the North Plainfield Glee Club. His home is at No. 59 Jackson Avenue, North Plainfield, New Jersey.

BELCHER, Frank J., Jr., 1878–

Class of 1901 Arts and Law.

Born at Falls Village, Conn., 1878; studied in public, high and normal schools; entered New York University, 1896; gymnast and athlete; graduated A.B., New York University, and LL.B., New York University Law School, 1901; banker since 1901.

FRANK J. BELCHER, Jr., A.B., LL.B., son of Frank J. and Sarah (Davis) Belcher, was born at Falls Village, Connecticut, on April 26, 1878. He studied in the public schools of Newburgh, New York, 1877–80, the Newburgh High School, 1890–91; the Ulster Academy, Kingston, New York, 1891–95; and the State Normal School at New Paltz, New York, 1895–96. In 1896 he entered New York University, and pursued both the collegiate and law courses. He was one of the foremost gymnasts and athletes of his time, excelling in football, baseball, track and gymnasium work, and standing second in the intercollegiate gymnastic contest for all-round gymnastic work in 1899. He

was graduated from the University College with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and from the University Law School with that of Bachelor of Laws in 1901. Then he went west on a pleasure trip, was engaged as teller of a bank in Los Angeles, California, and there remains. He is a member of the Zeta Psi and Theta Nu Epsilon fraternities.

HADLEY, George Daniel, 1880–

Class of 1902 Phil.

Born in New York, 1880; studied in public schools; graduated from Pennington Seminary, N. J., 1898; graduated Ph.B., New York University, 1902; student in Episcopal Theological School, Cambridge, Mass.

GEORGE DANIEL HADLEY, PH.B., is descended from the old Puritan family of George Hadley, who was descended from the builder of Hadleigh Castle, England, who came to America in 1639 and settled at Ipswich, Massachusetts, and who founded in this country a family which in many generations has furnished notable lawyers, judges, military officers and educators. The Hadley coat-of-arms displays a falcon with buckle and bells. Mr. Hadley is also descended from Jonathan Edwards, and the distinguished Hopkins family of New England. On the maternal side he comes from an old Dutch family of New York, whose members included many clergymen and educators. He is the son of Colonel Henry Harrison Hadley and Elizabeth Catherine (Anderson) Hadley, of New York, his father being a conspicuous leader in religious and philanthropic work. George Daniel Hadley was born in New York City on November 1, 1880, and studied in the public schools of the city. Thence he went to Pennington Seminary, Pennington, New Jersey, pursued a German Scientific Course, and was graduated in 1898. From Pennington he came to New York University, and entered the Political Historical Course of the University College. He was a brilliant student, winning the first prize in Hebrew and being graduated with honors. He also won two prizes in gymnastics, was a member of the banjo club, leader of the Mandolin Club, soloist of the Glee Club, class poet, compiler of a University Song Book, Chairman of the Senior Ball Committee, Vice-President of the Senior Dramatics, Class Presentation orator, etc. He was also a member of Psi Upsilon, of Theta Nu Epsilon, of the Young Men's Christian Association, and of other organizations. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy in 1902, and then entered the Episcopal Theological School at Cambridge, Massachusetts, where he still remains, preparing for the ministry of that church.

GOULD, Helen Miller, 1868–

President of Women's Advisory Committee; Benefactor; Honorary L.H.M.

Born in New York, 1868; educated in private schools; philanthropist; benefactor of New York University; President of Women's Advisory Committee of University; Honorary Degree of L.H.M., New York University, 1902.

HELEN MILLER GOULD, L.H.M., is a daughter of the late Jay Gould and Helen Day (Miller) Gould, and was born in New York City on June 20, 1868. She was carefully educated, and early became interested in educational, religious and philanthropic work. She has been a generous promoter of the work of the American Female Guardian Society, the Naval, Army and Railroad branches of the Young Men's Christian Association, and similar enterprises. At the outbreak of the war with Spain in 1898 she gave $100,000 to the United States Government, became an active worker in the Women's National War Relief Association, and gave $25,000 for supplies for sick and wounded soldiers. She has made many gifts to women's colleges and other institutions, and is interested in many charities. She has contributed largely to the endowment of New York University, and gave to it its fine library building and Gould Residence Hall. She has for some years been a member, and in 1902 was elected President, of the Women's Advisory Committee of the University, and is a graduate of the Women's Law Class and Vice-President of the Women's Legal Education Society. In recognition of her important services to the cause of higher education, New York University in 1902 conferred upon her the honorary degree of Master of Letters.

SMITH, Katharine W. Bacon, 1848–

Member of Women's Advisory Committee; Honorary L.H.M.

Born at New Haven, Conn., 1848; educated at Grove Hall, New Haven, and under private instructors; member of Women's Advisory Committee, New York University; Honorary Degree of L.H.M., New York University, 1902.

KATHARINE W. (BACON) SMITH, L.H.M., is a daughter of Leonard Bacon and Catharine (Terry) Bacon, and was born at New Haven, Connecticut, on May 30, 1848, of pure New England ancestry running back to the Pilgrims of the

"Mayflower." She was educated at Grove Hall, New Haven, under Miss Mary Dutton, and also under the private instruction of Professor Henry N. Day, and Mr. William L. Kingsley. She was married to Eugene Smith of New York, on February 21, 1872, and has four children: Leonard Bacon, Winthrop Davenport, Alice Mabel, and Helen Woolsey Smith. Mrs. Smith has for some years been a member of the Women's Advisory Committee of New York University and has rendered services of exceptional value, especially in connection with the School of Pedagogy, in recognition of which the University bestowed upon her in 1902 the honorary degree of Master of Letters.

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